ONSCREEN TECHNOLOGIES INC

Form 10QSB November 14, 2006

ONSCREEN TECHNOLOGIES, INC.

UNITED STATES SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION WASHINGTON, D.C. 20549

FORM 10-QSB

QUARTERLY REPORT UNDER SECTION 13 OR 15(D)
OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

For quarter ended September 30, 2006

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Commission File Number 0-29195

ONSCREEN TECHNOLOGIES, INC. (Name of Small Business Issuer in Its Charter)

Colorado (3990) 84-1463284

(State or jurisdiction of (Primary Standard Industrial (I.R.S. Employer

incorporation or organization) Classification Code Number) Identification No.)

600 NW 14th Avenue, Suite 100 Portland, Oregon 97209 (503) 417-1700

(Address and Telephone Number of Principal Executive Offices and Principal Place of Business)

Mark R. Chandler, COO/CFO OnScreen Technologies, Inc. 600 NW 14th Avenue, Suite 100 Portland, Oregon 97209 (503) 417-1700

(Name, Address and Telephone Number of Agent for Service)

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15 (d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days.

Yes |X| No |_|

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a shell company (as defined in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act).

Yes |_| No |X|

As of October 31, 2006, there were 142,997,363 shares of the Company's common stock outstanding, 108,000 shares of common stock issuable and 400,543 shares of Series A Convertible Preferred Stock outstanding.

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PART I. FINANCIAL INFORMATION

ITEM 1. FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

ONSCREEN TECHNOLOGIES, INC. CONDENSED BALANCE SHEETS

	-	otember 30, 2006 (Unaudited)
Assets		
Current Assets		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	185,80
Accounts receivable, net of allowance of \$ 6,333 at September 30, 2006 and \$		
11,780 December 31, 2005		27,36
Inventory		2,635,09
Prepaid expenses and other current assets		160,52
Total Current Assets		3,008,78
Property and Equipment, net of accumulated depreciation of \$492,309 at September		
30, 2006 and \$399,530 at December 31, 2005		187 , 95

Restricted marketable securities available-for-sale		-
Note Receivable Technology rights, net of accumulated amortization of \$273,839 at September 30,		122,50
2006 and \$150,833 at December 31, 2005		4,568,90
Patent Costs		505,47
Other assets		22 , 55
Total Other Assets		5,219,43
Total Assets	\$	8,416,17
Liabilities and Stockholders' Equity	===	
Current Liabilities		
Accounts payable and other payables	\$	1,610,76
Accrued expenses Note payable, related parties, net of discounts of \$7,535 at December 31, 2005.		336,00 150,00
Note payable, related parties, het of discounts of \$7,535 at becember 31, 2005. Note payable, net of discounts of \$-0- at September 30, 2006 and \$309,695 at December 31, 2005		500,00
December 31, 2003		
Total Current Liabilities		2,596,76
Accrued expenses payable with common stock		-
Long term convertible note payable at fair value, net of discounts of \$553,755		1,006,24
Total Liabilities		3,603,01
Commitments (Note 9)		
Stockholders' Equity (Deficit)		
Preferred stock, par value \$0.001; 10,000,000 shares authorized		
Convertible Series A, Preferred stock, 5,000,000 shares authorized, 3,235,580		
shares issued at September 30, 2006; 404,543 and 1,885,718 shares outstanding at September 30, 2006 and December 31, 2005, respectively;		
liquidation preference of \$400,543 at September 30, 2006		40
Convertible Series B preferred stock, 30,000 shares authorized, 29,068 shares		
issued at September 30, 2006 and -0- shares outstanding at both September		
30, 2006 and December 31, 2005		-
Common stock, par value \$0.001; 200,000,000 shares authorized, 131,646,030 and 70,277,219 shares issued and outstanding at		
September 30, 2006 and December 31, 2005, respectively		131,64
Common stock issuable, at par value, (32,895 shares at September 30, 2006 and 150,000 shares at December 31, 2005)		3
Additional paid-in capital		44,060,28
Accumulated deficit		(39,379,20
		4,813,16
Less Accumulated other comprehensive loss Less Deferred compensation expense		-
		4 010 11
Total Stockholders' Equity (Deficit)		4,813,16
Total Liabilities and Stockholders' Equity (Deficit)	\$	8,416,17

See accompanying notes to financial statements

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CONDENSED STATEMENTS OF OPERATIONS (UNAUDITED)

	For the three months ended September 30,			For		
		2006		2005		
Revenues	\$	84,145	\$	37,534	\$	
Cost of Revenues		327,131		57 , 945		
Gross Profit		(242,986)		(20,411)		
Operating Expenses Selling, general and administrative Research and development Restructuring costs		759,054 516,485 		1,361,644 441,138 	2	
Total Operating Expenses				1,802,782	7	
Loss from Operations		(1,518,525)		(1,823,193)	3)	
Other Income (Expense) Other income Settlement gain (loss), net Change in fair value of warrant liability Intrinsic value of convertible debt and amortization of debt discount Interest expense				3,973 4,167 (514,218) (76,751)	(2 3 (2 (1	
Total Other Income (Expense), Net				(582,829)		
Net Loss Preferred Stock Dividends		49,794		(2,406,022) (48,144)	(10	
Net Loss Available to Common Stockholders	\$		\$	(2,454,166)	\$ (10	
Basic and Diluted Loss Per Common Share	\$	(0.00)	\$	(0.03)	===== \$ =====	
Basic and Diluted Loss Per Common Share Available to Common Stockholders	\$	(0.00)	\$	(0.03)	\$	
Weighted average common shares outstanding		.30,287,737			100	

See accompanying notes to financial statements

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ONSCREEN TECHNOLOGIES, INC.
CONDENSED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS
UNAUDITED

	For th
	2006
CARL FLOWS FROM ODERATIVE ACTIVITIES	
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES: Net Loss	¢/10 071
Adjustments to reconcile net loss to net cash used in operating activities:	\$(10,871
Stock, warrants and notes issued for compensation and services	2,123
Change in value of Warrant Liability	(3,718
Non-cash interest expense, including intrinsic value of convertible debt and	(0),,1
amortization of debt discount	2,358
Non-cash (gain) loss on settlement, net	2,629
Bad debt expense	2
Amortization of technology rights	123
Amortization of deferred consulting and compensation	258
Amortization of deferred financing fees	381
Compensation expense payable in common stock	328
Depreciation	94
Other	2
(Increase) decrease in assets: Accounts receivable and other receivables	(133
Inventory	(2,085
Prepaid expenses and other current assets	(2,000
Deposits and other assets	7(
Increase (decrease) in liabilities:	
Accounts payable and accrued expenses	1,673
Deferred revenues	
NET CASH USED IN OPERATING ACTIVITIES	(6,772
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES:	
Investment in technology rights	(800
Investment in patents	(76
Proceeds from sales of marketable securities	31
Purchase of property and equipment	(25
NET CASH USED IN INVESTING ACTIVITIES	(870
CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES:	
Series A convertible preferred stock dividends paid	
Purchase of treasury stock	
Proceeds from notes and loans payable	7,294
Payments on notes and loans payable	(375
Proceeds from sales of common stock and exercise of warrants and options net of	100
offering costs Deferred stock issuance costs	181
NET CASH PROVIDED BY FINANCING ACTIVITIES	7,101
NET INCREASE (DECREASE) IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS	(541

