Main Street Capital CORP Form 497 July 18, 2017

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Filed Pursuant to Rule 497 Registration Statement No. 333-203147

PROSPECTUS SUPPLEMENT (to Prospectus dated April 26, 2017)

Up to 1,000,000 Shares Common Stock

This prospectus supplement describes our Dividend Reinvestment and Direct Stock Purchase Plan, or the Plan, and 1,000,000 shares of our common stock, par value \$0.01 per share, to be offered for purchase under the direct stock purchase feature of the Plan. The direct share purchase feature of the Plan is designed to provide new investors and existing holders of our common stock with a convenient and economical method to purchase shares of our common stock. American Stock Transfer & Trust Company will act as the administrator for the Plan (the "Plan Administrator").

Key aspects of the direct stock purchase feature of the Plan include:

Any holder of our common stock may elect to participate in the direct stock purchase feature of the Plan.

Interested new investors who are not currently holders of our common stock may make their initial purchase through the direct stock purchase feature of the Plan.

Optional cash investments of up to \$25,000 per month for the purchase of additional shares of our common stock.

We may, in the future, offer a discount from the market price of our common stock ranging from 0% to 5% (exclusive of any applicable sales or brokerage fees we pay on your behalf), at our sole discretion.

Optional one-time debit or monthly automatic deductions from your bank account.

You may build your investment over time, starting with an initial investment of as little as \$250, or \$100 if you authorize automatic monthly cash investments.

You may access your account online to review and manage your investment.

We are a principal investment firm primarily focused on providing customized debt and equity financing to lower middle market ("LMM") companies and debt capital to middle market ("Middle Market") companies. Our LMM companies generally have annual revenues between \$10 million and \$150 million, and our LMM portfolio investments generally range in size from \$5 million to \$50 million. Our Middle Market investments are made in businesses that are generally larger in size than our LMM portfolio companies, with annual revenues typically between \$150 million and \$1.5 billion, and our Middle Market investments generally range in size from \$3 million to \$15 million.

The LMM and Middle Market securities in which we invest generally would be rated below investment grade if they were rated by rating agencies. Below investment grade securities, which are often referred to as "junk," have predominantly speculative characteristics with respect to the issuer's capacity to pay interest and repay principal. They may also be difficult to value and are illiquid.

Our principal investment objective is to maximize our portfolio's total return by generating current income from our debt investments and capital appreciation from our equity and equity related investments, including warrants, convertible securities and other rights to acquire equity securities in a portfolio company.

We are an internally managed, closed-end, non-diversified management investment company that has elected to be treated as a business development company under the Investment Company Act of 1940, as amended.

Our common stock is listed on the NYSE under the symbol "MAIN." On July 17, 2017, the last reported sale price of our common stock on the NYSE was \$38.72 per share, and the net asset value per share of our common stock on March 31, 2017 (the last date prior to the date of this prospectus supplement on which we determined our net asset value per share) was \$22.44.

Investing in our common stock involves a high degree of risk, and should be considered highly speculative. See "Supplementary Risk Factors" beginning on page S-6 on this prospectus supplement and "Risk Factors" beginning on page 14 of the accompanying prospectus to read about factors you should consider, including the risk of leverage and dilution, before investing in our common stock.

This prospectus supplement and the accompanying prospectus contain important information about us that a prospective investor should know before investing in our common stock. Please read this prospectus supplement and the accompanying prospectus before investing and keep them for future reference. We file annual, quarterly and current reports, proxy statements and other information with the Securities and Exchange Commission, or SEC. This information is available free of charge by contacting us at 1300 Post Oak Boulevard, 8th Floor, Houston, Texas 77056 or by telephone at (713) 350-6000 or on our website at *www.mainstcapital.com*. Information contained on our website is not incorporated by reference into this prospectus supplement or the accompanying prospectus, and you should not consider that information to be part of this prospectus supplement or the accompanying prospectus. The SEC also maintains a website at *www.sec.gov* that contains such information.

Neither the Securities and Exchange Commission nor any state securities commission, nor any other regulatory body, has approved or disapproved of these securities or determined if this prospectus supplement or the accompanying prospectus is truthful or complete. Any representation to the contrary is a criminal offense.

The date of this prospectus supplement is July 18, 2017

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ABOUT THIS DOCUMENT

This document is in two parts. The first part is this prospectus supplement, which describes the terms of this offering of common stock and also adds to and updates information contained in the accompanying prospectus. The second part is the accompanying prospectus, which provides more information about us and related matters. To the extent the information contained in this prospectus supplement differs from the information contained in the accompanying prospectus, the information in this prospectus supplement shall control.

You should rely only on the information contained in this prospectus supplement and the accompanying prospectus. We have not authorized any other person to provide you with different information from that contained in this prospectus supplement or the accompanying prospectus. If anyone provides you with different or inconsistent information, you should not rely on it. This prospectus supplement and the accompanying prospectus do not constitute an offer to sell, or a solicitation of an offer to buy, any shares of our common stock by any person in any jurisdiction where it is unlawful for that person to make such an offer or solicitation or to any person in any jurisdiction to whom it is unlawful to make such an offer or solicitation. The information contained in this prospectus supplement and the accompanying prospectus is complete and accurate only as of their respective dates, regardless of the time of their delivery or sale of our common stock. This prospectus supplement supersedes the accompanying prospectus to the extent it contains information different from or additional to the information in that prospectus.

Forward-Looking Statements

Information contained in this prospectus supplement and the accompanying prospectus may contain forward-looking statements, which can be identified by the use of forward-looking terminology such as "may," "will," "expect," "intend," "anticipate," "estimate," or "continue" or the negative thereof or other variations thereon or comparable terminology. The matters described in the sections titled "Supplementary Risk Factors" in this prospectus supplement and "Risk Factors" in the accompanying prospectus and certain other factors noted throughout this prospectus supplement and the accompanying prospectus constitute cautionary statements identifying important factors with respect to any such forward-looking statements, including certain risks and uncertainties that could cause actual results to differ materially from those in such forward-looking statements. We undertake no obligation to revise or update any forward-looking statements but advise you to consult any additional disclosures that we may make directly to you or through reports that we may file in the future with the SEC, including annual reports on Form 10-K, quarterly reports on Form 10-Q and current reports on Form 8-K. We note that the safe harbor for forward-looking statements provided by the Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995 does not apply to statements made in this prospectus supplement or the accompanying prospectus.

SUMMARY OF THE DIRECT STOCK PURCHASE FEATURE OF THE PLAN

The following summary highlights selected information about the direct stock purchase feature of the Plan, but may not contain all of the information that may be important to you. You should carefully read the detailed description of the direct stock purchase feature of the Plan contained in this prospectus supplement before you decide to participate in the direct stock purchase feature of the Plan.

Participation

Current Stockholders. If you currently own shares in the Company, you can participate in the direct stock purchase feature of the Plan by completing an authorization form and submitting it to American Stock Transfer & Trust Company LLC, the Plan Administrator. The initial investment for existing record holders is \$100. Please see Question 6 under the section entitled "Terms and Conditions of the Direct Stock Purchase Feature of the Plan" for more detailed information.

New Investors. If you do not own any shares in the Company, you can participate in the direct stock purchase feature of the Plan by enrolling in the Plan and making an initial purchase of the Company's shares through the direct stock purchase feature of the Plan with a minimum initial investment of at least \$250 (or \$100 if you sign up for automatic monthly investments), but not more than \$25,000. Once you are a stockholder, the minimum purchase amount is reduced to \$100. Please see Question 6 under the section entitled "Terms and Conditions of the Direct Stock Purchase Feature of the Plan" for more detailed information.

Advantages and Disadvantages

The primary advantages of the direct stock purchase feature of the Plan are as follows:

Direct Purchase of Initial Shares: New investors may enroll in the direct stock purchase feature of the Plan by making an initial investment in shares of at least \$250 (or \$100 if you sign up for automatic monthly investments), but not more than \$25,000.

Direct Purchase of Additional Shares through Optional Cash Investments: Participants may purchase additional shares of our common stock by making optional cash investments of at least \$100 per investment, with a maximum allowable investment of \$25,000 per month. You can make optional cash investments by check or by authorizing a one-time debit or automatic monthly deductions from your bank checking or savings account. For automatic monthly deductions, bank accounts are debited on the 10th day of each month (or, if that day is not a business day, then on the prior business day), and funds will be invested beginning on the next applicable Cash Purchase Investment Date (as defined under Question 10 under the section entitled "Terms and Conditions of the Direct Stock Purchase Feature of the Plan" below).

Discount: If we issue new shares of our common stock to participants in the Plan, we may sell them, at our discretion, at a discount from 0% to 5% from the market price of our common stock (exclusive of any applicable fees we may pay on your behalf). If the Plan Administrator acquires our shares in the open market or in privately-negotiated transactions for participants in the Plan, we may discount such shares by paying from 0% to 5% of the purchase price for such shares (exclusive of any applicable brokerage or other fees we may pay on your behalf). Any such discounts will be made at our sole discretion.

Reduced Fees: The direct stock purchase feature of the Plan provides participants with the opportunity to acquire additional shares of our common stock directly from us without having to pay the trading fees or service charges associated with an independent purchase.

Sale or Transfer of Shares: Participants may request the sale of a portion or all of their Plan shares. Participants may direct the Plan Administrator to transfer to another participant all or a

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portion of their Plan shares provided that all transfer requirements have been met. The proceeds of the sale, less an administrative fee of \$15.00 and commission of \$0.10 per share, will be sent to you by check (generally within four days following the sale). A Form 1099-B will be mailed to you in February of each year related to your sales of shares in the prior year for income tax purposes. Participants may also direct the Plan Administrator to transfer to a brokerage account or to another participant or any other person or entity, at no cost to the participant, all or a portion of their Plan shares provided that all transfer requirements have been met.

Simplified Recordkeeping: The Plan Administrator will mail Plan statements after each dividend. In addition, a notice will be mailed to you after each purchase, which will include the number of shares purchased and the purchase price. You may also view your transaction history online by logging into your account. Details available online include stock price, transaction type and date.

The risks associated with participating in the direct stock purchase feature of the Plan are described under the heading "Supplementary Risk Factors" beginning on page S-6 of this prospectus supplement.

Source of Shares

The Plan Administrator will purchase shares directly from us as newly issued common stock, in the open market or in privately negotiated transactions with third parties. Please see Questions 10 and 12 under the section entitled "Terms and Conditions of the Direct Stock Purchase Feature of the Plan" for more detailed information.

Purchase Price

The purchase price for shares under the direct stock purchase feature of the Plan depends on whether the Plan Administrator obtains your shares by purchasing them directly from us, in the open market or in privately negotiated transactions with third parties:

If the shares of our common stock are purchased directly from us, the purchase price will be the closing sales price per share reported on the NYSE on the Cash Purchase Investment Date (as defined below), subject to any discount rate (ranging from 0% to 5%) as we shall determine in our sole discretion. You will not be charged any fees or commissions with respect to such purchases. Any discount rate will apply uniformly to all optional cash investments by participants on any given Cash Purchase Investment Date.

If the shares of our common stock are purchased in the open market or in privately negotiated transactions, the purchase price will be the weighted average price paid per share for all the shares purchased in connection with such purchases, subject to any discount rate (ranging from 0% to 5%, exclusive of any applicable sales or brokerage fees we pay on your behalf) as we shall determine in our sole discretion. Any discount rate will apply uniformly to all optional cash investments by participants on any given Cash Purchase Investment Date. We will pay on your behalf any and all brokerage commissions incurred with respect to such purchases.

Tracking Your Investments

As a participant in the direct stock purchase feature of the Plan, you will receive periodic statements showing the details of each transaction and the share balance in your Plan account. Please see Question 22 under the section entitled "Terms and Conditions of the Direct Stock Purchase Feature of the Plan" for more detailed information.

Plan Administrator

We have appointed American Stock Transfer & Trust Company LLC as the administrator of the Plan. Please see Question 2 under the section entitled "Terms and Conditions of the Direct Stock Purchase Feature of the Plan" for more detailed information.

FEES AND EXPENSES

The following table is intended to assist you in understanding the costs and expenses that an investor in this offering will bear directly or indirectly. We caution you that some of the percentages indicated in the table below are estimates and may vary. Except where the context suggests otherwise, whenever this prospectus supplement contains a reference to fees or expenses paid by "you," "us" or "Main Street," or that "we" will pay fees or expenses, stockholders will indirectly bear such fees or expenses as investors in us.

Stockholder Transaction Expenses:	
Sales load (as a percentage of offering price)	(1)
Offering expenses (as a percentage of offering price)	0.19%(2)
Dividend reinvestment and direct stock purchase plan expenses	%(3)
Total stockholder transaction expenses (as a percentage of offering price)	0.19%
Annual Expenses (as a percentage of net assets attributable to common stock):	
Operating expenses	2.88%(4)
Interest payments on borrowed funds	2.74%(5)
Income tax expense	%(6)
Acquired fund fees and expenses	0.40%(7)
Total annual expenses	6.02%

(1)

Purchasers of shares of common stock through the direct stock purchase feature of the Plan will not pay any sales load.

(2)

The percentage reflects estimated offering expenses payable by us of approximately \$75,000 for the estimated duration of this offering.

(3)

The expenses of administering our dividend reinvestment and direct stock purchase plan are included in operating expenses. Additional costs may be charged to participants in the Plan for certain types of transactions described in Question 21 under the section entitled "Terms and Conditions of the Direct Stock Purchase Feature of the Plan."

(4)

Operating expenses in this table represent the estimated expenses of Main Street and its consolidated subsidiaries.

(5)

Interest payments on borrowed funds represent our estimated annual interest payments on borrowed funds based on current debt levels as adjusted for projected increases (but not decreases) in debt levels over the next twelve months.

(6)

Income tax expense relates to the accrual of (a) deferred tax provision (benefit) on the net unrealized appreciation (depreciation) from portfolio investments held in certain of our subsidiaries and (b) excise, state and other taxes. Deferred taxes are non-cash in nature and may vary significantly from period to period. We are required to include deferred taxes in calculating our annual expenses even though deferred taxes are not currently payable or receivable. Due to the variable nature of deferred tax expense, which can be a large portion of the income tax expense, and the difficulty in providing an estimate for future periods, this income tax expense estimate is based upon the actual amount of income tax expense for the year ended December 31, 2016. However, since the income tax benefit at December 31, 2016 was \$1.2 million, which would have resulted in a (0.10%) percentage of net assets attributable to common stock, 0.00% was used.

(7)

Acquired fund fees and expenses represent the estimated indirect expense incurred due to investments in other investment companies and private funds.

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Example

The following example demonstrates the projected dollar amount of total cumulative expenses that would be incurred over various periods with respect to a hypothetical investment in our common stock. In calculating the following expense amounts, we have assumed we would have no additional leverage and that our annual operating expenses would remain at the levels set forth in the table above.

	1 Yea	ar	3 Y	ears	5 Y	ears	10	Years
You would pay the following expenses on a \$1,000 investment, assuming a 5.0% annual								
return	\$	62	\$	180	\$	295	\$	574
The example and the expenses in the table above should not be considered a represe	ntation	ı of o	our fu	ture e	xpens	es, and	l actu	al
expenses may be greater or less than those shown. While the example assumes, as required	by the S	SEC	, a 5.0	% ann	ual re	turn, o	ur	
performance will vary and may result in a return greater or less than 5.0%. In addition, while	he exan	nple	assun	nes rein	ivestr	nent of	all di	vidends
at net asset value, participants in our dividend reinvestment and direct stock purchase plan will	l receiv	e a n	umbe	r of sh	ares o	f our c	ommo	on stock,
determined by dividing the total dollar amount of the dividend payable to a participant by (i) t	he mark	ket pi	rice pe	er shar	e of o	ur com	mon s	stock at
the close of trading on the dividend payment date in the event that we use newly issued shares to satisfy the share requirements of the dividend								vidend
reinvestment plan or (ii) the average weighted purchase price of all shares of common stock p	urchase	d by	the Pl	lan Ad	minis	trator i	n the	event
that shares are purchased in the open market to satisfy the share requirements of the dividend	reinvest	tmen	t featu	re of t	he div	idend	reinve	estment
and direct stock purchase plan, which may be at, above or below net asset value. See "Divider	nd Reinv	vestn	nent P	'lan" ir	the a	ccomp	anyin	g

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prospectus for additional information regarding the dividend reinvestment feature of the Plan.

SUPPLEMENTARY RISK FACTORS

Investing in our common stock through the direct stock purchase feature of the Plan involves a number of significant risks. In addition to the other information contained in this prospectus supplement and the accompanying prospectus, you should carefully consider the following supplementary risk factors together with the risk factors set forth in the accompanying prospectus before making an investment in our common stock through the direct stock purchase feature of the Plan. The risks set out below and in the accompanying prospectus are not the only risks we face. Additional risks and uncertainties not presently known to us or not presently deemed material by us might also impair our operations and performance. If any of the events described herein or in the accompanying prospectus occur, our business, financial condition and results of operations could be materially and adversely affected. In such case, the market price of our common stock could decline, and you may lose part or all of your investment.

No interest will be paid on funds pending investment.

If you wish to make regular periodic purchases without writing checks, you can authorize automatic monthly withdrawals from your U.S. bank account. Participants' bank accounts are debited on the 10th day of each month (or, if that day is not a business day, then on the prior business day) and funds will be invested beginning on the next applicable Cash Purchase Investment Date. Pending such investment, no interest is paid on optional cash investments held by the Plan Administrator. In addition, optional cash payments of less than the amounts required by the Plan and that portion of any optional cash payment which exceeds the maximum monthly purchase limit of \$25,000, are subject to return to you without interest.

Participants will have no control over the purchase or sale price for shares acquired or disposed of through the Plan.

Participants have no control over the share price or the timing of the purchase or sale of Plan shares. Participants cannot designate a specific price or a specific date at which to purchase or sell shares of our common stock or the selection of a broker/dealer through or from whom purchases or sales are made. Participants will not know the exact number of shares purchased until after any particular Cash Purchase Investment Date. In addition, because the Plan Administrator must receive funds for a cash purchase prior to the actual Cash Purchase Investment Date of the common stock, your investments may be exposed to changes in market conditions.

No assurance of a profit or protection from losses on Shares purchased under the direct stock purchase feature of the Plan.

Other than as described above, the risks related to your investment in the direct stock purchase feature of the Plan is no different from any investment in shares of our common stock held by you. If you choose to participate in the direct stock purchase feature of the Plan, then you should recognize that none of us, our subsidiaries and affiliates, nor the Plan Administrator can assure you of a profit or protect you against loss on the shares that you purchase under the direct stock purchase feature of the Plan. You bear the risk of loss in value and enjoy the benefits of gains with respect to all of your shares.

USE OF PROCEEDS

We intend to initially use the net proceeds from this offering to repay outstanding debt borrowed under our Credit Facility. However, through re-borrowing of the initial repayments under our Credit Facility, we intend to use the net proceeds from this offering to make investments in accordance with our investment objective and strategies described in this prospectus supplement and the accompanying prospectus, to make investments in marketable securities and idle funds investments, which may include investments in secured intermediate term bank debt, rated debt securities and other income producing investments, to pay our operating expenses and other cash obligations, and for general corporate purposes. Our ability to achieve our investment objective may be limited to the extent that the net proceeds from an offering, pending full investment, are held in interest bearing deposits or other short term instruments. See "Risk Factors Risks Relating to Our Securities We may be unable to invest a significant portion of the net proceeds from an offering or from exiting an investment or other capital on acceptable terms, which could harm our financial condition and operating results" in the accompanying prospectus.

On July 17, 2017, we had approximately \$298.0 million outstanding under our Credit Facility. Our Credit Facility matures in September 2021, unless extended, and bears interest, at our election, on a per annum basis equal to (A)(i) the applicable LIBOR rate plus 1.875% or (ii) the applicable base rate plus 0.875% so long as we maintain an investment grade rating and satisfy certain agreed upon excess collateral and leverage requirements, (B) 0.125% higher in each case so long as we maintain an investment grade rating but not the agreed upon excess collateral and/or leverage requirements, and (C) 0.375% higher in each case so long as we do not maintain an investment grade rating. Amounts repaid under our Credit Facility will remain available for future borrowings.

SELECTED FINANCIAL DATA

The selected financial and other data below reflects the consolidated financial condition and the consolidated statement of operations of Main Street and its subsidiaries as of and for the years ended December 31, 2016, 2015, 2014, 2013 and 2012, and as of March 31, 2017 and for the three months ended March 31, 2017 and 2016. The selected financial data as of and for the years ended December 31, 2016, 2015, 2014, 2013 and 2012 have been derived from consolidated financial statements that have been audited by Grant Thornton LLP, an independent registered public accounting firm. The selected financial data as of March 31, 2017, and for the three months ended March 31, 2017 and 2016, have been derived from unaudited financial data but, in the opinion of management, reflect all adjustments (consisting only of normal recurring adjustments) that are necessary to present fairly the financial condition and operating results for such interim periods. Interim results as of and for the three months ended March 31, 2017 are not necessarily indicative of the results that may be expected for the year ending December 31, 2017. You should read this selected financial and other data in conjunction with our "Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations," "Senior Securities" and the financial statements and related notes thereto in the accompanying prospectus and "Interim Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations," in this prospectus supplement.

	Three Month March (,	Twelve Month	s Ended Decen	nber 31,	
	2017	2016	2016	2015	2014	2013	2012
			rs in thousands				
	<i></i>	,	rs in thousands	s, except per sn	are amounts)		
Charles and the second second second second	(Unaudit	ted)					
Statement of operations data: Investment income:							
	\$ 47,889 \$	41,875 \$	178,165 \$	163,603 \$	139,939 \$	115,158 \$	88,858
Interest from idle funds and other	φ 47,009 φ	131	178,105 \$	986	824	1,339	1.662
increst from face funds and other		151	1/4	200	024	1,557	1,002
Total investment income	47,889	42,006	178,339	164,589	140,763	116,497	90,520
Expenses:							
Interest	(8,608)	(8,182)	(33,630)	(32,115)	(23,589)	(20,238)	(15,631)
Compensation	(4,430)	(3,820)	(16,408)	(14,852)	(12,337)	(8,560)	(10,001)
General and administrative	(2,940)	(2,405)	(9,284)	(8,621)	(7,134)	(4,877)	(2,330)
Share-based compensation	(2,269)	(1,589)	(8,304)	(6,262)	(4,215)	(4,210)	(2,565)
Expenses allocated to the External Investment	() /	())	(-))		() -)		() /
Manager	1,524	1,154	5,089	4,335	2,048		
Expenses reimbursed to MSCP(1)			·	,	·	(3,189)	(10,669)
Total expenses	(16,723)	(14,842)	(62,537)	(57,515)	(45,227)	(41,074)	(31,195)
Net investment income	31,166	27,164	115,802	107,074	95,536	75,423	59,325
Total net realized gain (loss) from investments	27,565	13,603	29,389	(21,316)	23,206	7,277	16,479
Total net realized loss from SBIC debentures	(5,217)					(4,775)	
Total net change in unrealized appreciation							
(depreciation) from investments	(22,091)	(26,072)	(6,576)	10,871	(776)	14,503	44,464
Total net change in unrealized appreciation (depreciation) from SBIC debentures and							
investment in MSCP(1)	5,665	(146)	(943)	(879)	(10,931)	4,392	(5,004)
Income tax benefit (provision)	(5,638)	2,263	1,227	8,687	(6,287)	35	(10,820)
Net increase in net assets resulting from							
operations	31,450	16,812	138,899	104,437	100,748	96,855	104,444
Noncontrolling interest	51,450	10,012	156,699	104,437	100,748	90,855	(54)
Net increase in net assets resulting from	\$ 31,450 \$	16,812 \$	138,899 \$	104,437 \$	100,748 \$	96,855 \$	104,390
Net investment income per share basic and diluted		0.54 \$	2.23 \$	2.18 \$	2.20 \$	2.06 \$	2.01
	\$ 0.57 \$	0.33 \$	2.67 \$	2.13 \$	2.31 \$	2.65 \$	3.53

Net increase in net assets resulting from operations attributable to common stock per share basic and diluted Weighted-average shares outstanding basic and diluted 55,125,170 50,549,780 52,025,002 49,071,492 43,522,397 36,617,850 29,540,114

(1)

Main Street Capital Partners, LLC

	As of March 31,		As of December 31,					
	2017	2016	2015	2014	2013	2012		
			(do	llars in thousa	nds)			
Balance sheet data:								
Assets:								
Total portfolio investments at fair value	\$ 1,979,378	\$ 1,996,906	\$ 1,799,996	\$ 1,563,330	\$ 1,286,188	\$ 924,431		
Marketable securities and idle funds investments			3,693	9,067	13,301	28,535		
Cash and cash equivalents	33,605	24,480	20,331	60,432	34,701	63,517		
Interest receivable and other assets	46,164	37,123	37,638	46,406	16,054	14,580		
Deferred financing costs, net of accumulated amortization	12,603	12,645	13,267	14,550	9,931	5,162		
Deferred tax asset, net	4,739	9,125	4,003					
Total assets	\$ 2,076,489	\$ 2,080,279	\$ 1,878,928	\$ 1,693,785	\$ 1,360,175	\$ 1,036,225		

Liabilities and net assets:								
Credit facility	\$	288,000	\$	343,000	\$ 291,000	\$ 218,000	\$ 237,000	\$ 132,000
SBIC debentures at fair value(1)		239,355		239,603	223,660	222,781	187,050	211,467
4.50% Notes		175,000		175,000	175,000	175,000		
6.125% Notes		90,655		90,655	90,738	90,823	90,882	
Accounts payable and other liabilities		11,758		14,205	12,292	10,701	10,549	8,593
Payable for securities purchased		14,064		2,184	2,311	14,773	27,088	20,661
Interest payable		3,471		4,103	3,959	4,848	2,556	3,562
Dividend payable		10,252		10,048	9,074	7,663	6,577	5,188
Deferred tax liability, net						9,214	5,940	11,778
Total liabilities		832,555		878,798	808,034	753,803	567,642	393,249
Total net asset value		1,243,934		1,201,481	1,070,894	939,982	792,533	642,976
Total liabilities and net assets	\$ 2	2,076,489	\$ 2	2,080,279	\$ 1,878,928	\$ 1,693,785	\$ 1,360,175	\$ 1,036,225

12.2%	12.5%	12.2%	13.2%	14.7%	14.3%
73	73	71	66	62	56
8.6%	8.5%	8.0%	7.8%	7.8%	8.0%
69	78	86	86	92	79
9.6%	9.6%	9.5%	10.1%	11.3%	14.8%
49	46	40	31	15	9
1.8%(6)	5.5%	4.6%	5.8%	5.8%	8.2%(3)
1.4%(6)	5.6%	5.5%	5.1%	5.8%	6.1%(3)
0.7%(6)	2.6%	2.4%	2.4%	3.0%	3.0%(3)
5.6%(6)	37.4%	8.5%	3.1%	16.7%	53.6%
2.6%(6)	13.0%	11.1%	12.7%	15.1%	25.7%
	73 8.6% 69 9.6% 49 1.8%(6) 1.4%(6) 0.7%(6) 5.6%(6)	73 73 8.6% 8.5% 69 78 9.6% 9.6% 49 46 1.8%(6) 5.5% 1.4%(6) 5.6% 0.7%(6) 2.6% 5.6%(6) 37.4%	73 73 71 8.6% 8.5% 8.0% 69 78 86 9.6% 9.6% 9.5% 49 46 40 1.8%(6) 5.5% 4.6% 1.4%(6) 5.6% 5.5% 0.7%(6) 2.6% 2.4% 5.6%(6) 37.4% 8.5%	$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$

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SBIC debentures for March 31, 2017, December 31, 2016, 2015, 2014, 2013, and 2012 are \$240,200, \$240,000, \$225,000, \$225,000, \$200,200, and \$225,000 at par, respectively, with par of \$50,000 for March 31, 2017, \$75,200 for December 31, 2016, 2015, 2014 and 2013, and \$100,000 for December 31, 2012 recorded at fair value of \$49,155, \$74,803, \$73,860, \$72,981, \$62,050, and \$86,467, as of December 31, 2016, 2015, 2014, 2013, and 2012, respectively.

Weighted-average effective yield is calculated based on our debt investments at the end of each period and includes amortization of deferred debt origination fees and accretion of original issue discount, but excludes liquidation fees payable upon repayment and any debt investments on non-accrual

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status. Weighted-average annual effective yield is higher than what an investor in shares of Main Street's common stock will realize on its investment because it does not reflect any debt investments on non-accrual status, Main Street's expenses or any sales load paid by an investor. For information on our investments on non-accrual status, see "Interim Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations Portfolio Asset Quality" elsewhere in this prospectus supplement.

(3) Ratios are net of amounts attributable to MSC II non-controlling interest.

Total investment return based on purchase of stock at the current market price on the first day and a sale at the current market price on the last day of each period reported on the table and assumes reinvestment of dividends at prices obtained by Main Street's dividend reinvestment plan during the period. The return does not reflect any sales load that may be paid by an investor.

(5) Total return based on change in net asset value was calculated using the sum of ending net asset value plus dividends to stockholders and other non-operating changes during the period, as divided by the beginning net asset value.

(6)

(4)

Not annualized.

INTERIM MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS OF FINANCIAL CONDITION AND RESULTS OF OPERATIONS

The following discussion should be read in conjunction with our interim financial statements and notes thereto contained elsewhere in this prospectus supplement.

Statements we make in the following discussion which express a belief, expectation or intention, as well as those that are not historical fact, are forward-looking statements that are subject to risks, uncertainties and assumptions. Our actual results, performance or achievements, or industry results, could differ materially from those we express in the following discussion as a result of a variety of factors, including the risks and uncertainties we have referred to under the headings "Forward-Looking Statements" in this prospectus supplement and "Cautionary Statement Concerning Forward-Looking Statements" in the accompanying prospectus.

ORGANIZATION

Main Street Capital Corporation ("MSCC") is a principal investment firm primarily focused on providing customized debt and equity financing to lower middle market ("LMM") companies and debt capital to middle market ("Middle Market") companies. The portfolio investments of MSCC and its consolidated subsidiaries are typically made to support management buyouts, recapitalizations, growth financings, refinancings and acquisitions of companies that operate in a variety of industry sectors. MSCC seeks to partner with entrepreneurs, business owners and management teams and generally provides "one stop" financing alternatives within its LMM portfolio. MSCC and its consolidated subsidiaries invest primarily in secured debt investments, equity investments, warrants and other securities of LMM companies based in the United States and in secured debt investments of Middle Market companies generally headquartered in the United States.

MSCC was formed in March 2007 to operate as an internally managed business development company ("BDC") under the Investment Company Act of 1940, as amended (the "1940 Act"). MSCC wholly owns several investment funds, including Main Street Mezzanine Fund, LP ("MSMF"), Main Street Capital II, LP ("MSC II") and Main Street Capital III, LP ("MSC III" and, collectively with MSMF and MSC II, the "Funds"), and each of their general partners. The Funds are each licensed as a Small Business Investment Company ("SBIC") by the United States Small Business Administration ("SBA"). Because MSCC is internally managed, all of the executive officers and other employees are employed by MSCC. Therefore, MSCC does not pay any external investment advisory fees, but instead directly incurs the operating costs associated with employing investment and portfolio management professionals.

MSC Adviser I, LLC (the "External Investment Manager") was formed in November 2013 as a wholly owned subsidiary of MSCC to provide investment management and other services to parties other than MSCC and its subsidiaries or their portfolio companies ("External Parties") and receives fee income for such services. MSCC has been granted no-action relief by the Securities and Exchange Commission ("SEC") to allow the External Investment Manager to register as a registered investment adviser under the Investment Advisers Act of 1940, as amended. Since the External Investment Manager conducts all of its investment management activities for External Parties, it is accounted for as a portfolio investment of MSCC and is not included as a consolidated subsidiary of MSCC in MSCC's consolidated financial statements.

MSCC has elected to be treated for U.S. federal income tax purposes as a regulated investment company ("RIC") under Subchapter M of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended (the "Code"). As a result, MSCC generally will not pay corporate-level U.S. federal income taxes on any net ordinary taxable income or capital gains that it distributes to its stockholders.



MSCC has certain direct and indirect wholly owned subsidiaries that have elected to be taxable entities (the "Taxable Subsidiaries"). The primary purpose of the Taxable Subsidiaries is to permit MSCC to hold equity investments in portfolio companies which are "pass-through" entities for tax purposes. The External Investment Manager is also a direct wholly owned subsidiary that has elected to be a taxable entity. The Taxable Subsidiaries and the External Investment Manager are each taxed at their normal corporate tax rates based on their taxable income.

Unless otherwise noted or the context otherwise indicates, the terms "we," "us," "our," the "Company" and "Main Street" refer to MSCC and its consolidated subsidiaries, which include the Funds and the Taxable Subsidiaries.

OVERVIEW

Our principal investment objective is to maximize our portfolio's total return by generating current income from our debt investments and capital appreciation from our equity and equity-related investments, including warrants, convertible securities and other rights to acquire equity securities in a portfolio company. Our LMM companies generally have annual revenues between \$10 million and \$150 million, and our LMM portfolio investments generally range in size from \$5 million to \$50 million. Our Middle Market investments are made in businesses that are generally larger in size than our LMM portfolio companies, with annual revenues typically between \$150 million and \$1.5 billion, and our Middle Market investments generally range in size from \$3 million to \$15 million. Our private loan ("Private Loan") portfolio investments are primarily debt securities in privately held companies which have been originated through strategic relationships with other investment funds on a collaborative basis. Private Loan investments are typically similar in size, structure, terms and conditions to investments we hold in our LMM portfolio.

We seek to fill the financing gap for LMM businesses, which, historically, have had more limited access to financing from commercial banks and other traditional sources. The underserved nature of the LMM creates the opportunity for us to meet the financing needs of LMM companies while also negotiating favorable transaction terms and equity participations. Our ability to invest across a company's capital structure, from secured loans to equity securities, allows us to offer portfolio companies a comprehensive suite of financing options, or a "one stop" financing solution. Providing customized, "one stop" financing solutions is important to LMM portfolio companies. We generally seek to partner directly with entrepreneurs, management teams and business owners in making our investments. Our LMM portfolio debt investments are generally secured by a first lien on the assets of the portfolio company and typically have a term of between five and seven years from the original investment date.

Our Middle Market portfolio investments primarily consist of direct investments in or secondary purchases of interest-bearing debt securities in privately held companies that are generally larger in size than the companies included in our LMM portfolio. Our Middle Market portfolio debt investments are generally secured by either a first or second priority lien on the assets of the portfolio company and typically have an expected duration of between three and seven years from the original investment date.

Our Private Loan portfolio investments are primarily debt securities in privately held companies which have been originated through strategic relationships with other investment funds on a collaborative basis, and are often referred to in the debt markets as "club deals." Private Loan investments are typically similar in size, structure, terms and conditions to investments we hold in our LMM portfolio and Middle Market portfolio. Our Private Loan portfolio debt investments are generally secured by either a first or second priority lien on the assets of the portfolio company and typically have a term of between three and seven years from the original investment date.

Our other portfolio ("Other Portfolio") investments primarily consist of investments which are not consistent with the typical profiles for our LMM, Middle Market or Private Loan portfolio investments,

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including investments which may be managed by third parties. In our Other Portfolio, we may incur indirect fees and expenses in connection with investments managed by third parties, such as investments in other investment companies or private funds.

Our external asset management business is conducted through the External Investment Manager. The External Investment Manager earns management fees based on the assets of the funds under management and may earn incentive fees, or a carried interest, based on the performance of the funds managed. We have entered into an agreement with the External Investment Manager to share employees in connection with its asset management business generally, and specifically for its relationship with HMS Income Fund, Inc. ("HMS Income"). Through this agreement, we share employees with the External Investment Manager, including their related infrastructure, business relationships, management expertise and capital raising capabilities.

The following tables provide a summary of our investments in the LMM, Middle Market and Private Loan portfolios as of March 31, 2017 and December 31, 2016 (this information excludes the Other Portfolio investments and the External Investment Manager which are discussed further below):

	L	MM(a)	I N	arch 31, 20 Middle Market s in million	1	Private Loan
Number of portfolio companies		73	ionui	69	.5)	49
Fair value	\$	886.6	\$	568.8	\$	384.2
Cost	\$	772.1	\$	588.9	\$	403.7
% of portfolio at cost debt		67.6%		96.9%		94.0%
% of portfolio at cost equity		32.4%		3.1%		6.0%
% of debt investments at cost secured by first priority lien		96.1%		88.8%		90.2%
Weighted-average annual effective yield(b)		12.2%		8.6%		9.6%
Average EBITDA(c)	\$	4.6	\$	95.5	\$	24.8

(a)

At March 31, 2017, we had equity ownership in approximately 99% of our LMM portfolio companies, and the average fully diluted equity ownership in those portfolio companies was approximately 37%.

(b)

The weighted-average annual effective yields were computed using the effective interest rates for all debt investments at cost as of March 31, 2017, including amortization of deferred debt origination fees and accretion of original issue discount but excluding fees payable upon repayment of the debt instruments and any debt investments on non-accrual status. Weighted-average annual effective yield is higher than what an investor in shares of our common stock will realize on its investment because it does not reflect our expenses or any sales load paid by an investor.

(c)

The average EBITDA is calculated using a simple average for the LMM portfolio and a weighted-average for the Middle Market and Private Loan portfolios. These calculations exclude certain portfolio companies, including five LMM portfolio companies, one Middle Market portfolio company and three Private Loan portfolio companies, as EBITDA is not

a meaningful valuation metric for our investments in these portfolio companies, and those portfolio companies whose primary purpose is to own real estate.

	As of December 31, 2016						
	LMM(a)		Middle M(a) Market		-	Private Loan	
	(dollars in millions)						
Number of portfolio companies		73		78		46	
Fair value	\$	892.6	\$	630.6	\$	342.9	
Cost	\$	760.3	\$	646.8	\$	357.7	
% of portfolio at cost debt		69.1%		97.2%		93.5%	
% of portfolio at cost equity		30.9%		2.8%		6.5%	
% of debt investments at cost secured by first priority lien		92.1%		89.1%		89.0%	
Weighted-average annual effective yield(b)		12.5%		8.5%		9.6%	
Average EBITDA(c)	\$	5.9	\$	98.6	\$	22.7	

(a)

At December 31, 2016, we had equity ownership in approximately 99% of our LMM portfolio companies, and the average fully diluted equity ownership in those portfolio companies was approximately 36%.

(b)

The weighted-average annual effective yields were computed using the effective interest rates for all debt investments at cost as of December 31, 2016, including amortization of deferred debt origination fees and accretion of original issue discount but excluding fees payable upon repayment of the debt instruments and any debt investments on non-accrual status. Weighted-average annual effective yield is higher than what an investor in shares of our common stock will realize on its investment because it does not reflect our expenses or any sales load paid by an investor.

(c)

The average EBITDA is calculated using a simple average for the LMM portfolio and a weighted-average for the Middle Market and Private Loan portfolios. These calculations exclude certain portfolio companies, including five LMM portfolio companies, one Middle Market portfolio company and three Private Loan portfolio companies, as EBITDA is not a meaningful valuation metric for our investments in these portfolio companies.

As of March 31, 2017, we had Other Portfolio investments in ten companies, collectively totaling approximately \$106.3 million in fair value and approximately \$111.8 million in cost basis and which comprised approximately 5.4% of our Investment Portfolio (as defined in " Critical Accounting Policies Basis of Presentation" below) at fair value. As of December 31, 2016, we had Other Portfolio investments in ten companies, collectively totaling approximately \$100.3 million in fair value and approximately \$107.1 million in cost basis and which comprised approximately \$107.1 million in cost bas is approximately \$107.1 million in cost basis and which comprise

As previously discussed, the External Investment Manager is a wholly owned subsidiary that is treated as a portfolio investment. As of March 31, 2017, there was no cost basis in this investment and the investment had a fair value of approximately \$33.5 million, which comprised approximately 1.7% of our Investment Portfolio at fair value. As of December 31, 2016, there was no cost basis in this investment and the investment had a fair value of approximately \$30.6 million, which comprised approximately 1.5% of our Investment Portfolio at fair value.

Our portfolio investments are generally made through MSCC and the Funds. MSCC and the Funds share the same investment strategies and criteria, although they are subject to different regulatory regimes. An investor's return in MSCC will depend, in part, on the Funds' investment returns as they are wholly owned subsidiaries of MSCC.

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The level of new portfolio investment activity will fluctuate from period to period based upon our view of the current economic fundamentals, our ability to identify new investment opportunities that meet our investment criteria, and our ability to consummate the identified opportunities. The level of new investment activity, and associated interest and fee income, will directly impact future investment income. In addition, the level of dividends paid by portfolio companies and the portion of our portfolio debt investments on non-accrual status will directly impact future investment income. While we intend to grow our portfolio and our investment income over the long term, our growth and our operating results may be more limited during depressed economic periods. However, we intend to appropriately manage our cost structure and liquidity position based on applicable economic conditions and our investment outlook. The level of realized gains or losses and unrealized appreciation or depreciation on our investments will also fluctuate depending upon portfolio activity, economic conditions and the performance of our individual portfolio companies. The changes in realized gains and losses and unrealized appreciation or depreciation could have a material impact on our operating results.

Because we are internally managed, we do not pay any external investment advisory fees, but instead directly incur the operating costs associated with employing investment and portfolio management professionals. We believe that our internally managed structure provides us with a beneficial operating expense structure when compared to other publicly traded and privately held investment firms which are externally managed, and our internally managed structure allows us the opportunity to leverage our non-interest operating expenses as we grow our Investment Portfolio. For the three months ended March 31, 2017 and 2016, the ratio of our total operating expenses, excluding interest expense, as a percentage of our quarterly average total assets was 1.6% and 1.4%, respectively, on an annualized basis.

During May 2012, we entered into an investment sub-advisory agreement with HMS Adviser, LP ("HMS Adviser"), which is the investment advisor to HMS Income, a non-listed BDC, to provide certain investment advisory services to HMS Adviser. In December 2013, after obtaining required no-action relief from the SEC to allow us to own a registered investment adviser, we assigned the sub-advisory agreement to the External Investment Manager since the fees received from such arrangement could otherwise have negative consequences on our ability to meet the source-of-income requirement necessary for us to maintain our RIC tax treatment. Under the investment sub-advisory agreement, the External Investment Manager is entitled to 50% of the base management fee and the incentive fees earned by HMS Adviser under its advisory agreement with HMS Income. Based upon several fee waiver agreements with HMS Income and HMS Adviser, the External Investment Manager did not begin accruing the base management fee and incentive fees, if any, until January 1, 2014. The External Investment Manager as conditionally agreed to waive a limited amount of the incentive fees otherwise earned. During the three months ended March 31, 2017 and 2016, the External Investment Manager earned \$2.6 million and \$2.3 million, respectively, of management fees (net of fees waived, if any) under the sub-advisory agreement with HMS Adviser.

During April 2014, we received an exemptive order from the SEC permitting co-investments by us and HMS Income in certain negotiated transactions where co-investing would otherwise be prohibited under the 1940 Act. We have made, and in the future intend to continue to make, such co-investments with HMS Income in accordance with the conditions of the order. The order requires, among other things, that we and the External Investment Manager consider whether each such investment opportunity is appropriate for HMS Income and, if it is appropriate, to propose an allocation of the investment opportunity between us and HMS Income. Because the External Investment Manager may receive performance-based fee compensation from HMS Income, this may provide it an incentive to allocate opportunities to HMS Income instead of us. However, both we and the External Investment Manager have policies and procedures in place to manage this conflict.

CRITICAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Basis of Presentation

Our consolidated financial statements are prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles in the United States of America ("U.S. GAAP"). For each of the periods presented herein, our consolidated financial statements include the accounts of MSCC and its consolidated subsidiaries. The Investment Portfolio, as used herein, refers to all of our investments in LMM portfolio companies, investments in Middle Market portfolio companies, Private Loan portfolio investments, Other Portfolio investments, and the investment in the External Investment Manager. Our results of operations and cash flows for the three months ended March 31, 2017 and 2016, and financial position as of March 31, 2017 and December 31, 2016, are presented on a consolidated basis. The effects of all intercompany transactions between us and our consolidated subsidiaries have been eliminated in consolidation.

Our accompanying unaudited consolidated financial statements are presented in conformity with U.S. GAAP for interim financial information and pursuant to the requirements for reporting on Form 10-Q and Article 10 of Regulation S-X. Accordingly, certain disclosures accompanying annual financial statements prepared in accordance with U.S. GAAP are omitted. In the opinion of management, the unaudited consolidated financial results included herein contain all adjustments, consisting solely of normal recurring accruals, considered necessary for the fair presentation of financial statements for the interim periods included herein. The results of operations for the three months ended March 31, 2017 and 2016 are not necessarily indicative of the operating results to be expected for the full year. Also, the unaudited financial statements and notes should be read in conjunction with the audited financial statements and notes thereto for the year ended December 31, 2016. Financial statements prepared on a U.S. GAAP basis require management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts and disclosures reported in the financial statements and accompanying notes. Such estimates and assumptions could change in the future as more information becomes known, which could impact the amounts reported and disclosed herein.

Under regulations pursuant to Article 6 of Regulation S-X applicable to BDCs and Accounting Standards Codification ("ASC") 946, *Financial Services Investment Companies* ("ASC 946"), we are precluded from consolidating other entities in which we have equity investments, including those in which we have a controlling interest, unless the other entity is another investment company. An exception to this general principle in ASC 946 occurs if we hold a controlling interest in an operating company that provides all or substantially all of its services directly to us or to any of our portfolio companies. Accordingly, as noted above, our consolidated financial statements include the financial position and operating results for the Funds and the Taxable Subsidiaries. We have determined that all of our portfolio investments do not qualify for this exception, including the investment in the External Investment Manager. Therefore, our Investment Portfolio is carried on the consolidated balance sheet at fair value with any adjustments to fair value recognized as "Net Change in Unrealized Appreciation (Depreciation)" on the consolidated statements of operations until the investment is realized, usually upon exit, resulting in any gain or loss being recognized as a "Net Realized Gain (Loss)."

Investment Portfolio Valuation

The most significant determination inherent in the preparation of our consolidated financial statements is the valuation of our Investment Portfolio and the related amounts of unrealized appreciation and depreciation. As of March 31, 2017 and December 31, 2016, our Investment Portfolio valued at fair value represented approximately 95% and 96% of our total assets, respectively. We are required to report our investments at fair value. We follow the provisions of Financial Accounting Standards Board ("FASB") ASC 820, *Fair Value Measurements and Disclosures* ("ASC 820"). ASC 820 defines fair value, establishes a framework for measuring fair value, establishes a fair value hierarchy

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based on the quality of inputs used to measure fair value, and enhances disclosure requirements for fair value measurements. ASC 820 requires us to assume that the portfolio investment is to be sold in the principal market to independent market participants, which may be a hypothetical market. Market participants are defined as buyers and sellers in the principal market that are independent, knowledgeable and willing and able to transact. See "Note B.1. Valuation of the Investment Portfolio" in the notes to consolidated financial statements for a detailed discussion of our investment portfolio valuation process and procedures.

Due to the inherent uncertainty in the valuation process, our determination of fair value for our Investment Portfolio may differ materially from the values that would have been determined had a ready market for the securities existed. In addition, changes in the market environment, portfolio company performance and other events that may occur over the lives of the investments may cause the gains or losses ultimately realized on these investments to be materially different than the valuations currently assigned. We determine the fair value of each individual investment and record changes in fair value as unrealized appreciation or depreciation.

Our Board of Directors has the final responsibility for overseeing, reviewing and approving, in good faith, our determination of the fair value for our Investment Portfolio and our valuation procedures, consistent with 1940 Act requirements. We believe our Investment Portfolio as of March 31, 2017 and December 31, 2016 approximates fair value as of those dates based on the markets in which we operate and other conditions in existence on those reporting dates.

Revenue Recognition

Interest and Dividend Income

We record interest and dividend income on the accrual basis to the extent amounts are expected to be collected. Dividend income is recorded as dividends are declared by the portfolio company or at the point an obligation exists for the portfolio company to make a distribution. In accordance with our valuation policies, we evaluate accrued interest and dividend income periodically for collectability. When a loan or debt security becomes 90 days or more past due, and if we otherwise do not expect the debtor to be able to service all of its debt or other obligations, we will generally place the loan or debt security on non-accrual status and cease recognizing interest income on that loan or debt security until the borrower has demonstrated the ability and intent to pay contractual amounts due. If a loan or debt security's status significantly improves regarding the debtor's ability to service the debt or other obligations, or if a loan or debt security is sold or written off, we remove it from non-accrual status.

Fee Income

We may periodically provide services, including structuring and advisory services, to our portfolio companies or other third parties. For services that are separately identifiable and evidence exists to substantiate fair value, fee income is recognized as earned, which is generally when the investment or other applicable transaction closes. Fees received in connection with debt financing transactions for services that do not meet these criteria are treated as debt origination fees and are deferred and accreted into income over the life of the financing.

Payment-in-Kind ("PIK") Interest and Cumulative Dividends

We hold certain debt and preferred equity instruments in our Investment Portfolio that contain PIK interest and cumulative dividend provisions. The PIK interest, computed at the contractual rate specified in each debt agreement, is periodically added to the principal balance of the debt and is recorded as interest income. Thus, the actual collection of this interest may be deferred until the time of debt principal repayment. Cumulative dividends are recorded as dividend income, and any dividends in arrears are added to the balance of the preferred equity investment. The actual collection of these

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dividends in arrears may be deferred until such time as the preferred equity is redeemed or sold. To maintain RIC tax treatment (as discussed below), these non-cash sources of income may need to be paid out to stockholders in the form of distributions, even though we may not have collected the PIK interest and cumulative dividends in cash. We stop accruing PIK interest and cumulative dividends and write off any accrued and uncollected interest and dividends in arrears when we determine that such PIK interest and dividends in arrears are no longer collectible. For the three months ended March 31, 2017 and 2016, (i) approximately 3.4% and 3.1%, respectively, of our total investment income was attributable to PIK interest income not paid currently in cash and (ii) approximately 1.8% and 0.8%, respectively, of our total investment income was attributable to cumulative dividend income not paid currently in cash.

Share-Based Compensation

We account for our share-based compensation plans using the fair value method, as prescribed by ASC 718, *Compensation Stock Compensation*. Accordingly, for restricted stock awards, we measure the grant date fair value based upon the market price of our common stock on the date of the grant and amortize the fair value of the awards as share-based compensation expense over the requisite service period, which is generally the vesting term.

Income Taxes

MSCC has elected to be treated for U.S. federal income tax purposes as a RIC. MSCC's taxable income includes the taxable income generated by MSCC and certain of its subsidiaries, including the Funds, which are treated as disregarded entities for tax purposes. As a RIC, MSCC generally will not pay corporate-level U.S. federal income taxes on any net ordinary taxable income or capital gains that MSCC distributes to its stockholders. MSCC must generally distribute at least 90% of its "investment company taxable income" (which is generally its net ordinary taxable income and realized net short-term capital gains in excess of realized net long-term capital losses) and 90% of its tax-exempt income to maintain its RIC status (pass-through tax treatment for amounts distributed). As part of maintaining RIC status, undistributed taxable income (subject to a 4% non-deductible U.S. federal excise tax) pertaining to a given fiscal year may be distributed up to 12 months subsequent to the end of that fiscal year, provided such dividends are declared on or prior to the later of (i) filing of the U.S. federal income tax return for the applicable fiscal year or (ii) the fifteenth day of the ninth month following the close of the year in which such taxable income was generated.

The Taxable Subsidiaries primarily hold certain portfolio investments for us. The Taxable Subsidiaries permit us to hold equity investments in portfolio companies which are "pass-through" entities for tax purposes and to continue to comply with the "source-income" requirements contained in the RIC tax provisions of the Code. The Taxable Subsidiaries are consolidated with us for U.S. GAAP financial reporting purposes, and the portfolio investments held by the Taxable Subsidiaries are included in our consolidated financial statements as portfolio investments and recorded at fair value. The Taxable Subsidiaries are not consolidated with MSCC for income tax purposes and may generate income tax expense, or benefit, and tax assets and liabilities, as a result of their ownership of certain portfolio investments. The taxable income, or loss, of the Taxable Subsidiaries may differ from their book income, or loss, due to temporary book and tax timing differences and permanent differences. This income tax expense, or benefit, if any, and the related tax assets and liabilities, are reflected in our consolidated financial statements.

The Taxable Subsidiaries use the liability method in accounting for income taxes. Deferred tax assets and liabilities are recorded for temporary differences between the tax basis of assets and liabilities and their reported amounts in the consolidated financial statements, using statutory tax rates in effect for the year in which the temporary differences are expected to reverse. A valuation allowance is provided, if necessary, against deferred tax assets when it is more likely than not that some portion or all of the deferred tax asset will not be realized.

Taxable income generally differs from net income for financial reporting purposes due to temporary and permanent differences in the recognition of income and expenses. Taxable income generally excludes net unrealized appreciation or depreciation, as investment gains or losses are not included in taxable income until they are realized.

INVESTMENT PORTFOLIO COMPOSITION

Our LMM portfolio investments primarily consist of secured debt, equity warrants and direct equity investments in privately held, LMM companies based in the United States. Our LMM portfolio companies generally have annual revenues between \$10 million and \$150 million, and our LMM investments generally range in size from \$5 million to \$50 million. The LMM debt investments are typically secured by either a first or second priority lien on the assets of the portfolio company, generally bear interest at fixed rates, and generally have a term of between five and seven years from the original investment date. In most LMM portfolio companies, we receive nominally priced equity warrants and/or make direct equity investments in connection with a debt investment.

Our Middle Market portfolio investments primarily consist of direct investments in or secondary purchases of interest-bearing debt securities in privately held companies based in the United States that are generally larger in size than the companies included in our LMM portfolio. Our Middle Market portfolio companies generally have annual revenues between \$150 million and \$1.5 billion, and our Middle Market investments generally range in size from \$3 million to \$15 million. Our Middle Market portfolio debt investments are generally secured by either a first or second priority lien on the assets of the portfolio company and typically have a term of between three and seven years from the original investment date.

Our Private Loan portfolio investments are primarily debt securities in privately held companies which have been originated through strategic relationships with other investment funds on a collaborative basis, and are often referred to in the debt markets as "club deals." Private Loan investments are typically similar in size, structure, terms and conditions to investments we hold in our LMM portfolio and Middle Market portfolio. Our Private Loan portfolio debt investments are generally secured by either a first or second priority lien on the assets of the portfolio company and typically have a term of between three and seven years from the original investment date.

Our Other Portfolio investments primarily consist of investments which are not consistent with the typical profiles for LMM, Middle Market and Private Loan portfolio investments, including investments which may be managed by third parties. In the Other Portfolio, we may incur indirect fees and expenses in connection with investments managed by third parties, such as investments in other investment companies or private funds.

Our external asset management business is conducted through the External Investment Manager. The External Investment Manager earns management fees based on the assets of the funds under management and may earn incentive fees, or a carried interest, based on the performance of the funds managed. We have entered into an agreement with the External Investment Manager to share employees in connection with its asset management business generally, and specifically for its relationship with HMS Income. Through this agreement, we share employees with the External Investment Manager, including their related infrastructure, business relationships, management expertise and capital raising capabilities. In the first quarter of 2014, we began allocating costs to the External Investment Manager pursuant to the sharing agreement. Our total expenses for the three months ended March 31, 2017 and 2016 are net of expenses allocated to the External Investment Manager of \$1.5 million and \$1.2 million, respectively. The External Investment Manager earns management fees based on the assets of the funds under management and may earn incentive fees, or a carried interest, based on the performance of the funds managed. The total contribution of the External Investment Manager to our net investment income consists of the combination of the expenses



allocated to the External Investment Manager and dividend income from the External Investment Manager. For the three months ended March 31, 2017 and 2016, the total contribution to our net investment income was \$2.2 million and \$1.9 million, respectively.

The following tables summarize the composition of our total combined LMM portfolio investments, Middle Market portfolio investments and Private Loan portfolio investments at cost and fair value by type of investment as a percentage of the total combined LMM portfolio investments, Middle Market portfolio investments and Private Loan portfolio investments as of March 31, 2017 and December 31, 2016 (this information excludes the Other Portfolio investments and the External Investment Manager).

Cost:	March 31, 2017	December 31, 2016
First lien debt	76.6%	76.1%
Equity	15.6%	14.5%
Second lien debt	6.2%	7.7%
Equity warrants	1.0%	1.1%
Other	0.6%	0.6%
	100.0%	100.0%

	March 31,	December 31,
Fair Value:	2017	2016
First lien debt	69.6%	68.7%
Equity	23.2%	22.6%
Second lien debt	5.8%	7.2%
Equity warrants	0.8%	0.9%
Other	0.6%	0.6%
	100.0%	100.0%

Our LMM portfolio investments, Middle Market portfolio investments and Private Loan portfolio investments carry a number of risks including: (1) investing in companies which may have limited operating histories and financial resources; (2) holding investments that generally are not publicly traded and which may be subject to legal and other restrictions on resale; and (3) other risks common to investing in below investment grade debt and equity investments in our Investment Portfolio. Please see "Risk Factors Risks Related to Our Investments" contained in the accompanying prospectus for a more complete discussion of the risks involved with investing in our Investment Portfolio.

PORTFOLIO ASSET QUALITY

We utilize an internally developed investment rating system to rate the performance of each LMM portfolio company and to monitor our expected level of returns on each of our LMM investments in relation to our expectations for the portfolio company. The investment rating system takes into consideration various factors, including each investment's expected level of returns, the collectability of our debt investments and the ability to receive a return of the invested capital in our equity investments, comparisons to competitors and other industry participants, the portfolio company's future outlook and other factors that are deemed to be significant to the portfolio company.

Investment Rating 1 represents a LMM portfolio company that is performing in a manner which significantly exceeds expectations.

Investment Rating 2 represents a LMM portfolio company that, in general, is performing above expectations.

Investment Rating 3 represents a LMM portfolio company that is generally performing in accordance with expectations.

Investment Rating 4 represents a LMM portfolio company that is underperforming expectations. Investments with such a rating require increased monitoring and scrutiny by us.

Investment Rating 5 represents a LMM portfolio company that is significantly underperforming. Investments with such a rating require heightened levels of monitoring and scrutiny by us and involve the recognition of significant unrealized depreciation on such investment.

All new LMM portfolio investments receive an initial Investment Rating of 3.

The following table shows the distribution of our LMM portfolio investments on the 1 to 5 investment rating scale at fair value as of March 31, 2017 and December 31, 2016:

	As of Marcl	h 31, 2017		er 31, 2016								
Investment Rating	 estments at air Value	Percentage of Total Portfolio		vestments at Fair Value	Percentage of Total Portfolio							
		(dollars in	n thousands)									
1	\$ 241,988	27.3%	\$	253,420	28.4%							
2	195,294	22.0%		258,085	28.9%							
3	354,367	40.0%		294,807	33.0%							
4	82,485	9.3%		75,433	8.5%							
5	12,425	1.4%		10,847	1.2%							
Total	\$ 886,559	100.0%	\$	892,592	100.0%							

Based upon our investment rating system, the weighted-average rating of our LMM portfolio was approximately 2.4 and 2.3 as of March 31, 2017 and December 31, 2016, respectively.

As of March 31, 2017, our total Investment Portfolio had five investments on non-accrual status, which comprised approximately 0.2% of its fair value and 2.7% of its cost. As of December 31, 2016, our total Investment Portfolio had four investments on non-accrual status, which comprised approximately 0.6% of its fair value and 3.0% of its cost.

The operating results of our portfolio companies are impacted by changes in the broader fundamentals of the United States economy. In the event that the United States economy contracts, it is likely that the financial results of small to mid-sized companies, like those in which we invest, could experience deterioration or limited growth from current levels, which could ultimately lead to difficulty in meeting their debt service requirements, to an increase in defaults on our debt investments and to difficulty in maintaining historical dividend payment rates on our equity investments. Consequently, we can provide no assurance that the performance of certain portfolio companies will not be negatively impacted by economic cycles or other conditions, which could also have a negative impact on our future results.

DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS OF RESULTS OF OPERATIONS

Comparison of the three months ended March 31, 2017 and March 31, 2016

	Three Mon Marc		nded	Net Change			
	2017		2016 A		mount	%	
		(do	llars in thou	isano			
Total investment income	\$ 47,889	\$	42,006	\$	5,883	14%	
Total expenses	(16,723)		(14,842)		(1,881)	13%	
Net investment income	31,166		27,164		4,002	15%	
Net realized gain from investments	27,565		13,603		13,962		
Net realized loss from SBIC debentures	(5,217)				(5,217)		
Net change in net unrealized appreciation (depreciation) from:							
Portfolio investments	(22,091)		(27,529)		5,438		
SBIC debentures and marketable securities and idle funds	5,665		1,311		4,354		
Total net change in net unrealized depreciation	(16,426)		(26,218)		9,792		
Income tax benefit (provision)	(5,638)		2,263		(7,901)		
-							
Net increase in net assets resulting from operations	\$ 31,450	\$	16,812	\$	14,638	87%	

		Three Moi Maro		Net Change						
	2017			2016		mount	%			
	(dollars in thousands, except per share am									
Net investment income	\$	31,166	\$	27,164						
Share-based compensation expense		2,269		1,589		680	43%			
Distributable net investment income(a)	\$	33,435	\$	28,753	\$	4,682	16%			
Net investment income per share Basic and diluted	\$	0.57	\$	0.54	\$	0.03	6%			
Distributable net investment income per share Basic and diluted(a)	\$	0.61	\$	0.57	\$	0.04	7%			

⁽a)

Distributable net investment income is net investment income as determined in accordance with U.S. GAAP, excluding the impact of share-based compensation expense which is non-cash in nature. We believe presenting distributable net investment income and related per share amounts is useful and appropriate supplemental disclosure of information for analyzing our financial performance since share-based compensation does not require settlement in cash. However, distributable net investment income is a non-U.S. GAAP measure and should not be considered as a replacement to net investment income and other earnings measures presented in accordance with U.S. GAAP. Instead, distributable net investment income should be reviewed only in connection with such U.S. GAAP measures

in analyzing our financial performance. A reconciliation of net investment income in accordance with U.S. GAAP to distributable net investment income is presented in the table above.

Investment Income

For the three months ended March 31, 2017, total investment income was \$47.9 million, a 14% increase over the \$42.0 million of total investment income for the corresponding period of 2016. This comparable period increase was principally attributable to (i) a \$6.3 million increase in interest income primarily related to higher average levels of portfolio debt investments and increased activities involving

existing Investment Portfolio debt investments and (ii) a \$0.4 million increase in fee income, partially offset by a \$0.6 million decrease in dividend income from Investment Portfolio equity investments. The \$5.9 million increase in total investment income in the three months ended March 31, 2017 includes an increase of \$2.7 million related to higher accelerated prepayment, repricing and other activity for certain Investment Portfolio debt investments when compared to the same period in 2016.

Expenses

For the three months ended March 31, 2017, total expenses increased to \$16.7 million from \$14.8 million for the corresponding period of 2016. This comparable period increase in operating expenses was principally attributable to (i) a \$0.7 million increase in share-based compensation expense, (ii) a \$0.6 million increase in compensation expense related to increases in the number of personnel, base compensation levels and incentive compensation accruals, (iii) a \$0.5 million increase in general and administrative expenses, primarily related to non-recurring professional fees and other expenses incurred on certain potential new portfolio investment opportunities which were terminated during the due diligence and legal documentation processes, and (iv) a \$0.4 million increase in interest expense, primarily due to the higher average interest rate and balance outstanding on our Credit Facility in the three months ended March 31, 2017, with these increases partially offset by a \$0.4 million increase in the expenses allocated to the External Investment Manager, in each case when compared to the same period in the prior year. For the three months ended March 31, 2017, the ratio of our total operating expenses, excluding interest expense, as a percentage of our quarterly average total assets was 1.6% on an annualized basis, compared to 1.4% on an annualized basis for the three months ended March 31, 2016 and 1.5% for the year ended December 31, 2016.

Net Investment Income

Net investment income for the three months ended March 31, 2017 was \$31.2 million, or a 15% increase, compared to net investment income of \$27.2 million for the corresponding period of 2016. The increase in net investment income was principally attributable to the increase in total investment income, partially offset by higher operating expenses as discussed above.

Distributable Net Investment Income

For the three months ended March 31, 2017, distributable net investment income increased 16% to \$33.4 million, or \$0.61 per share, compared with \$28.8 million, or \$0.57 per share, in the corresponding period of 2016. The increase in distributable net investment income was primarily due to the higher level of total investment income, partially offset by higher operating expenses both as discussed above. Distributable net investment income on a per share basis for the three months ended March 31, 2017 reflects (i) an increase of approximately \$0.05 per share from the comparable period in 2016 attributable to the net increase in the comparable levels of accelerated prepayment, repricing and other activity for certain Investment Portfolio debt investments and (ii) a greater number of average shares outstanding compared to the corresponding period in 2016 primarily due to shares issued through the ATM Program (as defined in " Liquidity and Capital Resources " below).

Net Increase in Net Assets Resulting from Operations

The net increase in net assets resulting from operations during the three months ended March 31, 2017 was \$31.5 million, or \$0.57 per share, compared with \$16.8 million, or \$0.33 per share, during the three months ended March 31, 2016. This \$14.6 million increase from the same period in the prior year was primarily the result of (i) a \$14.0 million increase in the net realized gain (loss) from investments, (ii) a \$9.8 million improvement in net change in unrealized appreciation (depreciation) from portfolio investments and SBIC debentures, including accounting reversals relating to realized gains (losses), from net unrealized depreciation of \$26.2 million for the three months ended March 31, 2016 to a net

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unrealized depreciation of \$16.4 million for the three months ended March 31, 2017, and (iii) a \$4.0 million increase in net investment income as discussed above, partially offset by (i) a \$5.2 million realized loss on the repayment of SBIC debentures outstanding at MSC II which had previously been accounted for on the fair value method of accounting and (ii) a \$7.9 million increase in the income tax provision from an income tax benefit of \$2.3 million for the three months ended March 31, 2016 to an income tax provision of \$5.6 million for the three months ended March 31, 2017. The net realized gain from investments of \$27.6 million for the three months ended March 31, 2017 was primarily the result of (i) the net realized gain of \$22.3 million on the exit of two LMM investments, (ii) the realized gain of \$2.6 million on the exit of one Private Loan investment and (iii) the net realized gain of \$2.5 million due to activity in our Other Portfolio. The realized loss of \$5.2 million on the repayment of SBIC debentures is related to the previously recognized bargain purchase gain resulting from recording the MSC II debentures at fair value on the date of the acquisition of MSC II in 2010. The effect of the realized loss is offset by the reversal of all previously recognized unrealized depreciation on these SBIC debentures due to fair value adjustments since the date of the acquisition.

The following table provides a summary of the total net unrealized depreciation of \$16.4 million for the three months ended March 31, 2017:

	Three Months Ended March 31, 2017									
			Mi	iddle	Private					
	LMM(a)		Ma	arket	et Loan		Other(b)		Т	'otal
			(dollars in millions)							
Accounting reversals of net unrealized appreciation recognized in prior										
periods due to net realized gains recognized during period	\$	(20.0)	\$	(1.8)	\$	(1.4)	\$	(1.1)	\$	(24.3)
Net unrealized appreciation (depreciation) relating to portfolio investments		2.2		(2.0)		(3.3)		5.3		2.2
Total net change in unrealized appreciation (depreciation) relating to portfolio										
investments	\$	(17.8)	\$	(3.8)	\$	(4.7)	\$	4.2	\$	(22.1)
Net unrealized appreciation relating to SBIC debentures(c)										5.7

Net uniounized appreciation relating to object desentates(c)	5.7
Total net change in unrealized depreciation	\$ (16.4)

(a)

LMM includes unrealized appreciation on 22 LMM portfolio investments and unrealized depreciation on 15 LMM portfolio investments.

(b)

Other includes \$2.9 million of unrealized appreciation relating to the External Investment Manager and \$2.4 million of net unrealized appreciation relating to the Other Portfolio.

(c)

Relates to unrealized appreciation on the SBIC debentures held by MSC II which are accounted for on a fair value basis and includes \$6.0 million of accounting reversals resulting from the reversal of previously recognized unrealized depreciation recorded since the date of acquisition of MSC II on the debentures repaid due to fair value adjustments since such date, partially offset by \$0.3 million of current period unrealized depreciation on the remaining SBIC debentures.

The income tax provision for the three months ended March 31, 2017 of \$5.6 million principally consisted of a deferred tax provision of \$4.4 million, which is primarily the result of the net activity relating to our portfolio investments held in our Taxable Subsidiaries, including changes in net operating loss carryforwards, changes in net unrealized appreciation/depreciation and other temporary book-tax differences, as well as other current tax expense of \$1.3 million related to (i) a \$0.9 million accrual for excise tax on our estimated undistributed taxable income and (ii) other current tax expense of \$0.4 million related to accruals for U.S. federal and state income taxes.

Liquidity and Capital Resources

Cash Flows

For the three months ended March 31, 2017, we experienced a net increase in cash and cash equivalents in the amount of approximately \$9.1 million, which is the result of approximately \$55.8 million of cash provided by our operating activities and approximately \$46.6 million of cash used by financing activities.

During the period, we generated \$55.8 million of cash from our operating activities, which resulted primarily from (i) cash flows we generated from the operating profits earned through our operating activities totaling \$26.9 million, which is our \$33.4 million of distributable net investment income, excluding the non-cash effects of the accretion of unearned income of \$4.7 million, payment-in-kind interest income of \$1.6 million, cumulative dividends of \$0.9 million and the amortization expense for deferred financing costs of \$0.7 million, (ii) cash uses totaling \$192.6 million consisting of (a) \$186.9 million from the funding of new portfolio company investments and settlement of accruals for portfolio investments existing as of December 31, 2016, (b) \$4.1 million related to decreases in payables and accruals and (c) \$1.6 million related to increases in other assets and (iii) cash proceeds totaling \$221.5 million which resulted from the sales and repayments of debt investments and sales of and return on capital of equity investments.

During the three months ended March 31, 2017, \$46.6 million in cash was used in financing activities, which principally consisted of (i) \$28.6 million in cash dividends paid to stockholders, (ii) \$55.0 million in net repayments on the Credit Facility, (iii) \$25.2 million in repayment of SBIC debentures, (iv) \$0.6 million for payment of deferred loan costs, SBIC debenture fees and other costs and (v) \$0.3 million for purchases of vested restricted stock from employees to satisfy their tax withholding requirements upon the vesting of such restricted stock, partially offset by (i) \$37.7 million in net cash proceeds from the ATM Program (described below) and (ii) \$25.4 million in cash proceeds from issuance of SBIC debentures.

Capital Resources

As of March 31, 2017, we had \$33.6 million in cash and cash equivalents and \$267.0 million of unused capacity under the Credit Facility, which we maintain to support our investment and operating activities. As of March 31, 2017, our net asset value totaled \$1,243.9 million, or \$22.44 per share.

The Credit Facility, which provides additional liquidity to support our investment and operational activities, provides for commitments of \$555.0 million from a diversified group of fourteen lenders and matures in September 2021. The Credit Facility also contains an accordion feature which allows us to increase the total commitments under the facility to up to \$750.0 million from new and existing lenders on the same terms and conditions as the existing commitments.

Borrowings under the Credit Facility bear interest, subject to our election, on a per annum basis at a rate equal to the applicable LIBOR rate (0.98% as of March 31, 2017) plus (i) 1.875% (or the applicable base rate (Prime Rate of 4.00% as of March 31, 2017) plus 0.875%) as long as we maintain an investment grade rating and meet certain agreed upon excess collateral and maximum leverage requirements, (ii) 2.0% (or the applicable base rate plus 1.0%) if we maintain an investment grade rating but do not meet certain excess collateral and maximum leverage requirements or (iii) 2.25% (or the applicable base rate plus 1.25%) if we do not maintain an investment grade rating. We pay unused commitment fees of 0.25% per annum on the unused lender commitments under the Credit Facility. The Credit Facility is secured by a first lien on the assets of MSCC and its subsidiaries, excluding the equity ownership or assets of the Funds and the External Investment Manager. The Credit Facility contains certain affirmative and negative covenants, including but not limited to: (i) maintaining a minimum availability of at least 10% of the borrowing base, (ii) maintaining an interest coverage ratio

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of at least 2.0 to 1.0, (iii) maintaining an asset coverage ratio of at least 1.5 to 1.0 and (iv) maintaining a minimum tangible net worth. The Credit Facility is provided on a revolving basis through its final maturity date in September 2021, and contains two, one-year extension options which could extend the final maturity by up to two years, subject to certain conditions, including lender approval. As of March 31, 2017, we had \$288.0 million in borrowings outstanding under the Credit Facility, the interest rate on the Credit Facility was 2.7% and we were in compliance with all financial covenants of the Credit Facility.

Due to each of the Funds' status as a licensed SBIC, we have the ability to issue, through the Funds, debentures guaranteed by the SBA at favorable interest rates and favorable terms and conditions up to a maximum amount of \$350.0 million through our three existing SBIC licenses. During the three months ended March 31, 2017, we issued \$25.4 million of SBIC debentures and opportunistically prepaid \$25.2 million of our existing SBIC debentures as part of an effort to manage the maturity dates of our oldest SBIC debentures, leaving \$109.8 million of remaining capacity under our SBIC licenses. Debentures guaranteed by the SBA have fixed interest rates that equal prevailing 10-year Treasury Note rates plus a market spread and have a maturity of ten years with interest payable semiannually. The principal amount of the debentures is not required to be paid before maturity, but may be pre-paid at any time with no prepayment penalty. Main Street expects to issue new SBIC debentures under the SBIC program in the future in an amount up to the regulatory maximum amount of \$350.0 million for affiliated SBIC funds. On March 31, 2017, through our three wholly owned SBICs, we had \$240.2 million of outstanding SBIC debentures guaranteed by the SBA, which bear a weighted-average annual fixed interest rate of approximately 3.8%, paid semiannually, and mature ten years from issuance. The first maturity related to our SBIC debentures occurs in 2019, and the weighted-average remaining duration is approximately 5.7 years as of March 31, 2017.

In April 2013, we issued \$92.0 million, including the underwriters' full exercise of their over-allotment option, in aggregate principal amount of the 6.125% Notes (the "6.125% Notes"). The 6.125% Notes are unsecured obligations and rank pari passu with our current and future unsecured indebtedness; senior to any of our future indebtedness that expressly provides it is subordinated to the 6.125% Notes; effectively subordinated to all of our existing and future secured indebtedness, to the extent of the value of the assets securing such indebtedness, including borrowings under our Credit Facility; and structurally subordinated to all existing and future indebtedness of the Funds. The 6.125% Notes mature on April 1, 2023, and may be redeemed in whole or in part at any time or from time to time at our option on or after April 1, 2018. We may from time to time repurchase 6.125% Notes in accordance with the 1940 Act and the rules promulgated thereunder. As of March 31, 2017, the outstanding balance of the 6.125% Notes was \$90.7 million.

The indenture governing the 6.125% Notes (the "6.125% Notes Indenture") contains certain covenants, including covenants requiring our compliance with (regardless of whether we are subject to) the asset coverage requirements set forth in Section 18(a)(1)(A) as modified by Section 61(a)(1) of the 1940 Act, as well as covenants requiring us to provide financial information to the holders of the 6.125% Notes and the Trustee if we cease to be subject to the reporting requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934. These covenants are subject to limitations and exceptions that are described in the 6.125% Notes Indenture.

In November 2014, we issued \$175.0 million in aggregate principal amount of the 4.50% Notes (the "4.50% Notes") at an issue price of 99.53%. The 4.50% Notes are unsecured obligations and rank pari passu with our current and future unsecured indebtedness; senior to any of our future indebtedness that expressly provides it is subordinated to the 4.50% Notes; effectively subordinated to all of our existing and future secured indebtedness, including borrowings under our Credit Facility; and structurally subordinated to all existing and future indebtedness and other obligations of any of our subsidiaries, including without

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limitation, the indebtedness of the Funds. The 4.50% Notes mature on December 1, 2019, and may be redeemed in whole or in part at any time at our option subject to certain make-whole provisions. The 4.50% Notes bear interest at a rate of 4.50% per year payable semiannually on June 1 and December 1 of each year, beginning June 1, 2015. We may from time to time repurchase 4.50% Notes in accordance with the 1940 Act and the rules promulgated thereunder. As of March 31, 2017, the outstanding balance of the 4.50% Notes was \$175.0 million.

The indenture governing the 4.50% Notes (the "4.50% Notes Indenture") contains certain covenants, including covenants requiring our compliance with (regardless of whether we are subject to) the asset coverage requirements set forth in Section 18(a)(1)(A) as modified by Section 61(a)(1) of the 1940 Act, as well as covenants requiring us to provide financial information to the holders of the 4.50% Notes and the Trustee if we cease to be subject to the reporting requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934. These covenants are subject to limitations and exceptions that are described in the 4.50% Notes Indenture.

During November 2015, we commenced a program with certain selling agents through which we can sell shares of our common stock by means of at-the-market offerings from time to time (the "ATM Program"). During the three months ended March 31, 2017, we sold 1,035,286 shares of our common stock at a weighted-average price of \$36.86 per share and raised \$38.2 million of gross proceeds under the ATM Program. Net proceeds were \$37.7 million after commissions to the selling agents on shares sold and offering costs. As of March 31, 2017, 499,500 shares were available for sale under the ATM Program.

During the year ended December 31, 2016, we sold 3,324,646 shares of our common stock at a weighted-average price of \$34.17 per share and raised \$113.6 million of gross proceeds under the ATM Program. Net proceeds were \$112.0 million after commissions to the selling agents on shares sold and offering costs. As of December 31, 2016, sales transactions representing 42,413 shares had not settled and were not included in shares issued and outstanding on the face of the consolidated balance sheet, but were included in the weighted-average shares outstanding in the consolidated statement of operations and in the shares used to calculate our net asset value per share.

We anticipate that we will continue to fund our investment activities through existing cash and cash equivalents and a combination of future issuances of debt and equity capital. Our primary uses of funds will be investments in portfolio companies, operating expenses and cash distributions to holders of our common stock.

We periodically invest excess cash balances into "Marketable securities and idle funds investments". The primary investment objective of Marketable securities and idle funds investments is to generate incremental cash returns on excess cash balances prior to utilizing those funds for investment in our LMM, Middle Market and Private Loan portfolio investments. Marketable securities and idle funds investments generally consist of debt investments, independently rated debt investments, certificates of deposit with financial institutions, diversified bond funds and publicly traded debt and equity investments. The composition of Marketable securities and idle funds investments will vary in a given period based upon, among other things, changes in market conditions, the underlying fundamentals in our Marketable securities and idle funds investments will vary in a given period based upon, among other things, changes in market conditions, the underlying fundamentals in our Marketable securities and idle funds investments and fun

If our common stock trades below our net asset value per share, we will generally not be able to issue additional common stock at the market price unless our stockholders approve such a sale and our Board of Directors makes certain determinations. We did not seek stockholder authorization to sell shares of our common stock below the then current net asset value per share of our common stock at our 2017 annual meeting of stockholders because our common stock price per share had been trading significantly above the current net asset value per share of our common stock since 2011. We would therefore need future approval from our stockholders to issue shares below the then current net asset value per share.



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In order to satisfy the Code requirements applicable to a RIC, we intend to distribute to our stockholders, after consideration and application of our ability under the Code to carry forward certain excess undistributed taxable income from one tax year into the next tax year, substantially all of our taxable income. In addition, as a BDC, we generally are required to meet a coverage ratio of total assets to total senior securities, which include borrowings and any preferred stock we may issue in the future, of at least 200%. This requirement limits the amount that we may borrow. In January 2008, we received an exemptive order from the SEC to exclude SBA-guaranteed debt securities issued by MSMF and any other wholly owned subsidiaries of ours which operate as SBICs from the asset coverage requirements of the 1940 Act as applicable to us, which, in turn, enables us to fund more investments with debt capital.

Although we have been able to secure access to additional liquidity, including through the Credit Facility, public debt issuances, leverage available through the SBIC program and equity offerings, there is no assurance that debt or equity capital will be available to us in the future on favorable terms, or at all.

