TRI CONTINENTAL CORP Form 497 May 06, 2003

Tri-Continental Corporation

an investment you can live with

May 1, 2003

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Tri-Continental Corporation is a diversified, closed-end investment company--a publicly traded investment fund. The Corporation's Common Stock is traded on the New York Stock Exchange under the symbol "TY." The closing market price of the Common Stock on April 16, 2003 was \$13.45 per share.

The Corporation invests primarily for the longer term, and over the years the Corporation's objective has been to produce future growth of both capital and income while providing reasonable current income. Common stocks have made up the bulk of investments. However, assets may be held in cash or invested in all types of securities. See "Investment Objective and Other Policies and Related Risks." No assurance can be given that the Corporation's investment objective will be realized. The Corporation's manager is J. & W. Seligman & Co. Incorporated.

This Prospectus applies to all shares of Common Stock purchased under the Corporation's various Investment Plans. See "Investment Plans and Other Services." The shares of Common Stock covered by this Prospectus also may be issued from time to time by the Corporation to acquire the assets of personal holding companies, private investment companies or publicly owned investment companies. See "Issuance of Shares in Connection with Acquisitions."

This Prospectus sets forth concisely the information that a prospective investor should know about the Corporation before investing. Investors are advised to read this Prospectus carefully and to retain it for future reference. Additional information about the Corporation, including a Statement of Additional Information ("SAI") dated May 1, 2003, has been filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission. The SAI is available upon request and without charge by writing or calling the Corporation at the address or telephone numbers listed above. The SAI is dated the same date as this Prospectus and is incorporated herein by reference in its entirety. The table of contents of the SAI appears on page 22 of this Prospectus. In addition, copies of the 2002 Annual Report to Stockholders of the Corporation will be furnished, without charge, to investors requesting copies of the SAI. The 2002 Annual Report contains financial statements of the Corporation for the year ended December 31, 2002, which are incorporated by reference into the SAI. The Securities and Exchange Commission maintains a web site (http://www.sec.gov) that contains the SAI, material incorporated by reference, and other information filed electronically by the Corporation.

The Securities and Exchange Commission has neither approved nor disapproved these securities, and it has not determined this Prospectus to be accurate or adequate. Any representation to the contrary is a criminal offense.

Page	
Summary of Corporation Expenses	
SUMMARY OF CORPORATION EXPENSES	
The following table illustrates the expenses and fees that the Corporation expects to incur and that you can expect to bear as a stockholder of the Corporation.	
Stockholder Transaction Expenses Automatic Dividend Investment and Cash Purchase Plan Fees Annual Expenses for 2002 (as a percentage of net assets attributable to Common Stock) Management Fees	
Total Annual Expenses	

(1) Stockholders participating in the Corporation's investment plans pay a maximum \$2.00 fee per transaction. See "Investment Plans and Other Services--Automatic Dividend Investment and Cash Purchase Plan" for a description of the investment plans and services.

The purpose of the table above is to assist you in understanding the various costs and expenses you will bear directly or indirectly. For more complete descriptions of the various costs and expenses, see "Management of the Corporation" and "Investment Plans and Other Services--Automatic Dividend Investment and Cash Purchase Plan."

The following example illustrates the costs you would pay on a \$1,000 investment, assuming a 5% annual return:

1 Year	3 Years	5 Years	10 Years

Tri-Continental Corporation Common Stock

\$7

\$22

\$38

\$85

The example does not represent actual or anticipated costs, which may be more or less than those shown. Moreover, the Corporation's actual rate of return may be more or less than the hypothetical 5% return shown in the example.

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PROSPECTUS SUMMARY

The following is qualified in its entirety by the more detailed information included elsewhere in this Prospectus.

This Prospectus applies to shares of Common Stock of the Corporation. The Corporation invests primarily for the longer term and has no Charter restrictions with respect to such investments. Over the years the Corporation's objective has been to produce future growth of both capital and income while providing reasonable current income. There can be no assurance that this objective will be achieved. While common stocks have made up the bulk of investments, assets may be held in cash or invested in all types of securities in whatever amounts or proportions J. & W. Seligman & Co. Incorporated (the "Manager") believes best suited to current and anticipated economic and market conditions. These may include preferred stock, debt securities, repurchase agreements, options, illiquid securities and securities of foreign issuers, each of which could involve certain risks. See "Investment Objective and Other Policies and Related Risks."