(continued)

Cash and Cash Equivalents at Beginning of Year

CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT END OF PERIODS

727

\$ 185

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ONSCREEN TECHNOLOGIES, INC. CONDENSED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS (continued) UNAUDITED

	For th
	 2006
SUPPLEMENTAL DISCLOSURE OF CASH FLOW INFORMATION:	
Income taxes paid	\$
Interest paid	\$ 335
SUPPLEMENTAL DISCLOSURE OF NON-CASH INVESTING AND FINANCING ACTIVITIES:	
Conversion of Series A convertible preferred stock to common stock	\$ 1
Discount on debt of convertible notes payable	\$ 3 , 606
Accounts payable converted to notes payable	\$ 375
Conversion of debt to common stock	\$ 9 , 454
Technology rights acquired through issuance of warrants	\$ 3 , 520
Common Stock issued for debt financing	\$
Deferred consulting and compensation and accrued liabilities payable in common stock	\$ 833
Cancellation of warrant	\$ =====
Other comprehensive loss from unrealized loss (gain)	\$ =====
Reclassification of warrants from Liability to Equity	\$ 5,668

See accompanying notes to financial statements

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ONSCREEN TECHNOLOGIES, INC.

NOTES TO THE CONDENSED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Unaudited)

For th

NOTE 1 BASIS OF PRESENTATION AND GOING CONCERN

OnScreen Technologies, Inc. (the Company) has pioneered and is commercializing innovative thermal management solutions capable of revolutionizing the LED display, semiconductor and electronic packaging industries. Utilizing its patent-pending thermal technologies and architecture, the Company has developed highly advanced, proprietary LED display solutions and cooling applications that provide increased performance and are less expensive to install and support than competing products and technologies. The Company is focused on the commercialization of its innovative thermal cooling technology, WayCool as well as the design, development and sale of LED displays utilizing the OnScreenTM architecture. The Company seeks to develop innovative approaches to these products and delivery systems. Additionally, the Company is continuing efforts toward development and commercialization of its Tensile technology.

The accompanying financial statements have been prepared on the assumption that the Company will continue as a going concern. As reflected in the accompanying financial statements, the Company has a net loss of \$10,871,585 and cash used in operations of \$6,772,132 for the nine months ended September 30, 2006. The ability of the Company to continue as a going concern is dependent on the Company's ability to bring the OnScreen(TM) products to market, generate increased sales, obtain positive cash flow from operations and raise additional capital. The financial statements do not include any adjustments that may result from the outcome of this uncertainty.

The Company is continuing to raise additional capital which the Company believes will provide sufficient cash to meet its funding requirements to commercialize OnScreen(TM) technology product lines during 2006. As the Company continues to expand and develop its technology and product lines, additional funding will be required. The Company has experienced negative cash flows from operations and incurred net losses in the past and there can be no assurance as to the availability or terms upon which additional financing and capital might be available, if needed.

The accompanying unaudited financial statements have been prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America and the rules and regulations of the United States Securities and Exchange Commission for interim financial information which includes condensed financial statements. Accordingly, they do not include all the information and footnotes necessary for a comprehensive presentation of financial position and results of operations and should be read in conjunction with the Company's Annual Report, Form 10-KSB for the year ended December 31, 2005.

It is management's opinion that all material adjustments (consisting of normal recurring adjustments) have been made which are necessary for a fair financial statement presentation. The results for the interim period are not necessarily indicative of the results to be expected for the year. Certain reclassifications have been made to the 2005 comparative information to conform to the 2006 presentation.

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NOTE 2 LOSS PER COMMON SHARE

Common stock equivalents in the three-month and nine-month periods ended September 30, 2006 and 2005 were anti-dilutive due to the net losses sustained by the Company during these periods, thus the diluted weighted average common shares outstanding in these periods are the same as the basic weighted average common shares outstanding.

At September 30, 2006, 50,950,510 potential common stock shares are issuable upon the exercise of warrants and options and conversion of debt to common stock. These are excluded from computing the diluted net loss per share as the effect of such shares would be anti-dilutive.

NOTE 3 INVENTORY

Inventories are stated at the lower of cost or market value. The first in first out (FIFO) method is utilized for reporting inventories. During the three and nine months ended September 30, 2006 inventory valuation was reduced by \$243,837 and \$595,167, respectively to reflect the market value of certain impaired inventory. The following information is presented for inventory at September 30, 2006 and December 31, 2005:

	Septe	mber 30, 2006	Decemb	per 31, 2005
Mark Ta Passas		2 004 100	<u></u>	
Work In Process Finished Goods	\$	2,004,189 630,910	Ş	552 , 648
Total Inventory	\$	2,635,099	\$	552,648
	=====		=====	

NOTE 4 INCOME TAXES

The Company has not recognized an income tax benefit for its operating losses generated in the three-month and nine-month periods ended September 30, 2006 and 2005 based on uncertainties concerning its ability to generate taxable income in future periods. The tax benefits for the three-month and nine-month periods ended September 30, 2006 and 2005 is offset by a valuation allowance established against deferred tax assets arising from operating losses and other temporary differences, the realization of which could not be considered more likely than not. In future periods, tax benefits and related deferred tax assets will be recognized when management considers realization of such amounts to be more likely than not.

NOTE 5 STOCK-BASED EMPLOYEE COMPENSATION

On January 1, 2006, the Company implemented Statement of Financial Accounting Standard 123 (revised 2004) ("SFAS 123(R)"), "Share-Based Payment" which replaced SFAS 123 "Accounting for Stock-Based Compensation" and superseded APB Opinion No. 25, "Accounting for Stock Issued to Employees." SFAS 123(R) requires the fair value of all stock-based employee compensation awarded to employees to be recorded as an expense over the related vesting period. The statement also requires the recognition of compensation expense for the fair value of any unvested stock option awards outstanding at the date of adoption. During 2006, all employee stock compensation is recorded at fair value using the Black Scholes Pricing Model. In adopting SFAS 123(R), the Company used the modified prospective application ("MPA"). MPA requires the Company to account for all new stock compensation to employees using fair value and for any portion of awards prior to January 1, 2006 for which the requisite service has not been rendered and the options remain outstanding as of January 1, 2006, the Company recognized the compensation cost for that portion of the award the requisite service was rendered on or after January 1, 2006. The fair value for these awards is determined based on the grant-date. As of January 1, 2006, accrued compensation payable in common stock of \$469,112 previously classified as a liability was reclassified as equity due to the implementation of SFAS 123(R).