Recently Issued or Adopted Accounting Standards

In May 2014, the FASB issued Accounting Standards Update ("ASU") 2014-09, Revenue from Contracts with Customers (Topic 606). ASU 2014-09 supersedes the revenue recognition requirements under ASC 605, Revenue Recognition, and most industry-specific guidance throughout the Industry Topics of the ASC. The core principle of the guidance is that an entity should recognize revenue to depict the transfer of promised goods or services to customers in an amount that reflects the consideration to which an entity expects to be entitled in exchange for those goods or services. Under the new guidance, an entity is required to perform the following five steps: (1) identify the contract(s) with a customer; (2) identify the performance obligations in the contract; (3) determine the transaction price; (4) allocate the transaction price to the performance obligations in the contract, and (5) recognize revenue when (or as) the entity satisfies a performance obligation. The new guidance will significantly enhance comparability of revenue recognition practices across entities, industries, jurisdictions and capital markets. Additionally, the guidance requires improved disclosures as to the nature, amount, timing and uncertainty of revenue that is recognized. In March 2016, the FASB issued ASU 2016-08, Revenue from Contracts with Customers (Topic 606): Principal versus Agent Considerations (Reporting Revenue Gross versus Net), which clarified the implementation guidance on principal versus agent considerations. In April 2016, the FASB issued ASU 2016-10, Revenue from Contracts with Customers (Topic 606): Identifying Performance Obligations and Licensing, which clarified the implementation guidance regarding performance obligations and licensing arrangements. In May 2016, the FASB issued ASU No. 2016-12, Revenue from Contracts with Customers (Topic 606) Narrow-Scope Improvements and Practical Expedients, which clarified guidance on assessing collectability, presenting sales tax, measuring noncash consideration, and certain transition matters. In December 2016, the FASB issued ASU No. 2016-20, Revenue from Contracts with Customers (Topic 606) Technical Corrections and Improvements, which provided disclosure relief, and clarified the scope and application of the new revenue standard and related cost guidance. The new guidance will be effective for the annual reporting period beginning after December 15, 2017, including interim periods within that reporting period. Early adoption would be permitted for annual reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2016. We expect to identify similar performance obligations under ASC 606 as compared with deliverables and separate units of account previously identified. As a result, we expect timing of our revenue recognition to remain the same.

In May 2015, the FASB issued ASU 2015-07, *Fair Value Measurements Disclosures for Certain Entities that Calculate Net Asset Value per Share*. This amendment updates guidance intended to eliminate the diversity in practice surrounding how investments measured at net asset value under the practical expedient with future redemption dates have been categorized in the fair value hierarchy.

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Under the updated guidance, investments for which fair value is measured at net asset value per share using the practical expedient should no longer be categorized in the fair value hierarchy, while investments for which fair value is measured at net asset value per share but the practical expedient is not applied should continue to be categorized in the fair value hierarchy. The updated guidance requires retrospective adoption for all periods presented and is effective for interim and annual reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2015, with early adoption permitted. The Company adopted this standard during the three months ended March 31, 2016. There was no impact of the adoption of this new accounting standard on our consolidated financial statements as none of our investments are measured through the use of the practical expedient.

In February 2016, the FASB issued ASU 2016-02, Leases, which requires lessees to recognize on the balance sheet a right-of-use asset, representing its right to use the underlying asset for the lease term, and a lease liability for all leases with terms greater than 12 months. The guidance also requires qualitative and quantitative disclosures designed to assess the amount, timing, and uncertainty of cash flows arising from leases. The standard requires the use of a modified retrospective transition approach, which includes a number of optional practical expedients that entities may elect to apply. The new guidance is effective for annual periods beginning after December 15, 2018, and interim periods therein. Early application is permitted. While we continue to assess the effect of adoption, we currently believe the most significant change relates to the recognition of a new right-of-use asset and lease liability on our consolidated balance sheet for our office space operating lease. We currently have one operating lease for office space and do not expect a significant change in our leasing activity between now and adoption. See further discussion of our operating lease obligation in "Note M Commitments and Contingences" in the notes to the consolidated financial statements.

In March 2016, the FASB issued ASU 2016-09, *Compensation Stock Compensation: Improvements to Employee Share-Based Payment Accounting*, which is intended to simplify several aspects of the accounting for share-based payment transactions, including the income tax consequences, classification of awards as either equity or liabilities, and classification on the statement of cash flows. The guidance is effective for annual periods beginning after December 15, 2016, and interim periods therein. Early application is permitted. The Company elected to early adopt this standard during the three months ended March 31, 2016. See further discussion of the impact of the adoption of this standard in "Note B.7. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies Share-based Compensation" in the notes to consolidated financial statements.

In August 2016, the FASB issued ASU 2016-15, *Statement of Cash Flows (Topic 230)*, which is intended to reduce the existing diversity in practice in how certain cash receipts and cash payments are presented and classified in the statement of cash flows. The guidance is effective for annual periods beginning after December 15, 2017, and interim periods therein. Early application is permitted. The impact of the adoption of this new accounting standard on our consolidated financial statements is not expected to be material.

From time to time, new accounting pronouncements are issued by the FASB or other standards setting bodies that are adopted by us as of the specified effective date. We believe that the impact of recently issued standards and any that are not yet effective will not have a material impact on our consolidated financial statements upon adoption.

Inflation

Inflation has not had a significant effect on our results of operations in any of the reporting periods presented herein. However, our portfolio companies have experienced, and may in the future experience, the impacts of inflation on their operating results, including periodic escalations in their costs for labor, raw materials and third-party services and required energy consumption.

Off-Balance Sheet Arrangements

We may be a party to financial instruments with off-balance sheet risk in the normal course of business to meet the financial needs of our portfolio companies. These instruments include commitments to extend credit and fund equity capital and involve, to varying degrees, elements of liquidity and credit risk in excess of the amount recognized in the balance sheet. At March 31, 2017, we had a total of \$118.2 million in outstanding commitments comprised of (i) 27 investments with commitments to fund revolving loans that had not been fully drawn or term loans with additional commitments not yet funded and (ii) eight investments with equity capital commitments that had not been fully called.

Contractual Obligations

As of March 31, 2017, the future fixed commitments for cash payments in connection with our SBIC debentures, the 4.50% Notes, the 6.125% Notes and rent obligations under our office lease for each of the next five years and thereafter are as follows:

	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Т	hereafter	Total
SBIC debentures	\$	\$	\$ 20,000	\$ 55,000	\$ 40,000	\$	125,200	\$ 240,200
Interest due on SBIC								
debentures	5,014	9,228	9,228	8,033	5,484		14,388	51,375
Notes 6.125%							90,655	90,655
Interest due on 6.125%								
Notes	4,165	5,553	5,553	5,553	5,553		6,939	33,316
4.50% Notes			175,000					175,000
Interest due on 4.50%								
Notes	7,875	7,875	7,875					23,625
Operating Lease								
Obligation(1)	46	683	749	763	777		4,959	7,977
Total	\$ 17,100	\$ 23,339	\$ 218,405	\$ 69,349	\$ 51,814	\$	242,141	\$ 622,148

(1)

Operating Lease Obligation means a rent payment obligation under a lease classified as an operating lease and disclosed pursuant to FASB ASC 840, as may be modified or supplemented.

As of March 31, 2017, we had \$288.0 million in borrowings outstanding under our Credit Facility, and the Credit Facility is currently scheduled to mature in September 2021. The Credit Facility contains two, one-year extension options which could extend the maturity to September 2023, subject to lender approval. See further discussion of the Credit Facility terms in "Liquidity and Capital Resources Capital Resources."

Related Party Transactions

As discussed further above, the External Investment Manager is treated as a wholly owned portfolio company of MSCC and is included as part of our Investment Portfolio. At March 31, 2017, we had a receivable of approximately \$2.0 million due from the External Investment Manager which included approximately \$1.3 million primarily related to operating expenses incurred by us required to support the External Investment Manager's business and approximately \$0.7 million of dividends declared but not paid by the External Investment Manager.

In November 2015, our Board of Directors approved and adopted the Main Street Capital Corporation Deferred Compensation Plan (the "2015 Deferred Compensation Plan"). The 2015 Deferred Compensation Plan became effective on January 1, 2016 and replaced the Deferred Compensation Plan for Non-Employee Directors previously adopted by the Board of Directors in June 2013 (the "2013 Deferred Compensation Plan"). Under the 2015 Deferred Compensation Plan, non-employee directors and certain key employees may defer receipt of some or all of their cash compensation and directors' fees, subject to certain limitations. Individuals participating in the 2015

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Deferred Compensation Plan receive distributions of their respective balances based on predetermined payout schedules or other events as defined by the plan and are also able to direct investments made on their behalf among investment alternatives permitted from time to time under the plan, including phantom Main Street stock units. As of March 31, 2017, \$2.8 million of compensation and directors' fees had been deferred under the 2015 Deferred Compensation Plan (including amounts previously deferred under the 2013 Deferred Compensation Plan). Of this amount, \$1.7 million was deferred into phantom Main Street stock units, representing 55,938 shares of our common stock. Including phantom stock units issued through dividend reinvestment, the phantom stock units outstanding as of March 31, 2017 represented 65,882 shares of our common stock. Any amounts deferred under the plan represented by phantom Main Street stock units will not be issued or included as outstanding on the consolidated statement of changes in net assets until such shares are actually distributed to the participant in accordance with the plan, but are included in operating expenses and weighted-average shares outstanding in our consolidated statement of operations as earned.

TERMS AND CONDITIONS OF THE DIRECT STOCK PURCHASE FEATURE OF THE PLAN

The following are material terms and conditions of the direct stock purchase feature of the Plan, as in effect beginning on the date first set forth on the cover page of this prospectus supplement.

PURPOSE

1. What is the purpose of the direct stock purchase feature of the Plan?

The primary purpose of the direct stock purchase feature of the Plan is to give holders of shares of our common stock and new investors a convenient and economical way to acquire additional shares of our common stock by making optional cash payments to purchase shares of our common stock. In this way, the direct stock purchase feature of the Plan is intended to benefit our long-term investors by allowing them to increase their investment in our common stock. The direct stock purchase feature of the Plan also provides us with a cost-efficient way to raise additional capital through the direct sale of our common stock to participants in the direct stock purchase feature of the Plan.

ADMINISTRATION

2. Who will administer the Plan?

American Stock Transfer & Trust Company LLC has been appointed as administrator of the Plan. You should send all correspondence with the Plan Administrator to:

American Stock Transfer & Trust Company LLC 6201 15th Avenue Brooklyn, NY 11219

All transaction processing should be directed to:

American Stock Transfer & Trust Company LLC P.O. Box 922 Wall Street Station New York, NY 10269-0560 Plan Administration Department

Please mention Main Street Capital Corporation and this Plan in all correspondence with the Plan Administrator. In addition, you may call the Plan Administrator at 1-866-706-8371 or contact the Plan Administrator via the internet at www.astfinancial.com.

The Company may replace the Plan Administrator at any time upon written notice to the Plan Administrator and may designate another qualified administrator as successor Plan Administrator for all or a part of the Plan Administrator's functions under the Plan. All participants would be notified of any such change. If the Company changes the Plan Administrator, references in this prospectus to Plan Administrator shall be deemed to be references to the successor Plan Administrator, unless the context requires otherwise.

3. What are the responsibilities of the Plan Administrator?

The Plan Administrator's responsibilities principally include:

administration of the Plan;

acting as your agent;

keeping records of all Plan accounts;

sending statements of activity to each participant;

purchasing and selling, on your behalf, all common stock under the Plan; and

the performance of other duties relating to the Plan.

Holding Shares. If you purchase shares through optional cash payments and do not choose to have the dividends or distributions that are paid with respect to these shares reinvested, you must indicate that the shares are not to be enrolled in the dividend reinvestment feature of the Plan program. The Plan Administrator will hold any shares you choose to enroll in the dividend reinvestment feature of the Plan and will register them in the Plan Administrator's name (or that of its nominee) as your agent.

Receipt of Dividends or Distributions. As record holder for the Plan shares, the Plan Administrator will receive dividends or distributions on all Plan shares held on the record date, will credit these dividends or distributions to your Plan account on the basis of whole or fractional Plan shares held in such account, and will automatically reinvest such dividends or distributions in additional common stock unless you select the cash payment only option on the authorization form or direct the Plan Administrator that you wish to receive cash payments only (which instructions can always be changed by providing notice to the Plan Administrator). Any remaining portion of cash dividends or distributions not designated for reinvestment will be sent to you. The record date associated with a particular dividend or distribution is referred to in this Plan as a "dividend record date."

Other Responsibilities. The Plan Administrator also acts as dividend disbursing agent, transfer agent and registrar for our common stock.

Replacement Administrator. If the Plan Administrator resigns or otherwise ceases to act as Plan Administrator, we will appoint a new Plan Administrator to administer the Plan.

ELIGIBILITY AND ENROLLMENT

4. Who is eligible to participate in the direct stock purchase feature of the Plan?

Record Owners. You are a record owner if you own shares of our common stock that are registered in your name with our transfer agent. If you are a record owner, you may participate directly in any or all of the features of the direct stock purchase feature of the Plan.

Beneficial Owners. You are a beneficial owner if you own shares of our common stock that are registered in the name of a broker, bank or other nominee. If you are a beneficial owner, you must either (i) become a record owner by having one or more shares transferred into your own name, or (ii) coordinate your participation in the direct stock purchase feature of the Plan through the broker, bank or other nominee in whose name your common stock is held.

New Investors. If you do not currently own shares of our common stock, you can participate in the Plan by making an initial purchase of shares of our common stock through the direct stock purchase feature of the Plan with a minimum investment of \$250 (or \$100 if you sign up for automatic monthly investments).

5.

Are there limitations on participation in the direct stock purchase feature of the Plan other than those described under Question 4?

Regulations in certain countries may limit or prohibit participation in this type of plan. Persons residing outside the United States who wish to participate in the direct stock purchase feature of the Plan should first determine whether they are subject to any governmental regulation prohibiting their participation.

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You may not participate in the direct stock purchase feature of the Plan if it would be unlawful for you to do so in the jurisdiction where you are a citizen or, if you are a corporation or other entity, where you are organized or domiciled. If you are a citizen of, or organized or domiciled in, a country other than the U.S., you should independently confirm that by participating in the direct stock purchase feature of the Plan you will not violate local laws governing, among other matters, taxes, currency and exchange controls, stock registration and foreign investments. We reserve the right to terminate participation of any participant if we deem it advisable under any foreign laws or regulations.

The direct stock purchase feature of the Plan is designed for long-term investors who would like to invest and build ownership of shares of our common stock over time. The direct stock purchase feature of the Plan is not intended to provide stockholders with a mechanism for generating short-term profits through rapid turnover of shares acquired at a discount. Further, the direct stock purchase feature of the Plan's intended purpose precludes any individual or entity from establishing a series of related accounts for the purpose of conducting arbitrage operations or exceeding the optional monthly cash investment limit. You should not use the direct stock purchase feature of the Plan to engage in short-term trading activities that could change the normal trading volume of shares of our common stock. If you engage in short-term trading activities, we may prevent you from participating in the direct stock purchase feature of the Plan. We reserve the right, in our sole discretion, to modify, deny, suspend or terminate participation by a Plan participant who, in our determination, is using the direct stock purchase feature of the Plan or which adversely affect the price of our common stock. In such an event, the Plan Administrator will notify the participant in writing of its action and will continue to hold the participant's shares in book-entry form, but will no longer reinvest the participant's dividends or distributions, or accept optional cash investments from the participant.

6. How do I become a participant in the direct stock purchase feature of the Plan?

Record Holders. Record holders may join the plan by completing and signing an authorization form and returning it to the Plan Administrator, or by following the enrollment procedures specified on the Plan Administrator's website at www.astfinancial.com. Authorization forms may be obtained at any time by written request, by telephoning the Plan Administrator at the address and telephone number provided in Question 2, or via the internet at the Plan Administrator's website. The initial minimum investment for existing record holders is \$100.

Beneficial Holders. A beneficial holder may request that the number of shares the beneficial holder wishes to be enrolled in the direct stock purchase feature of the Plan be re-registered by the broker, bank or other nominee in the beneficial holder's own name as record owner in order to participate directly in the direct stock purchase feature of the Plan. Alternatively, beneficial holders who wish to join the direct stock purchase feature of the Plan may instruct their broker, bank or other nominee to arrange participation in the direct stock purchase feature of the Plan on the beneficial holder's behalf. The broker, bank or other nominee should then make arrangements with its securities depository, and the securities depository will provide the Plan Administrator with the information necessary to allow the beneficial holder to participate in the direct stock purchase feature of the Plan.

New Investors. If you do not currently own any shares of our common stock, you may enroll in the direct stock purchase feature of the Plan by making an initial purchase of shares of our common stock through the direct stock purchase feature of the Plan with a minimum investment of \$250 (or \$100 if you sign up for automatic monthly investments), but your initial investment cannot exceed \$25,000. The new investor should complete the portions of the authorization form for a new investor wishing to become a participant and should designate the amount of the initial investment in our common stock. At the same time, the new participant may designate all, some portion or none of the purchased shares to be enrolled in the dividend reinvestment program. The authorization form should be returned to the Plan Administrator, with payment, on or before the applicable dates described in



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Question 7. The new investors may also follow the enrollment procedures specified on the Plan Administrator's website at www.astfinancial.com to join the direct stock purchase feature of the Plan. Online enrollment should be completed on or before the applicable dates described in Question 7. Once you are a stockholder, the minimum purchase amount is reduced to \$100.

7. When will my participation in the direct stock purchase feature of the Plan begin?

If you have submitted your authorization form to make automatic monthly investments under the direct stock purchase feature of the Plan, the Plan Administrator must receive authorization two business days before the Cash Purchase Investment Date.

In the case of new investors making an initial investment, both the authorization form and full payment of their designated initial investment must be received two business days before the Cash Purchase Investment Date.

Once you enroll in the direct stock purchase feature of the Plan, you will remain enrolled in the direct stock purchase feature of the Plan until you withdraw, we terminate your participation or we terminate the Plan.

8. What does the Plan Administrator's website provide?

Instead of submitting an authorization form, you can participate in the direct stock purchase feature of the Plan by accessing the Plan Administrator's website at www.astfinancial.com. The following services are available to you online:

Enroll or terminate your participation in the Plan

Make initial and additional purchases of common stock

Sell common stock

Request a stock certificate for non-fractional shares of common stock held in your Plan account

View your account history and balances

Establish automatic cash investment procedures through direct debit of your U.S. bank account

View Plan materials, including this prospectus and any supplement thereto

OPTIONAL CASH INVESTMENTS

9. How do I make optional cash investments?

Once you have enrolled in the direct stock purchase feature of the Plan by submitting an authorization form, you may make optional cash investments at any time in three ways:

One-Time Online Investment. You may make a one-time optional cash investment by accessing your account online at www.astfinancial.com. To purchase shares via online investment, you must authorize the withdrawal of funds from your bank account by electronic funds transfer.

Automatic Monthly Investments. If you wish to make regular periodic purchases without writing checks, you can authorize automatic monthly withdrawals from your U.S. bank account. Participants' bank accounts are debited on the 10th day of

each month (or, if that day is not a business day, then on the prior business day) and funds will be invested beginning on the next applicable investment date. You can authorize automatic monthly withdrawals by accessing your account at www.astfinancial.com, or by completing and submitting to the Plan Administrator an automatic cash investment form, which you may obtain online or by telephoning the Plan Administrator. To terminate monthly purchases by automatic deduction, you must send the Plan

Administrator written, signed directions or follow the procedures specified on the Plan Administrator's website at www.astfinancial.com.

Check. You may send the Plan Administrator a check in U.S. dollars drawn on a U.S. bank and made payable to "American Stock Transfer & Trust Company LLC." If you are not in the United States, please contact your bank to verify that it can provide you with a check that clears through a U.S. bank and that the dollar amount printed is in U.S. Dollars. The Plan Administrator is unable to accept payment in the form of checks that clear through non-U.S. banks. The Plan Administrator will not accept payment in the form of cash, money orders, traveler's checks or third-party checks. To facilitate the processing of your investment, please use the appropriate form attached to your account statement and mail your check and form to American Stock Transfer & Trust Company LLC as indicated on the form. You may obtain an Optional Cash Investment form by accessing your account online at www.astfinancial.com or by calling the Plan Administrator.

Insufficient Funds. A \$25 fee will be assessed if any check or deposit is returned unpaid or if an automatic withdrawal from your bank account fails due to insufficient funds. In addition, the Plan Administrator will consider null and void the request for any optional cash investment associated with insufficient funds and will immediately remove any shares already credited to your account in anticipation of receiving those funds. The foregoing fee and any other incidental costs associated with the insufficient funds will be collected by the Plan Administrator through the sale of an appropriate number of shares from your Plan account. If the net proceeds from the sale of those shares are insufficient to satisfy the balance of the uncollected amounts, the Plan Administrator may sell additional shares from your account as necessary to satisfy the uncollected balance.

No interest is paid on your payment pending its investment in shares of our common stock. During the period that an optional cash investment is pending, the collected funds in the possession of the Plan Administrator may be invested in money market mutual funds registered under the Investment Company Act of 1940 (including those of an affiliate of the Plan Administrator or for which the Plan Administrator or any of its affiliates provides management advisory or other services) consisting entirely of (i) direct obligations of the United States, or (ii) obligations fully guaranteed by the United States. The Plan Administrator will retain any investment income from such investments and will bear the risk of loss from such investments.

10. When will shares be purchased?

If the Plan Administrator acquires shares directly from us, then the date on which the Plan Administrator will make such cash investments, which we refer to as the "Cash Purchase Investment Date," will be (i) on the 15th of each month (or the previous NYSE trading day if the 15th day is not an NYSE trading day), or (ii) in the case of February, on the last NYSE trading day of the month. If the Plan Administrator acquires shares from parties other than us, it will attempt to buy shares of our common stock in the open market through a registered broker-dealer or privately negotiated transaction. Such purchases may begin before or after the Cash Purchase Investment Date, and will be completed no later than thirty (30) days following such date, except where completion at a later date is necessary or advisable under any applicable U.S. federal or state securities laws or regulations.

11. What are the minimum and maximum amounts for optional cash investments under the direct stock purchase feature of the Plan?

Optional cash investments are subject to a monthly minimum purchase requirement of \$100 and a maximum purchase limit of \$25,000. For purposes of the Plan, we may aggregate all dividend reinvestments and optional cash investments for participants with more than one account. We reserve the right to not honor requests for investments if we deem that an individual is using the Plan as a

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trading account. The Plan has been designed to offer individuals with the opportunity to build equity and not as trading account. In addition, all Plan accounts that we believe to be under common control or management or to have common ultimate beneficial ownership may be aggregated. Unless we have determined, in our sole discretion, that reinvestment of dividends and optional cash investments for each such account would be consistent with the purposes of the Plan, we have the right to aggregate all such accounts and to return, without interest, within 30 days of receipt, any amounts in excess of the investment limitations applicable to a single account received in respect of all such accounts.

COMMON STOCK USED TO SATISFY SHARE OBLIGATIONS

12. What is the source of shares to be purchased under the direct stock purchase feature of the Plan?

Either newly issued shares or shares purchased on the open market or in privately negotiated transactions with third parties, at our or the Plan Administrator's discretion will be used to satisfy any share obligations under the Plan (subject to the regulatory matter described in Question 14 below). Shares issued directly by us will consist of authorized but unissued shares of common stock. We may change the source of the common stock for the Plan, in our sole discretion, without providing you notice that we are doing so.

13. At what price will shares be issued or purchased?

If the shares of our common stock are issued directly by us, the issue price will be the closing price per share reported on the NYSE on the Cash Purchase Investment Date (as defined below), subject to any discount rate (ranging from 0% to 5%, exclusive of any applicable fees we pay on your behalf) as we shall determine in our sole discretion. You will not be charged any fees or commissions with respect to such purchases. Any discount rate will apply uniformly to all optional cash investments by participants on any given Cash Purchase Investment Date.

If the shares of our common stock are purchased in the open market or in privately negotiated transactions, the purchase price will be the weighted average price paid per share for all the shares purchased in connection with such purchases, subject to any discount rate (ranging from 0% to 5%, exclusive of any applicable sales or brokerage fees we pay on your behalf) as we shall determine in our sole discretion. You will not be charged any fees or commissions with respect to such purchases. Any discount rate will apply uniformly to all optional cash investments by participants on any given Cash Purchase Investment Date.

We may, at our sole discretion, offer a discount of up to 5% of the market price, as calculated as set forth herein (exclusive of any applicable fees we may pay on your behalf), on issuances or purchases of common stock under the direct stock purchase feature of the Plan. We are not required to issue or sell shares at a discount under the direct stock purchase feature of the Plan or to pay a discount with respect to shares purchased by the Plan Administrator in the open market. If we implement discounts on any feature of the direct stock purchase feature of the Plan, any such discounts will be made at our sole discretion; and the discount rate we may offer will be subject to change or discontinuance at our discretion and without prior notice to participants in the direct stock purchase feature of the Plan. The discount rate, if any, will be determined by us from time to time based on a review of current market conditions, the level of participation in the direct stock purchase feature of the Plan, our current and projected capital needs and other factors that we deem to be relevant. Any discounts that we are offering under the Plan will be disclosed on the Plan Administrator's website at www.astfinancial.com.



14. Are there any other limits on the purchase of shares of common stock under the Plan?

We are prohibited from selling shares of our common stock at a price that is, after deducting any selling commissions, less than the net asset value per share of our common stock at the time of the sale, except (i) with the requisite approval of our common stockholders or (ii) under such other circumstances as the Securities and Exchange Commission may permit. In addition, we cannot issue shares of our common stock below net asset value unless our Board of Directors determines that it would be in our and our stockholders' best interests to do so. We did not seek stockholder authorization to issue common stock at a price below net asset value per share at our 2017 annual meeting of stockholders because our common stock price per share has been trading significantly above the current net asset value per share of our common stock, but we may seek such authorization at future annual meetings or special meetings of stockholders.

Sales by us of our common stock at a discount from our net asset value pose potential risks for our existing stockholders whether or not they participate in the offering, as well as for new investors who participate in the offering. See "Sales of Common Stock Below Net Asset Value" in the accompanying prospectus.

STOCK CERTIFICATES AND SAFEKEEPING

15. Will I receive certificates for shares purchased through the direct stock purchase feature of the Plan?

Normally, common stock purchased for you under the direct stock purchase feature of the Plan will be held in the name of the Plan Administrator or its nominee. The Plan Administrator will credit the shares to your direct stock purchase feature of the Plan account in "book-entry" form. This service protects against loss, theft or destruction of certificates evidencing common stock.

16. Can I get certificates if I want them?

No certificates will be issued to you for shares in the Plan unless you submit a written request to the Plan Administrator or, in certain cases, until your participation in the direct stock purchase feature of the Plan is terminated. At any time, you may request the Plan Administrator to send a certificate for some or all of the whole shares credited to your account. This request should be mailed to the Plan Administrator at the address set forth in the answer to Question 2 or made via the internet on the Plan Administrator's website at www.astfinancial.com. There is no fee for this service. Any remaining whole shares and any fractions of shares will remain credited to your Plan account. Certificates for fractional shares will not be issued under any circumstances.

17. May I deposit stock certificates I currently hold into my Plan account for safekeeping?

You may also elect to deposit with the Plan Administrator certificates for common stock that you own and that are registered in your name for safekeeping under the plan for a fee of \$7.50 payable each time you deposit certificates with the Plan Administrator. The Plan Administrator will credit the common stock represented by the certificates to your account in "book-entry" form and will combine the shares with any whole and fractional shares then held in your Plan account. In addition to protecting against the loss, theft or destruction of your certificates, this service is convenient if and when you sell shares of common stock through the Plan. Because you bear the risk of loss in sending certificates to the Plan Administrator, you should send certificates by registered mail, return receipt requested, and properly insured to the address specified in Question 2 above.



18. In whose name will certificates be registered when issued?

Your Plan account will be maintained in the name in which your certificates were registered at the time of your enrollment in the direct stock purchase feature of the Plan. Stock certificates for those shares purchased under the direct stock purchase feature of the Plan will be similarly registered when issued upon your request. If your shares are held through a broker, bank or other nominee, such request must be placed through your broker, bank or other nominee.

SALE AND TRANSFER OF SHARES

19. How can I sell shares?

You may instruct the Plan Administrator to sell all or any part of the shares held in your Plan account by doing any of the following:

access the Plan Administrator's website at www.astfinancial.com. Select "Shareholder Account Access." You will be prompted to enter your ten digit account number (provided to you on your account statement) and your social security number (or PIN number, if you do not have a social security number). From the left toolbar, select "Sell. D/R Shares;"

call 1-866-706-8371 to access the Plan Administrator's automated telephone system; or

complete and sign the tear-off portion of your account statement or purchase confirmation and mail the instructions to the Plan Administrator.

If there is more than one individual owner on the Plan account, all participants must authorize the transaction and sign the instruction. As with issuances and purchases, the Plan Administrator aggregates all requests to sell shares and then sells the total share amount on the open market through a broker. Sales will be made daily, unless the Plan Administrator, at its discretion, determines to sell shares less frequently (but not later than five trading days after receipt) if the total number of the shares to be sold is not sufficient.

If you sell or transfer only a portion of the shares in your Plan account, you will remain a participant in the direct stock purchase feature of the Plan and may continue to make optional cash investments and reinvest dividends or distributions. The Plan Administrator will continue to reinvest the dividends or distributions on the shares credited to your account unless you notify the Plan Administrator that you wish to withdraw from the dividend reinvestment feature of the Plan.

The Plan requires you to pay all costs associated with the sale of your shares under the Plan. You will receive the proceeds of the sale, less a \$15 service fee per transaction and a \$0.10 per share commission paid to the Plan Administrator and less any other applicable fees by check. A Form 1099-B will be mailed to you in February of each year related to your sales of shares in the prior year for income tax purposes.

Termination of Account Upon Sale of All Shares. If the Plan Administrator sells all shares held in your Plan account, the Plan Administrator will automatically terminate your account. In this case, you will have to complete and file a new authorization form to rejoin the direct stock purchase feature of the Plan.

Timing and Control. Because the Plan Administrator will sell the shares on behalf of the Plan, neither we nor any participant in the Plan have the authority or power to control the timing or pricing of shares sold or the selection of the broker making the sales. Therefore, you will not be able to precisely time your sales through the Plan, and will bear the market risk associated with fluctuation in the price of our shares. That is, if you send in a request to sell shares, it is possible that the market price of our shares could go down or up before the broker sells your shares and the per share sales

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price you receive will be the average price of all shares sold for the Plan participants with respect to that sale date. In addition, you will not earn interest on a sales transaction.

Alternatively, you can transfer some or all of the shares held in your Plan account to your account with a broker or bank, who can then sell the shares for you. If you need additional assistance regarding the transfer of your shares, please telephone the Plan Administrator, and consult your broker or bank about the fees and expenses related to their sale of your shares.

The price of our common stock fluctuates on a daily basis. The price may rise or fall after you submit your request to sell and prior to the ultimate sale of your shares of our common stock. The price risk will be borne solely by you. You cannot revoke your request to sell once it is made. The Plan Administrator will report to both the IRS and the participant Cost Basis for shares purchased or sold.

TERMINATION OF PARTICIPATION

20. How do I terminate my participation in the direct stock purchase feature of the Plan?

You may discontinue your participation in the direct stock purchase feature of the Plan at any time by notifying the Plan Administrator in writing at its mailing address or via its internet address specified in the answer to Question 2. Upon termination of your Plan account, you will receive a certificate for the whole shares held for you under the Plan free of charge. A cash payment will be made for any fractional shares held in your account at the time of termination based on the current market value less any applicable sales fees. Alternatively, if you so direct, the Plan Administrator will sell all or part of the shares credited to your Plan account by using the transaction stub on the bottom of your statement and mailing it to the address listed in Question 2. You may also make this request via the Plan Administrator's internet site at www.astfinancial.com.

FEES AND COMMISSIONS

21. What are the costs of participating in the direct stock purchase feature of the Plan?

You will not pay any trading fees, brokerage commissions or service fees on common stock purchased through the direct stock purchase feature of the Plan. We will pay all costs of administration of the Plan. You will, however, be responsible for any trading fees, brokerage commissions or service fees paid in connection with your sale of shares from the Plan. Please refer to the following tabular summary of Plan fees and commissions for more information regarding the current costs of participating in the direct stock purchase feature of the Plan:

Summary of Fees and Commissions

Enrollment fee for new investors:	None
Issuance or purchase of shares by or from us:	Paid by the Company
Purchase of shares in the open market or in privately negotiated transactions:	Paid by the Company
Sale of shares (partial or full):	\$15.00 per transaction
Trading fees (applicable when shares are sold in the open market):	\$0.10 per share
Termination fee:	\$15.00 per transaction
Gift or transfer of shares:	None
Deposit of stock certificates for safekeeping:	\$7.50 per deposit
Issuance of share certificates:	None
Returned checks for insufficient funds or rejected automatic withdrawals:	\$25.00
Duplicate statements:	\$25.00 (current year free)
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The Plan Administrator will deduct the applicable fees or commissions from the proceeds of the sale.

We and the Plan Administrator reserve the right to amend or modify this Plan Service Fee schedule at any time and from time to time.

REPORTS AND NOTICES TO PARTICIPANTS

22. How will I keep track of my investments?

The Plan Administrator will mail Plan statements after each investment. In addition, a notice will be mailed to you after each issue or purchase, which will include the number of shares issued or purchased and the issue or purchase price. You may also view your transaction history online by logging into your account. Details available online include stock price and transaction type and date.

You should retain these statements to determine the tax cost basis of the shares purchased for your account under the Plan. In addition, you will receive copies of other communications sent to our stockholders, including our annual report to stockholders, the notice of annual meeting and proxy statement in connection with our annual meeting of stockholders and Internal Revenue Service information for reporting dividends paid.

You can also view your account history and balance online by accessing the Plan Administrator's website at www.astfinancial.com.

23. Where will notices be sent?

The Plan Administrator will address all of its notices to you at your last known address. You should notify the Plan Administrator promptly, in writing, of any change of address.

FEDERAL TAX CONSEQUENCES

24. What are some of the U.S. federal income tax consequences of a stockholder's participation in the direct stock purchase feature of the Plan?

A summary of the U.S. federal income tax consequences of holding shares of our common stock is set forth in the section titled "Material U.S. Federal Income Tax Considerations" in the accompanying prospectus. We advise you to consult your own tax advisors to determine the tax consequences particular to your situation, including any applicable state, local or foreign income and other tax consequences that may result from your participation in the direct stock purchase feature of the Plan and your subsequent sale of shares of common stock acquired pursuant to the direct stock purchase feature of the Plan.

25. What are the effects of the U.S. federal income tax withholding provisions applicable to U.S. stockholders?

A summary of the effects of the U.S. federal income tax withholding provisions applicable to U.S. stockholders is set forth in the section titled "Material U.S. Federal Income Tax Considerations" in the accompanying prospectus.

OTHER INFORMATION

26. How can I vote my shares?

You will receive proxy material for all shares in your Plan account. You may vote your shares of common stock either by designating the vote of the shares by proxy or by voting the shares in person at the meeting of stockholders. The proxy will be voted in accordance with your direction. If you do not

provide voting instructions but timely and properly submit your proxy, all of your shares will be voted in accordance with the recommendations of the board of directors. If you do not return the proxy card or if you return it unsigned, none of your shares will be voted unless you vote in person at the meeting of stockholders.

27. If we have a rights offering related to the common stock, how will a stockholder's entitlement be computed?

Your entitlement in a rights offering related to the common stock will be based upon the number of whole shares credited to your Plan account. In the event of a rights offering, transaction processing may be curtailed or suspended by the Plan Administrator for a short period of time following the dividend record date for such action to permit the Plan Administrator to calculate the rights allocable to each account.

Transaction processing may be curtailed or suspended until the completion of any rights offering.

28. What happens if we declare a dividend payable in stock or declare a stock split?

Stock Dividends and Stock Splits. If dividends or distributions are paid in the form of shares of our common stock, or if shares of our common stock are distributed in connection with any stock split or similar transaction, each account balance will be adjusted to reflect the receipt of shares of our common stock paid or distributed. You will receive a statement indicating the number of shares or amount of cash dividends or distributions paid as a result of the transaction. Transaction processing may either be curtailed or suspended until the completion of any stock dividend, stock split or corporate action.

Other Capitalization Changes. If there occurs any other transaction that results in the number of outstanding shares of our common stock being increased or decreased, such as a recapitalization, reclassification, reverse stock split or other combination of shares of our common stock, or other increase or decrease in shares of our common stock effectuated without receipt of consideration by us, each account balance will be adjusted to reflect the results of such transaction. You will receive a statement indicating the effects of such transaction on your account balance.

29. Can the Plan be amended, modified, suspended or terminated?

We reserve the right to amend, modify, suspend or terminate the Plan at any time in our sole discretion. You will receive written notice of any material amendment, modification, suspension or termination. We and the Plan Administrator also reserve the right to change any administrative procedures of the Plan in our discretion.

If we terminate the Plan, you will receive a certificate for all whole shares of common stock held in your Plan account and a check representing the value of any fractional shares based on the then-current market price. We also will return to you any uninvested dividends or distributions or optional cash payments held in your Plan account.

We reserve the right to terminate American Stock Transfer & Trust Company LLC as Plan Administrator and appoint another institution to serve as Plan Administrator, or to administer the Plan ourselves. All participants will receive notice of any such change, which may be by e-mail to participants electronically of any such change.

30. Are there any risks associated with the Plan?

See, "Supplementary Risk Factors" elsewhere in this prospectus supplement. Otherwise, your investment through the direct stock purchase feature of the Plan is no different from any investment in shares of our common stock held by you. If you choose to participate in the direct stock purchase

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feature of the Plan, then you should recognize that none of us, our subsidiaries and affiliates, nor the Plan Administrator can assure you of a profit or protect you against loss on the shares that you purchase under the direct stock purchase feature of the Plan. You bear the risk of loss in value and enjoy the benefits of gains with respect to all of your shares. You need to make your own independent investment and participation decisions consistent with your situation and needs. None of us, our subsidiaries and affiliates, nor the Plan Administrator can guarantee liquidity in the markets, and the value and marketability of your shares may be adversely affected by market conditions. For more information regarding risks relating to an investment in shares of our common stock, see "Risk Factors" beginning on page 14 of the accompanying prospectus.

Plan accounts are not insured or protected by the Securities Investor Protection Corporation or any other entity and are not guaranteed by the FDIC or any government agency.

Neither we, our subsidiaries, our affiliates, nor the Plan Administrator will be liable for any act, or for any failure to act, as long as we or they have made good faith efforts to carry out the terms of the Plan, as described in this prospectus supplement and the accompanying prospectus and on the forms that are designed to accompany each investment or activity.

In addition, the purchase price for shares acquired through the direct stock purchase feature of the Plan will vary and cannot be predicted. The purchase price may be different from (more or less than) the price of acquiring shares on the open market on the relevant date. Your investment in direct stock purchase feature of the Plan shares will be exposed to changes in market conditions and changes in the market value of the shares. Your ability to sell both as to timing and pricing terms and related expenses or otherwise liquidate shares under the Plan is subject to the terms of the Plan and the withdrawal procedures. Also, no interest will be paid on dividends, distributions, cash or other funds held by the Plan Administrator pending investment or sale.

31. What are the responsibilities of Main Street and the Plan Administrator?

Neither we, our subsidiaries, our affiliates, nor the Plan Administrator will be liable for any act, or for any failure to act, as long as we or they have made good faith efforts to carry out the terms of the direct stock purchase feature of the Plan, as described in this prospectus and on the forms that are designed to accompany each investment or activity. This limitation of liability includes, but is not limited to, any claims of liability for:

failure to terminate an account upon the death of a participant before receiving written notice of such death and a request to terminate participation from a qualified representative of the deceased;

failure by a participant to receive communications regarding the Plan, when the participant fails to update changes to the address or e-mail address on file with the Plan Administrator;

issuance, purchase or sale prices reflected in a participant's Plan account or the dates of issuances, purchases or sales of a participant's Plan shares; or

any fluctuation in the market value of a participant's Plan Shares after any issuance, purchase or sale of shares.

We, any of our agents and the Plan Administrator, will not have any duties, responsibilities or liabilities other than those expressly set forth in the Plan or as imposed by applicable laws, including U.S. federal and state securities laws. Since the Plan Administrator has assumed all responsibility for administering the Plan, we specifically disclaim any responsibility for any of the Plan Administrator's actions or inactions in connection with the administration of the Plan. None of our directors, officers, employees or stockholders will have any personal liability under the Plan.

We, any of our agents and the Plan Administrator, will be entitled to rely on completed forms and the proof of due authority to participate in the direct stock purchase feature of the Plan, without further responsibility of investigation or inquiry.

32. How will you interpret and regulate the Plan?

Our officers are authorized to take any actions that are consistent with the Plan's terms and conditions. We reserve the right to interpret and regulate the Plan as we deem necessary and desirable in connection with the Plan's operations. Any such determination by us will be conclusive and binding on Plan participants.

33. What law governs the Plan?

The laws of the State of New York govern the Plan.

LEGAL MATTERS

Certain legal matters regarding the shares of common stock offered hereby will be passed upon for us by Eversheds Sutherland (US) LLP, Washington D.C.

INDEPENDENT REGISTERED PUBLIC ACCOUNTING FIRM

The audited consolidated financial statements, financial highlights, Schedule 12-14 and the schedule of Senior Securities of Main Street Capital Corporation, included in this prospectus supplement and elsewhere in the registration statement have been so included in reliance upon the reports of Grant Thornton LLP, independent registered public accountants, as stated in their reports appearing herein. Grant Thornton LLP's principal business address is Grant Thornton Tower, 171 North Clark, Suite 200, Chicago, Illinois, 60601.

AVAILABLE INFORMATION

We have filed with the SEC a universal shelf registration statement on Form N-2, together with all amendments and related exhibits, under the Securities Act, with respect to our shares of common stock offered by this prospectus supplement. The registration statement contains additional information about us and our shares of common stock being offered by this prospectus supplement.

We file with or submit to the SEC annual, quarterly and current reports, proxy statements and other information meeting the informational requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934. You may inspect and copy these reports, proxy statements and other information, as well as the registration statement and related exhibits and schedules, at the Public Reference Room of the SEC at 100 F Street, N.E., Washington, D.C. 20549. You may obtain information on the operation of the Public Reference Room by calling the SEC at 1-800-SEC-0330. The SEC maintains an Internet site that contains reports, proxy and information statements and other information filed electronically by us with the SEC, which are available on the SEC's website at *www.sec.gov*. Copies of these reports, proxy and information statements and other information may be obtained, after paying a duplicating fee, by electronic request at the following e-mail address: *publicinfo@sec.gov*, or by writing the SEC's Public Reference Section, 100 F Street, N.E., Washington, D.C. 20549.

INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

MAIN STREET CAPITAL CORPORATION

Consolidated Balance Sheets

(dollars in thousands, except shares and per share amounts)

	March 31, 2017		D	ecember 31, 2016
ASSETS	(1	Unaudited)		
Portfolio investments at fair value:				
Control investments (cost: \$491,749 and \$439,674 as of March 31, 2017 and December 31, 2016, respectively)	\$	658,239	\$	594,282
Affiliate investments (cost: \$373,895 and \$394,699 as of March 31, 2017 and December 31, 2016, respectively)		329,024		375,948
Non-Control/Non-Affiliate investments (cost: \$1,010,832 and \$1,037,510 as of March 31, 2017 and December 31, 2016, respectively)		992,115		1,026,676
Total investments (cost: \$1,876,476 and \$1,871,883 as of March 31, 2017 and December 31, 2016,				
respectively)		1,979,378		1,996,906
Cash and cash equivalents		33,605		24,480
Interest receivable and other assets		37,560		35,133
Receivable for securities sold		8,604		1,990
Deferred financing costs (net of accumulated amortization of \$12,205 and \$11,547 as of March 31, 2017 and December 31, 2016, respectively)		12,603		12,645
Deferred tax asset, net		4,739		9,125
Total assets	\$	2,076,489	\$	2,080,279

LIABILITIES		
Credit facility	\$ 288,000	\$ 343,000
SBIC debentures (par: \$240,200 and \$240,000 as of March 31, 2017 and December 31, 2016, respectively.		
Par of \$50,000 and \$75,200 is recorded at a fair value of \$49,155 and \$74,803 as of March 31, 2017 and		
December 31, 2016, respectively)	239,355	239,603
4.50% Notes	175,000	175,000
6.125% Notes	90,655	90,655
Accounts payable and other liabilities	11,758	14,205
Payable for securities purchased	14,064	2,184
Interest payable	3,471	4,103
Dividend payable	10,252	10,048
Total liabilities	832,555	878,798
Commitments and contingencies (Note M)		
NET ASSETS		
Common stock, \$0.01 par value per share (150,000,000 shares authorized; 55,423,375 and 54,312,444		
shares issued and outstanding as of March 31, 2017 and December 31, 2016, respectively)	554	543
Additional paid-in capital	1,185,478	1,143,883
Accumulated net investment income, net of cumulative dividends of \$532,336 and \$521,297 as of		
March 31, 2017 and December 31, 2016, respectively	33,943	19,033
Accumulated net realized gain from investments (accumulated net realized gain from investments of		
\$75,959 before cumulative dividends of \$126,845 as of March 31, 2017 and accumulated net realized gain		
from investments of \$48,394 before cumulative dividends of \$107,281 as of December 31, 2016)	(50,886)	(58,887)
Net unrealized appreciation, net of income taxes	74,845	96,909

Total net assets	1,243,934	1,201,481
Total liabilities and net assets	\$ 2,076,489	\$ 2,080,279
NET ASSET VALUE PER SHARE	\$ 22.44	\$ 22.10

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements

MAIN STREET CAPITAL CORPORATION

Consolidated Statements of Operations

(dollars in thousands, except shares and per share amounts)

(Unaudited)

	Three Month March	
	2017	2016
INVESTMENT INCOME:		
Interest, fee and dividend income:		
Control investments	\$ 12,988 \$. ,
Affiliate investments	9,899	8,523
Non-Control/Non-Affiliate investments	25,002	20,737
Interest, fee and dividend income	47,889	41,875
Interest, fee and dividend income from marketable securities and idle funds investments	.,	131
Total investment income	47,889	42,006
EXPENSES:	.,	,
Interest	(8,608)	(8,182)
Compensation	(4,430)	(3,820)
General and administrative	(2,940)	(2,405)
Share-based compensation	(2,269)	(1,589)
Expenses allocated to the External Investment Manager	1,524	1,154
Total expenses	(16,723)	(14,842)
NET INVESTMENT INCOME	31,166	27,164
NET REALIZED GAIN (LOSS):		
Control investments	(682)	14,358
Affiliate investments	22,930	
Non-Control/Non-Affiliate investments	5,317	818
Marketable securities and idle funds investments		(1,573)
SBIC debentures	(5,217)	
Total net realized gain	22,348	13,603
NET CHANGE IN UNREALIZED APPRECIATION (DEPRECIATION):		
Portfolio investments	(22,091)	(27,529)
Marketable securities and idle funds investments		1,457
SBIC debentures	5,665	(146)
Total net change in unrealized depreciation	(16,426)	(26,218)
INCOME TAXES:		
Federal and state income, excise and other taxes	(1,252)	(370)
Deferred taxes	(4,386)	2,633
Income tax benefit (provision)	(5,638)	2,263
NET INCREASE IN NET ASSETS RESULTING FROM OPERATIONS	\$ 31,450	\$ 16,812

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NET INVESTMENT INCOME PER SHARE BASIC AND DILUTED	\$	0.57 \$	0.54
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NET INCREASE IN NET ASSETS RESULTING FROM OPERATIONS PER SHARE BASIC AND			
DILUTED	\$	0.57	\$ 0.33
DIVIDENDS PAID PER SHARE:			
Regular monthly dividends	\$	0.555	\$ 0.540
Supplemental dividends			
Total dividends	\$	0.555	\$ 0.540
WEIGHTED AVERAGE SHARES OUTSTANDING BASIC AND DILUTED	4	5 105 170	50 540 790
WEIGHTED AVERAGE SHARES OUTSTANDING DASIC AND DILUTED	-	55,125,170	50,549,780
The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial sta	itemen	ts	

MAIN STREET CAPITAL CORPORATION

Consolidated Statements of Changes in Net Assets

(dollars in thousands, except shares)

(Unaudited)

	Common S	Stock	ŝ				cumulated Net	F Ga	cumulated Net Realized ain From	Net Unrealized Appreciation from Investments,		
	Number of Shares	-	ar due	P	Additional Paid-In Capital	In	vestment come, Net Dividends		estments, Net of ividends	Net of Income Taxes	-	Fotal Net sset Value
Balances at December 31, 2015	50,413,744	\$	504	\$	1,011,467	\$	7,181	\$	(49,653)	\$ 101,395	\$	1,070,894
Public offering of common stock,												
net of offering costs	321,714		3		9,778							9,781
Share-based compensation					1,589							1,589
Dividend reinvestment	113,631		1		3,255							3,256
Amortization of directors' deferred												
compensation					144							144
Issuance of restricted stock, net of forfeited shares	(3,089))										
Dividends to stockholders							(27,284)					(27,284)
Cumulative-effect to retained												
earnings for excess tax benefit										1,806		1,806
Net increase (decrease) resulting												
from operations							27,164		13,603	(23,955)		16,812
Balances at March 31, 2016	50,846,000	\$	508	\$	1,026,233	\$	7,061	\$	(36,050)	\$ 79,246	\$	1,076,998

Balances at December 31, 2016	54,354,857 \$	543 \$	1,143,883 \$	5 19,033 \$	(58,887) \$	96,909 \$	1,201,481
Public offering of common stock,							
net of offering costs	1,035,286	11	37,700				37,711
Share-based compensation			2,269				2,269
Purchase of vested stock for							
employee payroll tax withholding	(8,964)		(343)				(343)
Dividend reinvestment	48,675		1,806				1,806
Amortization of directors' deferred							
compensation			163				163
Forfeited shares of terminated							
employees	(6,479)						
Dividends to stockholders				(11,039)	(19,564)		(30,603)
Net increase (decrease) resulting							
from operations				25,949	27,565	(22,064)	31,450
Balances at March 31, 2017	55,423,375 \$	554 \$	1,185,478 \$	\$ 33,943 \$	(50,886) \$	74,845 \$	1,243,934

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements

MAIN STREET CAPITAL CORPORATION

Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows

(dollars in thousands)

(Unaudited)

	Three Months Ended March 31,		
	2017		2016
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES			
Net increase in net assets resulting from operations	\$ 31,450	\$	16,812
Adjustments to reconcile net increase in net assets resulting from operations to net cash provided by (used in)			
operating activities:			
Investments in portfolio companies	(186,922)		(113,945)
Proceeds from sales and repayments of debt investments in portfolio companies	184,487		69,028
Proceeds from sales and return of capital of equity investments in portfolio companies	37,041		21,891
Proceeds from sales and repayments of marketable securities and idle funds investments			559
Net change in net unrealized depreciation	16,426		26,218
Net realized gain	(22,348)		(13,603)
Accretion of unearned income	(4,703)		(1,921)
Payment-in-kind interest	(1,607)		(1,303)
Cumulative dividends	(877)		(321)
Share-based compensation expense	2,269		1,589
Amortization of deferred financing costs	658		644
Deferred tax (benefit) provision	4,386		(2,633)
Changes in other assets and liabilities:			
Interest receivable and other assets	(2,175)		(2,390)
Interest payable	(632)		1,226
Accounts payable and other liabilities	(2,284)		(6,269)
Deferred fees and other	597		632
Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities	55,766		(3,786)
CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES	00,700		(0,700)
Proceeds from public offering of common stock, net of offering costs	37,711		9,781
Dividends paid	(28,593)		(23,990)
Proceeds from issuance of SBIC debentures	25,400		(20,330)
Repayments of SBIC debentures	(25,200)		
Proceeds from credit facility	83,000		70,000
Repayments on credit facility	(138,000)		(55,000)
Payment of deferred loan costs and SBIC debenture fees	(616)		(55,000)
Purchases of vested stock for employee payroll tax withholding	(343)		
Other	(0.10)		(113)
			(115)
Net cash provided by (used in) financing activities	(46,641)		678
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	9,125		(3,108)
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT BEGINNING OF PERIOD	24,480		20,331
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT END OF PERIOD	\$ 33,605	\$	17,223

Supplemental cash flow disclosures:		
Interest paid	\$ 8,552 \$	6,282
Taxes paid	\$ 1,677 \$	1,172

Non-cash financing activities:		
Shares issued pursuant to the DRIP	\$ 1,806 \$	3,256

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements

MAIN STREET CAPITAL CORPORATION

Consolidated Schedule of Investments

March 31, 2017

(dollars in thousands)

(Unaudited)

Portfolio Company(1)	Business Description	Type of Investment(2)(3)	Principal(4)	Cost(4)	Fair Value
Control Investments(5)					
Access Media Holdings, LLC(10)	Private Cable Operator	5% Current / 5% PIK Secured Debt (Maturity July 22, 2020) Preferred Member Units (6,750,000 units; 12% cumulative) Member Units (45 units)	\$ 22,946	\$ 22,946 6,644 1 29,591	\$ 19,470 220 19,690
Ameritech College Operations, LLC	For-Profit Nursing and Healthcare College	10% Secured Debt (Maturity November 30, 2019) 13% Secured Debt (Maturity November 30, 2019) 13% Secured Debt (Maturity January 31, 2020) Preferred Member Units (2,936 units)	514 489 3,025	514 489 3,025 6,191 10,219	514 489 3,025 2,810 6,838
ASC Interests, LLC	Recreational and Educational Shooting Facility	11% Secured Debt (Maturity July 31, 2018) Member Units (1,500 units)(8)	2,050	2,036 1,500 3,536	2,050 2,740 4,790
Bond-Coat, Inc.	Casing and Tubing Coating Services	12% Secured Debt (Maturity December 28, 2017) Common Stock (57,508 shares)	11,596	11,566 6,350 17,916	11,596 7,600 19,196
Café Brazil, LLC	Casual Restaurant Group	Member Units (1,233 units)(8)		1,742	5,900
CBT Nuggets, LLC	Produces and Sells IT Training Certification Videos	Member Units (416 units)(8)		1,300	60,620
Charps, LLC	Pipeline Maintenance				

LIBOR Plus 7.00% (Floor 1.00%),			
Current Coupon 8.00%, Secured Debt			
(Maturity February 3, 2022)(9)	800	781	781
12% Secured Debt (Maturity February 3,			
2022)	18,400	18,220	18,220
Preferred Member Units (1,600 units)		400	400
		19,401	19,401
		- , -	- , -
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MAIN STREET CAPITAL CORPORATION

Consolidated Schedule of Investments (Continued)

March 31, 2017

(dollars in thousands)

(Unaudited)

Portfolio Company(1)	Business Description	Type of Investment(2)(3)	Principal(4)	Cost(4)	Fair Value
Clad-Rex Steel, LLC	Specialty Manufacturer of Vinyl-Clad Metal	LIBOR Plus 9.50% (Floor 1.00%), Current Coupon 10.50%, Secured Debt (Maturity December 20, 2018)(9) LIBOR Plus 9.50% (Floor 1.00%), Current Coupon 10.50%, Secured Debt (Maturity December 20, 2021)(9) Member Units (717 units) 10% Secured Debt (Clad-Rex Steel RE Investor, LLC) (Maturity December 20, 2036) Member Units (Clad-Rex Steel RE Investor, LLC) (800 units)	400 14,080 1,198	397 13,946 7,280 1,186 210 23,019	397 13,946 7,280 1,186 210 23,019
CMS Minerals Investments	Oil & Gas Exploration & Production	Preferred Member Units (CMS Minerals LLC) (458 units)(8) Member Units (CMS Minerals II, LLC) (100 units)(8)		2,009 3,716 5,725	3,271 3,120 6,391
Datacom, LLC	Technology and Telecommunications Provider	8% Secured Debt (Maturity May 30, 2017) 5.25% Current / 5.25% PIK Secured Debt (Maturity May 30, 2019) Class A Preferred Member Units (15% cumulative) Class B Preferred Member Units (6,453 units)	1,080 11,867	1,080 11,811 1,181 6,030 20,102	1,080 11,490 1,419 1,861 15,850
Gamber-Johnson Holdings, LLC	Manufacturer of Ruggedized Computer Mounting Systems	LIBOR Plus 11.00% (Floor 1.00%), Current Coupon 12.00%, Secured Debt (Maturity June 24, 2021)(9) Member Units (8,619 units)(8)	24,080	23,856 14,844 38,700	24,080 22,080 46,160

Garreco, LLC	Manufacturer and Supplier of Dental Products	LIBOR Plus 12.00% (Floor 1.00%), Current Coupon 13.15%, Secured Debt (Maturity March 31, 2020)(9) Member Units (1,200 units)	6,025	5,969 1,200 7,169	5,969 1,470 7,439
		S-50			

MAIN STREET CAPITAL CORPORATION

Consolidated Schedule of Investments (Continued)

March 31, 2017

(dollars in thousands)

(Unaudited)

Portfolio Company(1)	Business Description	Type of Investment(2)(3)	Principal(4)	Cost(4)	Fair Value
GRT Rubber Technologies LLC	Manufacturer of Engineered Rubber Products	LIBOR Plus 9.00% (Floor 1.00%), Current Coupon 10.00%, Secured Debt (Maturity December 19, 2019)(9) Member Units (5,879 units)(8)	13,065	12,986 13,065 26,051	13,065 20,310 33,375
Gulf Manufacturing, LLC	Manufacturer of Specialty Fabricated Industrial Piping Products	9% PIK Secured Debt (Ashland Capital IX, LLC) (Maturity June 30, 2017) Member Units (438 units)(8)	777	777 2,980 3,757	777 9,190 9,967
Gulf Publishing Holdings, LLC	Energy Industry Focused Media and Publishing	12.5% Secured Debt (Maturity April 29, 2021) Member Units (3,124 units)	10,000	9,915 3,124 13,039	9,915 3,460 13,375
Harborside Holdings, LLC	Real Estate Holding Company	Member units (100 units)		6,056	9,400
Harrison Hydra-Gen, Ltd.	Manufacturer of Hydraulic Generators	Common Stock (107,456 shares)(8)		718	2,800
Hawthorne Customs and Dispatch Services, LLC	Facilitator of Import Logistics, Brokerage, and Warehousing	Member Units (500 units) Member Units (Wallisville Real Estate, LLC) (588,210 units)(8)		589 1,215 1,804	280 2,040 2,320
HW Temps LLC	Temporary Staffing Solutions	LIBOR Plus 13.00% (Floor 1.00%), Current Coupon 14.00%, Secured Debt (Maturity July 2, 2020)(9)	9,976	9,904	9,904

		Preferred Member Units (3,200 units)(8)	3,942	3,940
			13,846	13,844
•	Designer and Installer of Micro-Irrigation Systems			
	gan ayar i	Common Stock (7,095 shares)(8)	7,095	15,640
		S-51		

MAIN STREET CAPITAL CORPORATION

Consolidated Schedule of Investments (Continued)

March 31, 2017

(dollars in thousands)

(Unaudited)

Portfolio Company(1)	Business Description	Type of Investment(2)(3)	Principal(4)	Cost(4)	Fair Value
IDX Broker, LLC	Provider of Marketing and CRM Tools for the Real Estate Industry	12.5% Secured Debt (Maturity November 15, 2018) Member Units (5,400 units)(8)	10,650	10,610 5,606 16,216	10,650 8,200 18,850
Indianapolis Aviation Partners, LLC	Fixed Base Operator	15% Secured Debt (Maturity April 15, 2017) Warrants (1,046 equivalent units)	3,100	3,100 1,129 4,229	3,100 2,710 5,810
Jensen Jewelers of Idaho, LLC	Retail Jewelry Store	Prime Plus 6.75% (Floor 2.00%), Current Coupon 10.50%, Secured Debt (Maturity November 14, 2019)(9) Member Units (627 units)(8)	3,905	3,850 811 4,661	3,905 4,460 8,365
Lamb Ventures, LLC	Aftermarket Automotive Services Chain	LIBOR Plus 5.75%, Current Coupon 6.56%, Secured Debt (Maturity May 30, 2018) 11% Secured Debt (Maturity May 31, 2018) Preferred Equity (non-voting) Member Units (742 units)(8) 9.5% Secured Debt (Lamb's Real Estate Investment I, LLC) (Maturity March 31, 2027) Member Units (Lamb's Real Estate Investment I, LLC) (1,000 units)(8)	305 7,579 432	305 7,579 400 5,273 428 625 14,610	305 7,579 400 6,190 428 960 15,862
Marine Shelters Holdings, LLC	Fabricator of Marine and Industrial Shelters	12% PIK Secured Debt (Maturity December 28, 2017)(14) Preferred Member Units (3,810 units)	3,131	3,078 5,352 8,430	

MH Corbin Holding LLC	Manufacturer and Distributor of Traffic Safety Products	10% Secured Debt (Maturity August 31, 2020) Preferred Member Units (4,000 shares)	13,125	13,030 6,000	13,030 6,000
				19,030	19,030
		S-52			

MAIN STREET CAPITAL CORPORATION

Consolidated Schedule of Investments (Continued)

March 31, 2017

(dollars in thousands)

Portfolio Company(1)	Business Description	Type of Investment(2)(3)	Principal(4)	Cost(4)	Fair Value
Mid-Columbia Lumber Products, LLC	Manufacturer of Finger-Jointed Lumber Products				
		10% Secured Debt (Maturity December 18, 2017) 12% Secured Debt	1,750	1,750	1,750
		(Maturity December 18, 2017) Member Units (3,554 units)	3,900	3,900 1,810	3,900 1,980
		9.5% Secured Debt (Mid-Columbia Real Estate, LLC) (Maturity May 13, 2025) Member Units (Mid-Columbia Real	825	825	825
		Estate, LLC) (500 units)(8)		790	1,220
				9,075	9,675
MSC Adviser I, LLC(16)	Third Party Investment Advisory Services	Member Units (Fully diluted 100.0%)(8)			33,472
Mystic Logistics Holdings, LLC	Logistics and				
	Distribution Services Provider for Large Volume Mailers	12% Secured Debt (Maturity August 15, 2019)	9,164	9,051	9,164
		Common Stock (5,873 shares)		2,720	6,170
				11,771	15,334
NAPCO Precast, LLC	Precast Concrete Manufacturing	Prime Plus 2.00% (Floor 7.00%), Current			
		Coupon 9.00%, Secured Debt (Maturity February 1, 2019)(9) 18% Secured Debt (Maturity February 1,	2,713	2,695	2,713
		2019) Member Units (2,955 units)(8)	3,952	3,925 2,975	3,952 10,920
				9,595	17,585
NRI Clinical Research, LLC	Clinical Research Service Provider	LIBOR Plus 6.50% (Floor 1.50%),			
		Current Coupon 8.00%, Secured Debt (Maturity September 8, 2017)(9) 14% Secured Debt	400	400	400
		(Maturity September 8, 2017) Warrants (251,723 equivalent units) Member Units (500,000 units)	4,261	4,239 252 765	4,261 680 2,462

				5,656	7,803
NRP Jones, LLC	Manufacturer of Hoses, Fittings and Assemblies	8% Current / 4% PIK Secured Debt (Maturity December 22, 2016)(17) Warrants (14,331 equivalent units) Member Units (50,877 units)	14,054	14,054 817 2,900 17,771	14,054 130 410 14,594
		S-53			

MAIN STREET CAPITAL CORPORATION

Consolidated Schedule of Investments (Continued)

March 31, 2017

(dollars in thousands)

(Unaudited)

Portfolio Company(1)	Business Description	Type of Investment(2)(3)	Principal(4)	Cost(4)	Fair Value
NuStep, LLC	Designer, Manufacturer and Distributor of Fitness Equipment	12% Secured Debt (Maturity January 31, 2022) Preferred Member Units (406 units)	20,600	20,394 10,200 30,594	20,394 10,200 30,594
OMi Holdings, Inc.	Manufacturer of Overhead Cranes	Common Stock (1,500 shares)(8)		1,080	13,080
Pegasus Research Group, LLC	Provider of Telemarketing and Data Services	Member Units (460 units)(8)		1,290	8,440
PPL RVs, Inc.	Recreational Vehicle Dealer	LIBOR Plus 7.00% (Floor 0.50%), Current Coupon 8.05%, Secured Debt (Maturity November 15, 2021)(9) Common Stock (1,962 shares)(8)	18,000	17,834 2,150 19,984	17,834 11,780 29,614
Principle Environmental, LLC	Noise Abatement Service Provider	12% Secured Debt (Maturity April 30, 2017) 12% Current / 2% PIK Secured Debt (Maturity April 30, 2017) Preferred Member Units (19,631 units) Warrants (1,036 equivalent units)	4,060 3,394	4,060 3,394 4,600 1,200 13,254	4,060 3,394 6,260 320 14,034
Quality Lease Service, LLC	Provider of Rigsite Accommodation Unit Rentals and Related Services	8% PIK Secured Debt (Maturity June 8, 2020) Member Units (1,000 units)	7,204	7,204 2,168 9,372	7,204 4,239 11,443

River Aggregates, LLC

Processor of Construction Aggregates	Zero Coupon Secured Debt			
	(Maturity June 30, 2018)	750	646	646
	Member Units (1,150 units)(8)	150	1,150	4,600
	Member Units (RA Properties, LLC) (1,500 units)		369	2,510
			2,165	7,756
	S-54			

MAIN STREET CAPITAL CORPORATION

Consolidated Schedule of Investments (Continued)

March 31, 2017

(dollars in thousands)

Portfolio Company(1)	Business Description	Type of Investment(2)(3)	Principal(4)	Cost(4)	Fair Value
SoftTouch Medical Holdings LLC	Provider of In-Home Pediatric Durable Medical Equipment	LIBOR Plus 9.00% (Floor 1.00%), Current Coupon 10.00%, Secured Debt (Maturity October 31, 2019)(9) Member Units (4,450 units)(8)	7,140	7,099 4,930 12,029	7,140 9,170 16,310
The MPI Group, LLC	Manufacturer of Custom Hollow Metal Doors, Frames and Accessories	9% Secured Debt (Maturity October 2, 2018) Series A Preferred Units (2,500 units; 10% Cumulative) Warrants (1,424 equivalent units) Member Units (MPI Real Estate Holdings, LLC) (100 units)(8)	2,924	2,922 2,500 1,096 2,300 8,818	2,922 2,390 5,312
Uvalco Supply, LLC	Farm and Ranch Supply Store	9% Secured Debt (Maturity January 1, 2019) Member Units (1,867 units)(8)	756	756 3,579 4,335	756 4,307 5,063
Vision Interests, Inc.	Manufacturer / Installer of Commercial Signage	13% Secured Debt (Maturity December 23, 2018) Series A Preferred Stock (3,000,000 shares) Common Stock (1,126,242 shares)	2,814	2,814 3,000 3,706 9,520	2,814 3,000 5,814
Ziegler's NYPD, LLC	Casual Restaurant Group	 6.5% Secured Debt (Maturity October 1, 2019) 12% Secured Debt (Maturity October 1, 2019) 14% Secured Debt (Maturity October 1, 2019) Warrants (587 equivalent units) 	1,000 300 2,750	994 300 2,750 600	994 300 2,750 240

Preferred Member Units (10,072 units)	2,834	4,100
	7,478	8,384
Subtotal Control Investments (33.3% of total investments at fair value)	\$ 491,749	\$ 658,239
\$ 55		

MAIN STREET CAPITAL CORPORATION

Consolidated Schedule of Investments (Continued)

March 31, 2017

(dollars in thousands)

Portfolio Company(1)	Business Description	Type of Investment(2)(3)	Principal(4)	Cost(4)	Fair Value
Affiliate Investments(6)					
AFG Capital Group, LLC	Provider of Rent-to-Own Financing Solutions and Services	Warrants (42 equivalent units) Member Units (186 units)(8)		\$ 259 1,200 1,459	\$ 690 2,850 3,540
Barfly Ventures, LLC(10)	Casual Restaurant Group	12% Secured Debt (Maturity August 31, 2020) Options (2 equivalent units) Warrant (1 equivalent unit)	7,796	7,667 397 473 8,537	7,635 490 280 8,405
BBB Tank Services, LLC	Maintenance, Repair and Construction Services to the Above-Ground Storage Tank Market	LIBOR Plus 9.50% (Floor 1.00%), Current Coupon 10.50%, Secured Debt (Maturity April 8, 2021)(9) 15% Secured Debt (Maturity April 8, 2021) Member Units (800,000 units)	800 4,027	797 3,992 800 5,589	797 3,992 800 5,589
Boss Industries, LLC	Manufacturer and Distributor of Air, Power and Other Industrial Equipment	Preferred Member Units (2,242 units)(8)		2,473	2,920
Bridge Capital Solutions Corporation	Financial Services and Cash Flow Solutions Provider	 13% Secured Debt (Maturity July 25, 2021) Warrants (63 equivalent shares) 13% Secured Debt (Mercury Service Group, LLC) (Maturity July 25, 2021) Preferred Member Units (Mercury Service Group, LLC) (17,742 units)(8) 	7,500 1,000	5,673 2,132 991 1,000 9,796	5,673 3,370 1,000 1,000 11,043

Buca C, LLC	Casual Restaurant Group	LIBOR Plus 7.25% (Floor 1.00%), Current Coupon 8.25%, Secured Debt (Maturity June 30, 2020)(9) Preferred Member Units (6 units; 6% cumulative)(8)	21,204	21,058 3,995 25,053	21,058 3,990 25,048
		S-56			

MAIN STREET CAPITAL CORPORATION

Consolidated Schedule of Investments (Continued)

March 31, 2017

(dollars in thousands)

Portfolio Company(1)	Business Description	Type of Investment(2)(3)	Principal(4)	Cost(4)	Fair Value
CAI Software LLC	Provider of Specialized Enterprise Resource Planning Software	12% Secured Debt (Maturity October 10, 2019) Member Units (65,356 units)(8)	3,483	3,463 654 4,117	3,483 2,580 6,063
CapFusion, LLC(13)	Non-Bank Lender to Small Businesses	13% Secured Debt (Maturity March 25, 2021) Warrants (1,600 equivalent units)	14,400	13,252 1,200 14,452	13,252 1,200 14,452
Chandler Signs Holdings, LLC(10)	Sign Manufacturer	12% Secured Debt (Maturity July 4, 2021) Class A Units (1,500,000 units)(8)	4,500	4,463 1,500 5,963	4,500 3,240 7,740
Condit Exhibits, LLC	Tradeshow Exhibits / Custom Displays Provider	Member Units (3,936 units)(8)		100	1,840
Congruent Credit Opportunities Funds(12)(13)	Investment Partnership	LP Interests (Congruent Credit Opportunities Fund II, LP) (Fully diluted 19.8%)(8) LP Interests (Congruent Credit Opportunities Fund III, LP) (Fully diluted 17.4%)(8)		5,730 17,869 23,599	1,377 18,577 19,954
Dos Rios Partners(12)(13)	Investment Partnership	LP Interests (Dos Rios Partners, LP) (Fully diluted 20.2%) LP Interests (Dos Rios Partners A, LP) (Fully diluted 6.4%)		5,996 1,904 7,900	5,629 1,651 7,280

Limestone and Sandstone Dimension Cut Stone Mining Quarries

		Class A Units (2,000,000 units)(8)		2,000	2,070
East Teak Fine Hardwoods, Inc.	Distributor of Hardwood Products	Common Stock (6,250 shares)(8)		480	750
East West Copolymer & Rubber, LLC	Manufacturer of Synthetic Rubbers	12% Current / 2% PIK Secured Debt (Maturity October 17, 2019)(14) Warrants (2,510,790 equivalent units)	9,699	9,591 50 9,641	2,240 2,240
		S-57		,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	2,210

MAIN STREET CAPITAL CORPORATION

Consolidated Schedule of Investments (Continued)

March 31, 2017

(dollars in thousands)

(Unaudited)

Portfolio Company(1)	Business Description	Type of Investment(2)(3)	Principal(4)	Cost(4)	Fair Value
EIG Fund Investments(12)(13)	Investment Partnership	LP Interests (EIG Global Private Debt Fund-A, L.P.) (Fully diluted 11.1%)(8) LP Interests (EIG Traverse		1,565	1,466
		Co-Investment, L.P.) (Fully diluted 22.2%)(8)		9,805	9,973
				11,370	11,439
Freeport Financial Funds(12)(13)	Investment Partnership	LP Interests (Freeport Financial SBIC Fund LP) (Fully diluted 9.3%)(8) LP Interests (Freeport First Lien Loan		5,974	5,675
		Fund III LP) (Fully diluted 6.0%)(8)		7,559	7,507
				13,533	13,182
Gault Financial, LLC (RMB Capital, LLC)	Purchases and Manages Collection of Healthcare and other Business Receivables	10.5% Council Data (Materia)			
		10.5% Secured Debt (Maturity January 1, 2019) Warrants (29,032 equivalent units)	12,900	12,900 400	11,950
				13,300	11,950
Glowpoint, Inc.	Provider of Cloud Managed Video Collaboration Services	12% Secured Debt (Maturity October 18, 2018)	9,000	8,957	3,010
		Common Stock (7,711,517 shares)		3,958	2,270
				12,915	5,280
Guerdon Modular Holdings, Inc.	Multi-Family and Commercial Modular Construction Company	13% Secured Debt (Maturity August 13,			
		2019) Preferred Stock (404,998 shares) Common Stock (212,033 shares)	10,708	10,603 1,140 2,983	10,603 1,140 80
				14,726	11,823
Hawk Ridge Systems, LLC(13)	Value-Added Reseller of Engineering Design and				

Manufacturing Solutions

		10% Secured Debt (Maturity December 2, 2021) Preferred Member Units (226 units)(8) Preferred Member Units (HRS Services, ULC) (226 units)	10,000	9,905 2,850 150 12,905	9,905 2,850 150 12,905
Houston Plating and Coatings, LLC	Provider of Plating and Industrial Coating Services	Member Units (265,756 units)		1,429	4,230
		S-58			

MAIN STREET CAPITAL CORPORATION

Consolidated Schedule of Investments (Continued)

March 31, 2017

(dollars in thousands)

Portfolio Company(1)	Business Description	Type of Investment(2)(3)	Principal(4)	Cost(4)	Fair Value
I-45 SLF LLC(12)(13)	Investment Partnership	Member Units (Fully diluted 20.0%; 24.4% profits interest)(8)		15,200	15,907
Indianhead Pipeline Services, LLC	Provider of Pipeline Support Services	12% Secured Debt (Maturity February 6, 2018) Preferred Member Units (33,819 units; 8% cumulative)(8) Warrants (31,928 equivalent units) Member Units (14,732 units)	5,417	5,417 2,437 459 1 8,314	5,417 2,775 8,192
KBK Industries, LLC	Manufacturer of Specialty Oilfield and Industrial Products	10% Secured Debt (Maturity September 28, 2017) 12.5% Secured Debt (Maturity September 28, 2017) Member Units (250 units)	1,175 5,900	1,175 5,892 341 7,408	1,175 5,892 2,780 9,847
L.F. Manufacturing Holdings, LLC(10)	Manufacturer of Fiberglass Products	Member Units (2,179,001 units)		2,019	1,380
OnAsset Intelligence, Inc.	Provider of Transportation Monitoring / Tracking Products and Services	12% PIK Secured Debt (Maturity December 31, 2015)(17) Preferred Stock (912 shares; 7% cumulative) Warrants (5,333 equivalent shares)	4,654	4,654 1,981 1,919 8,554	4,654 4,654
OPI International Ltd.(13)	Provider of Man Camp and Industrial Storage Services	10% Unsecured Debt (Maturity April 8, 2018) Common Stock (20,766,317 shares)	473	473 1,371	473 380

				1,844	853
PCI Holding Company, Inc.	Manufacturer of Industrial Gas Generating Systems	12% Secured Debt (Maturity March 31, 2019) Preferred Stock (1,500,000 shares; 20% cumulative)(8)	13,000	12,908 3,551 16,459	13,000 5,540 18,540
		S-59			

MAIN STREET CAPITAL CORPORATION

Consolidated Schedule of Investments (Continued)

March 31, 2017

(dollars in thousands)

Portfolio Company(1)	Business Description	Type of Investment(2)(3)	Principal(4)	Cost(4)	Fair Value
Rocaceia, LLC (Quality Lease and Rental Holdings, LLC)	Provider of Rigsite Accommodation Unit Rentals and Related Services	12% Secured Debt (Maturity January 8, 2018)(14)(15) Preferred Member Units (250 units)	30,785	30,281 2,500 32,781	250
Tin Roof Acquisition Company	Casual Restaurant Group				
		12% Secured Debt (Maturity November 13, 2018) Class C Preferred Stock (Fully diluted	13,342	13,232	13,232
		10.0%; 10% cumulative)(8)		2,807	2,807
				16,039	16,039
UniTek Global Services, Inc.(11)	Provider of Outsourced Infrastructure Services	LIBOR Plus 7.50% (Floor 1.00%), Current Coupon 8.50%, Secured Debt			
		(Maturity January 13, 2019)(9) LIBOR Plus 8.50% (Floor 1.00%), Current Coupon 9.50%, Secured Debt	5,021	5,011	5,021
		(Maturity January 13, 2019)(9) 15% PIK Unsecured Debt	826	826	826
		(Maturity July 13, 2019) Preferred Stock (4,935,377 shares; 13.5%	773	773	773
		cumulative)(8) Common Stock (705,054 shares)		6,248	6,620 2,810
				12,858	16,050
Universal Wellhead Services Holdings, LLC(10)	Provider of Wellhead Equipment, Designs, and Personnel to the Oil & Gas Industry	Preferred Member Units (UWS			
		Investments, LLC) (716,949 units; 14% cumulative)		717	720
		Member Units (UWS Investments, LLC) (4,000,000 units)		4,000	610
				4,717	1,330
Valley Healthcare Group, LLC	Provider of Durable Medical Equipment		12,856	12,750	12,750

LIBOR Plus 12.50% (Floor 0.50%), Current Coupon 13.28%, Secured Debt (Maturity December 29, 2020)(9) Preferred Member Units (Valley Healthcare Holding, LLC) (1,600 units)	1,600 14,350	1,600 14,350
S-60		

MAIN STREET CAPITAL CORPORATION

Consolidated Schedule of Investments (Continued)

March 31, 2017

(dollars in thousands)

Portfolio Company(1)	Business Description	Type of Investment(2)(3)	Principal(4)	Cost(4)	Fa	ir Value
Volusion, LLC	Provider of Online Software-as-a-Service eCommerce Solutions	11.5% Secured Debt (Maturity January 26, 2020) Preferred Member Units (4,876,670 units) Warrants (1,831,355 equivalent units)	17,500	15,439 14,000 2,576 32,015		15,439 14,000 2,450 31,889
Subtotal Affiliate Investments (16.6% of total investments at fair value)				\$ 373,895	\$	329,024
		S-61				

MAIN STREET CAPITAL CORPORATION

Consolidated Schedule of Investments (Continued)

March 31, 2017

(dollars in thousands)

Portfolio Company(1)	Business Description	Type of Investment(2)(3)	Principal(4)	Cost(4)	Fair Value
Non-Control/Non-Affiliate Investment	<u>s(7)</u>				
Adams Publishing Group, LLC(10)	Local Newspaper Operator	LIBOR Plus 7.00% (Floor 1.00%), Current Coupon 8.00%, Secured Debt (Maturity November 3, 2020)(9)	\$ 7,589	\$ 7,478	\$ 7,589
ADS Tactical, Inc.(10)	Value-Added Logistics and Supply Chain Provider to the Defense Industry	LIBOR Plus 7.50% (Floor 0.75%), Current Coupon 8.50%, Secured Debt (Maturity December 31, 2022)(9)	11,500	11,258	11,258
Ahead, LLC(10)	IT Infrastructure Value Added Reseller	LIBOR Plus 6.50%, Current Coupon 7.65%, Secured Debt (Maturity November 2, 2020)	14,063	13,742	13,922
Allflex Holdings III Inc.(11)	Manufacturer of Livestock Identification Products	LIBOR Plus 7.00% (Floor 1.00%), Current Coupon 8.00%, Secured Debt (Maturity July 19, 2021)(9)	14,795	14,710	14,826
American Scaffold Holdings, Inc.(10)	Marine Scaffolding Service Provider	LIBOR Plus 6.50% (Floor 1.00%), Current Coupon 7.50%, Secured Debt (Maturity March 31, 2022)(9)	7,313	7,216	7,276
American Teleconferencing Services, Ltd.(11)	Provider of Audio Conferencing and Video Collaboration Solutions	LIBOR Plus 6.50% (Floor 1.00%), Current Coupon 7.50%, Secured Debt (Maturity December 8, 2021)(9) LIBOR Plus 9.50% (Floor 1.00%), Current Coupon 10.50%, Secured Debt (Maturity June 6, 2022)(9)	11,018 3,714	10,242 3,573	11,018 3,573
				13,815	14,591
Anchor Hocking, LLC(11)	Household Products Manufacturer		2,271	2,271	2,226

LIBOR Plus 9.00% (Floor 1.00%), Current Coupon 10.00%, Secured Debt (Maturity June 4, 2018)(9) Member Units (440,620 units)	4,928	3,305
	7,199	5,531
S-62		

MAIN STREET CAPITAL CORPORATION

Consolidated Schedule of Investments (Continued)

March 31, 2017

(dollars in thousands)