The Manager manages the investment of the assets of the Corporation and administers its business and other affairs pursuant to a Management Agreement approved by the Board of Directors and the stockholders of the Corporation. The Manager also serves as manager of twenty-one other U.S. registered investment companies which, together with the Corporation, make up the "Seligman Group of Funds." The aggregate assets of the Seligman Group of Funds at March 31, 2003 were approximately \$10.8 billion. The Manager also provides investment management or advice to institutional and other accounts having a value at March 31, 2003 of approximately \$7.1 billion. The Manager's fee is based in part on the average daily net assets of the Corporation. The management fee rate for 2002 was equivalent to .40% of the Corporation's average daily net investment assets. See "Management of the Corporation."

Shares of Common Stock covered by this Prospectus may be purchased from time to time by Seligman Data Corp. ("SDC"), the Plan service agent for Automatic Dividend Investment and Cash Purchase Plans, Individual Retirement Accounts ("IRAs"), Retirement Plans for Self-Employed Individuals, Partnerships and Corporations, the J. & W. Seligman & Co. Incorporated Matched Accumulation Plan and the Seligman Data Corp. Employees' Thrift Plan (collectively, the "Plans"), as directed by participants, and may be sold from time to time by the Plan service agent for participants in Systematic Withdrawal Plans. See "Investment Plans and Other Services." Shares will be purchased for the Plans on the New York Stock Exchange or elsewhere when the market price of the Common Stock is equal to or less than its net asset value, and any brokerage commissions applicable to such purchases will be charged pro rata to the Plan participants. Shares will be purchased for the Plans from the Corporation at net asset value when the net asset value is lower than the market price, all as more fully described in this Prospectus.

On November 21, 2002, the Board of Directors authorized the renewal of the Corporation's ongoing share repurchase plan. The program authorizes the Corporation to repurchase over a 12-month period up to 7.5% of its then

outstanding Common Stock, provided that the excess of net asset value of a share of Common Stock over its market price remains greater than 10%. The shares repurchased under this program are cancelled, increasing the number of authorized but unissued shares available for issuance to participants in the Plans. The stock repurchase program seeks, among other things, to moderate the growth in the number of shares outstanding, increase the net asset value of the Corporation's outstanding shares, reduce the dilutive impact on stockholders who do not take capital gains distributions in additional shares and increase the liquidity of the Corporation's Common Stock in

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the marketplace. Shares acquired by the Corporation from participants in the Systematic Withdrawal Plan and other stockholder plans, as well as shares purchased for the Corporation in the open market to meet demand under the Automatic Dividend and Cash Purchase Plan, are counted towards the 7.5% repurchase limit under the program. As of March 31, 2003, 3,475,296 shares, or approximately 2.8% of the shares outstanding on November 21, 2002, had been repurchased under the program.

THE CORPORATION

The Corporation is a Maryland corporation formed in 1929 by the consolidation of two predecessor corporations. It is registered under the Investment Company Act of 1940, as amended (the "1940 Act"), as a diversified management investment company of the closed-end type. The Corporation's Common Stock is listed on the New York Stock Exchange under the symbol "TY." The average weekly trading volume on that and other exchanges during 2002 was 423,166 shares. The Corporation's Common Stock has historically been traded on the market at less than net asset value. As of March 31, 2003, the Corporation had 122,562,046 shares of Common Stock outstanding and net assets attributable to Common Stock of \$1,835,992,028.

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FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

The Corporation's financial highlights for the years presented below have been audited by Deloitte & Touche LLP, independent auditors. This information, which is derived from the financial and accounting records of the Corporation, should be read in conjunction with the financial statements and notes contained in the Corporation's 2002 Annual Report, which may be obtained from the Corporation as provided on the cover page of this Prospectus.