On June 26, 2000, the Company's Board of Directors adopted the OnScreen Technologies, Inc. 2000 Stock Option Plan (the "Plan"). The Plan provides for the issuance of incentive stock options (ISO's) to any individual who has been employed by the Company for a continuous period of at least six months. The Plan also provides for the issuance of Non Statutory Options (NSO's) to any employee who has been employed by the Company for a continuous period of at least six months, any director, or consultant to the Company. The Company may also issue reload options as defined in the plan. The total number of common shares of common stock authorized and reserved for issuance under the Plan is 600,000 shares. The Board shall determine the exercise price per share in the case of an ISO at the time an option is granted and such price shall be not less than the fair market value or 110% of fair market value in the case of a ten percent or greater stockholder. In the case of an NSO, the exercise price shall not be less than the fair market value of one share of stock on the date the option is granted. Unless otherwise determined by the Board, ISO's and NSO's granted under the Plan have a maximum duration of 10 years.

On August 25, 2005, the Board of Directors approved the 2005 Equity Incentive Plan ("2005 Plan") for 2,000,000 shares of the Company's common stock. The 2005 Plan provides for the issuance of stock options to attract, retain and motivate employees, to encourage employees, directors and independent contractors to acquire an equity interest in the Company, to make monetary payments to certain employees based upon the value of the Company's stock and provide employees, directors and independent contractors with an incentive to maximize the success of the Company and to further the interest of the shareholders. The 2005 Plan provides for the issuance of Incentive Stock Options and Non Statutory Options. The Administrator of the plan shall determine the exercise price per share at the time an option is granted but the exercise price shall not be less than the fair market value on the date the options is granted. Stock options granted under the 2005 Plan have a maximum duration of 10 years.

The following information is presented for the non-vested stock options for the three months and nine months ended September 30, 2006:

	Three Mont	hs Ende	ed	Nine M
	Number of Shares		nt-date Value	Weighted Avg. Number of Shares
Non-vested stock options at beginning of period				
	7,166,485	\$	0.27	151 , 25
Granted during the period				8,757,48
Vested during the period	(58,750)	\$	0.45	(1,781,00
Forfeited during the period	(6, 365, 235)			(6,385,23
	========			========
Non-vested stock options at September 30, 2006	742,500	\$	0.45	742,50

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The following information is presented for the stock option activity for the three months and nine months ended September 30, 2006:

	Three Months Ended		Nine Months Ended		
	# of shares	Weighted Average Exercise Price	# of shares	Weighted Average Exercise Price	
Outstanding at					
beginning of period:	14,327,485	\$0.10	6,112,500	\$0.19	
Forfeited	(7,115,235)	\$0.05	(7,157,735)	\$0.05	
Granted			8,757,485	\$0.04	
Exercised	(880,000)	\$0.01	(1,380,000)	\$0.08	
Outstanding at					
September 30, 2006	6,332,250	\$0.16	6,332,250	\$0.16	
	=========		=========		
Outstanding exercisable					
at September 30, 2006	5,589,750	\$0.17	5,589,750	\$0.17	
	==========		==========		

The fair value of each stock option is estimated on the date of grant using a Black Scholes Pricing Model. The fair value of options granted during 2006 was estimated using the following approximate assumptions: dividend yield of 0%, expected volatilities of 130% -202% (based on historical volatility over a range of the expected term), risk-free interest rates of 4.4% - 5.2%, and expected lives of 1 - 5 years (based on the contractual term of the option).

In accordance with SFAS 123(R), during the nine months ended September 30, 2006, the Company recognized compensation expense of \$1,000,921 for the fair value of stock options over the vesting period. Due to the Company's net loss position, there was no tax effect recognized. There was no impact on the Company's net loss per share for this additional expense.

At September 30, 2006, the Company has \$2,155,981 of unrecognized compensation costs related to non-vested awards and the Company expects to recognize this expense over the vesting period of the stock options.

During 2005, the Company accounted for the stock options and warrants issued to employees, by applying the intrinsic value-based method of accounting prescribed by Accounting Principles Board ("APB") Opinion No. 25, "Accounting for Stock Issued to Employees," and related interpretations. Under the intrinsic value based method, compensation cost is measured on the date of grant as the excess of the fair market value of the underlying stock over the exercise price. Such compensation amounts are amortized over the respective vesting periods of the options.

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The following table illustrates the effect on net loss and loss per share as if the fair value based method of accounting had been applied to stock-based employee compensation, as required by SFAS No. 123(R), for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2005:

Three months ended September 30, 2005

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Net Loss Available to Common Stockholders: Net loss available to common stockholders, as reported Plus: Intrinsic value of compensation costs included in net loss Deduct: Fair value of stock-based employee compensation costs	\$	(2,454,166) 5,817 (12,598)
Pro forma net loss	\$ ====	(2,460,947)
Loss per common share available to common stockholders: Basic and Diluted - as reported	\$	(0.03)
Basic and Diluted - pro forma	\$	(0.03)

The Company estimates the fair value of each stock option and warrant at the grant date by using the Black-Scholes option-pricing model.

NOTE 6 NOTES PAYABLE

On January 30, 2006, the Company entered into a promissory note with a vendor for \$375,474.99. The payment terms were \$50,000 every two weeks for a total of seven payments and an eighth payment of \$25,475 on May 12, 2006. At June 30, 2006, this note has been paid off.

During February 2006, the Company entered into three-month convertible promissory notes and received proceeds of \$200,000. The Company had the option to extend these notes for an additional three-month period. Also during the first quarter of 2006, the Company executed unsecured six-month convertible promissory notes totaling \$5.1 million. The interest rate was 12% per annum. For \$200,000 of notes, the note holders had the right to convert the note to common stock at the lower of the exercise price of \$0.25 per share or the price set for the equity round. For the other \$5.1 million of notes, the shares will convert to common stock if the Company's bid price reaches or exceeds \$0.35 of five consecutive days, then the notes will convert at \$0.25 per share or the note holder could elect at any time to convert the note at \$0.25 per share to common stock shares. The intrinsic value related to the convertible feature of the debt was valued at \$814,237 and was amortized over the three- to six-month term of the notes. For each note, the note holder received a warrant of one share of common stock for each \$1 of note principal. The proceeds of the note were allocated to the note and warrants based upon the fair market value of each. This resulted in a discount on notes of \$897,061 which was amortized over the three- to six-month term of the notes.

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Interest only payments are due monthly until the maturity of this note at which time the principal is due. If the note is paid prior to the maturity date or the extended maturity date, the Company is required to pay the interest for the entire three- or six-month periods. The holders of the convertible notes have a security interest to the extent of their principal and interest in all assets currently owned by the Company including the patent portfolio.