Portfolio Company(1)	Business Description	Type of Investment(2)(3)	Principal(4)	Cost(4)	Fair Value
AP Gaming I, LLC(10)	Developer, Manufacturer, and Operator of Gaming Machines	LIBOR Plus 8.25% (Floor 1.00%), Current Coupon 9.25%, Secured Debt (Maturity December 20, 2020)(9)	7,190	7,086	7,258
Apex Linen Service, Inc.	Industrial Launderers	LIBOR Plus 6.00% (Floor 1.00%), Current Coupon 7.00%, Secured Debt (Maturity October 30, 2022)(9) 13% Secured Debt (Maturity October 30, 2022)	2,400 14,416	2,400 14,340 16,740	2,400 14,340 16,740
Arcus Hunting LLC.(10)	Manufacturer of Bowhunting and Archery Products and Accessories	LIBOR Plus 7.00% (Floor 1.00%), Current Coupon 8.00%, Secured Debt (Maturity November 13, 2019)(9)	13,912	13,773	13,912
Artel, LLC(11)	Provider of Secure Satellite Network and IT Solutions	LIBOR Plus 7.00% (Floor 1.25%), Current Coupon 8.25%, Secured Debt (Maturity November 27, 2017)(9)	7,330	7,215	7,330
ATI Investment Sub, Inc.(11)	Manufacturer of Solar Tracking Systems	LIBOR Plus 7.25% (Floor 1.00%), Current Coupon 8.25%, Secured Debt (Maturity June 22, 2021)(9)	9,250	9,083	9,227
ATS Workholding, Inc.(10)	Manufacturer of Machine Cutting Tools and Accessories	LIBOR Plus 9.50% (Floor 1.00%), Current Coupon 10.50%, Secured Debt (Maturity March 10, 2019)(9)	6,173	6,149	5,659
ATX Networks Corp.(11)(13)	Provider of Radio Frequency Management Equipment	LIBOR Plus 6.00% (Floor 1.00%), Current Coupon 7.15%, Secured Debt (Maturity June 11, 2021)(9)	9,765	9,620	9,668

Berry Aviation, Inc.(10)	Airline Charter Service Operator				
	-	12.00% Current / 1.75% PIK Secured			
		Debt (Maturity January 30, 2020)	5,627	5,590	5,627
		Common Stock (553 shares)		400	820
				5,990	6,447
		S-63			

MAIN STREET CAPITAL CORPORATION

Consolidated Schedule of Investments (Continued)

March 31, 2017

(dollars in thousands)

Portfolio Company(1)	Business Description	Type of Investment(2)(3)	Principal(4)	Cost(4)	Fair Value
Binswanger Enterprises, LLC(10)	Glass Repair and Installation Service Provider	LIBOR Plus 8.00% (Floor 1.00%), Current Coupon 9.06%, Secured Debt (Maturity March 9, 2022)(9) Member Units (1,050,000 units)	15,460	15,155 1,050 16,205	15,155 1,050 16,205
Bluestem Brands, Inc.(11)	Multi-Channel Retailer of General Merchandise	LIBOR Plus 7.50% (Floor 1.00%), Current Coupon 8.50%, Secured Debt (Maturity November 6, 2020)(9)	12,692	12,466	10,471
Brainworks Software, LLC(10)	Advertising Sales and Newspaper Circulation Software	Prime Plus 9.25% (Floor 3.25%), Current Coupon 13.25%, Secured Debt (Maturity July 22, 2019)(9)	6,733	6,688	6,491
Brightwood Capital Fund Investments(12)(13)	Investment Partnership	LP Interests (Brightwood Capital Fund III, LP) (Fully diluted 1.6%)(8) LP Interests (Brightwood Capital Fund IV, LP) (Fully diluted 0.9%)		12,000 500 12,500	10,271 500 10,771
Brundage-Bone Concrete Pumping, Inc.(11)	Construction Services Provider	10.375% Secured Debt (Maturity September 1, 2021)	3,000	2,986	3,150
California Pizza Kitchen, Inc.(11)	Casual Restaurant Group	LIBOR Plus 6.00% (Floor 1.00%), Current Coupon 7.00%, Secured Debt (Maturity August 23, 2022)(9)	7,967	7,922	7,969
CDHA Management, LLC(10)	Dental Services	LIBOR Plus 7.25% (Floor 1.00%), Current Coupon 8.25%, Secured Debt (Maturity December 5, 2021)(9)	4,227	4,154	4,154
Cengage Learning Acquisitions, Inc.(11)	Provider of Educational Print and Digital Services				

LIBOR Plus 4.25% (Floor 1.00%), Current Coupon 5.25%, Secured Debt (Maturity June 7, 2023)(9)

9,459 8,854 9,049

MAIN STREET CAPITAL CORPORATION

Consolidated Schedule of Investments (Continued)

March 31, 2017

(dollars in thousands)

(Unaudited)

Portfolio Company(1)	Business Description	Type of Investment(2)(3)	Principal(4)	Cost(4)	Fair Value
Cenveo Corporation(11)	Provider of Commercial Printing, Envelopes, Labels, and Printed Office Products	6% Secured Debt (Maturity August 1, 2019)	15,130	13,073	12,482
Charlotte Russe, Inc(11)	Fast-Fashion Retailer to Young Women	LIBOR Plus 5.50% (Floor 1.25%), Current Coupon 6.75%, Secured Debt (Maturity May 22, 2019)(9)	14,346	14,160	9,134
Clarius BIGS, LLC(10)	Prints & Advertising Film Financing	15% PIK Secured Debt (Maturity January 5, 2015)(14)(17)	2,928	2,928	88
Compact Power Equipment, Inc.	Equipment / Tool Rental	12% Secured Debt (Maturity October 1, 2017) Series A Preferred Stock (4,298,435 shares)	4,100	4,097 1,079 5,176	4,100 4,580 8,680
Construction Supply Investments, LLC(10)(13)	Distribution Platform of Specialty Construction Materials to Professional Concrete and Masonry Contractors	LIBOR Plus 9.50% (Floor 1.00%), Current Coupon 10.50%, Secured Debt (Maturity June 30, 2023)(9) Member Units (20,000 units)	8,500	8,418 2,000 10,418	8,418 2,000 10,418
ContextMedia Health, LLC(11)	Provider of Healthcare Media Content	LIBOR Plus 6.50% (Floor 1.00%), Current Coupon 7.50%, Secured Debt (Maturity December 23, 2021)(9)	7,900	7,132	7,900
Covenant Surgical Partners, Inc.(11)	Ambulatory Surgical Centers	8.75% Secured Debt (Maturity August 1, 2019)	2,800	2,744	2,660

CST Industries Inc.(11)

Storage Tank Manufacturer

LIBOR Plus 6.25% (Floor 1.50%), Current Coupon 7.75%, Secured Debt (Maturity May 22, 2017)(9)

9,102 9,096 9,011

MAIN STREET CAPITAL CORPORATION

Consolidated Schedule of Investments (Continued)

March 31, 2017

(dollars in thousands)

Portfolio Company(1)	Business Description	Type of Investment(2)(3)	Principal(4)	Cost(4)	Fair Value
Darr Equipment LP(10)	Heavy Equipment Dealer	12% Current / 2% PIK Secured Debt (Maturity April 15, 2020) Warrants (915,734 equivalent units)	21,236	20,828 474 21,302	20,879 10 20,889
Digital River, Inc.(11)	Provider of Outsourced e-Commerce Solutions and Services	LIBOR Plus 6.50% (Floor 1.00%), Current Coupon 7.63%, Secured Debt (Maturity February 12, 2021)(9)	15,184	15,091	15,260
Digital Room LLC(11)	Pure-Play e-Commerce Print Business	LIBOR Plus 6.00% (Floor 1.00%), Current Coupon 7.00%, Secured Debt (Maturity November 21, 2022)(9)	7,530	7,385	7,454
Drilling Info Holdings, Inc.	Information Services for the Oil and Gas Industry	Common Stock (3,788,865 shares)		1,335	10,100
ECP-PF Holdings Group, Inc.(10)	Fitness Club Operator	LIBOR Plus 9.00% (Floor 1.00%), Current Coupon 10.00%, Secured Debt (Maturity November 26, 2019)(9)	5,625	5,592	5,625
EnCap Energy Fund Investments(12)(13)	Investment Partnership	LP Interests (EnCap Energy Capital Fund VIII, L.P.) (Fully diluted 0.1%)(8) LP Interests (EnCap Energy Capital Fund VIII Co-Investors, L.P.) (Fully diluted 0.4%) LP Interests (EnCap Energy Capital Fund IX, L.P.) (Fully diluted 0.1%)(8) LP Interests (EnCap Energy Capital Fund X, L.P.) (Fully diluted 0.1%)(8) LP Interests (EnCap Flatrock Midstream Fund II, L.P.) (Fully diluted 0.8%)(8) LP Interests (EnCap Flatrock Midstream		3,791 2,200 3,908	2,225 1,413 3,696
				3,353 8,757	3,353 9,983
		Fund III, L.P.) (Fully diluted 0.2%)(8)		2,715 24,724	2,716 23,386

MAIN STREET CAPITAL CORPORATION

Consolidated Schedule of Investments (Continued)

March 31, 2017

(dollars in thousands)

Portfolio Company(1)	Business Description	Type of Investment(2)(3)	Principal(4)	Cost(4)	Fair Value
Evergreen Skills Lux S.á r.l. (d/b/a Skillsoft)(11)(13)	Technology-based Performance Support Solutions	LIBOR Plus 8.25% (Floor 1.00%), Current Coupon 9.25%, Secured Debt (Maturity April 28, 2022)(9)	7,000	6,862	4,888
Flavors Holdings Inc.(11)	Global Provider of Flavoring and Sweetening Products and Solutions	LIBOR Plus 5.75% (Floor 1.00%), Current Coupon 6.90%, Secured Debt (Maturity April 3, 2020)(9)	13,661	13,056	11,800
GI KBS Merger Sub LLC(11)	Outsourced Janitorial Services to Retail/Grocery Customers	LIBOR Plus 5.00% (Floor 1.00%), Current Coupon 6.00%, Secured Debt (Maturity October 29, 2021)(9) LIBOR Plus 8.50% (Floor 1.00%), Current Coupon 9.50%, Secured Debt (Maturity April 29, 2022)(9)	6,900 3,800	6,812 3,642 10,454	6,814 3,648 10,462
Grace Hill, LLC(10)	Online Training Tools for the Multi-Family Housing Industry	Prime Plus 5.25% (Floor 1.00%), Current Coupon 9.25%, Secured Debt (Maturity August 15, 2019)(9) LIBOR Plus 6.25% (Floor 1.00%), Current Coupon 7.36%, Secured Debt (Maturity August 15, 2019)(9)	883 11,494	873 11,421 12,294	883 11,494 12,377
Great Circle Family Foods, LLC(10)	Quick Service Restaurant Franchise	LIBOR Plus 6.00% (Floor 1.00%), Current Coupon 7.00%, Secured Debt (Maturity October 28, 2019)(9)	7,547	7,502	7,547
Grupo Hima San Pablo, Inc.(11)	Tertiary Care Hospitals	LIBOR Plus 7.00% (Floor 1.50%), Current Coupon 8.50%, Secured Debt (Maturity January 31, 2018)(9)	4,800	4,780	3,456

13.75% Secured Debt (Maturity Ju 2018)	2,000	1,967	300
		6,747	3,756
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MAIN STREET CAPITAL CORPORATION

Consolidated Schedule of Investments (Continued)

March 31, 2017

(dollars in thousands)

Portfolio Company(1)	Business Description	Type of Investment(2)(3)	Principal(4)	Cost(4)	Fair Value
GST Autoleather, Inc.(11)	Automotive Leather Manufacturer	LIBOR Plus 5.50% (Floor 1.00%), Current Coupon 6.65%, Secured Debt (Maturity July 10, 2020)(9)	14,305	14,188	14,001
Guitar Center, Inc.(11)	Musical Instruments Retailer	6.5% Secured Debt (Maturity April 15, 2019)	15,625	14,863	13,125
Hojeij Branded Foods, LLC(10)	Multi-Airport, Multi- Concept Restaurant Operator	LIBOR Plus 6.50% (Floor 1.00%), Current Coupon 7.50%, Secured Debt (Maturity July 27, 2021)(9)	5,776	5,732	5,776
Hoover Group, Inc.(10)(13)	Provider of Storage Tanks and Related Products to the Energy and Petrochemical Markets	LIBOR Plus 7.25% (Floor 1.00%), Current Coupon 8.30%, Secured Debt (Maturity January 28, 2021)(9)	8,524	7,972	7,928
Hostway Corporation(11)	Managed Services and Hosting Provider	LIBOR Plus 6.75% (Floor 1.25%), Current Coupon 8.00%, Secured Debt (Maturity December 13, 2019)(9)	10,426	10,370	10,215
Hunter Defense Technologies, Inc.(11)	Provider of Military and Commercial Shelters and Systems	LIBOR Plus 6.00% (Floor 1.00%), Current Coupon 7.00%, Secured Debt (Maturity August 5, 2019)(9)	9,400	8,960	8,742
iEnergizer Limited(11)(13)	Provider of Business Outsourcing Solutions	LIBOR Plus 6.00% (Floor 1.25%), Current Coupon 7.25%, Secured Debt (Maturity May 1, 2019)(9)	13,128	12,726	13,079
Indivior Finance LLC(11)(13)	Specialty Pharmaceutical Company Treating Opioid Dependence	LIBOR Plus 6.00% (Floor 1.00%), Current Coupon 7.00%, Secured Debt	3,646	3,490	3,673

(Maturity December 19, 2019)(9)

Industrial Container Services, LLC(10)	Steel Drum Reconditioner	LIBOR Plus 5.75% (Floor 1.00%), Current Coupon 6.75%, Secured Debt (Maturity December 31, 2018)(9)	8,688	8,673	8,688
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MAIN STREET CAPITAL CORPORATION

Consolidated Schedule of Investments (Continued)

March 31, 2017

(dollars in thousands)

Portfolio Company(1)	Business Description	Type of Investment(2)(3)	Principal(4)	Cost(4)	Fair Value
Industrial Services Acquisition, LLC(10)	Industrial Cleaning Services	11.25% Current / 0.75% PIK Unsecured			
		Debt (Maturity December 17, 2022) Member Units (Industrial Services	4,527	4,444	4,444
		Investments, LLC) (900,000 units)		900	810
				5,344	5,254
Infinity Acquisition Finance Corp.(11)	Application Software for Capital Markets				
		7.25% Unsecured Debt (Maturity August 1, 2022)	5,700	5,378	5,216
Inn of the Mountain Gods Resort and Casino(11)	Hotel & Casino Owner & Operator				
		9.25% Secured Debt (Maturity November 30, 2020)	6,249	5,941	5,624
Intertain Group Limited(11)(13)	Business-to-Consumer Online Gaming Operator	LIBOR Plus 6.50% (Floor 1.00%),			
		Current Coupon 7.50%, Secured Debt (Maturity April 8, 2022)(9)	4,301	4,243	4,344
iPayment, Inc.(11)	Provider of Merchant Acquisition	LIBOR Plus 5.25% (Floor 1.50%),			
		Current Coupon 6.75%, Secured Debt (Maturity May 8, 2017)(9)	16,918	16,909	16,833
iQor US Inc.(11)	Business Process Outsourcing Services Provider				
		LIBOR Plus 5.00% (Floor 1.00%), Current Coupon 6.00%, Secured Debt (Maturity April 1, 2021)(9)	9,787	9,653	9,566
irth Solutions, LLC	Provider of Damage Prevention Information				
	Technology Services	Member Units (27,893 units)		1,441	1,920
Jackmont Hospitality, Inc.(10)	Franchisee of Casual Dining Restaurants	LIBOR Plus 4.25% (Floor 1.00%), Current Coupon 5.25% / 2.50% PIK,			
		Current Coupon Plus PIK 7.75%, Secured Debt (Maturity May 26, 2021)(9)	4,473	4,457	4,473

MAIN STREET CAPITAL CORPORATION

Consolidated Schedule of Investments (Continued)

March 31, 2017

(dollars in thousands)

Portfolio Company(1)	Business Description	Type of Investment(2)(3)	Principal(4)	Cost(4)	Fair Value
Joerns Healthcare, LLC(11)	Manufacturer and Distributor of Health Care Equipment & Supplies	LIBOR Plus 6.00% (Floor 1.00%), Current Coupon 7.05% / 0.50% PIK, Current Coupon Plus PIK 7.55%, Secured Debt (Maturity May 9, 2020)(9)	14,617	14,493	13,156
Keypoint Government Solutions, Inc.(11)	Provider of Pre-Employment Screening Services	LIBOR Plus 6.50% (Floor 1.25%), Current Coupon 7.75%, Secured Debt (Maturity November 13, 2017)(9)	5,248	5,236	5,221
LaMi Products, LLC(10)	General Merchandise Distribution	LIBOR Plus 6.50% (Floor 1.00%), Current Coupon 7.62%, Secured Debt (Maturity September 16, 2020)(9)	11,044	10,971	11,044
Larchmont Resources, LLC(11)	Oil & Gas Exploration & Production	LIBOR Plus 9.00% (Floor 1.00%), Current Coupon 10.00%, PIK Secured Debt (Maturity August 7, 2020)(9) Member Units (Larchmont Intermediate Holdco, LLC) (2,828 units)	2,316	2,316 353 2,669	2,308 954 3,262
LKCM Headwater Investments I, L.P.(12)(13)	Investment Partnership	LP Interests (Fully diluted 2.3%)		2,500	3,967
Logix Acquisition Company, LLC(10)	Competitive Local Exchange Carrier	LIBOR Plus 8.28% (Floor 1.00%), Current Coupon 9.28%, Secured Debt (Maturity June 24, 2021)(9)	8,515	8,386	8,515
Looking Glass Investments, LLC(12)(13)	Specialty Consumer Finance	9% Unsecured Debt (Maturity June 30, 2020) Member Units (2.5 units) Member Units (LGI Predictive Analytics LLC) (190,712 units)(8)	188	188 125 132	188 125 132

MAIN STREET CAPITAL CORPORATION

Consolidated Schedule of Investments (Continued)

March 31, 2017

(dollars in thousands)

Portfolio Company(1)	Business Description	Type of Investment(2)(3)	Principal(4)	Cost(4)	Fair Value
Messenger, LLC(10)	Supplier of Specialty Stationery and Related Products to the Funeral Industry	LIBOR Plus 7.25% (Floor 1.00%), Current Coupon 8.25%, Secured Debt (Maturity September 9, 2020)(9)	14,403	14,331	14,403
Minute Key, Inc.	Operator of Automated Key Duplication Kiosks	10% Current / 2% PIK Secured Debt (Maturity September 19, 2019) Warrants (1,437,409 equivalent units)	15,778	15,505 280 15,785	15,505 800 16,305
Mood Media Corporation(11)(13)	Provider of Electronic Equipment	LIBOR Plus 6.00% (Floor 1.00%), Current Coupon 7.15%, Secured Debt (Maturity May 1, 2019)(9)	14,767	14,623	14,700
New Media Holdings II LLC(11)(13)	Local Newspaper Operator	LIBOR Plus 6.25% (Floor 1.00%), Current Coupon 7.25%, Secured Debt (Maturity June 4, 2020)(9)	14,850	14,610	14,775
NNE Partners, LLC(10)	Oil & Gas Exploration & Production	LIBOR Plus 8.00%, Current Coupon 9.07%, Secured Debt (Maturity March 2, 2022)	7,292	7,220	7,220
North American Lifting Holdings, Inc.(11)	Crane Service Provider	LIBOR Plus 4.50% (Floor 1.00%), Current Coupon 5.65%, Secured Debt (Maturity November 27, 2020)(9)	7,805	6,792	7,370
NTM Acquisition Corp.(11)	Provider of B2B Travel Information Content	LIBOR Plus 6.25% (Floor 1.00%), Current Coupon 7.25%, Secured Debt (Maturity June 7, 2022)(9)	4,091	4,035	4,070
Ospemifene Royalty Sub LLC (QuatRx)(10)	Estrogen-Deficiency Drug Manufacturer and Distributor		5,071	5,071	1,779

11.5% Secured Debt (Maturity November 15, 2026)(14)

Consolidated Schedule of Investments (Continued)

March 31, 2017

(dollars in thousands)

(Unaudited)

Portfolio Company(1)	Business Description	Type of Investment(2)(3)	Principal(4)	Cost(4)	Fair Value
Pardus Oil and Gas, LLC(11)	Oil & Gas Exploration & Production	13% PIK Secured Debt (Maturity November 12, 2021) 5% PIK Secured Debt (Maturity May 13, 2022) Member Units (2,472 units)	1,928 1,004	1,928 1,004 2,472 5,404	1,809 489 2,298
Paris Presents Incorporated(11)	Branded Cosmetic and Bath Accessories	LIBOR Plus 8.75% (Floor 1.00%), Current Coupon 9.75%, Secured Debt (Maturity December 31, 2021)(9)	2,000	1,970	1,960
Parq Holdings Limited Partnership(11)(13)	Hotel & Casino Operator	LIBOR Plus 7.50% (Floor 1.00%), Current Coupon 8.50%, Secured Debt (Maturity December 17, 2020)(9)	7,500	7,399	7,481
Permian Holdco 2, Inc.(11)	Storage Tank Manufacturer	14% PIK Unsecured Debt (Maturity October 15, 2021) Preferred Stock (Permian Holdco 1, Inc.) (154,558 units) Common Stock (Permian Holdco 1, Inc.) (154,558 units)	205	205 799 1,004	205 799 1,004
Pernix Therapeutics Holdings, Inc.(10)	Pharmaceutical Royalty	12% Secured Debt (Maturity August 1, 2020)	3,214	3,214	1,151
Pike Corporation(11)	Construction and Maintenance Services for Electric Transmission and Distribution Infrastructure	LIBOR Plus 8.00% (Floor 1.00%), Current Coupon 9.00%, Secured Debt (Maturity September 10, 2024)(9)	3,000	2,970	3,053
Point.360(10)	Fully Integrated Provider of Digital Media Services	Warrants (65,463 equivalent shares) Common Stock (163,658 shares)		69 273	34

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MAIN STREET CAPITAL CORPORATION

Consolidated Schedule of Investments (Continued)

March 31, 2017

(dollars in thousands)

(Unaudited)

Portfolio Company(1)	Business Description	Type of Investment(2)(3)	Principal(4)	Cost(4)	Fair Value
PPC/SHIFT LLC(10)	Provider of Digital Solutions to Automotive Industry	LIBOR Plus 6.00% (Floor 1.00%),			
		Current Coupon 7.00%, Secured Debt (Maturity December 22, 2021)(9)	6,956	6,815	6,815
Prowler Acquisition Corp.(11)	Specialty Distributor to the Energy Sector	LIBOR Plus 4.50% (Floor 1.00%), Current Coupon 5.65%, Secured Debt (Maturity January 28, 2020)(9)	10,706	8,942	8,832
PT Network, LLC(10)	Provider of Outpatient Physical Therapy and Sports Medicine Services	LIBOR Plus 6.50% (Floor 1.00%), Current Coupon 7.55%, Secured Debt (Maturity November 30, 2021)(9)	17,700	17,465	17,465
QBS Parent, Inc.(11)	Provider of Software and Services to the Oil & Gas Industry	LIBOR Plus 4.75% (Floor 1.00%), Current Coupon 5.75%, Secured Debt (Maturity August 7, 2021)(9)	11,245	11,176	10,908
Raley's(11)	Family-Owned Supermarket Chain	LIBOR Plus 6.25% (Floor 1.00%), Current Coupon 7.25%, Secured Debt (Maturity May 18, 2022)(9)	4,160	4,093	4,197
Redbox Automated Retail, LLC(11)	Operator of Home Media Entertainment Kiosks	LIBOR Plus 7.50% (Floor 1.00%), Current Coupon 8.50%, Secured Debt (Maturity September 27, 2021)(9)	13,125	12,754	13,141
Renaissance Learning, Inc.(11)	Technology-based K-12 Learning Solutions	LIBOR Plus 7.00% (Floor 1.00%), Current Coupon 8.15%, Secured Debt (Maturity April 11, 2022)(9)	3,000	2,979	2,999
RGL Reservoir Operations Inc.(11)(13)	Oil & Gas Equipment and Services	LIBOR Plus 5.00% (Floor 1.00%), Current Coupon 6.00%, Secured Debt (Maturity August 13, 2021)(9)	3,910	3,830	1,036

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MAIN STREET CAPITAL CORPORATION

Consolidated Schedule of Investments (Continued)

March 31, 2017

(dollars in thousands)

(Unaudited)

Portfolio Company(1)	Business Description	Type of Investment(2)(3)	Principal(4)	Cost(4)	Fair Value
RM Bidder, LLC(10)	Scripted and Unscripted TV and Digital Programming Provider	Warrants (327,532 equivalent units) Member Units (2,779 units)		425 46 471	33 33
SAExploration, Inc.(10)(13)	Geophysical Services Provider	Common Stock (50 shares)		65	
SAFETY Investment Holdings, LLC	Provider of Intelligent Driver Record Monitoring Software and Services	Member Units (2,000,000 units)		2,000	2,000
Salient Partners L.P.(11)	Provider of Asset Management Services	LIBOR Plus 8.50% (Floor 1.00%), Current Coupon 9.50%, Secured Debt (Maturity June 9, 2021)(9)	10,812	10,554	10,379
School Specialty, Inc.(11)	Distributor of Education Supplies and Furniture	LIBOR Plus 8.50% (Floor 1.00%), Current Coupon 9.50%, Secured Debt (Maturity June 11, 2019)(9)	5,456	5,388	5,469
Sigma Electric Manufacturing Corporation(10)(13)	Manufacturer and Distributor of Electrical Fittings and Parts	LIBOR Plus 7.25% (Floor 1.00%), Current Coupon 8.25%, Secured Debt (Maturity October 13, 2021)(9)	12,500	12,212	12,212
SG Acquisition Inc.(11)	Finance and Insurance Services to the Automotive Industry	LIBOR Plus 5.00% (Floor 1.00%), Current Coupon 6.00%, Secured Debt (Maturity March 30, 2024)(9)	4,875	4,729	4,802
Sorenson Communications, Inc.(11)	Manufacturer of Communication Products for Hearing Impaired	LIBOR Plus 5.75% (Floor 2.25%), Current Coupon 8.00%, Secured Debt (Maturity April 30, 2020)(9)	13,337	13,254	13,387

9% Secured Debt (Maturity October 31, 2020)	3,000	2,805 16,059	2,790 16,177
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MAIN STREET CAPITAL CORPORATION

Consolidated Schedule of Investments (Continued)

March 31, 2017

(dollars in thousands)

(Unaudited)

Portfolio Company(1)	Business Description	Type of Investment(2)(3)	Principal(4)	Cost(4)	Fair Value
Strike, LLC(11)	Pipeline Construction and Maintenance Services	LIBOR Plus 8.00% (Floor 1.00%), Current Coupon 9.00%, Secured Debt (Maturity November 30, 2022)(9)	10,000	9,682	10,167
Subsea Global Solutions, LLC(10)	Underwater Maintenance and Repair Services	LIBOR Plus 6.00% (Floor 1.50%), Current Coupon 7.50%, Secured Debt (Maturity March 17, 2020)(9)	7,429	7,365	7,397
Synagro Infrastructure Company, Inc(11)	Waste Management Services	LIBOR Plus 5.25% (Floor 1.00%), Current Coupon 6.40%, Secured Debt (Maturity August 22, 2020)(9)	4,714	4,662	4,348
Targus International, LLC(11)	Distributor of Protective Cases for Mobile Devices	15% PIK Secured Debt (Maturity December 31, 2019) Common Stock (Targus Cayman HoldCo Limited) (249,614 shares)(13)	1,182	1,182 2,555 3,737	1,182 440 1,622
TE Holdings, LLC(11)	Oil & Gas Exploration & Production	Member Units (97,048 units)		970	691
TeleGuam Holdings, LLC(11)	Cable and Telecom Services Provider	LIBOR Plus 4.00% (Floor 1.25%), Current Coupon 5.25%, Secured Debt (Maturity December 10, 2018)(9) LIBOR Plus 7.50% (Floor 1.25%), Current Coupon 8.75%, Secured Debt (Maturity June 10, 2019)(9)	7,602 10,500	7,594 10,447 18,041	7,607 10,526 18,133
TMC Merger Sub Corp.(11)	Refractory & Maintenance Services Provider	LIBOR Plus 6.25% (Floor 1.00%), Current Coupon 7.25%, Secured Debt (Maturity October 31, 2022)(9)	14,922	14,778	14,922

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Consolidated Schedule of Investments (Continued)

March 31, 2017

(dollars in thousands)

(Unaudited)

Portfolio Company(1)	Business Description	Type of Investment(2)(3)	Principal(4)	Cost(4)	Fair Value
TOMS Shoes, LLC(11)	Global Designer, Distributor, and Retailer of Casual Footwear	LIBOR Plus 5.50% (Floor 1.00%), Current Coupon 6.55%, Secured Debt (Maturity October 30, 2020)(9)	4,900	4,573	3,315
Truck Bodies and Equipment International, Inc.(10)	Manufacturer of Dump Truck Bodies and Dump Trailers	LIBOR Plus 7.50% (Floor 1.00%), Current Coupon 8.50%, Secured Debt (Maturity March 31, 2021)(9)	20,564	20,201	20,564
Turning Point Brands, Inc.(10)(13)	Marketer/Distributor of Tobacco Products	LIBOR Plus 6.00% (Floor 1.00%), Current Coupon 7.15%, Secured Debt (Maturity May 17, 2022)(9)	8,500	8,417	8,479
TVG-I-E CMN ACQUISITION, LLC(10)	Organic Lead Generation for Online Postsecondary Schools	LIBOR Plus 6.00% (Floor 1.00%), Current Coupon 7.00%, Secured Debt (Maturity November 3, 2021)(9)	6,419	6,299	6,299
Tweddle Group, Inc.(11)	Provider of Technical Information Services to Automotive OEMs	LIBOR Plus 6.00% (Floor 1.00%), Current Coupon 7.00%, Secured Debt (Maturity October 21, 2022)(9)	8,356	8,197	8,418
US Joiner Holding Company(11)	Marine Interior Design and Installation	LIBOR Plus 6.00% (Floor 1.00%), Current Coupon 7.00%, Secured Debt (Maturity April 16, 2020)(9)	11,484	11,411	11,427
U.S. TelePacific Corp.(10)	Provider of Communications and Managed Services	LIBOR Plus 8.50% (Floor 1.00%), Current Coupon 9.62%, Secured Debt (Maturity February 24, 2021)(9)	7,500	7,383	7,500
VCVH Holding Corp. (Verisk)(11)	Healthcare Technology Services Focused on Revenue Maximization		1,500	1,465	1,489

LIBOR Plus 9.25% (Floor 1.00%), Current Coupon 10.40%, Secured Debt (Maturity June 1, 2024)(9)

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MAIN STREET CAPITAL CORPORATION

Consolidated Schedule of Investments (Continued)

March 31, 2017

(dollars in thousands)

(Unaudited)

Portfolio Company(1)	Business Description	Type of Investment(2)(3)	Principal(4)	Cost(4)	Fair Value
VIP Cinema Holdings, Inc.(11)	Supplier of Luxury Seating to the Cinema Industry	LIBOR Plus 6.00% (Floor 1.00%), Current Coupon 7.00%, Secured Debt (Maturity March 1, 2023)(9)	10,000	9,951	10,118
Virtex Enterprises, LP(10)	Specialty, Full-Service Provider of Complex Electronic Manufacturing Services	12% Secured Debt (Maturity December 27, 2018) Preferred Class A Units (14 units; 5% cumulative)(8) Warrants (11 equivalent units)	1,667	1,571 333 186 2,090	1,571 773 351 2,695
Vistar Media, Inc.(10)	Operator of Digital Out-of-Home Advertising Platform	LIBOR Plus 10.00% (Floor 1.00%), Current Coupon 11.06%, Secured Debt (Maturity February 16, 2022)(9) Warrants (64,025 equivalent shares)	4,500	4,089 331 4,420	4,089 331 4,420
Wellnext, LLC(10)	Manufacturer of Supplements and Vitamins	LIBOR Plus 9.00% (Floor 0.50%), Current Coupon 10.00%, Secured Debt (Maturity May 23, 2021)(9)	9,994	9,908	9,994
Western Dental Services, Inc.(11)	Dental Care Services	LIBOR Plus 6.50% (Floor 1.00%), Current Coupon 7.50%, Secured Debt (Maturity November 1, 2018)(9)	4,904	4,903	4,891
Wilton Brands LLC(11)	Specialty Housewares Retailer	LIBOR Plus 7.25% (Floor 1.25%), Current Coupon 8.50%, Secured Debt (Maturity August 30, 2018)(9)	1,147	1,142	1,120
Worley Claims Services, LLC(10)	Insurance Adjustment Management and Services Provider				

		LIBOR Plus 8.00% (Floor 1.00%), Current Coupon 9.00%, Secured Debt (Maturity October 31, 2020)(9)	6,354	6,312	6,354
YP Holdings LLC(11)	Online and Offline Advertising Operator	LIBOR Plus 11.00% (Floor 1.25%), Current Coupon 12.25%, Secured Debt (Maturity June 4, 2018)(9) S-77	14,785	14,438	14,756

MAIN STREET CAPITAL CORPORATION

Consolidated Schedule of Investments (Continued)

March 31, 2017

(dollars in thousands)

(Unaudited)

Portfolio Company(1)	Business Description	Type of Investment(2)(3)	Principal(4)	Cost(4)	Fair Value
Zilliant Incorporated	Price Optimization and Margin Management Solutions				
		Preferred Stock (186,777 shares)		154	260
		Warrants (952,500 equivalent shares)		1,071	1,190
				1,225	1,450
Subtotal Non-Control/Non-Affiliate Investments (50.1% of total investments at fair value) \$ 1,010,8					\$ 992,115
Total Portfolio Investments, March 3	31, 2017			\$ 1,876,476	\$ 1,979,378

(1)

(3)

(4)

All investments are Lower Middle Market portfolio investments, unless otherwise noted. See Note B for a description of Lower Middle Market portfolio investments. All of the Company's investments, unless otherwise noted, are encumbered either as security for the Company's Credit Agreement or in support of the SBA-guaranteed debentures issued by the Funds.

- (2) Debt investments are income producing, unless otherwise noted. Equity and warrants are non-income producing, unless otherwise noted.
 - See Note C for a summary of geographic location of portfolio companies.
- Principal is net of repayments. Cost is net of repayments and accumulated unearned income.
- (5) Control investments are defined by the Investment Company Act of 1940, as amended ("1940 Act") as investments in which more than 25% of the voting securities are owned or where the ability to nominate greater than 50% of the board representation is maintained.
- (6) Affiliate investments are defined by the 1940 Act as investments in which between 5% and 25% of the voting securities are owned and the investments are not classified as Control investments.

Non-Control/Non-Affiliate investments are defined by the 1940 Act as investments that are neither Control investments nor Affiliate investments.

Income producing through dividends or distributions.

(9)

(7)

(8)

Index based floating interest rate is subject to contractual minimum interest rate. A majority of the variable rate loans in the Company's investment portfolio bear interest at a rate that may be determined by reference to either LIBOR or an alternate Base Rate (commonly based on the Federal Funds Rate or the Prime Rate), which typically resets semi-annually, quarterly, or monthly at the borrower's option. The borrower may also elect to have

multiple interest reset periods for each loan. For each such loan, the Company has provided the weighted average annual stated interest rate in effect at March 31, 2017. As noted in this schedule, 62% (based on the par amount of the loans) of the loans contain LIBOR floors which range between 0.50% and 2.25%, with a weighted-average LIBOR floor of approximately 1.04%.

(17)	Maturity date is under on-going negotiations with the portfolio company and other lenders, if applicable.
(16)	External Investment Manager. Investment is not encumbered as security for the Company's Credit Agreement or in support of the SBA-guaranteed debentures issued by the Funds.
(15)	Portfolio company is in a bankruptcy process and, as such, the maturity date of our debt investments in this portfolio company will not be finally determined until such process is complete. As noted in footnote (14), our debt investments in this portfolio company are on non-accrual status.
(14)	Non-accrual and non-income producing investment.
(13)	Investment is not a qualifying asset as defined under Section 55(a) of the 1940 Act. Qualifying assets must represent at least 70% of total assets at the time of acquisition of any additional non-qualifying assets.
(12)	Other Portfolio investment. See Note B for a description of Other Portfolio investments.
(11)	Middle Market portfolio investment. See Note B for a description of Middle Market portfolio investments.
(10)	Private Loan portfolio investment. See Note B for a description of Private Loan portfolio investments.

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Consolidated Schedule of Investments

Portfolio Company(1)	Business Description	Type of Investment(2)(3)	Principal(4)	Cost(4)	Fair Value
Control Investments(5)					
Access Media Holdings, LLC(10)	Private Cable Operator	5% Current / 5% PIK Secured Debt (Maturity July 22, 2020) Preferred Member Units (6,581,250 units; 12% cumulative) Member Units (45 units)	\$ 22,664	\$ 22,664 6,475 1 29,140	\$ 19,700 240 19,940
Ameritech College Operations, LLC	For-Profit Nursing and			29,140	19,940
Ameriteen conege Operations, EEC	Healthcare College	10% Secured Debt (Maturity November 30, 2019) 13% Secured Debt (Maturity November 30, 2019) 13% Secured Debt (Maturity January 31, 2020) Preferred Member Units (294 units)	514 489 3,025	514 489 3,025 2,291 6,319	514 489 3,025 2,291 6,319
ASC Interests, LLC	Recreational and				
	Educational Shooting Facility	11% Secured Debt (Maturity July 31, 2018) Member Units (1,500 units)(8)	2,100	2,084 1,500 3,584	2,100 2,680 4,780
Bond-Coat, Inc.	Casing and Tubing				
	Coating Services	12% Secured Debt (Maturity December 28, 2017) Common Stock (57,508 shares)	11,596	11,556 6,350	11,596 6,660
				17,906	18,256
Café Brazil, LLC	Casual Restaurant Group	Member Units (1,233 units)(8)		1,742	6,040
CBT Nuggets, LLC	Produces and Sells IT Training Certification Videos				
		Member Units (416 units)(8)		1,300	55,480
		S-79			

Consolidated Schedule of Investments (Continued)

Portfolio Company(1)	Business Description	Type of Investment(2)(3)	Principal(4)	Cost(4)	Fair Value
Clad-Rex Steel, LLC	Specialty Manufacturer of Vinyl-Clad Metal	LIBOR Plus 9.50% (Floor 1.00%), Current Coupon 10.50%, Secured Debt (Maturity December 20, 2018)(9) LIBOR Plus 9.50% (Floor 1.00%), Current Coupon 10.50%, Secured Debt (Maturity December 20, 2021)(9) Member Units (717 units) 10% Secured Debt (Clad-Rex Steel RE Investor, LLC) (Maturity December 20, 2036) Member Units (Clad-Rex Steel RE Investor, LLC) (800 units)	400 14,080 1,202	396 13,941 7,280 1,190 210 23,017	396 13,941 7,280 1,190 210 23,017
CMS Minerals Investments	Oil & Gas Exploration & Production	Preferred Member Units (CMS Minerals LLC) (458 units)(8) Member Units (CMS Minerals II, LLC) (100 units)(8)		2,104 3,829 5,933	3,682 3,381 7,063
Datacom, LLC	Technology and Telecommunications Provider	8% Secured Debt (Maturity May 30, 2017) 5.25% Current / 5.25% PIK Secured Debt (Maturity May 30, 2019) Class A Preferred Member Units (15% cumulative) Class B Preferred Member Units (6,453 units)	900 11,713	900 11,651 1,181 6,030 19,762	900 11,049 1,368 1,529 14,846
Gamber-Johnson Holdings, LLC	Manufacturer of Ruggedized Computer Mounting Systems	LIBOR Plus 11.00% (Floor 1.00%), Current Coupon 12.00%, Secured Debt (Maturity June 24, 2021)(9) Member Units (8,619 units)	24,080	23,846 14,844 38,690	23,846 18,920 42,766
Garreco, LLC	Manufacturer and Supplier of Dental Products				

14% Secured Debt (Maturity January 12,			
2018)	5,250	5,219	5,21
Member Units (1,200 units)		1,200	1,15
		6,419	6,36
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Consolidated Schedule of Investments (Continued)

Portfolio Company(1)	Business Description	Type of Investment(2)(3)	Principal(4)	Cost(4)	Fair Value
GRT Rubber Technologies LLC	Manufacturer of Engineered Rubber Products	LIBOR Plus 9.00% (Floor 1.00%), Current Coupon 10.00%, Secured Debt (Maturity December 19, 2019)(9) Member Units (5,879 units)(8)	13,274	13,188 13,065 26,253	13,274 20,310 33,584
Gulf Manufacturing, LLC	Manufacturer of Specialty Fabricated Industrial Piping Products	9% PIK Secured Debt (Ashland Capital IX, LLC) (Maturity June 30, 2017) Member Units (438 units)(8)	777	777 2,980 3,757	777 8,770 9,547
Gulf Publishing Holdings, LLC	Energy Industry Focused Media and Publishing	12.5% Secured Debt (Maturity April 29, 2021) Member Units (3,124 units)	10,000	9,911 3,124 13,035	9,911 3,124 13,035
Harrison Hydra-Gen, Ltd.	Manufacturer of Hydraulic Generators	Common Stock (107,456 shares)(8)		718	3,120
Hawthorne Customs and Dispatch Services, LLC	Facilitator of Import Logistics, Brokerage, and Warehousing	Member Units (500 units) Member Units (Wallisville Real Estate, LLC) (588,210 units)(8)		589 1,215 1,804	280 2,040 2,320
HW Temps LLC	Temporary Staffing Solutions	LIBOR Plus 13.00% (Floor 1.00%), Current Coupon 14.00%, Secured Debt (Maturity July 2, 2020)(9) Preferred Member Units (3,200 units)(8)	10,576	10,500 3,942 14,442	10,500 3,940 14,440
Hydratec, Inc.	Designer and Installer of Micro-Irrigation Systems	Common Stock (7,095 shares)(8)		7,095	15,640

IDX Broker, LLC	Provider of Marketing and CRM Tools for the Real Estate Industry				
		12.5% Secured Debt			
		(Maturity November 15, 2018)	10,950	10,904	10,950
		Member Units (5,400 units)(8)		5,606	7,040
				16,510	17,990
		S-81			

Consolidated Schedule of Investments (Continued)

Portfolio Company(1)	Business Description	Type of Investment(2)(3)	Principal(4)	Cost(4)	Fair Value
Indianapolis Aviation Partners, LLC	Fixed Base Operator	15% Secured Debt (Maturity January 15, 2017) Warrants (1,046 equivalent units)	3,100	3,100 1,129	3,100 2,649
				4,229	5,749
Jensen Jewelers of Idaho, LLC	Retail Jewelry Store	Prime Plus 6.75% (Floor 2.00%), Current Coupon 10.25%, Secured Debt (Maturity November 14, 2019)(9) Member Units (627 units)(8)	4,055	3,996 811 4,807	4,055 4,460 8,515
Lamb Ventures, LLC	Aftermarket Automotive Services Chain	 11% Secured Debt (Maturity May 31, 2018) Preferred Equity (non-voting) Member Units (742 units)(8) 9.5% Secured Debt (Lamb's Real Estate Investment I, LLC) (Maturity December 31, 2041) 	7,657	7,657 400 5,273 1,170	7,657 400 5,990 1,170
		Member Units (Lamb's Real Estate Investment I, LLC) (1,000 units)(8)	-,	625 15,125	1,340 16,557
Lighting Unlimited, LLC	Commercial and Residential Lighting Products and Design Services	8% Secured Debt (Maturity August 22, 2017) Preferred Equity (non-voting) Warrants (71 equivalent units) Member Units (700 units)	1,514	1,514 434 54 100 2,102	1,514 410 1,924
Marine Shelters Holdings, LLC	Fabricator of Marine and Industrial Shelters	12% PIK Secured Debt (Maturity December 28, 2017)(14) Preferred Member Units (3,810 units)	9,967	9,914 5,352 15,266	9,387 9,387
MH Corbin Holding LLC	Manufacturer and Distributor of Traffic Safety Products		13,300	13,197	13,197

10% Secured Debt (Maturity August 31, 2020) Preferred Member Units (4,000 shares)	6,000	6,000
	19,197	19,197

Consolidated Schedule of Investments (Continued)

December 31, 2016 (dollars in thousands)

Portfolio Company(1)	Business Description	Type of Investment(2)(3)	Principal(4)	Cost(4)	Fair Value
Mid-Columbia Lumber Products, LLC	Manufacturer of Finger-Jointed Lumber Products	10% Secured Debt			
		(Maturity December 18, 2017) 12% Secured Debt (Maturity December 18, 2017)	1,750 3,900	1,750 3,900	1,750 3,900
	Member Units (3,554 units) 9.5% Secured Debt (Mid-Columbia Real		1,810	2,480	
		Estate, LLC) (Maturity May 13, 2025) Member Units (Mid-Columbia Real Estate, LLC) (250 units)(8)	836	836 250	836 600
		Laure, LLC) (250 dints)(0)		8,546	9,566
MSC Adviser I, LLC(16)	Third Party Investment Advisory Services	Member Units (Fully diluted 100.0%)(8)			30,617
Mystic Logistics Holdings, LLC	Logistics and Distribution Services Provider for Large Volume Mailers	12% Secured Debt (Maturity August 15, 2019) Common Stock (5,873 shares)	9,176	9,053 2,720 11,773	9,176 5,780 14,956
NAPCO Precast, LLC	Precast Concrete Manufacturing	Prime Plus 2.00% (Floor 7.00%), Current Coupon 9.00%, Secured Debt (Maturity February 1, 2019)(9) 18% Secured Debt (Maturity February 1, 2019) Member Units (2,955 units)(8)	2,713 3,952	2,693 3,922 2,975 9,590	2,713 3,952 10,920 17,585
NRI Clinical Research, LLC	Clinical Research Service Provider	LIBOR Plus 6.50% (Floor 1.50%), Current Coupon 8.00%, Secured Debt (Maturity September 8, 2017)(9) 14% Secured Debt (Maturity September 8, 2017) Warrants (251,723 equivalent units) Member Units (1,454,167 units)	200 4,261	200 4,228 252 765 5,445	200 4,261 680 2,462 7,603

NRP Jones, LLC

Manufacturer of Fittings and Ass				
-	6% Current / 6% PIK Secured Debt			
	(Maturity December 22, 2016)(17)	13,915	13,915	13,915
	Warrants (14,331 equivalent units)		817	130
	Member Units (50,877 units)		2,900	410
			17,632	14,455
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Consolidated Schedule of Investments (Continued)

Portfolio Company(1)	Business Description	Type of Investment(2)(3)	Principal(4)	Cost(4)	Fair Value
OMi Holdings, Inc.	Manufacturer of Overhead Cranes	Common Stock (1,500 shares)(8)		1,080	13,080
Pegasus Research Group, LLC	Provider of Telemarketing and Data Services	Member Units (460 units)(8)		1,290	8,620
PPL RVs, Inc.	Recreational Vehicle Dealer	LIBOR Plus 7.00% (Floor 0.50%), Current Coupon 7.93%, Secured Debt (Maturity November 15, 2021)(9) Common Stock (1,962 shares)(8)	18,000	17,826 2,150 19,976	17,826 11,780 29,606
Principle Environmental, LLC	Noise Abatement Service Provider	12% Secured Debt (Maturity April 30, 2017) 12% Current / 2% PIK Secured Debt (Maturity April 30, 2017) Preferred Member Units (19,631 units) Warrants (1,036 equivalent units)	4,060 3,378	4,060 3,378 4,663 1,200 13,301	4,060 3,378 5,370 270 13,078
Quality Lease Service, LLC	Provider of Rigsite Accommodation Unit Rentals and Related Services	8% PIK Secured Debt (Maturity June 8, 2020) Member Units (1,000 units)	7,068	7,068 1,118 8,186	7,068 3,188 10,256
River Aggregates, LLC	Processor of Construction Aggregates	Zero Coupon Secured Debt (Maturity June 30, 2018) Member Units (1,150 units)(8) Member Units (RA Properties, LLC) (1,500 units)	750	627 1,150 369 2,146	627 4,600 2,510 7,737
SoftTouch Medical Holdings LLC	Provider of In-Home Pediatric Durable Medical Equipment		7,140	7,096	7,140

LIBOR Plus 9.00% (Floor 1.00%), Current Coupon 10.00%, Secured Debt (Maturity October 31, 2019)(9) Member Units (4,450 units)(8)	4,930	9,170
	12,026	16,310
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Consolidated Schedule of Investments (Continued)

Portfolio Company(1)	Business Description	Type of Investment(2)(3)	Principal(4)	Cost(4)	Fair Value
The MPI Group, LLC	Manufacturer of Custom Hollow Metal Doors, Frames and Accessories	9% Secured Debt (Maturity October 2, 2018) Series A Preferred Units (2,500 units; 10% Cumulative) Warrants (1,424 equivalent units) Member Units (MPI Real Estate Holdings, LLC) (100 units)(8)	2,924	2,922 2,500 1,096 2,300 8,818	2,922 2,300 5,222
Uvalco Supply, LLC	Farm and Ranch Supply Store	9% Secured Debt (Maturity January 1, 2019) Member Units (2,011 units)(8)	872	872 3,843 4,715	872 4,640 5,512
Vision Interests, Inc.	Manufacturer / Installer of Commercial Signage	13% Secured Debt (Maturity December 23, 2018) Series A Preferred Stock (3,000,000 shares) Common Stock (1,126,242 shares)	2,814	2,814 3,000 3,706 9,520	2,814 3,000 5,814
Ziegler's NYPD, LLC	Casual Restaurant Group	 6.5% Secured Debt (Maturity October 1, 2019) 12% Secured Debt (Maturity October 1, 2019) 14% Secured Debt (Maturity October 1, 2019) Warrants (587 equivalent units) Preferred Member Units (10,072 units) 	1,000 300 2,750	994 300 2,750 600 2,834 7,478	994 300 2,750 240 4,100 8,384
Subtotal Control Investments (29.8% of	f total investments at fair v	alue)	\$	439,674	\$ 594,282

MAIN STREET CAPITAL CORPORATION

Consolidated Schedule of Investments (Continued)

Portfolio Company(1)	Business Description	Type of Investment(2)(3)	Principal(4)	Cost(4)	Fair Value
Affiliate Investments(6)					
AFG Capital Group, LLC	Provider of Rent-to-Own Financing Solutions and Services	Warrants (42 equivalent units) Member Units (186 units)(8)		\$ 259 1,200 1,459	\$ 670 2,750 3,420
Barfly Ventures, LLC(10)	Casual Restaurant Group	12% Secured Debt (Maturity August 31, 2020) Options (2 equivalent units) Warrant (1 equivalent unit)	5,958	5,860 397 473 6,730	5,827 490 280 6,597
3BB Tank Services, LLC	Maintenance, Repair and Construction Services to the Above-Ground Storage Tank Market	LIBOR Plus 9.50% (Floor 1.00%), Current Coupon 10.50%, Secured Debt (Maturity April 8, 2021)(9) 15% Current Secured Debt (Maturity April 8, 2021) Member Units (800,000 units)	800 4,027	797 3,991 800 5,588	797 3,991 800 5,588
Boss Industries, LLC	Manufacturer and Distributor of Air, Power and Other Industrial Equipment	Preferred Member Units (2,242 units)(8)		2,426	2,800
Bridge Capital Solutions Corporation	Financial Services and Cash Flow Solutions Provider	 13% Secured Debt (Maturity July 25, 2021) Warrants (63 equivalent shares) 13% Secured Debt (Mercury Service Group, LLC) (Maturity July 25, 2021) Preferred Member Units (Mercury Service Group, LLC) (17,742 units)(8) 	7,500 1,000	5,610 2,132 991 1,000 9,733	5,610 3,370 1,000 1,000 10,980
Buca C, LLC	Casual Restaurant Group	LIBOR Plus 7.25% (Floor 1.00%), Current Coupon 8.25%, Secured Debt	22,671	22,504	22,671

(Maturity June 30, 2020)(9) Preferred Member Units (6 units; 6% cumulative)(8)	3,937 26,441	4,660 27,331
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MAIN STREET CAPITAL CORPORATION

Consolidated Schedule of Investments (Continued)

Portfolio Company(1)	Business Description	Type of Investment(2)(3)	Principal(4)	Cost(4)	Fair Value
CAI Software LLC	Provider of Specialized Enterprise Resource Planning Software	12% Secured Debt (Maturity October 10, 2019) Member Units (65,356 units)(8)	3,683	3,660 654 4,314	3,683 2,480 6,163
CapFusion, LLC(13)	Non-Bank Lender to Small Businesses	13% Secured Debt (Maturity March 25, 2021) Warrants (1,600 equivalent units)	14,400	13,202 1,200 14,402	13,202 1,200 14,402
Chandler Signs Holdings, LLC(10)	Sign Manufacturer	12% Secured Debt (Maturity July 4, 2021) Class A Units (1,500,000 units)(8)	4,500	4,461 1,500 5,961	4,500 3,240 7,740
Condit Exhibits, LLC	Tradeshow Exhibits / Custom Displays Provider	Member Units (3,936 units)(8)		100	1,840
Congruent Credit Opportunities Funds(12)(13)	Investment Partnership	LP Interests (Congruent Credit Opportunities Fund II, LP) (Fully diluted 19.8%)(8) LP Interests (Congruent Credit Opportunities Fund III, LP) (Fully diluted 17.4%)(8)		5,730 15,754 21,484	1,518 16,181 17,699
Daseke, Inc.	Specialty Transportation Provider	12% Current / 2.5% PIK Secured Debt (Maturity July 31, 2018) Common Stock (19,467 shares)	21,799	21,632 5,213 26,845	21,799 24,063 45,862
Dos Rios Partners(12)(13)	Investment Partnership	LP Interests (Dos Rios Partners, LP) (Fully diluted 20.2%) LP Interests (Dos Rios Partners A, LP) (Fully diluted 6.4%)		5,996 1,904	4,925 1,444

			7,900	6,369
Dos Rios Stone Products LLC(10)	Limestone and Sandstone Dimension Cut Stone Mining Quarries	Class A Units (2,000,000 units)(8)	2,000	2,070
East Teak Fine Hardwoods, Inc.	Distributor of Hardwood Products	Common Stock (6,250 shares)(8) S-87	480	860

Consolidated Schedule of Investments (Continued)

Portfolio Company(1)	Business Description	Type of Investment(2)(3)	Principal(4)	Cost(4)	Fair Value
East West Copolymer & Rubber, LLC	Manufacturer of Synthetic Rubbers	12% Current / 2% PIK Secured Debt (Maturity October 17, 2019) Warrants (2,510,790 equivalent units)	9,699	9,591 50 9,641	8,630 8,630
EIG Fund Investments(12)(13)	Investment Partnership	LP Interests (EIG Global Private Debt fund-A, L.P.) (Fully diluted 11.1%)(8)		2,804	2,804
EIG Traverse Co-Investment, L.P.(12)(13)	Investment Partnership	LP Interests (Fully diluted 22.2%)(8)		9,805	9,905
Freeport Financial Funds(12)(13)	Investment Partnership	LP Interests (Freeport Financial SBIC Fund LP) (Fully diluted 9.3%)(8) LP Interests (Freeport First Lien Loan Fund III LP) (Fully diluted 6.0%)(8)		5,974 4,763 10,737	5,620 4,763 10,383
Gault Financial, LLC (RMB Capital, LLC)	Purchases and Manages Collection of Healthcare and other Business Receivables	10% Current Secured Debt (Maturity January 1, 2019) Warrants (29,025 equivalent units)	13,046	13,046 400 13,446	11,079 11,079
Glowpoint, Inc.	Provider of Cloud Managed Video Collaboration Services	12% Secured Debt (Maturity October 18, 2018) Common Stock (7,711,517 shares)	9,000	8,949 3,958 12,907	3,997 2,080 6,077
Guerdon Modular Holdings, Inc.	Multi-Family and Commercial Modular Construction Company	9% Current / 4% PIK Secured Debt (Maturity August 13, 2019) Preferred Stock (404,998 shares) Common Stock (212,033 shares)	10,708	10,594 1,140 2,983 14,717	10,594 1,140 80 11,814

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Consolidated Schedule of Investments (Continued)

Portfolio Company(1)	Business Description	Type of Investment(2)(3)	Principal(4)	Cost(4)	Fair Value
Hawk Ridge Systems, LLC(13)	Value-Added Reseller of Engineering Design and Manufacturing Solutions	10% Secured Debt (Maturity December 2, 2021) Preferred Member Units (226 units)(8) Preferred Member Units (HRS Services, ULC) (226 units)	10,000	9,901 2,850 150 12,901	9,901 2,850 150 12,901
Houston Plating and Coatings, LLC	Provider of Plating and Industrial Coating Services	Member Units (265,756 units)		1,429	4,000
I-45 SLF LLC(12)(13)	Investment Partnership	Member units (Fully diluted 20.0%; 24.4% profits interest)(8)		14,200	14,586
Indianhead Pipeline Services, LLC	Provider of Pipeline Support Services	 12% Secured Debt (Maturity February 6, 2017) Preferred Member Units (33,819 units; 8% cumulative)(8) Warrants (31,928 equivalent units) Member Units (14,732 units) 	5,100	5,079 2,339 459 1 7,878	5,079 2,677 7,756
KBK Industries, LLC	Manufacturer of Specialty Oilfield and Industrial Products	10% Secured Debt (Maturity September 28, 2017) 12.5% Secured Debt (Maturity September 28, 2017) Member Units (250 units)	1,250 5,900	1,250 5,889 341 7,480	1,250 5,889 2,780 9,919
L.F. Manufacturing Holdings, LLC(10)	Manufacturer of Fiberglass Products	Member Units (2,179,001 units)		2,019	1,380
OnAsset Intelligence, Inc.	Provider of Transportation Monitoring / Tracking Products and Services	12% PIK Secured Debt (Maturity December 31, 2015)(17) Preferred Stock (912 shares; 7% cumulative)	4,519	4,519 1,981	4,519

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1,919

8,419 4,519

MAIN STREET CAPITAL CORPORATION

Consolidated Schedule of Investments (Continued)

Portfolio Company(1)	Business Description	Type of Investment(2)(3)	Principal(4)	Cost(4)	Fair Value
OPI International Ltd.(13)	Provider of Man Camp and Industrial Storage Services	10% Unsecured Debt (Maturity April 8, 2018) Common Stock (20,766,317 shares)	473	473 1,371 1,844	473 1,600 2,073
PCI Holding Company, Inc.	Manufacturer of Industrial Gas Generating Systems	12% Secured Debt (Maturity March 31, 2019) Preferred Stock (1,500,000 shares; 20% cumulative)(8)	13,000	12,898 3,379 16,277	13,000 5,370 18,370
Rocaceia, LLC (Quality Lease and Rental Holdings, LLC)	Provider of Rigsite Accommodation Unit Rentals and Related Services	12% Secured Debt (Maturity January 8, 2018)(14)(15) Preferred Member Units (250 units)	30,785	30,281 2,500 32,781	250 250
Tin Roof Acquisition Company	Casual Restaurant Group	12% Secured Debt (Maturity November 13, 2018) Class C Preferred Stock (Fully diluted 10.0%; 10% cumulative)(8)	13,511	13,385 2,738 16,123	13,385 2,738 16,123
UniTek Global Services, Inc.(11)	Provider of Outsourced Infrastructure Services	LIBOR Plus 7.50% (Floor 1.00%), Current Coupon 8.50%, Secured Debt (Maturity January 13, 2019)(9) LIBOR Plus 8.50% (Floor 1.00%), Current Coupon 9.50%, Secured Debt (Maturity January 13, 2019)(9) 15% PIK Unsecured Debt (Maturity July 13, 2019) Preferred Stock (4,935,377 shares; 13.5% cumulative)(8) Common Stock (705,054 shares)	5,021 824 745	5,010 824 745 5,814 12,393	5,021 824 745 6,410 3,010 16,010

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MAIN STREET CAPITAL CORPORATION

Consolidated Schedule of Investments (Continued)

Portfolio Company(1)	Business Description	Type of Investment(2)(3)	Principal(4)	Cost(4)	Fair Value
Universal Wellhead Services Holdings, LLC(10)	Provider of Wellhead Equipment, Designs, and Personnel to the Oil & Gas Industry	Preferred Member Units (UWS Investments, LLC) (716,949 units; 14% cumulative) Member Units (UWS Investments, LLC) (4,000,000 units)		717 4,000 4,717	720 610 1,330
Valley Healthcare Group, LLC	Provider of Durable Medical Equipment	LIBOR Plus 12.50% (Floor 0.50%), Current Coupon 13.12%, Secured Debt (Maturity December 29, 2020)(9) Preferred Member Units (Valley Healthcare Holding, LLC) (1,600 units)	12,956	12,844 1,600 14,444	12,844 1,600 14,444
Volusion, LLC	Provider of Online Software-as-a-Service eCommerce Solutions	11.5% Secured Debt (Maturity January 26, 2020) Preferred Member Units (4,876,670 units) Warrants (1,831,355 equivalent units)	17,500	15,298 14,000 2,576 31,874	15,298 14,000 2,576 31,874
Subtotal Affiliate Investments (18.8% of total investments at fair value)				\$ 394,699	\$ 375,948
		S-91			

Consolidated Schedule of Investments (Continued)

Portfolio Company(1)	Business Description	Type of Investment(2)(3)	Principal(4)	Cost(4)	Fair Value
Non-Control/Non-Affiliate Investments	<u>s(7)</u>				
Adams Publishing Group, LLC(10)	Local Newspaper Operator	LIBOR Plus 7.00% (Floor 1.00%), Current Coupon 8.00%, Secured Debt (Maturity November 3, 2020)(9)	\$ 7,662	\$ 7,544	\$ 7,662
Ahead, LLC(10)	IT Infrastructure Value Added Reseller	LIBOR Plus 6.50%, Current Coupon 7.50%, Secured Debt (Maturity November 2, 2020)	14,250	13,906	14,303
Allflex Holdings III Inc.(11)	Manufacturer of Livestock Identification Products	LIBOR Plus 7.00% (Floor 1.00%), Current Coupon 8.00%, Secured Debt (Maturity July 19, 2021)(9)	14,795	14,706	14,809
American Scaffold Holdings, Inc.(10)	Marine Scaffolding Service Provider	LIBOR Plus 6.50% (Floor 1.00%), Current Coupon 7.50%, Secured Debt (Maturity March 31, 2022)(9)	7,359	7,258	7,323
American Seafoods Group, LLC(11)	Catcher and Processor of Alaskan Pollock	LIBOR Plus 5.00% (Floor 1.00%), Current Coupon 6.00%, Secured Debt (Maturity August 19, 2021)(9)	9,634	9,624	9,634
American Teleconferencing Services, Ltd.(11)	Provider of Audio Conferencing and Video Collaboration Solutions	LIBOR Plus 6.50% (Floor 1.00%), Current Coupon 7.50%, Secured Debt (Maturity December 8, 2021)(9) LIBOR Plus 9.50% (Floor 1.00%), Current Coupon 10.50%, Secured Debt (Maturity June 6, 2022)(9)	11,163 3,714	10,345 3,569	10,933 3,569
Anchor Hocking, LLC(11)	Household Products Manufacturer	LIBOR Plus 9.00% (Floor 1.00%), Current Coupon 10.00%, Secured Debt		13,914	14,502
		(Maturity June 4, 2018)(9) Member Units (440,620 units)	2,277	2,277 4,928	2,231 3,305
				7,205	5,536

AP Gaming I, LLC(10)	Developer,				
0, , , ,	Manufacturer, and				
	Operator of Gaming				
	Machines				
	Machines				
		LIBOR Plus 8.25% (Floor 1.00%),			
		Current Coupon 9.25%, Secured Debt			
		(Maturity December 20, 2020)(9)	7.209	7.099	7,194
			.,	.,	
		6.02			
		S-92			

Consolidated Schedule of Investments (Continued)

Portfolio Company(1)	Business Description	Type of Investment(2)(3)	Principal(4)	Cost(4)	Fair Value
Apex Linen Service, Inc.	Industrial Launderers	LIBOR Plus 6.00% (Floor 1.00%), Current Coupon 7.00%, Secured Debt			
		(Maturity October 30, 2022)(9) 13% Secured Debt (Maturity October 30, 2022)	2,400	2,400	2,400
			14,416	14,337	14,337
				16,737	16,737
Applied Products, Inc.(10)	Adhesives Distributor	LIBOR Plus 6.50% (Floor 1.00%),			
		Current Coupon 7.50%, Secured Debt (Maturity September 30, 2019)(9)	3,527	3,499	3,518
Arcus Hunting LLC.(10)	Manufacturer of Bowhunting and Archery Products and Accessories	LIBOR Plus 7.00% (Floor 1.00%), Current Coupon 8.00%, Secured Debt (Maturity November 13, 2019)(9)	13,947	13,796	13,947
Artel, LLC(11)	Provider of Secure	(Initiality 10000000113, 2017)(5)	13,517	15,790	13,517
Area, LDC(11)	Satellite Network and IT Solutions	LIBOR Plus 7.00% (Floor 1.25%), Current Coupon 8.25%, Secured Debt (Maturity November 27, 2017)(9)	7,050	6,920	6,592
ATI Investment Sub, Inc.(11)	Manufacturer of Solar				
	Tracking Systems	LIBOR Plus 7.25% (Floor 1.00%), Current Coupon 8.25%, Secured Debt (Maturity June 22, 2021)(9)	9,500	9,322	9,476
ATS Workholding, Inc.(10)	Manufacturer of Machine Cutting Tools				
	and Accessories	LIBOR Plus 9.50% (Floor 1.00%), Current Coupon 10.50%, Secured Debt (Maturity March 10, 2019)(9)	6,173	6,146	5,924
ATX Networks Corp.(11)(13)	Provider of Radio Frequency Management				
	Equipment	LIBOR Plus 6.00% (Floor 1.00%), Current Coupon 7.00%, Secured Debt (Maturity June 11, 2021)(9)	11,790	11,604	11,584
Berry Aviation, Inc.(10)	Airline Charter Service Operator				
	operator	12.00% Current / 1.75% PIK Secured Debt (Maturity January 30, 2020) Common Stock (553 shares)	5,627	5,588 400	5,627 820

5,988 6,447 S-93

Consolidated Schedule of Investments (Continued)

Portfolio Company(1)	Business Description	Type of Investment(2)(3)	Principal(4)	Cost(4)	Fair Value
Bluestem Brands, Inc.(11)	Multi-Channel Retailer of General Merchandise	LIBOR Plus 7.50% (Floor 1.00%), Current Coupon 8.50%, Secured Debt (Maturity November 6, 2020)(9)	12,880	12,635	11,227
Brainworks Software, LLC(10)	Advertising Sales and Newspaper Circulation Software	Prime Plus 9.25% (Floor 3.25%), Current Coupon 13.00%, Secured Debt (Maturity July 22, 2019)(9)	6,733	6,684	6,733
Brightwood Capital Fund Investments(12)(13)	Investment Partnership	LP Interests (Brightwood Capital Fund III, LP) (Fully diluted 1.6%)(8) LP Interests (Brightwood Capital Fund IV, LP) (Fully diluted 0.9%)		12,000 500 12,500	11,094 500 11,594
Brundage-Bone Concrete Pumping, Inc.(11)	Construction Services Provider	10.375% Secured Debt (Maturity September 1, 2021)	3,000	2,985	3,240
California Pizza Kitchen, Inc.(11)	Casual Restaurant Group	LIBOR Plus 6.00% (Floor 1.00%), Current Coupon 7.00%, Secured Debt (Maturity August 23, 2022)(9)	4,988	4,940	4,976
Cenveo Corporation(11)	Provider of Commercial Printing, Envelopes, Labels, and Printed Office Products	6% Secured Debt (Maturity August 1, 2019)	13,130	11,097	11,719
CDHA Management, LLC(10)	Dental Services	LIBOR Plus 7.25% (Floor 1.00%), Current Coupon 8.25%, Secured Debt (Maturity December 5, 2021)(9)	4,491	4,415	4,415
Charlotte Russe, Inc(11)	Fast-Fashion Retailer to Young Women	LIBOR Plus 5.50% (Floor 1.25%), Current Coupon 6.75%, Secured Debt (Maturity May 22, 2019)(9)	14,346	14,141	8,724
Clarius BIGS, LLC(10)	Prints & Advertising Film Financing	15% PIK Secured Debt (Maturity January 5, 2015)(14)(17)	2,928	2,928	88

Compact Power Equipment, Inc.	Equipment / Tool Rental	12% Secured Debt (Maturity October 1, 2017) Series A Preferred Stock (4,298,435 shares)	4,100	4,095 1,079 5,174	4,100 4,180 8,280
		S-94			

MAIN STREET CAPITAL CORPORATION

Consolidated Schedule of Investments (Continued)

Portfolio Company(1)	Business Description	Type of Investment(2)(3)	Principal(4)	Cost(4)	Fair Value
Compuware Corporation(11)	Provider of Software and Supporting Services	LIBOR Plus 5.25% (Floor 1.00%), Current Coupon 6.25%, Secured Debt (Maturity December 15, 2019)(9)	8,345	8,187	8,398
Construction Supply Investments, LLC(10)	Distribution Platform of Specialty Construction Materials to Professional Concrete and Masonry Contractors	LIBOR Plus 9.50% (Floor 1.00%), Current Coupon 10.50%, Secured Debt (Maturity June 30, 2023)(9) Member Units (20,000 units)	8,500	8,416 2,000 10,416	8,416 2,000 10,416
ContextMedia Health, LLC(11)	Provider of Healthcare Media Content	LIBOR Plus 6.50% (Floor 1.00%), Current Coupon 7.50%, Secured Debt (Maturity December 23, 2021)(9)	8,000	7,201	7,320
Covenant Surgical Partners, Inc.(11)	Ambulatory Surgical Centers	8.75% Secured Debt (Maturity August 1, 2019)	800	800	772
CRGT Inc.(11)	Provider of Custom Software Development	LIBOR Plus 6.50% (Floor 1.00%), Current Coupon 7.50%, Secured Debt (Maturity December 19, 2020)(9)	6,366	6,286	6,382
CST Industries Inc.(11)	Storage Tank Manufacturer	LIBOR Plus 6.25% (Floor 1.50%), Current Coupon 7.75%, Secured Debt (Maturity May 22, 2017)(9)	9,102	9,084	9,102
Darr Equipment LP(10)	Heavy Equipment Dealer	12% Current / 2% PIK Secured Debt (Maturity April 15, 2020) Warrants (915,734 equivalent units)	21,130	20,697 474	20,748 10
Digital River, Inc.(11)	Provider of Outsourced e-Commerce Solutions and Services	LIBOR Plus 6.50% (Floor 1.00%), Current Coupon 7.50%, Secured Debt (Maturity February 12, 2021)(9)	15,184	21,171	20,758

Digital Room LLC(11)	Pure-Play e-Commerce Print Business				
		LIBOR Plus 6.00% (Floor 1.00%),			
		Current Coupon 7.00%, Secured Debt			
		(Maturity November 21, 2022)(9)	7,625	7,475	7,549
		S-95			

Consolidated Schedule of Investments (Continued)

Business Description	Type of Investment(2)(3)	Principal(4)	Cost(4)	Fair Value
Information Services for the Oil and Gas Industry	Common Stock (3,788,865 shares)		1,335	10,410
Fitness Club Operator	LIBOR Plus 9.00% (Floor 1.00%), Current Coupon 10.00%, Secured Debt (Maturity November 26, 2019)(9)	5,625	5,589	5,625
Investment Partnership	LP Interests (EnCap Energy Capital Fund VIII, L.P.) (Fully diluted 0.1%)(8) LP Interests (EnCap Energy Capital Fund		3,877	1,955
	0.4%)		2,200	1,225
	IX, L.P.) (Fully diluted 0.1%)(8)		3,957	3,680
	X, L.P.) (Fully diluted 0.1%)		3,039	3,039
	Fund II, L.P.) (Fully diluted 0.8%)(8)		9,116	10,452
	Fund III, L.P.) (Fully diluted 0.2%)(8)		2,513	2,461
			24,702	22,812
Technology-based Performance Support Solutions	LIBOR Plus 8.25% (Floor 1.00%), Current Coupon 9.25%, Secured Debt (Maturity April 28, 2022)(9)	7,000	6,857	5,274
Global Provider of Flavoring and Sweetening Products and Solutions	LIBOR Plus 5.75% (Floor 1.00%), Current Coupon 6.75%, Secured Debt (Maturity April 3, 2020)(9)	12,483	12,082	10,174
Outsourced Janitorial Services to Retail/Grocery Customers	LIBOR Plus 5.00% (Floor 1.00%), Current Coupon 6.00%, Secured Debt (Maturity October 29, 2021)(9) LIBOR Plus 8.50% (Floor 1.00%), Current Coupon 9.50%, Secured Debt (Maturity April 29, 2022)(9)	3,900 800	3,851 787 4,638	3,842 760 4,602
	Information Services for Information Services for Fitness Club Operator Investment Partnership Investment Partnership Performance Support Solutions Global Provider of Flavoring and Sveetening Products and Solutions Outsourced Janitorial Services to Retail/Grocery	Information Services for the Oil and Gas IndustryCommon Stock (3,788,865 shares)Fitness Club OperatorLIBOR Plus 9,00% (Floor 1.00%), Current Coupon 10.00%, Secured Debt (Maturity November 26, 2019)(9)Investment PartnershipLP Interests (EnCap Energy Capital Fund VIII L.P.) (Fully diluted 0.1%)(8) LP Interests (EnCap Energy Capital Fund VIII Co-Investors, L.P.) (Fully diluted 0.1%)(8) LP Interests (EnCap Energy Capital Fund X, L.P.) (Fully diluted 0.1%)(8) LP Interests (EnCap Energy Capital Fund X, L.P.) (Fully diluted 0.1%)(8) LP Interests (EnCap Energy Capital Fund X, L.P.) (Fully diluted 0.1%) But Interests (EnCap Flatrock Midstream Fund II, L.P.) (Fully diluted 0.2%)(8) LP Interests (EnCap Flatrock Midstream Fund III, L.P.) (Fully diluted 0.2%)(8) LP Interests (EnCap Flatrock Midstream Fund III, L.P.) (Fully diluted 0.2%)(8) LP Interests (EnCap Flatrock Midstream Fund III, L.P.) (Fully diluted 0.2%)(8) LP Interests (EnCap Flatrock Midstream Fund III, L.P.) (Fully diluted 0.2%)(8) LP Interests (EnCap Flatrock Midstream Fund III, L.P.) (Fully diluted 0.2%)(8) LP Interests (EnCap Flatrock Midstream Fund III, L.P.) (Fully diluted 0.2%)(8) LP Interests (EnCap Flatrock Midstream Fund III, L.P.) (Fully diluted 0.2%)(8) LP Interests (Encap Flatrock Midstream Fund III, L.P.) (Fully diluted 0.2%)(8) LP Interests (Encap Flatrock Midstream Fund III, L.P.) (Fully diluted 0.2%)(8) LP Interests (Encap Flatrock Midstream Fund III, L.P.) (Fully diluted 0.2%)(8) LP Interests (Encap Flatrock Midstream Fund III, L.P.) (Fully diluted 0.2%)(8) LP Interests (Encap Flatrock Midstream Fund III, L.P.) (Fully diluted 0.2%)(8)Global Provider of Flavoring and Svectering Products and SolutionsLIBOR Plus \$.25% (Floor 1.00%), Current Coupon 6.75%, Secured Debt (Maturi	Information Services for the Oil and Gas IndustryCommon Stock (3,788,865 shares)Fitness Club OperatorLIBOR Plus 9.00% (Floor 1.00%), Current Coupon 10.00%, Secured Debt (Maturity November 26, 2019)(9)5,625Investment PartnershipLP Interests (EnCap Energy Capital Fund VIII, L.P.) (Fully diluted 0.1%)(8) LP Interests (EnCap Energy Capital Fund VIII Co-Investors, L.P.) (Fully diluted 0.1%)(8) LP Interests (EnCap Energy Capital Fund X, L.P.) (Fully diluted 0.1%)(8) LP Interests (EnCap Flarock Midstream Fund III, L.P.) (Fully diluted 0.3%)(8) LP Interests (EnCap Flarock Midstream Fund III, L.P.) (Fully diluted 0.2%)(8)Technology-based Performance Support SolutionsLIBOR Plus 8.25% (Floor 1.00%), Current Coupon 9.25%, Secured Debt (Maturity April 28, 2022)(9)7,000Global Provider of Flavoring and Soutcored Janitorial Services to Retail/Grocery CustomersLIBOR Plus 5.75% (Floor 1.00%), Current Coupon 6.75%, Secured Debt (Maturity April 3, 2020)(9)12,483	Information Services for the Oil and Gas IndustryCommon Stock (3,788,865 shares)1,335Fitness Club OperatorLIBOR Plus 9,00% (Floor 1.00%), Current Coupon 10,00%, Secured Debt (Maturity November 26, 2019)(9)5,6255,589Investment PartnershipLP Interests (EnCap Energy Capital Fund VIII, L.P.) (Fully diluted 0.1%)(8) LP Interests (EnCap Energy Capital Fund X, L.P.) (Fully diluted 0.1%)(8) LP Interests (EnCap Energy Capital Fund X, L.P.) (Fully diluted 0.1%)(8) LP Interests (EnCap Energy Capital Fund X, L.P.) (Fully diluted 0.1%)(8) LP Interests (EnCap Energy Capital Fund X, L.P.) (Fully diluted 0.1%)(8) LP Interests (EnCap Flarock Midstream Fund II, L.P.) (Fully diluted 0.3%)(8) LP Interests (EnCap Flarock Midstream Fund III, L.P.) (Fully diluted 0.2%)(8)3,309Technology-based Performance Support SolutionsLIBOR Plus 8.25% (Floor 1.00%), Current Coupon 9.25%, Secured Debt (Maturity April 28, 2022)(9)7,0006,857Global Provider of Flavoring and Svetening Products and SolutionsLIBOR Plus 5.75% (Floor 1.00%), Current Coupon 6.75%, Secured Debt (Maturity April 3, 2020)(9)12,48312,082Outsourced Janitorial Services to Retail/Grocery CustomersLIBOR Plus 5.05% (Floor 1.00%), Current Coupon 6.75%, Secured Debt (Maturity October 29, 2021)(9)3,9003,851

Consolidated Schedule of Investments (Continued)

Portfolio Company(1)	Business Description	Type of Investment(2)(3)	Principal(4)	Cost(4)	Fair Value
Grace Hill, LLC(10)	Online Training Tools for the Multi-Family Housing Industry	Prime Plus 5.25% (Floor 1.00%), Current Coupon 9.00%, Secured Debt			
		(Maturity August 15, 2019)(9) LIBOR Plus 6.25% (Floor 1.00%),	634	623	634
		Current Coupon 7.25%, Secured Debt (Maturity August 15, 2019)(9)	11,552	11,472	11,552
				12,095	12,186
Great Circle Family Foods, LLC(10)	Quick Service Restaurant Franchise	LIBOR Plus 6.00% (Floor 1.00%), Current Coupon 7.00%, Secured Debt			
		(Maturity October 28, 2019)(9)	7,648	7,598	7,648
Grupo Hima San Pablo, Inc.(11)	Tertiary Care Hospitals	LIBOR Plus 7.00% (Floor 1.50%), Current Coupon 8.50%, Secured Debt			
		(Maturity January 31, 2018)(9) 13.75% Secured Debt (Maturity July 31,	4,813	4,787	3,734
		2018)	2,000	1,962	1,205
				6,749	4,939
GST Autoleather, Inc.(11)	Automotive Leather Manufacturer	LIBOR Plus 5.50% (Floor 1.00%), Current Coupon 6.50%, Secured Debt			
		(Maturity July 10, 2020)(9)	13,317	13,215	13,017
Guitar Center, Inc.(11)	Musical Instruments Retailer	6.5% Secured Debt (Maturity April 15,			
		2019)	14,625	13,890	13,272
Hojeij Branded Foods, LLC(10)	Multi-Airport, Multi- Concept Restaurant Operator	LIBOR Plus 6.50% (Floor 1.00%),			
		Current Coupon 7.50%, Secured Debt (Maturity July 27, 2021)(9)	5,432	5,390	5,432
Hoover Group, Inc.(10)(13)	Provider of Storage Tanks and Related Products to the Energy and Petrochemical Markets	LIBOR Plus 7.25% (Floor 1.00%),			
		Current Coupon 8.25%, Secured Debt (Maturity January 28, 2021)(9)	8,546	7,963	7,963

Auto Parts Manufacturer

LIBOR Plus 6.00% (Floor 1.00%), Current Coupon 7.00%, Secured Debt (Maturity June 30, 2021)(9)

9,375 9,249 9,551

Consolidated Schedule of Investments (Continued)