"Per share operating performance" data is designed to allow you to trace the operating performance, on a per Common share basis, from the beginning net asset value to the ending net asset value so that you can understand what effect the individual items have on your investment, assuming it was held throughout the year. Generally, the per share amounts are derived by converting the actual dollar amounts incurred for each item, as disclosed in the financial statements, to their equivalent per Common share amount, using average shares outstanding.

Per Share Operating Performance, Total (for a share of Common Stock

	2002	2001	2000
Per Share Operating Performance: Net asset value, beginning of year	\$ 21.69	\$ 25.87	\$ 32.
Net investment income	0.25 (5.95)	0.32 (3.02)	0.
Increase (decrease) from investment operations Dividends paid on Preferred Stock Dividends paid on Common Stock Distribution from net gain realized Issuance of Common Stock in gain distributions Issuance of Common Stock upon Warrant exercise*	(5.70) (0.01) (0.26) 		(2. (0. (0. (3.
Net increase (decrease) in net asset value Net asset value at end of year	(5.97) \$ 15.72	(4.18) \$ 21.69	(6. \$
Adjusted net asset value at end of year* Market value, end of year Total investment return for year: Based upon market value Based upon net asset value Ratios and Supplemental Data:** Expenses to average net investment assets Expenses to average net assets for Common Stock Net investment income to average net investment assets Net investment income to average net assets for Common Stock Portfolio turnover rate Net investment assets, end of year (000s omitted): For Common Stock For Preferred Stock	\$ 15.69 \$ 13.25 (28.18)% (26.35)% 0.67% 0.68% 1.29% 1.31% 152.79% \$ 1,958,295	\$ 21.65 \$ 18.75 6 (5.22)% 6 (10.20)% 0.59% 0.60% 1.36% 1.37% 124.34%	•
Total net investment assets			

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The total investment return based on market value measures the Corporation's performance assuming you purchased shares of the Corporation at

^{*} Assumes the exercise of outstanding warrants. Warrant exercise terms were: December 29, 1992 to December 28, 1993--11.29 shares at \$1.99 per share; December 29, 1993 to December 21, 1994--11.95 shares at \$1.88 per share; December 22, 1994 to December 27, 1995--12.77 shares at \$1.76 per share; December 28, 1995 to July 1, 1996--13.54 shares at \$1.66 per share; July 2, 1996 to December 20, 1996--13.79 shares at \$1.63 per share; December 21, 1996 to July 1, 1997--14.69 shares at \$1.53 per share; July 2,1997 to December 19, 1997--14.99 shares at \$1.50 per share; December 20, 1997 to June 23, 1998--16.06 shares at \$1.40 per share; June 24, 1998 to December 18, 1998--16.78 shares at \$1.34 per share; December 19, 1998 to June 24, 1999--17.85 shares at \$1.26 per share;

the market value as of the beginning of the year, invested dividends and capital gains paid as provided for in the Corporation's Automatic Dividend Investment and Cash Purchase Plan, and then sold your shares at the closing market value per share on the last day of the year. The computation does not reflect any sales commissions you may incur in purchasing or selling shares of the Corporation. The total investment return based on net asset value is similarly computed except that the Corporation's net asset value is substituted for the corresponding market value.

Investment Return, Ratios and Supplemental Data outstanding throughout each year)

Year Ended December 31,

	1994	1993
	27.49	\$ 28.
	0.83	0.
)	(1.69)	1.
	0.02	
)	(0.84)	2.
)	(0.03)	(0.
	(0.79)	(0.
	(1.90)	(1.
)	(0.23)	(0.
		(0.
)	(3.79)	(0.
	23.70	\$ 27.
	23.65	\$ 27.
	19.875	\$ 23.
) %	(5.07) %	3.
) %	(2.20) 8	8.
엉	0.64%	0.
응	0.65%	0.
ુ	3.08%	2.
엉	3.14%	2.
용	70.38%	69.
	1,994,098	\$ 2,166,2
	37,637	37,6
	2,031,735	\$ 2,203,8

June 25, 1999 to December 16, 1999--18.14 shares at \$1.24 per share; December 17, 1999 to June 21, 2000--19.56 shares at \$1.15 per share; June 22, 2000 to December 17, 2000--19.90 shares at \$1.13 per share; December 18, 2000 to December 17, 2001--21.63 shares at \$1.04 per share; and

subsequently, 22.50 shares at \$1.00 per share.