The Company amended the notes with principal amounts of \$4,950,000 to extend the notes for an additional six months. The terms of the amended notes included the notes automatically convert to shares of common stock if the Company's bid price

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reaches or exceeds \$0.35 for five consecutive days, then the notes will convert at \$0.25 per share. Also a warrant for 1 share of common stock was given to the note holders for every \$1 of note principal balance. These warrants were recorded as a discount to debt at their fair market value of \$898,500 which was amortized over the term of the notes.

During March 2006, the bid price of the Company's stock exceeded \$0.35 per share for five consecutive days and convertible debt totaling \$10,050,000 was converted into 40,200,000 shares of common stock. The Company recorded \$1,362,093 of interest expense related to the remaining intrinsic value of convertible debt and amortization of debt discount of the notes at the time the debt was converted into common stock for those convertible debt instruments that had a beneficial conversion feature. For those convertible debt instrument that did not have a beneficial conversion feature, the unamortized debt discount of \$1,012,102 was recorded as a credit to equity at the time of conversion.

On April 4, 2006, the Company converted \$250,000 of convertible unsecured notes into 1,000,000 shares of its common stock at \$0.25 per share. The Company recorded \$127,500 of interest expense related to the remaining intrinsic value of convertible debt and amortization of debt discount of the note at the time the debt was converted into common stock.

As of June 30, 2006 the convertible debt totaling \$10,300,000 was converted into 41,200,000 shares of common stock.

On May 19, 2006 the Company entered into a promissory note for \$500,000. Interest on this note accrues at the rate of 10% per annum and is payable at the time the note is paid in full. The note is payable when a proposed offering of the Company's securities, with the note holder as placement agent, closes, or, in the event that the proposed offering does not close on or before the close of business on October 31, 2006, the note is payable thirty days after demand for payment from the holder.

On May 15, 2006 the Company entered into a promissory note with a shareholder for \$1,000,000. Interest accrues at 12% per annum, payable monthly, with the first interest payment of \$10,000 due June 5, 2006. The principal is payable in one installment on November 15, 2007. The note holder has the right to convert the note to the Company's common stock at the greater of a per share price equal to 80% of the average closing bid price of the stock for 10 days preceding the conversion date or \$0.20. In accordance with FASB 155, the Company recorded this note at fair value. The intrinsic value related to the convertible feature of the note was valued at \$339,553 which will be amortized over the term of the

On August 28, 2006 the Company entered into a one-month promissory note with a director of the Company for \$150,000. Interest on this note accrues at the rate of 12%. On September 28, 2006 the promissory note was extended an additional 30 days with both principal and accrued interest for two months due by October 28, 2006.

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During August 2006, the Company entered into unsecured eighteen-month convertible promissory notes totaling \$486,000. Interest accrues at 12% per annum, payable monthly, until the maturity of these notes at which time the principal is due. The note holder has the right to convert the note to the Company's common stock at the greater of a per share price equal to 80% of the average closing bid price of the stock for 10 days preceding the conversion date or \$0.20. During September 2006, note holders converted \$156,000 of the notes into the Company's common stock.

During September 2006, the Company entered into unsecured eighteen-month convertible promissory notes totaling \$240,000. Interest accrues at 12% per annum, payable monthly, until the maturity of these notes at which time the principal is due. The note holder has the right to convert the note to the Company's common stock at the greater of a per share price equal to 80% of the average closing bid price of the stock for 10 days preceding the conversion date or \$0.20. During September 2006, note holders converted \$10,000 of the notes into the Company's common stock.

NOTE 7 DERIVATIVE AND OTHER FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

On January 1, 2006, the Company implemented SFAS No. 155, "Accounting for Certain Hybrid Financial Instruments". This statement allows the Company to elect fair value measurement of hybrid financial instruments on an instrument-by instrument basis in cases in which a derivative would otherwise have to be bifurcated.

The Company does not use derivative financial instruments to hedge exposures to cash flow or market risks. However the promissory note entered into during the second quarter with a shareholder had an embedded conversion option to purchase the Company's stock, with the number of shares indexed to the Company's future stock price. Accordingly, the embedded conversion option qualified during the second quarter as a derivative. This promissory note was amended on September 28, 2006 to include a conversion to equity floor price per share of \$0.20 resulting in the promissory note no longer qualifying as a derivative financial instrument.

If any of the derivatives could potentially result in the Company's having indeterminable shares (i.e. from a conversion price that is indexed to the Company's stock price), then, per the Emerging Issues Task Force ("EITF") 00-19 Accounting for Derivative Financial Instruments Indexed to and Potentially Settled in, a Company's own Stock the Company is required to classify all outstanding non-employee warrants or options at fair value as a derivative liability. The initial entry to record the derivative liability for these outstanding warrants is a reclassification from additional paid-in-capital of the fair value of the warrants as of the reclassification date (May 15, 2006). At each subsequent reporting period, the Company continues to record these instruments at fair value as a derivative liability with any difference recorded as a change in the fair value of warrant liability under other income or expense in the Statement of Operations until such time as the Company no longer has an instrument with indeterminate shares. As of the nine months ended September 30, 2006, the Company no longer has any instruments with indeterminate shares. For the three months and nine months ended September 30, 2006, a change in the fair value of warrant liability under other income and expense of \$2,039,181 and \$3,718,543, respectively was recorded for derivative liabilities. As of September 28, 2006 the balance of the warrant liability of \$5,668,578 was reclassified to equity. The fair value was computed at June 30 2006 and at September 28, 2006 using the Black-Scholes option pricing model with the following assumptions:

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	June 30, 200	September 28, 2006
Expected Volatility (based on historical		
volatility)	120.7%	122.7%
Expected Term (based on weighted average		
contractual term of warrants)	2.5 years	2.5 years
Expected Dividends	0	0

Discount Rate 5.130% 4.600%

NOTE 8 TECHNOLOGY RIGHT AND LICENSE AGREEMENT

Effective March 24, 2006, the Company purchased from CH Capital, Inc. all right, title and interest in and to the WayCool technology, patent application and Letters Patent. CH Capital, Inc. is a related party controlled by a director and an officer of the Company. To acquire this technology, the Company paid \$800,000 to CH Capital, Inc. and agreed to issue CH Capital, Inc. a three year warrant to acquire up to 7,040,485 shares of common stock at \$0.20 per share. The warrant is valued at \$3,520,243 using the Black Scholes option pricing model with the following assumptions:

Estimated Volatility (based on historic volatility)

Expected Term (based on contractual term)

Expected Dividends

Discount Rate

131.4%

3 years

4.69%

NOTE 9 COMMITMENTS

On February 1, 2006, the Company entered into an agreement with a consultant to provide research and development services. For these services, the Company pays a monthly fee of \$50,000 over a one-year period.

On April 1, 2006, the Company entered into an agreement with a consultant to provide research and development services. For these services, the Company pays a monthly fee of \$15,000 over a one year period.