Portfolio Company(1)	Business Description	Type of Investment(2)(3)	Principal(4)	Cost(4)	Fair Value
Hostway Corporation(11)	Managed Services and Hosting Provider	LIBOR Plus 6.75% (Floor 1.25%), Current Coupon 8.00%, Secured Debt (Maturity December 13, 2019)(9)	10,577	10,515	10,028
Hunter Defense Technologies, Inc.(11)	Provider of Military and Commercial Shelters and Systems	LIBOR Plus 6.00% (Floor 1.00%), Current Coupon 7.00%, Secured Debt (Maturity August 5, 2019)(9)	9,606	9,120	8,933
Hygea Holdings, Corp.(10)	Provider of Physician Services	LIBOR Plus 9.25%, Current Coupon 10.17%, Secured Debt (Maturity February 24, 2019) Warrants (5,990,452 equivalent shares)	7,875	7,381 369 7,750	7,615 1,530 9,145
iEnergizer Limited(11)(13)	Provider of Business Outsourcing Solutions	LIBOR Plus 6.00% (Floor 1.25%), Current Coupon 7.25%, Secured Debt (Maturity May 1, 2019)(9)	9,918	9,467	9,621
Indivior Finance LLC(11)(13)	Specialty Pharmaceutical Company Treating Opioid Dependence	LIBOR Plus 6.00% (Floor 1.00%), Current Coupon 7.00%, Secured Debt (Maturity December 19, 2019)(9)	6,750	6,455	6,809
Industrial Container Services, LLC(10)	Steel Drum Reconditioner	LIBOR Plus 5.75% (Floor 1.00%), Current Coupon 6.75%, Secured Debt (Maturity December 31, 2018)(9)	8,949	8,932	8,949
Industrial Services Acquisition, LLC(10)	Industrial Cleaning Services	11.25% Current / 0.75% PIK Unsecured Debt (Maturity December 17, 2022) Member Units (Industrial Services Investments, LLC) (900,000 units)	4,519	4,433 900 5,333	4,433 900 5,333
Infinity Acquisition Finance Corp.(11)	Application Software for Capital Markets	7.25% Unsecured Debt (Maturity August 1, 2022)	5,700	5,366	4,802

Inn of the Mountain Gods Resort and Casino(11)	Hotel & Casino Owner & Operator	9.25% Secured Debt (Maturity November 30, 2020)	6,249	5,924	5,687
		S-98			

MAIN STREET CAPITAL CORPORATION

Consolidated Schedule of Investments (Continued)

Portfolio Company(1)	Business Description	Type of Investment(2)(3)	Principal(4)	Cost(4)	Fair Value
Intertain Group Limited(11)(13)	Business-to-Consumer Online Gaming Operator	LIBOR Plus 6.50% (Floor 1.00%), Current Coupon 7.50%, Secured Debt (Maturity April 8, 2022)(9)	4,426	4,364	4,465
iPayment, Inc.(11)	Provider of Merchant Acquisition	LIBOR Plus 5.25% (Floor 1.50%), Current Coupon 6.75%, Secured Debt (Maturity May 8, 2017)(9)	14,918	14,907	14,395
iQor US Inc.(11)	Business Process Outsourcing Services Provider	LIBOR Plus 5.00% (Floor 1.00%), Current Coupon 6.00%, Secured Debt (Maturity April 1, 2021)(9)	9,812	9,671	9,413
irth Solutions, LLC	Provider of Damage Prevention Information Technology Services	Member Units (27,893 units)		1,441	1,790
Jackmont Hospitality, Inc.(10)	Franchisee of Casual Dining Restaurants	LIBOR Plus 4.25% (Floor 1.00%), Current Coupon 5.25% / 2.50% PIK, Current Coupon Plus PIK 7.75%, Secured Debt (Maturity May 26, 2021)(9)	4,445	4,429	4,445
Joerns Healthcare, LLC(11)	Manufacturer and Distributor of Health Care Equipment & Supplies	LIBOR Plus 5.00% (Floor 1.00%), Current Coupon 6.00%, Secured Debt (Maturity May 9, 2020)(9)	14,655	14,560	13,776
JSS Holdings, Inc.(11)	Aircraft Maintenance Program Provider	LIBOR Plus 6.50% (Floor 1.00%), Current Coupon 7.50%, Secured Debt (Maturity August 31, 2021)(9)	12,829	12,562	12,765
Kendra Scott, LLC(11)	Jewelry Retail Stores	LIBOR Plus 6.00% (Floor 1.00%), Current Coupon 7.00%, Secured Debt (Maturity July 17, 2020)(9)	5,578	5,536	5,550
Keypoint Government Solutions, Inc.(11)	Provider of Pre-Employment Screening Services	LIBOR Plus 6.50% (Floor 1.25%), Current Coupon 7.75%, Secured Debt	5,459	5,443	5,431

(Maturity November 13, 2017)(9)

Consolidated Schedule of Investments (Continued)

Portfolio Company(1)	Business Description	Type of Investment(2)(3)	Principal(4)	Cost(4)	Fair Value
LaMi Products, LLC(10)	General Merchandise Distribution	LIBOR Plus 6.50% (Floor 1.00%), Current Coupon 7.50%, Secured Debt (Maturity September 16, 2020)(9)	10,735	10,658	10,735
Larchmont Resources, LLC(11)	Oil & Gas Exploration & Production	LIBOR Plus 9.00% (Floor 1.00%), Current Coupon 10.00%, PIK Secured Debt (Maturity August 7, 2020)(9) Member Units (Larchmont Intermediate Holdco, LLC) (2,828 units)	2,260	2,260 353 2,613	2,209 1,193 3,402
LKCM Headwater Investments I, L.P.(12)(13)	Investment Partnership	LP Interests (Fully diluted 2.3%)		2,500	3,627
Logix Acquisition Company, LLC(10)	Competitive Local Exchange Carrier	LIBOR Plus 8.28% (Floor 1.00%), Current Coupon 9.28%, Secured Debt (Maturity June 24, 2021)(9)	8,593	8,457	8,593
Looking Glass Investments, LLC(12)(13)	Specialty Consumer Finance	9% Unsecured Debt (Maturity June 30, 2020) Member Units (2.5 units) Member Units (LGI Predictive Analytics LLC) (190,712 units)(8)	188	188 125 160 473	188 125 160 473
Messenger, LLC(10)	Supplier of Specialty Stationery and Related Products to the Funeral Industry	LIBOR Plus 7.25% (Floor 1.00%), Current Coupon 8.25%, Secured Debt (Maturity September 9, 2020)(9)	14,403	14,326	14,403
Minute Key, Inc.	Operator of Automated Key Duplication Kiosks	10% Current / 2% PIK Secured Debt (Maturity September 19, 2019) Warrants (1,437,409 equivalent units)	15,700	15,404 280 15,684	15,404 470 15,874
Mood Media Corporation(11)(13)	Provider of Electronic Equipment			13,004	15,077

LIBOR Plus 6.00% (Floor 1.00%), Current Coupon 7.00%, Secured Debt (Maturity May 1, 2019)(9)

14,805 14,645 14,312

Consolidated Schedule of Investments (Continued)

Portfolio Company(1)	Business Description	Type of Investment(2)(3)	Principal(4)	Cost(4)	Fair Value
New Media Holdings II LLC(11)(13)	Local Newspaper Operator	LIBOR Plus 6.25% (Floor 1.00%), Current Coupon 7.25%, Secured Debt (Maturity June 4, 2020)(9)	14,888	14,632	14,813
North American Lifting Holdings, Inc.(11)	Crane Service Provider	LIBOR Plus 4.50% (Floor 1.00%), Current Coupon 5.50%, Secured Debt (Maturity November 27, 2020)(9)	3,865	3,235	3,375
North Atlantic Trading Company, Inc.(11)	Marketer/Distributor of Tobacco Products	LIBOR Plus 6.50% (Floor 1.25%), Current Coupon 7.75%, Secured Debt (Maturity January 13, 2020)(9)	9,396	9,343	9,337
Novitex Intermediate, LLC(11)	Provider of Document Management Services	LIBOR Plus 6.75% (Floor 1.25%), Current Coupon 8.00%, Secured Debt (Maturity July 7, 2020)(9)	9,335	9,175	8,985
NTM Acquisition Corp.(11)	Provider of B2B Travel Information Content	LIBOR Plus 6.25% (Floor 1.00%), Current Coupon 7.25%, Secured Debt (Maturity June 7, 2022)(9)	4,144	4,085	4,128
Ospemifene Royalty Sub LLC (QuatRx)(10)	Estrogen-Deficiency Drug Manufacturer and Distributor	11.5% Secured Debt (Maturity November 15, 2026)(14)	5,071	5,071	2,088
Pardus Oil and Gas, LLC(11)	Oil & Gas Exploration & Production	13% PIK Secured Debt(Maturity November 12, 2021)5% PIK Secured Debt (Maturity May 13, 2022)Member Units (2,472 units)	1,869 992	1,869 992 2,472 5,333	1,869 562 970 3,401
Paris Presents Incorporated(11)	Branded Cosmetic and Bath Accessories	LIBOR Plus 8.75% (Floor 1.00%), Current Coupon 9.75%, Secured Debt (Maturity December 31, 2021)(9)	2,000	1,969	1,960
Parq Holdings Limited Partnership(11)(13)	Hotel & Casino Operator				

LIBOR Plus 7.50% (Floor 1.00%), Current Coupon 8.50%, Secured Debt (Maturity December 17, 2020)(9)	7,500	7,394	7,388
9 101			

Consolidated Schedule of Investments (Continued)

Portfolio Company(1)	Business Description	Type of Investment(2)(3)	Principal(4)	Cost(4)	Fair Value
Permian Holdco 2, Inc.(11)	Storage Tank Manufacturer	14% PIK Unsecured Debt (Maturity October 15, 2021) Preferred Stock (Permian Holdco 1, Inc.) (154,558 units) Common Stock (Permian Holdco 1, Inc.) (154,558 units)	198	198 799	198 799
				997	997
Pernix Therapeutics Holdings, Inc.(10)	Pharmaceutical Royalty	12% Secured Debt (Maturity August 1, 2020)	3,447	3,447	3,326
Pet Holdings ULC(11)(13)	Retailer of Pet Products and Supplies to Consumers	LIBOR Plus 5.50% (Floor 1.00%), Current Coupon 6.50%, Secured Debt (Maturity July 5, 2022)(9)	2,494	2,470	2,503
Pike Corporation(11)	Construction and Maintenance Services for Electric Transmission and Distribution Infrastructure	LIBOR Plus 8.50% (Floor 1.00%), Current Coupon 9.50%, Secured Debt (Maturity June 22, 2022)(9)	14,000	13,720	14,082
Point.360(10)	Fully Integrated Provider of Digital Media Services	Warrants (65,463 equivalent shares) Common Stock (163,658 shares)		69 273 342	63 63
Polycom, Inc.(11)	Provider of Audio and Video Communication Solutions	LIBOR Plus 6.50% (Floor 1.00%), Current Coupon 7.50%, Secured Debt (Maturity September 27, 2023)(9)	12,089	11,617	12,194
PPC/SHIFT LLC(10)	Provider of Digital Solutions to Automotive Industry	LIBOR Plus 6.00% (Floor 1.00%), Current Coupon 7.00%, Secured Debt (Maturity June 6, 2022)(9)	7,000	6,852	6,852
Prowler Acquisition Corp.(11)					

Distributor to y Sector LIBOR Plus 4.50% (Floor 1.00%), Current Coupon 5.50%, Secured Debt (Maturity January 28, 2020)(9)	9,519	7,904	7,044
S-102			

MAIN STREET CAPITAL CORPORATION

Consolidated Schedule of Investments (Continued)

Portfolio Company(1)	Business Description	Type of Investment(2)(3)	Principal(4)	Cost(4)	Fair Value
PT Network, LLC(10)	Provider of Outpatient Physical Therapy and Sports Medicine Services	LIBOR Plus 6.50% (Floor 1.00%), Current Coupon 7.50%, Secured Debt (Maturity November 30, 2021)(9)	16,225	15,979	15,979
QBS Parent, Inc.(11)	Provider of Software and Services to the Oil & Gas Industry	LIBOR Plus 4.75% (Floor 1.00%), Current Coupon 5.75%, Secured Debt (Maturity August 7, 2021)(9)	11,274	11,201	11,161
Raley's(11)	Family-Owned Supermarket Chain	LIBOR Plus 6.25% (Floor 1.00%), Current Coupon 7.25%, Secured Debt (Maturity May 18, 2022)(9)	4,195	4,125	4,242
Redbox Automated Retail, LLC(11)	Operator of Home Media Entertainment Kiosks	LIBOR Plus 7.50% (Floor 1.00%), Current Coupon 8.50%, Secured Debt (Maturity September 27, 2021)(9)	15,000	14,581	14,629
Renaissance Learning, Inc.(11)	Technology-based K-12 Learning Solutions	LIBOR Plus 7.00% (Floor 1.00%), Current Coupon 8.00%, Secured Debt (Maturity April 11, 2022)(9)	3,000	2,978	2,987
RGL Reservoir Operations Inc.(11)(13)	Oil & Gas Equipment and Services	LIBOR Plus 5.00% (Floor 1.00%), Current Coupon 6.00%, Secured Debt (Maturity August 13, 2021)(9)	3,910	3,826	880
RM Bidder, LLC(10)	Scripted and Unscripted TV and Digital Programming Provider	Warrants (327,532 equivalent units) Member Units (2,779 units)		425 46 471	300 44 344
SAExploration, Inc.(10)(13)	Geophysical Services Provider	Common Stock (50 shares)		65	3
SAFETY Investment Holdings, LLC	Provider of Intelligent Driver Record Monitoring Software and Services				

		Member Units (2,000,000 units)		2,000	2,000
Salient Partners L.P.(11)	Provider of Asset Management Services	LIBOR Plus 8.50% (Floor 1.00%), Current Coupon 9.50%, Secured Debt (Maturity June 9, 2021)(9)	10,812	10,538	10,352
		S-103			

MAIN STREET CAPITAL CORPORATION

Consolidated Schedule of Investments (Continued)

Portfolio Company(1)	Business Description	Type of Investment(2)(3)	Principal(4)	Cost(4)	Fair Value
School Specialty, Inc.(11)	Distributor of Education Supplies and Furniture	LIBOR Plus 8.50% (Floor 1.00%), Current Coupon 9.50%, Secured Debt (Maturity June 11, 2019)(9)	5,712	5,632	5,784
Sigma Electric Manufacturing Corporation(10)(13)	Manufacturer and Distributor of Electrical Fittings and Parts	LIBOR Plus 7.25% (Floor 1.00%), Current Coupon 8.25%, Secured Debt (Maturity October 13, 2021)(9)	12,500	12,200	12,200
Sorenson Communications, Inc.(11)	Manufacturer of Communication Products for Hearing Impaired	LIBOR Plus 5.75% (Floor 2.25%), Current Coupon 8.00%, Secured Debt (Maturity April 30, 2020)(9)	13,371	13,283	13,271
Strike, LLC(11)	Pipeline Construction and Maintenance Services	LIBOR Plus 8.00% (Floor 1.00%), Current Coupon 9.00%, Secured Debt (Maturity November 30, 2022)(9)	10,000	9,666	9,864
Subsea Global Solutions, LLC(10)	Underwater Maintenance and Repair Services	LIBOR Plus 6.00% (Floor 1.50%), Current Coupon 7.50%, Secured Debt (Maturity March 17, 2020)(9)	5,629	5,588	5,624
Synagro Infrastructure Company, Inc(11)	Waste Management Services	LIBOR Plus 5.25% (Floor 1.00%), Current Coupon 6.25%, Secured Debt (Maturity August 22, 2020)(9)	4,714	4,659	4,136
Targus International, LLC(11)	Distributor of Protective Cases for Mobile Devices	15% PIK Secured Debt (Maturity December 31, 2019) Common Stock (Targus Cayman HoldCo Limited) (249,614 shares)(13)	1,140	1,140 2,555 3,695	1,140 2,260 3,400
TE Holdings, LLC(11)	Oil & Gas Exploration & Production	Member Units (97,048 units)		970	728

Consolidated Schedule of Investments (Continued)

Portfolio Company(1)	Business Description	Type of Investment(2)(3)	Principal(4)	Cost(4)	Fair Value
TeleGuam Holdings, LLC(11)	Cable and Telecom Services Provider	LIBOR Plus 4.00% (Floor 1.25%), Current Coupon 5.25%, Secured Debt (Maturity December 10, 2018)(9) LIBOR Plus 7.50% (Floor 1.25%),	7,622	7,613	7,546
		Current Coupon 8.75%, Secured Debt (Maturity June 10, 2019)(9)	10,500	10,442 18,055	10,290 17,836
The Topps Company, Inc.(11)	Trading Cards &			10,000	1,,000
The ropps company, medical)	Confectionary	LIBOR Plus 6.00% (Floor 1.25%), Current Coupon 7.25%, Secured Debt (Maturity October 2, 2020)(9)	2,218	2,208	2,226
TMC Merger Sub Corp.(11)	Refractory & Maintenance Services Provider	LIBOR Plus 6.25% (Floor 1.00%), Current Coupon 7.25%, Secured Debt (Maturity October 31, 2022)(9)	12,500	12,376	12,438
TOMS Shoes, LLC(11)	Global Designer, Distributor, and Retailer of Casual Footwear	LIBOR Plus 5.50% (Floor 1.00%), Current Coupon 6.50%, Secured Debt (Maturity October 30, 2020)(9)	4,913	4,567	3,635
Travel Leaders Group, LLC(11)	Travel Agency Network Provider	LIBOR Plus 6.00% (Floor 1.00%), Current Coupon 7.00%, Secured Debt (Maturity December 7, 2020)(9)	10,994	10,936	10,975
Truck Bodies and Equipment International, Inc.(10)	Manufacturer of Dump Truck Bodies and Dump Trailers	LIBOR Plus 7.50% (Floor 1.00%), Current Coupon 8.50%, Secured Debt (Maturity March 31, 2021)(9)	15,750	15,602	15,602
TVG-I-E CMN ACQUISITION, LLC(10)	Organic Lead Generation for Online Postsecondary Schools	LIBOR Plus 6.00% (Floor 1.00%), Current Coupon 7.00%, Secured Debt (Maturity November 3, 2021)(9)	6,459	6,334	6,334
Tweddle Group, Inc.(11)	Provider of Technical Information Services to Automotive OEMs				

LIBOR Plus 6.00% (Floor 1.00%), Current Coupon 7.00%, Secured Debt (Maturity October 21, 2022)(9)	8,462	8,295	8,419
0.105			

Consolidated Schedule of Investments (Continued)

Portfolio Company(1)	Business Description	Type of Investment(2)(3)	Principal(4)	Cost(4)	Fair Value
UniRush, LLC	Provider of Prepaid Debit Card Solutions	12% Secured Debt (Maturity February 1, 2019) Warrants (444,725 equivalent units)	12,000	10,981 1,250 12,231	12,000 1,250 13,250
US Joiner Holding Company(11)	Marine Interior Design and Installation	LIBOR Plus 6.00% (Floor 1.00%), Current Coupon 7.00%, Secured Debt (Maturity April 16, 2020)(9)	11,514	11,435	11,456
U.S. TelePacific Corp.(10)	Provider of Communications and Managed Services	LIBOR Plus 8.50% (Floor 1.00%), Current Coupon 9.50%, Secured Debt (Maturity February 24, 2021)(9)	7,500	7,377	7,377
VCVH Holding Corp. (Verisk)(11)	Healthcare Technology Services Focused on Revenue Maximization	LIBOR Plus 9.25% (Floor 1.00%), Current Coupon 10.25%, Secured Debt (Maturity June 1, 2024)(9)	1,500	1,464	1,488
Virtex Enterprises, LP(10)	Specialty, Full-Service Provider of Complex Electronic Manufacturing Services	12% Secured Debt (Maturity December 27, 2018) Preferred Class A Units (14 units; 5% cumulative)(8) Warrants (11 equivalent units)	1,667	1,559 333 186 2,078	1,559 612 220 2,391
Wellnext, LLC(10)	Manufacturer of Supplements and Vitamins	LIBOR Plus 9.00% (Floor 0.50%), Current Coupon 9.85%, Secured Debt (Maturity May 23, 2021)(9)	10,058	9,968	10,058
Western Dental Services, Inc.(11)	Dental Care Services	LIBOR Plus 6.50% (Floor 1.00%), Current Coupon 7.50%, Secured Debt (Maturity November 1, 2018)(9)	4,904	4,902	4,885
Wilton Brands LLC(11)	Specialty Housewares Retailer				

LIBOR Plus 7.25% (Floor 1.25%), Current Coupon 8.50%, Secured Debt (Maturity August 30, 2018)(9)	1,153	1,147	1,093
5 100			

MAIN STREET CAPITAL CORPORATION

Consolidated Schedule of Investments (Continued)

December 31, 2016 (dollars in thousands)

Portfolio Company(1)	Business Description	Type of Investment(2)(3)	Principal(4)	Cost(4)	Fair Value
Worley Claims Services, LLC(10)	Insurance Adjustment Management and Services Provider	LIBOR Plus 8.00% (Floor 1.00%), Current Coupon 9.00%, Secured Debt (Maturity October 31, 2020)(9)	6,386	6,342	6,386
YP Holdings LLC(11)	Online and Offline Advertising Operator	LIBOR Plus 11.00% (Floor 1.25%), Current Coupon 12.25%, Secured Debt (Maturity June 4, 2018)(9)	11,428	10,969	11,398
Zilliant Incorporated	Price Optimization and Margin Management Solutions	Preferred Stock (186,777 shares) Warrants (952,500 equivalent shares)		154 1,071 1,225	260 1,190 1,450
Subtotal Non-Control/Non-Affiliate Investments (51.4% of total investments at fair value)				\$ 1,037,510	\$ 1,026,676
Total Portfolio Investments, December 31, 2016				\$ 1,871,883	\$ 1,996,906

(1)

(2)

(3)

All investments are Lower Middle Market portfolio investments, unless otherwise noted. See Note B for a description of Lower Middle Market portfolio investments. All of the Company's investments, unless otherwise noted, are encumbered either as security for the Company's Credit Agreement or in support of the SBA-guaranteed debentures issued by the Funds.

Debt investments are income producing, unless otherwise noted. Equity and warrants are non-income producing, unless otherwise noted.

See Note C for a summary of geographic location of portfolio companies.

Principal is net of repayments. Cost is net of repayments and accumulated unearned income.

(5) Control investments are defined by the Investment Company Act of 1940, as amended ("1940 Act") as investments in which more than 25% of the voting securities are owned or where the ability to nominate greater than 50% of the board representation is maintained.

(6)

Affiliate investments are defined by the 1940 Act as investments in which between 5% and 25% of the voting securities are owned and the investments are not classified as Control investments.

Non-Control/Non-Affiliate investments are defined by the 1940 Act as investments that are neither Control investments nor Affiliate investments.

(8)	
	Income producing through dividends or distributions.
(9)	Index based floating interest rate is subject to contractual minimum interest rate. A majority of the variable rate loans in the Company's investment portfolio bear interest at a rate that may be determined by reference to either LIBOR or an alternate Base Rate (commonly based on the Federal Funds Rate or the Prime Rate), which typically resets semi-annually, quarterly, or monthly at the borrower's option. The borrower may also elect to have multiple interest reset periods for each loan. For each such loan, the Company has provided the weighted average annual stated interest rate in effect at December 31, 2016. As noted in this schedule, 64% (based on the par amount of the loans) of the loans contain LIBOR floors which range between 0.50% and 2.25%, with a weighted-average LIBOR floor of approximately 1.04%.
(10)	Private Loan portfolio investment. See Note B for a description of Private Loan portfolio investments.
(11)	Middle Market portfolio investment. See Note B for a description of Middle Market portfolio investments.
(12)	Other Portfolio investment. See Note B for a description of Other Portfolio investments.
(13)	Investment is not a qualifying asset as defined under Section 55(a) of the 1940 Act. Qualifying assets must represent at least 70% of total assets at the time of acquisition of any additional non-qualifying assets.
(14)	Non-accrual and non-income producing investment.
(15)	Portfolio company is in a bankruptcy process and, as such, the maturity date of our debt investments in this portfolio company will not be finally determined until such process is complete. As noted in footnote (14), our debt investments in this portfolio company are on non-accrual status.
(16)	External Investment Manager. Investment is not encumbered as security for the Company's Credit Agreement or in support of the SBA-guaranteed debentures issued by the Funds.
(17)	

Maturity date is under on-going negotiations with the portfolio company and other lenders, if applicable.

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

(Unaudited)

NOTE A ORGANIZATION AND BASIS OF PRESENTATION

1. Organization

Main Street Capital Corporation ("MSCC") is a principal investment firm primarily focused on providing customized debt and equity financing to lower middle market ("LMM") companies and debt capital to middle market ("Middle Market") companies. The portfolio investments of MSCC and its consolidated subsidiaries are typically made to support management buyouts, recapitalizations, growth financings, refinancings and acquisitions of companies that operate in a variety of industry sectors. MSCC seeks to partner with entrepreneurs, business owners and management teams and generally provides "one stop" financing alternatives within its LMM portfolio. MSCC and its consolidated subsidiaries invest primarily in secured debt investments, equity investments, warrants and other securities of LMM companies based in the United States and in secured debt investments of Middle Market companies generally headquartered in the United States.

MSCC was formed in March 2007 to operate as an internally managed business development company ("BDC") under the Investment Company Act of 1940, as amended (the "1940 Act"). MSCC wholly owns several investment funds, including Main Street Mezzanine Fund, LP ("MSMF"), Main Street Capital II, LP ("MSC II") and Main Street Capital III, LP ("MSC III" and, collectively with MSMF and MSC II, the "Funds"), and each of their general partners. The Funds are each licensed as a Small Business Investment Company ("SBIC") by the United States Small Business Administration ("SBA"). Because MSCC is internally managed, all of the executive officers and other employees are employed by MSCC. Therefore, MSCC does not pay any external investment advisory fees, but instead directly incurs the operating costs associated with employing investment and portfolio management professionals.

MSC Adviser I, LLC (the "External Investment Manager") was formed in November 2013 as a wholly owned subsidiary of MSCC to provide investment management and other services to parties other than MSCC and its subsidiaries or their portfolio companies ("External Parties") and receive fee income for such services. MSCC has been granted no-action relief by the Securities and Exchange Commission ("SEC") to allow the External Investment Manager to register as a registered investment adviser under the Investment Advisers Act of 1940, as amended. Since the External Investment Manager conducts all of its investment management activities for External Parties, it is accounted for as a portfolio investment of MSCC and is not included as a consolidated subsidiary of MSCC in MSCC's consolidated financial statements.

MSCC has elected to be treated for U.S. federal income tax purposes as a regulated investment company ("RIC") under Subchapter M of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended (the "Code"). As a result, MSCC generally will not pay corporate-level U.S. federal income taxes on any net ordinary taxable income or capital gains that it distributes to its stockholders.

MSCC has certain direct and indirect wholly owned subsidiaries that have elected to be taxable entities (the "Taxable Subsidiaries"). The primary purpose of the Taxable Subsidiaries is to permit MSCC to hold equity investments in portfolio companies which are "pass-through" entities for tax purposes. The External Investment Manager is also a direct wholly owned subsidiary that has elected to be a taxable entity. The Taxable Subsidiaries and the External Investment Manager are each taxed at their normal corporate tax rates based on their taxable income.

MAIN STREET CAPITAL CORPORATION

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (Continued)

(Unaudited)

Unless otherwise noted or the context otherwise indicates, the terms "we," "us," "our," the "Company" and "Main Street" refer to MSCC and its consolidated subsidiaries, which include the Funds and the Taxable Subsidiaries.

2. Basis of Presentation

Main Street's consolidated financial statements are prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles in the United States of America ("U.S. GAAP"). For each of the periods presented herein, Main Street's consolidated financial statements include the accounts of MSCC and its consolidated subsidiaries. The Investment Portfolio, as used herein, refers to all of Main Street's investments in LMM portfolio companies, investments in Middle Market portfolio companies, Private Loan portfolio investments, Other Portfolio investments and the investment in the External Investment Manager (see Note C Fair Value Hierarchy for Investment Portfolio and definitions for the terms Private Loan and Other Portfolio). Main Street's results of operations and cash flows for the three months ended March 31, 2017 and 2016, and financial position as of March 31, 2017 and December 31, 2016, are presented on a consolidated basis. The effects of all intercompany transactions between Main Street and its consolidated subsidiaries have been eliminated in consolidation.

The accompanying unaudited consolidated financial statements of Main Street are presented in conformity with U.S. GAAP for interim financial information and pursuant to the requirements for reporting on Form 10-Q and Article 10 of Regulation S-X. Accordingly, certain disclosures accompanying annual financial statements prepared in accordance with U.S. GAAP are omitted. In the opinion of management, the unaudited consolidated financial results included herein contain all adjustments, consisting solely of normal recurring accruals, considered necessary for the fair presentation of financial statements for the interim periods included herein. The results of operations for the three months ended March 31, 2017 and 2016 are not necessarily indicative of the operating results to be expected for the full year. Also, the unaudited financial statements and notes should be read in conjunction with the audited financial statements and notes thereto for the year ended December 31, 2016. Financial statements prepared on a U.S. GAAP basis require management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts and disclosures reported in the financial statements and accompanying notes. Such estimates and assumptions could change in the future as more information becomes known, which could impact the amounts reported and disclosed herein.

Under regulations pursuant to Article 6 of Regulation S-X applicable to BDCs and the Financial Accounting Standards Board ("FASB") Accounting Standards Codification ("ASC") 946, *Financial Services Investment Companies* ("ASC 946"), Main Street is precluded from consolidating other entities in which Main Street has equity investments, including those in which it has a controlling interest, unless the other entity is another investment company. An exception to this general principle in ASC 946 occurs if Main Street holds a controlling interest in an operating company that provides all or substantially all of its services directly to Main Street or to its portfolio companies. Accordingly, as noted above, MSCC's consolidated financial statements include the financial position and operating results for the Funds and the Taxable Subsidiaries. Main Street has determined that all of its portfolio investments do not qualify for this exception, including the investment in the External Investment Manager. Therefore, Main Street's Investment Portfolio is carried on the consolidated balance sheet at fair value, as discussed further in Note B, with any adjustments to fair value recognized as "Net Change in Unrealized Appreciation (Depreciation)" on the consolidated statements of operations until

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (Continued)

(Unaudited)

the investment is realized, usually upon exit, resulting in any gain or loss being recognized as a "Net Realized Gain (Loss)."

Portfolio Investment Classification

Main Street classifies its Investment Portfolio in accordance with the requirements of the 1940 Act. Under the 1940 Act, (a) "Control Investments" are defined as investments in which Main Street owns more than 25% of the voting securities or has rights to maintain greater than 50% of the board representation, (b) "Affiliate Investments" are defined as investments in which Main Street owns between 5% and 25% of the voting securities and does not have rights to maintain greater than 50% of the board representation, and (c) "Non-Control/Non-Affiliate Investments" are defined as investments nor Affiliate Investments.

NOTE B SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

1. Valuation of the Investment Portfolio

Main Street accounts for its Investment Portfolio at fair value. As a result, Main Street follows the provisions of ASC 820, *Fair Value Measurements and Disclosures* ("ASC 820"). ASC 820 defines fair value, establishes a framework for measuring fair value, establishes a fair value hierarchy based on the quality of inputs used to measure fair value and enhances disclosure requirements for fair value measurements. ASC 820 requires Main Street to assume that the portfolio investment is to be sold in the principal market to independent market participants, which may be a hypothetical market. Market participants are defined as buyers and sellers in the principal market that are independent, knowledgeable and willing and able to transact.

Main Street's portfolio strategy calls for it to invest primarily in illiquid debt and equity securities issued by privately held LMM companies and more liquid debt securities issued by Middle Market companies that are generally larger in size than the LMM companies. Main Street categorizes some of its investments in LMM companies and Middle Market companies as Private Loan portfolio investments, which are primarily debt securities in privately held companies which have been originated through strategic relationships with other investment funds on a collaborative basis, and are often referred to in the debt markets as "club deals." Private Loan investments are typically similar in size, structure, terms and conditions to investments Main Street holds in its LMM portfolio and Middle Market portfolio. Main Street's portfolio also includes Other Portfolio investments which primarily consist of investments that are not consistent with the typical profiles for its LMM portfolio investments, Middle Market portfolio investments or Private Loan portfolio investments, including investments which may be managed by third parties. Main Street's portfolio investments may be subject to restrictions on resale.

LMM investments and Other Portfolio investments generally have no established trading market while Middle Market securities generally have established markets that are not active. Private Loan investments may include investments which have no established trading market or have established markets that are not active. Main Street determines in good faith the fair value of its Investment Portfolio pursuant to a valuation policy in accordance with ASC 820 and a valuation process approved by its Board of Directors and in accordance with the 1940 Act. Main Street's valuation policies and processes are intended to provide a consistent basis for determining the fair value of Main Street's Investment Portfolio.

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (Continued)

(Unaudited)

For LMM portfolio investments, Main Street generally reviews external events, including private mergers, sales and acquisitions involving comparable companies, and includes these events in the valuation process by using an enterprise value waterfall methodology ("Waterfall") for its LMM equity investments and an income approach using a yield-to-maturity model ("Yield-to-Maturity") for its LMM debt investments. For Middle Market portfolio investments, Main Street primarily uses quoted prices in the valuation process. Main Street determines the appropriateness of the use of third-party broker quotes, if any, in determining fair value based on its understanding of the level of actual transactions used by the broker to develop the quote and whether the quote was an indicative price or binding offer, the depth and consistency of broker quotes and the correlation of changes in broker quotes with underlying performance of the portfolio company and other market indices. For Middle Market and Private Loan portfolio investments in debt securities for which it has determined that third-party quotes or other independent pricing are not available or appropriate, Main Street generally estimates the fair value based on the assumptions that it believes hypothetical market participants would use to value the investment in a current hypothetical sale using the Yield-to-Maturity valuation method. For its Other Portfolio equity investments, Main Street generally calculates the fair value of the investment primarily based on the net asset value ("NAV") of the fund and adjusts the fair value for other factors that would affect the fair value of the investment. All of the valuation approaches for Main Street's portfolio investments estimate the value of the investment as if Main Street were to sell, or exit, the investment as of the measurement date.

These valuation approaches consider the value associated with Main Street's ability to control the capital structure of the portfolio company, as well as the timing of a potential exit. For valuation purposes, "control" portfolio investments are composed of debt and equity securities in companies for which Main Street has a controlling interest in the equity ownership of the portfolio company or the ability to nominate a majority of the portfolio company's board of directors. For valuation purposes, "non-control" portfolio investments are generally composed of debt and equity securities in companies for which Main Street does not have a controlling interest in the equity ownership of the portfolio company or the ability to nominate a majority of the portfolio company or the ability to nominate a majority of the portfolio company or the ability to nominate a majority of the portfolio company or the ability to nominate a majority of the portfolio company of the portfolio company or the ability to nominate a majority of the portfolio company or the ability to nominate a majority of the portfolio company or the ability to nominate a majority of the portfolio company or the ability to nominate a majority of the portfolio company of the portfolio company or the ability to nominate a majority of the portfolio company's board of directors.

Under the Waterfall valuation method, Main Street estimates the enterprise value of a portfolio company using a combination of market and income approaches or other appropriate valuation methods, such as considering recent transactions in the equity securities of the portfolio company or third-party valuations of the portfolio company, and then performs a waterfall calculation by allocating the enterprise value over the portfolio company's securities in order of their preference relative to one another. The enterprise value is the fair value at which an enterprise could be sold in a transaction between two willing parties, other than through a forced or liquidation sale. Typically, private companies are bought and sold based on multiples of earnings before interest, taxes, depreciation and amortization ("EBITDA"), cash flows, net income, revenues, or in limited cases, book value. There is no single methodology for estimating enterprise value is derived. In estimating the enterprise value of a portfolio company, Main Street analyzes various factors including the portfolio company's historical and projected financial results. Due to SEC deadlines for Main Street's quarterly and annual financial reporting, the operating results of a portfolio company used in the current period valuation are generally the results from the period ended three months prior to such valuation date and may include unaudited, projected, budgeted or pro forma financial information and may require adjustments for non-recurring items or to normalize the operating results that may require significant judgment in its determination. In addition, projecting future financial

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (Continued)

(Unaudited)

results requires significant judgment regarding future growth assumptions. In evaluating the operating results, Main Street also analyzes the impact of exposure to litigation, loss of customers or other contingencies. After determining the appropriate enterprise value, Main Street allocates the enterprise value to investments in order of the legal priority of the various components of the portfolio company's capital structure. In applying the Waterfall valuation method, Main Street assumes the loans are paid off at the principal amount in a change in control transaction and are not assumed by the buyer, which Main Street believes is consistent with its past transaction history and standard industry practices.

Under the Yield-to-Maturity valuation method, Main Street also uses the income approach to determine the fair value of debt securities based on projections of the discounted future free cash flows that the debt security will likely generate, including analyzing the discounted cash flows of interest and principal amounts for the debt security, as set forth in the associated loan agreements, as well as the financial position and credit risk of the portfolio company. Main Street's estimate of the expected repayment date of its debt securities is generally the maturity date of the instrument, as Main Street generally intends to hold its loans and debt securities to maturity. The Yield-to-Maturity analysis also considers changes in leverage levels, credit quality, portfolio company performance and other factors. Main Street's general intent to hold its loans to maturity, the fair value will not exceed the principal amount of the debt security valued using the Yield-to-Maturity valuation method. A change in the assumptions that Main Street uses to estimate the fair value of its debt securities using the Yield-to-Maturity valuation method could have a material impact on the determining the fair value of the debt security, including the value attributable to the debt security from the enterprise value of the portfolio company or the proceeds that would most likely be received in a liquidation analysis.

Under the NAV valuation method, for an investment in an investment fund that does not have a readily determinable fair value, Main Street measures the fair value of the investment predominately based on the NAV of the investment fund as of the measurement date and adjusts the investment's fair value for factors known to Main Street that would affect that fund's NAV, including, but not limited to, fair values for individual investments held by the fund if Main Street holds the same investment or for a publicly traded investment. In addition, in determining the fair value of the investment, Main Street considers whether adjustments to the NAV are necessary in certain circumstances, based on the analysis of any restrictions on redemption of Main Street's investment as of the measurement date, recent actual sales or redemptions of interests in the investment fund, and expected future cash flows available to equity holders, including the rate of return on those cash flows compared to an implied market return on equity required by market participants, or other uncertainties surrounding Main Street's ability to realize the full NAV of its interests in the investment fund.

Pursuant to its internal valuation process and the requirements under the 1940 Act, Main Street performs valuation procedures on each of its portfolio investments quarterly. In addition to its internal valuation process, in arriving at estimates of fair value for its investments in its LMM portfolio companies, Main Street, among other things, consults with a nationally recognized independent financial advisory services firm. The nationally recognized independent financial advisory services firm analyzes and provides observations, recommendations and an assurance certification regarding the Company's determinations of the fair value of its LMM portfolio company investments. The nationally recognized independent financial advisory services firm is generally consulted relative to Main Street's investments in each LMM portfolio company at least once every calendar year, and for Main Street's

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (Continued)

(Unaudited)

investments in new LMM portfolio companies, at least once in the twelve-month period subsequent to the initial investment. In certain instances, Main Street may determine that it is not cost-effective, and as a result is not in its stockholders' best interest, to consult with the nationally recognized independent financial advisory services firm on its investments in one or more LMM portfolio companies. Such instances include, but are not limited to, situations where the fair value of Main Street's investment in a LMM portfolio company is determined to be insignificant relative to the total Investment Portfolio. Main Street consulted with and received an assurance certification from its independent financial advisory services firm in arriving at Main Street's determination of fair value on its investments in a total of 12 LMM portfolio companies for the three months ended March 31, 2017, representing approximately 16% of the total LMM portfolio at fair value as of March 31, 2017, and on a total of 11 LMM portfolio companies for the three months ended March 31, 2016. Excluding its investments in new LMM portfolio companies which have not been in the Investment Portfolio for at least twelve months subsequent to the initial investment as of March 31, 2017 and 2016, as applicable, and its investments in the LMM portfolio companies that were not reviewed because their equity is publicly traded or they hold real estate for which a third-party appraisal is obtained on at least an annual basis, the percentage of the LMM portfolio reviewed and certified by its independent financial advisory services firm for the three months ended March 31, 2017 and 2016 was 18% and 19% of the total LMM portfolio at fair value as of March 31, 2017 and 2016, respectively.

For valuation purposes, all of Main Street's Middle Market portfolio investments are non-control investments. To the extent sufficient observable inputs are available to determine fair value, Main Street uses observable inputs to determine the fair value of these investments through obtaining third-party quotes or other independent pricing. For Middle Market portfolio investments for which it has determined that third-party quotes or other independent pricing are not available or appropriate, Main Street generally estimates the fair value based on the assumptions that it believes hypothetical market participants would use to value such Middle Market debt investments in a current hypothetical sale using the Yield-to-Maturity valuation method and such Middle Market equity investments in a current hypothetical sale using the Waterfall valuation method. Because the vast majority of the Middle Market portfolio investments are typically valued using third-party quotes or other independent pricing 95% and 94% of the Middle Market portfolio investments as of March 31, 2017 and December 31, 2016, respectively), Main Street does not generally consult with any financial advisory services firms in connection with determining the fair value of its Middle Market investments.

For valuation purposes, all of Main Street's Private Loan portfolio investments are non-control investments. For Private Loan portfolio investments for which it has determined that third-party quotes or other independent pricing are not available or appropriate, Main Street generally estimates the fair value based on the assumptions that it believes hypothetical market participants would use to value such Private Loan debt investments in a current hypothetical sale using the Yield-to-Maturity valuation method and such Private Loan equity investments in a current hypothetical sale using the Waterfall valuation method.

In addition to its internal valuation process, in arriving at estimates of fair value for its investments in its Private Loan portfolio companies, Main Street, among other things, consults with a nationally recognized independent financial advisory services firm. The nationally recognized independent financial advisory services firm analyzes and provides observations and recommendations and an assurance certification regarding the Company's determinations of the fair value of its Private Loan portfolio company investments. The nationally recognized independent financial advisory services firm

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is generally consulted relative to Main Street's investments in each Private Loan portfolio company at least once every calendar year, and for Main Street's investments in new Private Loan portfolio companies, at least once in the twelve-month period subsequent to the initial investment. In certain instances, Main Street may determine that it is not cost-effective, and as a result is not in its stockholders' best interest, to consult with the nationally recognized independent financial advisory services firm on its investments in one or more Private Loan portfolio companies. Such instances include, but are not limited to, situations where the fair value of Main Street's investment in a Private Loan portfolio company is determined to be insignificant relative to the total Investment Portfolio. Main Street consulted with and received an assurance certification from its independent financial advisory services firm in arriving at its determination of fair value on its investments in a total of 9 Private Loan portfolio companies for the three months ended March 31, 2017, representing approximately 27% of the total Private Loan portfolio at fair value as of March 31, 2017, and on a total of 10 Private Loan portfolio companies for the three months ended March 31, 2016, representing approximately 36% of the total Private Loan portfolio at fair value as of March 31, 2016. Excluding its investments in new Private Loan portfolio companies which have not been in the Investment Portfolio for at least twelve months subsequent to the initial investment as of March 31, 2017 and 2016, as applicable, and investments in its Private Loan portfolio companies that were not reviewed because the investment is valued based upon third-party quotes or other independent pricing, the percentage of the Private Loan portfolio reviewed and certified by its independent financial advisory services firm for the three months ended March 31, 2017 and 2016 was 44% and 51% of the total Private Loan portfolio at fair value as of March 31, 2017 and 20

For valuation purposes, all of Main Street's Other Portfolio investments are non-control investments. Main Street's Other Portfolio investments comprised 5.4% and 5.0%, respectively, of Main Street's Investment Portfolio at fair value as of March 31, 2017 and December 31, 2016. Similar to the LMM investment portfolio, market quotations for Other Portfolio equity investments are generally not readily available. For Other Portfolio debt investments, Main Street generally determines the fair value of its investments using the NAV valuation method. For its Other Portfolio debt investments for which it has determined that third-party quotes or other independent pricing are not available or appropriate, Main Street generally estimates the fair value based on the assumptions that it believes hypothetical market participants would use to value such Other Portfolio debt investments in a current hypothetical sale using the Yield-to-Maturity valuation method. For its Other Portfolio debt investments for which third-party quotes or other independent pricing are available and appropriate, Main Street determines the fair value of these investments through obtaining third-party quotes or other independent pricing to the extent that these inputs are available and appropriate to determine fair value.

For valuation purposes, Main Street's investment in the External Investment Manager is a control investment. Market quotations are not readily available for this investment, and as a result, Main Street determines the fair value of the External Investment Manager using the Waterfall valuation method under the market approach. In estimating the enterprise value, Main Street analyzes various factors, including the entity's historical and projected financial results, as well as its size, marketability and performance relative to the population of market comparables. This valuation approach estimates the value of the investment as if Main Street were to sell, or exit, the investment. In addition, Main Street considers its ability to control the capital structure of the company, as well as the timing of a potential exit, in connection with determining the fair value of the External Investment Manager.

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Due to the inherent uncertainty in the valuation process, Main Street's determination of fair value for its Investment Portfolio may differ materially from the values that would have been determined had a ready market for the securities existed. In addition, changes in the market environment, portfolio company performance and other events that may occur over the lives of the investments may cause the gains or losses ultimately realized on these investments to be materially different than the valuations currently assigned. Main Street determines the fair value of each individual investment and records changes in fair value as unrealized appreciation or depreciation.

Main Street uses an internally developed portfolio investment rating system in connection with its investment oversight, portfolio management and analysis and investment valuation procedures for its LMM portfolio companies. This system takes into account both quantitative and qualitative factors of the LMM portfolio company and the investments held therein.

The Board of Directors of Main Street has the final responsibility for overseeing, reviewing and approving, in good faith, Main Street's determination of the fair value for its Investment Portfolio, as well as its valuation procedures, consistent with 1940 Act requirements. Main Street believes its Investment Portfolio as of March 31, 2017 and December 31, 2016 approximates fair value as of those dates based on the markets in which Main Street operates and other conditions in existence on those reporting dates.

2. Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with U.S. GAAP requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenue and expenses during the period. Actual results may differ from these estimates under different conditions or assumptions. Additionally, as explained in Note B.1., the consolidated financial statements include investments in the Investment Portfolio whose values have been estimated by Main Street with the oversight, review and approval by Main Street's Board of Directors in the absence of readily ascertainable market values. Because of the inherent uncertainty of the Investment Portfolio valuations, those estimated values may differ materially from the values that would have been determined had a ready market for the securities existed.

3. Cash and Cash Equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents consist of cash and highly liquid investments with an original maturity of three months or less at the date of purchase. Cash and cash equivalents are carried at cost, which approximates fair value.

At March 31, 2017, cash balances totaling \$29.9 million exceeded Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation insurance protection levels, subjecting the Company to risk related to the uninsured balance. All of the Company's cash deposits are held at large, established, high credit quality financial institutions and management believes that the risk of loss associated with any uninsured balances is remote.

4. Interest, Dividend and Fee Income

Main Street records interest and dividend income on the accrual basis to the extent amounts are expected to be collected. Dividend income is recorded as dividends are declared by the portfolio

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (Continued)

(Unaudited)

company or at the point an obligation exists for the portfolio company to make a distribution. In accordance with Main Street's valuation policies, Main Street evaluates accrued interest and dividend income periodically for collectability. When a loan or debt security becomes 90 days or more past due, and if Main Street otherwise does not expect the debtor to be able to service all of its debt or other obligations, Main Street will generally place the loan or debt security on non-accrual status and cease recognizing interest income on that loan or debt security until the borrower has demonstrated the ability and intent to pay contractual amounts due. If a loan or debt security's status significantly improves regarding the debtor's ability to service the debt or other obligations, or if a loan or debt security is sold or written off, Main Street removes it from non-accrual status.

As of March 31, 2017, Main Street's total Investment Portfolio had five investments on non-accrual status, which comprised approximately 0.2% of its fair value and 2.7% of its cost. As of December 31, 2016, Main Street's total Investment Portfolio had four investments on non-accrual status, which comprised approximately 0.6% of its fair value and 3.0% of its cost.

Main Street holds certain debt and preferred equity instruments in its Investment Portfolio that contain payment-in-kind ("PIK") interest and cumulative dividend provisions. The PIK interest, computed at the contractual rate specified in each debt agreement, is periodically added to the principal balance of the debt and is recorded as interest income. Thus, the actual collection of this interest may be deferred until the time of debt principal repayment. Cumulative dividends are recorded as dividend income, and any dividends in arrears are added to the balance of the preferred equity investment. The actual collection of these dividends in arrears may be deferred until such time as the preferred equity is redeemed or sold. To maintain RIC tax treatment (as discussed in Note B.8. below), these non-cash sources of income may need to be paid out to stockholders in the form of distributions, even though Main Street may not have collected the PIK interest and cumulative dividends in arrears when it determines that such PIK interest and dividends in arrears are no longer collectible. For the three months ended March 31, 2017 and 2016, (i) approximately 3.4% and 3.1%, respectively, of Main Street's total investment income was attributable to PIK interest income not paid currently in cash and (ii) approximately 1.8% and 0.8%, respectively, of Main Street's total investment income was attributable to cumulative dividend income not paid currently in cash.

Main Street may periodically provide services, including structuring and advisory services, to its portfolio companies or other third parties. For services that are separately identifiable and evidence exists to substantiate fair value, fee income is recognized as earned, which is generally when the investment or other applicable transaction closes. Fees received in connection with debt financing transactions for services that do not meet these criteria are treated as debt origination fees and are deferred and accreted into income over the life of the financing.

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A presentation of the investment income Main Street received from its Investment Portfolio in each of the periods presented is as follows:

	Three Moi Maro						
	2017 2016 (dollars in						
	thous	ands	5)				
Interest, fee and dividend income:							
Interest income	\$ 38,463	\$	32,182				
Dividend income	6,982		7,629				
Fee income	2,444		2,064				
Total interest, fee and dividend income	\$ 47,889	\$	41,875				

5. Deferred Financing Costs

Deferred financing costs include SBIC debenture commitment fees and SBIC debenture leverage fees on the SBIC debentures which are not accounted for under the fair value option under ASC 825 (as discussed further in Note B.10.). These fees are approximately 3.4% of the total commitment and draw amounts, as applicable. These deferred financing costs have been capitalized and are being amortized into interest expense over the ten year term of each debenture agreement.

Deferred financing costs also include commitment fees and other costs related to Main Street's multi-year revolving credit facility (the "Credit Facility", as discussed further in Note F) and its notes (as discussed further in Note G). These costs have been capitalized and are amortized into interest expense over the term of the individual instrument.

6. Unearned Income Debt Origination Fees and Original Issue Discount and Discounts / Premiums to Par Value

Main Street capitalizes debt origination fees received in connection with financings and reflects such fees as unearned income netted against the applicable debt investments. The unearned income from the fees is accreted into income based on the effective interest method over the life of the financing.

In connection with its portfolio debt investments, Main Street sometimes receives nominal cost warrants or warrants with an exercise price below the fair value of the underlying equity (together, "nominal cost equity") that are valued as part of the negotiation process with the particular portfolio company. When Main Street receives nominal cost equity, Main Street allocates its cost basis in its investment between its debt security and its nominal cost equity at the time of origination based on amounts negotiated with the particular portfolio company. The allocated amounts are based upon the fair value of the nominal cost equity, which is then used to determine the allocation of cost to the debt security. Any discount recorded on a debt investment resulting from this allocation is reflected as unearned income, which is netted against the applicable debt investment, and accreted into interest income based on the effective interest method over the life of the debt investment. The actual collection of this interest is deferred until the time of debt principal repayment.

MAIN STREET CAPITAL CORPORATION

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (Continued)

(Unaudited)

Main Street may also purchase debt securities at a discount or at a premium to the par value of the debt security. In the case of a purchase at a discount, Main Street records the investment at the par value of the debt security net of the discount, and the discount is accreted into interest income based on the effective interest method over the life of the debt investment. In the case of a purchase at a premium, Main Street records the investment at the par value of the debt security net of the discount is accreted into interest the investment at the par value of the debt security plus the premium, and the premium is amortized as a reduction to interest income based on the effective interest method over the life of the debt investment.

To maintain RIC tax treatment (as discussed in Note B.8. below), these non-cash sources of income may need to be paid out to stockholders in the form of distributions, even though Main Street may not have collected the interest income. For the three months ended March 31, 2017 and 2016, approximately 3.5% and 2.6%, respectively, of Main Street's total investment income was attributable to interest income from the accretion of discounts associated with debt investments, net of any premium reduction.

7. Share-Based Compensation

Main Street accounts for its share-based compensation plans using the fair value method, as prescribed by ASC 718, *Compensation Stock Compensation*. Accordingly, for restricted stock awards, Main Street measures the grant date fair value based upon the market price of its common stock on the date of the grant and amortizes the fair value of the awards as share-based compensation expense over the requisite service period, which is generally the vesting term.

Effective January 1, 2016, Main Street elected early adoption of Accounting Standards Update ("ASU") 2016-09, *Compensation Stock Compensation: Improvements to Employee Share-Based Payment Accounting* ("ASU 2016-09," as discussed further below in Note B.12.). ASU 2016-09 requires that all excess tax benefits and tax deficiencies (including tax benefits of dividends on share-based payment awards) should be recognized as income tax expense or benefit in the income statement and no longer delay recognition of a tax benefit until the tax benefit is realized through a reduction to taxes payable. The tax effects of exercised or vested awards should be treated as discrete items in the reporting period in which they occur. Additionally, ASU 2016-09 allows an entity to make an entity-wide accounting policy election to either estimate the number of awards that are expected to vest, net of forfeitures, (current GAAP) or account for forfeitures when they occur. Amendments related to the timing of when excess tax benefits are recognized, minimum statutory withholding requirements, forfeitures and intrinsic value should be applied using a modified retrospective transition method by means of a cumulative-effect adjustment to equity as of the beginning of the period in which the guidance is adopted. As such, Main Street has recorded a \$1.8 million adjustment to "Net Unrealized Appreciation, Net of Income Taxes" on the consolidated balance sheet to capture the cumulative tax effect as of January 1, 2016. The company has elected to account for forfeitures as they occur and this change had no impact on its consolidated financial statements. The additional amendments (cash flows classification, minimum statutory tax withholding requirements and classification of awards as either a liability or equity) did not have an effect on Main Street's consolidated financial statements.

8. Income Taxes

MSCC has elected to be treated for U.S. federal income tax purposes as a RIC. MSCC's taxable income includes the taxable income generated by MSCC and certain of its subsidiaries, including the Funds, which are treated as disregarded entities for tax purposes. As a RIC, MSCC generally will not

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Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (Continued)

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pay corporate-level U.S. federal income taxes on any net ordinary taxable income or capital gains that MSCC distributes to its stockholders. MSCC must generally distribute at least 90% of its "investment company taxable income" (which is generally its net ordinary taxable income and realized net short-term capital gains in excess of realized net long-term capital losses) and 90% of its tax-exempt income to maintain its RIC status (pass-through tax treatment for amounts distributed). As part of maintaining RIC status, undistributed taxable income (subject to a 4% non-deductible U.S. federal excise tax) pertaining to a given fiscal year may be distributed up to 12 months subsequent to the end of that fiscal year, provided such dividends are declared on or prior to the later of (i) the filing of the U.S. federal income tax return for the applicable fiscal year or (ii) the fifteenth day of the ninth month following the close of the year in which such taxable income was generated.

The Taxable Subsidiaries primarily hold certain portfolio investments for Main Street. The Taxable Subsidiaries permit Main Street to hold equity investments in portfolio companies which are "pass-through" entities for tax purposes and to continue to comply with the "source-income" requirements contained in the RIC tax provisions of the Code. The Taxable Subsidiaries are consolidated with Main Street for U.S. GAAP financial reporting purposes, and the portfolio investments held by the Taxable Subsidiaries are included in Main Street's consolidated financial statements as portfolio investments and recorded at fair value. The Taxable Subsidiaries are not consolidated with MSCC for income tax purposes and may generate income tax expense, or benefit, and tax assets and liabilities, as a result of their ownership of certain portfolio investments. The taxable income, or loss, of the Taxable Subsidiaries may differ from its book income, or loss, due to temporary book and tax timing differences and permanent differences. This income tax expense, or benefit, if any, and the related tax assets and liabilities, are reflected in Main Street's consolidated financial statements.

The Taxable Subsidiaries use the liability method in accounting for income taxes. Deferred tax assets and liabilities are recorded for temporary differences between the tax basis of assets and liabilities and their reported amounts in the consolidated financial statements, using statutory tax rates in effect for the year in which the temporary differences are expected to reverse. A valuation allowance is provided, if necessary, against deferred tax assets when it is more likely than not that some portion or all of the deferred tax asset will not be realized.

Taxable income generally differs from net income for financial reporting purposes due to temporary and permanent differences in the recognition of income and expenses. Taxable income generally excludes net unrealized appreciation or depreciation, as investment gains or losses are not included in taxable income until they are realized.

9. Net Realized Gains or Losses and Net Change in Unrealized Appreciation or Depreciation

Realized gains or losses are measured by the difference between the net proceeds from the sale or redemption of an investment or a financial instrument and the cost basis of the investment or financial instrument, without regard to unrealized appreciation or depreciation previously recognized, and includes investments written-off during the period net of recoveries and realized gains or losses from in-kind redemptions. Net change in unrealized appreciation or depreciation reflects the net change in the fair value of the Investment Portfolio and financial instruments and the reclassification of any prior period unrealized appreciation or depreciation on exited investments and financial instruments to realized gains or losses.

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(Unaudited)

10. Fair Value of Financial Instruments

Fair value estimates are made at discrete points in time based on relevant information. These estimates may be subjective in nature and involve uncertainties and matters of significant judgment and, therefore, cannot be determined with precision. Main Street believes that the carrying amounts of its financial instruments, consisting of cash and cash equivalents, receivables, payables and other liabilities approximate the fair values of such items due to the short-term nature of these instruments.

As part of Main Street's acquisition of the majority of the equity interests of MSC II in January 2010 (the "MSC II Acquisition"), Main Street elected the fair value option under ASC 825, *Financial Instruments* ("ASC 825") relating to accounting for debt obligations at their fair value, for the MSC II SBIC debentures acquired as part of the acquisition accounting related to the MSC II Acquisition and values those obligations as discussed further in Note C. In order to provide for a more consistent basis of presentation, Main Street has continued to elect the fair value option for SBIC debentures issued by MSC II subsequent to the MSC II Acquisition. When the fair value option is elected for a given SBIC debenture, the deferred loan costs associated with the debenture are fully expensed in the current period to "Net Change in Unrealized Appreciation (Depreciation) SBIC debentures" as part of the fair value adjustment. Interest incurred in connection with SBIC debentures which are valued at fair value is included in interest expense.

11. Earnings per Share

Basic and diluted per share calculations are computed utilizing the weighted-average number of shares of common stock outstanding for the period. In accordance with ASC 260, *Earnings Per Share*, the unvested shares of restricted stock awarded pursuant to Main Street's equity compensation plans are participating securities and, therefore, are included in the basic earnings per share calculation. As a result, for all periods presented, there is no difference between diluted earnings per share and basic earnings per share amounts.

12. Recently Issued or Adopted Accounting Standards

In May 2014, the FASB issued ASU 2014-09, *Revenue from Contracts with Customers (Topic 606)*. ASU 2014-09 supersedes the revenue recognition requirements under ASC 605, *Revenue Recognition*, and most industry-specific guidance throughout the Industry Topics of the ASC. The core principle of the guidance is that an entity should recognize revenue to depict the transfer of promised goods or services to customers in an amount that reflects the consideration to which an entity expects to be entitled in exchange for those goods or services. Under the new guidance, an entity is required to perform the following five steps: (1) identify the contract(s) with a customer; (2) identify the performance obligations in the contract; (3) determine the transaction price; (4) allocate the transaction price to the performance obligations in the contract; (3) determine the entity satisfies a performance obligation. The new guidance will significantly enhance comparability of revenue recognition practices across entities, industries, jurisdictions and capital markets. Additionally, the guidance requires improved disclosures as to the nature, amount, timing and uncertainty of revenue that is recognized. In March 2016, the FASB issued ASU

2016-08, Revenue from Contracts with Customers (Topic 606): Principal versus Agent Considerations (Reporting Revenue Gross versus Net), which clarified the implementation guidance on principal versus agent considerations. In April 2016, the FASB issued ASU 2016-10, Revenue from Contracts with Customers (Topic 606): Identifying Performance Obligations and Licensing, which clarified the implementation guidance regarding performance

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obligations and licensing arrangements. In May 2016, the FASB issued ASU No. 2016-12, *Revenue from Contracts with Customers (Topic 606) Narrow-Scope Improvements and Practical Expedients*, which clarified guidance on assessing collectability, presenting sales tax, measuring noncash consideration, and certain transition matters. In December 2016, the FASB issued ASU No. 2016-20, *Revenue from Contracts with Customers (Topic 606) Technical Corrections and Improvements*, which provided disclosure relief, and clarified the scope and application of the new revenue standard and related cost guidance. The new guidance will be effective for the annual reporting period beginning after December 15, 2017, including interim periods within that reporting period. Early adoption would be permitted for annual reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2016. Main Street expects to identify similar performance obligations under ASC 606 as compared with deliverables and separate units of account previously identified. As a result, Main Street expects timing of its revenue recognition to remain the same.

In May 2015, the FASB issued ASU 2015-07, *Fair Value Measurements Disclosures for Certain Entities that Calculate Net Asset Value per Share.* This amendment updates guidance intended to eliminate the diversity in practice surrounding how investments measured at net asset value under the practical expedient with future redemption dates have been categorized in the fair value hierarchy. Under the updated guidance, investments for which fair value is measured at net asset value per share using the practical expedient should no longer be categorized in the fair value hierarchy, while investments for which fair value is measured at net asset value per share but the practical expedient is not applied should continue to be categorized in the fair value hierarchy. The updated guidance requires retrospective adoption for all periods presented and is effective for interim and annual reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2015, with early adoption permitted. The Company adopted this standard during the three months ended March 31, 2016. There was no impact of the adoption of this new accounting standard on Main Street's consolidated financial statements as none of its investments are measured through the use of the practical expedient.

In February 2016, the FASB issued ASU 2016-02, *Leases*, which requires lessees to recognize on the balance sheet a right-of-use asset, representing its right to use the underlying asset for the lease term, and a lease liability for all leases with terms greater than 12 months. The guidance also requires qualitative and quantitative disclosures designed to assess the amount, timing, and uncertainty of cash flows arising from leases. The standard requires the use of a modified retrospective transition approach, which includes a number of optional practical expedients that entities may elect to apply. The new guidance is effective for annual periods beginning after December 15, 2018, and interim periods therein. Early application is permitted. While Main Street continues to assess the effect of adoption, Main Street currently believes the most significant change relates to the recognition of a new right-of-use asset and lease liability on its consolidated balance sheet for its office space operating lease. Main Street currently has one operating lease for office space and does not expect a significant change in the leasing activity between now and adoption. See further discussion of the operating lease obligation in Note M.

In March 2016, the FASB issued ASU 2016-09, which is intended to simplify several aspects of the accounting for share-based payment transactions, including the income tax consequences, classification of awards as either equity or liabilities, and classification on the statement of cash flows. The new guidance is effective for annual periods beginning after December 15, 2016, and interim periods therein. Early application is permitted. The Company elected to early adopt this standard during the three months ended March 31, 2016. See further discussion of the impact of the adoption of this standard in Note B.7.

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In August 2016, the FASB issued ASU 2016-15, *Statement of Cash Flows (Topic 230)*, which is intended to reduce the existing diversity in practice in how certain cash receipts and cash payments are presented and classified in the statement of cash flows. The guidance is effective for annual periods beginning after December 15, 2017, and interim periods therein. Early application is permitted. The impact of the adoption of this new accounting standard on Main Street's consolidated financial statements is not expected to be material.

From time to time, new accounting pronouncements are issued by the FASB or other standards setting bodies that are adopted by Main Street as of the specified effective date. Main Street believes that the impact of recently issued standards and any that are not yet effective will not have a material impact on its consolidated financial statements upon adoption.

NOTE C FAIR VALUE HIERARCHY FOR INVESTMENTS AND DEBENTURES PORTFOLIO COMPOSITION

ASC 820 defines fair value, establishes a framework for measuring fair value, establishes a fair value hierarchy based on the quality of inputs used to measure fair value, and enhances disclosure requirements for fair value measurements. Main Street accounts for its investments at fair value.

Fair Value Hierarchy

In accordance with ASC 820, Main Street has categorized its investments based on the priority of the inputs to the valuation technique into a three-level fair value hierarchy. The fair value hierarchy gives the highest priority to quoted prices in active markets for identical investments (Level 1) and the lowest priority to unobservable inputs (Level 3).

Investments recorded on Main Street's balance sheet are categorized based on the inputs to the valuation techniques as follows:

Level 1 Investments whose values are based on unadjusted quoted prices for identical assets in an active market that Main Street has the ability to access (examples include investments in active exchange-traded equity securities and investments in most U.S. government and agency securities).

Level 2 Investments whose values are based on quoted prices in markets that are not active or model inputs that are observable either directly or indirectly for substantially the full term of the investment. Level 2 inputs include the following:

Quoted prices for similar assets in active markets (for example, investments in restricted stock);

Quoted prices for identical or similar assets in non-active markets (for example, investments in thinly traded public companies);

Pricing models whose inputs are observable for substantially the full term of the investment (for example, market interest rate indices); and

Pricing models whose inputs are derived principally from, or corroborated by, observable market data through correlation or other means for substantially the full term of the investment.

Level 3 Investments whose values are based on prices or valuation techniques that require inputs that are both unobservable and significant to the overall fair value measurement (for example, investments in illiquid securities issued by private companies). These inputs reflect management's own assumptions about the assumptions a market participant would use in pricing the investment.

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As required by ASC 820, when the inputs used to measure fair value fall within different levels of the hierarchy, the level within which the fair value measurement is categorized is based on the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement in its entirety. For example, a Level 3 fair value measurement may include inputs that are observable (Levels 1 and 2) and unobservable (Level 3). Therefore, unrealized appreciation and depreciation related to such investments categorized within the Level 3 tables below may include changes in fair value that are attributable to both observable inputs (Levels 1 and 2) and unobservable inputs (Levels 1 conducts reviews of fair value hierarchy classifications on a quarterly basis. During the classification process, Main Street may determine that it is appropriate to transfer investments between fair value hierarchy Levels. These transfers occur when Main Street has concluded that it is appropriate for the classification of an individual asset to be changed due to a change in the factors used to determine the selection of the Level. Any such changes are deemed to be effective during the quarter in which the transfer occurs.

As of March 31, 2017 and December 31, 2016, all of Main Street's LMM portfolio investments except for the equity investment in one portfolio company consisted of illiquid securities issued by private companies. The investment which was the exception was in a company with publicly traded equity. As a result, the fair value determination for the LMM portfolio investments primarily consisted of unobservable inputs. The fair value determination for the publicly traded equity security consisted of observable inputs in non-active markets for which sufficient observable inputs were available to determine the fair value. As a result, all of Main Street's LMM portfolio investments were categorized as Level 3 as of March 31, 2017 and December 31, 2016, except for the one publicly traded equity security which was categorized as Level 2.

As of March 31, 2017 and December 31, 2016, Main Street's Middle Market portfolio investments consisted primarily of investments in secured and unsecured debt investments and independently rated debt investments. The fair value determination for these investments consisted of a combination of observable inputs in non-active markets for which sufficient observable inputs were not available to determine the fair value of these investments and unobservable inputs. As a result, all of Main Street's Middle Market portfolio investments were categorized as Level 3 as of March 31, 2017 and December 31, 2016.

As of March 31, 2017 and December 31, 2016, Main Street's Private Loan portfolio investments primarily consisted of investments in interest-bearing secured debt investments. The fair value determination for these investments consisted of a combination of observable inputs in non-active markets for which sufficient observable inputs were not available to determine the fair value of these investments and unobservable inputs. As a result, all of Main Street's Private Loan portfolio investments were categorized as Level 3 as of March 31, 2017 and December 31, 2016.

As of March 31, 2017 and December 31, 2016, Main Street's Other Portfolio investments consisted of illiquid securities issued by private companies. The fair value determination for these investments primarily consisted of unobservable inputs. As a result, all of Main Street's Other Portfolio investments were categorized as Level 3 as of March 31, 2017 and December 31, 2016.

The fair value determination of each portfolio investment categorized as Level 3 required one or more of the following unobservable inputs:

Financial information obtained from each portfolio company, including unaudited statements of operations and balance sheets for the most recent period available as compared to budgeted numbers;

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Current and projected financial condition of the portfolio company;

Current and projected ability of the portfolio company to service its debt obligations;

Type and amount of collateral, if any, underlying the investment;

Current financial ratios (e.g., fixed charge coverage ratio, interest coverage ratio and net debt/EBITDA ratio) applicable to the investment;

Current liquidity of the investment and related financial ratios (e.g., current ratio and quick ratio);

Pending debt or capital restructuring of the portfolio company;

Projected operating results of the portfolio company;

Current information regarding any offers to purchase the investment;

Current ability of the portfolio company to raise any additional financing as needed;

Changes in the economic environment which may have a material impact on the operating results of the portfolio company;

Internal occurrences that may have an impact (both positive and negative) on the operating performance of the portfolio company;

Qualitative assessment of key management;

Contractual rights, obligations or restrictions associated with the investment; and

Other factors deemed relevant.

The significant unobservable inputs used in the fair value measurement of Main Street's LMM equity securities, which are generally valued through an average of the discounted cash flow technique and the market comparable/enterprise value technique (unless one of these approaches is determined to not be appropriate), are (i) EBITDA multiples and (ii) the weighted-average cost of capital ("WACC"). Significant increases (decreases) in EBITDA multiple inputs in isolation would result in a significantly higher (lower) fair value measurement. On the contrary, significant increases (decreases) in WACC inputs in isolation would result in a significantly lower (higher) fair value measurement. The

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significant unobservable inputs used in the fair value measurement of Main Street's LMM, Middle Market, Private Loan and Other Portfolio debt securities are (i) risk adjusted discount rates used in the Yield-to-Maturity valuation technique (described in Note B.1. Valuation of the Investment Portfolio) and (ii) the percentage of expected principal recovery. Significant increases (decreases) in any of these discount rates in isolation would result in a significantly lower (higher) fair value measurement. Significant increases (decreases) in any of these expected principal recovery percentages in isolation would result in a significantly higher (lower) fair value measurement. However, due to the nature of certain investments, fair value measurements may be based on other criteria, such as third-party appraisals of collateral and fair values as determined by independent third parties, which are not presented in the tables below.

MAIN STREET CAPITAL CORPORATION

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (Continued)

(Unaudited)

The following tables provide a summary of the significant unobservable inputs used to fair value Main Street's Level 3 portfolio investments as of March 31, 2017 and December 31, 2016:

		ir Value as March 31, 2017		Significant			
		(in	Valuation	Unobservable		Weighted	
Type of Investment	tl	housands)	Technique	Inputs	Range(3)	Average(3) M	ledian(3)
			Discounted	Weighted-average cost	10.1% -		
Equity investments	\$	579,449	cash flow	of capital	22.7%	12.7%	13.3%
			Market comparable / Enterprise				
			Value	EBITDA multiple(1)	4.5x - 8.5x(2)	7.1x	6.0x
			Discounted	Risk adjusted discount	7.4% -		
Debt investments	\$	818,956	cash flow	factor	16.0%(2)	11.4%	11.1%
				Expected principal recovery percentage	3.0% - 100.0%	99.8%	100.0%
			Market				
Debt investments	\$	578,703	approach	Third-party quote	15.0 - 105.0		
Total Level 3 investments	\$	1,977,108					

(1)

EBITDA may include proforma adjustments and/or other addbacks based on specific circumstances related to each investment.

(2)

Range excludes outliers that are greater than one standard deviation from the mean. Including these outliers, the range for EBITDA multiple is 3.5x - 17.5x and the range for risk adjusted discount factor is 4.8% - 43.0%.

(3)

Does not include investments for which the valuation technique does not include the use of the applicable fair value input.

Type of Investment	Dec	ir Value as of ember 31, 2016 (in ousands)	Valuation Technique	Significant Unobservable Inputs	Range(3)	Weighted Average(3) N	ledian(3)
••		í.	Discounted	Weighted-average cost	10.4% -	0	
Equity investments	\$	567,003	cash flow	of capital	23.1%	13.0%	13.7%
			Market comparable / Enterprise				6.0
			Value	EBITDA multiple(1)	4.5x - 8.5x(2)	7.1x	6.0x
Debt investments	\$	808,895	Discounted cash flow	Risk adjusted discount factor	7.4% - 15.9%(2)	11.8%	11.6%
				Expected principal recovery percentage	3.0% - 100.0%	99.7%	100.0%
Debt investments	\$	618,928	Market approach	Third-party quote	22.5 - 108.0		

Total Level 3 investments \$ 1,994,826

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(1)

EBITDA may include proforma adjustments and/or other addbacks based on specific circumstances related to each investment.

(2)

Range excludes outliers that are greater than one standard deviation from the mean. Including these outliers, the range for EBITDA multiple is 3.3x - 17.5x and the range for risk adjusted discount factor is 4.8% - 38.0%.

(3)

Does not include investments for which the valuation technique does not include the use of the applicable fair value input.

The following tables provide a summary of changes in fair value of Main Street's Level 3 portfolio investments for the three month periods ended March 31, 2017 and 2016 (amounts in thousands):

	F	air Value	Transfors					C	Net Changes from	N	at		F	air Value
		as of ember 31,	Into		emptions/		New	Ur	realized to	Unrea	lized			as of Aarch 31,
Type of Investment		2016	Hierarchy	Rej	payments	Inv	estments	R	Realized	(Deprec	iation)	Other(1)		2017
Debt	\$	1,427,823	\$	\$	(190,366)	\$	175,026	\$	1,340	\$ (1	10,108)	\$ (6,056) \$	1,397,659
Equity		549,453			(9,119)		25,691		(19,775)	i 1	1,876	6,056		564,182
Equity Warrant		17,550			(1,673)		331		(1,107)	l.	166			15,267
	\$	1,994,826	\$	\$	(201,158)	\$	201,048	\$	(19,542)	\$	1,934	\$	\$	1,977,108

(1)

Includes the impact of non-cash conversions.

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (Continued)

(Unaudited)

Type of Investment	air Value as of cember 31, 2015	Into Level 3	Rede		New vestments	Uı	Net Changes from nrealized to Realized	Ар	Net prealized preciation preciation)	Oth		 ir Value as of arch 31, 2016
Debt	\$ 1,265,544	\$	\$	(70,061)	\$ 101,465	\$	4,510	\$	(11,905)	\$ (2,556) \$	\$ 1,286,997
Equity	519,966			(5,987)	16,959		(16,816))	(1,035)		2,556	515,643
Equity Warrant	10,646				2,819				(1,044)			12,421
	\$ 1,796,156	\$	\$	(76,048)	\$ 121,243	\$	(12,306))\$	(13,984)	\$	S	\$ 1,815,061

(1)

Includes the impact of non-cash conversions.

As of March 31, 2017 and December 31, 2016, the fair value determination for the SBIC debentures recorded at fair value primarily consisted of unobservable inputs. As a result, the SBIC debentures which are recorded at fair value were categorized as Level 3. Main Street determines the fair value of these instruments primarily using a Yield-to-Maturity approach that analyzes the discounted cash flows of interest and principal for each SBIC debenture recorded at fair value based on estimated market interest rates for debt instruments of similar structure, terms, and maturity. Main Street's estimate of the expected repayment date of principal for each SBIC debenture recorded at fair value is the legal maturity date of the instrument. The significant unobservable inputs used in the fair value measurement of Main Street's SBIC debentures recorded at fair value are the estimated market interest rates in isolation would result in a significantly lower (higher) fair value measurement.

The following tables provide a summary of the significant unobservable inputs used to fair value Main Street's Level 3 SBIC debentures as of March 31, 2017 and December 31, 2016 (amounts in thousands):

Type of Instrument	Mai	Value as of rch 31, 2017	Valuation Technique	Significant Unobservable Inputs	Range	Weighted Average
			Discounted cash	Estimated market interest	4.2% -	
SBIC debentures	\$	49,155	flow	rates	5.2%	4.5%
		Value as of	¥7-1	<u>6' '6' 4</u>		W/-:-b4-d
	Decer	of nber 31,	Valuation	Significant		Weighted
Type of Instrument	Decer	of	Technique	Unobservable Inputs	Range	Weighted Average
Type of Instrument	Decer	of nber 31,		0	Range 3.4% -	0
Type of Instrument SBIC debentures	Decer	of nber 31,	Technique	Unobservable Inputs	0	0

ended March 31, 2017 and 2016 (amounts in thousands):

	Fair Value				Net	Fair Value
	as of		Net	New	Unrealized	as of
	December 31,		Realized	SBIC	(Appreciation)	March 31,
Type of Instrument	2016	Repayments	Loss	Debentures	Depreciation	2017

SBIC debentures at fair	<i>•</i>	51 000 ¢	(25.200) (5 9 1 5	•	¢		40.155
value	\$	74,803 \$	(25,200) \$	5,217	\$	\$	(5,665) \$	49,155

MAIN STREET CAPITAL CORPORATION

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (Continued)

(Unaudited)

	air Value as of cember 31,		New SBIC	Net Unreali (Apprecia		hir Value as of Iarch 31,
Type of Instrument	2015	Repayments	Debentures	Deprecia	ntion	2016
SBIC debentures at fair value	\$ 73,860	\$	\$	\$	146	\$ 74,006

At March 31, 2017 and December 31, 2016, Main Street's investments and SBIC debentures at fair value were categorized as follows in the fair value hierarchy for ASC 820 purposes:

			Fai	r Value Meas (in thousa		5	
At March 31, 2017	I	Fair Value	Quoted Prices in Active Markets for Identical Assets (Level 1)	Significan Observable (Level	e Inputs	Ur	Significant tobservable Inputs (Level 3)
LMM portfolio investments	\$	886,559	\$	\$	2,270	\$	884,289
Middle Market portfolio investments		568,796					568,796
Private Loan portfolio investments		384,220					384,220
Other Portfolio investments		106,331					106,331
External Investment Manager		33,472					33,472
Total portfolio investments Marketable securities and idle funds investments		1,979,378			2,270		1,977,108
Total investments	\$	1,979,378	\$	\$	2,270	\$	1,977,108
SBIC debentures at fair value	\$	49,155	\$	\$		\$	49,155

			Fair Value Measurements								
					(in thousands)						
			Quoted Prices in								
			Active Markets		Significant						
			for		Other		Significant				
			Identical Assets		Observable Inputs		Unobservable Inputs				
At December 31, 2016	F	air Value	(Level 1)		(Level 2)		(Level 3)				
LMM portfolio investments	\$	892,592	\$	\$	2,080	\$	890,512				
Middle Market portfolio investments		630,578					630,578				

	342,867						342,867
	100,252						100,252
	30,617						30,617
	1,996,906				2,080		1,994,826
\$	1,996,906	\$		\$	2,080	\$	1,994,826
¢	74.000	¢		Φ		¢	74.000
\$	/4,803	\$		\$		\$	74,803
	S-12	7					
	\$	100,252 30,617 1,996,906 \$ 1,996,906 \$ 74,803	100,252 30,617 1,996,906 \$ 1,996,906 \$	100,252 30,617 1,996,906 \$ 1,996,906 \$ \$ 74,803 \$	100,252 30,617 1,996,906 \$ 1,996,906 \$ \$ \$ \$ 74,803 \$ \$	100,252 30,617 1,996,906 \$ 2,080 \$ 1,996,906 \$ \$ 2,080 \$ 74,803 \$ \$	100,252 30,617 1,996,906 \$ 2,080 \$ 1,996,906 \$ \$ 2,080 \$ \$ 2,080 \$ \$ 74,803 \$ \$ \$

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MAIN STREET CAPITAL CORPORATION

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (Continued)

(Unaudited)

Investment Portfolio Composition

Main Street's LMM portfolio investments primarily consist of secured debt, equity warrants and direct equity investments in privately held, LMM companies based in the United States. Main Street's LMM portfolio companies generally have annual revenues between \$10 million and \$150 million, and its LMM investments generally range in size from \$5 million to \$50 million. The LMM debt investments are typically secured by either a first or second priority lien on the assets of the portfolio company, generally bear interest at fixed rates, and generally have a term of between five and seven years from the original investment date. In most LMM portfolio investments, Main Street receives nominally priced equity warrants and/or makes direct equity investments in connection with a debt investment.

Main Street's Middle Market portfolio investments primarily consist of direct investments in or secondary purchases of interest-bearing debt securities in privately held companies based in the United States that are generally larger in size than the companies included in Main Street's LMM portfolio. Main Street's Middle Market portfolio companies generally have annual revenues between \$150 million and \$1.5 billion, and its Middle Market investments generally range in size from \$3 million to \$15 million. Main Street's Middle Market portfolio debt investments are generally secured by either a first or second priority lien on the assets of the portfolio company and typically have a term of between three and seven years from the original investment date.

Main Street's private loan ("Private Loan") portfolio investments are primarily debt securities in privately held companies which have been originated through strategic relationships with other investment funds on a collaborative basis, and are often referred to in the debt markets as "club deals." Private Loan investments are typically similar in size, structure, terms and conditions to investments Main Street holds in its LMM portfolio and Middle Market portfolio. Main Street's Private Loan portfolio debt investments are generally secured by either a first or second priority lien on the assets of the portfolio company and typically have a term of between three and seven years from the original investment date.

Main Street's other portfolio ("Other Portfolio") investments primarily consist of investments which are not consistent with the typical profiles for LMM, Middle Market and Private Loan portfolio investments, including investments which may be managed by third parties. In the Other Portfolio, Main Street may incur indirect fees and expenses in connection with investments managed by third parties, such as investments in other investment companies or private funds. For Other Portfolio investments, Main Street generally receives distributions related to the assets held by the portfolio company. Those assets are typically expected to be liquidated over a five to ten year period.

Main Street's external asset management business is conducted through its External Investment Manager. The External Investment Manager earns management fees based on the assets of the funds under management and may earn incentive fees, or a carried interest, based on the performance of the funds managed. Main Street entered into an agreement with the External Investment Manager to share employees in connection with its asset management business generally, and specifically for its relationship with HMS Income Fund, Inc. ("HMS Income"). Through this agreement, Main Street shares employees with the External Investment Manager, including their related infrastructure, business relationships, management expertise and capital raising capabilities. In the first quarter of 2014, Main Street began allocating cost to the External Investment Manager pursuant to the sharing agreement. Main Street's total expenses for the three months ended March 31, 2017 and 2016 are net of expenses allocated to the External Investment Manager of \$1.5 million and \$1.2 million, respectively.

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (Continued)

(Unaudited)

Investment income, consisting of interest, dividends and fees, can fluctuate dramatically due to various factors, including the level of new investment activity, repayments of debt investments or sales of equity interests. Investment income in any given year could also be highly concentrated among several portfolio companies. For the three months ended March 31, 2017 and 2016, Main Street did not record investment income from any single portfolio company in excess of 10% of total investment income.

The following tables provide a summary of Main Street's investments in the LMM, Middle Market and Private Loan portfolios as of March 31, 2017 and December 31, 2016 (this information excludes the Other Portfolio investments and the External Investment Manager which are discussed further below):

	As of March 31, 2017 Middle Private				Private	
	L	MM(a)	-	Aarket		Loan
			(dolla	ars in milli	ons)	
Number of portfolio companies		73		69		49
Fair value	\$	886.6	\$	568.8	\$	384.2
Cost	\$	772.1	\$	588.9	\$	403.7
% of portfolio at cost debt		67.6%		96.9%		94.0%
% of portfolio at cost equity		32.4%		3.1%		6.0%
% of debt investments at cost secured by first priority lien		96.1%		88.8%		90.2%
Weighted-average annual effective yield(b)		12.2%		8.6%		9.6%
Average EBITDA(c)	\$	4.6	\$	95.5	\$	24.8

(a)

At March 31, 2017, Main Street had equity ownership in approximately 99% of its LMM portfolio companies, and the average fully diluted equity ownership in those portfolio companies was approximately 37%.

(b)

The weighted-average annual effective yields were computed using the effective interest rates for all debt investments at cost as of March 31, 2017, including amortization of deferred debt origination fees and accretion of original issue discount but excluding fees payable upon repayment of the debt instruments and any debt investments on non-accrual status. Weighted-average annual effective yield is higher than what an investor in shares of Main Street's common stock will realize on its investment because it does not reflect Main Street's expenses or any sales load paid by an investor.

(c)

The average EBITDA is calculated using a simple average for the LMM portfolio and a weighted-average for the Middle Market and Private Loan portfolios. These calculations exclude certain portfolio companies, including five LMM portfolio companies, one Middle Market portfolio company and three Private Loan portfolio companies, as EBITDA is not

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (Continued)

(Unaudited)

a meaningful valuation metric for Main Street's investments in these portfolio companies, and those portfolio companies whose primary purpose is to own real estate.

	As of December 31, 2016					6
	LMM(a)		Middle Market			Private Loan
		(d	ollar	s in millio	ıs)	
Number of portfolio companies		73		78		46
Fair value	\$	892.6	\$	630.6	\$	342.9
Cost	\$	760.3	\$	646.8	\$	357.7
% of total investments at cost debt		69.1%		97.2%		93.5%
% of total investments at cost equity		30.9%		2.8%		6.5%
% of debt investments at cost secured by first priority lien		92.1%		89.1%		89.0%
Weighted-average annual effective yield(b)		12.5%		8.5%		9.6%
Average EBITDA(c)	\$	5.9	\$	98.6	\$	22.7

(a)

At December 31, 2016, Main Street had equity ownership in approximately 99% of its LMM portfolio companies, and the average fully diluted equity ownership in those portfolio companies was approximately 36%.

(b)

The weighted-average annual effective yields were computed using the effective interest rates for all debt investments at cost as of December 31, 2016, including amortization of deferred debt origination fees and accretion of original issue discount but excluding fees payable upon repayment of the debt instruments and any debt investments on non-accrual status. Weighted-average annual effective yield is higher than what an investor in shares of Main Street's common stock will realize on its investment because it does not reflect Main Street's expenses or any sales load paid by an investor.

(c)

The average EBITDA is calculated using a simple average for the LMM portfolio and a weighted-average for the Middle Market and Private Loan portfolios. These calculations exclude certain portfolio companies, including five LMM portfolio companies, one Middle Market portfolio company and three Private Loan portfolio companies, as EBITDA is not a meaningful valuation metric for Main Street's investments in these portfolio companies.

As of March 31, 2017, Main Street had Other Portfolio investments in ten companies, collectively totaling approximately \$106.3 million in fair value and approximately \$111.8 million in cost basis and which comprised approximately 5.4% of Main Street's Investment Portfolio at fair value. As of December 31, 2016, Main Street had Other Portfolio investments in ten companies, collectively totaling approximately \$100.3 million in fair value and approximately \$107.1 million in cost basis and which comprised approximately 5.0% of Main Street's Investment's Investment Portfolio at fair value.

As discussed further in Note A.1., Main Street holds an investment in the External Investment Manager, a wholly owned subsidiary that is treated as a portfolio investment. As of March 31, 2017, there was no cost basis in this investment and the investment had a fair value of approximately \$33.5 million, which comprised approximately 1.7% of Main Street's Investment Portfolio at fair value. As of December 31, 2016, there was no cost basis in this investment and the investment and the investment had a fair value of approximately \$30.6 million, which comprised approximately 1.5% of Main Street's Investment Portfolio at fair value.

MAIN STREET CAPITAL CORPORATION

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (Continued)

(Unaudited)

The following tables summarize the composition of Main Street's total combined LMM portfolio investments, Middle Market portfolio investments and Private Loan portfolio investments at cost and fair value by type of investment as a percentage of the total combined LMM portfolio investments, Middle Market portfolio investments and Private Loan portfolio investments, as of March 31, 2017 and December 31, 2016 (this information excludes the Other Portfolio investments and the External Investment Manager).

Cost:	March 31, 2017	December 31, 2016
First lien debt	76.6%	76.1%
Equity	15.6%	14.5%
Second lien debt	6.2%	7.7%
Equity warrants	1.0%	1.1%
Other	0.6%	0.6%
	100.0%	100.0%

Fair Value:	March 31, 2017	December 31, 2016
First lien debt	69.6%	68.7%
Equity	23.2%	22.6%
Second lien debt	5.8%	7.2%
Equity warrants	0.8%	0.9%
Other	0.6%	0.6%
	100.0%	100.0%

The following tables summarize the composition of Main Street's total combined LMM portfolio investments, Middle Market portfolio investments and Private Loan portfolio investments by geographic region of the United States and other countries at cost and fair value as a percentage of the total combined LMM portfolio investments, Middle Market portfolio investments and Private Loan portfolio investments, as of March 31, 2017 and December 31, 2016 (this information excludes the Other Portfolio investments and the External Investment Manager). The geographic composition is determined by the location of the corporate headquarters of the portfolio company.

Cost:	March 31, 2017	December 31, 2016
Southwest	28.3%	29.7%
Midwest	23.4%	23.0%
West	15.9%	16.1%
Northeast	15.2%	14.8%
Southeast	14.1%	13.1%
Canada	1.4%	1.7%
Other Non-United States	1.7%	1.6%
	100.0%	100.0%

MAIN STREET CAPITAL CORPORATION

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (Continued)

(Unaudited)

Fair Value:	March 31, 2017	December 31, 2016
Southwest	28.6%	31.0%
Midwest	22.1%	21.2%
West	18.4%	18.3%
Northeast	14.4%	13.9%
Southeast	13.6%	12.7%
Canada	1.2%	1.4%
Other Non-United States	1.7%	1.5%
	100.0%	100.0%

Main Street's LMM portfolio investments, Middle Market portfolio investments and Private Loan portfolio investments are in companies conducting business in a variety of industries. The following tables summarize the composition of Main Street's total combined LMM portfolio investments, Middle Market portfolio investments and Private Loan portfolio investments by industry at cost and fair value

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (Continued)

(Unaudited)

as of March 31, 2017 and December 31, 2016 (this information excludes the Other Portfolio investments and the External Investment Manager).

Cost:	March 31, 2017	December 31, 2016
Energy Equipment & Services	7.7%	7.5%
Hotels, Restaurants & Leisure	6.7%	6.5%
Construction & Engineering	6.3%	5.3%
Media	6.0%	5.7%
Machinery	5.8%	5.6%
Commercial Services & Supplies	4.9%	5.0%
Electronic Equipment, Instruments & Components	4.5%	4.5%
Specialty Retail	3.9%	4.4%
Diversified Consumer Services	3.5%	2.8%
Diversified Telecommunication Services	3.3%	3.3%
IT Services	3.1%	3.9%
Leisure Equipment & Products	3.1%	0.9%
Internet Software & Services	3.0%	3.6%
Auto Components	2.8%	3.0%
Health Care Providers & Services	2.8%	3.0%
Diversified Financial Services	2.4%	2.3%
Health Care Equipment & Supplies	2.3%	2.3%
Software	2.2%	2.6%
Computers & Peripherals	2.2%	2.2%
Food Products	2.1%	2.6%
Building Products	2.1%	2.1%
Communications Equipment	1.7%	2.3%
Oil, Gas & Consumable Fuels	1.6%	1.2%
Aerospace & Defense	1.6%	0.9%
Professional Services	1.3%	1.4%
Consumer Finance	1.0%	1.5%
Air Freight & Logistics	1.0%	1.0%
Real Estate Management & Development	1.0%	0.7%
Distributors	0.9%	1.1%
Road & Rail	0.0%	1.5%
Other(1)	9.2%	9.3%
	100.0%	100.0%

(1)

Includes various industries with each industry individually less than 1.0% of the total combined LMM portfolio investments, Middle Market portfolio investments and Private Loan portfolio investments at each date.

MAIN STREET CAPITAL CORPORATION

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (Continued)

(Unaudited)

Fair Value:	March 31, 2017	December 31, 2016
Machinery	7.0%	6.7%
Hotels, Restaurants & Leisure	6.8%	6.5%
Construction & Engineering	6.5%	5.6%
Diversified Consumer Services	6.4%	5.5%
Energy Equipment & Services	6.1%	5.8%
Media	5.6%	5.2%
Commercial Services & Supplies	4.8%	5.0%
Specialty Retail	4.1%	4.6%
Electronic Equipment, Instruments & Components	4.0%	3.9%
IT Services	3.1%	3.7%
Leisure Equipment & Products	3.0%	0.9%
Internet Software & Services	2.9%	3.5%
Auto Components	2.7%	2.9%
Health Care Providers & Services	2.6%	2.9%
Diversified Telecommunication Services	2.6%	2.5%
Diversified Financial Services	2.5%	2.3%
Computers & Peripherals	2.5%	2.3%
Health Care Equipment & Supplies	2.4%	2.4%
Software	2.3%	2.6%
Food Products	2.0%	2.4%
Building Products	2.0%	1.9%
Communications Equipment	1.7%	2.3%
Aerospace & Defense	1.5%	0.8%
Oil, Gas & Consumable Fuels	1.4%	1.1%
Professional Services	1.3%	1.3%
Air Freight & Logistics	1.2%	1.1%
Real Estate Management & Development	1.2%	0.7%
Construction Materials	1.0%	1.0%
Consumer Finance	0.9%	1.3%
Distributors	0.9%	1.1%
Road & Rail	0.0%	2.5%
Other(1)	7.0%	7.7%
	100.0%	100.0%

(1)

Includes various industries with each industry individually less than 1.0% of the total combined LMM portfolio investments, Middle Market portfolio investments and Private Loan portfolio investments at each date.

At March 31, 2017 and December 31, 2016, Main Street had no portfolio investment that was greater than 10% of the Investment Portfolio at fair value.

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (Continued)

(Unaudited)

Unconsolidated Significant Subsidiaries

In accordance with Rules 3-09 and 4-08(g) of Regulation S-X, Main Street must determine which of its unconsolidated controlled portfolio companies, if any, are considered "significant subsidiaries." In evaluating these unconsolidated controlled portfolio companies, there are three tests utilized to determine if any of Main Street's Control Investments (as defined in Note A, including those unconsolidated controlled portfolio companies in which Main Street does not own greater than 50% of the voting securities) are considered significant subsidiaries: the investment test, the asset test and the income test. Rule 3-09 of Regulation S-X, as interpreted by the SEC, requires Main Street to include separate audited financial statements of an unconsolidated majority-owned subsidiary (Control Investments in which Main Street owns greater than 50% of the voting securities) in an annual report if any of the three tests exceed 20% of Main Street's total investments at fair value, total assets or total income, respectively. Rule 4-08(g) of Regulation S-X requires summarized financial information of a Control Investment in an annual report if any of the three tests exceeds 20% of Main Street's total investment in an annual report if any of the three tests exceeds 20% of Main Street's total amounts.

As of March 31, 2017 and December 31, 2016, Main Street had no single investment that represented greater than 20% of its total Investment Portfolio at fair value and no single investment whose total assets represented greater than 20% of its total assets. After performing the income test for the three months ended March 31, 2017, Main Street determined that the income from no single investment generated more than 20% of Main Street's total income. After performing the income test for the three months ended March 31, 2016, Main Street determined that its income from two of its Control Investments individually generated more than 20% of Main Street's total income, primarily due to the unrealized appreciation that was recognized on the investments during the three months ended March 31, 2016. As such, GRT Rubber Technologies, LLC was considered a significant subsidiary at the 20% level as of March 31, 2016. Additionally, CBT Nuggets, LLC, an unconsolidated portfolio company that was a Control Investment, but which was not majority-owned by Main Street, was also considered a significant subsidiary at the 20% level as of March 31, 2016.

The following table shows the summarized financial information for CBT Nuggets, LLC:

	M	As of arch 31, 2017	De	As of cember 31, 2016
	(dollars in thousands)			
Balance Sheet Data				
Current Assets	\$	10,789	\$	7,275
Noncurrent Assets		12,266		13,610
Current Liabilities		18,201		17,883
Noncurrent Liabilities				

MAIN STREET CAPITAL CORPORATION

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (Continued)

(Unaudited)

	Three Months Ended March 31,				
	2017 2016				
	(dollars in thousands)				
Summary of Operations					
Total Revenue	\$ 10,356	\$	9,080		
Gross Profit	9,218		7,882		
Income from Operations	3,524		3,135		
Net Income	3,853		3,264		

The following table shows the summarized financial information for GRT Rubber Technologies LLC:

	As of March 31, 2017		De	As of ecember 31, 2016	
	(dollars in thousands)				
Balance Sheet Data					
Current Assets	\$	9,308	\$	8,326	
Noncurrent Assets		31,209		32,106	
Current Liabilities		4,408		2,941	
Noncurrent Liabilities		18,250		18,562	

		Three Months Ended March 31,					
		2017		2016			
		(dollars in thousands)					
Summary of Operations							
Total Revenue	\$	6,931	\$	7,000			
Gross Profit		1,553		1,694			
Income from Operations		402		613			
Net Income		(211)		(61)			
NOTE D EXTERNAL INVESTMENT MANAGER							

As discussed further in Note A.1., the External Investment Manager provides investment management and other services to External Parties. The External Investment Manager is accounted for as a portfolio investment of MSCC since the External Investment Manager conducts all of its investment management activities for External Parties.

During May 2012, Main Street entered into an investment sub-advisory agreement with HMS Adviser, LP ("HMS Adviser"), which is the investment advisor to HMS Income, a non-listed BDC, to provide certain investment advisory services to HMS Adviser. In December 2013, after obtaining required no-action relief from the SEC to allow it to own a registered investment adviser, Main Street assigned the sub-advisory agreement to the External Investment Manager since the fees received from such arrangement could otherwise have negative consequences on MSCC's ability to meet the source-of-income requirement necessary for it to maintain its RIC tax treatment. Under the investment sub-advisory agreement, the External Investment Manager is entitled to 50% of the base management fee and the incentive fees earned by HMS Adviser under its advisory agreement with HMS Income.

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (Continued)

(Unaudited)

Based upon several fee waiver agreements with HMS Income and HMS Adviser, the External Investment Manager did not begin accruing the base management fee and incentive fees, if any, until January 1, 2014. The External Investment Manager has conditionally agreed to waive a limited amount of the incentive fees otherwise earned. During the three months ended March 31, 2017 and 2016, the External Investment Manager earned \$2.6 million and \$2.3 million, respectively, of management fees (net of fees waived, if any) under the sub-advisory agreement with HMS Adviser.

The investment in the External Investment Manager is accounted for using fair value accounting, with the fair value determined by Main Street and approved, in good faith, by Main Street's Board of Directors. Main Street determines the fair value of the External Investment Manager using the Waterfall valuation method under the market approach (see further discussion in Note B.1.). Any change in fair value of the investment in the External Investment Manager is recognized on Main Street's consolidated statement of operations in "Net Change in Unrealized Appreciation (Depreciation) Portfolio investments."

The External Investment Manager has elected, for tax purposes, to be treated as a taxable entity, is not consolidated with Main Street for income tax purposes and is taxed at normal corporate tax rates based on its taxable income and, as a result of its activities, may generate income tax expense or benefit. The External Investment Manager has elected to be treated as a taxable entity to enable it to receive fee income and to allow MSCC to continue to comply with the "source-income" requirements contained in the RIC tax provisions of the Code. The taxable income, or loss, of the External Investment Manager may differ from its book income, or loss, due to temporary book and tax timing differences and permanent differences. The External Investment Manager provides for any income tax expense, or benefit, and any tax assets or liabilities in its separate financial statements.

Main Street shares employees with the External Investment Manager and allocates costs related to such shared employees to the External Investment Manager generally based on a combination of the direct time spent, new investment origination activity and assets under management, depending on the nature of the expense. For the three months ended March 31, 2017 and 2016, Main Street allocated \$1.5 million and \$1.2 million of total expenses, respectively, to the External Investment Manager. The total contribution of the External Investment Manager to Main Street's net investment income consists of the combination of the expenses allocated to the External Investment Manager. For the three months ended March 31, 2017 and 2016, the total contribution to Main Street's net investment Manager. For the three months ended March 31, 2017 and 2016, the total contribution to Main Street's net investment income was \$2.2 million and \$1.9 million, respectively.

MAIN STREET CAPITAL CORPORATION

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (Continued)

(Unaudited)

Summarized financial information from the separate financial statements of the External Investment Manager as of March 31, 2017 and December 31, 2016 and for the three months ended March 31, 2017 and 2016 is as follows:

	M	As of March 31, 2017		As of cember 31, 2016
	(dollars in thousands)			
Cash	\$		\$	
Accounts receivable HMS Income		2,588		2,496
Total assets	\$	2,588	\$	2,496
Accounts payable to MSCC and its subsidiaries	\$	1,350	\$	1,635
Dividend payable to MSCC		694		719
Taxes payable		544		142
Equity				
Total liabilities and equity	\$	2,588	\$	2,496

	Three Months Ended March 31,			
	2017		2016	
Management fee income	\$ 2,620	\$	2,251	
Expenses allocated from MSCC or its subsidiaries:				
Salaries, share-based compensation and other personnel costs	(919)		(728)	
Other G&A expenses	(605)		(426)	
Total allocated expenses	(1,524)		(1,154)	
Pre-tax income	1,096		1,097	
Tax expense	(402)		(399)	
Net income	\$ 694	\$	698	

NOTE E SBIC DEBENTURES

Due to each of the Funds' status as a licensed SBIC, Main Street has the ability to issue, through the Funds, debentures guaranteed by the SBA up to a maximum amount of \$350.0 million through its three existing SBIC licenses. SBIC debentures payable were \$240.2 million and \$240.0 million at March 31, 2017 and December 31, 2016, respectively. SBIC debentures provide for interest to be paid semiannually, with

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principal due at the applicable 10-year maturity date of each debenture. During the three months ended March 31, 2017, Main Street issued \$25.4 million of SBIC debentures and opportunistically prepaid \$25.2 million of existing SBIC debentures as part of an effort to manage the maturity dates of the oldest SBIC debentures, leaving \$109.8 million of additional capacity under Main Street's SBIC licenses as of March 31, 2017. As a result of this prepayment, Main Street recognized a realized loss of \$5.2 million due to the previously recognized gain recorded as a result of recording the MSC II debentures at fair value on the date of the acquisition of MSC II. The effect of the realized loss is offset by the reversal of all previously recognized unrealized depreciation due to fair value adjustments since the date of the acquisition. Main Street expects to issue new SBIC debentures under

MAIN STREET CAPITAL CORPORATION

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (Continued)

(Unaudited)

the SBIC program in the future in an amount up to the regulatory maximum amount of \$350.0 million for affiliated SBIC funds. The weighted-average annual interest rate on the SBIC debentures was 3.8% and 4.1% as of March 31, 2017 and December 31, 2016, respectively. The first principal maturity due under the existing SBIC debentures is in 2019 and the weighted-average remaining duration as of March 31, 2017 was approximately 5.7 years. For each of the three months ended March 31, 2017 and 2016, Main Street recognized interest expense attributable to the SBIC debentures of \$2.5 million. Main Street has incurred upfront leverage and other miscellaneous fees of approximately 3.4% of the debenture principal amount. In accordance with SBA regulations, the Funds are precluded from incurring additional non-SBIC debt without the prior approval of the SBA.

As of March 31, 2017, the recorded value of the SBIC debentures was \$239.4 million which consisted of (i) \$49.2 million recorded at fair value, or \$0.8 million less than the \$50.0 million par value of the SBIC debentures issued in MSC II, (ii) \$149.8 million recorded at par value and held in MSMF and (iii) \$40.4 million recorded at par value and held in MSC III. As of March 31, 2017, if Main Street had adopted the fair value option under ASC 825 for all of its SBIC debentures, Main Street estimates the fair value of its SBIC debentures would be approximately \$228.4 million, or \$11.8 million less than the \$240.2 million face value of the SBIC debentures.

NOTE F CREDIT FACILITY

Main Street maintains the Credit Facility to provide additional liquidity to support its investment and operational activities. The Credit Facility includes total commitments of \$555.0 million from a diversified group of fourteen lenders and matures in September 2021. The Credit Facility also contains an accordion feature which allows Main Street to increase the total commitments under the facility to up to \$750.0 million from new and existing lenders on the same terms and conditions as the existing commitments.

Borrowings under the Credit Facility bear interest, subject to Main Street's election, on a per annum basis at a rate equal to the applicable LIBOR rate (0.98% as of March 31, 2017) plus (i) 1.875% (or the applicable base rate (Prime Rate of 4.00% as of March 31, 2017) plus 0.875%) as long as Main Street maintains an investment grade rating and meets certain agreed upon excess collateral and maximum leverage requirements, (ii) 2.0% (or the applicable base rate plus 1.0%) if Main Street maintains an investment grade rating but does not meet certain excess collateral and maximum leverage requirements or (iii) 2.25% (or the applicable base rate plus 1.25%) if Main Street does not maintain an investment grade rating. Main Street pays unused commitment fees of 0.25% per annum on the unused lender commitments under the Credit Facility. The Credit Facility is secured by a first lien on the assets of MSCC and its subsidiaries, excluding the equity ownership or assets of the Funds and the External Investment Manager. The Credit Facility contains certain affirmative and negative covenants, including but not limited to: (i) maintaining a minimum availability of at least 10% of the borrowing base, (ii) maintaining an interest coverage ratio of at least 2.0 to 1.0, (iii) maintaining an asset coverage ratio of at least 1.5 to 1.0 and (iv) maintaining a minimum tangible net worth. The Credit Facility is provided on a revolving basis through its final maturity date in September 2021, and contains two, one-year extension options which could extend the final maturity by up to two years, subject to certain conditions, including lender approval.

At March 31, 2017, Main Street had \$288.0 million in borrowings outstanding under the Credit Facility. As of March 31, 2017, if Main Street had adopted the fair value option under ASC 825 for its Credit Facility, Main Street estimates its fair value would approximate its recorded value. Main Street

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (Continued)

(Unaudited)

recognized interest expense related to the Credit Facility, including unused commitment fees and amortization of deferred loan costs, of \$2.5 million and \$2.1 million, respectively, for the three months ended March 31, 2017 and 2016. As of March 31, 2017, the interest rate on the Credit Facility was 2.7%. The average interest rate for the three months ended March 31, 2017 was 2.7%. As of March 31, 2017, Main Street was in compliance with all financial covenants of the Credit Facility.

NOTE G NOTES

6.125% Notes

In April 2013, Main Street issued \$92.0 million, including the underwriters full exercise of their option to purchase additional principal amounts to cover over-allotments, in aggregate principal amount of 6.125% Notes due 2023 (the "6.125% Notes"). The 6.125% Notes are unsecured obligations and rank pari passu with Main Street's current and future unsecured indebtedness; senior to any of its future indebtedness that expressly provides it is subordinated to the 6.125% Notes; effectively subordinated to all of its existing and future secured indebtedness, to the extent of the value of the assets securing such indebtedness, including borrowings under its Credit Facility; and structurally subordinated to all existing and future indebtedness and other obligations of any of its subsidiaries, including without limitation, the indebtedness of the Funds. The 6.125% Notes mature on April 1, 2023, and may be redeemed in whole or in part at any time or from time to time at Main Street's option on or after April 1, 2018. The 6.125% Notes bear interest at a rate of 6.125% per year payable quarterly on January 1, April 1, July 1 and October 1 of each year. The total net proceeds to Main Street from the 6.125% Notes, after underwriting discounts and estimated offering expenses payable by Main Street, were approximately \$89.0 million. Main Street has listed the 6.125% Notes on the New York Stock Exchange under the trading symbol "MSCA." Main Street may from time to time repurchase the 6.125% Notes was \$90.7 million. As of March 31, 2017, if Main Street had adopted the fair value option under ASC 825 for the 6.125% Notes, including amortization of deferred loan costs, of \$1.5 million for each of the three months ended March 31, 2017 and 2016.

The indenture governing the 6.125% Notes (the "6.125% Notes Indenture") contains certain covenants, including covenants requiring Main Street's compliance with (regardless of whether Main Street is subject to) the asset coverage requirements set forth in Section 18(a)(1)(A) as modified by Section 61(a)(1) of the 1940 Act, as well as covenants requiring Main Street to provide financial information to the holders of the 6.125% Notes and the Trustee if Main Street ceases to be subject to the reporting requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934. These covenants are subject to limitations and exceptions that are described in the 6.125% Notes Indenture. As of March 31, 2017, Main Street was in compliance with these covenants.

4.50% Notes

In November 2014, Main Street issued \$175.0 million in aggregate principal amount of 4.50% unsecured notes due 2019 (the "4.50% Notes") at an issue price of 99.53%. The 4.50% Notes are unsecured obligations and rank pari passu with Main Street's current and future unsecured indebtedness; senior to any of its future indebtedness that expressly provides it is subordinated to the 4.50% Notes; effectively subordinated to all of its existing and future secured indebtedness, to the

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (Continued)

(Unaudited)

extent of the value of the assets securing such indebtedness, including borrowings under its Credit Facility; and structurally subordinated to all existing and future indebtedness and other obligations of any of its subsidiaries, including without limitation, the indebtedness of the Funds. The 4.50% Notes mature on December 1, 2019, and may be redeemed in whole or in part at any time at Main Street's option subject to certain make-whole provisions. The 4.50% Notes bear interest at a rate of 4.50% per year payable semiannually on June 1 and December 1 of each year. The total net proceeds from the 4.50% Notes, resulting from the issue price and after underwriting discounts and estimated offering expenses payable by us, were approximately \$171.2 million. Main Street may from time to time repurchase the 4.50% Notes in accordance with the 1940 Act and the rules promulgated thereunder. As of March 31, 2017, the outstanding balance of the 4.50% Notes was \$175.0 million. As of March 31, 2017, if Main Street had adopted the fair value option under ASC 825 for the 4.50% Notes, main Street estimates its fair value would be approximately \$176.1 million. Main Street recognized interest expense related to the 4.50% Notes, including amortization of deferred loan costs, of \$2.1 million for each of the three months ended March 31, 2017 and 2016.

The indenture governing the 4.50% Notes (the "4.50% Notes Indenture") contains certain covenants, including covenants requiring Main Street's compliance with (regardless of whether Main Street is subject to) the asset coverage requirements set forth in Section 18(a)(1)(A) as modified by Section 61(a)(1) of the 1940 Act, as well as covenants requiring Main Street to provide financial information to the holders of the 4.50% Notes and the Trustee if Main Street ceases to be subject to the reporting requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934. These covenants are subject to limitations and exceptions that are described in the 4.50% Notes Indenture. As of March 31, 2017, Main Street was in compliance with these covenants.

MAIN STREET CAPITAL CORPORATION

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (Continued)

(Unaudited)

NOTE H FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

		Three Months Ended March 31,		
		2017		2016
Per Share Data:				
NAV at the beginning of the period	\$	22.10	\$	21.24
Net investment income(1)		0.57		0.54
Net realized gain (loss)(1)(2)		0.41		0.27
Net change in net unrealized depreciation(1)(2)		(0.30)		(0.52)
Income tax benefit (provision)(1)(2)		(0.11)		0.04
Net increase in net assets resulting from operations(1)		0.57		0.33
Dividends paid from net investment income		(0.21)		(0.54)
Distributions from capital gains		(0.35)		
Total dividends paid		(0.56)		(0.54)
Accretive effect of stock offerings (issuing shares above NAV per share)		0.26		0.06
Accretive effect of DRIP issuance (issuing shares above NAV per share)		0.01		0.02
Other(3)		0.06		0.07
NAV at the end of the period	\$	22.44	\$	21.18
NAV at the end of the period	ψ	22.77	ψ	21.10
Market value at the end of the period	\$	38.27	\$	31.35
Shares outstanding at the end of the period		55,423,375		50,846,000

(1)

Based on weighted-average number of common shares outstanding for the period.

(2)

Net realized gains or losses, net change in unrealized appreciation or depreciation, and income taxes can fluctuate significantly from period to period.

(3)

Includes the impact of the different share amounts as a result of calculating certain per share data based on the weighted-average basic shares outstanding during the period and

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (Continued)

(Unaudited)

certain per share data based on the shares outstanding as of a period end or transaction date.

	Three Months Ended March 31,				
		2017		2016	
	(dollars in thousands)				
NAV at end of period	\$	1,243,934	\$	1,076,998	
Average NAV	\$	1,222,708	\$	1,073,946	
Average outstanding debt	\$	825,155	\$	772,183	
Ratio of total expenses, including income tax expense, to average NAV(1)(2)		1.83%		1.17%	
Ratio of operating expenses to average NAV(2)(3)		1.37%		1.38%	
Ratio of operating expenses, excluding interest expense, to average NAV(2)(3)		0.66%		0.62%	
Ratio of net investment income to average NAV(2)		2.55%		2.53%	
Portfolio turnover ratio(2)		8.97%		5.03%	
Total investment return(2)(4)		5.64%		9.85%	
Total return based on change in NAV(2)(5)		2.62%		1.57%	

(1)

Total expenses are the sum of operating expenses and net income tax provision/benefit. Net income tax provision/benefit includes the accrual of net deferred tax provision/benefit relating to the net unrealized appreciation/depreciation on portfolio investments held in Taxable Subsidiaries and due to the change in the loss carryforwards, which are non-cash in nature and may vary significantly from period to period. Main Street is required to include net deferred tax provision/benefit in calculating its total expenses even though these net deferred taxes are not currently payable/receivable.

(2)

Not annualized.

(3)

Unless otherwise noted, operating expenses include interest, compensation, general and administrative and share-based compensation expenses, net of expenses allocated to the External Investment Manager.

(4)

Total investment return based on purchase of stock at the current market price on the first day and a sale at the current market price on the last day of each period reported on the table and assumes reinvestment of dividends at prices obtained by Main Street's dividend reinvestment plan during the period. The return does not reflect any sales load that may be paid by an investor.

(5)

Total return based on change in net asset value was calculated using the sum of ending net asset value plus dividends to stockholders and other non-operating changes during the period, as divided by the beginning net asset value.

NOTE I DIVIDENDS, DISTRIBUTIONS AND TAXABLE INCOME

Main Street paid regular monthly dividends of \$0.185 per share for each month of January through March 2017, totaling \$30.4 million, or \$0.555 per share, for the three months ended March 31, 2017. The first quarter 2017 regular monthly dividends represent a 2.8% increase from the regular monthly

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (Continued)

(Unaudited)

dividends paid per share for the first quarter of 2016. For the three months ended March 31, 2016, Main Street paid total regular monthly dividends of \$27.2 million, or \$0.540 per share.

MSCC has elected to be treated for U.S. federal income tax purposes as a RIC. MSCC's taxable income includes the taxable income generated by MSCC and certain of its subsidiaries, including the Funds, which are treated as disregarded entities for tax purposes. As a RIC, MSCC generally will not pay corporate-level U.S. federal income taxes on any net ordinary taxable income or capital gains that MSCC distributes to its stockholders. MSCC must generally distribute at least 90% of its "investment company taxable income" (which is generally its net ordinary taxable income and realized net short-term capital gains in excess of realized net long-term capital losses) and 90% of its tax-exempt income to maintain its RIC status (pass-through tax treatment for amounts distributed). As part of maintaining RIC status, undistributed taxable income (subject to a 4% non-deductible U.S. federal excise tax) pertaining to a given fiscal year may be distributed up to 12 months subsequent to the end of that fiscal year, provided such dividends are declared on or prior to the later of (i) filing of the U.S. federal income tax return for the applicable fiscal year or (ii) the fifteenth day of the ninth month following the close of the year in which such taxable income was generated.

The determination of the tax attributes for Main Street's distributions is made annually, based upon its taxable income for the full year and distributions paid for the full year. Therefore, a determination made on an interim basis may not be representative of the actual tax attributes of distributions for a full year. Ordinary dividend distributions from a RIC do not qualify for the 20% maximum tax rate (plus a 3.8% Medicare surtax, if applicable) on dividend income from domestic corporations and qualified foreign corporations, except to the extent that the RIC received the income in the form of qualifying dividends from domestic corporations and qualified foreign corporations. The tax attributes for distributions will generally include both ordinary income and capital gains, but may also include qualified dividends or return of capital.

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (Continued)

(Unaudited)

Listed below is a reconciliation of "Net increase in net assets resulting from operations" to taxable income and to total distributions declared to common stockholders for the three months ended March 31, 2017 and 2016.

	Three Months Ended March 31,			
		2017 (estimated	, doll	2016 ars in
		thous	ands)
Net increase in net assets resulting from operations	\$	31,450	\$	16,812
Book tax difference from share-based compensation expense		1,265		1,589
Net change in net unrealized depreciation		16,426		26,218
Income tax provision (benefit)		5,638		(2,263)
Pre-tax book (income) loss not consolidated for tax purposes		(6,468)		(12,365)
Book income and tax income differences, including debt origination, structuring fees, dividends, realized gains (losses) and changes in estimates		4,373		(561)
Estimated taxable income(1)		52,684		29,430
Taxable income earned in prior year and carried forward for distribution in current year		42,362		29,683
Taxable income earned prior to period end and carried forward for distribution next period		(74,695)		(40,942)
Dividend payable as of period end and paid in the following period		10,252		9,113
Total distributions accrued or paid to common stockholders	\$	30,603	\$	27,284

(1)

Main Street's taxable income for each period is an estimate and will not be finally determined until the company files its tax return for each year. Therefore, the final taxable income, and the taxable income earned in each period and carried forward for distribution in the following period, may be different than this estimate.

The Taxable Subsidiaries primarily hold certain portfolio investments for Main Street. The Taxable Subsidiaries permit Main Street to hold equity investments in portfolio companies which are "pass-through" entities for tax purposes and to continue to comply with the "source-income" requirements contained in the RIC tax provisions of the Code. The Taxable Subsidiaries are consolidated with Main Street for U.S. GAAP financial reporting purposes, and the portfolio investments held by the Taxable Subsidiaries are included in Main Street's consolidated financial statements as portfolio investments and recorded at fair value. The Taxable Subsidiaries are not consolidated with MSCC for income tax purposes and may generate income tax expense, or benefit, and tax assets and liabilities, as a result of their ownership of certain portfolio investments. The taxable income, or loss, of the Taxable Subsidiaries may differ from its book income, or loss, due to temporary book and tax timing differences and permanent differences. This income tax expense, or benefit, if any, and the related tax assets and liabilities, are reflected in Main Street's consolidated financial statements.

The income tax expense, or benefit, and the related tax assets and liabilities generated by the Taxable Subsidiaries, if any, are reflected in Main Street's consolidated statement of operations. For the

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (Continued)

(Unaudited)

three months ended March 31, 2017, Main Street recognized a net income tax provision of \$5.6 million, principally consisting of a deferred tax provision of \$4.4 million which is primarily the result of the net activity relating to the portfolio investments held in the Taxable Subsidiaries including changes in the loss carryforwards, changes in net unrealized appreciation or depreciation and other temporary book-tax differences, as well as a \$1.3 million current tax expense which is primarily related to a \$0.9 million accrual for excise tax on Main Street's estimated undistributed taxable income, and \$0.4 million provision for current U.S. federal income and state taxes. The income tax expense, or benefit, and the related tax assets and liabilities, generated by the Taxable Subsidiaries, if any, are reflected in Main Street's consolidated financial statements. For the three months ended March 31, 2016, Main Street recognized a net income tax benefit of \$2.3 million, principally consisting of a deferred tax benefit of \$2.6 million which is primarily the result of the net activity relating to the portfolio investments held in the Taxable Subsidiaries including changes in net operating loss carryforwards, changes in net unrealized appreciation or depreciation and other temporary book-tax differences, partially offset by a \$0.4 million provision for other current taxes which is primarily related to a \$0.3 million provision for current U.S. federal income and state taxes, and a \$0.1 million accrual for excise tax on Main Street's estimated spillover taxable income.

The net deferred tax asset at March 31, 2017 and December 31, 2016 was \$4.7 million and \$9.1 million, respectively, primarily related to loss carryforwards, timing differences in net unrealized appreciation or depreciation and other temporary book-tax differences relating to portfolio investments held by the Taxable Subsidiaries. In addition, during the three months ended March 31, 2016, Main Street recorded a one-time \$1.8 million increase to deferred tax assets for previously unrecognized excess tax benefits associated with share-based compensation due to the early adoption of the new accounting standard ASU 2016-09 (See further discussion in Note B.7.). During the quarter ended March 31, 2017, the Taxable Subsidiaries utilized capital loss carryforwards totaling approximately \$8.0 million. As of March 31, 2017, for U.S. federal income tax purposes, the Taxable Subsidiaries had a capital loss carryforward of \$6.6 million which, if unused, will expire in taxable years from 2029 through 2037. The timing and manner in which Main Street will utilize any loss carryforwards in any year, or in total, may be limited in the future under the provisions of the Code.

NOTE J COMMON STOCK

During November 2015, Main Street commenced a program with certain selling agents through which it can sell shares of its common stock by means of at-the-market offerings from time to time (the "ATM Program"). During the three months ended March 31, 2017, Main Street sold 1,035,286 shares of its common stock at a weighted-average price of \$36.86 per share and raised \$38.2 million of gross proceeds under the ATM Program. Net proceeds were \$37.7 million after commissions to the selling agents on shares sold and offering costs. As of March 31, 2017, 499,500 shares were available for sale under the ATM Program.

During the year ended December 31, 2016, Main Street sold 3,324,646 shares of our common stock at a weighted-average price of \$34.17 per share and raised \$113.6 million of gross proceeds under the ATM Program. Net proceeds were \$112.0 million after commissions to the selling agents on shares sold and offering costs. As of December 31, 2016, sales transactions representing 42,413 shares had not settled and were not included in shares issued and outstanding on the face of the consolidated balance sheet, but were included in the weighted-average shares outstanding in the consolidated statement of operations and in the shares used to calculate net asset value per share.

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (Continued)

(Unaudited)

NOTE K DIVIDEND REINVESTMENT PLAN ("DRIP")

Main Street's DRIP provides for the reinvestment of dividends on behalf of its stockholders, unless a stockholder has elected to receive dividends in cash. As a result, if Main Street declares a cash dividend, the company's stockholders who have not "opted out" of the DRIP by the dividend record date will have their cash dividend automatically reinvested into additional shares of MSCC common stock. The share requirements of the DRIP may be satisfied through the issuance of shares of common stock or through open market purchases of common stock. Newly issued shares will be valued based upon the final closing price of MSCC's common stock on the valuation date determined for each dividend by Main Street's Board of Directors. Shares purchased in the open market to satisfy the DRIP requirements will be valued based upon the average price of the applicable shares purchased, before any associated brokerage or other costs. Main Street's DRIP is administered by its transfer agent on behalf of Main Street's DRIP but may provide a similar dividend reinvestment plan for their clients.

For the three months ended March 31, 2017, \$1.8 million of the total \$30.4 million in dividends paid to stockholders represented DRIP participation. During this period, the DRIP participation requirements were satisfied with the issuance of 48,675 newly issued shares. For the three months ended March 31, 2016, \$3.3 million of the total \$27.2 million in dividends paid to stockholders represented DRIP participation. During this period, the DRIP participation requirements were satisfied with the issuance of 113,631 newly issued shares. The shares disclosed above relate only to Main Street's DRIP and exclude any activity related to broker-managed dividend reinvestment plans.

NOTE L SHARE-BASED COMPENSATION

Main Street accounts for its share-based compensation plans using the fair value method, as prescribed by ASC 718, *Compensation Stock Compensation*. Accordingly, for restricted stock awards, Main Street measured the grant date fair value based upon the market price of its common stock on the date of the grant and amortizes the fair value of the awards as share-based compensation expense over the requisite service period, which is generally the vesting term.

Main Street's Board of Directors approves the issuance of shares of restricted stock to Main Street employees pursuant to the Main Street Capital Corporation 2015 Equity and Incentive Plan (the "Equity and Incentive Plan"). These shares generally vest over a three-year period from the grant date. The fair value is expensed over the service period, starting on the grant date. The following table summarizes the restricted stock issuances approved by Main Street's Board of Directors under the Equity and Incentive Plan, net of shares forfeited, if any, and the remaining shares of restricted stock available for issuance as of March 31, 2017.

Restricted stock authorized under the plan	3,000,000
Less restricted stock granted, net of forfeited shares, during:	
Year ended December 31, 2015	(900)
Year ended December 31, 2016	(260,514)
Three months ended March 31, 2017	2,771
Restricted stock available for issuance as of March 31, 2017	2,741,357

MAIN STREET CAPITAL CORPORATION

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (Continued)

(Unaudited)

As of March 31, 2017, the following table summarizes the restricted stock issued to Main Street's non-employee directors and the remaining shares of restricted stock available for issuance pursuant to the Main Street Capital Corporation 2015 Non-Employee Director Restricted Stock Plan. These shares are granted upon appointment or election to the board and vest on the day immediately preceding the annual meeting of stockholders following the respective grant date and are expensed over such service period.

Restricted stock authorized under the plan	300,000
Less net restricted stock granted during:	
Year ended December 31, 2015	(6,806)
Year ended December 31, 2016	(6,748)
Restricted stock available for issuance as of March 31, 2017	286,446

For the three months ended March 31, 2017 and 2016, Main Street recognized total share-based compensation expense of \$2.3 million and \$1.6 million, respectively, related to the restricted stock issued to Main Street employees and non-employee directors.

As of March 31, 2017, there was \$9.7 million of total unrecognized compensation expense related to Main Street's non-vested restricted shares. This compensation expense is expected to be recognized over a remaining weighted-average period of approximately 1.5 years as of March 31, 2017.

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (Continued)

(Unaudited)

NOTE M COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES

At March 31, 2017, Main Street had the following outstanding commitments (in thousands):

Investments with equity capital commitments that have not yet funded:			Amount		
Congruent Credit Opportunities Funds		¢	0.400		
Congruent Credit Opportunities Fund II, LP		\$	8,488		
Congruent Credit Opportunities Fund III, LP			12,131		
		\$	20,619		
Encap Energy Fund Investments					
EnCap Energy Capital Fund VIII, L.P.		\$	510		
EnCap Energy Capital Fund VIII Co-Investors, L.P.			27		
EnCap Energy Capital Fund IX, L.P.			1,093		
EnCap Energy Capital Fund X, L.P.			6,789		
EnCap Flatrock Midstream Fund II, L.P.			5,502		
EnCap Flatrock Midstream Fund III, L.P.			4,785		
		\$	18,706		
Freeport Fund Investments					
Freeport First Lien Loan Fund III LP		\$	6,539		
Freeport Financial SBIC Fund LP			1,375		
1			,		
		\$	7,914		
Brightwood Capital Fund Investments		Ψ	7,711		
Brightwood Capital Fund III, LP		\$	3,000		
Brightwood Capital Fund IV, LP		Ψ	4,500		
			.,000		
		\$	7,500		
I-45 SLF LLC		.թ \$	1,800		
EIG Fund Investments		.թ \$	3,595		
LKCM Headwater Investments I, L.P.		ֆ Տ	2,500		
Dos Rios Partners		φ	2,500		
		¢	1 504		
Dos Rios Partners, LP		\$	1,594		
Dos Rios Partners A, LP			506		
		\$	2,100		
Total equity commitments		\$	64,734		
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MAIN STREET CAPITAL CORPORATION

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (Continued)

(Unaudited)

Investments with commitments to fund revolving loans that have not been fully drawn or term loans with additional commitments not yet funded:	
NNE Partners, LLC	\$ 10,208
PT Network, LLC	8,775
Arcus Hunting LLC	4,336
CDHA Management, LLC	3,523
Charps, LLC	3,200
Strike, LLC	2,500
Mid-Columbia Lumber Products, LLC	2,000
Hojeij Branded Foods, LLC	1,643
CapFusion, LLC	1,600
Hawk Ridge Systems, LLC	1,600
Subsea Global Solutions, LLC	1,428
Messenger, LLC	1,417
LaMi Products, LLC	1,397
Gamber-Johnson Holdings, LLC	1,200
NuStep, LLC	1,200
Barfly Ventures, LLC	919
Apex Linen Service, Inc.	800
Mystic Logistics Holdings, LLC	800
Grace Hill, LLC	776
Lamb Ventures, LLC	695
Pardus Oil and Gas, LLC	663
NRI Clinical Research, LLC	600
Jackmont Hospitality, Inc.	593
PPC/SHIFT LLC	500
Jensen Jewelers of Idaho, LLC	500
UniTek Global Services, Inc.	483
Permian Holdco 2, Inc.	116
Total loan commitments	\$ 53,472
Total commitments	\$ 118,206

Main Street will fund its unfunded commitments from the same sources it uses to fund its investment commitments that are funded at the time they are made (which are typically through existing cash and cash equivalents and borrowings under the Credit Facility). Main Street follows a process to manage its liquidity and ensure that it has available capital to fund its unfunded commitments as necessary. The Company had total unrealized depreciation of \$0.1 million on the outstanding unfunded commitments as of March 31, 2017.

Main Street has an operating lease for its office space in Houston, Texas. Total rent expense incurred by Main Street for each of the three months ended March 31, 2017 and 2016 was \$0.1 million.

MAIN STREET CAPITAL CORPORATION

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (Continued)

(Unaudited)

The following table shows future minimum payments under Main Street's operating lease as of March 31, 2017:

For the Years Ended December 31,	Amount	
2017	\$	46
2018		683
2019		749
2020		763
2021		777
Thereafter		4,959
Total	\$	7,977

Main Street may, from time to time, be involved in litigation arising out of its operations in the normal course of business or otherwise. Furthermore, third parties may try to impose liability on Main Street in connection with the activities of its portfolio companies. While the outcome of any current legal proceedings cannot at this time be predicted with certainty, Main Street does not expect any current matters will materially affect its financial condition or results of operations; however, there can be no assurance whether any pending legal proceedings will have a material adverse effect on Main Street's financial condition or results of operations in any future reporting period.

NOTE N RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

As discussed further in Note D, the External Investment Manager is treated as a wholly owned portfolio company of MSCC and is included as part of Main Street's Investment Portfolio. At March 31, 2017, Main Street had a receivable of approximately \$2.0 million due from the External Investment Manager which included approximately \$1.3 million related primarily to operating expenses incurred by MSCC or its subsidiaries required to support the External Investment Manager's business and approximately \$0.7 million of dividends declared but not paid by the External Investment Manager.

In November 2015, Main Street's Board of Directors approved and adopted the Main Street Capital Corporation Deferred Compensation Plan (the "2015 Deferred Compensation Plan"). The 2015 Deferred Compensation Plan became effective on January 1, 2016 and replaced the Deferred Compensation Plan for Non-Employee Directors previously adopted by the Board of Directors in June 2013 (the "2013 Deferred Compensation Plan"). Under the 2015 Deferred Compensation Plan, non-employee directors and certain key employees may defer receipt of some or all of their cash compensation and directors' fees, subject to certain limitations. Individuals participating in the 2015 Deferred Compensation Plan receive distributions of their respective balances based on predetermined payout schedules or other events as defined by the plan and are also able to direct investments made on their behalf among investment alternatives permitted from time to time under the plan, including phantom Main Street stock units. As of March 31, 2017, \$2.8 million of compensation and directors' fees had been deferred under the 2015 Deferred Compensation Plan (including amounts previously deferred under the 2013 Deferred Compensation Plan). Of this amount, \$1.7 million was deferred into phantom Main Street stock units, representing 55,938 shares of Main Street's common stock. Including phantom stock units issued through dividend reinvestment, the phantom stock units outstanding as of March 31, 2017 represented 65,882 shares of Main Street's common stock. Any amounts deferred under the plan represented by phantom Main Street stock units will not be issued or included as outstanding on the consolidated statement of changes in net assets until such shares are actually

MAIN STREET CAPITAL CORPORATION

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (Continued)

(Unaudited)

distributed to the participant in accordance with the plan, but are included in operating expenses and weighted-average shares outstanding in Main Street's consolidated statement of operations as earned.

NOTE O SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

During April 2017, Main Street declared a semi-annual supplemental cash dividend of \$0.275 per share payable in June 2017. This supplemental cash dividend is in addition to the previously announced regular monthly cash dividends that Main Street declared for the second quarter of 2017 of \$0.185 per share for each of April, May and June 2017.

In May 2017, Main Street declared regular monthly dividends of \$0.185 per share for each month of July, August and September of 2017. These regular monthly dividends equal a total of \$0.555 per share for the third quarter of 2017 and represent a 2.8% increase from the regular monthly dividends declared for the third quarter of 2016. Including the semi-annual supplemental dividend declared for June 2017 and the regular monthly dividends declared for the second and third quarters of 2017, Main Street will have paid \$20.545 per share in cumulative dividends since its October 2007 initial public offering.

Schedule 12-14

MAIN STREET CAPITAL CORPORATION

Consolidated Schedule of Investments in and Advances to Affiliates Three Months Ended March 31, 2017 (dollars in thousands) (unaudited)

Company	Investment(1)	Amount of Interest, Fees or Dividends Credited to Income(2)	December 31, 2016 Fair Value	Gross Additions(3)	Gross Reductions(4)	March 31, 2017 Fair Value
Majority-owned investments Café Brazil, LLC	Member Units	\$ 52	\$ 6,040	\$	\$ 140	\$ 5,900
Clad-Rex Steel, LLC	LIBOR Plus 9.50% (Floor 1.00%) LIBOR Plus 9.50% (Floor 1.00%) Member Units 10% Secured Debt Member Units	11 375 30	396 13,941 7,280 1,190 210	1 5	4	397 13,946 7,280 1,186 210
CMS Minerals Investments	Preferred Member Units Member Units	51 63	3,682 3,381		411 261	3,271 3,120
Gamber-Johnson Holdings, LLC	LIBOR Plus 11.00% (Floor 1.00%) Member Units	735 170	23,846 18,920	234 3,160		24,080 22,080
GRT Rubber Technologies LLC	LIBOR Plus 9.00% (Floor 1.00%) Member Units	334 127	13,274 20,310	8	217	13,065 20,310
Harborside Holdings, LLC	Member Units			9,400		9,400
Hydratec, Inc.	Common Stock	480	15,640			15,640
IDX Broker, LLC	12.5% Secured Debt Member Units	344 68	10,950 7,040	7 1,160	307	10,650 8,200
Jensen Jewelers of Idaho, LLC	Prime Plus 6.75% (Floor 2.00%) Member Units	108 37	4,055 4,460	4	154	3,905 4,460
Lamb Ventures, LLC	LIBOR Plus 5.75% 11% Secured Debt Preferred Equity Member Units 9.5% Secured Debt Member Units	7 209 40 32 407	7,657 400 5,990 1,170 1,340	350 200 428	45 78 1,170 380	305 7,579 400 6,190 428 960
Lighting Unlimited, LLC	8% Secured Debt Preferred Equity Warrants Member Units	29	1,514 410	24 54 100	1,514 434 54 100	
Mid-Columbia Lumber Products, LLC	10% Secured Debt 12% Secured Debt Member Units	44 117 2	1,750 3,900 2,480		500	1,750 3,900 1,980

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	9.5% Secured Debt	20	836		11	825
	Member Units	9	600	620		1,220
MSC Adviser I, LLC	Member Units	695	30,617	2,855		33,472
Mystic Logistics Holdings, LLC	12% Secured Debt	286	9,176	11	23	9,164
	Common Stock		5,780	390		6,170
NRP Jones, LLC	8% Current / 4% PIK Secured Debt	419	13,915	139		14,054
	Warrants		130			130
	Member Units		410			410
PPL RVs, Inc.	LIBOR Plus 7.00% (Floor 0.50%)	370	17,826	8		17,834
	Common Stock	100	11,780			11,780
Principle Environmental, LLC	12% Secured Debt	122	4,060			4,060
	12% Current / 2% PIK Secured Debt	118	3,378	16		3,394
	Preferred Member Units		5,370	953	63	6,260
	Warrants		270	50		320
Quality Lease Service, LLC	8% PIK Secured Debt	136	7,068	136		7,204
	Member Units		3,188	1,051		4,239

Company The MPI Group, LLC	Investment(1) 9% Secured Debt Series A Preferred Units	Amount of Interest, Fees or Dividends Credited to Income(2) 66	December 31, 2016 Fair Value 2,922	Gross Additions(3)	Gross Reductions(4)	March 31, 2017 Fair Value 2,922
	Warrants Member Units	35	2,300	90		2,390
Uvalco Supply, LLC	9% Secured Debt Member Units	18 8	872 4,640		116 333	756 4,307
Vision Interests, Inc.	13% Secured Debt Series A Preferred Stock Common Stock	91	2,814 3,000			2,814 3,000
Ziegler's NYPD, LLC	6.5% Secured Debt 12% Secured Debt 14% Secured Debt Warrants Preferred Member Units	17 9 96	994 300 2,750 240 4,100			994 300 2,750 240 4,100
Other controlled investments						
Access Media Holdings, LLC	5% Current / 5% PIK Secured Debt Preferred Member Units Member Units	563	19,700 240	282 169	512 189	19,470 220
Ameritech College Operations, LLC	10% Secured Debt13% Secured Debt13% Secured DebtPreferred Member Units	13 16 98	514 489 3,025 2,291	3,900	3,381	514 489 3,025 2,810
ASC Interests, LLC	11% Secured Debt Member Units	60	2,100 2,680	3 60	53	2,050 2,740
Bond-Coat, Inc.	12% Secured Debt Common Stock	357	11,596 6,660	9 940	9	11,596 7,600
CBT Nuggets, LLC	Member Units	1,000	55,480	5,140		60,620
Charps, LLC	LIBOR Plus 7.00% (Floor 1.00%) 12% Secured Debt Preferred Member Units	14 630		781 18,220 400		781 18,220 400
Datacom, LLC	8% Secured Debt 5.25% Current / 5.25% PIK Secured	20	900	180		1,080
	Debt Class A Preferred Member Units Class B Preferred Member Units	313	11,049 1,368 1,529	441 51 332		11,490 1,419 1,861
Garreco, LLC	LIBOR Plus 12.00% (Floor 1.00%) Member Units	189	5,219 1,150	975 320	225	5,969 1,470
Gulf Manufacturing, LLC	9% PIK Secured Debt Member Units	17 139	777 8,770	420		777 9,190
Gulf Publishing Holdings, LLC	12.5% Secured Debt Member Units	316	9,911 3,124	4 336		9,915 3,460

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Harrison Hydra-Gen, Ltd.	Common Stock		3,120		320	2,800
Hawthorne Customs and Dispatch						
Services, LLC	Member Units Member Units	48	280 2,040			280 2,040
HW Temps LLC	LIBOR Plus 13.00% (Floor 1.00%) Preferred Member Units	368 35	10,500 3,940	4	600	9,904 3,940
Indianapolis Aviation Partners, LLC	15% Secured Debt Warrants	156	3,100 2,649	61		3,100 2,710
Marine Shelters Holdings, LLC	12% PIK Secured Debt Preferred Member Units		9,387	100	9,387 100	
MH Corbin Holding LLC	10% Secured Debt Preferred Member Units	335 35	13,197 6,000	8	175	13,030 6,000
NAPCO Precast, LLC	Prime Plus 2.00% (Floor 7.00%) 18% Secured Debt Member Units	63 181 29	2,713 3,952 10,920	2 3	2 3	2,713 3,952 10,920
NRI Clinical Research, LLC	LIBOR Plus 6.50% (Floor 1.50%) 14% Secured Debt Warrants Member Units	10 160	200 4,261 680 2,462	200 11	11	400 4,261 680 2,462
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Company	Investment(1)	Amount o Interest, Fees or Dividends Credited t Income(2	5 20	December 31, 2016 Fair Value	Gross Additions(3)	Gross Reductions(4)	arch 31, 2017 ir Value
NuStep, LLC	12% Secured Debt Preferred Member Units	72			20,394 10,200		20,394 10,200
OMi Holdings, Inc.	Common Stock	19	92	13,080	10,200		13,080
Pegasus Research Group, LLC	Member Units	6	60	8,620		180	8,440
River Aggregates, LLC	Zero Coupon Secured Debt Member Units Member Units	1	9	627 4,600 2,510	19		646 4,600 2,510
SoftTouch Medical Holdings LLC	LIBOR Plus 9.00% (Floor 1.00%) Member Units	18 15		7,140 9,170	4	4	7,140 9,170
	Member Onits	15	5	9,170			9,170
Other Amounts related to investments transferred to or from other 1940 Act classification during the period							
		\$ 12,98	8	\$ 594,282	\$ 85,423	\$ 21,466	\$ 658,239
Affiliate Investments AFG Capital Group, LLC	Warrants Member Units	\$	7	\$ 670 2,750	\$ 20 100	\$	\$ 690 2,850
Barfly Ventures, LLC	12% Secured Debt Options Warrants	23	5	5,827 490 280	1,808		7,635 490 280
BBB Tank Services, LLC	LIBOR Plus 9.50% (Floor 1.00%) 15% Secured Debt Member Units	2 15	21 52	797 3,991 800	1		797 3,992 800
Boss Industries, LLC	Preferred Member Units	8	9	2,800	120		2,920
Bridge Capital Solutions Corporation	13% Secured Debt Warrants 13% Secured Debt Preferred Member Units	30 3 2	3	5,610 3,370 1,000 1,000	63		5,673 3,370 1,000 1,000
Buca C, LLC	LIBOR Plus 7.25% (Floor 1.00%) Preferred Member Units	49 5		22,671 4,660	21 58	1,634 728	21,058 3,990
CAI Software LLC	12% Secured Debt Member Units	11 3	0	3,683 2,480	3 100		3,483 2,580
CapFusion, LLC	13% Secured Debt Warrants	51	8	13,202 1,200	50		13,252 1,200
Chandler Signs Holdings, LLC	12% Secured Debt Class A Units	13 6		4,500 3,240	2	2	4,500 3,240

Member Units	11	1,840			1.0.40
Member Onits	11	1,840			1,840
LP Interests (Fund II) LP Interests (Fund III)	320	1,518 16,181	2,396	141	1,377 18,577
12% Current / 2.5% PIK Secured Debt Common Stock	676	21,799 24,063	255	22,054 24,063	
LP Interests (Dos Rios Partners, LP) LP Interests (Dos Rios Partners A, LP)		4,925 1,444	704 207		5,629 1,651
Class A Units		2.070			2,070
Common Stock	29	860		110	750
12% Current / 2% PIK Secured Debt Warrants		8,630		6,390	2,240
LP Interests (EIG Global Private Debt fund-A, L.P.) LP Interests (EIG Traverse Co-Investment, L.P.)	45 263	2,804 9,905	352 68	1,690	1,466 9,973
LP Interests (Freeport Financial SBIC Fund LP) LP Interests (Freeport First Lien Loan Fund III LP)	102 195	5,620 4,763	55 2,796	52	5,675 7,507
10.5% Secured Debt Warrants	326	11,079	1,017	146	11,950
	LP Interests (Fund II) LP Interests (Fund III) 12% Current / 2.5% PIK Secured Debt Common Stock LP Interests (Dos Rios Partners, LP) LP Interests (Dos Rios Partners A, LP) Class A Units Common Stock 12% Current / 2% PIK Secured Debt Warrants LP Interests (EIG Global Private Debt Yuarants) LP Interests (EIG Traverse Co-Investment, L.P.) LP Interests (Freeport Financial SBIC Fund LP) LP Interests (Freeport First Lien Loan Fund III LP) 10.5% Secured Debt	LP Interests (Fund II)32012% Current / 2.5% PIK Secured Debt676Common Stock676LP Interests (Dos Rios Partners, LP)1LP Interests (Dos Rios Partners A, LP)7Class A Units2912% Current / 2% PIK Secured Debt2912% Current / 2% PIK Secured Debt45LP Interests (EIG Global Private Debt45LP Interests (EIG Traverse Co-Investment, L.P.)263LP Interests (Freeport Financial SBIC Fund LP) LP Interests (Freeport First Lien Loan Fund III LP)10210.5% Secured Debt Warrants326	LP Interests (Fund II)3201,518LP Interests (Fund III)32016,18112% Current / 2.5% PIK Secured Debt67621,799Common Stock24,063LP Interests (Dos Rios Partners, LP)4,925LP Interests (Dos Rios Partners A, LP)4,925Class A Units2,070Common Stock2986022%12% Current / 2% PIK Secured Debt8,630Warrants29LP Interests (EIG Global Private Debt fund-A, L.P.)45LP Interests (EIG Global Private Debt fund-A, L.P.)45LP Interests (EIG Global Private Debt fund-A, L.P.)102S,6205,620LP Interests (Freeport Financial SBIC Fund LP)102LP Interests (Freeport First Lien Loan Fund III LP)10210.5% Secured Debt Warrants326	LP Interests (Fund II)320 1.518 16,1812,39612% Current / 2.5% PIK Secured Debt67621,799 24,063255 24,063LP Interests (Dos Rios Partners, LP)4,925 1,444704 207LP Interests (Dos Rios Partners A, LP)4,925 1,444704 207Class A Units2,070Common Stock2986012% Current / 2% PIK Secured Debt Warrants8,630LP Interests (EIG Global Private Debt fund-A, L.P.)45 2,804352 352 45LP Interests (EIG Global Private Debt fund-A, L.P.)45 2,639,905LP Interests (EIG Graverse Co-Investment, L.P.)102 2,562055 2,796LP Interests (Freeport Financial SBIC Fund LP)102 1025,620 2,796L0.5% Secured Debt Warrants32611,079 1,017	LP Interests (Fund II) 320 $1,518$ $16,181$ $2,396$ 141LP Interests (Fund III) 320 $16,181$ $2,396$ 14112% Current / 2.5% PIK Secured Debt 676 $21,799$ $24,063$ 255 $22,054$ $24,063$ LP Interests (Dos Rios Partners, LP) $4,925$ 704 704LP Interests (Dos Rios Partners A, LP) $1,444$ 207 704Class A Units $2,070$ 706 706 Common Stock 29 860 110 12% Current / 2% PIK Secured Debt $8,630$ $6,390$ Warrants 45 $2,804$ 352 $1,690$ LP Interests (EIG Global Private Debt fund-A, L.P.) 45 $2,804$ 352 $1,690$ LP Interests (EIG Graverse Co-Investment, L.P.) 263 $9,905$ 68 110 LP Interests (Freeport Financial SBIC Fund LP) LP Interests (Freeport First Lien Loan Fund III LP) 102 $5,620$ 55 $2,796$ 52 10.5% Secured Debt Warrants 326 $11,079$ $1,017$ 146

Generation	L (1)	Amount of Interest, Fees or Dividends Credited to Income(2)	December 31, 2016	Gross	Gross Reductions(4)	March 31, 2017
Company Glowpoint, Inc.	Investment(1) 12% Secured Debt	274	Fair Value 3,997	Additions(3) 9	Reductions(4) 996	Fair Value 3,010
···· F ····· F ····· F ····· F ···· F ····· F ···· F ···· F ···· F ···· F ···· F ···· F	Common Stock		2,080	190		2,270
Guerdon Modular Holdings, Inc.	13% Secured Debt Preferred Stock Common Stock	357	10,594 1,140 80	9		10,603 1,140 80
Hawk Ridge Systems, LLC	10% Secured Debt Preferred Member Units Preferred Member Units	255 150	9,901 2,850 150	4		9,905 2,850 150
Houston Plating and Coatings, LLC	Member Units	1	4,000	230		4,230
I-45 SLF LLC	Member Units	691	14,586	1,321		15,907
Indianhead Pipeline Services, LLC	12% Secured Debt Preferred Member Units Warrants Member Units	727 98	5,079 2,677	563 98	225	5,417 2,775
KBK Industries, LLC	10% Secured Debt 12.5% Secured Debt Member Units	31 188	1,250 5,889 2,780	100 3	175	1,175 5,892 2,780
L.F. Manufacturing Holdings, LLC	Member Units		1,380			1,380
OnAsset Intelligence, Inc.	12% PIK Secured Debt Preferred Stock Warrants	136	4,519	135		4,654
OPI International Ltd.	10% Unsecured Debt Common Stock	12	473 1,600		1,220	473 380
PCI Holding Company, Inc.	12% Secured Debt Preferred Stock	400 172	13,000 5,370	10 170	10	13,000 5,540
Rocaceia, LLC (Quality Lease and Rental Holdings, LLC)	12% Secured Debt Preferred Member Units		250			250
Tin Roof Acquisition Company	12% Secured Debt Class C Preferred Stock	417 68	13,385 2,738	16 69	169	13,232 2,807
UniTek Global Services, Inc.	LIBOR Plus 7.50% (Floor 1.00%) LIBOR Plus 8.50% (Floor 1.00%) 15% PIK Unsecured Debt Preferred Stock Common Stock	113 22 30 434	5,021 824 745 6,410 3,010	1 2 28 434	1 224 200	5,021 826 773 6,620 2,810
Universal Wellhead Services Holdings, LLC	Preferred Member Units Member Units		720 610			720 610
Valley Healthcare Group, LLC	LIBOR Plus 12.50% (Floor 0.50%) Preferred Member Units	433	12,844 1,600	6	100	12,750 1,600

Volusion, LLC	11.5% Secured Debt Preferred Member Units Warrants	645	15,298 14,000 2,576	141	126	15,439 14,000 2,450
Other Amounts related to investments transferred to or from other 1940 Act classification during the period						
		\$ 9,899	\$ 375,948 \$	13,735	\$ 60,659	\$ 329,024

This schedule should be read in conjunction with Main Street's consolidated financial statements, including the consolidated schedule of investments and notes to the consolidated financial statements.

(1)

The principal amount, the ownership detail for equity investments and if the investment is income producing is included in the consolidated schedule of investments.

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Represents the total amount of interest, fees and dividends credited to income for the portion of the period for which an investment was included in Control or Affiliate categories, respectively. For investments transferred between Control and Affiliate categories during the period, any income or investment balances related to the time period it was in the category other than the one shown at period end is included in "Amounts from investments transferred from other 1940 Act classifications during the period."

Gross additions include increases in the cost basis of investments resulting from new portfolio investments, follow-on investments and accrued PIK interest, and the exchange of one or more existing securities for one or more new securities. Gross additions also include net increases in unrealized appreciation or net decreases in net unrealized depreciation as well as the movement of an existing portfolio company into this category and out of a different category.

(4)

(2)

(3)

Gross reductions include decreases in the cost basis of investments resulting from principal repayments or sales and the exchange of one or more existing securities for one or more new securities. Gross reductions also include net increases in net unrealized depreciation or net decreases in unrealized appreciation as well as the movement of an existing portfolio company out of this category and into a different category.

PROSPECTUS

\$1,500,000,000

Common Stock Preferred Stock Warrants Subscription Rights Debt Securities Units

We may offer, from time to time in one or more offerings, up to \$1,500,000,000 of our common stock, preferred stock, warrants representing rights to purchase shares of our common stock, preferred stock, or debt securities, subscription rights, debt securities or units, which we refer to, collectively, as the "securities." Our securities may be offered at prices and on terms to be disclosed in one or more supplements to this prospectus. The offering price per share of our common stock, less any underwriting commissions or discounts, will not be less than the net asset value per share of our common stock at the time of the offering, except (i) with the requisite approval of our common stockholders or (ii) under such other circumstances as the Securities and Exchange Commission may permit. We did not seek stockholder authorization to issue common stock at a price below net asset value per share at our 2016 annual meeting of stockholders, and we are not currently seeking such approval at our 2017 annual meeting of stockholders, because our common stock price per share has been trading significantly above the current net asset value per share of our common stock, but we may seek such authorization at future annual meetings or special meetings of stockholders. Sales of common stock at prices below net asset value per share to include our market price per share. In addition, we have received stockholder approval to issue warrants, options or rights to subscribe for, convert to, or purchase shares of our common stock at a price per share below the net asset value per share subject to the applicable requirements of the Investment Company Act of 1940, as amended. There is no expiration date on our ability to issue such warrants, options, rights or convertible securities based on this stockholder approval. Moreover, continuous sales of common stock below net asset value may have a negative impact on total returns and could have a negative impact on the market price of our shares of common stock. See "Sales of Common Stock

Shares of closed-end investment companies such as us frequently trade at a discount to their net asset value. This risk is separate and distinct from the risk that our net asset value per share may decline. We cannot predict whether our common stock will trade above, at or below net asset value. You should read this prospectus and the applicable prospectus supplement carefully before you invest in our common stock.

Our securities may be offered to one or more purchasers directly by us, through agents designated from time to time by us, or to or through underwriters or dealers. The prospectus supplement relating to the offering will identify any agents or underwriters involved in the sale of our securities, and will disclose any applicable purchase price, fee, commission or discount arrangement between us and our agents or underwriters or among our underwriters or the basis upon which such amount may be calculated. See "Plan of Distribution." We may not sell any of our securities through agents, underwriters or dealers without delivery of a prospectus supplement describing the method and terms of the offering of such securities, which must be delivered to each purchaser at, or prior to, the earlier of delivery of a confirmation of sale or delivery of the securities.

We are a principal investment firm primarily focused on providing customized debt and equity financing to lower middle market ("LMM") companies and debt capital to middle market ("Middle Market") companies. Our LMM companies generally have annual revenues between \$10 million and \$150 million, and our LMM portfolio investments generally range in size from \$5 million to \$50 million. Our Middle Market investments are made in businesses that are generally larger in size than our LMM portfolio companies, with annual revenues typically between \$150 million and \$1.5 billion, and our Middle Market investments generally range in size from \$3 million to \$15 million.

The LMM and Middle Market securities in which we invest generally would be rated below investment grade if they were rated by rating agencies. Below investment grade securities, which are often referred to as "junk," have predominantly speculative characteristics with respect to the issuer's capacity to pay interest and repay principal. They may also be difficult to value and are illiquid.

Our principal investment objective is to maximize our portfolio's total return by generating current income from our debt investments and capital appreciation from our equity and equity related investments, including warrants, convertible securities and other rights to acquire equity securities in a portfolio company.

We are an internally managed, closed-end, non-diversified management investment company that has elected to be treated as a business development company under the Investment Company Act of 1940, as amended.

Our common stock is listed on the New York Stock Exchange ("NYSE") under the symbol "MAIN." On April 25, 2017, the last reported sale price of our common stock on the NYSE was \$39.80 per share, and the net asset value per share of our common stock on December 31, 2016 (the last date prior to the date of this prospectus on which we determined our net asset value per share) was \$22.10.

Investing in our securities involves a high degree of risk, and should be considered highly speculative. See "Risk Factors" beginning on page 14 to read about factors you should consider, including the risk of leverage and dilution, before investing in our securities.

This prospectus and the accompanying prospectus supplement contain important information about us that a prospective investor should know before investing in our securities. Please read this prospectus and the accompanying prospectus supplement before investing and keep them for future reference. We file annual, quarterly and current reports, proxy statements and other information with the Securities and Exchange Commission, or SEC. This information is available free of charge by contacting us at 1300 Post Oak Boulevard, 8th Floor, Houston, Texas 77056 or by telephone at (713) 350-6000 or on our website at *www.mainstcapital.com.* Information contained on our website is not incorporated by reference into this prospectus, and you should not consider that information to be part of this prospectus. The SEC also maintains a website at *www.sec.gov* that contains such information.

Neither the Securities and Exchange Commission nor any state securities commission, nor any other regulatory body, has approved or disapproved of these securities or determined if this prospectus is truthful or complete. Any representation to the contrary is a criminal offense.

The date of this prospectus is April 26, 2017

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This prospectus is part of a registration statement that we have filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission, or SEC, using the "shelf" registration process. Under the shelf registration process, we may offer, from time to time, up to \$1,500,000,000 of our securities on terms to be determined at the time of the offering. This prospectus provides you with a general description of the securities that we may offer. Each time we use this prospectus to offer securities, we will provide a prospectus supplement that will contain specific information about the terms of that offering. The prospectus supplement may also add, update or change information contained in this prospectus. To the extent required by law, we will amend or supplement the information contained in this prospectus and any accompanying prospectus supplement to reflect any material changes to such information subsequent to the date of the prospectus and any accompanying prospectus supplement and prior to the completion of any offering pursuant to the prospectus and any accompanying prospectus supplement. Please carefully read this prospectus and any accompanying prospectus supplement together with the additional information described under "Available Information" and "Risk Factors" before you make an investment decision.

No dealer, salesperson or other person is authorized to give any information or to represent anything not contained in this prospectus or any accompanying supplement to this prospectus. You must not rely on any unauthorized information or representations not contained in this prospectus or

any accompanying prospectus supplement as if we had authorized it. This prospectus and any accompanying prospectus supplement do not constitute an offer to sell or a solicitation of any offer to buy any security other than the registered securities to which they relate, nor do they constitute an offer to sell or a solicitation of an offer to buy any securities in any jurisdiction to any person to whom it is unlawful to make such an offer or solicitation in such jurisdiction. The information contained in this prospectus and any accompanying prospectus supplement is accurate as of the dates on their covers.

PROSPECTUS SUMMARY

This summary highlights some of the information in this prospectus. It is not complete and may not contain all of the information that you may want to consider. You should read the entire prospectus and any prospectus supplement carefully, including the section entitled "Risk Factors." Yield information contained in this prospectus related to debt investments in our investment portfolio is not intended to approximate a return on your investment in us and does not take into account other aspects of our business, including our operating and other expenses, or other costs incurred by you in connection with your investment in us.

Organization

Main Street Capital Corporation ("MSCC") is a principal investment firm primarily focused on providing customized debt and equity financing to lower middle market ("LMM") companies and debt capital to middle market ("Middle Market") companies. The portfolio investments of MSCC and its consolidated subsidiaries are typically made to support management buyouts, recapitalizations, growth financings, refinancings and acquisitions of companies that operate in diverse industry sectors. MSCC seeks to partner with entrepreneurs, business owners and management teams and generally provides "one stop" financing alternatives within its LMM portfolio. MSCC and its consolidated subsidiaries invest primarily in secured debt investments, equity investments, warrants and other securities of LMM companies based in the United States and in secured debt investments of Middle Market companies generally headquartered in the United States.

MSCC was formed in March 2007 to operate as an internally managed business development company ("BDC") under the Investment Company Act of 1940, as amended (the "1940 Act"). MSCC wholly owns several investment funds, including Main Street Mezzanine Fund, LP ("MSMF"), Main Street Capital II, LP ("MSC II") and Main Street Capital III, LP ("MSC III" and, collectively with MSMF and MSC II, the "Funds"), and each of their general partners. The Funds are each licensed as a Small Business Investment Company ("SBIC") by the United States Small Business Administration ("SBA"). We received our third SBIC licence for MSC III in August 2016. Because MSCC is internally managed, all of the executive officers and other employees are employed by MSCC. Therefore, MSCC does not pay any external investment advisory fees, but instead directly incurs the operating costs associated with employing investment and portfolio management professionals.

MSC Adviser I, LLC (the "External Investment Manager") was formed in November 2013 as a wholly owned subsidiary of MSCC to provide investment management and other services to parties other than MSCC and its subsidiaries or their portfolio companies ("External Parties") and receive fee income for such services. MSCC has been granted no-action relief by the Securities and Exchange Commission ("SEC") to allow the External Investment Manager to register as a registered investment adviser under Investment Advisers Act of 1940, as amended (the "Advisers Act"). Since the External Investment Manager conducts all of its investment management activities for External Parties, it is accounted for as a portfolio investment of MSCC and is not included as a consolidated subsidiary of MSCC in MSCC's consolidated financial statements.

MSCC has elected to be treated for U.S. federal income tax purposes as a regulated investment company ("RIC") under Subchapter M of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended (the "Code"). As a result, MSCC generally will not pay corporate-level U.S. federal income taxes on any net ordinary taxable income or capital gains that it distributes to its stockholders.

MSCC has certain direct and indirect wholly owned subsidiaries that have elected to be taxable entities (the "Taxable Subsidiaries"). The primary purpose of the Taxable Subsidiaries is to permit MSCC to hold equity investments in portfolio companies which are "pass-through" entities for tax purposes. The External Investment Manager is also a direct wholly owned subsidiary that has elected to be a taxable entity. The Taxable Subsidiaries and the External Investment Manager are each taxed at their normal corporate tax rates based on their taxable income.

1

Unless otherwise noted or the context otherwise indicates, the terms "we," "us," "our," the "Company" and "Main Street" refer to MSCC and its consolidated subsidiaries, which include the Funds and the Taxable Subsidiaries.

The following diagram depicts Main Street's organizational structure:

*

Each of the Taxable Subsidiaries is directly or indirectly wholly owned by MSCC.

**

Accounted for as a portfolio investment at fair value, as opposed to a consolidated subsidiary.

Overview

Our principal investment objective is to maximize our portfolio's total return by generating current income from our debt investments and capital appreciation from our equity and equity-related investments, including warrants, convertible securities and other rights to acquire equity securities in a portfolio company. Our LMM companies generally have annual revenues between \$10 million and \$150 million, and our LMM portfolio investments generally range in size from \$5 million to \$50 million. Our Middle Market investments are made in businesses that are generally larger in size than our LMM portfolio companies, with annual revenues typically between \$150 million and \$1.5 billion, and our Middle Market investments generally range in size from \$3 million to \$15 million. Our private loan ("Private Loan") portfolio investments are primarily debt securities in privately held companies which have been originated through strategic relationships with other investment funds on a collaborative basis. Private Loan investments are typically similar in size, structure, terms and conditions to investments we hold in our LMM portfolio.

We seek to fill the financing gap for LMM businesses, which, historically, have had more limited access to financing from commercial banks and other traditional sources. The underserved nature of the LMM creates the opportunity for us to meet the financing needs of LMM companies while also negotiating favorable transaction terms and equity participations. Our ability to invest across a company's capital structure, from secured loans to equity securities, allows us to offer portfolio companies a comprehensive suite of financing options, or a "one stop" financing solution. Providing customized, "one stop" financing solutions is important to LMM portfolio companies. We generally seek to partner directly with entrepreneurs, management teams and business owners in making our investments. Our LMM portfolio debt investments are generally secured by a first lien on the assets of the portfolio company and typically have a term of between five and seven years from the original investment date.

Our Middle Market portfolio investments primarily consist of direct investments in or secondary purchases of interest-bearing debt securities in privately held companies that are generally larger in size than the companies included in our LMM portfolio. Our Middle Market portfolio debt investments are

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generally secured by either a first or second priority lien on the assets of the portfolio company and typically have an expected duration of between three and seven years from the original investment date.

Our Private Loan portfolio investments are primarily debt securities in privately held companies which have been originated through strategic relationships with other investment funds on a collaborative basis, and are often referred to in the debt markets as "club deals." Private Loan investments are typically similar in size, structure, terms and conditions to investments we hold in our LMM portfolio and Middle Market portfolio. Our Private Loan portfolio debt investments are generally secured by either a first or second priority lien on the assets of the portfolio company and typically have a term of between three and seven years from the original investment date.