On June 1, 2006, the Company entered into an agreement with a consultant to provide sales and marketing services. For these services, the Company pays a monthly fee of \$15,000.

NOTE 10 PREFERRED STOCK

During the nine months ended September 30, 2006, the Company converted 24,000 shares of the Company's Series A convertible preferred stock into 96,000 shares of the Company's common stock at the request of certain Series A convertible preferred stock holders.

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During the nine months ended September 30, 2006, the Company issued 250,000 shares of its Series A and 1,000 shares of Series B convertible preferred stock to its Chief Financial Officer in accordance with his employment agreement. The 250,000 shares of Series A convertible preferred stock were valued at \$1.00 per share based on contemporaneous cash sales around the grant date. The 1,000 shares of Series B convertible preferred stock were valued at \$270 per share based on contemporaneous cash sales around the grant date. The total value of these shares of \$520,000 was expensed over the requisite service period. During July 2006, the 250,000 shares of Series A convertible preferred were converted into 1,250,000 shares of the Company's common stock at the conversion ratio of four common plus one bonus share for each share of Series A Preferred. The 1,000 shares of Series B convertible preferred were converted into 1,250,000 shares of the Company's common stock at the conversion ratio of 1,000 common plus 250 common bonus shares for each share of Series B Preferred.

During the three months ended September 30, 2006, the Company converted 1,461,175 shares of the Company's Series A convertible preferred stock into 7,305,875 shares of the Company's common stock at the request of certain Series A convertible preferred stock holders. The conversion ratio was four common plus

one common bonus share for each share of Series A Preferred. The Company also converted accrued dividends of approximately \$134,905 into 674,523 shares of the Company's common stock at a per share price of \$0.20 for those shareholders who elected to convert accrued dividends to common shares.

NOTE 11 OTHER EQUITY TRANSACTIONS

During the nine months ended September 30, 2006, the Company issued 113,883 shares of its common stock to an employee in accordance with his employment agreement. These shares were valued at \$25,000 using a thirty-day average price of \$0.2195 per share at December 31, 2005, in accordance with the employee's employment agreement.

During the nine months ended September 30, 2006, the Company issued 150,000 shares of its common stock that it had accrued for at December 31, 2005.

During the nine months ended September 30, 2006, the Company issued 100,000 shares of its common stock for investor relation services. These shares were valued at \$20,000 based upon the \$ 0.20 per share quoted market price of the stock on the date of grant and were recorded as administrative expenses during 2006

During the nine months ended September 30, 2006, the Company converted \$10,300,000 of convertible unsecured notes into 41,200,000 shares of its common stock at \$0.25 per share.

During the nine months ended September 30, 2006, warrants for 7,175,000 shares of its common stock at a price of \$0.01 were exercised. The Company issued 7,175,000 of these shares.

During the nine months ended September 30, 2006, the Company issued 500,000 shares of its common stock at \$0.20 per share under its Employee Equity Ownership agreements.

During the nine months ended September 30, 2006, the Company issued 100,000 shares of its common stock for sales and marketing services. These shares were valued at \$20,000 based on the quoted market price of the stock on the date of grant and were recorded as consulting expenses during 2006

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During the nine months ended September 30, 2006, the Company recorded compensation expense of \$1,000,921 for stock options that the requisite service was performed during the nine months ended September 30, 2006. The compensation expense is recorded over the vesting period based upon fair market value of the options using the Black Scholes option model in accordance with SFAS 123(R) as discussed in Note 4 - Stock-Based Employee Compensation.

The Company also recorded \$469,112 of compensation expense for stock that is to be issued based upon employment agreements that the requisite service had been performed by January 1, 2006 when the Company implemented SFAS 123(R). It had previously been recorded as accrued expenses payable with common stock recorded on the balance sheet. The Company also recorded an additional \$187,423 of compensation expense for stock that is to be issued based upon employment agreements that the requisite service had been performed as of the nine months ended September 30, 2006.

During the nine months ended September 30, 2006, the Company recorded consulting expense of \$320,840 for stock warrants for non-employees to acquire 698,001 shares of the Company's common stock. The \$320,840 of consulting expense was

expensed during the first nine months of 2006 as the services had been provided. The \$320,840 value was based upon fair market value of the options using the Black Scholes option model. These warrants were valued using the following assumptions:

Estimated Volatility (based on historic volatility) 128.4% - 159.5% Expected Term (based on contractual term) 1 - 3 years Expected Dividends 0 Discount Rate 4.69% - 5.10%

On June 29, 2006, the Company obtained shareholder approval to increase the number of authorized common stock shares from 150,000,000 to 200,000,000.

NOTE 12 SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

During October 2006, the Company entered into unsecured eighteen-month convertible promissory notes which total \$3,255,000. Interest accrues at 12% per annum, payable monthly, until the maturity of these notes at which time the principal is due. The note holder has the right to convert the note to the Company's common stock at the greater of a per share price equal to 80% of the average closing bid price of the stock for 10 days preceding the conversion date or \$0.20. During October 2006, note holders converted \$2,655,000 of the notes into the Company's common stock.

During October 2006, note holders converted \$460,000 of the unsecured eighteen-month convertible promissory notes generated during the third quarter into the Company's common stock.

During October and November 2006, warrants for 692,287 shares of its common stock at a price of \$0.01 were exercised.

During November 2006, the Company converted 15,000 shares of the Company's Series A convertible preferred stock into 75,000 shares of the Company's common stock at the request of a Series A convertible preferred stock holder. The conversion ratio was four common plus one common bonus share for each share of Series A Preferred. The Company also converted accrued dividends of approximately \$1,500 into 7,500 shares of the Company's common stock at a per share price of \$0.20 for the shareholder who elected to convert accrued dividends to common shares.

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On November 2, 2006, the Company paid the remaining principal and interest due of \$153,200 on the promissory note that it had entered into on August 28, 2006 with director of the Company.

Item 2. Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Result of Operations.

General

Management's discussion and analysis contains various "forward looking statements." Such statements consist of any statement other than a recitation of historical fact and can be identified by the use of forward-looking terminology such as "may," "expect," "anticipate," "estimate," or "continue" or use of negative or other variations or comparable terminology.

The Company cautions that these statements are further qualified by important factors that could cause actual results to differ materially from those contained in the forward-looking statements, that these forward-looking statements are necessarily speculative, and there are certain risks and

uncertainties that could cause actual events or results to differ materially from those referred to in such forward-looking statements.

Overview

OnScreen Technologies, Inc. (the Company) has pioneered and is commercializing innovative thermal management solutions capable of revolutionizing the LED display, semiconductor and electronic packaging industries. Utilizing its patent-pending thermal technologies and architecture, the Company has developed highly advanced, proprietary LED display solutions and cooling applications that provide increased performance and are less expensive to install and support than competing products and technologies.

The Company is primarily focused on commercialization of its innovative thermal cooling technology, WayCool, and the commercial adoption of its sign display platform product under the name RediAlert(TM). Additionally, the Company is continuing efforts towards development and commercialization of its Tensile technology. The Company's product lines utilize the OnScreen(TM) direct view LED (light emitting diode) sign display technology (sometimes referred to as the "OnScreen(TM) LED architecture" or "OnScreen(TM) technology" or "OnScreen(TM) LED technology"). The Company's plan is to focus all of its resources on the commercialization of the OnScreen (TM) technology.

The Company's LED products are specially designed to provide display solutions into vertical markets including commercial and government. The OnScreen(TM) LED architecture provides a platform for the production of LED display products in the current market that is lighter than competitive products and provides a corresponding reduction in wind loading. These architectural benefits yield products that could be easy to install, are portable and require less support infrastructure, which opens new markets for LED message display products.

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The Company's RediAlert (TM) Rapid Dispatch Emergency Signs product line provides the world's first truly portable LED product for Emergency Response and commercial advertising using the OnScreen(TM) LED sign technology. Powered by battery and transported by any vehicle, these products give highly visible emergency information or advertising messages in less than five minutes of set up time. The Company began shipping the RediAlert(TM) product line during the third quarter of 2006.

The Company does not expect to record any significant growth in revenues until the WayCool technology is commercialized and its RediAlert(TM) product line is fully deployed nationwide.

During the nine months ended September 30, 2006, the Company continued to incur significant losses from operations. The Company incurred a net loss of \$10,871,585 for the nine months ended September 30, 2006. This net loss of \$10,871,585 includes non-cash charges of \$2,710,440 for compensation and services expense including amortization of deferred compensation related to equity given or to be given to employees and consultants for services provided, \$2,358,217 of non-cash amortization of the intrinsic value of convertible debt and the debt discount, and \$2,780,000 of non-cash loss for the value of warrants issued as a settlement.

Management has continued to raise the capital needed to fund the development and marketing of the Company's OnScreen(TM) products during 2006. During the nine months ended September 30, 2006 the Company received proceeds of \$7.7 million for unsecured notes less \$0.4 million of expenses. These funds will assist the Company to continue to develop its OnScreen(TM) products and continue the

Company's operations until the Company brings the OnScreen(TM) products to market. However, the Company anticipates expanding and developing its technology and product lines which will require additional funding.

Intellectual Property

The Company relies on various intellectual property laws and contractual restrictions to protect its proprietary rights in products, logos, trademarks and services. These include confidentiality, invention assignment and nondisclosure agreements with the Company's employees, contractors, suppliers and strategic partners. The confidentiality and nondisclosure agreements with employees, contractors and suppliers are in perpetuity or for a sufficient length of time so as to not threaten exposure of proprietary information. The Company continues to file and protect its intellectual property rights, trademarks and products through continued filings with the US Patent and Trademark Office and, as applicable, internationally.

Critical Accounting Policies

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that have a significant impact on the results the Company will report in the Company's financial statements. Some of the Company's accounting policies require the Company to make difficult and subjective judgments, often as a result of the need to make estimates of matters that are inherently uncertain. Actual results may differ from these estimates under different assumptions or conditions.

Asset Impairment

The Company reviews its long-lived assets for impairment whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying amount of the asset exceeds its fair value and may not be recoverable. In performing the review for recoverability, the Company estimates the future cash flows expected to result from the use of the asset and its eventual disposition. If the sum of the expected future cash flows (undiscounted and without interest charges) is less than the carrying amount of the asset, an impairment loss is recognized as the excess of the carrying amount over the fair value. Otherwise, an impairment loss is not recognized. Management estimates the fair value and the estimated future cash flows expected. Any changes in these estimates could impact whether there was impairment and the amount of the impairment.

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Valuation of Non-Cash Capital Stock Issuances

The Company values its stock transactions based upon the fair value of the equity instruments. Various methods can be used to determine the fair value of the equity instrument. The Company may use the fair value of the consideration received, the quoted market price of the stock or a contemporaneous cash sale of the common or preferred stock. Each of these methods may produce a different result. Management uses the method it determines most appropriately reflects the stock transaction. If a different method was used it could impact the expense and equity stock accounts.

Patent Costs

The Company estimates the patents it has filed have a future beneficial value to the Company, thus it capitalizes the costs associated with filing for its patents. At the time the patent is approved, the patent costs associated with

the patent will be amortized over the useful life of the patent. If the patent is not approved, at that time the costs will be expensed. A change in the estimate of the patent having a future beneficial value to the Company will impact the other assets and expense accounts of the Company.

Revenue Recognition

The recognition of the Company's revenues requires judgment, including whether a sale includes multiple elements, and if so, whether vendor-specific objective evidence (VSOE) of fair value exists for those elements. Customers receive certain elements of our products over a period of time. These elements include installation and training services. The ability to identify VSOE for those elements and the fair value of the respective elements could materially impact the amount of earned and unearned revenue. Also, the Company offers an extended warranty for which the revenues are initially recorded as deferred revenue and recorded to revenue ratably over the applicable warranty period. The Company does not have any history as to the costs expected to be incurred in performing these services. Therefore, revenues may be recorded that are not in proportion to the costs expected to be incurred in performing these services.

Liquidity and Capital Resources

General

The Company's cash and cash equivalents balance at September 30, 2006 is \$185,800. The Company has a net working capital balance at September 30, 2006 of \$412,017. The Company has funded its operations and investments in equipment through cash from operations, equity financings and borrowing from private parties as well as related parties. It has also funded its operations through stock paid to vendors, consultants and certain employees.

Cash used in operations

The Company's operating requirements generated a negative cash flow from operations of \$6,772,132 for the nine months ended September 30, 2006.

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During the first nine months of 2006 and 2005, the Company has used stock and warrants as a form of payment to certain vendors, consultants and employees. For the first nine months of 2006, the Company recorded a total of \$2,710,440 for compensation and services expense including amortization of deferred compensation related to equity given or to be given to employees and consultants for services provided.

During the first nine months of 2006, the Company recorded two additional significant non-cash entries – interest expense of \$2,358,216 for the intrinsic value of convertible debt and the amortization of debt discount and \$2,629,984 in net settlement loss.

As the Company focuses on the OnScreen(TM) technology during 2006, it will continue to fund research and development related to the OnScreen(TM) products as well as sales and marketing efforts related to these products. The Company does not expect to record much revenue until its RediAlertTM product line is fully deployed nationwide. The RediAlertTM product line began shipping during the third quarter of 2006.

Capital Expenditures and Investments

During the first nine months of 2006, the Company invested \$25,150 in fixed

assets. During the remainder of 2006, the Company anticipates that its capital expenditures should not significantly change. The Company outsources the manufacture of its products.

The Company invested \$76,375 in patent costs and \$800,000 in technology rights during the first nine months of 2006. The Company expects its investment in patent costs will continue throughout 2006 as it invests in patents to protect the rights to use its OnScreenTM product developments.