Our other portfolio ("Other Portfolio") investments primarily consist of investments which are not consistent with the typical profiles for our LMM, Middle Market or Private Loan portfolio investments, including investments which may be managed by third parties. In our Other Portfolio, we may incur indirect fees and expenses in connection with investments managed by third parties, such as investments in other investment companies or private funds.

Our external asset management business is conducted through the External Investment Manager. The External Investment Manager earns management fees based on the assets of the funds under management and may earn incentive fees, or a carried interest, based on the performance of the funds managed. We have entered into an agreement with the External Investment Manager to share employees in connection with its asset management business generally, and specifically for its relationship with HMS Income Fund, Inc. ("HMS Income"). Through this agreement, we share employees with the External Investment Manager, including their related infrastructure, business relationships, management expertise and capital raising capabilities.

Our portfolio investments are generally made through MSCC and the Funds. MSCC and the Funds share the same investment strategies and criteria, although they are subject to different regulatory regimes (see "Regulation"). An investor's return in MSCC will depend, in part, on the Funds' investment returns as they are wholly owned subsidiaries of MSCC.

The level of new portfolio investment activity will fluctuate from period to period based upon our view of the current economic fundamentals, our ability to identify new investment opportunities that meet our investment criteria, and our ability to consummate the identified opportunities. The level of new investment activity, and associated interest and fee income, will directly impact future investment income. In addition, the level of dividends paid by portfolio companies and the portion of our portfolio debt investments on non-accrual status will directly impact future investment income. While we intend to grow our portfolio and our investment income over the long term, our growth and our operating results may be more limited during depressed economic periods. However, we intend to appropriately manage our cost structure and liquidity position based on applicable economic conditions and our investment outlook. The level of realized gains or losses and unrealized appreciation or depreciation on our investments will also fluctuate depending upon portfolio activity, economic conditions and the performance of our individual portfolio companies. The changes in realized gains and losses and unrealized appreciation or depreciation could have a material impact on our operating results.

Because we are internally managed, we do not pay any external investment advisory fees, but instead directly incur the operating costs associated with employing investment and portfolio management professionals. We believe that our internally managed structure provides us with a beneficial operating expense structure when compared to other publicly traded and privately held investment firms which are externally managed, and our internally managed structure allows us the opportunity to leverage our non-interest operating expenses as we grow our Investment Portfolio.



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During May 2012, we entered into an investment sub-advisory agreement with HMS Adviser, LP ("HMS Adviser"), which is the investment advisor to HMS Income, a non-listed BDC, to provide certain investment advisory services to HMS Adviser. In December 2013, after obtaining required no-action relief from the SEC to allow us to own a registered investment adviser, we assigned the sub-advisory agreement to the External Investment Manager since the fees received from such arrangement could otherwise have negative consequences on our ability to meet the source-of-income requirement necessary for us to maintain our RIC tax treatment. Under the investment sub-advisory agreement, the External Investment Manager is entitled to 50% of the base management fee and the incentive fees earned by HMS Adviser under its advisory agreement with HMS Income.

During April 2014, we received an exemptive order from the SEC permitting co-investments by us and HMS Income in certain negotiated transactions where co-investing would otherwise be prohibited under the 1940 Act. We have made, and in the future intend to continue to make, such co-investments with HMS Income in accordance with the conditions of the order. The order requires, among other things, that we and the External Investment Manager consider whether each such investment opportunity is appropriate for HMS Income and, if it is appropriate, to propose an allocation of the investment opportunity between us and HMS Income. Because the External Investment Manager may receive performance-based fee compensation from HMS Income, this may provide it an incentive to allocate opportunities to HMS Income instead of us. However, we and the External Investment Manager have policies and procedures in place to avoid this conflict.

You should be aware that investments in our portfolio companies carry a number of risks including, but not limited to, investing in companies which may have limited operating histories and financial resources and other risks common to investing in below investment grade debt and equity investments in private, smaller companies. Please see "Risk Factors" Risks Related to Our Investments" for a more complete discussion of the risks involved with investing in our portfolio companies.

Our principal executive offices are located at 1300 Post Oak Boulevard, 8th Floor, Houston, Texas 77056, and our telephone number is (713) 350-6000. We maintain a website at *http://www.mainstcapital.com*. Information contained on our website is not incorporated by reference into this prospectus, and you should not consider that information to be part of this prospectus.

Business Strategies

Our principal investment objective is to maximize our portfolio's total return by generating current income from our debt investments and realizing capital appreciation from our equity and equity-related investments, including warrants, convertible securities and other rights to acquire equity securities in a portfolio company. We have adopted the following business strategies to achieve our investment objective. Please see "Business Business Strategies" for a more complete discussion of our business strategies.

Deliver Customized Financing Solutions in the Lower Middle Market. We offer LMM portfolio companies customized debt and equity financing solutions that are tailored to the facts and circumstances of each situation.

Focus on Established Companies. We generally invest in companies with established market positions, experienced management teams and proven revenue streams.

Leverage the Skills and Experience of Our Investment Team. Our investment team has significant experience in lending to and investing in LMM and Middle Market companies.

Invest Across Multiple Companies, Industries, Regions and End Markets. We seek to maintain a portfolio of investments that is appropriately balanced among various companies, industries, geographic regions and end markets.

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Capitalize on Strong Transaction Sourcing Network. Our investment team seeks to leverage its extensive network of referral sources for portfolio company investments.

Benefit from Lower, Fixed, Long-Term Cost of Capital. The SBIC licenses held by the Funds have allowed them to issue SBA-guaranteed debentures. SBA-guaranteed debentures carry long-term fixed interest rates that are generally lower than interest rates on comparable bank loans and other debt.

Risk Factors

Investing in our securities involves a high degree of risk. You should consider carefully the information found in "Risk Factors," including the following risks:

Deterioration in the economy and financial markets increases the likelihood of adverse effects on our financial position and results of operations. Such economic adversity could impair our portfolio companies' financial positions and operating results and affect the industries in which we invest, which could, in turn, harm our operating results.

Our Investment Portfolio is and will continue to be recorded at fair value, with our Board of Directors having final responsibility for overseeing, reviewing and approving, in good faith, our determination of fair value and, as a result, there is and will continue to be uncertainty as to the value of our portfolio investments.

Typically, there is not a public market for the securities of the privately held LMM companies in which we have invested and will generally continue to invest. As a result, we value these securities quarterly at fair value based on inputs from management, a nationally recognized independent financial advisory services firm (on a rotational basis) and our audit committee with the oversight, review and approval of our Board of Directors.

In addition, the market for investments in Middle Market companies is generally not a liquid market, and therefore, we primarily use observable inputs to determine the fair value of these investments quarterly through obtaining third party quotes and other independent pricing, which are reviewed by our audit committee with the oversight, review and approval of our Board of Directors.

Our financial condition and results of operations depends on our ability to effectively manage and deploy capital.

We may face increasing competition for investment opportunities.

Regulations governing our operation as a BDC will affect our ability to, and the way in which we, raise additional capital.

The Funds are licensed by the SBA, and therefore subject to SBA regulations.

Because we borrow money, the potential for gain or loss on amounts invested in us is magnified and may increase the risk of investing in us.

We, through the Funds, issue debt securities guaranteed by the SBA and sold in the capital markets. As a result of its guarantee of the debt securities, the SBA has fixed dollar claims on the assets of the Funds that are superior to the claims of our securities holders.

We will be subject to corporate-level U.S. federal income tax if we are unable to qualify as a RIC under Subchapter M of the Code.

We may not be able to pay distributions to our stockholders, our distributions may not grow over time, and a portion of distributions paid to our stockholders may be a return of capital, which is a distribution of the stockholders' invested capital.

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We may have difficulty paying the distributions required to maintain RIC tax treatment under the Code if we recognize income before or without receiving cash representing such income, including from amortization of original issue discount, contractual payment-in-kind, or PIK, interest, contractual preferred dividends, or amortization of market discount. Investments structured with these features may represent a higher level of credit risk compared to investments generating income which must be paid in cash on a current basis.

Because we intend to distribute substantially all of our taxable income to our stockholders to maintain our status as a RIC, we will continue to need additional capital to finance our growth, and regulations governing our operation as a BDC will affect our ability to, and the way in which we, raise additional capital and make distributions.

Stockholders may incur dilution if we sell shares of our common stock in one or more offerings at prices below the then current net asset value per share of our common stock or issue securities to subscribe to, convert to or purchase shares of our common stock.

Our investments in portfolio companies involve higher levels of risk, and we could lose all or part of our investment. Investing in our portfolio companies involves a number of significant risks. Among other things, these companies:

may have limited financial resources and may be unable to meet their obligations under their debt instruments that we hold, which may be accompanied by a deterioration in the value of any collateral and a reduction in the likelihood of us realizing any guarantees from subsidiaries or affiliates of our portfolio companies that we may have obtained in connection with our investment, as well as a corresponding decrease in the value of the equity components of our investments;

may have shorter operating histories, narrower product lines, smaller market shares and/or significant customer concentrations than larger businesses, which tend to render them more vulnerable to competitors' actions and market conditions, as well as general economic downturns;

are more likely to depend on the management talents and efforts of a small group of persons; therefore, the death, disability, resignation, termination or significant under-performance of one or more of these persons could have a material adverse impact on our portfolio company and, in turn, on us;

generally have less predictable operating results, may from time to time be parties to litigation, may be engaged in rapidly changing businesses with products subject to a substantial risk of obsolescence, and may require substantial additional capital to support their operations, finance expansion or maintain their competitive position; and

generally have less publicly available information about their businesses, operations and financial condition. We are required to rely on the ability of our management team and investment professionals to obtain adequate information to evaluate the potential returns from investing in these companies. If we are unable to uncover all material information about these companies, we may not make a fully informed investment decision, and may lose all or part of our investment.

Our portfolio companies may incur debt that ranks equally with, or senior to, our investments in such companies.

We are a non-diversified investment company within the meaning of the 1940 Act, and therefore we are not limited with respect to the proportion of our assets that may be invested in securities of a single issuer.

Shares of closed-end investment companies, including BDCs, may trade at a discount to their net asset value.

We may be unable to invest a significant portion of the net proceeds from an offering or from exiting an investment or other capital on acceptable terms, which could harm our financial condition and operating results.

The market price of our securities may be volatile and fluctuate significantly.

Investment Criteria

Our investment team has identified the following investment criteria that it believes are important in evaluating prospective portfolio companies. Our investment team uses these criteria in evaluating investment opportunities. However, not all of these criteria have been, or will be, met in connection with each of our investments. Please see "Business Investment Criteria" for a more complete discussion of our investment criteria.

Proven Management Team with Meaningful Equity Stake. We look for operationally-oriented management with direct industry experience and a successful track record. In addition, we expect the management team of each LMM portfolio company to have meaningful equity ownership in the portfolio company to better align our respective economic interests.

Established Companies with Positive Cash Flow. We seek to invest in established companies with sound historical financial performance.

Defensible Competitive Advantages/Favorable Industry Position. We primarily focus on companies having competitive advantages in their respective markets and/or operating in industries with barriers to entry, which may help to protect their market position and profitability.

Exit Alternatives. We exit our debt investments primarily through the repayment of our investment from internally generated cash flow of the portfolio company and/or a refinancing. In addition, we seek to invest in companies whose business models and expected future cash flows may provide alternate methods of repaying our investment, such as through a strategic acquisition by other industry participants or a recapitalization.

Recent Developments

In January 2017, we led a new portfolio investment to facilitate the majority recapitalization of NuStep, Inc. ("NuStep"), the leading manufacturer of recumbent cross-trainers focused primarily on the physical therapy, physical rehabilitation and active aging markets. We, along with HMS Income, partnered with the NuStep's management team to facilitate the recapitalization of NuStep, with us funding \$30.8 million in a combination of first-lien, senior secured term debt and direct equity investment. Headquartered in Ann Arbor, Michigan, NuStep serves customers across a variety of end markets, including physical therapy and rehabilitation clinics, skilled nursing facilities, fitness centers, hospitals, retirement communities and individual consumers. NuStep manufactures all of its products at its manufacturing facilities in Ann Arbor and sells its products throughout the United States and across a wide variety of international markets.

In February 2017, we led a new portfolio investment to facilitate the management-led buyout of Charps Welding & Fabricating, Inc. ("Charps"), a premier specialty contractor focused on the maintenance, repair, fabrication and construction of oil and gas pipelines. We, along with HMS Income, partnered with the Charps' management team to facilitate the buyout, with us funding \$18.8 million in a combination of first-lien, senior secured term debt and a direct equity investment. Headquartered in Clearbrook, Minnesota, and founded in 1999, Charps provides various pipeline services to customers focused on energy transmission and distribution. Charps primarily performs work in the Midwest, Ohio

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Valley and Eastern U.S., and its pipeline services include pipeline integrity services, emergency response, hydrostatic testing, existing line replacement, pipeline fabrication and new construction and installation.

During February 2017, we declared regular monthly dividends of \$0.185 per share for each of April, May and June 2017. These regular monthly dividends equal a total of \$0.555 per share for the second quarter of 2017. The second quarter 2017 regular monthly dividends represent a 2.8% increase from the dividends declared for the second quarter of 2016.

During February 2017, we completed the exit of our debt and equity investments in Daseke, Inc. ("Daseke"). Daseke is a leading consolidator of the open-deck trucking market and the largest owner of open-deck capacity in North America. Main Street made its initial investment in Daseke in December 2008 and realized a gain of approximately \$22.9 million on the exit of its equity investment in Daseke.

During April 2017, we declared a semi-annual supplemental cash dividend of \$0.275 per share payable in June 2017. This supplemental cash dividend is in addition to the previously announced regular monthly cash dividends that we declared for the second quarter of 2017 of \$0.185 per share for each of April, May and June 2017. Including the semi-annual supplemental dividend declared for June 2017 and the regular dividends declared for the second quarter of 2017, we will have paid \$19.99 per share in cumulative dividends since our October 2007 initial public offering.

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The Offering

We may offer, from time to time, up to \$1,500,000,000 of our securities, on terms to be determined at the time of the offering. Our securities may be offered at prices and on terms to be disclosed in one or more prospectus supplements.

Our securities may be offered directly to one or more purchasers by us or through agents designated from time to time by us, or to or through underwriters or dealers. The prospectus supplement relating to the offering will disclose the terms of the offering, including the name or names of any agents or underwriters involved in the sale of our securities by us, the purchase price, and any fee, commission or discount arrangement between us and our agents or underwriters or among our underwriters or the basis upon which such amount may be calculated. See "Plan of Distribution." We may not sell any of our securities through agents, underwriters or dealers without delivery of a prospectus supplement describing the method and terms of the offering of our securities.

Set forth below is additional information regarding the offering of our securities:

Use of proceeds	We intend to use the net proceeds from any offering to make investments in accordance with our investment objective and strategies described in this prospectus or any prospectus supplement, to make investments in "Marketable securities and idle funds investments," which may include investments in secured intermediate term bank debt, rated debt securities and other income producing investments, to pay our operating expenses and other cash obligations, and for general corporate purposes. See "Use of Proceeds."
New York Stock Exchange symbols	"MAIN" (common stock); and "MSCA" (6.125% notes due 2023).
Dividends and distributions	Our dividends and other distributions, if any, will be determined by our Board of Directors from time to time.
	Our ability to declare dividends depends on our earnings, our overall financial condition (including our liquidity position), maintenance of our RIC status and such other factors as our Board of Directors may deem relevant from time to time. When we make distributions, we are required to determine the extent to which such distributions are paid out of current or accumulated earnings, recognized capital gains or capital. To the extent there is a return of capital (a distribution of the stockholders' invested capital), investors will be required to reduce their basis in our stock for federal tax purposes. In the future, our distributions may include a return of capital.

Dividend reinvestment plan

Trading at a discount

Taxation

MSCC has elected to be treated for U.S. federal income tax purposes as a RIC under Subchapter M of the Code. Accordingly, we generally will not pay corporate-level U.S. federal income taxes on any net ordinary income or capital gains that we distribute to our stockholders as dividends. To maintain our qualification as a RIC for U.S. federal income tax purposes, we must meet specified source-of-income and asset diversification requirements and distribute annually at least 90% of our net ordinary income and realized net short-term capital gains in excess of realized net long-term capital losses, if any.
Depending on the level of taxable income earned in a tax year, we may choose to carry forward taxable income in excess of current year distributions into the next tax year and pay a 4% U.S. federal excise tax on such income. Any such carryover taxable income must be distributed through a dividend declared prior to filing the final tax return related to the year which generated such taxable income. See "Material U.S. Federal Income Tax Considerations."

We have adopted a dividend reinvestment plan that provides for the reinvestment of dividends on behalf of our registered stockholders who hold their shares with American Stock Transfer and Trust Company, the plan administrator and our transfer agent and registrar, or certain brokerage firms that have elected to participate in our dividend reinvestment plan, unless a stockholder has elected to receive dividends in cash. As a result, if we declare a cash dividend, our registered stockholders (or stockholders holding shares through participating brokerage firms) who have not "opted out" of our dividend reinvestment plan by the dividend record date will have their cash dividend automatically reinvested into additional shares of our common stock.

Stockholders who receive dividends in the form of stock will be subject to the same federal, state and local tax consequences as stockholders who elect to receive their dividends in cash. See "Dividend Reinvestment Plan."

Shares of closed-end investment companies frequently trade at a discount to their net asset value. This risk is separate and distinct from the risk that our net asset value per share may decline. We cannot predict whether our shares will trade above, at or below net asset value.

11	Sales of common stock below net asset value Available Information	The offering price per share of our common stock, less any underwriting commissions or discounts, will not be less than the net asset value per share of our common stock at the time of the offering, except (i) with the requisite approval of our common stockholders or (ii) under such other circumstances as the Securities and Exchange Commission may permit. In addition, we cannot issue shares of our common stock below net asset value unless our Board of Directors determines that it would be in our and our stockholders' best interests to do so. We did not seek stockholder authorization to issue common stock at a price below net asset value per share at our 2016 annual meeting of stockholders, and we are not currently seeking such approval at our 2017 annual meeting of stockholders, because our common stock price per share has been trading significantly above the current net asset value per share of our common stock, but we may seek such authorization at future annual meetings or special meetings of stockholders. In addition, we have received stockholder approval to issue warrants, options or rights to subscribe for, convert to, or purchase shares of our common stock at a price per share below the net asset value per share subject to the applicable requirements of the 1940 Act. There is no expiration date on our ability to issue such warrants, options, rights or convertible securities based on this stockholder approval. Sales by us of our common stock at a discount from our net asset value pose potential risks for our existing stockholders whether or not they participate in the offering, as well as for new investors who participate in the offering. See "Sales of Common Stock Below Net Asset Value." We file annual, quarterly and current reports, proxy statements and other information with the SEC under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, or the "Exchange Act." You can inspect any materials we file with the SEC, without charge, at the SEC's Public Reference Room at 100 F Street, N.E., Washington, D.C. 20549. Please
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FEES AND EXPENSES

The following table is intended to assist you in understanding the costs and expenses that an investor in this offering will bear directly or indirectly. We caution you that some of the percentages indicated in the table below are estimates and may vary. Except where the context suggests otherwise, whenever this prospectus contains a reference to fees or expenses paid by "you," "us" or "Main Street," or that "we" will pay fees or expenses, stockholders will indirectly bear such fees or expenses as investors in us.

Stockholder Transaction Expenses:	
Sales load (as a percentage of offering price)	%(1)
Offering expenses (as a percentage of offering price)	%(2)
Dividend reinvestment plan expenses	%(3)
Total stockholder transaction expenses (as a percentage of offering price)	%(4)
Annual Expenses (as a percentage of net assets attributable to common stock):	
Operating expenses	2.83%(5)
Interest payments on borrowed funds	2.93%(6)
Income tax expense	%(7)
Acquired fund fees and expenses	0.40%(8)
Total annual expenses	6.16%

(1)

In the event that our securities are sold to or through underwriters, a corresponding prospectus supplement will disclose the applicable sales load.

(2)

In the event that we conduct an offering of our securities, a corresponding prospectus supplement will disclose the estimated offering expenses.

(3)

The expenses of administering our dividend reinvestment plan are included in operating expenses.

(4)

Total stockholder transaction expenses may include sales load and will be disclosed in a future prospectus supplement, if any.

(5)

Operating expenses in this table represent the estimated expenses of MSCC and its consolidated subsidiaries.

(6)

Interest payments on borrowed funds represent our estimated annual interest payments on borrowed funds based on current debt levels as adjusted for projected increases (but not decreases) in debt levels over the next twelve months.

(7)

Income tax expense relates to the accrual of (a) deferred tax provision (benefit) on the net unrealized appreciation (depreciation) from portfolio investments held in Taxable Subsidiaries and (b) excise, state and other taxes. Deferred taxes are non-cash in nature and may vary significantly from period to period. We are required to include deferred taxes in calculating our annual expenses even though deferred taxes are not currently payable or receivable. Due to the variable nature of deferred tax expense, which can be a large portion of the income tax expense, and the difficulty in providing an estimate for future periods, this income tax expense estimate is based upon the actual amount of income tax expense for the year ended December 31, 2016. However, since the income tax benefit at December 31, 2016 was \$1.2 million, which would have resulted in a (0.10%) percentage of net assets attributable to common stock, 0.00% was used.

(8)

Acquired fund fees and expenses represent the estimated indirect expense incurred due to investments in other investment companies and private funds.

Example

The following example demonstrates the projected dollar amount of total cumulative expenses that would be incurred over various periods with respect to a hypothetical investment in our common stock. In calculating the following expense amounts, we have assumed we would have no additional leverage and that our annual operating expenses would remain at the levels set forth in the table above. In the event that shares to which this prospectus relates are sold to or through underwriters, a corresponding prospectus supplement will restate this example to reflect the applicable sales load.

	1 Y	lear	3	Years	5	Years	10	Years
You would pay the following expenses on a \$1,000 investment, assuming a 5.0% annual								
return	\$	61	\$	182	\$	299	\$	581
The example and the expenses in the table above should not be considered a representation of our future expenses, and actual								
expenses may be greater or less than those shown. While the example assumes as required by the SEC a 5.0% annual return our								

expenses may be greater or less than those shown. While the example assumes, as required by the SEC, a 5.0% annual return, our performance will vary and may result in a return greater or less than 5.0%. In addition, while the example assumes reinvestment of all dividends at net asset value, participants in our dividend reinvestment plan will receive a number of shares of our common stock, determined by dividing the total dollar amount of the dividend payable to a participant by (i) the market price per share of our common stock at the close of trading on the dividend payment date in the event that we use newly issued shares to satisfy the share requirements of the dividend reinvestment plan or (ii) the average purchase price of all shares of common stock purchased by the administrator of the dividend reinvestment plan in the event that shares are purchased in the open market to satisfy the share requirements of the dividend reinvestment plan in the event that shares are purchased in the open market to satisfy the share requirements of the dividend reinvestment plan.

RISK FACTORS

Investing in our securities involves a number of significant risks. In addition to the other information contained in this prospectus and any accompanying prospectus supplement, you should consider carefully the following information before making an investment in our securities. The risks set out below are not the only risks we face. Additional risks and uncertainties not presently known to us or not presently deemed material by us might also impair our operations and performance. If any of the following events occur, our business, financial condition and results of operations could be materially and adversely affected. In such case, our net asset value, the trading price of our common stock and the value of our other securities could decline, and you may lose all or part of your investment.

RISKS RELATING TO ECONOMIC CONDITIONS

Deterioration in the economy and financial markets increases the likelihood of adverse effects on our financial position and results of operations. Such economic adversity could impair our portfolio companies' financial positions and operating results and affect the industries in which we invest, which could, in turn, harm our operating results.

The broader fundamentals of the United States economy remain mixed. In the event that the United States economy contracts, it is likely that the financial results of small to mid-sized companies, like those in which we invest, could experience deterioration or limited growth from current levels, which could ultimately lead to difficulty in meeting their debt service requirements and an increase in defaults. In addition, a prolonged continuation of the decline in oil and natural gas prices experienced over the last two years would adversely affect the credit quality of our debt investments and the underlying operating performance of our equity investments in energy-related businesses. Consequently, we can provide no assurance that the performance of certain portfolio companies will not be negatively impacted by economic cycles, industry cycles or other conditions, which could also have a negative impact on our future results.

Although we have been able to secure access to additional liquidity, including through the Credit Facility, public debt issuances, leverage available through the SBIC program and equity offerings, the potential for volatility in the debt and equity capital markets provides no assurance that debt or equity capital will be available to us in the future on favorable terms, or at all. Further, if the price of our common stock falls below our net asset value per share, we will be limited in our ability to sell new shares if we do not have stockholder authorization to sell shares at a price below net asset value per share. We did not seek stockholder authorization to sell shares of our common stock below the then current net asset value per share of our common stock at our 2016 annual meeting of stockholders, and we are not currently seeking such approval at our 2017 annual meeting of stockholders, because our common stock price has been trading significantly above the net asset value per share of our common stock since 2011.

RISKS RELATING TO OUR BUSINESS AND STRUCTURE

Our Investment Portfolio is and will continue to be recorded at fair value, with our Board of Directors having final responsibility for overseeing, reviewing and approving, in good faith, our determination of fair value and, as a result, there is and will continue to be uncertainty as to the value of our portfolio investments.

Under the 1940 Act, we are required to carry our portfolio investments at market value or, if there is no readily available market value, at fair value as determined by us with our Board of Directors having final responsibility for overseeing, reviewing and approving, in good faith, our determination of fair value and our valuation procedures. Typically, there is not a public market for the securities of the privately held LMM or Private Loan companies in which we have invested and will generally continue to invest. As a result, we value these securities quarterly at fair value based on inputs from management, a nationally recognized independent financial advisory services firm (on a rotational

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basis) and our audit committee with the oversight, review and approval of our Board of Directors. In addition, the market for investments in Middle Market companies is generally not a liquid market, and therefore, we primarily use a combination of observable inputs in non-active markets for which sufficient observable inputs were not available to determine the fair value of these investments and unobservable inputs, which are reviewed by our audit committee with the oversight, review and approval of our Board of Directors. See "Note B.1. Valuation of the Investment Portfolio" in the notes to consolidated financial statements contained in this prospectus for a detailed discussion of our investment portfolio valuation process and procedures.

The determination of fair value and consequently, the amount of unrealized gains and losses in our portfolio, are to a certain degree, subjective and dependent on a valuation process approved by our Board of Directors. Certain factors that may be considered in determining the fair value of our investments include external events, such as private mergers, sales and acquisitions involving comparable companies. Because such valuations, and particularly valuations of private securities and private companies, are inherently uncertain, may fluctuate over short periods of time and may be based on estimates, our determinations of fair value may differ materially from the values that would have been used if a ready market for these securities existed. Due to this uncertainty, our fair value determinations may cause our net asset value on a given date to materially understate or overstate the value that we may ultimately realize on one or more of our investments. As a result, investors purchasing our securities based on an overstated net asset value would pay a higher price than the value of our investments may receive a lower price for their securities than the value of our investments may receive a lower price for their securities than the value of our investments might warrant.

Our financial condition and results of operations depends on our ability to effectively manage and deploy capital.

Our ability to achieve our investment objective of maximizing our portfolio's total return by generating current income from our debt investments and capital appreciation from our equity and equity-related investments, including warrants, convertible securities and other rights to acquire equity securities in a portfolio company, depends on our ability to effectively manage and deploy capital, which depends, in turn, on our investment team's ability to identify, evaluate and monitor, and our ability to finance and invest in, companies that meet our investment criteria.

Accomplishing our investment objective on a cost-effective basis is largely a function of our investment team's handling of the investment process, its ability to provide competent, attentive and efficient services and our access to investments offering acceptable terms. In addition to monitoring the performance of our existing investments, members of our investment team are also called upon, from time to time, to provide managerial assistance to some of our portfolio companies. These demands on their time may distract them or slow the rate of investment.

Even if we are able to grow and build upon our investment operations, any failure to manage our growth effectively could have a material adverse effect on our business, financial condition, results of operations and prospects. The results of our operations will depend on many factors, including the availability of opportunities for investment, readily accessible short and long-term funding alternatives in the financial markets and economic conditions. Furthermore, if we cannot successfully operate our business or implement our investment policies and strategies as described herein, it could negatively impact our ability to pay dividends.

We may face increasing competition for investment opportunities.

We compete for investments with other investment funds (including private equity funds, debt funds, mezzanine funds, collateralized loan obligation funds, or CLOs, BDCs, and SBICs), as well as



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traditional financial services companies such as commercial banks and other sources of funding. Many of our competitors are substantially larger and have considerably greater financial, technical and marketing resources than we do. For example, some competitors may have a lower cost of capital and access to funding sources that are not available to us. In addition, some of our competitors may have higher risk tolerances or different risk assessments than we have. These characteristics could allow our competitors to consider a wider variety of investments, establish more relationships and offer better pricing and more flexible structuring than we are able to do. We may lose investment opportunities if we do not match our competitors' pricing, terms and structure. If we are forced to match our competitors' pricing, terms and structure, we may not be able to achieve acceptable returns on our investments or may bear substantial risk of capital loss. A significant part of our competitive advantage stems from the fact that the market for investments in LMM companies is underserved by traditional commercial banks and other financing sources. A significant increase in the number and/or the size of our competitors in this target market could force us to accept less attractive investment terms. Furthermore, many of our competitors are not subject to the regulatory restrictions that the 1940 Act imposes on us as a BDC.

We are dependent upon our key investment personnel for our future success.

We depend on the members of our investment team, particularly Vincent D. Foster, Dwayne L. Hyzak, Curtis L. Hartman, David L. Magdol, K. Colton Braud, III, Nicholas T. Meserve, and Rodger A. Stout for the identification, review, final selection, structuring, closing and monitoring of our investments. These employees have significant investment expertise and relationships that we rely on to implement our business plan. Although we have entered into a non-compete agreement with Mr. Foster, we have no guarantee that he or any other employees will remain employed with us. If we lose the services of these individuals, we may not be able to operate our business as we expect, and our ability to compete could be harmed, which could cause our operating results to suffer.

Our success depends on attracting and retaining qualified personnel in a competitive environment.

Our growth will require that we retain new investment and administrative personnel in a competitive market. Our ability to attract and retain personnel with the requisite credentials, experience and skills depends on several factors including, but not limited to, our ability to offer competitive wages, benefits and professional growth opportunities. Many of the entities, including investment funds (such as private equity funds, debt funds and mezzanine funds) and traditional financial services companies, with which we compete for experienced personnel have greater resources than we have.

The competitive environment for qualified personnel may require us to take certain measures to ensure that we are able to attract and retain experienced personnel. Such measures may include increasing the attractiveness of our overall compensation packages, altering the structure of our compensation packages through the use of additional forms of compensation, or other steps. The inability to attract and retain experienced personnel would have a material adverse effect on our business.

Our business model depends to a significant extent upon strong referral relationships, and our inability to maintain or develop these relationships, as well as the failure of these relationships to generate investment opportunities, could adversely affect our business.

We expect that members of our management team will maintain their relationships with intermediaries, financial institutions, investment bankers, commercial bankers, financial advisors, attorneys, accountants, consultants and other individuals within our network, and we will rely to a significant extent upon these relationships to provide us with potential investment opportunities. If our management team fails to maintain its existing relationships or develop new relationships with sources of investment opportunities, we will not be able to grow our Investment Portfolio. In addition,



individuals with whom members of our management team have relationships are not obligated to provide us with investment opportunities, and, therefore, there is no assurance that such relationships will generate investment opportunities for us.

There are significant potential conflicts of interest which could impact our investment returns.

Our executive officers and employees, through the External Investment Manager, may manage other investment funds that operate in the same or a related line of business as we do. Accordingly, they may have obligations to such other entities, the fulfillment of which obligations may not be in the best interests of us or our stockholders. During May 2012, we entered into an investment sub-advisory agreement with HMS Adviser, which is the investment advisor to HMS Income, a non-listed BDC, to provide certain investment advisory services to HMS Adviser. In December 2013, after obtaining required no-action relief from the SEC to allow us to own a registered investment adviser, we assigned the sub-advisory agreement to the External Investment Manager since the fees received from such arrangement could otherwise have negative consequences on our ability to meet the source-of-income requirement necessary for us to maintain our RIC tax treatment. Under the investment sub-advisory agreement, the External Investment Manager is entitled to 50% of the base management fee and the incentive fees earned by HMS Adviser under its advisory agreement with HMS Income. The sub-advisory relationship requires us to commit resources to achieving HMS Income's investment objective, while such resources were previously solely devoted to achieving our investment objective. Our investment objective and investment strategies are very similar to those of HMS Income and it is likely that an investment appropriate for us or HMS Income would be appropriate for the other entity. As a result, we and HMS Income requested an exemptive order from the SEC permitting co-investments by us and HMS Income in certain negotiated transactions where our co-investing would otherwise be prohibited under the 1940 Act. The SEC granted the exemptive order in April 2014, and we have made, and in the future intend to continue to make, such co-investments with HMS Income in accordance with the conditions of the order. The order requires, among other things, that we and the External Investment Manager consider whether each such investment opportunity is appropriate for HMS Income and, if it is appropriate, to propose an allocation of the investment opportunity between us and HMS Income. As a consequence, it may be more difficult for us to maintain or increase the size of our Investment Portfolio in the future. Although we will endeavor to allocate investment opportunities in a fair and equitable manner, including in accordance with the conditions set forth in the exemptive order issued by the SEC when relying on such order, we may face conflicts in allocating investment opportunities between us and HMS Income. Because the External Investment Manager may receive performance-based fee compensation from HMS Income, this may provide an incentive to allocate opportunities to HMS Income instead of us. We have implemented an allocation policy to ensure the equitable distribution of investment opportunities and, as a result, may be unable to participate in certain investments based upon such allocation policy.

Regulations governing our operation as a BDC will affect our ability to, and the way in which we, raise additional capital.

Our business will require capital to operate and grow. We may acquire such additional capital from the following sources:

Senior Securities. We may issue debt securities or preferred stock and/or borrow money from banks or other financial institutions, which we refer to collectively as senior securities. As a result of issuing senior securities, we will be exposed to additional risks, including the following:

Under the provisions of the 1940 Act, we are permitted, as a BDC, to issue senior securities only in amounts such that our asset coverage, as defined in the 1940 Act, equals at least 200% immediately after each issuance of senior securities. We have received exemptive relief from the SEC to permit us to exclude the SBA-guaranteed debentures of the Funds from our 200% asset



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coverage test under the 1940 Act. If the value of our assets declines, we may be unable to satisfy this test. If that happens, we will be prohibited from issuing debt securities or preferred stock and/or borrowing money from banks or other financial institutions and may not be permitted to declare a dividend or make any distribution to stockholders or repurchase shares until such time as we satisfy this test.

Any amounts that we use to service our debt or make payments on preferred stock will not be available for dividends to our common stockholders.

It is likely that any senior securities or other indebtedness we issue will be governed by an indenture or other instrument containing covenants restricting our operating flexibility. Additionally, some of these securities or other indebtedness may be rated by rating agencies, and in obtaining a rating for such securities and other indebtedness, we may be required to abide by operating and investment guidelines that further restrict operating and financial flexibility.

We and, indirectly, our stockholders will bear the cost of issuing and servicing such securities and other indebtedness.

Preferred stock or any convertible or exchangeable securities that we issue in the future may have rights, preferences and privileges more favorable than those of our common stock, including separate voting rights and could delay or prevent a transaction or a change in control to the detriment of the holders of our common stock.

Any unsecured debt issued by us would rank (i) pari passu with our current and future unsecured indebtedness and effectively subordinated to all of our existing and future secured indebtedness, to the extent of the value of the assets securing such indebtedness, and (ii) structurally subordinated to all existing and future indebtedness and other obligations of any of our subsidiaries, including the SBA-guaranteed debentures issued by the Funds.

Additional Common Stock. The 1940 Act prohibits us from selling shares of our common stock at a price below the current net asset value per share of such stock, with certain exceptions. One such exception is prior stockholder approval of issuances below current net asset value per share provided that our Board of Directors makes certain determinations. We did not seek stockholder authorization to sell shares of our common stock below the then current net asset value per share of our common stock at our 2016 annual meeting of stockholders, and we are not currently seeking such approval at our 2017 annual meeting of stockholders, because our common stock price has been trading significantly above the net asset value per share of our common stock since 2011. We may, however, sell our common stock, warrants, options or rights to acquire our common stock, at a price below the current net asset value of the common stock if our Board of Directors determines that such sale is in the best interests of our stockholders, and our stockholders approve such sale. See " Stockholders may incur dilution if we sell shares of our common stock in one or more offerings at prices below the then current net asset value per share of our common stock or issue securities to subscribe to, convert to or purchase shares of our common stock" for a discussion of the risks related to us issuing shares of our common stock below net asset value. Our stockholders have authorized us to issue warrants, options or rights to subscribe for, convert to, or purchase shares of our common stock at a price per share below the net asset value per share, subject to the applicable requirements of the 1940 Act. There is no expiration date on our ability to issue such warrants, options, rights or convertible securities based on this stockholder approval. If we raise additional funds by issuing more common stock or senior securities convertible into, or exchangeable for, our common stock, the percentage ownership of our stockholders at that time would decrease, and they may experience dilution. Moreover, we can offer no assurance that we will be able to issue and sell additional equity securities in the future, on favorable terms or at all.

The Funds are licensed by the SBA, and therefore subject to SBA regulations.

The Funds, our wholly owned subsidiaries, are licensed to act as SBICs and are regulated by the SBA. The SBA also places certain limitations on the financing terms of investments by SBICs in portfolio companies and prohibits SBICs from providing funds for certain purposes or to businesses in a few prohibited industries. Compliance with SBA requirements may cause the Funds to forego attractive investment opportunities that are not permitted under SBA regulations.

Further, the SBA regulations require, among other things, that a licensed SBIC be periodically examined by the SBA and audited by an independent auditor, in each case to determine the SBIC's compliance with the relevant SBA regulations. The SBA prohibits, without prior SBA approval, a "change of control" of an SBIC or transfers that would result in any person (or a group of persons acting in concert) owning 10% or more of a class of capital stock of a licensed SBIC. If the Funds fail to comply with applicable SBIC regulations, the SBA could, depending on the severity of the violation, limit or prohibit their use of SBIC debentures, declare outstanding SBIC debentures immediately due and payable, and/or limit them from making new investments. In addition, the SBA can revoke or suspend a license for willful or repeated violation of, or willful or repeated failure to observe, any provision of the Small Business Investment Act of 1958 or any rule or regulation promulgated thereunder. Such actions by the SBA would, in turn, negatively affect us.

Because we borrow money, the potential for gain or loss on amounts invested in us is magnified and may increase the risk of investing in us.

Borrowings, also known as leverage, magnify the potential for loss on investments in our indebtedness and gain or loss on investments in our equity capital. As we use leverage to partially finance our investments, you will experience increased risks of investing in our securities. We, through the Funds, issue debt securities guaranteed by the SBA and sold in the capital markets. As a result of its guarantee of the debt securities, the SBA has fixed dollar claims on the assets of the Funds that are superior to the claims of our securities holders. We may also borrow from banks and other lenders, including under our Credit Facility, and may issue debt securities or enter into other types of borrowing arrangements in the future. See "Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations Capital Resources" for a discussion regarding our outstanding indebtedness. If the value of our assets decreases, leveraging would cause net asset value to decline more sharply than it otherwise would have had we not leveraged our business. Such a decline could negatively affect our ability to pay common stock dividends, scheduled debt payments or other payments related to our securities. Use of leverage is generally considered a speculative investment technique.

As of December 31, 2016, we, through the Funds, had \$240.0 million of outstanding indebtedness guaranteed by the SBA, which had a weighted-average annualized interest cost of approximately 4.1%. The debentures guaranteed by the SBA have a maturity of ten years, with a current weighted-average remaining maturity of 4.9 years as of December 31, 2016, and require semiannual payments of interest. We will need to generate sufficient cash flow to make required interest payments on the debentures. If we are unable to meet the financial obligations under the debentures, the SBA, as a creditor, will have a superior claim to the assets of the Funds over our stockholders in the event we liquidate or the SBA exercises its remedies under such debentures as the result of a default by us.

In addition, as of December 31, 2016, we had \$343.0 million outstanding under our Credit Facility. Borrowings under the Credit Facility bear interest, subject to our election, on a per annum basis at a rate equal to the applicable LIBOR rate (0.77% as of December 31, 2016) plus (i) 1.875% (or the applicable base rate (Prime Rate of 3.75% as of December 31, 2016) plus 0.875%), as long as we maintain an investment grade rating and meet certain agreed upon excess collateral and maximum



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leverage requirements, (ii) 2.0% (or the applicable base rate plus 1.0%) if we maintain an investment grade rating but do not meet certain excess collateral and maximum leverage requirements or (iii) 2.25% (or the applicable base rate plus 1.25%) if we do not maintain an investment grade rating. We pay unused commitment fees of 0.25% per annum on the unused lender commitments under the Credit Facility. If we are unable to meet the financial obligations under the Credit Facility, the Credit Facility lending group will have a superior claim to the assets of MSCC and its subsidiaries (excluding the assets of the Funds) over our stockholders in the event we liquidate or the lending group exercises its remedies under the Credit Facility as the result of a default by us.

In April 2013, we issued \$92.0 million in aggregate principal amount of 6.125% Notes due 2023 (the "6.125% Notes"). As of December 31, 2016, the outstanding balance of the 6.125% Notes was \$90.7 million. The 6.125% Notes are unsecured obligations and rank pari passu with our current and future unsecured indebtedness; senior to any of our future indebtedness that expressly provides it is subordinated to the 6.125% Notes; effectively subordinated to all of our existing and future secured indebtedness, to the extent of the value of the assets securing such indebtedness, including borrowings under our Credit Facility; and structurally subordinated to all existing and future indebtedness and other obligations of any of our subsidiaries, including without limitation, the indebtedness of the Funds. The 6.125% Notes mature on April 1, 2023, and may be redeemed in whole or in part at any time or from time to time at our option on or after April 1, 2018. The 6.125% Notes bear interest at a rate of 6.125% per year.

In November 2014, we issued \$175.0 million in aggregate principal amount of 4.50% unsecured notes due 2019 (the "4.50% Notes" and, together with the 6.125% Notes, the "Notes") at an issue price of 99.53%. As of December 31, 2016, the outstanding balance of the 4.50% Notes was \$175.0 million. The 4.50% Notes are unsecured obligations and rank pari passu with our current and future unsecured indebtedness; senior to any of our future indebtedness that expressly provides it is subordinated to the 4.50% Notes; effectively subordinated to all of our existing and future secured indebtedness, to the extent of the value of the assets securing such indebtedness, including borrowings under our Credit Facility; and structurally subordinated to all existing and future indebtedness and other obligations of any of our subsidiaries, including without limitation, the indebtedness of the Funds. The 4.50% Notes mature on December 1, 2019, and may be redeemed in whole or in part at any time at our option subject to certain make-whole provisions.

Illustration. The following table illustrates the effect of leverage on returns from an investment in our common stock assuming various annual returns, net of expenses. The calculations in the table below are hypothetical and actual returns may be higher or lower than those appearing below.

Assumed Return on Our Portfolio(1) (net of expenses)

	(10.0)%	(5.0)%	0.0%	5.0%	10.0%
Corresponding net return to common stockholder(2)	(20.0)%	(11.3)%	(2.7)%	6.0%	14.6%

(1)

Assumes \$2,080.3 million in total assets, \$848.7 million in debt outstanding, \$1,201.5 million in net assets, and a weighted-average interest rate of 3.8%. Actual interest payments may be different.

(2)

In order for us to cover our annual interest payments on indebtedness, we must achieve annual returns on our December 31, 2016 total assets of at least 1.6%.

Our ability to achieve our investment objective may depend in part on our ability to access additional leverage on favorable terms by issuing debentures guaranteed by the SBA through the Funds, by borrowing from banks or insurance companies or by issuing other debt securities and there can be no assurance that such additional leverage can in fact be achieved.

All of our assets are subject to security interests under our secured Credit Facility or subject to a superior claim over our stockholders by the SBA and if we default on our obligations under the Credit Facility or with respect to our SBA-guaranteed debentures, we may suffer adverse consequences, including foreclosure on our assets.

Substantially all of our assets are currently pledged as collateral under our Credit Facility or are subject to a superior claim over our stockholders by the SBA. If we default on our obligations under the Credit Facility or our SBA-guaranteed debentures, the lenders and/or the SBA may have the right to foreclose upon and sell, or otherwise transfer, the collateral subject to their security interests or their superior claim. In such event, we may be forced to sell our investments to raise funds to repay our outstanding borrowings in order to avoid foreclosure and these forced sales may be at times and at prices we would not consider advantageous. Moreover, such deleveraging of our company could significantly impair our ability to effectively operate our business in the manner in which we have historically operated. As a result, we could be forced to curtail or cease new investment activities and lower or eliminate the dividends that we have historically paid to our stockholders. In addition, if the lenders exercise their right to sell the assets pledged under our Credit Facility, such sales may be completed at distressed sale prices, thereby diminishing or potentially eliminating the amount of cash available to us after repayment of the amounts outstanding under the Credit Facility.

Previously proposed legislation may allow us to incur additional leverage.

As a BDC, under the 1940 Act we generally are not permitted to incur indebtedness unless immediately after such borrowing we have an asset coverage for total borrowings of at least 200% (i.e., the amount of debt may not exceed 50% of the value of our assets). Legislation introduced in the U.S. House of Representatives during the 114th Congress proposed to modify this section of the 1940 Act and increase the amount of debt that BDCs may incur by modifying the asset coverage percentage from 200% to 150%. If such legislation is passed, we may be able to incur additional indebtedness in the future and, therefore, your risk of an investment in our securities may increase.

Further downgrades of the U.S. credit rating, automatic spending cuts or another government shutdown could negatively impact our liquidity, financial condition and earnings.

Recent U.S. debt ceiling and budget deficit concerns have increased the possibility of additional credit-rating downgrades and economic slowdowns, or a recession in the U.S. Although U.S. lawmakers passed legislation to raise the federal debt ceiling on multiple occasions, ratings agencies have lowered or threatened to lower the long-term sovereign credit rating on the United States. The impact of this or any further downgrades to the U.S. government's sovereign credit rating or its perceived creditworthiness could adversely affect the U.S. and global financial markets and economic conditions. Absent further quantitative easing by the Federal Reserve, these developments could cause interest rates and borrowing costs to rise, which may negatively impact our ability to access the debt markets on favorable terms. In addition, disagreement over the federal budget has caused the U.S. federal government to shut down for periods of time. Continued adverse political and economic conditions could have a material adverse effect on our business, financial condition and results of operations.

It is unclear how increased regulatory oversight and changes in the method for determining LIBOR may affect the value of the financial obligations to be held or issued by us that are linked to LIBOR, or how such changes could affect our results of operations or financial condition.

As a result of concerns about the accuracy of the calculation of LIBOR, a number of British Bankers' Association, or BBA, member banks entered into settlements with certain regulators and law enforcement agencies with respect to the alleged manipulation of LIBOR, and there are ongoing investigations by regulators and governmental authorities in various jurisdictions. Following a review of LIBOR conducted at the request of the U.K. government, on September 28, 2012, recommendations



for reforming the setting and governing of LIBOR were released, which are referred to as the Wheatley Review. The Wheatley Review made a number of recommendations for changes with respect to LIBOR, including the introduction of S-5 statutory regulation of LIBOR, the transfer of responsibility for LIBOR from the BBA to an independent administrator, changes to the method of the compilation of lending rates and new regulatory oversight and enforcement mechanisms for rate-setting and a reduction in the number of currencies and tenors for which LIBOR is published. Based on the Wheatley Review and on a subsequent public and governmental consultation process, on March 25, 2013, the U.K. Financial Services Authority published final rules for the U.K. Financial Conduct Authority's regulation and supervision of LIBOR, which are referred to as the FCA Rules. In particular, the FCA Rules include requirements that (1) an independent LIBOR administrator monitor and survey LIBOR submissions to identify breaches of practice standards and/or potentially manipulative behavior, and (2) firms submitting data to LIBOR establish and maintain a clear conflicts of interest policy and appropriate systems and controls. The FCA Rules took effect on April 2, 2013, and on July 9, 2013, NYSE Euronext was chosen to serve as the independent LIBOR administrator commencing in 2014. It is uncertain what additional regulatory changes or what changes, if any, in the method of determining LIBOR may be required or made by the U.K. government or other governmental or regulatory authorities. Accordingly, uncertainty as to the nature of such changes may adversely affect the market for or value of any LIBOR-linked securities, loans, derivatives and other financial obligations or extensions of credit held by or due to us or on our overall financial condition or results of operations. In addition, any further changes or reforms to the determination or supervision of LIBOR may result in a sudden or prolonged increase or decrease in reported LIBOR, which could have an adverse impact on the market for or value of any LIBOR-linked securities, loans, derivatives and other financial obligations or extensions of credit held by or due to us or on our overall financial condition or results of operations.

In addition, in November 2014, the Federal Reserve established a working group, the Alternative Reference Rates Committee ("ARRC"), to identify a set of alternative interest reference rates to LIBOR. In a May 2016 interim report, the ARRC narrowed its choice to two LIBOR alternatives. The first choice is the Overnight Bank Funding Rate ("OBFR"), which consists of domestic and foreign unsecured borrowing in U.S. dollars. The Federal Reserve has been calculating the OBFR and publishing it since March 2016. The second alternative rate to LIBOR is the Treasury General Collateral ("GC") rate, which is composed of repo transactions secured by treasuries or other assets accepted as collateral by the majority of intermediaries in the repo market. No specific rate for the GC alternative has yet been specified to serve as a replacement for LIBOR, and it remains undefined. The transition to any alternative rate will require careful and deliberate consideration and implementation so as to not disrupt the stability of financial markets. Regulators, financial institutions, benchmark administrators, and borrowers will need to strategize and implement these changes in a manner that is least disruptive. There is no guarantee that a transition from LIBOR to an alternative will not result in financial market disruptions, significant increases in benchmark rates, or borrowing costs to borrowers.

We may experience fluctuations in our quarterly results.

We could experience fluctuations in our quarterly operating results due to a number of factors, including our ability or inability to make investments in companies that meet our investment criteria, the interest rate payable on the debt securities we acquire, the level of portfolio dividend and fee income, the level of our expenses, variations in and the timing of the recognition of realized and unrealized gains or losses, the degree to which we encounter competition in our markets and general economic conditions. As a result of these factors, results for any period should not be relied upon as being indicative of performance in future periods.

Our Board of Directors may change our operating policies and strategies without prior notice or stockholder approval, the effects of which may be adverse.

Our Board of Directors has the authority to modify or waive our current operating policies, investment criteria and strategies without prior notice and without stockholder approval. We cannot predict the effect any changes to our current operating policies, investment criteria and strategies would have on our business, net asset value, operating results and value of our stock. However, the effects might be adverse, which could negatively impact our ability to pay interest and principal payments to holders of our debt instruments and dividends to our stockholders and cause our investors to lose all or part of their investment in us.

We will be subject to corporate-level U.S. federal income tax if we are unable to qualify as a RIC under Subchapter M of the Code.

To maintain RIC tax treatment under the Code, we must meet the following annual distribution, income source and asset diversification requirements:

The annual distribution requirement (the "Annual Distribution Requirement") for a RIC will be satisfied if we distribute to our stockholders on an annual basis at least 90% of our net ordinary taxable income and realized net short-term capital gains in excess of realized net long-term capital losses, if any. Depending on the level of taxable income earned in a tax year, we may choose to carry forward taxable income in excess of current year distributions into the next tax year and pay a 4% U.S. federal excise tax on such income. Any such carryover taxable income must be distributed through a dividend declared prior to filing the final tax return related to the year which generated such taxable income. For more information regarding tax treatment, see "Material U.S. Federal Income Tax Considerations Taxation as a Regulated Investment Company." Because we use debt financing, we are subject to certain asset coverage ratio requirements under the 1940 Act and are (and may in the future become) subject to certain financial covenants under loan and credit agreements that could, under certain circumstances, restrict us from making distributions necessary to satisfy the distribution requirement. In addition, because we receive non-cash sources of income such as PIK interest which involves us recognizing taxable income without receiving the cash representing such income, we may have difficulty meeting the distribution requirement. If we are unable to obtain cash from other sources, we could fail to qualify for RIC tax treatment and thus become subject to corporate-level U.S. federal income tax.

The source-of-income requirement will be satisfied if we obtain at least 90% of our gross income for each year from distributions, interest, gains from the sale of stock or securities or similar sources.

The asset diversification requirement will be satisfied if we meet certain asset diversification requirements at the end of each quarter of our taxable year. To satisfy this requirement, at least 50% of the value of our assets must consist of cash, cash equivalents, U.S. Government securities, securities of other RICs, and other acceptable securities; and no more than 25% of the value of our assets can be invested in the securities, other than U.S. government securities or securities of other RICs, (i) of one issuer, (ii) of two or more issuers that are controlled, as determined under applicable Code rules, by us and that are engaged in the same or similar or related trades or businesses or (iii) of certain "qualified publicly traded partnerships."

Failure to meet these requirements may result in our having to dispose of certain investments quickly in order to prevent the loss of RIC status. Because most of our investments will be in private companies, and therefore will be illiquid, any such dispositions could be made at disadvantageous prices and could result in substantial losses. Moreover, if we fail to maintain RIC tax treatment for any reason



and are subject to corporate income tax, the resulting corporate taxes could substantially reduce our net assets, the amount of income available for distribution and the amount of our distributions.

We may not be able to pay distributions to our stockholders, our distributions may not grow over time, and a portion of distributions paid to our stockholders may be a return of capital, which is a distribution of the stockholders' invested capital.

We intend to pay distributions to our stockholders out of assets legally available for distribution. We cannot assure you that we will achieve investment results that will allow us to pay a specified level of cash distributions, previously projected distributions for future periods, or year-to-year increases in cash distributions. Our ability to pay distributions might be adversely affected by, among other things, the impact of one or more of the risk factors described herein. In addition, the inability to satisfy the asset coverage test applicable to us as a BDC could limit our ability to pay distributions will be paid at the discretion of our Board of Directors and will depend on our earnings, our financial condition, maintenance of our RIC status, compliance with applicable BDC regulations, compliance with our debt covenants, each of the Funds' compliance with applicable SBIC regulations and such other factors as our Board of Directors may deem relevant from time to time. We cannot assure you that we will pay distributions to our stockholders in the future.

When we make distributions, we will be required to determine the extent to which such distributions are paid out of current or accumulated taxable earnings, recognized capital gains or capital. To the extent there is a return of capital, investors will be required to reduce their basis in our stock for federal tax purposes, which may result in higher tax liability when the shares are sold, even if they have not increased in value or have lost value. In addition, any return of capital will be net of any sales load and offering expenses associated with sales of shares of our common stock. In the future, our distributions may include a return of capital.

We may have difficulty paying the distributions required to maintain RIC tax treatment under the Code if we recognize income before or without receiving cash representing such income.

We will include in income certain amounts that we have not yet received in cash, such as: (i) amortization of original issue discount, which may arise if we receive warrants in connection with the origination of a loan such that ascribing a value to the warrants creates original issue discount in the debt instrument, if we invest in a debt investment at a discount to the par value of the debt security or possibly in other circumstances; (ii) contractual payment-in-kind, or PIK, interest, which represents contractual interest added to the loan balance and due at the end of the loan term; (iii) contractual preferred dividends, which represents contractual dividends added to the preferred stock and due at the end of the preferred stock term, subject to adequate profitability at the portfolio company; or (iv) amortization of market discount, which is associated with loans purchased in the secondary market at a discount to par value. Such amortization of original issue discounts, increases in loan balances as a result of contractual PIK arrangements, cumulative preferred dividends, or amortization of market discount will be included in income before we receive the corresponding cash payments. We also may be required to include in income certain other amounts before we receive such amounts in cash. Investments structured with these features may represent a higher level of credit risk compared to investments generating income which must be paid in cash on a current basis. For the year ended December 31, 2016, (i) approximately 3.6% of our total investment income was attributable to PIK income not paid currently in cash, (ii) approximately 0.8% of our total investment income was attributable to cumulative dividend income not paid currently in cash, and (iv) approximately 2.3% of our total investment income was attributable to amortization of market discount, (iii) approximately 2.3% of our total investment income was attributable to amortization of market discount.

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Since, in certain cases, we may recognize taxable income before or without receiving cash representing such income, we may have difficulty meeting the Annual Distribution Requirement necessary to maintain RIC tax treatment under the Code. Accordingly, we may have to sell some of our investments at times and/or at prices we would not consider advantageous, raise additional debt or equity capital or forgo new investment opportunities for this purpose. If we are not able to obtain cash from other sources, we may fail to qualify for RIC tax treatment and thus become subject to corporate-level U.S. federal income tax. For additional discussion regarding the tax implications of a RIC, please see "Material U.S. Federal Income Tax Considerations Taxation as a Regulated Investment Company."

We may in the future choose to pay dividends in our own stock, in which case you may be required to pay tax in excess of the cash you receive.

We may distribute taxable dividends that are payable in part in our stock. Under certain applicable provisions of the Code and the Treasury regulations, distributions payable by us in cash or in shares of stock (at the stockholders election) would satisfy the Annual Distribution Requirement. The IRS has issued private letter rulings providing that a dividend payable in stock or in cash at the election of the stockholders will be treated as a taxable dividend eligible for the dividends paid deduction provided that at least 20% of the total dividend is payable in cash and certain other requirements are satisfied. Taxable stockholders receiving such dividends will be required to include the full amount of the dividend as ordinary income (or as long-term capital gain to the extent such dividend is properly reported as a capital gain dividend) to the extent of our current and accumulated earnings and profits for U.S. federal income tax purposes. As a result, a U.S. stockholder may be required to pay tax with respect to such dividends in excess of any cash received. If a U.S. stockholder sells the stock it receives as a dividend in order to pay this tax, the sales proceeds may be less than the amount included in income with respect to the dividend, depending on the market price of our stock at the time of the sale. Furthermore, with respect to non-U.S. stockholders, we may be required to withhold U.S. tax with respect to such dividends, including in respect of all or a portion of such dividend that is payable in stock. In addition, if a significant number of our stockholders determine to sell shares of our stock in order to pay taxes owed on dividends, it may put downward pressure on the trading price of our stock.

Each of the Funds, as an SBIC, may be unable to make distributions to us that will enable us to meet or maintain RIC status, which could result in the imposition of an entity-level tax.

In order for us to continue to qualify for RIC tax treatment and to minimize corporate-level U.S. federal taxes, we will be required to distribute substantially all of our net ordinary taxable income and net capital gain income, including taxable income from certain of our subsidiaries, which includes the income from the Funds. We will be partially dependent on the Funds for cash distributions to enable us to meet the RIC distribution requirements. The Funds may be limited by the Small Business Investment Act of 1958, and SBIC regulations governing SBICs, from making certain distributions to us that may be necessary to enable us to maintain our status as a RIC. We may have to request a waiver of the SBA's restrictions for the Funds to make certain distributions to maintain our eligibility for RIC status. We cannot assure you that the SBA will grant such waiver and if the Funds are unable to obtain a waiver, compliance with the SBIC regulations may result in loss of RIC tax treatment and a consequent imposition of an entity-level tax on us.

Because we intend to distribute substantially all of our taxable income to our stockholders to maintain our status as a RIC, we will continue to need additional capital to finance our growth, and regulations governing our operation as a BDC will affect our ability to, and the way in which we, raise additional capital and make distributions.

In order to satisfy the requirements applicable to a RIC and to minimize corporate-level U.S. federal taxes, we intend to distribute to our stockholders substantially all of our net ordinary taxable income and net capital gain income. We may carry forward excess undistributed taxable income into the next year, net of the 4% U.S. federal excise tax. Any such carryover taxable income must be distributed through a dividend declared prior to filing the final tax return related to the year which generated such taxable income. As a BDC, we generally are required to meet an asset coverage ratio, as defined in the 1940 Act, of at least 200% immediately after each issuance of senior securities. This requirement limits the amount that we may borrow and may prohibit us from making distributions. Because we will continue to need capital to grow our Investment Portfolio, this limitation may prevent us from incurring debt and require us to raise additional equity at a time when it may be disadvantageous to do so.

While we expect to be able to borrow and to issue additional debt and equity securities, we cannot assure you that debt and equity financing will be available to us on favorable terms, or at all. In addition, as a BDC, we generally are not permitted to issue equity securities priced below net asset value without stockholder approval. If additional funds are not available to us, we could be forced to curtail or cease new investment activities, and our net asset value could decline.

Stockholders may incur dilution if we sell shares of our common stock in one or more offerings at prices below the then current net asset value per share of our common stock or issue securities to subscribe to, convert to or purchase shares of our common stock.

The 1940 Act prohibits us from selling shares of our common stock at a price below the current net asset value per share of such stock, with certain exceptions. One such exception is prior stockholder approval of issuances below net asset value provided that our Board of Directors makes certain determinations. We did not seek stockholder authorization to sell shares of our common stock below the then current net asset value per share of our common stock at our 2016 annual meeting of stockholders because our common stock price per share had been trading significantly above the current net asset value per share of our common stock. We may, however, seek such authorization at future annual or special meetings of stockholders. Our stockholders have previously approved a proposal to authorize us to issue securities to subscribe to, convert to, or purchase shares of our common stock or securities to subscribe to, convert to, or purchase share of our common stock or securities to subscribe to, convert to, or purchase shares of our common stock would be subject to the determination by our Board of Directors that such issuance is in our and our stockholders' best interests.

If we were to sell shares of our common stock below net asset value per share, such sales would result in an immediate dilution to the net asset value per share. This dilution would occur as a result of the sale of shares at a price below the then current net asset value per share of our common stock and a proportionately greater decrease in a stockholder's interest in our earnings and assets and voting interest in us than the increase in our assets resulting from such issuance. In addition, if we issue securities to subscribe to, convert to or purchase shares of common stock, the exercise or conversion of such securities would increase the number of outstanding shares of our common stock. Any such exercise would be dilutive on the voting power of existing stockholders, and could be dilutive with regard to dividends and our net asset value, and other economic aspects of the common stock.



Because the number of shares of common stock that could be so issued and the timing of any issuance is not currently known, the actual dilutive effect cannot be predicted; however, the example below illustrates the effect of dilution to existing stockholders resulting from the sale of common stock at prices below the net asset value of such shares. Please see "Sales of Common Stock Below Net Asset Value" for a more complete discussion of the potentially dilutive impacts of an offering at a price less than net asset value, or NAV, per share.

Illustration: Example of Dilutive Effect of the Issuance of Shares Below Net Asset Value. Assume that Company XYZ has 1,000,000 total shares outstanding, \$15,000,000 in total assets and \$5,000,000 in total liabilities. The net asset value per share of the common stock of Company XYZ is \$10.00. The following table illustrates the reduction to net asset value, or NAV, and the dilution experienced by Stockholder A following the sale of 40,000 shares of the common stock of Company XYZ at \$9.50 per share, a price below its NAV per share.

	 ior to Sale elow NAV		ollowing Sale Below NAV	Percentage Change
Reduction to NAV				
Total Shares Outstanding	1,000,000		1,040,000	4.0%
NAV per share	\$ 10.00	\$	9.98	(0.2)%
Dilution to Existing Stockholder				
Shares Held by Stockholder A	10,000		10,000(1)	0.0%
Percentage Held by Stockholder A	1.00%	b	0.96%	(3.8)%
Total Interest of Stockholder A in NAV	\$ 100,000	\$	99,808	(0.2)%

(1)

Assumes that Stockholder A does not purchase additional shares in the sale of shares below NAV.

Changes in laws or regulations governing our operations may adversely affect our business or cause us to alter our business strategy.

We, the Funds, and our portfolio companies are subject to applicable local, state and federal laws and regulations. New legislation may be enacted or new interpretations, rulings or regulations could be adopted, including those governing the types of investments we are permitted to make, any of which could harm us and our stockholders, potentially with retroactive effect. In addition, any change to the SBA's current debenture SBIC program could have a significant impact on our ability to obtain lower-cost leverage through the Funds, and therefore, our ability to compete with other finance companies.

Additionally, any changes to the laws and regulations governing our operations relating to permitted investments may cause us to alter our investment strategy in order to avail ourselves of new or different opportunities. Such changes could result in material differences to the strategies and plans set forth herein and may result in our investment focus shifting from the areas of expertise of our investment team to other types of investments in which our investment team may have less expertise or little or no experience. Thus, any such changes, if they occur, could have a material adverse effect on our results of operations and the value of your investment.

Terrorist attacks, acts of war or natural disasters may affect any market for our securities, impact the businesses in which we invest and harm our business, operating results and financial condition.

Terrorist acts, acts of war or natural disasters may disrupt our operations, as well as the operations of the businesses in which we invest. Such acts have created, and continue to create, economic and political uncertainties and have contributed to global economic instability. Future terrorist activities, military or security operations, or natural disasters could further weaken the domestic/global economies and create additional uncertainties, which may negatively impact the businesses in which we invest

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directly or indirectly and, in turn, could have a material adverse impact on our business, operating results and financial condition. Losses from terrorist attacks and natural disasters are generally uninsurable.

We are highly dependent on information systems and systems failures could significantly disrupt our business, which may, in turn, negatively affect the market price of our common stock and our ability to pay dividends.

Our business is highly dependent on our and third parties' communications and information systems. Any failure or interruption of those systems, including as a result of the termination of an agreement with any third-party service providers, could cause delays or other problems in our activities. Our financial, accounting, data processing, backup or other operating systems and facilities may fail to operate properly or become disabled or damaged as a result of a number of factors including events that are wholly or partially beyond our control and adversely affect our business. There could be:

sudden electrical or telecommunications outages;

natural disasters such as earthquakes, tornadoes and hurricanes;

events arising from local or larger scale political or social matters, including terrorist acts; and

cyber attacks.

RISKS RELATED TO OUR INVESTMENTS

Our investments in portfolio companies involve higher levels of risk, and we could lose all or part of our investment.

Investing in our portfolio companies involves a number of significant risks. Among other things, these companies:

may have limited financial resources and may be unable to meet their obligations under their debt instruments that we hold, which may be accompanied by a deterioration in the value of any collateral and a reduction in the likelihood of us realizing any guarantees from subsidiaries or affiliates of our portfolio companies that we may have obtained in connection with our investment, as well as a corresponding decrease in the value of the equity components of our investments;

may have shorter operating histories, narrower product lines, smaller market shares and/or significant customer concentrations than larger businesses, which tend to render them more vulnerable to competitors' actions and market conditions, as well as general economic downturns;

are more likely to depend on the management talents and efforts of a small group of persons; therefore, the death, disability, resignation, termination or significant under-performance of one or more of these persons could have a material adverse impact on our portfolio company and, in turn, on us;

generally have less predictable operating results, may from time to time be parties to litigation, may be engaged in rapidly changing businesses with products subject to a substantial risk of obsolescence, and may require substantial additional capital to support their operations, finance expansion or maintain their competitive position; and

generally have less publicly available information about their businesses, operations and financial condition. We are required to rely on the ability of our management team and investment professionals to obtain adequate information to evaluate the potential returns from investing in these companies. If we are unable to uncover all material information about these companies,

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we may not make a fully informed investment decision, and may lose all or part of our investment.

In addition, in the course of providing significant managerial assistance to certain of our portfolio companies, certain of our officers and directors may serve as directors on the boards of such companies. To the extent that litigation arises out of our investments in these companies, our officers and directors may be named as defendants in such litigation, which could result in an expenditure of funds (through our indemnification of such officers and directors) and the diversion of management time and resources.

Continuation of the decline in oil and natural gas prices for a prolonged period of time could have a material adverse effect on us.

A prolonged continuation of the decline in oil and natural gas prices would adversely affect (i) the credit quality of our debt investments and (ii) the underlying operating performance of our equity investments in energy-related businesses and in geographic areas which are more sensitive to the health of the oil and gas industries. A decrease in credit quality and the operating performance would, in turn, negatively affect the fair value of these investments, which would consequently negatively affect our net asset value. Should the decline in oil and natural gas prices experienced over the last two years persist, it is likely that the ability of these investments to satisfy financial or operating covenants imposed by us or other lenders will be adversely affected, thereby negatively impacting their financial condition and their ability to satisfy their debt service and other obligations to us. Likewise, should the decline in oil and natural gas prices persist, it is likely that our energy-related portfolio companies' and other affected companies' cash flow and profit generating capacities would also be adversely affected thereby negatively impacting their ability to pay us dividends or distributions on our equity investments.

We may be exposed to higher risks with respect to our investments that include original issue discount or PIK interest.

Our investments may include original issue discount and contractual PIK interest, which represents contractual interest added to a loan balance and due at the end of such loan's term. To the extent original issue discount or PIK interest constitute a portion of our income, we are exposed to typical risks associated with such income being required to be included in taxable and accounting income prior to receipt of cash, including the following:

original issue discount and PIK instruments may have higher yields, which reflect the payment deferral and credit risk associated with these instruments;

original issue discount and PIK accruals may create uncertainty about the source of our distributions to stockholders;

original issue discount and PIK instruments may have unreliable valuations because their continuing accruals require continuing judgments about the collectability of the deferred payments and the value of the collateral; and

original issue discount and PIK instruments may represent a higher credit risk than coupon loans.

The lack of liquidity in our investments may adversely affect our business.

We invest, and will continue to invest in companies whose securities are not publicly traded, and whose securities will be subject to legal and other restrictions on resale or will otherwise be less liquid than publicly traded securities. The illiquidity of these investments may make it difficult for us to sell these investments when desired. In addition, if we are required to liquidate all or a portion of our portfolio quickly, we may realize significantly less than the value at which we had previously recorded

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these investments. As a result, we do not expect to achieve liquidity in our investments in the near-term. Our investments are usually subject to contractual or legal restrictions on resale or are otherwise illiquid because there is usually no established trading market for such investments. The illiquidity of most of our investments may make it difficult for us to dispose of them at a favorable price, and, as a result, we may suffer losses.

We may not have the funds or ability to make additional investments in our portfolio companies.

We may not have the funds or ability to make additional investments in our portfolio companies. After our initial investment in a portfolio company, we may be called upon from time to time to provide additional funds to such company or have the opportunity to increase our investment through the extension of additional loans, the exercise of a warrant to purchase equity securities, or the funding of additional equity investments. There is no assurance that we will make, or will have sufficient funds to make, follow-on investments. Any decisions not to make a follow-on investment or any inability on our part to make such an investment may have a negative impact on a portfolio company in need of such an investment, may result in a missed opportunity for us to increase our participation in a successful operation or may reduce the expected yield on the investment.

Our portfolio companies may incur debt that ranks equally with, or senior to, our investments in such companies.

We invest primarily in the secured term debt of LMM, Private Loan and Middle Market companies and equity issued by LMM companies. Our portfolio companies may have, or may be permitted to incur, other debt that ranks equally with, or senior to, the debt in which we invest. By their terms, such debt instruments may entitle the holders to receive payment of interest or principal on or before the dates on which we are entitled to receive payments with respect to the debt instruments in which we invest. Also, in the event of insolvency, liquidation, dissolution, reorganization or bankruptcy of a portfolio company, holders of debt instruments ranking senior to our investment in that portfolio company would typically be entitled to receive payment in full before we receive any distribution. After repaying such senior creditors, such portfolio company may not have any remaining assets to use for repaying its obligation to us. In the case of debt ranking equally with debt instruments in which we invest, we would have to share on an equal basis any distributions with other creditors holding such debt in the event of an insolvency, liquidation, dissolution, reorganization or bankruptcy of the relevant portfolio company.

There may be circumstances where our debt investments could be subordinated to claims of other creditors or we could be subject to lender liability claims.

Even though we may have structured certain of our investments as secured loans, if one of our portfolio companies were to go bankrupt, depending on the facts and circumstances, and based upon principles of equitable subordination as defined by existing case law, a bankruptcy court could subordinate all or a portion of our claim to that of other creditors and transfer any lien securing such subordinated claim to the bankruptcy estate. The principles of equitable subordination defined by case law have generally indicated that a claim may be subordinated only if its holder is guilty of misconduct or where the senior loan is re-characterized as an equity investment and the senior lender has actually provided significant managerial assistance to the bankrupt debtor. We may also be subject to lender liability claims for actions taken by us with respect to a borrower's business or instances where we exercise control over the borrower. It is possible that we could become subject to a lender's liability claim, including as a result of actions taken in rendering significant managerial assistance or actions to compel and collect payments from the borrower outside the ordinary course of business.



Second priority liens on collateral securing loans that we make to our portfolio companies may be subject to control by senior creditors with first priority liens. If there is a default, the value of the collateral may not be sufficient to repay in full both the first priority creditors and us.

Certain loans that we make are secured by a second priority security interest in the same collateral pledged by a portfolio company to secure senior debt owed by the portfolio company to commercial banks or other traditional lenders. Often the senior lender has procured covenants from the portfolio company prohibiting the incurrence of additional secured debt without the senior lender's consent. Prior to and as a condition of permitting the portfolio company to borrow money from us secured by the same collateral pledged to the senior lender, the senior lender will require assurances that it will control the disposition of any collateral in the event of bankruptcy or other default. In many such cases, the senior lender will require us to enter into an "intercreditor agreement" prior to permitting the portfolio company to borrow from us. Typically the intercreditor agreements we are requested to execute expressly subordinate our debt instruments to those held by the senior lender and further provide that the senior lender shall control: (1) the commencement of foreclosure or other proceedings to liquidate and collect on the collateral; (2) the nature, timing and conduct of foreclosure or other collection proceedings; (3) the amendment of any collateral document; (4) the release of the security interests in respect of any collateral; and (5) the waiver of defaults under any security agreement. Because of the control we may cede to senior lenders under intercreditor agreements we may enter, we may be unable to realize the proceeds of any collateral securing some of our loans.

Finally, the value of the collateral securing our debt investment will ultimately depend on market and economic conditions, the availability of buyers and other factors. Therefore, there can be no assurance that the proceeds, if any, from the sale or sales of all of the collateral would be sufficient to satisfy the loan obligations secured by our first or second priority liens. There is also a risk that such collateral securing our investments will decrease in value over time, will be difficult to sell in a timely manner, will be difficult to appraise and will fluctuate in value based upon the success of the portfolio company and market conditions. If such proceeds are not sufficient to repay amounts outstanding under the loan obligations secured by our second priority liens, then we, to the extent not repaid from the proceeds of the sale of the collateral, will only have an unsecured claim against the company's remaining assets, if any.

We are a non-diversified investment company within the meaning of the 1940 Act, and therefore we are not limited with respect to the proportion of our assets that may be invested in securities of a single issuer.

We are classified as a non-diversified investment company within the meaning of the 1940 Act, which means that we are not limited by the 1940 Act with respect to the proportion of our assets that we may invest in securities of a single issuer. To the extent that we assume large positions in the securities of a small number of issuers, our net asset value may fluctuate to a greater extent than that of a diversified investment company as a result of changes in the financial condition or the market's assessment of the issuer. We may also be more susceptible to any single economic or regulatory occurrence than a diversified investment company. Beyond our RIC asset diversification requirements, we do not have fixed guidelines for diversification, and our investments could be concentrated in relatively few portfolio companies. See " We will be subject to corporate-level U.S. federal income tax if we are unable to qualify as a RIC under Subchapter M of the Code."

We generally will not control our portfolio companies.

We do not, and do not expect to, control the decision making in many of our portfolio companies, even though we may have board representation or board observation rights, and our debt agreements may contain certain restrictive covenants. As a result, we are subject to the risk that a portfolio company in which we invest will make business decisions with which we disagree and the management of such company, as representatives of the holders of their common equity, will take risks or otherwise



act in ways that do not serve our interests as debt investors. Due to the lack of liquidity for our investments in non-traded companies, we may not be able to dispose of our interests in our portfolio companies as readily as we would like or at an appropriate valuation. As a result, a portfolio company may make decisions that would decrease the value of our portfolio holdings.

Defaults by our portfolio companies will harm our operating results.

A portfolio company's failure to satisfy financial or operating covenants imposed by us or other lenders could lead to non-payment of interest and other defaults and, potentially, termination of its loans and foreclosure on its secured assets, which could trigger cross-defaults under other agreements and jeopardize a portfolio company's ability to meet its obligations under the debt or equity securities that we hold. We may incur expenses to the extent necessary to seek recovery upon default or to negotiate new terms, which may include the waiver of certain financial covenants, with a defaulting portfolio company.

Any unrealized depreciation we experience in our portfolio may be an indication of future realized losses, which could reduce our income and gains available for distribution.

As a BDC, we are required to carry our investments at market value or, if no market value is ascertainable, at the fair value as determined in good faith by our Board of Directors. Decreases in the market values or fair values of our investments will be recorded as unrealized depreciation. Any unrealized depreciation in our portfolio could be an indication of a portfolio company's inability to meet its repayment obligations to us with respect to affected loans or a potential impairment of the value of affected equity investments. This could result in realized losses in the future and ultimately in reductions of our income and gains available for distribution in future periods.

Prepayments of our debt investments by our portfolio companies could adversely impact our results of operations and reduce our return on equity.

We are subject to the risk that the investments we make in our portfolio companies may be repaid prior to maturity. When this occurs, we will generally reinvest these proceeds in temporary investments, pending their future investment in new portfolio companies. These temporary investments will typically have substantially lower yields than the debt being prepaid and we could experience significant delays in reinvesting these amounts. Any future investment in a new portfolio company may also be at lower yields than the debt that was repaid. As a result, our results of operations could be materially adversely affected if one or more of our portfolio companies elect to prepay amounts owed to us. Additionally, prepayments could negatively impact our return on equity, which could result in a decline in the market price of our securities.

Changes in interest rates may affect our cost of capital, net investment income and value of our investments.

Some of our debt investments will bear interest at variable rates and may be negatively affected by changes in market interest rates. An increase in market interest rates would increase the interest costs and reduce the cash flows of our portfolio companies that have variable rate debt instruments, a situation which could reduce the value of the investment. The value of our investments could also be reduced from an increase in market interest rates as rates available to investors could make an investment in our securities less attractive than alternative investments. In addition, an increase in interest rates would make it more expensive for us to use debt to finance our investments. As a result, a significant increase in market interest rates could increase our cost of capital, which would reduce our net investment income. Conversely, decreases in market interest rates could negatively impact the interest income from our variable rate debt investments. A decrease in market interest rates may also have an adverse impact on our returns by requiring us to accept lower yields on our debt investments



and by increasing the risk that our portfolio companies will prepay our debt investments, resulting in the need to redeploy capital at potentially lower rates.

We may not realize gains from our equity investments.

Certain investments that we have made in the past and may make in the future include warrants or other equity securities. Investments in equity securities involve a number of significant risks, including the risk of further dilution as a result of additional issuances, inability to access additional capital and failure to pay current distributions. Investments in preferred securities involve special risks, such as the risk of deferred distributions, credit risk, illiquidity and limited voting rights. In addition, we may from time to time make non-control, equity investments in portfolio companies. Our goal is ultimately to realize gains upon our disposition of such equity interests. However, the equity interests we receive may not appreciate in value and, in fact, may decline in value. Accordingly, we may not be able to realize gains from our equity interests, and any gains that we do realize on the disposition of any equity interests may not be sufficient to offset any other losses we experience. We also may be unable to realize any value if a portfolio company does not have a liquidity event, such as a sale of the business, recapitalization or public offering, which would allow us to sell the underlying equity interests. We often seek puts or similar rights to give us the right to sell our equity securities back to the portfolio company issuer; however, we may be unable to exercise these put rights for the consideration provided in our investment documents if the issuer is in financial distress.

Our Marketable securities and idle funds investments are subject to risks similar to our portfolio company investments.

Marketable securities and idle funds investments can include, among other things, secured and unsecured debt investments, independently rated debt investments, diversified bond funds and publicly traded debt and equity securities. Many of these investments in debt obligations are, or would be if rated, below investment grade quality. Indebtedness of below investment grade quality, which is often referred to as "junk," is regarded as having predominantly speculative characteristics with respect to the issuer's capacity to pay interest and repay principal, similar to our portfolio investments in our portfolio companies. See " Our investments in portfolio companies involve higher levels of risk, and we could lose all or part of our investment." Many of these Marketable securities and idle funds investments are purchased through over the counter or other markets and are therefore liquid at the time of purchase but may subsequently become illiquid due to events relating to the issuer of the securities, market events, economic conditions or investor perceptions. See " The lack of liquidity in our investments may adversely affect our business" for a description of risks related to holding illiquid investments. In addition, domestic and foreign markets are complex and interrelated, so that events in one sector of the world markets or economy, or in one geographical region, can reverberate and have materially negative consequences for other market, economic or regional sectors in a manner that may not be foreseen and which may materially affect the market price of our Marketable securities and idle funds investments. Other risks that our portfolio investments are subject to are also applicable to these Marketable securities and idle funds investments.

Our investments in foreign securities may involve significant risks in addition to the risks inherent in U.S. investments.

Our investments in foreign securities may involve significant risks in addition to the risks inherent in investments in U.S. securities. Our investment strategy contemplates potential investments in debt securities of foreign companies. Investing in foreign companies may expose us to additional risks not typically associated with investing in securities of U.S. companies. These risks include changes in exchange control regulations, political and social instability, expropriation, imposition of foreign taxes, less liquid markets and less available information than is generally the case in the U.S., higher

transaction costs, less government supervision of exchanges, brokers and issuers, less developed bankruptcy laws, difficulty in enforcing contractual obligations, lack of uniform accounting and auditing standards and greater price volatility.