Financing activities

During the first nine months of 2006, the Company received \$7,294,950 of proceeds from unsecured convertible notes. The Company paid \$375,475 on an unsecured notes payable during the first nine months of 2006. During the first nine months of 2006, the Company converted \$10,466,000 of convertible unsecured notes into 41,806,425 shares of its common stock. The Company plans on raising the capital needed to fund the further development and marketing of the Company's products.

Recap of liquidity and capital resources

The Company is seeking to raise additional capital for the commercialization of its OnScreen(TM) technology product lines which the Company believes will provide sufficient cash to meet its short-term working capital requirements for the next twelve months. As the Company continues to expand and develop its technology and product lines, additional funding will be required. The Company will attempt to raise these funds through borrowing instruments or issuing additional equity.

The Company received \$726,000 of proceeds from a private placement of convertible notes and \$150,000 of proceeds in other notes during the third quarter of 2006 and the Company is continuing to raise funds. The proceeds from the sale of such securities should be sufficient to satisfy the Company's short-term working capital requirements.

Management of the Company believes that equity financing or debt will be available to fund its operations until revenue streams are sufficient to fund operations; however, the terms and timing of such equity or debt cannot be predicted and there is no assurance that such financing will close. Management expects the OnScreenTM LED technology to be commercialized during 2006 and 2007. The Company cannot assure that it will generate material revenues by that date or that its revenues will be sufficient to cover all operating and other expenses of the Company. If revenues are not sufficient to cover all operating and other expenses, the Company will require additional funding. There is no assurance the Company will be able to raise such additional capital. The failure to raise additional capital or generate product sales in the expected time frame will have a material adverse effect on the Company.

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Results of Operations

Revenue

During the nine months ended September 30, 2006, revenue was \$148,950 and \$90,653 for the same period during 2005. The revenue for the nine months ended September 30, 2006 is comprised of \$80,860 from Living WindowTM products and related add-ons, \$47,990 from RediAlert products, and \$20,100 from other income. For the nine months ended September 30, 2005, the Company recorded revenue of \$49,433 from Living WindowTM products and related add-ons, \$37,176 from the LED

Truck rental, and \$4,044 from other income.

During the three months ended September 30, 2006 and 2005, revenue was \$84,145 and \$37,534, respectively. The revenue for the three months ended September 30, 2006 is comprised of \$47,990 from RediAlert sales, \$27,755 from Living WindowTM products and related add-ons and \$8,400 from other income. For the three months ended September 30, 2005, the Company recorded \$33,135 from Living WindowTM products and related add-ons, \$1,500 from the LED Truck rental and \$2,899 from other income.

As the Company ships its RediAlertTM product line during the second half of 2006, the Company expects its revenues will increase during 2006 compared to the prior year.

Cost of revenue

The cost of revenue for the nine months ended September 30, 2006 and 2005 was \$772,836 and \$121,185, respectively. For the three months ended September 30, 2006 and 2005, the cost of revenue was \$327,131 and \$57,945, respectively. The significant increase during 2006 compared to prior year is primarily the result of an inventory write-down of impaired inventory to market value of \$595,167. While the Company's sales are low, it expects the cost of sales to fluctuate between periods as a percentage of its revenues.

Selling, General and Administrative Expenses

Selling, General and Administrative (SG&A) expenses includes such items as wages, consulting, general office expenses, business promotion expenses and costs of being a public company including legal and accounting fees, insurance and investor relations.

SG&A expenses increased from \$3,847,681 for the nine months ended September 30, 2005 to \$5,578,666 for the same period during 2006. This increase of \$1,730,985 is primarily the result of increased non-cash expenses of approximately \$1.6 million as well as the Company is putting in place the infrastructure in to support the distribution of the OnscreenTM product lines.

For the three months ended September 30, 2006 compared to the same period in 2005, SG&A expenses decreased \$602,590 primarily the result of lower non-cash expenses.

To conserve its cash, the Company continues to pay certain expenses through equity compensation versus cash compensation and during the nine months ended September 30, 2006, the Company recorded approximately \$2.5 million related to equity compensation that was granted to certain employees and consultants for their services provided to the Company.

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Research and Development

The research and development costs are related to the OnScreen(TM) technology to which the Company acquired the licensing rights. The increase of \$75,347 and \$975,347 in research and development during the three and nine months ended September 30, 2006, respectively compared to the same period in 2005 is a result of activities to further research and develop the OnScreen(TM) technology and products. During the nine months ended September 30, 2006, the Company recorded approximately \$200,000 of non-cash compensation for research and development consulting services provided to the Company. The Company anticipates increasing its expenditures in research and development during the remainder of 2006

compared to 2005.

Restructuring Costs

The Company incurred \$13,967 of restructuring costs during the nine months ended September 30, 2006 related to the move from Florida to Oregon.

Other Income

The investment income remained relatively unchanged during the three and nine months ended September 30, 2006 compared to the same period in 2005. The Company does not expect this item to be significant during the balance of 2006.

Settlement Gain (Loss), Net

The Company recorded a net settlement gain (loss) for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2006 of \$175,000 and \$(2,489,507), respectively. The Company did not have any significant settlement gain (loss) during the three and nine months ended September 30, 2005.

The Company recorded a settlement gain for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2006 of \$175,000 and \$290,493, respectively. During 2005, the Company reached a settlement with Capitol City Trailers regarding the use of one of its trucks. For the nine months ended September 30, 2006, the Company had received \$20,833, which it has recorded as a settlement gain. During the first quarter of 2006, the Company reached a settlement with Mobile Magic where Mobile Magic agreed to pay \$175,000 as settlement of the Company's claim against it. Due to the financial condition of Mobile Magic, the Company had not recorded as of June 30, 2006 a receivable of \$175,000 for the remaining amount. During August 2006, Mobile Magic paid the first installment of \$50,000 due per the agreement. The settlement of \$175,000 with Mobile Magic was recorded during the third quarter as a settlement gain. The Company also had recorded approximately \$150,000 as a payable to Mobile Magic who was constructing a truck that the Company never received. As part of the agreement the Company does not owe the \$150,000 and recorded a settlement gain for this amount during the first quarter of 2006. This was offset by legal fees for approximately \$65,000.

During April 2006 the Company negotiated the terms of a full and final settlement with Fusion Three, LLC whereby Fusion Three, LLC relinquishes all rights and claims to any revenues and fees in consideration for the Company issuing to Fusion Three, LLC a three year warrant authorizing Fusion Three, LLC to purchase up to 5,600,000 shares of common stock at a per share price of \$0.20. The Company also agreed to issue Fusion Three, LLC a warrant to purchase up to 1,200,000 shares of common stock at per share price of \$0.35 for 300,000 shares; \$0.50 for 300,000 shares; \$0.75 for 300,000 shares and \$1.00 for 300,000 shares before November 15, 2007. During the second quarter of 2006, the Company recorded a net settlement loss of \$2,780,000 associated with this transaction.

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Change in value of warrant liability

During the three and nine months ended September 30, 2006, a gain of \$2,039,181 and \$3,718,543, respectively was recorded for derivative liabilities. The Company no longer has any financial instruments with indeterminate shares and as such the value of warrant liability at September 30, 2006 has been reclassified to equity.

Intrinsic value of convertible debt and amortization of debt discount

The Company recorded an expense of \$158,489 and \$2,358,217 for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2006, respectively for the intrinsic value of convertible debt and the amortization of debt discount. There were no remaining unamortized debt discount amounts at September 30, 2006.

Interest Expense

The interest expense of \$819,385 and \$1,504,089 for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2006, respectively is for the interest on the unsecured convertible notes payable and deferred financing fees. Deferred financing fees were \$768,000 and \$1,169,050 for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2006. The interest expense of \$76,451 and \$133,001 for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2005, respectively, was for unsecured notes payable entered into in late March 2005.

Preferred Stock Dividends

During the nine months ended September 30, 2006 and 2005, the Company recorded Series A Convertible Preferred Stock dividends of \$49,801 and \$154,350, respectively and Series B Convertible Preferred Stock dividends of \$125 and zero, respectively. During the three months ended September 30, 2006, the Company recorded income of \$49,794 as Series A Convertible Preferred shareholders accepted the Company's offer to receive all outstanding dividends through March 2006 in either cash or common shares at a per share price of \$0.20. The Company recorded during the three months ended September 30, 2005 Series A Convertible Preferred Stock dividends of \$48,144.

Item 3. Controls and Procedures

Within 90 days prior to the filing of this report, the Company carried out an evaluation, under the supervision and with the participation of its management, including the Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer, of the design and operation of its disclosure controls and procedures. Based on this evaluation, the Company's Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer concluded that the Company's disclosure controls and procedures are effective for the gathering, analyzing and disclosing the information the Company is required to disclose in the reports it files under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, within the time periods specified in the SEC's rules and forms. There have been no significant changes in the Company's internal controls or in other factors that could significantly affect internal controls subsequent to the date of this evaluation.

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(a) Our management, including the principal executive officer and principal financial officer, do not expect that our disclosure controls and procedures will prevent all error and fraud. A control system, no matter how well conceived and operated, can only provide reasonable, not absolute, assurance that the objectives of the control system are met. Further, the design of a control system must reflect the fact that there are resource constraints, and the benefits of controls must be considered relative to their costs. Because of the inherent limitations in all control systems, no evaluation of controls can provide absolute assurance that all control issues and instances of fraud, if any, within our Company have been detected. These inherent limitations include the realities that judgments in decision-making can be faulty, and that breakdowns can occur because of simple error or mistake. Additionally, controls can be circumvented by the individual acts of some persons, collusion of two or more people, or by management override of the control. The design of any system of controls also is based in part upon certain assumptions about the likelihood of future events, and there can be no assurance that any design will succeed in

achieving its stated goals under all potential future conditions.

(b) Changes in internal controls over financial reporting.

In addition, there were no significant changes in our internal control over financial reporting that could significantly affect these controls during quarter ended September 30, 2006. We have not identified any significant deficiency or material weaknesses in our internal controls, and therefore there were no corrective actions taken.

PART II - OTHER INFORMATION

Item 1. Legal Proceedings.

None.

Item 2. Changes in Securities.

Common Stock Issued

The Company relied on Section 4(2) of the Securities Act of 1933 as the basis for an exemption from registration for this issuance. During the third quarter of 2006, the Company issued 606,425 shares of its common stock associated with the conversion of \$166,000 of convertible debt.

The Company relied on Section 4(2) of the Securities Act of 1933 as the basis for an exemption from registration for these shares to be issued. During the third quarter of 2006, the Company issued 1,250,000 shares of its common stock to an employee in accordance with his employment agreement.

The Company relied on Section 4(2) of the Securities Act of 1933 as the basis for an exemption from registration for this issuance. During the third quarter of 2006, the Company issued 880,000 shares of its common stock to former employees for the exercise of warrants. The warrants were exercised for proceeds of \$8,800.

The Company relied on Section 4(2) of the Securities Act of 1933 as the basis for an exemption from registration for this issuance. During the third quarter of 2006, the Company issued 100,000 shares of its common stock to a consultant for the exercise of a warrant. The warrant was exercised for proceeds of \$1,000.

The Company relied on Section 4(2) of the Securities Act of 1933 as the basis for an exemption from registration for this issuance. During the third quarter of 2006, the Company issued a total of 1,591,667 shares of its common stock to certain former note holders for the exercise of warrants. The warrants were exercised for proceeds of \$15,917.

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The Company relied on Section 4(2) of the Securities Act of 1933 as the basis for an exemption from registration for this issuance. During the third quarter of 2006, certain Series A Preferred Stock holders converted 1,586,175 shares of Series A Preferred Stock to 7,930,875 shares of the Company's common stock.

The Company relied on Section 4(2) of the Securities Act of 1933 as the basis for an exemption from registration for this issuance. During the third quarter of 2006, certain Series B Preferred Stock holder converted 500 shares of Series B Preferred Stock to 625,000 shares of the Company's common stock.

The Company relied on Section 4(2) of the Securities Act of 1933 as the basis

for an exemption from registration for this issuance. During the third quarter of 2006, certain Series A Preferred Stock holders converted \$134,905 of Series A Preferred Stock dividends to 674,523 shares of the Company's common stock.

Item 3. Defaults Upon Senior Securities.

None.

Item 4. Submission of Matters to a Vote of Security Holders.

None.

Item 5. Other Information.

None

Item 6. Exhibits and Reports on Form 8-K

(a) Exhibits

Exhibit

Number

Description

- 31.1 Certification of Chief Executive Officer pursuant to Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e), as adopted pursuant to Section 203 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002.
- 31.2 Certification of Chief Financial Officer pursuant to Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e), as adopted pursuant to Section 203 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002.
- 32.1 Certification of Chief Executive Officer pursuant to 18U.S.C. Section 1350, as adopted pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002.
- 32.2 Certification of Chief Financial Officer pursuant to 18U.S.C. Section 1350, as adopted pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002.
- (b) Reports on Form 8-K

The Company filed a Current Report on Form 8-K on August 31, 2006 in connection with the departure of Charles R. Baker as Chief Executive Officer, President and Director of the Company and appointment of Steven S. Hallock to the Board of Directors.

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SIGNATURES

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned thereunto duly authorized.

Signed and submitted this 14th day of November 2006.

OnScreen Technologies, Inc. (Registrant)

by: /s/ Russell L. Wall

Russell L. Wall
Chief Executive Officer/Director

by: /s/ Mark R. Chandler

Mark R. Chandler Chief Financial Officer/Principal Accounting Officer

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