Although most of our investments will be U.S. dollar denominated, any investments denominated in a foreign currency will be subject to the risk that the value of a particular currency will change in relation to one or more other currencies. Among the factors that may affect currency values are trade balances, the level of short-term interest rates, differences in relative values of similar assets in different currencies, long-term opportunities for investment and capital appreciation, and political developments.

RISKS RELATING TO OUR SECURITIES

Shares of closed-end investment companies, including BDCs, may trade at a discount to their net asset value.

Shares of closed-end investment companies, including BDCs, may trade at a discount to net asset value. This characteristic of closed-end investment companies and BDCs is separate and distinct from the risk that our net asset value per share may decline. We cannot predict whether our common stock will trade at, above or below net asset value. In addition, if our common stock trades below our net asset value per share, we will generally not be able to issue additional common stock at the market price unless our stockholders approve such a sale and our Board of Directors makes certain determinations. See " Risks Relating to Our Business and Structure Stockholders may incur dilution if we sell shares of our common stock in one or more offerings at prices below the then current net asset value per share of our common stock or issue securities to subscribe to, convert to or purchase shares of our common stock" for a discussion related to us issuing shares of our common stock below net asset value.

We may be unable to invest a significant portion of the net proceeds from an offering or from exiting an investment or other capital on acceptable terms, which could harm our financial condition and operating results.

Delays in investing the net proceeds raised in an offering or from exiting an investment or other capital may cause our performance to be worse than that of other fully invested BDCs or other lenders or investors pursuing comparable investment strategies. We cannot assure you that we will be able to identify any investments that meet our investment objective or that any investment that we make will produce a positive return. We may be unable to invest the net proceeds of any offering or from exiting an investment or other capital on acceptable terms within the time period that we anticipate or at all, which could harm our financial condition and operating results.

We anticipate that, depending on market conditions and the amount of the capital, it may take us a substantial period of time to invest substantially all the capital in securities meeting our investment objective. During this period, we will invest the capital primarily in Marketable securities and idle funds investments, which may produce returns that are significantly lower than the returns which we expect to achieve when our portfolio is fully invested in securities meeting our investment objective. As a result, any distributions that we pay during such period may be substantially lower than the distributions that we may be able to pay when our portfolio is fully invested in securities meeting our investment objective. In addition, until such time as the net proceeds of any offering or from exiting an investment or other capital are invested in new securities meeting our investment objective, the market price for our securities may decline. Thus, the initial return on your investment may be lower than when, if ever, our portfolio is fully invested in securities meeting our investment objective.

Investing in our securities may involve an above average degree of risk.

The investments we make in accordance with our investment objective may result in a higher amount of risk than alternative investment options and a higher risk of volatility or loss of principal. Our investments in portfolio companies involve higher levels of risk, and therefore, an investment in our securities may not be suitable for someone with lower risk tolerance.

The market price of our securities may be volatile and fluctuate significantly.

Fluctuations in the trading prices of our securities may adversely affect the liquidity of the trading market for our securities and, if we seek to raise capital through future securities offerings, our ability to raise such capital. The market price and liquidity of the market for our securities may be significantly affected by numerous factors, some of which are beyond our control and may not be directly related to our operating performance. These factors include:

significant volatility in the market price and trading volume of securities of BDCs or other companies in our sector, which are not necessarily related to the operating performance of these companies;

changes in regulatory policies, accounting pronouncements or tax guidelines, particularly with respect to RICs, BDCs or SBICs;

the exclusion of BDC common stock from certain market indices, such as what happened with respect to the Russell indices and the Standard and Poor's indices, could reduce the ability of certain investment funds to own our common stock and limit the number of owners of our common stock and otherwise negatively impact the market price of our common stock;

inability to obtain any exemptive relief that may be required by us in the future from the SEC;

loss of our BDC or RIC status or either of the Funds' status as an SBIC;

changes in our earnings or variations in our operating results;

changes in the value of our portfolio of investments;

any shortfall in our investment income or net investment income or any increase in losses from levels expected by investors or securities analysts;

loss of a major funding source;

fluctuations in interest rates;

the operating performance of companies comparable to us;

departure of our key personnel;

global or national credit market changes; and

general economic trends and other external factors.

Provisions of the Maryland General Corporation Law and our articles of incorporation and bylaws could deter takeover attempts and have an adverse impact on the price of our common stock.

The Maryland General Corporation Law and our articles of incorporation and bylaws contain provisions that may have the effect of discouraging, delaying or making difficult a change in control of our company or the removal of our incumbent directors. The existence of these provisions, among others, may have a negative impact on the price of our common stock and may discourage third-party bids for ownership of our company. These provisions may prevent any premiums being offered to you for our common stock.

We may in the future determine to issue preferred stock, which could adversely affect the market value of our common stock.

The issuance of shares of preferred stock with dividend or conversion rights, liquidation preferences or other economic terms favorable to the holders of preferred stock could adversely affect the market price for our common stock by making an investment in the common stock less attractive. In addition, the dividends on any preferred stock we issue must be cumulative. Payment of dividends and repayment of the liquidation preference of preferred stock must take preference over any dividends or other payments to our common stockholders, and holders of preferred stock are not subject to any of our expenses or losses and are not entitled to participate in any income or appreciation in excess of their stated preference (other than convertible preferred stock that converts into common stock). In addition, under the 1940 Act, preferred stock constitutes a "senior security" for purposes of the 200% asset coverage test.

CAUTIONARY STATEMENT CONCERNING FORWARD-LOOKING STATEMENTS

Some of the statements in this prospectus and any accompanying prospectus supplement constitute forward-looking statements because they relate to future events or our future performance or financial condition. The forward-looking statements contained in this prospectus and any accompanying prospectus supplement may include statements as to:

our future operating results and dividend projections;

our business prospects and the prospects of our portfolio companies;

the impact of the investments that we expect to make;

the ability of our portfolio companies to achieve their objectives;

our expected financings and investments;

the adequacy of our cash resources and working capital; and

the timing of cash flows, if any, from the operations of our portfolio companies.

In addition, words such as "anticipate," "believe," "expect" and "intend" indicate a forward-looking statement, although not all forward-looking statements include these words. The forward-looking statements contained in this prospectus and any accompanying prospectus supplement involve risks and uncertainties. Our actual results could differ materially from those implied or expressed in the forward-looking statements for any reason, including the factors set forth in "Risk Factors" and elsewhere in this prospectus and any accompanying prospectus supplement. Other factors that could cause actual results to differ materially include:

changes in the economy;

risks associated with possible disruption in our operations or the economy generally due to terrorism or natural disasters; and

future changes in laws or regulations and conditions in our operating areas.

We have based the forward-looking statements included in this prospectus and will base the forward-looking statements included in any accompanying prospectus supplement on information available to us on the date of this prospectus and any accompanying prospectus

supplement, as appropriate, and we assume no obligation to update any such forward-looking statements, except as required by law. Although we undertake no obligation to revise or update any forward-looking statements, whether as a result of new information, future events or otherwise, you are advised to refer to any additional disclosures that we may make directly to you, including in the form of a prospectus supplement or post-effective amendment to the registration statement, or through reports that we in

the future may file with the SEC, including annual reports on Form 10-K, quarterly reports on Form 10-Q and current reports on Form 8-K.

USE OF PROCEEDS

We intend to use the net proceeds from any offering to make investments in accordance with our investment objective and strategies described in this prospectus or any prospectus supplement, to make investments in Marketable securities and idle funds investments, which may include investments in secured intermediate term bank debt, rated debt securities and other income producing investments, to pay our operating expenses and other cash obligations, and for general corporate purposes. Our ability to achieve our investment objective may be limited to the extent that the net proceeds from an offering, pending full investment, are held in interest-bearing deposits or other short-term instruments. See "Risk Factors Risks Relating to Our Securities We may be unable to invest a significant portion of the net proceeds from an offering or from exiting an investment or other capital on acceptable terms, which could harm our financial condition and operating results." The supplement to this prospectus relating to an offering will more fully identify the use of proceeds from such an offering.

PRICE RANGE OF COMMON STOCK AND DISTRIBUTIONS

Our common stock is traded on the New York Stock Exchange ("NYSE") under the symbol "MAIN." Prior to October 14, 2010, our common stock was traded on the NASDAQ Global Select Market under the same symbol "MAIN." Our common stock began trading on the NASDAQ Global Select Market on October 5, 2007. Prior to that date, there was no established public trading market for our common stock.

The following table sets forth, for the periods indicated, the range of high and low closing prices of our common stock as reported on the NYSE, and the sales price as a percentage of the net asset value per share of our common stock.

	N	AV(1)	Price Range High Low		High Sales Price to		High Sales Price to	Premium of Low Sales Price to NAV(2)
Year ending December 31, 2017				Ingn		Low	1111 (2)	11111(2)
Second Quarter (through April 25, 2017)		*	\$	39.80	\$	38.08	*	*
First Quarter		*	\$	38.27	\$	35.39	*	*
Year ending December 31, 2016								
Fourth Quarter	\$	22.10	\$	37.36	\$	32.23	69%	46%
Third Quarter		21.62		34.59		32.61	60%	51%
Second Quarter		21.11		32.90		30.52	56%	45%
First Quarter		21.18		31.46		26.35	49%	24%
Year ending December 31, 2015								
Fourth Quarter	\$	21.24	\$	32.28	\$	27.69	52%	30%
Third Quarter		21.79		33.08		26.38	52%	21%
Second Quarter		21.84		32.59		30.47	49%	40%
First Quarter		21.87		31.47		27.87	44%	27%

(1)

Net asset value per share, or NAV, is determined as of the last day in the relevant quarter and therefore may not reflect the net asset value per share on the date of the high and low sales prices. The net asset values shown are based on outstanding shares at the end of each period. Net asset value has not yet been determined for the first or second quarters of 2017.

(2)

Calculated as the respective high or low share price divided by NAV for such quarter.

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On April 25, 2017 the last sale price of our common stock on the NYSE was \$39.80 per share, and there were approximately 266 holders of record of the common stock which did not include stockholders for whom shares are held in "nominee" or "street name." The net asset value per share of our common stock on December 31, 2016 (the last date prior to the date of this prospectus on which we determined our net asset value per share) was \$22.10, and the premium of the April 25, 2017 closing price of our common stock was 80% to this net asset value per share.

Shares of BDCs may trade at a market price that is less than the value of the net assets attributable to those shares. The possibility that our shares of common stock will trade at a discount from net asset value per share or at premiums that are unsustainable over the long term are separate and distinct from the risk that our net asset value per share will decrease. It is not possible to predict whether our common stock will trade at, above, or below net asset value per share. Since our IPO in October 2007, our shares of common stock have traded at prices both less than and exceeding our net asset value per share.

We currently pay regular monthly dividends and semi-annual supplemental dividends to our stockholders. Our monthly dividends, if any, will be determined by our Board of Directors on a quarterly basis. Our semi-annual supplemental dividends, if any, will be determined by our Board of Directors based upon our undistributed taxable income. The following table summarizes our dividends declared to date:

Date Declared	Record Date	Payment Date	Am	ount(1)
Fiscal year 2017				
February 22, 2017	May 19, 2017	June 14, 2017	\$	0.185
February 22, 2017	April 20, 2017	May 15, 2017	\$	0.185
February 22, 2017	March 21, 2017	April 13, 2017	\$	0.185
November 2, 2016	February 22, 2017	March 15, 2017	\$	0.185
November 2, 2016	January 20, 2017	February 15, 2017	\$	0.185
November 2, 2016	December 30, 2016	January 13, 2017	\$	0.185(2)

1.110

\$

Fiscal year 2016			
October 18, 2016	December 16, 2016	December 23, 2016	\$ 0.275(2)
August 2, 2016	November 21, 2016	December 13, 2016	\$ 0.185(2)
August 2, 2016	October 20, 2016	November 15, 2016	\$ 0.185(2)
August 2, 2016	September 21, 2016	October 14, 2016	\$ 0.185(2)
May 3, 2016	August 19, 2016	September 15, 2016	\$ 0.180(2)
May 3, 2016	July 21, 2016	August 15, 2016	\$ 0.180(2)
May 3, 2016	July 1, 2016	July 15, 2016	\$ 0.180(2)
April 20, 2016	June 20, 2016	June 27, 2016	\$ 0.275(2)
February 23, 2016	May 20, 2016	June 15, 2016	\$ 0.180(2)
February 23, 2016	April 21, 2016	May 16, 2016	\$ 0.180(2)
February 23, 2016	March 21, 2016	April 15, 2016	\$ 0.180(2)
November 3, 2015	February 22, 2016	March 15, 2016	\$ 0.180(2)
November 3, 2015	January 22, 2016	February 17, 2016	\$ 0.180(2)
November 3, 2015	December 30, 2015	January 15, 2016	\$ 0.180(3)

2.725

\$

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Date Declared	Record Date	Payment Date	An	nount(1)
Fiscal year 2015				
October 20, 2015	December 17, 2015	December 24, 2015	\$	0.275(3)
August 3, 2015	November 20, 2015	December 14, 2015	\$	0.180(3)
August 3, 2015	October 21, 2015	November 16, 2015	\$	0.180(3)
August 3, 2015	September 21, 2015	October 15, 2015	\$	0.180(3)
May 5, 2015	August 20, 2015	September 15, 2015	\$	0.175(3)
May 5, 2015	July 21, 2015	August 14, 2015	\$	0.175(3)
May 5, 2015	July 1, 2015	July 15, 2015	\$	0.175(3)
April 22, 2015	June 18, 2015	June 25, 2015	\$	0.275(3)
February 24, 2015	May 20, 2015	June 15, 2015	\$	0.175(3)
February 24, 2015	April 21, 2015	May 15, 2015	\$	0.175(3)
February 24, 2015	March 20, 2015	April 15, 2015	\$	0.175(3)
November 6, 2014	February 20, 2015	March 16, 2015	\$	0.170(3)
November 6, 2014	January 21, 2015	February 13, 2015	\$	0.170(3)
November 6, 2014	December 31, 2014	January 15, 2015	\$	0.170(4)

Total

2.650

\$

Fiscal year 2014			
October 23, 2014	December 18, 2014	December 24, 2014	\$ 0.275(4)
August 4, 2014	November 20, 2014	December 15, 2014	\$ 0.170(4)
August 4, 2014	October 20, 2014	November 14, 2014	\$ 0.170(4)
August 4, 2014	September 19, 2014	October 15, 2014	\$ 0.170(4)
May 6, 2014	August 20, 2014	September 15, 2014	\$ 0.165(4)
May 6, 2014	July 21, 2014	August 15, 2014	\$ 0.165(4)
May 6, 2014	June 30, 2014	July 15, 2014	\$ 0.165(4)
April 21, 2014	June 20, 2014	June 25, 2014	\$ 0.275(4)
February 26, 2014	May 21, 2014	June 16, 2014	\$ 0.165(4)
February 26, 2014	April 20, 2014	May 15, 2014	\$ 0.165(4)
February 26, 2014	March 21, 2014	April 15, 2014	\$ 0.165(4)
November 6, 2013	February 20, 2014	March 14, 2014	\$ 0.165(4)
November 6, 2013	January 21, 2014	February 14, 2014	\$ 0.165(4)
November 6, 2013	December 30, 2013	January 15, 2014	\$ 0.165(5)

Total

\$ 2.545

	Amount(1)		
Fiscal year 2013			
Total	\$	2.660(5)(6)	
Fiscal year 2012			
Total	\$	1.710(6)(7)	
Fiscal year 2011			
Total	\$	1.560(7)	
Fiscal year 2010			
Total	\$	1.500(8)	
Fiscal year 2009			
Total	\$	1.500(9)(10)	
Fiscal year 2008			
Total	\$	1.425(10)	
Fiscal year 2007			
Total	\$	0.330(11)	
Cumulative dividends declared or paid	\$	19.715	

(2)

These dividends attributable to fiscal year 2016 were comprised of ordinary income of \$1.911 per share, long term capital gain of \$0.761 per share, and qualified dividend income of \$0.058 per share, and included dividends with a record date during fiscal year 2016, including the dividend declared and accrued as of December 31, 2016 and paid on January 13, 2017, pursuant to the Code.

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The determination of the tax attributes of Main Street's distributions is made annually, based upon its taxable income for the full year and distributions paid for the full year. Ordinary dividend distributions from a RIC do not qualify for the tax rate applicable to "qualified dividend income" from domestic corporations and qualified foreign corporations, except to the extent that the RIC received the income in the form of qualifying dividends from domestic corporations and qualified foreign corporations.

(3)

These dividends attributable to fiscal year 2015 were comprised of ordinary income of \$2.325 per share, long term capital gain of \$0.231 per share, and qualified dividend income of \$0.105 per share, and included dividends with a record date during fiscal year 2015, including the dividend declared and accrued as of December 31, 2015 and paid on January 15, 2016, pursuant to the Code.

(4)

These dividends attributable to fiscal year 2014 were comprised of ordinary income of \$2.083 per share, long term capital gain of \$0.419 per share, and qualified dividend income of \$0.048 per share, and included dividends with a record date during fiscal year 2014, including the dividend declared and accrued as of December 31, 2014 and paid on January 15, 2015, pursuant to the Code.

(5)

These dividends attributable to fiscal year 2013 were comprised of ordinary income of \$1.872 per share, long term capital gain of \$0.346 per share, and qualified dividend income of \$0.457 per share, and included dividends with a record date during fiscal year 2013, including the dividend declared and accrued as of December 31, 2013 and paid on January 15, 2014, pursuant to the Code.

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(6)	
	These dividends attributable to fiscal year 2012 were comprised of ordinary income of \$0.923 per share, long term capital gain of \$0.748 per share, and qualified dividend income of \$0.054 per share, and included dividends with a record date during fiscal year 2012, including the dividend declared and accrued as of December 31, 2012 and paid on January 15, 2013, pursuant to the Code.
(7)	These dividends attributable to fiscal year 2011 were comprised of ordinary income of \$1.253 per share, long term capital gain of \$0.373 per share, and qualified dividend income of \$0.069 per share, and included dividends with a record date during fiscal year 2011, including the dividend declared and accrued as of December 31, 2011 and paid on January 16, 2012, pursuant to the Code.
(8)	These dividends attributable to fiscal year 2010 were comprised of ordinary income of \$1.220 per share, long term capital gain of \$0.268 per share, and qualified dividend income of \$0.012 per share.
(9)	These dividends attributable to fiscal year 2009 were comprised of ordinary income of \$1.218 per share and long term capital gain of \$0.157 per share and excluded the \$0.125 paid on January 15, 2009 which had been declared and accrued as of December 31, 2008.
(10)	These dividends attributable to fiscal year 2008 were comprised of ordinary income of \$0.953 per share and long term capital gain of \$0.597 per share, and included dividends with a record date during fiscal year 2008, including the \$0.125 per share dividend declared and accrued as of December 31, 2008 and paid on January 15, 2009, pursuant to the Code.
(11)	This quarterly dividend attributable to fiscal year 2007 was comprised of ordinary income of \$0.105 per share and long term capital gain of \$0.225 per share.

In accordance with the IRC sections 871(k) and 881(e), the following percentages represent the portion of our dividends that constitute interest-related dividends and short-term capital gains dividends for non-U.S. residents and foreign corporations.

Including the long-term capital gains discussed above, the following percentages represent the total dividends which are exempt from United States withholding tax.

Payment Dates	Interest-Related Dividends and Short-Term Capital Gain Dividend	Distributions Exempt from U.S. Withholding Tax(1)
2/17/2016	68.96%	75.79%
From 3/15/2016 to 5/16/2016	75.79%	75.79%
From 6/15/2016 to 6/27/2016	75.00%	75.00%
7/15/2016	0.00%	75.00%
8/15/2016	0.00%	92.75%
9/15/2016	0.00%	100.00%
From 10/14/2016 to 11/15/2016	0.00%	70.00%
12/13/2016	66.06%	70.00%
From 12/23/2016 to 1/13/2017	70.00%	70.00%

To the extent non-U.S. resident taxes were withheld on ordinary dividends distributed, this information may be considered in connection with any claims for refund of such taxes to be filed by the non-U.S. resident stockholder with the Internal Revenue Service.

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To obtain and maintain RIC tax treatment, we must, among other things, distribute at least 90% of our net ordinary taxable income and realized net short-term capital gains in excess of realized net long-term capital losses, if any. We will be subject to a 4% non-deductible U.S. federal excise tax on certain undistributed taxable income unless we distribute in a timely manner an amount at least equal to the sum of (1) 98% of our net ordinary taxable income for each calendar year, (2) 98.2% of our capital gain net income for the one-year period ending December 31 in that calendar year and (3) any taxable income recognized, but not distributed, in preceding years on which we paid no U.S. federal income tax. Dividends declared and paid by us in a year will generally differ from taxable income for that year, as such dividends may include the distribution of current year taxable income, less amounts carried over into the following year, and the distribution of prior year taxable income carried over into and distributed in the current year. For amounts we carry over into the following year, we will be required to pay a 4% U.S. federal excise tax on the amount by which 98% of our annual ordinary taxable income and 98.2% of capital gains exceeds our distributions for the year. We may retain for investment some or all of our net capital gains (i.e., realized net long-term capital gains in excess of realized net short-term capital losses) and treat such amounts as deemed distributions to our stockholders. If we do this, our stockholders will be treated as if they had received actual distributions of the capital gains we retained and then reinvested the net after-tax proceeds in our common stock. In general, our stockholders also would be eligible to claim a tax credit (or, in certain circumstances, a tax refund) equal to their allocable shares of the tax we paid on the capital gains deemed distributed to them. We can offer no assurance that we will achieve results that will permit the payment of any cash distributions and, if we issue senior securities, we may be prohibited from making distributions if doing so causes us to fail to maintain the asset coverage ratios stipulated by the 1940 Act or if distributions are limited by the terms of any of our borrowings.

We may distribute taxable dividends that are payable in part in our stock. Under certain applicable provisions of the Code and the Treasury regulations, distributions payable by us in cash or in shares of stock (at the stockholders election) would satisfy the Annual Distribution Requirement. The IRS has issued private letter rulings providing that a dividend payable in stock or in cash at the election of the stockholders will be treated as a taxable dividend eligible for the dividends paid deduction provided that at least 20% of the total dividend is payable in cash and certain other requirements are satisfied. Taxable stockholders receiving such dividends will be required to include the full amount of the dividend as ordinary income (or as long-term capital gain to the extent such dividend is properly reported as a capital gain dividend), to the extent of our current and accumulated earnings and profits for U.S. federal income tax purposes. As a result, a U.S. stockholder may be required to pay this tax, the sales proceeds may be less than the amount included in income with respect to the dividend, depending on the market price of our stock at the time of the sale. Furthermore, with respect to non-U.S. stockholders, we may be required to withhold U.S. tax with respect to such dividends, including in respect of all or a portion of such dividend that is payable in stock. In addition, if a significant number of our stockholders determine to sell shares of our stock in order to pay taxes owed on dividends, it may put downward pressure on the trading price of our stock.

We have adopted a dividend reinvestment plan ("DRIP") that provides for the reinvestment of dividends on behalf of our stockholders, unless a stockholder has elected to receive dividends in cash. As a result, if we declare a cash dividend, our stockholders who have not "opted out" of the DRIP by the dividend record date will have their cash dividend automatically reinvested into additional shares of MSCC common stock. The share requirements of the DRIP may be satisfied through the issuance of new shares of common stock or through open market purchases of common stock by the DRIP plan administrator. Newly issued shares will be valued based upon the final closing price of MSCC's common stock on a valuation date determined for each dividend by our Board of Directors. Shares purchased in the open market to satisfy the DRIP requirements will be valued based upon the average

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price of the applicable shares purchased by the DRIP plan administrator, before any associated brokerage or other costs.

RATIOS OF EARNINGS TO FIXED CHARGES

The following table contains our ratio of earnings to fixed charges for the periods indicated, computed as set forth below. You should read these ratios of earnings to fixed charges in connection with our consolidated financial statements, including the notes to those statements, included in this prospectus.

	Ended	Ended	For the Year Ended December 31, 2014	Ended	Ended
Earnings to Fixed					
Charges(1)	5.09	3.98	5.54	5.78	8.37

(1)

Earnings include net realized and unrealized gains or losses. Net realized and unrealized gains or losses can vary substantially from period to period.

For purposes of computing the ratios of earnings to fixed charges, earnings represent net increase in net assets resulting from operations plus (or minus) income tax expense (benefit) including excise tax expense plus fixed charges. Fixed charges include interest and credit facility fees expense and amortization of debt issuance costs.

SELECTED FINANCIAL DATA

The selected financial and other data below reflects the consolidated financial condition and the consolidated statement of operations of Main Street and its subsidiaries as of and for the years ended December 31, 2016, 2015, 2014, 2013 and 2012. The selected financial data as of and for the years ended December 31, 2016, 2015, 2014 have been derived from consolidated financial statements that have been audited by Grant Thornton LLP, an independent registered public accounting firm. You should read this selected financial and other data in conjunction with our "Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations," "Senior Securities" and the financial statements and related notes in this prospectus.

	Twelve Months Ended December 31,									
		2016		2015		2014		2013		2012
			(de	ollars in thous	and	ls, except per	sha	are amounts)		
Statement of operations data:			(
Investment income:										
Total interest, fee and dividend income	\$	178,165	\$	163,603	\$	139,939	\$	115,158	\$	88,858
Interest from idle funds and other		174		986		824		1,339		1,662
Total investment income		178,339		164,589		140,763		116,497		90,520
Expenses:										
Interest		(33,630)		(32,115)		(23,589)		(20,238)		(15,631)
Compensation		(16,408)		(14,852)		(12,337)		(8,560)		
General and administrative		(9,284)		(8,621)		(7,134)		(4,877)		(2,330)
Share-based compensation		(8,304)		(6,262)		(4,215)		(4,210)		(2,565)
Expenses charged to the External Investment Manager		5,089		4,335		2,048				
Expenses reimbursed to MSCP(1)								(3,189)		(10,669)
Total expenses		(62,537)		(57,515)		(45,227)		(41,074)		(31,195)
NT . ' '		115 000		107.074		05 526		75 400		50.225
Net investment income		115,802		107,074		95,536		75,423 7,277		59,325
Total net realized gain (loss) from investments		29,389		(21,316)		23,206		,		16,479
Total net realized loss from SBIC debentures Total net change in unrealized appreciation (depreciation) from								(4,775)		
investments		((57()		10,871		(77()		14 502		44 464
Total net change in unrealized appreciation (depreciation) from SBIC		(6,576)		10,871		(776)		14,503		44,464
debentures and investment in MSCP(1)		(943)		(879)		(10,931)		4,392		(5,004)
		1,227		8,687		(10,931) (6,287)		4,592		(10,820)
Income tax benefit (provision)		1,227		8,087		(0,287)		33		(10,820)
Net increase in net assets resulting from operations		138,899		104,437		100,748		96,855		104,444
Noncontrolling interest										(54)
Net increase in net assets resulting from operations attributable to										
common stock	\$	138,899	\$	104,437	\$	100,748	\$	96,855	\$	104,390
Net investment income per share basic and diluted	\$	2.23	\$	2.18	\$	2.20	\$	2.06	\$	2.01
Net increase in net assets resulting from operations attributable to										
common stock per share basic and diluted	\$	2.67	\$	2.13	\$	2.31	\$	2.65	\$	3.53
Weighted-average shares outstanding basic and diluted		52,025,002		49,071,492		43,522,397		36,617,850		29,540,114

(1)

As defined in "Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations Critical Accounting Policies Basis of Presentation."

	As of December 31,									
		2016 2015				2014		2013		2012
			(dollars in thousan							
Balance sheet data:										
Assets:										
Total portfolio investments at fair value	\$	1,996,906	\$	1,799,996	\$	1,563,330	\$	1,286,188	\$	924,431
Marketable securities and idle funds investments				3,693		9,067		13,301		28,535
Cash and cash equivalents		24,480		20,331		60,432		34,701		63,517
Interest receivable and other assets		37,123		37,638		46,406		16,054		14,580
Deferred financing costs, net of accumulated amortization		12,645		13,267		14,550		9,931		5,162
Deferred tax asset, net		9,125		4,003						
Total assets	\$	2,080,279	\$	1,878,928	\$	1,693,785	\$	1,360,175	\$	1,036,225
Liabilities and net assets:										
Credit facility	\$	343,000	\$	291.000	\$	218.000	\$	237.000	\$	132,000
SBIC debentures at fair value(1)	Ψ	239,603	Ψ	223,660	Ψ	222.781	Ψ	187.050	Ψ	211,467
4.50% Notes		175,000		175,000		175,000		107,050		211,107
6.125% Notes		90.655		90.738		90.823		90.882		
Accounts payable and other liabilities		14,205		12,292		10,701		10,549		8,593
Payable for securities purchased		2,184		2,311		14,773		27,088		20,661
Interest payable		4,103		3,959		4,848		2,556		3,562
Dividend payable		10,048		9,074		7.663		6,577		5,188
Deferred tax liability, net		10,040		2,074		9,214		5,940		11,778
						,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,		5,510		,

Total liabilities and net assets \$ 2,080,279 \$ 1,878,928 \$ 1,693,785 \$ 1,360,175 \$ 1,036,225

Other data:					
Weighted-average effective yield on LMM debt investments(2)	12.5%	12.2%	13.2%	14.7%	14.3%
Number of LMM portfolio companies	73	71	66	62	56
Weighted-average effective yield on Middle Market debt investments(2)	8.5%	8.0%	7.8%	7.8%	8.0%
Number of Middle Market portfolio companies	78	86	86	92	79
Weighted-average effective yield on Private Loan debt investments(2)	9.6%	9.5%	10.1%	11.3%	14.8%
Number of Private Loan portfolio companies	46	40	31	15	9
Expense ratios (as percentage of average net assets):					
Total expenses, including income tax expense	5.5%	4.6%	5.8%	5.8%	8.2%(3)
Operating expenses	5.6%	5.5%	5.1%	5.8%	6.1%(3)
Operating expenses, excluding interest expense	2.6%	2.4%	2.4%	3.0%	3.0%(3)
Total investment return(4)	37.4%	8.5%	3.1%	16.7%	53.6%
Total return based on change in NAV(5)	13.0%	11.1%	12.7%	15.1%	25.7%

878,798

1,201,481

808,034

1,070,894

753,803

939,982

(1)

Total liabilities

Total net asset value

SBIC debentures for December 31, 2016, 2015, 2014, 2013, and 2012 are \$240,000, \$225,000, \$225,000, \$200,200, and \$225,000 at par, respectively, with par of \$75,200 for December 31, 2016, 2015, 2014 and 2013, and \$100,000 for December 31, 2012 recorded at fair value of \$74,803, \$73,860, \$72,981, \$62,050, and \$86,467, as of December 31, 2016, 2015, 2014, 2013, and 2012, respectively.

(2)

Weighted-average effective yield is calculated based on our debt investments at the end of each period and includes amortization of deferred debt origination fees and accretion of original issue discount, but excludes liquidation fees payable upon repayment and any debt investments on non-accrual status. Weighted-average annual effective yield is higher than what an investor in shares of Main Street's common stock will realize on its investment because it does not reflect any debt investments on non-accrual status, Main Street's expenses or any sales load paid by an investor. For information on our investments on non-accrual status, see "Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations Portfolio Asset Quality" elsewhere in this prospectus.

393,249

642,976

567,642

792,533

Ratios are net of amounts attributable to MSC II non-controlling interest.

Total investment return based on purchase of stock at the current market price on the first day and a sale at the current market price on the last day of each period reported on the table and assumes reinvestment of dividends at prices obtained by Main Street's dividend reinvestment plan during the period. The return does not reflect any sales load that may be paid by an investor.

(5)

(3)

(4)

Total return based on change in net asset value was calculated using the sum of ending net asset value plus dividends to stockholders and other non-operating changes during the period, as divided by the beginning net asset value.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS OF FINANCIAL CONDITION AND RESULTS OF OPERATIONS

The following discussion should be read in conjunction with our consolidated financial statements and the notes thereto included elsewhere in this prospectus.

Statements we make in the following discussion which express a belief, expectation or intention, as well as those that are not historical fact, are forward-looking statements that are subject to risks, uncertainties and assumptions. Our actual results, performance or achievements, or industry results, could differ materially from those we express in the following discussion as a result of a variety of factors, including the risks and uncertainties we have referred to under the headings "Cautionary Statement Concerning Forward-Looking Statements" and "Risk Factors" in this prospectus.

ORGANIZATION

Main Street Capital Corporation ("MSCC") is a principal investment firm primarily focused on providing customized debt and equity financing to lower middle market ("LMM") companies and debt capital to middle market ("Middle Market") companies. The portfolio investments of MSCC and its consolidated subsidiaries are typically made to support management buyouts, recapitalizations, growth financings, refinancings and acquisitions of companies that operate in diverse industry sectors. MSCC seeks to partner with entrepreneurs, business owners and management teams and generally provides "one stop" financing alternatives within its LMM portfolio. MSCC and its consolidated subsidiaries invest primarily in secured debt investments, equity investments, warrants and other securities of LMM companies based in the United States and in secured debt investments of Middle Market companies generally headquartered in the United States.

MSCC was formed in March 2007 to operate as an internally managed business development company ("BDC") under the Investment Company Act of 1940, as amended (the "1940 Act"). MSCC wholly owns several investment funds, including Main Street Mezzanine Fund, LP ("MSMF"), Main Street Capital II, LP ("MSC II") and Main Street Capital III, LP ("MSC III" and, collectively with MSMF and MSC II, the "Funds"), and each of their general partners. The Funds are each licensed as a Small Business Investment Company ("SBIC") by the United States Small Business Administration ("SBA"). Because MSCC is internally managed, all of the executive officers and other employees are employed by MSCC. Therefore, MSCC does not pay any external investment advisory fees, but instead directly incurs the operating costs associated with employing investment and portfolio management professionals.

MSC Adviser I, LLC (the "External Investment Manager") was formed in November 2013 as a wholly owned subsidiary of MSCC to provide investment management and other services to parties other than MSCC and its subsidiaries or their portfolio companies ("External Parties") and receive fee income for such services. MSCC has been granted no-action relief by the Securities and Exchange Commission ("SEC") to allow the External Investment Manager to register as a registered investment adviser under Investment Advisers Act of 1940, as amended (the "Advisers Act"). Since the External Investment Manager conducts all of its investment management activities for External Parties, it is accounted for as a portfolio investment of MSCC and is not included as a consolidated subsidiary of MSCC in MSCC's consolidated financial statements.

MSCC has elected to be treated for U.S. federal income tax purposes as a regulated investment company ("RIC") under Subchapter M of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended (the "Code"). As a result, MSCC generally will not pay corporate-level U.S. federal income taxes on any net ordinary taxable income or capital gains that it distributes to its stockholders.

MSCC has certain direct and indirect wholly owned subsidiaries that have elected to be taxable entities (the "Taxable Subsidiaries"). The primary purpose of the Taxable Subsidiaries is to permit

MSCC to hold equity investments in portfolio companies which are "pass-through" entities for tax purposes. The External Investment Manager is also a direct wholly owned subsidiary that has elected to be a taxable entity. The Taxable Subsidiaries and the External Investment Manager are each taxed at their normal corporate tax rates based on their taxable income.

Unless otherwise noted or the context otherwise indicates, the terms "we," "us," "our," the "Company" and "Main Street" refer to MSCC and its consolidated subsidiaries, which include the Funds and the Taxable Subsidiaries.

OVERVIEW

Our principal investment objective is to maximize our portfolio's total return by generating current income from our debt investments and capital appreciation from our equity and equity-related investments, including warrants, convertible securities and other rights to acquire equity securities in a portfolio company. Our LMM companies generally have annual revenues between \$10 million and \$150 million, and our LMM portfolio investments generally range in size from \$5 million to \$50 million. Our Middle Market investments are made in businesses that are generally larger in size than our LMM portfolio companies, with annual revenues typically between \$150 million and \$1.5 billion, and our Middle Market investments generally range in size from \$3 million to \$15 million. Our private loan ("Private Loan") portfolio investments are primarily debt securities in privately held companies which have been originated through strategic relationships with other investment funds on a collaborative basis. Private Loan investments are typically similar in size, structure, terms and conditions to investments we hold in our LMM portfolio and Middle Market portfolio.

We seek to fill the financing gap for LMM businesses, which, historically, have had more limited access to financing from commercial banks and other traditional sources. The underserved nature of the LMM creates the opportunity for us to meet the financing needs of LMM companies while also negotiating favorable transaction terms and equity participations. Our ability to invest across a company's capital structure, from secured loans to equity securities, allows us to offer portfolio companies a comprehensive suite of financing options, or a "one stop" financing solution. Providing customized, "one stop" financing solutions is important to LMM portfolio companies. We generally seek to partner directly with entrepreneurs, management teams and business owners in making our investments. Our LMM portfolio debt investments are generally secured by a first lien on the assets of the portfolio company and typically have a term of between five and seven years from the original investment date.

Our Middle Market portfolio investments primarily consist of direct investments in or secondary purchases of interest-bearing debt securities in privately held companies that are generally larger in size than the companies included in our LMM portfolio. Our Middle Market portfolio debt investments are generally secured by either a first or second priority lien on the assets of the portfolio company and typically have an expected duration of between three and seven years from the original investment date.

Our Private Loan portfolio investments are primarily debt securities in privately held companies which have been originated through strategic relationships with other investment funds on a collaborative basis, and are often referred to in the debt markets as "club deals." Private Loan investments are typically similar in size, structure, terms and conditions to investments we hold in our LMM portfolio and Middle Market portfolio. Our Private Loan portfolio debt investments are generally secured by either a first or second priority lien on the assets of the portfolio company and typically have a term of between three and seven years from the original investment date.

Our other portfolio ("Other Portfolio") investments primarily consist of investments which are not consistent with the typical profiles for our LMM, Middle Market or Private Loan portfolio investments, including investments which may be managed by third parties. In our Other Portfolio, we may incur

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indirect fees and expenses in connection with investments managed by third parties, such as investments in other investment companies or private funds.

Our external asset management business is conducted through the External Investment Manager. The External Investment Manager earns management fees based on the assets of the funds under management and may earn incentive fees, or a carried interest, based on the performance of the funds managed. We have entered into an agreement with the External Investment Manager to share employees in connection with its asset management business generally, and specifically for its relationship with HMS Income Fund, Inc. ("HMS Income"). Through this agreement, we share employees with the External Investment Manager, including their related infrastructure, business relationships, management expertise and capital raising capabilities.

The following tables provide a summary of our investments in the LMM, Middle Market and Private Loan portfolios as of December 31, 2016 and 2015 (this information excludes the Other Portfolio investments and the External Investment Manager which are discussed further below):

	As of December 31, 2016						
	LI	MM(a)	Middle Market	Private Loan			
			(dollars in millions)				
Number of portfolio companies		73	78	46			
Fair value	\$	892.6	\$ 630.6 \$	\$ 342.9			
Cost	\$	760.3	\$ 646.8 \$	\$ 357.7			
% of portfolio at cost debt		69.1%	97.2%	93.5%			
% of portfolio at cost equity		30.9%	2.8%	6.5%			
% of debt investments at cost secured by first priority lien		92.1%	89.1%	89.0%			
Weighted-average annual effective yield(b)		12.5%	8.5%	9.6%			
Average EBITDA(c)	\$	5.9	\$ 98.6 5	\$ 22.7			

(a)

At December 31, 2016, we had equity ownership in approximately 99% of our LMM portfolio companies, and the average fully diluted equity ownership in those portfolio companies was approximately 36%.

(b)

The weighted-average annual effective yields were computed using the effective interest rates for all debt investments at cost as of December 31, 2016, including amortization of deferred debt origination fees and accretion of original issue discount but excluding fees payable upon repayment of the debt instruments and any debt investments on non-accrual status. Weighted-average annual effective yield is higher than what an investor in shares of our common stock will realize on its investment because it does not reflect our expenses or any sales load paid by an investor.

(c)

The average EBITDA is calculated using a simple average for the LMM portfolio and a weighted-average for the Middle Market and Private Loan portfolios. These calculations exclude certain portfolio companies, including five LMM portfolio companies, one Middle Market portfolio

company and three Private Loan portfolio companies, as EBITDA is not a meaningful valuation metric for our investments in these portfolio companies.

	As of December 31, 2015						
	Ll	MM(a)	Middle Market	Private Loan			
			(dollars in millions)				
Number of portfolio companies		71	86	40			
Fair value	\$	862.7 \$	586.9	\$ 248.3			
Cost	\$	685.6	637.2 \$	\$ 268.6			
% of portfolio at cost debt		70.4%	98.3%	94.3%			
% of portfolio at cost equity		29.6%	1.7%	5.7%			
% of debt investments at cost secured by first priority lien		91.8%	86.6%	87.3%			
Weighted-average annual effective yield(b)		12.2%	8.0%	9.5%			
Average EBITDA(c)	\$	6.0 \$	§ 98.8 S	\$ 13.1			

(a)

At December 31, 2015, we had equity ownership in approximately 96% of our LMM portfolio companies, and the average fully diluted equity ownership in those portfolio companies was approximately 36%.

(b)

The weighted-average annual effective yields were computed using the effective interest rates for all debt investments at cost as of December 31, 2015, including amortization of deferred debt origination fees and accretion of original issue discount but excluding fees payable upon repayment of the debt instruments and any debt investments on non-accrual status. Weighted-average annual effective yield is higher than what an investor in shares of our common stock will realize on its investment because it does not reflect our expenses or any sales load paid by an investor.

(c)

The average EBITDA is calculated using a simple average for the LMM portfolio and a weighted-average for the Middle Market and Private Loan portfolios. These calculations exclude certain portfolio companies, including five LMM portfolio companies, three Middle Market portfolio companies and six Private Loan portfolio companies, as EBITDA is not a meaningful valuation metric for our investments in these portfolio companies, and those portfolio companies whose primary purpose is to own real estate.

As of December 31, 2016, we had Other Portfolio investments in ten companies, collectively totaling approximately \$100.3 million in fair value and approximately \$107.1 million in cost basis and which comprised approximately 5.0% of our Investment Portfolio (as defined in " Critical Accounting Policies Basis of Presentation" below) at fair value. As of December 31, 2015, we had Other Portfolio investments in ten companies, collectively totaling approximately \$74.8 million in fair value and approximately \$75.2 million in cost basis and which comprised approximately 4.2% of our Investment Portfolio at fair value.

As previously discussed, the External Investment Manager is a wholly owned subsidiary that is treated as a portfolio investment. As of December 31, 2016, there was no cost basis in this investment and the investment had a fair value of approximately \$30.6 million, which comprised approximately 1.5% of our Investment Portfolio at fair value. As of December 31, 2015, there was no cost basis in this investment and the investment had a fair value of approximately \$27.3 million, which comprised approximately 1.5% of our Investment Portfolio at fair value.

Our portfolio investments are generally made through MSCC and the Funds. MSCC and the Funds share the same investment strategies and criteria, although they are subject to different regulatory regimes. An investor's return in MSCC will depend, in part, on the Funds' investment returns as they are wholly owned subsidiaries of MSCC.

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The level of new portfolio investment activity will fluctuate from period to period based upon our view of the current economic fundamentals, our ability to identify new investment opportunities that meet our investment criteria, and our ability to consummate the identified opportunities. The level of new investment activity, and associated interest and fee income, will directly impact future investment income. In addition, the level of dividends paid by portfolio companies and the portion of our portfolio debt investments on non-accrual status will directly impact future investment income. While we intend to grow our portfolio and our investment income over the long term, our growth and our operating results may be more limited during depressed economic periods. However, we intend to appropriately manage our cost structure and liquidity position based on applicable economic conditions and our investment outlook. The level of realized gains or losses and unrealized appreciation or depreciation on our investments will also fluctuate depending upon portfolio activity, economic conditions and the performance of our individual portfolio companies. The changes in realized gains and losses and unrealized appreciation or depreciation could have a material impact on our operating results.

Because we are internally managed, we do not pay any external investment advisory fees, but instead directly incur the operating costs associated with employing investment and portfolio management professionals. We believe that our internally managed structure provides us with a beneficial operating expense structure when compared to other publicly traded and privately held investment firms which are externally managed, and our internally managed structure allows us the opportunity to leverage our non-interest operating expenses as we grow our Investment Portfolio. For the years ended December 31, 2016 and 2015, the ratio of our total operating expenses, excluding interest expense, as a percentage of our quarterly average total assets was 1.5% and 1.4%, respectively.

During May 2012, we entered into an investment sub-advisory agreement with HMS Adviser, LP ("HMS Adviser"), which is the investment advisor to HMS Income, a non-listed BDC, to provide certain investment advisory services to HMS Adviser. In December 2013, after obtaining required no-action relief from the SEC to allow us to own a registered investment advisor, we assigned the sub-advisory agreement to the External Investment Manager since the fees received from such arrangement could otherwise have negative consequences on our ability to meet the source-of-income requirement necessary for us to maintain our RIC tax treatment. Under the investment sub-advisory agreement, the External Investment Manager is entitled to 50% of the base management fee and the incentive fees earned by HMS Adviser under its advisory agreement with HMS Income. Based upon several fee waiver agreements with HMS Income and HMS Adviser, the External Investment Manager did not begin accruing the base management fee and incentive fees, if any, until January 1, 2014. The External Investment Manager has conditionally agreed to waive a limited amount of the incentive fees otherwise earned. During the years ended December 31, 2016, 2015 and 2014, the External Investment Manager earned \$9.5 million, \$7.8 million, respectively, of management fees (net of fees waived, if any) under the sub-advisory agreement with HMS Adviser.

During April 2014, we received an exemptive order from the SEC permitting co-investments by us and HMS Income in certain negotiated transactions where co-investing would otherwise be prohibited under the 1940 Act. We have made, and in the future intend to continue to make, such co-investments with HMS Income in accordance with the conditions of the order. The order requires, among other things, that we and the External Investment Manager consider whether each such investment opportunity is appropriate for HMS Income and, if it is appropriate, to propose an allocation of the investment opportunity between us and HMS Income. Because the External Investment Manager may receive performance-based fee compensation from HMS Income, this may provide it an incentive to allocate opportunities to HMS Income instead of us. However, both we and the External Investment Manager have policies and procedures in place to manage this conflict.

CRITICAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Basis of Presentation

Our consolidated financial statements are prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles in the United States of America ("U.S. GAAP"). For each of the periods presented herein, our consolidated financial statements include the accounts of MSCC and its consolidated subsidiaries. The Investment Portfolio, as used herein, refers to all of our investments in LMM portfolio companies, investments in Middle Market portfolio companies, Private Loan portfolio investments, Other Portfolio investments, and the investment in the External Investment Manager, but excludes all "Marketable securities and idle funds investments." "Marketable securities and idle funds investments" are classified as financial instruments and are reported separately on our consolidated balance sheets and consolidated schedules of investments due to the nature of such investments. Our results of operations and cash flows for the years ended December 31, 2016, 2015 and 2014 and financial position as of December 31, 2016 and 2015, are presented on a consolidated basis. The effects of all intercompany transactions between us and our consolidated subsidiaries have been eliminated in consolidation.

Under regulations pursuant to Article 6 of Regulation S-X applicable to BDCs and Accounting Standards Codification ("ASC") 946, *Financial Services Investment Companies* ("ASC 946"), we are precluded from consolidating other entities in which we have equity investments, including those in which we have a controlling interest, unless the other entity is another investment company. An exception to this general principle in ASC 946 occurs if we hold a controlling interest in an operating company that provides all or substantially all of its services directly to us or to any of our portfolio companies. Accordingly, as noted above, our consolidated financial statements include the financial position and operating results for the Funds and the Taxable Subsidiaries. We have determined that all of our portfolio investments do not qualify for this exception, including the investment in the External Investment Manager. Therefore, our Investment Portfolio is carried on the consolidated balance sheet at fair value with any adjustments to fair value recognized as "Net Change in Unrealized Appreciation (Depreciation)" on the consolidated statements of operations until the investment is realized, usually upon exit, resulting in any gain or loss being recognized as a "Net Realized Gain (Loss)."

Portfolio Investment Valuation

The most significant determination inherent in the preparation of our consolidated financial statements is the valuation of our Investment Portfolio and the related amounts of unrealized appreciation and depreciation. As of both December 31, 2016 and 2015, our Investment Portfolio valued at fair value represented approximately 96% of our total assets. We are required to report our investments at fair value. We follow the provisions of Financial Accounting Standards Board ("FASB") ASC 820, *Fair Value Measurements and Disclosures* ("ASC 820"). ASC 820 defines fair value, establishes a framework for measuring fair value, establishes a fair value hierarchy based on the quality of inputs used to measure fair value, and enhances disclosure requirements for fair value measurements. ASC 820 requires us to assume that the portfolio investment is to be sold in the principal market to independent market participants, which may be a hypothetical market. Market participants are defined as buyers and sellers in the principal market that are independent, knowledgeable and willing and able to transact. See "Note B.1. Valuation of the Investment Portfolio" in the notes to consolidated financial statements for a detailed discussion of our investment portfolio valuation process and procedures.

Due to the inherent uncertainty in the valuation process, our determination of fair value for our Investment Portfolio may differ materially from the values that would have been determined had a ready market for the securities existed. In addition, changes in the market environment, portfolio company performance and other events that may occur over the lives of the investments may cause the



gains or losses ultimately realized on these investments to be materially different than the valuations currently assigned. We determine the fair value of each individual investment and record changes in fair value as unrealized appreciation or depreciation.

Our Board of Directors has the final responsibility for overseeing, reviewing and approving, in good faith, our determination of the fair value for our Investment Portfolio and our valuation procedures, consistent with 1940 Act requirements. We believe our Investment Portfolio as of December 31, 2016 and 2015 approximates fair value as of those dates based on the markets in which we operate and other conditions in existence on those reporting dates.

Revenue Recognition

Interest and Dividend Income

We record interest and dividend income on the accrual basis to the extent amounts are expected to be collected. Dividend income is recorded as dividends are declared by the portfolio company or at the point an obligation exists for the portfolio company to make a distribution. In accordance with our valuation policies, we evaluate accrued interest and dividend income periodically for collectability. When a loan or debt security becomes 90 days or more past due, and if we otherwise do not expect the debtor to be able to service all of its debt or other obligations, we will generally place the loan or debt security on non-accrual status and cease recognizing interest income on that loan or debt security until the borrower has demonstrated the ability and intent to pay contractual amounts due. If a loan or debt security's status significantly improves regarding the debtor's ability to service the debt or other obligations, or if a loan or debt security is fully impaired, sold or written off, we remove it from non-accrual status.

Fee Income

We may periodically provide services, including structuring and advisory services, to our portfolio companies or other third parties. For services that are separately identifiable and evidence exists to substantiate fair value, fee income is recognized as earned, which is generally when the investment or other applicable transaction closes. Fees received in connection with debt financing transactions for services that do not meet these criteria are treated as debt origination fees and are deferred and accreted into income over the life of the financing.

Payment-in-Kind ("PIK") Interest and Cumulative Dividends

We hold certain debt and preferred equity instruments in our Investment Portfolio that contain PIK interest and cumulative dividend provisions. The PIK interest, computed at the contractual rate specified in each debt agreement, is periodically added to the principal balance of the debt and is recorded as interest income. Thus, the actual collection of this interest may be deferred until the time of debt principal repayment. Cumulative dividends are recorded as dividend income, and any dividends in arrears are added to the balance of the preferred equity investment. The actual collection of these dividends in arrears may be deferred until such time as the preferred equity is redeemed or sold. To maintain RIC tax treatment (as discussed below), these non-cash sources of income may need to be paid out to stockholders in the form of distributions, even though we may not have collected the PIK interest and cumulative dividends in cash. We stop accruing PIK interest and cumulative dividends and write off any accrued and uncollected interest and dividends in arrears when we determine that such PIK interest and dividends in arrears are no longer collectible. For the years ended December 31, 2016, 2015 and 2014, (i) approximately 3.6%, 2.2% and 3.3% respectively, of our total investment income was attributable to PIK interest income not paid currently in cash and (ii) approximately 1.2%, 1.0%, 1.3%, respectively, of our total investment income was attributable to cumulative dividend income not paid currently in cash.



Share-Based Compensation

We account for our share-based compensation plans using the fair value method, as prescribed by ASC 718, *Compensation Stock Compensation*. Accordingly, for restricted stock awards, we measure the grant date fair value based upon the market price of our common stock on the date of the grant and amortize the fair value of the awards as share-based compensation expense over the requisite service period, which is generally the vesting term.

Income Taxes

MSCC has elected to be treated for U.S. federal income tax purposes as a RIC. MSCC's taxable income includes the taxable income generated by MSCC and certain of its subsidiaries, including the Funds, which are treated as disregarded entities for tax purposes. As a RIC, MSCC generally will not pay corporate-level U.S. federal income taxes on any net ordinary taxable income or capital gains that MSCC distributes to its stockholders. MSCC must generally distribute at least 90% of its "investment company taxable income" (which is generally its net ordinary taxable income and realized net short-term capital gains in excess of realized net long-term capital losses) and 90% of its tax-exempt income to maintain its RIC status (pass-through tax treatment for amounts distributed). As part of maintaining RIC status, undistributed taxable income (subject to a 4% non-deductible U.S. federal excise tax) pertaining to a given fiscal year may be distributed up to 12 months subsequent to the end of that fiscal year, provided such dividends are declared on or prior to the later of (i) filing of the U.S. federal income tax return for the applicable fiscal year or (ii) the fifteenth day of the ninth month following the close of the year in which such taxable income was generated.

The Taxable Subsidiaries primarily hold certain portfolio investments for us. The Taxable Subsidiaries permit us to hold equity investments in portfolio companies which are "pass-through" entities for tax purposes and to continue to comply with the "source-income" requirements contained in the RIC tax provisions of the Code. The Taxable Subsidiaries are consolidated with us for U.S. GAAP financial reporting purposes, and the portfolio investments held by the Taxable Subsidiaries are included in our consolidated financial statements as portfolio investments and recorded at fair value. The Taxable Subsidiaries are not consolidated with MSCC for income tax purposes and may generate income tax expense, or benefit, and tax assets and liabilities, as a result of their ownership of certain portfolio investments. The taxable income, or loss, of the Taxable Subsidiaries may differ from their book income, or loss, due to temporary book and tax timing differences and permanent differences. This income tax expense, or benefit, if any, and the related tax assets and liabilities, are reflected in our consolidated financial statements.

The Taxable Subsidiaries use the liability method in accounting for income taxes. Deferred tax assets and liabilities are recorded for temporary differences between the tax basis of assets and liabilities and their reported amounts in the consolidated financial statements, using statutory tax rates in effect for the year in which the temporary differences are expected to reverse. A valuation allowance is provided, if necessary, against deferred tax assets when it is more likely than not that some portion or all of the deferred tax asset will not be realized.

Taxable income generally differs from net income for financial reporting purposes due to temporary and permanent differences in the recognition of income and expenses. Taxable income generally excludes net unrealized appreciation or depreciation, as investment gains or losses are not included in taxable income until they are realized.

INVESTMENT PORTFOLIO COMPOSITION

Our LMM portfolio investments primarily consist of secured debt, equity warrants and direct equity investments in privately held, LMM companies based in the United States. Our LMM portfolio companies generally have annual revenues between \$10 million and \$150 million, and our LMM



investments generally range in size from \$5 million to \$50 million. The LMM debt investments are typically secured by either a first or second priority lien on the assets of the portfolio company, generally bear interest at fixed rates, and generally have a term of between five and seven years from the original investment date. In most LMM portfolio companies, we receive nominally priced equity warrants and/or make direct equity investments in connection with a debt investment.

Our Middle Market portfolio investments primarily consist of direct investments in or secondary purchases of interest-bearing debt securities in privately held companies based in the United States that are generally larger in size than the companies included in our LMM portfolio. Our Middle Market portfolio companies generally have annual revenues between \$150 million and \$1.5 billion, and our Middle Market investments generally range in size from \$3 million to \$15 million. Our Middle Market portfolio debt investments are generally secured by either a first or second priority lien on the assets of the portfolio company and typically have a term of between three and seven years from the original investment date.

Our Private Loan portfolio investments are primarily debt securities in privately held companies which have been originated through strategic relationships with other investment funds on a collaborative basis, and are often referred to in the debt markets as "club deals." Private Loan investments are typically similar in size, structure, terms and conditions to investments we hold in our LMM portfolio and Middle Market portfolio. Our Private Loan portfolio debt investments are generally secured by either a first or second priority lien on the assets of the portfolio company and typically have a term of between three and seven years from the original investment date.

Our Other Portfolio investments primarily consist of investments which are not consistent with the typical profiles for LMM, Middle Market and Private Loan portfolio investments, including investments which may be managed by third parties. In the Other Portfolio, we may incur indirect fees and expenses in connection with investments managed by third parties, such as investments in other investment companies or private funds.

Our external asset management business is conducted through the External Investment Manager. The External Investment Manager earns management fees based on the assets of the funds under management and may earn incentive fees, or a carried interest, based on the performance of the funds managed. We have entered into an agreement with the External Investment Manager to share employees in connection with its asset management business generally, and specifically for its relationship with HMS Income. Through this agreement, we share employees with the External Investment Manager, including their related infrastructure, business relationships, management expertise and capital raising capabilities. In the first quarter of 2014, we began allocating costs to the External Investment Manager pursuant to the sharing agreement. Our total expenses for the years ended December 31, 2016, 2015 and 2014 are net of expenses allocated to the External Investment Manager of \$5.1 million, \$4.3 million and \$2.0 million, respectively. The External Investment Manager earns management fees based on the assets of the funds under management and may earn incentive fees, or a carried interest, based on the performance of the funds managed. The total contribution of the External Investment Manager to our net investment income consists of the combination of the expenses allocated to the External Investment Manager and dividend income from the External Investment Manager. For the years ended December 31, 2016, 2015 and 2014, the total contribution to our net investment income was \$7.9 million, \$6.5 million, and \$2.5 million, respectively.

The following tables summarize the composition of our total combined LMM portfolio investments, Middle Market portfolio investments and Private Loan portfolio investments at cost and fair value by type of investment as a percentage of the total combined LMM portfolio investments, Middle Market portfolio investments and Private Loan portfolio investments as of December 31, 2016

and 2015 (this information excludes the Other Portfolio investments and the External Investment Manager).

Cost:	December 31, 2016	December 31, 2015
First lien debt	76.1%	75.8%
Equity	14.5%	13.5%
Second lien debt	7.7%	8.7%
Equity warrants	1.1%	0.9%
Other	0.6%	1.1%
	100.0%	100.0%

Fair Value:	December 31, 2016	December 31, 2015
First lien debt	68.7%	66.1%
Equity	22.6%	24.9%
Second lien debt	7.2%	7.7%
Equity warrants	0.9%	0.6%
Other	0.6%	0.7%
	100.0%	100.0%

Our LMM portfolio investments, Middle Market portfolio investments and Private Loan portfolio investments carry a number of risks including: (1) investing in companies which may have limited operating histories and financial resources; (2) holding investments that generally are not publicly traded and which may be subject to legal and other restrictions on resale; and (3) other risks common to investing in below investment grade debt and equity investments in our Investment Portfolio. Please see "Risk Factors Risks Related to Our Investments" for a more complete discussion of the risks involved with investing in our Investment Portfolio.

PORTFOLIO ASSET QUALITY

We utilize an internally developed investment rating system to rate the performance of each LMM portfolio company and to monitor our expected level of returns on each of our LMM investments in relation to our expectations for the portfolio company. The investment rating system takes into consideration various factors, including each investment's expected level of returns, the collectability of our debt investments and the ability to receive a return of the invested capital in our equity investments, comparisons to competitors and other industry participants, the portfolio company's future outlook and other factors that are deemed to be significant to the portfolio company.

Investment Rating 1 represents a LMM portfolio company that is performing in a manner which significantly exceeds expectations.

Investment Rating 2 represents a LMM portfolio company that, in general, is performing above expectations.

Investment Rating 3 represents a LMM portfolio company that is generally performing in accordance with expectations.

Investment Rating 4 represents a LMM portfolio company that is underperforming expectations. Investments with such a rating require increased monitoring and scrutiny by us.

Investment Rating 5 represents a LMM portfolio company that is significantly underperforming. Investments with such a rating require heightened levels of monitoring and scrutiny by us and involve the recognition of significant unrealized depreciation on such investment.

All new LMM portfolio investments receive an initial Investment Rating of 3.

The following table shows the distribution of our LMM portfolio investments on the 1 to 5 investment rating scale at fair value as of December 31, 2016 and 2015:

	As of December 31, 2016			As of Decem	nber 31, 2015				
Investment Rating		vestments at Fair Value	Percentage of Total Portfolio	Investments at Fair Value	Percentage of Total Portfolio				
			(dollars in th	thousands)					
1	\$	253,420	28.4% \$	\$ 332,606	38.6%				
2		258,085	28.9%	143,268	16.6%				
3		294,807	33.0%	277,160	32.1%				
4		75,433	8.5%	107,926	12.5%				
5		10,847	1.2%	1,750	0.2%				
Total	\$	892,592	100.0% \$	\$ 862,710	100.0%				

Based upon our investment rating system, the weighted-average rating of our LMM portfolio was approximately 2.3 and 2.2 as of December 31, 2016 and 2015, respectively.

As of December 31, 2016, our total Investment Portfolio had four investments on non-accrual status, which comprised approximately 0.6% of its fair value and 3.0% of its cost. As of December 31, 2015, our total Investment Portfolio had six investments on non-accrual status, which comprised approximately 0.4% of its fair value and 3.7% of its cost.

The operating results of our portfolio companies are impacted by changes in the broader fundamentals of the United States economy. In the event that the United States economy contracts, it is likely that the financial results of small to mid-sized companies, like those in which we invest, could experience deterioration or limited growth from current levels, which could ultimately lead to difficulty in meeting their debt service requirements, to an increase in defaults on our debt investments and to difficulty in maintaining historical dividend payment rates on our equity investments. Consequently, we can provide no assurance that the performance of certain portfolio companies will not be negatively impacted by economic cycles or other conditions, which could also have a negative impact on our future results.

DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS OF RESULTS OF OPERATIONS

Comparison of the year ended December 31, 2016 and 2015

	Twelve Mo Decem			Net Change			
	2016		2015	1	Amount	%	
		(do	llars in thou	sand	ls)		
Total investment income	\$ 178,339	\$	164,589	\$	13,750	8%	
Total expenses	(62,537)		(57,515)		(5,022)	9%	
Net investment income	115,802		107,074		8,728	8%	
Net realized gain (loss) from investments	29,389		(21,316)		50,705		
Net change in net unrealized appreciation (depreciation) from:							
Portfolio investments	(8,305)		11,048		(19,353)		
SBIC debentures and marketable securities and idle funds	786		(1,056)		1,842		
Total net change in net unrealized appreciation (depreciation)	(7,519)		9,992		(17,511)		
Income tax benefit	1,227		8,687		(7,460)		
Net increase in net assets resulting from operations	\$ 138,899	\$	104,437	\$	34,462	33%	

	Twelve Mo Decem		ge					
	2016 (dollars	s in tl	2015 housands, ex		Amount per share	%		
	amounts)							
Net investment income	\$ 115,802	\$	107,074	\$	8,728	8%		
Share-based compensation expense	8,304		6,262		2,042	33%		
Distributable net investment income(a)	\$ 124,106	\$	113,336	\$	10,770	10%		
Net investment income per share Basic and diluted	\$ 2.23	\$	2.18	\$	0.05	2%		
Distributable net investment income per share Basic and diluted(a)	\$ 2.39	\$	2.31	\$	0.08	3%		

⁽a)

Distributable net investment income is net investment income as determined in accordance with U.S. GAAP, excluding the impact of share-based compensation expense which is non-cash in nature. We believe presenting distributable net investment income and related per share amounts is useful and appropriate supplemental disclosure of information for analyzing our financial performance since share-based compensation does not require settlement in cash. However, distributable net investment income is a non-U.S. GAAP measure and should not be considered as a replacement to net investment income and other earnings measures presented in accordance with U.S. GAAP. Instead, distributable net investment income should be reviewed only in connection with such U.S. GAAP measures

in analyzing our financial performance. A reconciliation of net investment income in accordance with U.S. GAAP to distributable net investment income is presented in the table above.

Investment Income

For the year ended December 31, 2016, total investment income was \$178.3 million, an 8% increase over the \$164.6 million of total investment income for the corresponding period of 2015. This comparable period increase was principally attributable to (i) a \$7.4 million increase in interest income primarily related to higher average levels of portfolio debt investments and (ii) a \$7.9 million increase

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in dividend income from Investment Portfolio equity investments, partially offset by (i) a \$0.7 million decrease in fee income and (ii) a \$0.8 million decrease in investment income from Marketable securities and idle funds investments. The \$13.8 million increase in total investment income in the year ended December 31, 2016 includes an increase of \$1.7 million related to dividend income activity from portfolio companies that is considered to be less consistent on a recurring basis or non-recurring during the period when compared to the same period in 2015, partially offset by a decrease of \$0.4 million primarily related to lower accelerated prepayment and repricing activity for certain Investment Portfolio debt investments when compared to the same period in 2015.

Expenses

For the year ended December 31, 2016, total expenses increased to \$62.5 million from \$57.5 million for the corresponding period of 2015. This comparable period increase in operating expenses was principally attributable to (i) a \$2.0 million increase in share-based compensation expense, (ii) a \$1.6 million increase in compensation expense related to increases in the number of personnel, base compensation levels and incentive compensation accruals, (iii) a \$1.5 million increase in interest expense, primarily due to an increase in interest expense on the Credit Facility due to the higher average interest rate and balance outstanding in the year ended December 31, 2016 and (iv) a \$0.7 million increase in general and administrative expenses, with these increases partially offset by a \$0.8 million increase in the expenses allocated to the External Investment Manager, in each case when compared to the same period in the prior year. For the year ended December 31, 2016, the ratio of our total operating expenses, excluding interest expense, as a percentage of our quarterly average total assets was 1.5% compared to 1.4% for the year ended December 31, 2015.

Net Investment Income

Net investment income for the year ended December 31, 2016 was \$115.8 million, or an 8% increase, compared to net investment income of \$107.1 million for the corresponding period of 2015. The increase in net investment income was principally attributable to the increase in total investment income, partially offset by higher operating expenses as discussed above.

Distributable Net Investment Income

For the year ended December 31, 2016, distributable net investment income increased 10% to \$124.1 million, or \$2.39 per share, compared with \$113.3 million, or \$2.31 per share, in the corresponding period of 2015. The increase in distributable net investment income was primarily due to the higher level of total investment income, partially offset by higher operating expenses both as discussed above. Distributable net investment income on a per share basis for the year ended December 31, 2016 reflects an increase of approximately \$0.03 per share from the comparable period in 2015 attributable to the increase in dividend income that is considered to be less consistent on a recurring basis or non-recurring, partially offset by (i) a decrease of approximately \$0.01 per share from the comparable period in 2015 attributable to the net decrease in the comparable levels of accelerated prepayment, repricing and other activity for certain Investment Portfolio debt investments and (ii) a greater number of average shares outstanding compared to the corresponding period in 2015 primarily due to the March 2015 equity offering, shares issued through the ATM Program (as defined in " Liquidity and Capital Resources Capital Resources" below) and shares issued pursuant to our restricted stock plan and dividend reinvestment plan.

Net Increase in Net Assets Resulting from Operations

The net increase in net assets resulting from operations during the year ended December 31, 2016 was \$138.9 million, or \$2.67 per share, compared with \$104.4 million, or \$2.13 per share, during the year ended December 31, 2015. This \$34.5 million increase from the same period in the prior year

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period was primarily the result of (i) a \$50.7 million increase in the net realized gain (loss) from investments from a net realized loss of \$21.3 million during the year ended December 31, 2015 to a net realized gain of \$29.4 million for the year ended December 31, 2016 and (ii) an \$8.7 million increase in net investment income as discussed above, partially offset by (i) a \$17.5 million decrease in net change in unrealized appreciation (depreciation), including accounting reversals relating to the realized gains (losses), from net unrealized appreciation of \$10.0 million for the year ended December 31, 2015 to net unrealized depreciation of \$7.5 million for the year ended December 31, 2016 and (ii) a \$7.5 million decrease in the income tax benefit from the same period in the prior year. The net realized gain of \$29.4 million for the year ended December 31, 2016 and (ii) the net realized gain of \$57.5 million on the exit five LMM investments and (ii) the net realized gain of \$4.2 million due to activity in our Other Portfolio, partially offset by (i) the realized loss of \$9.6 million on the exit of three Private Loan investments, (ii) the realized loss of \$17.0 million related to the restructuring of five Middle Market investments, (iii) the net realized loss of \$4.7 million on the exit of two Middle Market investments and (iv) the realized loss of \$1.6 million on the exit of a Marketable securities and idle funds investment.

The following table provides a summary of the total net unrealized depreciation of \$7.5 million for the year ended December 31, 2016:

		Т		e Month liddle		led Dece ivate	embe	er 31, 2016		
	Ll	MM(a)	Μ	arket	Loan		Other(b)		Т	'otal
				(do	llars	in millio	ons)			
Accounting reversals of net unrealized (appreciation) depreciation recognized in prior periods due to net realized (gains)/losses recognized during period	\$	(53.1)	\$	25.7	\$	9.5	\$	(3.5)	\$	(21.4)
Net change in unrealized appreciation (depreciation) relating to portfolio investments		8.2		8.4		(4.0)		0.5		13.1
Total net change in unrealized appreciation (depreciation) relating to portfolio investments	\$	(44.9)	\$	34.1	\$	5.5	\$	(3.0)	\$	(8.3)
Net change in unrealized appreciation relating to marketable securities										1.7
Unrealized depreciation relating to SBIC debentures(c)										(0.9)
Total net change in unrealized appreciation (depreciation)									\$	(7.5)

(a)

LMM includes unrealized appreciation on 31 LMM portfolio investments and unrealized depreciation on 27 LMM portfolio investments.

(b)

Other includes \$3.3 million of unrealized appreciation relating to the External Investment Manager offset by \$2.8 million of net unrealized depreciation relating to the Other Portfolio.

(c)

Relates to unrealized depreciation on the SBIC debentures held by MSC II which are accounted for on a fair value basis.

The income tax benefit for the year ended December 31, 2016 of \$1.2 million principally consisted of a deferred tax benefit of \$3.3 million, which is primarily the result of the net activity relating to our portfolio investments held in our Taxable Subsidiaries, including changes in loss carryforwards, changes in net unrealized appreciation/depreciation and other temporary book-tax differences, partially offset by other current tax expense related to (i) a \$1.7 million accrual for excise tax on our estimated undistributed taxable income and (ii) other current tax expense of \$0.4 million related to accruals for U.S. federal and state income taxes.

Comparison of years ended December 31, 2015 and 2014

	Twelve Mor Decem			Net Change				
	2015		2014	A	Amount	%		
		(do	llars in thou	sand	ls)			
Total investment income	\$ 164,589	\$	140,763	\$	23,826	17%		
Total expenses	(57,515)		(45,227)		(12,288)	27%		
Net investment income	107,074		95,536		11,538	12%		
Net realized gain (loss) from investments	(21,316)		23,206		(44,522)			
Net change in net unrealized appreciation (depreciation) from:								
Portfolio investments	11,048		(824)		11,872			
SBIC debentures and marketable securities and idle funds	(1,056)		(10,883)		9,827			
Total net change in net unrealized appreciation (depreciation)	9,992		(11,707)		21,699			
Income tax benefit (provision)	8,687		(6,287)		14,974			
•								
Net increase in net assets resulting from operations	\$ 104,437	\$	100,748	\$	3,689	4%		

	Twelve Mor Decemb			e		
	2015 (dollars	2014 Iousands, e	-	Amount ot per share	%	
			amounts)		
Net investment income	\$ 107,074	\$	95,536	\$	11,538	12%
Share-based compensation expense	6,262		4,215		2,047	49%
Distributable net investment income(a)	\$ 113,336	\$	99,751	\$	13,585	14%
Net investment income per share Basic and diluted	\$ 2.18	\$	2.20	\$	(0.02)	(1)%
Distributable net investment income per share Basic and diluted(a)	\$ 2.31	\$	2.29	\$	0.02	1%

(a)

Distributable net investment income is net investment income as determined in accordance with U.S. GAAP, excluding the impact of share-based compensation expense which is non-cash in nature. We believe presenting distributable net investment income and related per share amounts is useful and appropriate supplemental disclosure of information for analyzing our financial performance since share-based compensation does not require settlement in cash. However, distributable net investment income is a non U.S. GAAP measure and should not be considered as a replacement to net investment income and other earnings measures presented in accordance with U.S. GAAP. Instead, distributable net investment income should be reviewed only in connection with such U.S. GAAP measures in analyzing our financial performance. A reconciliation of net investment income in accordance with U.S. GAAP to distributable net investment income is presented in the table above.

Investment Income

For the year ended December 31, 2015, total investment income was \$164.6 million, a 17% increase over the \$140.8 million of total investment income for the corresponding period of 2014. This comparable period increase was principally attributable to (i) a \$21.0 million net increase in interest income primarily related to higher average levels of portfolio debt investments, (ii) a \$0.7 million net increase in fee income and (iii) a \$2.0 million net increase in dividend income from Investment Portfolio equity investments. The \$23.8 million increase in total investment income in the year ended

December 31, 2015 includes a decrease of \$1.7 million primarily related to a decrease in interest income due to lower accelerated prepayment and repricing activity for certain Investment Portfolio debt investments when compared to the same period in 2014 and a decrease of \$1.6 million related to dividend income activity from portfolio companies that is considered to be less consistent on a recurring basis during the period when compared to the same period in 2014.

Expenses

For the year ended December 31, 2015, total expenses increased to \$57.5 million from \$45.2 million for the corresponding period of 2014. This comparable period increase in operating expenses was principally attributable to (i) a \$8.5 million increase in interest expense, primarily due to a \$7.3 million increase as a result of the issuance of our 4.50% Notes in November 2014 and an increase of \$0.8 million related to interest on the Credit Facility due to the higher average balance outstanding in 2015, both when compared to the prior year, and (ii) a \$2.5 million increase in compensation expense related to increases in the number of personnel, base compensation levels and incentive compensation accruals, (iii) a \$2.0 million increase in share-based compensation expense and (iv) a \$1.5 million increase in general and other administrative expenses, with these increases partially offset by a \$2.3 million increase in the expenses charged to the External Investment Manager (see further discussion in "Overview"), in each case when compared to the prior year. For the years ended December 31, 2015 and 2014, the ratio of our total operating expenses, excluding interest expense, as a percentage of our quarterly average total assets was 1.4%.

Distributable Net Investment Income

For the year ended December 31, 2015, distributable net investment income increased 14% to \$113.3 million, or \$2.31 per share, compared with \$99.8 million, or \$2.29 per share, in the corresponding period of 2014. The increase in distributable net investment income was primarily due to the higher level of total investment income, partially offset by higher operating expenses as discussed above. Distributable net investment income on a per share basis for the year ended December 31, 2015 reflects (i) a decrease of approximately \$0.05 per share from the comparable period in 2014 attributable to the net decrease in the comparable levels of accelerated prepayment and repricing activity for certain Investment Portfolio debt investments as discussed above, (ii) a decrease of approximately \$0.04 per share attributable to the decrease in the dividend income that is considered to be less consistent on a recurring basis as discussed above and (iii) a greater number of average shares outstanding compared to the corresponding period in 2014 primarily due to the April 2014 and March 2015 equity offerings, the shares issued through the ATM Program (as defined in " Liquidity and Capital Resources Capital Resources" below) and shares issued pursuant to our dividend reinvestment plan.

Net Investment Income

Net investment income for the year ended December 31, 2015 was \$107.1 million, or a 12% increase, compared to net investment income of \$95.5 million for the corresponding period of 2014. The increase in net investment income was principally attributable to the increase in total investment income, partially offset by higher operating expenses as discussed above.

Net Increase in Net Assets Resulting from Operations

The net increase in net assets resulting from operations during the year ended December 31, 2015 was \$104.4 million, or \$2.13 per share, compared with \$100.7 million, or \$2.31 per share, during the year ended December 31, 2014. This increase from the prior year period was primarily the result of (i) a \$11.5 million increase in net investment income as discussed above and (ii) a \$21.7 million increase in net change in unrealized appreciation (depreciation), including accounting reversals relating

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to the realized gains (losses), to net unrealized appreciation of \$10.0 million for the year ended December 31, 2015 and (iii) a \$15.0 million increase due to the change in the income tax benefit (provision) from the prior year period to an income tax benefit of \$8.7 million for the year ended December 31, 2015, with these changes partially offset by a \$44.5 million decrease due to the change in the net realized gain (loss) from investments from a net realized gain of \$23.2 million during the year ended December 31, 2014 to a net realized loss of \$21.3 million for the year ended December 31, 2015. The net realized loss of \$21.3 million for the year ended December 31, 2015 was primarily the result of (i) the net realized losses relating to the restructure of two Private Loan investments totaling \$13.8 million and two Middle Market investments totaling \$9.1 million, (ii) the net realized loss on the exit of a Private Loan investment of \$4.7 million and (iii) the exits of several Marketable securities and idle funds investments of \$1.4 million, partially offset by the net realized gains on the exits of three LMM investments totaling \$5.4 million and from an Other Portfolio investment of \$2.5 million.

The following table provides a summary of the total net unrealized appreciation of \$10.0 million for the year ended December 31, 2015:

	Twelve Months Ended December 31, 2015									
	LMM(a)		I	ММ	PL		Other(b)		Т	otal
				(dol	lars	in millior	ıs)			
Accounting reversals of net unrealized (appreciation) depreciation recognized in prior periods due to net realized gains/losses recognized during period	\$	(5.0)	\$	6.9	\$	13.1	\$	(2.6)	\$	12.4
Net change in unrealized appreciation (depreciation) relating to portfolio investments		48.4		(38.1)		(22.8)		11.2		(1.3)
Total net change in unrealized appreciation (depreciation) relating to portfolio investments	\$	43.4	\$	(31.2)	\$	(9.7)	\$	8.6	\$	11.1
Net change in unrealized depreciation relating to marketable securities										(0.2)
Unrealized depreciation relating to SBIC debentures(c)										(0.9)
Total net change in unrealized appreciation (depreciation)									\$	10.0

(a)

LMM includes unrealized appreciation on 36 LMM portfolio investments and unrealized depreciation on 21 LMM portfolio investments.

(b)

Other includes \$11.7 million of unrealized appreciation relating to the External Investment Manager, offset by \$0.5 million of net unrealized depreciation relating to the Other Portfolio.

(c)

Relates to unrealized depreciation on the SBIC debentures held by MSC II which are accounted for on a fair value basis.

The income tax benefit for the year ended December 31, 2015 of \$8.7 million principally consisted of a deferred tax benefit of \$11.7 million, which is primarily the result of the net activity relating to our portfolio investments held in our Taxable Subsidiaries, including changes in net operating loss carryforwards, changes in net unrealized appreciation/depreciation and other temporary book-tax differences, partially offset by other current taxes of \$3.0 million, which includes \$1.8 million related to accruals for U.S. federal income, state and other taxes and \$1.2 million for excise taxes.

Liquidity and Capital Resources

Cash Flows

For the year ended December 31, 2016, we experienced a net increase in cash and cash equivalents in the amount of approximately \$4.1 million, which is the result of approximately \$42.7 million of cash used by our operating activities and approximately \$46.9 million of cash provided by financing activities.

During the period, we used \$42.7 million of cash from our operating activities, which resulted primarily from (i) cash flows we generated from the operating profits earned through our operating activities totaling \$107.8 million, which is our \$124.1 million of distributable net investment income, excluding the non-cash effects of the accretion of unearned income of \$10.2 million, payment-in-kind interest income of \$6.5 million, cumulative dividends of \$2.2 million and the amortization expense for deferred financing costs of \$2.6 million, (ii) cash uses totaling \$641.7 million which primarily resulted from (a) the funding of new portfolio company investments and settlement of accruals for portfolio investments existing as of December 31, 2015, which collectively total \$641.2 million, and (b) \$0.5 million from the purchase of Marketable securities and idle funds investments and (iii) cash proceeds totaling \$491.2 million from (a) \$486.2 million in cash proceeds from the sales and repayments of debt investments and sales of and return on capital of equity investments and (b) \$4.3 million of cash proceeds from the sale of Marketable securities and idle funds investments and (c) \$0.7 million related to increases in payables and accruals.

During the year ended December 31, 2016, \$46.9 million in cash was provided by financing activities, which principally consisted of (i) \$112.0 million in net cash proceeds from the ATM Program (described below), (ii) \$52.0 million in net cash proceeds from the Credit Facility and (iii) \$15.0 million in cash proceeds from issuance of SBIC debentures, partially offset by (i) \$127.5 million in cash dividends paid to stockholders, (ii) \$2.6 million for purchases of vested restricted stock from employees to satisfy their tax withholding requirements upon the vesting of such restricted stock and (iii) \$2.0 million for payment of deferred loan costs, SBIC debenture fees and other costs.

For the year ended December 31, 2015, we experienced a net decrease in cash and cash equivalents in the amount of \$40.1 million, which is the net result of \$131.4 million of cash used for our operating activities and \$91.3 million of cash provided by financing activities.

During the period, we used \$131.4 million of cash for our operating activities, which resulted primarily from (i) cash flows we generated from the operating profits earned through our operating activities totaling \$101.8 million, which is our \$113.3 million of distributable net investment income, excluding the non-cash effects of the accretion of unearned income of \$8.9 million, payment-in-kind interest income of \$3.6 million, cumulative dividends of \$1.6 million and the amortization expense for deferred financing costs of \$2.6 million, (ii) cash uses totaling \$848.0 million which primarily resulted from (a) the funding of new portfolio company investments and settlement of accruals for portfolio investments existing as of December 31, 2014, which together total \$838.4 million, (b) the funding of new Marketable securities and idle funds investments totaling \$5.8 million, (c) \$2.3 million related to decreases in payables and accruals and (d) increases in other assets of \$1.5 million, and (iii) cash proceeds totaling \$614.8 million from (a) \$605.3 million in cash proceeds from the repayments of debt investments and sales of equity investments in portfolio companies and (b) \$9.5 million of cash proceeds from the sale of Marketable securities and idle funds investments.

During the year ended December 31, 2015, \$91.3 million in cash was provided by financing activities, which principally consisted of (i) \$132.0 million in net cash proceeds from a public equity offering in March 2015 and through equity issuances under the ATM Program (described below) in the fourth quarter of 2015 and (ii) \$73.0 million in net cash proceeds from the Credit Facility, partially offset by (iii) \$110.7 million in cash dividends paid to stockholders and (iv) \$3.0 million for payment of deferred loan costs, SBIC debenture fees and other costs.

Capital Resources

As of December 31, 2016, we had \$24.5 million in cash and cash equivalents and \$212.0 million of unused capacity under the Credit Facility, which we maintain to support our investment and operating activities. As of December 31, 2016, our net asset value totaled \$1,201.5 million, or \$22.10 per share.

The Credit Facility, which provides additional liquidity to support our investment and operational activities, provides for commitments of \$555.0 million from a diversified group of fourteen lenders. The Credit Facility was amended during 2016 to extend the maturity one year to September 2021. The Credit Facility also contains an accordion feature which allows us to increase the total commitments under the facility to up to \$750.0 million from new and existing lenders on the same terms and conditions as the existing commitments.

Borrowings under the Credit Facility bear interest, subject to our election, on a per annum basis at a rate equal to the applicable LIBOR rate (0.77% as of December 31, 2016) plus (i) 1.875% (or the applicable base rate (Prime Rate of 3.75% as of December 31, 2016) plus 0.875%) as long as we maintain an investment grade rating and meet certain agreed upon excess collateral and maximum leverage requirements, (ii) 2.0% (or the applicable base rate plus 1.0%) if we maintain an investment grade rating but do not meet certain excess collateral and maximum leverage requirements or (iii) 2.25% (or the applicable base rate plus 1.25%) if we do not maintain an investment grade rating. We pay unused commitment fees of 0.25% per annum on the unused lender commitments under the Credit Facility. The Credit Facility is secured by a first lien on the assets of MSCC and its subsidiaries, excluding the equity ownership or assets of the Funds and the External Investment Manager. The Credit Facility contains certain affirmative and negative covenants, including but not limited to: (i) maintaining a minimum availability of at least 10% of the borrowing base, (ii) maintaining an interest coverage ratio of at least 2.0 to 1.0, (iii) maintaining an asset coverage ratio of at least 1.5 to 1.0 and (iv) maintaining a minimum tangible net worth. The Credit Facility is provided on a revolving basis through its final maturity date in September 2021, and contains two, one-year extension options which could extend the final maturity by up to two years, subject to certain conditions, including lender approval. As of December 31, 2016, we had \$343.0 million in borrowings outstanding under the Credit Facility.

Due to each of the Funds' status as a licensed SBIC, we have the ability to issue, through the Funds, debentures guaranteed by the SBA at favorable interest rates and favorable terms and conditions. In addition, in December 2015, the 2016 omnibus spending bill approved by Congress and signed into law by the President increased the amount of SBA-guaranteed debentures that affiliated SBIC funds can have outstanding from \$225.0 million to \$350.0 million. This new legislation allowed us to issue additional SBIC debentures, subject to SBA approval, above the \$225.0 million that we had outstanding prior to the legislation. In August 2016, we received a license from the SBA to form and operate a third SBIC, which at the time provided us with access up to an additional \$125.0 million of long-term, fixed interest rate debt capital through the issuance of SBA-guaranteed debentures. During the year ended December 31, 2016, we have issued \$15.0 million of SBIC debentures, leaving \$110.0 million of remaining capacity under our SBIC licenses. Debentures guaranteed by the SBA have fixed interest rates that equal prevailing 10-year Treasury Note rates plus a market spread and have a maturity of ten years with interest payable semiannually. The principal amount of the debentures is not required to be paid before maturity, but may be pre-paid at any time with no prepayment penalty. On December 31, 2016, through our three wholly owned SBICs, we had \$240.0 million of outstanding SBIC debentures guaranteed by the SBA, which bear a weighted-average annual fixed interest rate of approximately 4.1%, paid semiannually, and mature ten years from issuance. The first maturity related to our SBIC debentures occurs in 2017, and the weighted-average remaining duration is approximately 4.9 years as of December 31, 2016.

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In April 2013, we issued \$92.0 million, including the underwriters' full exercise of their over-allotment option, in aggregate principal amount of the 6.125% Notes (the "6.125% Notes"). The 6.125% Notes are unsecured obligations and rank pari passu with our current and future unsecured indebtedness; senior to any of our future indebtedness that expressly provides it is subordinated to the 6.125% Notes; effectively subordinated to all of our existing and future secured indebtedness, to the extent of the value of the assets securing such indebtedness, including borrowings under our Credit Facility; and structurally subordinated to all existing and future indebtedness of the Funds. The 6.125% Notes mature on April 1, 2023, and may be redeemed in whole or in part at any time or from time to time at our option on or after April 1, 2018. We may from time to time repurchase 6.125% Notes in accordance with the 1940 Act and the rules promulgated thereunder. As of December 31, 2016, the outstanding balance of the 6.125% Notes was \$90.7 million.

The indenture governing the 6.125% Notes (the "6.125% Notes Indenture") contains certain covenants, including covenants requiring our compliance with (regardless of whether we are subject to) the asset coverage requirements set forth in Section 18(a)(1)(A) as modified by Section 61(a)(1) of the 1940 Act, as well as covenants requiring us to provide financial information to the holders of the 6.125% Notes and the Trustee if we cease to be subject to the reporting requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934. These covenants are subject to limitations and exceptions that are described in the 6.125% Notes Indenture.

In November 2014, we issued \$175.0 million in aggregate principal amount of the 4.50% Notes (the "4.50% Notes") at an issue price of 99.53%. The 4.50% Notes are unsecured obligations and rank pari passu with our current and future unsecured indebtedness; senior to any of our future indebtedness that expressly provides it is subordinated to the 4.50% Notes; effectively subordinated to all of our existing and future secured indebtedness, to the extent of the value of the assets securing such indebtedness, including borrowings under our Credit Facility; and structurally subordinated to all existing and future indebtedness and other obligations of any of our subsidiaries, including without limitation, the indebtedness of the Funds. The 4.50% Notes mature on December 1, 2019, and may be redeemed in whole or in part at any time at our option subject to certain make-whole provisions. The 4.50% Notes bear interest at a rate of 4.50% per year payable semiannually on June 1 and December 1 of each year, beginning June 1, 2015. We may from time to time repurchase 4.50% Notes in accordance with the 1940 Act and the rules promulgated thereunder. As of December 31, 2016, the outstanding balance of the 4.50% Notes was \$175.0 million.

The indenture governing the 4.50% Notes (the "4.50% Notes Indenture") contains certain covenants, including covenants requiring our compliance with (regardless of whether we are subject to) the asset coverage requirements set forth in Section 18(a)(1)(A) as modified by Section 61(a)(1) of the 1940 Act, as well as covenants requiring us to provide financial information to the holders of the 4.50% Notes and the Trustee if we cease to be subject to the reporting requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934. These covenants are subject to limitations and exceptions that are described in the 4.50% Notes Indenture.

During April 2014, we completed a follow-on public equity offering of 4,600,000 shares of common stock, including the underwriters' full exercise of their option to purchase 600,000 additional shares, resulting in total net proceeds, including exercise of the underwriters' option to purchase additional shares and after deducting underwriting discounts and estimated offering expenses payable by us, of approximately \$139.7 million.

During March 2015, we completed a follow-on public equity offering of 4,370,000 shares of common stock, including the underwriters' full exercise of their option to purchase 570,000 additional shares, resulting in total net proceeds, including exercise of the underwriters' option to purchase

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additional shares and after deducting underwriting discounts and estimated offering expenses payable by us, of approximately \$127.8 million.

During November 2015, we commenced a program with certain selling agents through which we can sell shares of our common stock by means of at-the-market offerings from time to time (the "ATM Program"). During the year ended December 31, 2015, we sold 140,568 shares of our common stock at a weighted-average price of \$31.98 per share and raised \$4.5 million of gross proceeds under the ATM Program. Net proceeds were \$4.3 million after commissions to the selling agents on shares sold and offering costs.

During the year ended December 31, 2016, we sold 3,324,646 shares of our common stock at a weighted-average price of \$34.17 per share and raised \$113.6 million of gross proceeds under the ATM Program. Net proceeds were \$112.0 million after commissions to the selling agents on shares sold and offering costs. As of December 31, 2016, sales transactions representing 42,413 shares had not settled and are not included in shares issued and outstanding on the face of the consolidated balance sheet, but are included in the weighted-average shares outstanding in the consolidated statement of operations and in the shares used to calculate our net asset value per share. As of December 31, 2016, 1,534,786 shares were available for sale under the ATM Program.

We anticipate that we will continue to fund our investment activities through existing cash and cash equivalents, the liquidation of Marketable securities and idle funds investments, and a combination of future issuances of debt and equity capital. Our primary uses of funds will be investments in portfolio companies, operating expenses and cash distributions to holders of our common stock.

We periodically invest excess cash balances into Marketable securities and idle funds investments. The primary investment objective of Marketable securities and idle funds investments is to generate incremental cash returns on excess cash balances prior to utilizing those funds for investment in our LMM, Middle Market and Private Loan portfolio investments. Marketable securities and idle funds investments generally consist of debt investments, independently rated debt investments, certificates of deposit with financial institutions, diversified bond funds and publicly traded debt and equity investments. The composition of Marketable securities and idle funds investments will vary in a given period based upon, among other things, changes in market conditions, the underlying fundamentals in our Marketable securities and idle funds investments will vary in a given period based upon, among other things, changes in market conditions, the underlying fundamentals in our Marketable securities and idle funds investments and funds inve

If our common stock trades below our net asset value per share, we will generally not be able to issue additional common stock at the market price unless our stockholders approve such a sale and our Board of Directors makes certain determinations. We did not seek stockholder authorization to sell shares of our common stock below the then current net asset value per share of our common stock at our 2016 annual meeting of stockholders because our common stock price per share had been trading significantly above the current net asset value per share of our common stock since 2011. We would therefore need future approval from our stockholders to issue shares below the then current net asset value per share.

In order to satisfy the Code requirements applicable to a RIC, we intend to distribute to our stockholders, after consideration and application of our ability under the Code to carry forward certain excess undistributed taxable income from one tax year into the next tax year, substantially all of our taxable income. In addition, as a BDC, we generally are required to meet a coverage ratio of total assets to total senior securities, which include borrowings and any preferred stock we may issue in the future, of at least 200%. This requirement limits the amount that we may borrow. In January 2008, we received an exemptive order from the SEC to exclude SBA-guaranteed debt securities issued by MSMF and any other wholly owned subsidiaries of ours which operate as SBICs from the asset coverage requirements of the 1940 Act as applicable to us, which, in turn, enables us to fund more investments with debt capital.



Although we have been able to secure access to additional liquidity, including through the Credit Facility, public debt issuances, leverage available through the SBIC program and equity offerings, there is no assurance that debt or equity capital will be available to us in the future on favorable terms, or at all.

Recently Issued or Adopted Accounting Standards

In May 2014, the FASB issued Accounting Standards Update ("ASU") 2014-09, Revenue from Contracts with Customers (Topic 606). ASU 2014-09 supersedes the revenue recognition requirements under ASC 605, Revenue Recognition, and most industry-specific guidance throughout the Industry Topics of the ASC. The core principle of the guidance is that an entity should recognize revenue to depict the transfer of promised goods or services to customers in an amount that reflects the consideration to which an entity expects to be entitled in exchange for those goods or services. Under the new guidance, an entity is required to perform the following five steps: (1) identify the contract(s) with a customer; (2) identify the performance obligations in the contract; (3) determine the transaction price; (4) allocate the transaction price to the performance obligations in the contract, and (5) recognize revenue when (or as) the entity satisfies a performance obligation. The new guidance will significantly enhance comparability of revenue recognition practices across entities, industries, jurisdictions and capital markets. Additionally, the guidance requires improved disclosures as to the nature, amount, timing and uncertainty of revenue that is recognized. In March 2016, the FASB issued ASU 2016-08, Revenue from Contracts with Customers (Topic 606): Principal versus Agent Considerations (Reporting Revenue Gross versus Net), which clarified the implementation guidance on principal versus agent considerations. In April 2016, the FASB issued ASU 2016-10, Revenue from Contracts with Customers (Topic 606): Identifying Performance Obligations and Licensing, which clarified the implementation guidance regarding performance obligations and licensing arrangements. In May 2016, the FASB issued ASU No. 2016-12, Revenue from Contracts with Customers (Topic 606) Narrow-Scope Improvements and Practical Expedients, which clarified guidance on assessing collectability, presenting sales tax, measuring noncash consideration, and certain transition matters. The new guidance will be effective for the annual reporting period beginning after December 15, 2017, including interim periods within that reporting period. Early adoption would be permitted for annual reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2016. We expect to identify similar performance obligations under ASC 606 as compared with deliverables and separate units of account previously identified. As a result, we expect timing of our revenue recognition to remain the same.

In May 2015, the FASB issued ASU 2015-07, *Fair Value Measurements Disclosures for Certain Entities that Calculate Net Asset Value per Share.* This amendment updates guidance intended to eliminate the diversity in practice surrounding how investments measured at net asset value under the practical expedient with future redemption dates have been categorized in the fair value hierarchy. Under the updated guidance, investments for which fair value is measured at net asset value per share using the practical expedient should no longer be categorized in the fair value hierarchy, while investments for which fair value is measured at net asset value per share but the practical expedient is not applied should continue to be categorized in the fair value hierarchy. The updated guidance requires retrospective adoption for all periods presented and is effective for interim and annual reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2015, with early adoption permitted. The Company adopted this standard during the three months ended March 31, 2016. There was no impact of the adoption of this new accounting standard on our consolidated financial statements as none of our investments are measured through the use of the practical expedient.

In February 2016, the FASB issued ASU 2016-02, Leases, which requires lessees to recognize on the balance sheet a right of use asset, representing its right to use the underlying asset for the lease term, and a lease liability for all leases with terms greater than 12 months. The guidance also requires qualitative and quantitative disclosures designed to assess the amount, timing, and uncertainty of cash

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flows arising from leases. The standard requires the use of a modified retrospective transition approach, which includes a number of optional practical expedients that entities may elect to apply. The new guidance is effective for annual periods beginning after December 15, 2018, and interim periods therein. Early application is permitted. While we continue to assess the effect of adoption, we currently believe the most significant change relates to the recognition of a new right-of-use asset and lease liability on our consolidated balance sheet for our office space operating lease. We currently have one operating lease for office space and do not expect a significant change in our leasing activity between now and adoption. See further discussion of our operating lease obligation in "Note N Commitments and Contingences" in the notes to the consolidated financial statements.

In March 2016, the FASB issued ASU 2016-09, *Compensation Stock Compensation: Improvements to Employee Share-Based Payment Accounting*, which is intended to simplify several aspects of the accounting for share-based payment transactions, including the income tax consequences, classification of awards as either equity or liabilities, and classification on the statement of cash flows. The guidance is effective for annual periods beginning after December 15, 2016, and interim periods therein. Early application is permitted. The Company elected to early adopt this standard during the three months ended March 31, 2016. See further discussion of the impact of the adoption of this standard in "Note B.8. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies Share-based Compensation" in the notes to consolidated financial statements

In August 2016, the FASB issued ASU 2016-15, *Statement of Cash Flows (Topic 230)*, which is intended to reduce the existing diversity in practice in how certain cash receipts and cash payments are presented and classified in the statement of cash flows. The guidance is effective for annual periods beginning after December 15, 2017, and interim periods therein. Early application is permitted. The impact of the adoption of this new accounting standard on our consolidated financial statements is not expected to be material.

From time to time, new accounting pronouncements are issued by the FASB or other standards setting bodies that are adopted by us as of the specified effective date. We believe that the impact of recently issued standards and any that are not yet effective will not have a material impact on our consolidated financial statements upon adoption.

Inflation

Inflation has not had a significant effect on our results of operations in any of the reporting periods presented herein. However, our portfolio companies have experienced, and may in the future experience, the impacts of inflation on their operating results, including periodic escalations in their costs for labor, raw materials and third-party services and required energy consumption.

Off-Balance Sheet Arrangements

We may be a party to financial instruments with off-balance sheet risk in the normal course of business to meet the financial needs of our portfolio companies. These instruments include commitments to extend credit and fund equity capital and involve, to varying degrees, elements of liquidity and credit risk in excess of the amount recognized in the balance sheet. At December 31, 2016, we had a total of \$120.2 million in outstanding commitments comprised of (i) 28 investments with commitments to fund revolving loans that had not been fully drawn or term loans with additional commitments not yet funded and (ii) eight investments with equity capital commitments that had not been fully called.



Contractual Obligations

As of December 31, 2016, the future fixed commitments for cash payments in connection with our SBIC debentures, the 4.50% Notes, the 6.125% Notes and rent obligations under our office lease for each of the next five years and thereafter are as follows:

	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021		Т	Thereafter		Total
SBIC debentures	\$ 15,000	\$ 10,200	\$ 20,000	\$ 55,000	\$	40,000	\$	99,800	\$	240,000
Interest due on SBIC										
debentures(1)	9,757	8,538	8,216	7,018		4,472		9,176		47,177
Notes 6.125%								90,655		90,655
Interest due on 6.125%										
Notes	5,553	5,553	5,553	5,553		5,553		6,939		34,704
4.50% Notes			175,000							175,000
Interest due on 4.50%										
Notes	7,875	7,875	7,875							23,625
Operating Lease										
Obligation(2)	185	683	749	763		777		4,959		8,116
Total	\$ 38,370	\$ 32,849	\$ 217,393	\$ 68,334	\$	50,802	\$	211,529	\$	619,277

(1)

The interest due on the \$15.0 million of SBIC debentures drawn in 2016 does not have a final rate that has been fixed by the SBA as of December 31, 2016. In March 2017, the final rate for these SBIC debentures will be determined and, thereafter, the rate will be fixed for the ensuing 10 years. For this \$15.0 million of the SBIC debentures, the table above assumes a ten year fixed rate from March 2017 to maturity based on the most recent fixed rate charged by the SBA. The rates and related future interest payments for these debentures will be adjusted once the final rate is determined.

(2)

Operating Lease Obligation means a rent payment obligation under a lease classified as an operating lease and disclosed pursuant to FASB ASC 840, as may be modified or supplemented.

As of December 31, 2016, we had \$343.0 million in borrowings outstanding under our Credit Facility, and the Credit Facility is currently scheduled to mature in September 2021. The Credit Facility contains two, one-year extension options which could extend the maturity to September 2023, subject to lender approval. See further discussion of the Credit Facility terms in " Liquidity and Capital Resources Capital Resources."

Related Party Transactions

As discussed further above, the External Investment Manager is treated as a wholly owned portfolio company of MSCC and is included as part of our Investment Portfolio. At December 31, 2016, we had a receivable of approximately \$2.4 million due from the External Investment Manager which included approximately \$1.6 million primarily related to operating expenses incurred by us required to support the External Investment Manager's business, along with dividends declared but not paid by the External Investment Manager of approximately \$0.7 million.

In November 2015, our Board of Directors approved and adopted the Main Street Capital Corporation Deferred Compensation Plan (the "2015 Deferred Compensation Plan"). The 2015 Deferred Compensation Plan became effective on January 1, 2016 and replaced the Deferred Compensation Plan for Non-Employee Directors previously adopted by the Board of Directors in June 2013 (the "2013 Deferred Compensation Plan"). Under the 2015 Deferred Compensation Plan, non-employee directors and certain key employees may defer receipt of some or all of their cash compensation and directors' fees, subject to certain limitations. Individuals participating in the 2015 Deferred Compensation Plan receive distributions of their respective balances based on predetermined payout schedules or other events as defined by the plan and are also able to direct investments made on their behalf among investment alternatives permitted from time to time under the plan, including

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phantom Main Street stock units. As of December 31, 2016, \$2.0 million of compensation and directors' fees had been deferred under the 2015 Deferred Compensation Plan (including amounts previously deferred under the 2013 Deferred Compensation Plan). Of this amount, \$1.7 million was deferred into phantom Main Street stock units, representing 55,866 shares of our common stock. Including phantom stock units issued through dividend reinvestment, the phantom stock units outstanding as of December 31, 2016 represented 64,839 shares of our common stock. Any amounts deferred under the plan represented by phantom stock units will not be issued or included as outstanding on the consolidated statement of changes in net assets until such shares are actually distributed to the participant in accordance with the plan, but are included in operating expenses and weighted-average shares outstanding in our consolidated statement of operations as earned.

SENIOR SECURITIES

Information about our senior securities is shown in the following table as of December 31 for the years indicated in the table, unless otherwise noted. Grant Thornton LLP's report on the senior securities table as of December 31, 2016, is an exhibit to the registration statement of which this prospectus is a part.

Class and Year	Total Amo Outstandin Exclusive Treasury ear Securities((dollars in thousand		Asset Coverage per Unit(2)	Involuntary Liquidating Preference per Unit(3)	Marke	rage t Value Jnit(4)
SBIC Debentures		,				
2007	\$	55,000	3,094			N/A
2008		55,000	3,043			N/A
2009		65,000	2,995			N/A
2010		180,000	2,030			N/A
2011		220,000	2,202			N/A
2012		225,000	2,763			N/A
2013		200,200	2,476			N/A
2014		225,000	2,323			N/A
2015		225,000	2,368			N/A
2016		240,000	2,415			N/A
Credit Facility						
2010	\$	39,000	2,030			N/A
2011		107,000	2,202			N/A
2012		132,000	2,763			N/A
2013		237,000	2,476			N/A
2014		218,000	2,323			N/A
2015		291,000	2,368			N/A
2016		343,000	2,415			N/A
6.125% Notes						
2013	\$	90,882	2,476		\$	24.35
2014		90,823	2,323			24.78
2015		90,738	2,368			25.40
2016		90,655	2,415			25.76
4.50% Notes						
2014	\$	175,000	2,323			N/A
2015		175,000	2,368			N/A
2016		175,000	2,415			N/A

(1)

Total amount of each class of senior securities outstanding at the end of the period presented.

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(2)

Asset coverage per unit is the ratio of the carrying value of our total consolidated assets, less all liabilities and indebtedness not represented by senior securities, to the aggregate amount of senior securities representing indebtedness. Asset coverage per unit is expressed in terms of dollar amounts per \$1,000 of indebtedness.

(3)

The amount to which such class of senior security would be entitled upon the involuntary liquidation of the issuer in preference to any security junior to it. The " " indicates information which the Securities and Exchange Commission expressly does not require to be disclosed for certain types of senior securities.

(4)

Average market value per unit for our 6.125% Notes represents the average of the daily closing prices as reported on the NYSE during the period presented. Average market value per unit for our SBIC Debentures, Credit Facility and 4.50% Notes are not applicable because these are not registered for public trading.

BUSINESS

Organization

Main Street Capital Corporation ("MSCC") is a principal investment firm primarily focused on providing customized debt and equity financing to lower middle market ("LMM") companies and debt capital to middle market ("Middle Market") companies. The portfolio investments of MSCC and its consolidated subsidiaries are typically made to support management buyouts, recapitalizations, growth financings, refinancings and acquisitions of companies that operate in diverse industry sectors. MSCC seeks to partner with entrepreneurs, business owners and management teams and generally provides "one stop" financing alternatives within its LMM portfolio. MSCC and its consolidated subsidiaries invest primarily in secured debt investments, equity investments, warrants and other securities of LMM companies based in the United States and in secured debt investments of Middle Market companies generally headquartered in the United States.

MSCC was formed in March 2007 to operate as an internally managed business development company ("BDC") under the Investment Company Act of 1940, as amended (the "1940 Act"). MSCC wholly owns several investment funds, including Main Street Mezzanine Fund, LP ("MSMF"), Main Street Capital II, LP ("MSC II") and Main Street Capital III, LP ("MSC III" and, collectively with MSMF and MSC II, the "Funds"), and each of their general partners. The Funds are each licensed as a Small Business Investment Company ("SBIC") by the United States Small Business Administration ("SBA"). Because MSCC is internally managed, all of the executive officers and other employees are employed by MSCC. Therefore, MSCC does not pay any external investment advisory fees, but instead directly incurs the operating costs associated with employing investment and portfolio management professionals.

MSC Adviser I, LLC (the "External Investment Manager") was formed in November 2013 as a wholly owned subsidiary of MSCC to provide investment management and other services to parties other than MSCC and its subsidiaries or their portfolio companies ("External Parties") and receive fee income for such services. MSCC has been granted no-action relief by the Securities and Exchange Commission ("SEC") to allow the External Investment Manager to register as a registered investment adviser ("RIA") under Investment Advisers Act of 1940, as amended (the "Advisers Act"). Since the External Investment Manager conducts all of its investment management activities for External Parties, it is accounted for as a portfolio investment of MSCC and is not included as a consolidated subsidiary of MSCC in MSCC's consolidated financial statements.

MSCC has elected to be treated for U.S. federal income tax purposes as a regulated investment company ("RIC") under Subchapter M of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended (the "Code"). As a result, MSCC generally will not pay corporate-level U.S. federal income taxes on any net ordinary taxable income or capital gains that it distributes to its stockholders.

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MSCC has certain direct and indirect wholly owned subsidiaries that have elected to be taxable entities (the "Taxable Subsidiaries"). The primary purpose of the Taxable Subsidiaries is to permit MSCC to hold equity investments in portfolio companies which are "pass-through" entities for tax purposes. The External Investment Manager is also a direct wholly owned subsidiary that has elected to be a taxable entity. The Taxable Subsidiaries and the External Investment Manager are each taxed at their normal corporate tax rates based on their taxable income.

Unless otherwise noted or the context otherwise indicates, the terms "we," "us," "our," the "Company" and "Main Street" refer to MSCC and its consolidated subsidiaries, which include the Funds and the Taxable Subsidiaries.

The following diagram depicts Main Street's organizational structure:

*

Each of the Taxable Subsidiaries is directly or indirectly wholly owned by MSCC.

**

Accounted for as a portfolio investment at fair value, as opposed to a consolidated subsidiary.

Overview of our Business

Our principal investment objective is to maximize our portfolio's total return by generating current income from our debt investments and capital appreciation from our equity and equity related investments, including warrants, convertible securities and other rights to acquire equity securities in a portfolio company. Our LMM companies generally have annual revenues between \$10 million and \$150 million, and our LMM portfolio investments generally range in size from \$5 million to \$50 million. Our Middle Market investments are made in businesses that are generally larger in size than our LMM portfolio companies, with annual revenues typically between \$150 million and \$1.5 billion, and our Middle Market investments generally range in size from \$3 million to \$15 million. Our private loan ("Private Loan") portfolio investments are primarily debt securities in privately held companies which have been originated through strategic relationships with other investment funds on a collaborative basis. Private Loan investments are typically similar in size, structure, terms and conditions to investments we hold in our LMM portfolio and Middle Market portfolio.

We seek to fill the financing gap for LMM businesses, which, historically, have had more limited access to financing from commercial banks and other traditional sources. The underserved nature of the LMM creates the opportunity for us to meet the financing needs of LMM companies while also negotiating favorable transaction terms and equity participations. Our ability to invest across a company's capital structure, from secured loans to equity securities, allows us to offer portfolio companies a comprehensive suite of financing options, or a "one stop" financing solution. Providing customized, "one stop" financing solutions is important to LMM portfolio companies. We generally seek to partner directly with entrepreneurs, management teams and business owners in making our

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investments. Our LMM portfolio debt investments are generally secured by a first lien on the assets of the portfolio company and typically have a term of between five and seven years from the original investment date.

Our Middle Market portfolio investments primarily consist of direct investments in or secondary purchases of interest-bearing debt securities in privately held companies that are generally larger in size than the companies included in our LMM portfolio. Our Middle Market portfolio debt investments are generally secured by either a first or second priority lien on the assets of the portfolio company and typically have an expected duration of between three and seven years from the original investment date.

Our Private Loan portfolio investments are primarily debt securities in privately held companies which have been originated through strategic relationships with other investment funds on a collaborative basis, and are often referred to in the debt markets as "club deals." Private Loan investments are typically similar in size, structure, terms and conditions to investments we hold in our LMM portfolio and Middle Market portfolio. Our Private Loan portfolio debt investments are generally secured by either a first or second priority lien on the assets of the portfolio company and typically have a term of between three and seven years from the original investment date.

Our other portfolio ("Other Portfolio") investments primarily consist of investments which are not consistent with the typical profiles for our LMM, Middle Market or Private Loan portfolio investments, including investments which may be managed by third parties. In our Other Portfolio, we may incur indirect fees and expenses in connection with investments managed by third parties, such as investments in other investment companies or private funds.

Our external asset management business is conducted through the External Investment Manager. The External Investment Manager earns management fees based on the assets of the funds under management and may earn incentive fees, or a carried interest, based on the performance of the funds managed. We have entered into an agreement with the External Investment Manager to share employees in connection with its asset management business generally, and specifically for its relationship with HMS Income Fund, Inc. ("HMS Income"). Through this agreement, we share employees with the External Investment Manager, including their related infrastructure, business relationships, management expertise and capital raising capabilities.

Our portfolio investments are generally made through MSCC and the Funds. MSCC and the Funds share the same investment strategies and criteria, although they are subject to different regulatory regimes (see "Regulation"). An investor's return in MSCC will depend, in part, on the Funds' investment returns as they are wholly owned subsidiaries of MSCC.

The level of new portfolio investment activity will fluctuate from period to period based upon our view of the current economic fundamentals, our ability to identify new investment opportunities that meet our investment criteria, and our ability to consummate the identified opportunities. The level of new investment activity, and associated interest and fee income, will directly impact future investment income. In addition, the level of dividends paid by portfolio companies and the portion of our portfolio debt investments on non-accrual status will directly impact future investment income. While we intend to grow our portfolio and our investment income over the long term, our growth and our operating results may be more limited during depressed economic periods. However, we intend to appropriately manage our cost structure and liquidity position based on applicable economic conditions and our investment outlook. The level of realized gains or losses and unrealized appreciation or depreciation on our investments will also fluctuate depending upon portfolio activity, economic conditions and the performance of our individual portfolio companies. The changes in realized gains and losses and unrealized appreciation or depreciation could have a material impact on our operating results.

Because we are internally managed, we do not pay any external investment advisory fees, but instead directly incur the operating costs associated with employing investment and portfolio



management professionals. We believe that our internally managed structure provides us with a beneficial operating expense structure when compared to other publicly traded and privately held investment firms which are externally managed, and our internally managed structure allows us the opportunity to leverage our non-interest operating expenses as we grow our Investment Portfolio.

During May 2012, we entered into an investment sub-advisory agreement with HMS Adviser, LP ("HMS Adviser"), which is the investment advisor to HMS Income, a non-listed BDC, to provide certain investment advisory services to HMS Adviser. In December 2013, after obtaining required no-action relief from the SEC to allow us to own a registered investment adviser, we assigned the sub-advisory agreement to the External Investment Manager since the fees received from such arrangement could otherwise have negative consequences on our ability to meet the source-of-income requirement necessary for us to maintain our RIC tax treatment. Under the investment sub-advisory agreement, the External Investment Manager is entitled to 50% of the base management fee and the incentive fees earned by HMS Adviser under its advisory agreement with HMS Income.

During April 2014, we received an exemptive order from the SEC permitting co-investments by us and HMS Income in certain negotiated transactions where co-investing would otherwise be prohibited under the 1940 Act. We have made, and in the future intend to continue to make, such co-investments with HMS Income in accordance with the conditions of the order. The order requires, among other things, that we and the External Investment Manager consider whether each such investment opportunity is appropriate for HMS Income and, if it is appropriate, to propose an allocation of the investment opportunity between us and HMS Income. Because the External Investment Manager may receive performance-based fee compensation from HMS Income, this may provide it an incentive to allocate opportunities to HMS Income instead of us. However, we and the External Investment Manager have policies and procedures in place to avoid this conflict.

Business Strategies

Our principal investment objective is to maximize our portfolio's total return by generating current income from our debt investments and realizing capital appreciation from our equity and equity-related investments, including warrants, convertible securities and other rights to acquire equity securities in a portfolio company. We have adopted the following business strategies to achieve our investment objective:

Deliver Customized Financing Solutions in the Lower Middle Market. We offer LMM portfolio companies customized debt and equity financing solutions that are tailored to the facts and circumstances of each situation. We believe our ability to provide a broad range of customized financing solutions to LMM companies sets us apart from other capital providers that focus on providing a limited number of financing solutions. Our ability to invest across a company's capital structure, from senior secured loans to subordinated debt to equity securities, allows us to offer LMM portfolio companies a comprehensive suite of financing options, or a "one stop" financing solution.

Focus on Established Companies. We generally invest in companies with established market positions, experienced management teams and proven revenue streams. We believe that those companies generally possess better risk-adjusted return profiles than newer companies that are building their management teams or are in the early stages of building a revenue base. We also believe that established companies in our targeted size range also generally provide opportunities for capital appreciation.

Leverage the Skills and Experience of Our Investment Team. Our investment team has significant experience in lending to and investing in LMM and Middle Market companies. The members of our investment team have broad investment backgrounds, with prior experience at private investment funds, investment banks and other financial services companies, and currently include



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five certified public accountants and three Chartered Financial Analyst® (CFA) charter holders. The expertise of our investment team in analyzing, valuing, structuring, negotiating and closing transactions should provide us with competitive advantages by allowing us to consider customized financing solutions and non-traditional or complex structures for our portfolio companies. Also, the reputation of our investment team has and should continue to enable us to generate additional revenue in the form of management and incentive fees in connection with us providing advisory services to other investment funds.

Invest Across Multiple Companies, Industries, Regions and End Markets. We seek to maintain a portfolio of investments that is appropriately balanced among various companies, industries, geographic regions and end markets. This portfolio balance is intended to mitigate the potential effects of negative economic events for particular companies, regions, industries and end markets.

Capitalize on Strong Transaction Sourcing Network. Our investment team seeks to leverage its extensive network of referral sources for portfolio company investments. We have developed a reputation in our marketplace as a responsive, efficient and reliable source of financing, which has created a growing stream of proprietary deal flow for us.

Benefit from Lower, Fixed, Long-Term Cost of Capital. The SBIC licenses held by the Funds have allowed them to issue SBA-guaranteed debentures. SBA-guaranteed debentures carry long-term fixed interest rates that are generally lower than interest rates on comparable bank loans and other debt. Because lower-cost SBA leverage is, and will continue to be, a significant part of our capital base through the Funds, our relative cost of debt capital should be lower than many of our competitors. In addition, the SBIC leverage that we receive through the Funds represents a stable, long-term component of our capital structure with proper matching of duration and cost compared to our LMM portfolio investments. We also maintain an investment grade rating from Standard & Poor's Ratings Services which provides us the opportunity and flexibility to obtain additional, attractive long-term financing options to supplement our capital structure.

Investment Criteria

Our investment team has identified the following investment criteria that it believes are important in evaluating prospective portfolio companies. Our investment team uses these criteria in evaluating investment opportunities. However, not all of these criteria have been, or will be, met in connection with each of our investments:

Proven Management Team with Meaningful Equity Stake. We look for operationally-oriented management with direct industry experience and a successful track record. In addition, we expect the management team of each LMM portfolio company to have meaningful equity ownership in the portfolio company to better align our respective economic interests. We believe management teams with these attributes are more likely to manage the companies in a manner that both protects our debt investment and enhances the value of our equity investment.

Established Companies with Positive Cash Flow. We seek to invest in established companies with sound historical financial performance. We typically focus on LMM companies that have historically generated EBITDA of \$3 million to \$20 million and commensurate levels of free cash flow. We also pursue investments in debt securities of Middle Market companies that are generally established companies with sound historical financial performance that are generally larger in size than LMM companies. We generally do not invest in start-up companies or companies with speculative business plans.

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Defensible Competitive Advantages/Favorable Industry Position. We primarily focus on companies having competitive advantages in their respective markets and/or operating in industries with barriers to entry, which may help to protect their market position and profitability.

Exit Alternatives. We exit our debt investments primarily through the repayment of our investment from internally generated cash flow of the portfolio company and/or a refinancing. In addition, we seek to invest in companies whose business models and expected future cash flows may provide alternate methods of repaying our investment, such as through a strategic acquisition by other industry participants or a recapitalization.

Investment Portfolio

The Investment Portfolio, as used herein, refers to all of our investments in LMM portfolio companies, investments in Middle Market portfolio companies, Private Loan portfolio investments, Other Portfolio investments, and the investment in the External Investment Manager, but excludes all "Marketable securities and idle funds investments." Our LMM portfolio investments primarily consist of secured debt, equity warrants and direct equity investments in privately held, LMM companies based in the United States. Our Middle Market portfolio investments primarily consist of direct investments in or secondary purchases of interest-bearing debt securities in privately held companies based in the United States that are generally larger in size than the companies included in our LMM portfolio. Our Private Loan portfolio investments primarily consist of investments in interest-bearing debt securities in companies that are consistent with the size of companies in our LMM portfolio or our Middle Market portfolio, but are investments that we originate on a collaborative basis with other investment funds, and are often referred to in the debt markets as "club deals." Our Other Portfolio investments primarily consist of investments which are not consistent with the typical profiles for our LMM, Middle Market and Private Loan portfolio investments, including investments which may be managed by third parties. In our Other Portfolio, we may incur indirect fees and expenses in connection with investments managed by third parties, such as investments in other investment companies or private funds.

Debt Investments

Historically, we have made LMM debt investments principally in the form of single tranche debt. Single tranche debt financing involves issuing one debt security that blends the risk and return profiles of both first lien secured and subordinated debt. We believe that single tranche debt is more appropriate for many LMM companies given their size in order to reduce structural complexity and potential conflicts among creditors.

Our LMM debt investments generally have a term of five to seven years from the original investment date, with limited required amortization prior to maturity, and provide for monthly or quarterly payment of interest at fixed interest rates generally between 10% and 14% per annum, payable currently in cash. In some instances, we have provided floating interest rates for our single tranche debt securities. In addition, certain LMM debt investments may have a form of interest that is not paid currently but is accrued and added to the loan balance and paid at maturity. We refer to this form of interest as payment-in-kind, or PIK, interest. We typically structure our LMM debt investments with the maximum seniority and collateral that we can reasonably obtain while seeking to achieve our total return target. In most cases, our LMM debt investment will be collateralized by a first priority lien on substantially all the assets of the portfolio company. In addition to seeking a senior lien position in the capital structure of our LMM portfolio companies, we seek to limit the downside potential of our LMM debt investments by negotiating covenants that are designed to protect our LMM debt investments while affording our portfolio companies as much flexibility in managing their businesses as is reasonable. Such restrictions may include affirmative and negative covenants, default penalties, lien protection, change of control or change of management provisions, key-man life insurance, guarantees,



equity pledges, personal guaranties, where appropriate, and put rights. In addition, we typically seek board representation or observation rights in all of our LMM portfolio companies.

While we will continue to focus our LMM debt investments primarily on single tranche debt investments, we also anticipate structuring some of our debt investments as mezzanine loans. We anticipate that these mezzanine loans will be primarily junior secured or unsecured, subordinated loans that provide for relatively high fixed interest rates payable currently in cash that will provide us with significant interest income plus the additional opportunity for income and gains through PIK interest and equity warrants and other similar equity instruments issued in conjunction with these mezzanine loans. These loans typically will have interest-only payments in the early years, with amortization of principal deferred to the later years of the mezzanine loan term. Typically, our mezzanine loans will have maturities of three to five years. We will generally target fixed interest rates of 12% to 14%, payable currently in cash for our mezzanine loan investments with higher targeted total returns from equity warrants or PIK interest.

We also pursue debt investments in Middle Market companies. Our Middle Market portfolio investments primarily consist of direct investments or secondary purchases of interest-bearing debt securities in privately held companies based in the United States that are generally larger in size than the companies included in our LMM portfolio. Our Middle Market portfolio debt investments are generally secured by either a first or second priority lien on the assets of the portfolio company and typically have a term of between three and seven years from the original investment date. The debt investments in our Middle Market portfolio have rights and protections that are similar to those in our LMM debt investments, which may include affirmative and negative covenants, default penalties, lien protection, change of control provisions, guarantees and equity pledges. The Middle Market debt investments generally have floating interest rates at LIBOR plus a margin, and are typically subject to LIBOR floors.

Our Private Loan portfolio investments primarily consist of investments in interest-bearing debt securities in companies that are consistent with the size of companies in our LMM portfolio or our Middle Market portfolio, but are investments which have been originated through strategic relationships with other investment funds on a collaborative basis. Our Private Loan portfolio debt investments are generally secured by either a first or second priority lien and typically have a term of between three and seven years from the original investment date.

Warrants

In connection with our debt investments, we occasionally receive equity warrants to establish or increase our equity interest in the portfolio company. Warrants we receive in connection with a debt investment typically require only a nominal cost to exercise, and thus, as a portfolio company appreciates in value, we may achieve additional investment return from this equity interest. We typically structure the warrants to provide provisions protecting our rights as a minority-interest holder, as well as secured or unsecured put rights, or rights to sell such securities back to the portfolio company, upon the occurrence of specified events. In certain cases, we also may obtain registration rights in connection with these equity interests, which may include demand and "piggyback" registration rights.

Direct Equity Investments

We also will seek to make direct equity investments in situations where it is appropriate to align our interests with key management and stockholders of our LMM portfolio companies, and to allow for participation in the appreciation in the equity values of our LMM portfolio companies. We usually make our direct equity investments in connection with debt investments in our LMM portfolio companies. In addition, we may have both equity warrants and direct equity positions in some of our LMM portfolio companies. We seek to maintain fully diluted equity positions in our LMM portfolio

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companies of 5% to 50%, and may have controlling equity interests in some instances. We have a value orientation toward our direct equity investments and have traditionally been able to purchase our equity investments at reasonable valuations.

Investment Process

Our investment committee is responsible for all aspects of our LMM investment process. The current members of our investment committee are Vincent D. Foster, our Chairman and Chief Executive Officer, Dwayne L. Hyzak, our President, Chief Operating Officer and Senior Managing Director, Curtis L. Hartman, our Vice-Chairman, Chief Credit Officer and Senior Managing Director, and David Magdol, our Vice-Chairman, Chief Investment Officer and Senior Managing Director.

Our credit committee is responsible for all aspects of our Middle Market portfolio investment process. The current members of our credit committee are Messrs. Foster, Hartman and Rodger A. Stout, our Executive Vice President.

Investment process responsibility for each Private Loan portfolio investment is delegated to either the investment committee or the credit committee based upon the nature of the investment and the manner in which it was originated. Similarly, the investment processes for each Private Loan portfolio investment, from origination to close and to eventual exit, will follow the processes for our LMM portfolio investments or our Middle Market portfolio investments as outlined below, or a combination thereof.

Our investment strategy involves a "team" approach, whereby potential transactions are screened by several members of our investment team before being presented to the investment committee or the credit committee, as applicable. Our investment committee and credit committee each meet on an as needed basis depending on transaction volume. We generally categorize our investment process into seven distinct stages:

Deal Generation/Origination

Deal generation and origination is maximized through long-standing and extensive relationships with industry contacts, brokers, commercial and investment bankers, entrepreneurs, service providers such as lawyers, financial advisors, accountants and current and former portfolio companies and investors. Our investment team has focused its deal generation and origination efforts on LMM and Middle Market companies, and we have developed a reputation as a knowledgeable, reliable and active source of capital and assistance in these markets.

Screening

During the screening process, if a transaction initially meets our investment criteria, we will perform preliminary due diligence, taking into consideration some or all of the following information:

a comprehensive financial model based on quantitative analysis of historical financial performance, projections and pro forma adjustments to determine the estimated internal rate of return;

a brief industry and market analysis;

direct industry expertise imported from other portfolio companies or investors;

preliminary qualitative analysis of the management team's competencies and backgrounds;

potential investment structures and pricing terms; and

regulatory compliance.

Upon successful screening of a proposed LMM transaction, the investment team makes a recommendation to our investment committee. If our investment committee concurs with moving forward on the proposed LMM transaction, we typically issue a non-binding term sheet to the company. For Middle Market portfolio investments, the initial term sheet is typically issued by the borrower, through the syndicating bank, and is screened by the investment team which makes a recommendation to our credit committee.

Term Sheet

For proposed LMM transactions, the non-binding term sheet will include the key economic terms based upon our analysis performed during the screening process as well as a proposed timeline and our qualitative expectation for the transaction. While the term sheet for LMM investments is non-binding, we typically receive an expense deposit in order to move the transaction to the due diligence phase. Upon execution of a term sheet, we begin our formal due diligence process.

For proposed Middle Market transactions, the initial term sheet will include key economic terms and other conditions proposed by the borrower and its representatives and the proposed timeline for the investment, which are reviewed by our investment team to determine if such terms and conditions are in agreement with our investment objectives.

Due Diligence

Due diligence on a proposed LMM investment is performed by a minimum of two of our investment professionals, whom we refer to collectively as the investment team, and certain external resources, who together conduct due diligence to understand the relationships among the prospective portfolio company's business plan, operations and financial performance. Our LMM due diligence review includes some or all of the following:

site visits with management and key personnel;

detailed review of historical and projected financial statements;

operational reviews and analysis;

interviews with customers and suppliers;

detailed evaluation of company management, including background checks;

review of material contracts;

in-depth industry, market and strategy analysis;

regulatory compliance analysis; and

review by legal, environmental or other consultants, if applicable.

Due diligence on a proposed Middle Market investment is generally performed on materials and information obtained from certain external resources and assessed internally by a minimum of two of our investment professionals, who work to understand the relationships among the prospective portfolio company's business plan, operations and financial performance using the accumulated due diligence information. Our Middle Market due diligence review includes some or all of the following:

detailed review of historical and projected financial statements;

in-depth industry, market, operational and strategy analysis;

regulatory compliance analysis; and

detailed review of the company's management team and their capabilities.

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During the due diligence process, significant attention is given to sensitivity analyses and how the company might be expected to perform given downside, base-case and upside scenarios. In certain cases, we may decide not to make an investment based on the results of the diligence process.

Document and Close

Upon completion of a satisfactory due diligence review of a proposed LMM portfolio investment, the investment team presents the findings and a recommendation to our investment committee. The presentation contains information which can include, but is not limited to, the following:

company history and overview;

transaction overview, history and rationale, including an analysis of transaction strengths and risks;

analysis of key customers and suppliers and key contracts;

a working capital analysis;

an analysis of the company's business strategy;

a management and key equity investor background check and assessment;

third-party accounting, legal, environmental or other due diligence findings;

investment structure and expected returns;

anticipated sources of repayment and potential exit strategies;

pro forma capitalization and ownership;

an analysis of historical financial results and key financial ratios;

sensitivities to management's financial projections;

regulatory compliance analysis findings; and

detailed reconciliations of historical to pro forma results.

Upon completion of a satisfactory due diligence review of a proposed Middle Market portfolio investment, the investment team presents the findings and a recommendation to our credit committee. The presentation contains information which can include, but is not limited to, the following:

company history and overview;

transaction overview, history and rationale, including an analysis of transaction strengths and risks;

analysis of key customers and suppliers;

an analysis of the company's business strategy;

investment structure and expected returns;

anticipated sources of repayment and potential exit strategies;

pro forma capitalization and ownership;

regulatory compliance analysis findings; and

an analysis of historical financial results and key financial ratios.

If any adjustments to the transaction terms or structures are proposed by the investment committee or credit committee, as applicable, such changes are made and applicable analyses are updated prior to approval of the transaction. Approval for the transaction must be made by the

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affirmative vote from a majority of the members of the investment committee or credit committee, as applicable, with the committee member managing the transaction, if any, abstaining from the vote. Upon receipt of transaction approval, we will re-confirm regulatory compliance, process and finalize all required legal documents, and fund the investment.

Post-Investment

We continuously monitor the status and progress of the portfolio companies. We generally offer managerial assistance to our portfolio companies, giving them access to our investment experience, direct industry expertise and contacts. The same investment team that was involved in the investment process will continue its involvement in the portfolio company post-investment. This provides for continuity of knowledge and allows the investment team to maintain a strong business relationship with key management of our portfolio companies for post-investment assistance and monitoring purposes.

As part of the monitoring process of LMM portfolio investments, the investment team will analyze monthly and quarterly financial statements versus the previous periods and year, review financial projections, meet and discuss issues or opportunities with management, attend board meetings and review all compliance certificates and covenants. While we maintain limited involvement in the ordinary course operations of our LMM portfolio companies, we maintain a higher level of involvement in non-ordinary course financing or strategic activities and any non-performing scenarios. We also monitor the performance of our Middle Market portfolio investments; however, due to the larger size and higher sophistication level of these Middle Market companies in comparison to our LMM portfolio companies, it is not necessary or practical to have as much direct management interface.

We utilize an internally developed investment rating system to rate the performance of each LMM portfolio company and to monitor our expected level of returns on each of our LMM investments in relation to our expectations for the portfolio company. The investment rating system takes into consideration various factors, including, but not limited to, each investment's expected level of returns, the collectability of our debt investments and the ability to receive a return of the invested capital in our equity investments, comparisons to competitors and other industry participants, the portfolio company's future outlook and other factors that are deemed to be significant to the portfolio company.

Investment Rating 1 represents a LMM portfolio company that is performing in a manner which significantly exceeds expectations.

Investment Rating 2 represents a LMM portfolio company that, in general, is performing above expectations.

Investment Rating 3 represents a LMM portfolio company that is generally performing in accordance with expectations.

Investment Rating 4 represents a LMM portfolio company that is underperforming expectations. Investments with such a rating require increased monitoring and scrutiny by us.

Investment Rating 5 represents a LMM portfolio company that is significantly underperforming. Investments with such a rating require heightened levels of monitoring and scrutiny by us and involve the recognition of significant unrealized depreciation on such investment.

All new LMM portfolio investments receive an initial Investment Rating of 3.

Exit Strategies/Refinancing

While we generally exit most investments through the refinancing or repayment of our debt and redemption of our equity positions, we typically assist our LMM portfolio companies in developing and planning exit opportunities, including any sale or merger of our portfolio companies. We may also assist in the structure, timing, execution and transition of the exit strategy. The refinancing or repayment of

Middle Market debt investments typically does not require our assistance due to the additional resources available to these larger, Middle Market companies.

Determination of Net Asset Value and Investment Portfolio Valuation Process

We determine the net asset value per share of our common stock on a quarterly basis. The net asset value per share is equal to our total assets minus liabilities and any noncontrolling interests outstanding divided by the total number of shares of common stock outstanding.

We are required to report our investments at fair value. As a result, the most significant determination inherent in the preparation of our consolidated financial statements is the valuation of our Investment Portfolio and the related amounts of unrealized appreciation and depreciation. We follow the provisions of the Financial Accounting Standards Board Accounting Standards Codification ("ASC") 820, *Fair Value Measurements and Disclosures* ("ASC 820"). ASC 820 defines fair value, establishes a framework for measuring fair value, establishes a fair value hierarchy based on the quality of inputs used to measure fair value, and enhances disclosure requirements for fair value measurements. ASC 820 requires us to assume that the portfolio investment is to be sold in the principal market to independent market participants, which may be a hypothetical market. Market participants are defined as buyers and sellers in the principal market that are independent, knowledgeable and willing and able to transact.

We determine in good faith the fair value of our Investment Portfolio pursuant to a valuation policy in accordance with ASC 820 and a valuation process approved by our Board of Directors and in accordance with the 1940 Act. Our valuation policies and processes are intended to provide a consistent basis for determining the fair value of our Investment Portfolio. See "Note B.1. Valuation of the Investment Portfolio" in the notes to consolidated financial statements for a detailed discussion of our investment portfolio valuation process and procedures.

Due to the inherent uncertainty in the valuation process, our determination of fair value for our Investment Portfolio may differ materially from the values that would have been determined had a ready market for the securities existed. In addition, changes in the market environment, portfolio company performance and other events that may occur over the lives of the investments may cause the gains or losses ultimately realized on these investments to be materially different than the valuations currently assigned. We determine the fair value of each individual investment and record changes in fair value as unrealized appreciation or depreciation.

As described below, we undertake a multi-step valuation process each quarter in connection with determining the fair value of our investments, with our Board of Directors having final responsibility for overseeing, reviewing and approving, in good faith, our determination of the fair value for our Investment Portfolio and our valuation procedures, consistent with 1940 Act requirements. In addition, the Audit Committee of our Board of Directors periodically evaluates the performance and methodologies of the financial advisory services firm that we consult in connection with valuing our LMM and Private Loan portfolio company investments.

Our quarterly valuation process begins with each LMM and Private Loan portfolio company investment being initially valued by the investment team responsible for monitoring the portfolio investment;

The fair value determination for our Middle Market and Other Portfolio debt and equity investments and our investment in the External Investment Manager consists of unobservable and observable inputs which are initially reviewed by the investment professionals responsible for monitoring the portfolio investment;

Preliminary valuation conclusions are then reviewed by and discussed with senior management, and the investment team considers and assesses, as appropriate, any changes that may be required to the preliminary valuations to address any comments provided by senior management;



A nationally recognized independent financial advisory services firm analyzes and provides observations, recommendations and an assurance certification regarding the Company's determinations of the fair value for its LMM and Private Loan portfolio companies;

The Audit Committee of our Board of Directors reviews management's valuations, and the investment team and senior management consider and assess, as appropriate, any changes that may be required to management's valuations to address any comments provided by the Audit Committee; and

The Board of Directors assesses the valuations and ultimately approves the fair value of each investment in our portfolio in good faith.

Determination of fair value involves subjective judgments and estimates. The notes to our consolidated financial statements refer to the uncertainty with respect to the possible effect of such valuations, and any change in such valuations, on our financial results and financial condition.

Competition

We compete for investments with a number of investment funds (including private equity funds, mezzanine funds, BDCs, and SBICs), as well as traditional financial services companies such as commercial banks and other sources of financing. Many of the entities that compete with us are larger and have more resources available to them. We believe we are able to be competitive with these entities primarily on the basis of our focus toward the underserved LMM, the experience and contacts of our management team, our responsive and efficient investment analysis and decision-making processes, our comprehensive suite of customized financing solutions and the investment terms we offer.

We believe that some of our competitors make senior secured loans, junior secured loans and subordinated debt investments with interest rates and returns that are comparable to or lower than the rates and returns that we target. Therefore, we do not seek to compete primarily on the interest rates and returns that we offer to potential portfolio companies. For additional information concerning the competitive risks we face, see "Risk Factors Risks Related to Our Business and Structure We may face increasing competition for investment opportunities."

Employees

As of December 31, 2016, we had 57 employees. These employees include investment and portfolio management professionals, operations professionals and administrative staff. As necessary, we will hire additional investment professionals and administrative personnel. All of our employees are located in our Houston, Texas office.

Properties

We do not own any real estate or other physical properties materially important to our operations. Currently, we lease office space in Houston, Texas for our corporate headquarters.

Legal Proceedings

We may, from time to time, be involved in litigation arising out of our operations in the normal course of business or otherwise. Furthermore, third parties may seek to impose liability on us in connection with the activities of our portfolio companies. While the outcome of any current legal proceedings cannot at this time be predicted with certainty, we do not expect any current matters will materially affect our financial condition or results of operations; however, there can be no assurance whether any pending legal proceedings will have a material adverse effect on our financial condition or results of operations in any future reporting period.

PORTFOLIO COMPANIES

The following table sets forth certain unaudited information as of December 31, 2016 (dollars in thousands), for the portfolio companies in which we had a debt or equity investment. Other than these investments, our only formal relationships with our portfolio companies are the managerial assistance ancillary to our investments and the board observer or participation rights we may receive. As of December 31, 2016, none of our portfolio company investments constituted five percent or more of our total assets. The following table excludes our investments in marketable securities and idle funds investments.

Portfolio Company(1)	Business Description	Type of Investment(2)(3)	Percent of Class Held(19)	Principal(4)	Cost(4)	Fair Value
Control Investments(5)						
Access Media Holdings, LLC(10) 900 Commerce Drive, Suite 200 Oak Brook, IL 60523	Private Cable Operator	5% Current / 5% PIK Secured Debt (Maturity July 22, 2020) Preferred Member Units (6,581,250 units; 12% cumulative)(20) Member Units (45 units)	45.0% 0.0%	\$ 22,664	\$ 22,664 6,475 1 29,140	\$ 19,700 240 19,940
Ameritech College Operations, LLC 12257 Business Park Dr, Ste. 108 Draper, UT 84020	For-Profit Nursing and Healthcare College	10% Secured Debt (Maturity November 30, 2019) 13% Secured Debt (Maturity November 30, 2019) 13% Secured Debt (Maturity January 31, 2020) Preferred Member Units (294 units)	44.5%	514 489 3,025	514 489 3,025 2,291 6,319	514 489 3,025 2,291 6,319
ASC Interests, LLC 16500 Westheimer Parkway Houston, TX 77082	Recreational and Educational Shooting Facility	11% Secured Debt (Maturity July 31, 2018) Member Units (1,500 units)(8)	48.4%	2,100	2,084 1,500 3,584	2,100 2,680 4,780
Bond-Coat, Inc. 11901 West CR 125 Odessa, TX 79765	Casing and Tubing Coating Services	12% Secured Debt (Maturity December 28, 2017) Common Stock (57,508 shares)	43.8%	11,596	11,556 6,350 17,906	11,596 6,660 18,256

Café Brazil, LLC 202 West Main Street, Ste. 100 Allen, TX 75013	Casual Restaurant Group	Member Units (1,233 units)(8)	69.0%	1,742	6,040
CBT Nuggets, LLC 44 Club Rd., Ste. 150 Eugene, OR 97401	Produces and Sells IT Training Certification Videos	Member Units (416 units)(8)	41.6%	1,300	55,480
		84			

			Percent of Class			Fair
Portfolio Company(1)	Business Description	Type of Investment(2)(3)	Held(19)	Principal(4)	Cost(4)	Value
Clad-Rex Steel, LLC 11500 W. King Street Franklin Park, IL 60131	Specialty Manufacturer of Vinyl-Clad Metal	LIBOR Plus 9.50% (Floor 1.00%), Current Coupon 10.50%, Secured Debt (Maturity December 20, 2018)(9) LIBOR Plus 9.50% (Floor 1.00%), Current Coupon 10.50%, Secured Debt (Maturity December 20,		400	396	396
		2021)(9) Member Units (717 units) 10% Secured Debt (Clad-Rex Steel RE Investor, LLC)	71.7%	14,080	13,941 7,280	13,941 7,280
		(Maturity December 20, 2036) Member Units (Clad-Rex Steel		1,202	1,190	1,190
		RE Investor, LLC) (800 units)	80.0%		210	210
					23,017	23,017
CMS Minerals Investments 3040 Stout Street Denver, CO 80205	Oil & Gas Exploration & Production					
		Preferred Member Units (CMS Minerals LLC) (458 units)(8)	45.8%		2,104	3,682
		Member Units (CMS Minerals II, LLC) (100 units)(8)	100.0%		3,829	3,381
					5,933	7,063
Datacom, LLC 100 Enterprise Boulevard Lafayette, LA 70506	Technology and Telecommunications Provider					
		8% Secured Debt (Maturity May 30, 2017) 5.25% Current / 5.25% PIK Secured Debt (Maturity		900	900	900
		May 30, 2019) Class A Preferred Member		11,713	11,651	11,049
		Units (15% cumulative)(20) Class B Preferred Member	37.6%		1,181	1,368
		Units (6,453 units)	37.6%		6,030	1,529
					19,762	14,846
Gamber-Johnson Holdings, LLC 3001 Borham Ave. Stevens Point, WI 54481	Manufacturer of Ruggedized Computer Mounting Systems	LIBOR Plus 11.00% (Floor 1.00%), Current Coupon 12.00%, Secured Debt (Maturity June 24, 2021)(9) Member Units (8,619 units)	73.8%	24,080	23,846 14,844 38,690	23,846 18,920 42,766
Garreco, LLC 430 Hiram Rd.	Manufacturer and Supplier of Dental					

Heber Springs, AR 72543	Products	14% Secured Debt (Maturity January 12, 2018)		5,250	5,219	5,219
		Member Units (1,200 units)	32.0%	-,	1,200	1,150
					6,419	6,369
		85				

Portfolio Company(1)	Business Description	Type of Investment(2)(3)	Percent of Class Held(19)	Principal(4)	Cost(4)	Fair Value
GRT Rubber Technologies LLC 201 Dana Dr. Paragould, AR 72450	Manufacturer of Engineered Rubber Products	LIBOR Plus 9.00% (Floor 1.00%), Current Coupon 10.00%, Secured Debt (Maturity December 19, 2019)(9) Member Units (5,879 units)(8)	60.0%	13,274	13,188 13,065 26,253	13,274 20,310 33,584
Gulf Manufacturing, LLC 1221 Indiana St. Humble, TX 77396	Manufacturer of Specialty Fabricated Industrial Piping Products	9% PIK Secured Debt (Ashland Capital IX, LLC) (Maturity June 30, 2017) Member Units (438 units)(8)	35.9%	777	777 2,980 3,757	777 8,770 9,547
Gulf Publishing Holdings, LLC 2 Greenway Plaza, Suite 1020 Houston, TX 77046	Energy Industry Focused Media and Publishing	12.5% Secured Debt (Maturity April 29, 2021) Member Units (3,124 units)	32.1%	10,000	9,911 3,124 13,035	9,911 3,124 13,035
Harrison Hydra-Gen, Ltd. 10827 Tower Oaks Blvd. Houston, TX 77070	Manufacturer of Hydraulic Generators	Common Stock (107,456 shares)(8)	33.6%		718	3,120
Hawthorne Customs and Dispatch Services, LLC 9370 Wallisville Rd Houston, TX 77013	Facilitator of Import Logistics, Brokerage, and Warehousing	Member Units (500 units) Member Units (Wallisville Real Estate, LLC) (588,210 units)(8)	47.6% 59.2%		589 1,215 1,804	280 2,040 2,320
HW Temps LLC 32 Norfolk Ave South Easton, MA 02375	Temporary Staffing Solutions	LIBOR Plus 13.00% (Floor 1.00%), Current Coupon 14.00%, Secured Debt (Maturity July 2, 2020)(9) Preferred Member Units (3,200 units)(8)	32.0%	10,576	10,500 3,942	10,500 3,940

				14,442	14,440
Hydratec, Inc. 325 Road 192 Delano, CA 93215	Designer and Installer of Micro-Irrigation Systems	Common Stock (7,095 shares)(8)	95.9%	7,095	15,640
		86			

	Business		Percent of Class			Fair
Portfolio Company(1)	Description	Type of Investment(2)(3)	Held(19)	Principal(4)	Cost(4)	Value
IDX Broker, LLC 1551 Pearl Street Eugene, OR 97401	Provider of Marketing and CRM Tools for the Real Estate Industry	12.5% Secured Debt (Maturity November 15, 2018) Member Units (5,400 units)(8)	64.0%	10,950	10,904 5,606 16,510	10,950 7,040 17,990
Indianapolis Aviation Partners, LLC 8501 Telephone Road Houston, TX 77061	Fixed Base Operator	15% Secured Debt (Maturity January 15, 2017) Warrants (1,046 equivalent units)	30.1%	3,100	3,100 1,129 4,229	3,100 2,649 5,749
Jensen Jewelers of Idaho, LLC 130 Second Avenue North Twin Falls, ID 83301	Retail Jewelry Store	Prime Plus 6.75% (Floor 2.00%), Current Coupon 10.25%, Secured Debt (Maturity November 14, 2019)(9) Member Units (627 units)(8)	61.4%	4,055	3,996 811 4,807	4,055 4,460 8,515
Lamb Ventures, LLC 11675 Jollyville Rd., Ste. 300 Austin, TX 78759	Aftermarket Automotive Services Chain	 11% Secured Debt (Maturity May 31, 2018) Preferred Equity (non-voting)(20) Member Units (742 units)(8) 9.5% Secured Debt (Lamb's Real Estate Investment I, LLC) (Maturity December 31, 2041) Member Units (Lamb's Real Estate Investment I, LLC) (1,000 units)(8) 	100.0% 68.4% 100.0%	7,657	7,657 400 5,273 1,170 625 15,125	7,657 400 5,990 1,170 1,340 16,557
Lighting Unlimited, LLC 4125 Richmond Ave Houston, TX 77027	Commercial and Residential Lighting Products and Design Services	8% Secured Debt (Maturity August 22, 2017) Preferred Equity (non-voting)(20) Warrants (71 equivalent units) Member Units (700 units)	23.6% 7.1% 70.0%	1,514	1,514 434 54 100	1,514 410

					2,102	1,924
Marine Shelters Holdings, LLC 6800 Harborside Dr. Galveston, TX 77554	Fabricator of Marine and Industrial Shelters	12% PIK Secured Debt (Maturity December 28, 2017)(14) Preferred Member Units (3,810 units)	26.7%	9,967	9,914 5,352 15,266	9,387 9,387
		87				

	Business	Percent of Class				Fair
Portfolio Company(1)	Description	Type of Investment(2)(3)	Held(19)	Principal(4)	Cost(4)	Value
MH Corbin Holding, LLC 8355 Rausch Dr. Plain City, OH 43064	Manufacturer and Distributor of Traffic Safety Products	10% Secured Debt (Maturity August 31, 2020) Preferred Member Units (4,000 shares)	44.4%	13,300	13,197 6,000 19,197	13,197 6,000 19,197
Mid-Columbia Lumber Products, LLC 380 NW Adler St Madras, OR 97741	Manufacturer of Finger-Jointed Lumber Products	10% Secured Debt (Maturity December 18, 2017) 12% Secured Debt (Maturity December 18, 2017) Member Units (3,554 units) 9.5% Secured Debt (Mid Columbia Real Estate, LLC) (Maturity May 13, 2025) Member Units (Mid Columbia	56.6%	1,750 3,900 836	1,750 3,900 1,810 836	1,750 3,900 2,480 836
		Real Estate, LLC) (250 units)(8)	50.0%		250	600
					8,546	9,566
MSC Adviser I, LLC(16) 1300 Post Oak Boulevard, 8th Floor Houston, TX 77056	Third Party Investment Advisory Services	Member Units (Fully diluted 100.0%)(8)	100.0%			30,617
Mystic Logistics Holdings, LLC 2187 NW London Tpke South Glastonbury, CT 06073	Logistics and Distribution Services Provider for Large Volume Mailers	12% Secured Debt (Maturity August 15, 2019) Common Stock (5,873 shares)	63.5%	9,176	9,053 2,720 11,773	9,176 5,780 14,956
NAPCO Precast, LLC 6949 Low Bid Lane San Antonio, TX 78250	Precast Concrete Manufacturing	Prime Plus 2.00% (Floor 7.00%), Current Coupon 9.00%, Secured Debt (Maturity February 1, 2019)(9) 18% Secured Debt (Maturity February 1, 2019) Member Units (2,955 units)(8)	44.5%	2,713 3,952	2,693 3,922 2,975 9,590	2,713 3,952 10,920 17,585
NRI Clinical Research, LLC 2010 Wilshire Blvd	Clinical Research Service Provider					

Los Angeles, CA 90057					
	LIBOR Plus 6.50% (Floor				
	1.50%), Current Coupon 8.00%,				
	Secured Debt (Maturity				
	September 8, 2017)(9)		200	200	200
	14% Secured Debt (Maturity				
	September 8, 2017)		4,261	4,228	4,261
	Warrants (251,723 equivalent				
	units)	12.0%		252	680
	Member Units (1,454,167 units)	23.9%		765	2,462
				5,445	7,603
				5,775	7,005
	88				
	00				

	Business		Percent of Class			Fair
Portfolio Company(1)	Description	Type of Investment(2)(3)	Held(19)	Principal(4)	Cost(4)	Value
NRP Jones, LLC 210 Philadelphia St LaPorte, IN 46350	Manufacturer of Hoses, Fittings and Assemblies	6% Current / 6% PIK Secured Debt (Maturity December 22, 2016)(17) Warrants (14,331 equivalent units) Member Units (50,877 units)	11.6% 41.1%	13,915	13,915 817 2,900 17,632	13,915 130 410 14,455
OMi Holdings, Inc. 1515 E I-30 Service Road Royse City, TX 75189	Manufacturer of Overhead Cranes	Common Stock (1,500 shares)(8)	48.0%		1,080	13,080
Pegasus Research Group, LLC 4636 E. University Drive Phoenix, AZ 85034	Provider of Telemarketing and Data Services	Member Units (460 units)(8)	43.7%		1,290	8,620
PPL RVs, Inc. 10777 Southwest Freeway Houston, TX 77074	Recreational Vehicle Dealer	LIBOR Plus 7.00% (Floor 0.50%), Current Coupon 7.93%, Secured Debt (Maturity November 15, 2021)(9) Common Stock (1,962 shares)(8)	52.2%	18,000	17,826 2,150 19,976	17,826 11,780 29,606
Principle Environmental, LLC 201 W. Ranch Court Weatherford, TX 76088	Noise Abatement Service Provider	12% Secured Debt (Maturity April 30, 2017) 12% Current / 2% PIK Secured Debt (Maturity April 30, 2017) Preferred Member Units (19,631 units)(20) Warrants (1,036 equivalent units)	87.7% 3.8%	4,060 3,378	4,060 3,378 4,663 1,200 13,301	4,060 3,378 5,370 270 13,078
Quality Lease Service, LLC 501 East Kennedy Blvd, Suite 801 Tampa, FL 33602	Provider of Rigsite Accommodation Unit Rentals and Related Services	8% PIK Secured Debt (Maturity June 8, 2020) Member Units (1,000 units)	100.0%	7,068	7,068 1,118 8,186	7,068 3,188 10,256
River Aggregates, LLC PO Box 8609	Processor of Construction					

The Woodlands, TX 77387	Aggregates	Zero Coupon Secured Debt			<i></i>	<i></i>	
		(Maturity June 30, 2018)		750	627	627	
		Member Units (1,150 units)(8) Member Units (RA	38.3%		1,150	4,600	
		Properties, LLC) (1,500 units)	50.0%		369	2,510	
					2,146	7,737	
		89					

Portfolio Company(1)	Business Description	Type of Investment(2)(3)	Percent of Class Held(19)	Principal(4)	Cost(4)	Fair Value
SoftTouch Medical Holdings, LLC	Provider of	Type of investment(2)(3)	neiu(19)	Principal(4)	Cost(4)	rair value
1800 Sandy Plains Ind Pkwy NE #224 Marietta, GA 30066	In-Home Pediatric Durable Medical Equipment					
		LIBOR Plus 9.00% (Floor 1.00%), Current Coupon 10.00%, Secured Debt (Maturity October 31, 2019)(9) Member Units (4,450 units)(8)	45.9%	7,140	7,096 4,930	7,140 9,170
					12,026	16,310
The MPI Group, LLC 319 North Hills Road Corbin, KY 40701	Manufacturer of Custom Hollow Metal Doors, Frames and Accessories					
		9% Secured Debt (Maturity October 2, 2018) Series A Preferred Units (2,500 units; 10% Cumulative)(20)	100.0%	2,924	2,922 2,500	2,922
		Warrants (1,424 equivalent units)	59.4%		1,096	
		Member Units (MPI Real Estate Holdings, LLC) (100 units)(8)	100.0%		2,300	2,300
					8,818	5,222
Uvalco Supply, LLC 2521 E. Main St. Uvalde, TX 78801	Farm and Ranch Supply Store	9% Secured Debt (Maturity				
		January 1, 2019) Member Units (2,011 units)(8)	85.6%	872	872 3,843	872 4,640
					4,715	5,512
Vision Interests, Inc. 6630 Arroyo Springs St., Ste. 600 Las Vegas, NV 89113	Manufacturer / Installer of Commercial Signage	120 Second Data (Manuita				
		13% Secured Debt (Maturity December 23, 2018) Series A Preferred Stock		2,814	2,814	2,814
		(3,000,000 shares)(20) Common Stock (1,126,242	100.0%		3,000	3,000
		shares)	19.1%		3,706	
					9,520	5,814
Ziegler's NYPD, LLC 13901 North 73rd St., #219 Scottsdale, AZ 85260	Casual Restaurant Group	6.5% Secured Debt (Maturity				
		October 1, 2019) 12% Secured Debt (Maturity		1,000	994	994
		October 1, 2019) 14% Secured Debt (Maturity		300	300	300
		October 1, 2019) Warrants (587 equivalent units)	4.0%	2,750	2,750 600	2,750 240

	Preferred Member Units (10,072 units)	67.8%	2,834	4,100
			7,478	8,384
Subtotal Control Investments (29.8% of total investments at fair value)			\$ 439,674	\$ 594,282
	90			

Business Description	Type of Investment(2)(3)	Percent of Class Held(19)	Principal(4)	Cost(4)	Fair Value
Provider of Rent-to-Own Financing Solutions and Services	Warrants (42 equivalent units) Member Units (186 units)(8)	4.0% 17.6%		\$ 259 1,200 1,459	\$ 670 2,750 3,420
Casual Restaurant Group	12% Secured Debt (Maturity August 31, 2020) Options (2 equivalent units) Warrant (1 equivalent unit)	3.3% 1.8%	5,958	5,860 397 473 6,730	5,827 490 280 6,597
Maintenance, Repair and Construction Services to the Above-Ground Storage Tank Market	LIBOR Plus 9.50% (Floor 1.00%), Current Coupon 10.50%, Secured Debt (Maturity April 8, 2021)(9) 15% Current Secured Debt (Maturity April 8, 2021) Member Units (800,000 units)	10.2%	800 4,027	797 3,991 800 5,588	797 3,991 800 5,588
Manufacturer and Distributor of Air, Power and Other Industrial Equipment	Preferred Member Units (2,242 units)(8)	22.4%		2,426	2,800
Financial Services and Cash Flow Solutions Provider	13% Secured Debt (Maturity July 25, 2021) Warrants (63 equivalent shares) 13% Secured Debt (Mercury Service Group, LLC) (Maturity	24.0%	7,500	5,610 2,132 991	5,610 3,370 1,000
	Description Provider of Rent-to-Own Financing Solutions and Services Rand Services Casual Restaurant Group Maintenance, Repair and Construction Services to the Above-Ground Storage Tank Market Manufacturer and Distributor of Air, Power and Other Industrial Equipment Financial Services and Cash Flow	DescriptionType of Investment(2)(3)Provider of Rent-to-Own Financing Solutions and ServicesWarrants (42 equivalent units) Wember Units (186 units)(8)Casual Restaurant Group12% Secured Debt (Maturity August 31, 2020) Options (2 equivalent units) Warrant (1 equivalent units) Warrant (1 equivalent units)Maintenance, Repair and Construction Storage Tank MarketLIBOR Plus 9.50% (Floor 1.00%), Current Coupon 1.5% Current Secured Debt (Maturity April 8, 2021)(9) 15% Current Secured Debt (Maturity April 8, 2021)(9) IS% Current Secured DebtFinancial Services and Cash Flow Solutions Provider13/% Secured Debt (Maturity July 25, 2021) Warrants (63 equivalent shares)	DescriptionType of Investment(2)(3)Held(19)Provider of Rent-to-Own Financing Solutions and ServicesWarrants (42 equivalent units) (Member Units (186 units)(8)4.0% (17.6%Casual Restaurant Group12% Secured Debt (Maturity August 31, 2020) Options (2 equivalent units) (Marrant (1 equivalent units))3.3% (18.6%)Maintenance, Repair and Construction Services to the Above-Ground Storage Tank MarketLIBOR Plus 9.50% (Floor 1.00%), Current Coupon 10.50%, Secured Debt (Maturity April 8, 2021)(9) 	DescriptionType of Investment(2)(3)Held(19)Principal(4)Provider of Rent-to-Own inancing Solutions and ServicesWarrants (42 equivalent units) Member Units (186 units)(8)4.0% 17.6%Casual Restaurant Group12% Secured Debt (Maturity August 31, 2020) Warrant (1 equivalent units) Warrant (1 equivalent units) Solutions Services to the Above-Ground Storage Tank12% Secured Debt (Maturity August 31, 2020) Warrant (1 equivalent units) Market3.3% S.3.5%Maintenance, Repair Market12% Secured Debt (Maturity August 31, 2020) Warrant (1 equivalent units) Storage Tank Market3.3% S.3.5%\$.5,958Maintenance, Repair Above-Ground Storage Tank Market12% Secured Debt (Maturity April 8, 2021)(9) 15% Current Coupon 10.5%, Secured Debt (Maturity April 8, 2021) Member Units (800,000 units)800 10.2%Distributor of Air, Power and Other Industrial EquipmentPreferred Member Units (2,242) 22.4%2.2.4%Financial Services and Cash Flow Solutions Provider13% Secured Debt (Maturity Juy 25, 2021) Market Solutions Provider13% Secured Debt (Maturity Maturity April 8, 2021) 24.0%7,500	DescriptionType of Investment(2)(3)Held(19)Principal(4)Cost(4)Provider of Rent-to-Own Financing Solutions and ServicesWarrants (42 equivalent units) Member Units (186 units)(8)4.0% 17.6%\$ 259 1.200Casual Restaurant Group12% Secured Debt (Maturity August 31, 2020) Warrant (1 equivalent units)3.3% 1.8%\$5,958\$5,860 5,977 1.3%Maintenance, Repair and Construction Services to the Market12% Secured Debt (Maturity August 31, 2020) (Maturity April 8, 2021) Member Units (800,000 units)3.3% 1.8%\$5,958\$5,860 5,958Maintenance, Repair and Construction Services to the Distributor of Arit (Maturity April 8, 2021) Member Units (800,000 units)\$800 1.0.2%\$797 4.027Maintenance, Repair gargementPreferred Member Units (2,242 units)(8)\$800 2.2.4%\$797 4.027Solutions Provide and Cash Flow Solutions ProvidePreferred Debt (Maturity July 25, 2021) Murits (2,242)\$2.4%\$7,500Solutions Provide and Cash Flow Solutions Provide13% Secured Debt (Maturity July 25, 2021) Murits (2,24%)\$2.4%\$7,500

Buca C, LLC 4700 Millenua Blvd., #400 Orlando, FL 32839	Casual Restaurant Group	LIBOR Plus 7.25% (Floor 1.00%), Current Coupon 8.25%, Secured Debt (Maturity				
		June 30, 2020)(9)		22,671	22,504	22,671
		Preferred Member Units (6 units; 6% cumulative)(8)(20)	60.0%		3,937	4,660
					26,441	27,331
		91				

Portfolio Company(1)	Business Description	Type of Investment(2)(3)	Percent of Class Held(19)	Principal(4)	Cost(4)	Fair Value
CAI Software LLC 36 Thurber Boulevard Smithfield, RI 02917	Provider of Specialized Enterprise Resource Planning Software	12% Secured Debt (Maturity October 10, 2019) Member Units (65,356 units)(8)	14.8%	3,683	3,660 654 4,314	3,683 2,480 6,163
CapFusion, LLC(13) 2310 W 75th Street Prairie Village, KS 66028	Non-Bank Lender to Small Businesses	13% Secured Debt (Maturity March 25, 2021) Warrants (1,600 equivalent units)	16.0%	14,400	13,202 1,200 14,402	13,202 1,200 14,402
Chandler Signs Holdings, LLC(10) 3201 Manor Way Dallas, TX 75235	Sign Manufacturer	12% Secured Debt (Maturity July 4, 2021) Class A Units (1,500,000 units)(8)	9.0%	4,500	4,461 1,500 5,961	4,500 3,240 7,740
Condit Exhibits, LLC 5151 Bannock St Denver, CO 80435	Tradeshow Exhibits / Custom Displays Provider	Member Units (3,936 units)(8)	15.0%		100	1,840
Congruent Credit Opportunities Funds(12)(13) 3131 McKinney Ave., Suite 850 Dallas, TX 75204	Investment Partnership	LP Interests (Congruent Credit Opportunities Fund II, LP) (Fully diluted 19.8%)(8) LP Interests (Congruent Credit Opportunities Fund III, LP) (Fully diluted 17.4%)(8)	19.8% 17.4%		5,730 15,754	1,518 16,181