** The ratios of expenses and net investment income to average net investment assets and to average net assets for Common Stock for the years presented do not reflect the effect of dividends paid to Preferred Stockholders.

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Senior Securities -- \$2.50 Cumulative Preferred Stock

The following information is being presented with respect to the Corporation's \$2.50 Cumulative Preferred Stock. The first column presents the number of Preferred shares outstanding at the end of each of the periods presented. Asset Coverage represents the total amount of net assets of the Corporation in relation to each share of Preferred Stock outstanding as of the end of the respective periods. The involuntary liquidation preference is the amount each share of Cumulative Preferred Stock would be entitled to upon involuntary liquidation of these shares.

	Year-End Asset	Involuntary Liquidation
Total Shares	Coverage	Preference
Outstanding	Per Share	Per Share
752 740	62 654	¢EO
•		\$50
752 , 740	3 , 868	50
752 , 740	4,644	50
752 , 740	5,510	50
752 , 740	5,367	50
752 , 740	4,556	50
752 , 740	3,816	50
752 , 740	3,330	50
752 , 740	2,699	50
752,740	2,928	50
	Outstanding 752,740 752,740 752,740 752,740 752,740 752,740 752,740 752,740 752,740 752,740	Asset Total Shares Coverage Outstanding Per Share 752,740 \$2,654 752,740 3,868 752,740 4,644 752,740 5,510 752,740 5,367 752,740 4,556 752,740 3,816 752,740 3,830 752,740 3,330 752,740 2,699

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CAPITALIZATION AT MARCH 31, 2003

Title of Class	Authorized	Outstanding
\$2.50 Cumulative Preferred Stock, \$50 par value	1,000,000 shs.	752,740 shs.
Common Stock, \$0.50 par value	159,000,000 shs.*	122,562,046 shs.

Warrants to purchase

by

* 291,825 shares of Common Stock were reserved for issuance upon the exercise of outstanding Warrants.

TRADING AND NET ASSET VALUE INFORMATION

The following table shows the high and low sale prices of the Corporation's Common Stock on the composite tape for issues listed on the New York Stock Exchange for each calendar quarter since the beginning of 2001, as well as the net asset values and the range of the percentage discounts to net asset value per share that correspond to such prices.

	Market	Price	-	onding t Value	Dis A
2001	High	Low	High 	Low	High
1st Q	23.00 21.93		26.69 26.07 24.60 23.36	22.63 22.10 19.21 20.64	(10.85
2002					
1st Q	19.41 15.99	18.38 16.10 12.95 12.68	22.21 21.20 17.92 16.58	20.65 18.31 14.90 14.42	,
2003					
1st Q	14.11	12.27	16.60	14.32	(15.00

The Corporation's Common Stock has historically been traded on the market at less than net asset value. The closing market price, net asset value and percentage discount to net asset value per share of the Corporation's Common Stock on March 31, 2003 were \$12.81, \$14.98 and (14.49)%, respectively.

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INVESTMENT OBJECTIVE AND OTHER POLICIES AND RELATED RISKS

The Corporation invests primarily for the longer term and has no Charter restrictions with respect to such investments. Over the years, the Corporation's investment objective has been to produce future growth of both capital and income while providing reasonable current income. There can be no assurance that this objective will be achieved. While common stocks have made up the bulk of investments, assets may be held in cash or invested in all types of securities, that is, in bonds, debentures, notes, preferred and common stocks, rights and warrants (subject to limitations as set forth in the SAI), and other securities, in whatever amounts or proportions the Manager believes best suited to current

and anticipated economic and market conditions.

The management's present investment policies, in respect to which it has freedom of action, are:

- (1) it keeps investments in individual issuers within the limits permitted diversified companies under the 1940 Act (i.e., 75% of its total assets must be represented by cash items, government securities, securities of other investment companies, and securities of other issuers which, at the time of investment, do not exceed 5% of the Corporation's total assets at market value in the securities of any issuer and do not exceed 10% of the voting securities of any issuer);
- (2) it does not make investments with a view to exercising control or management except that it has an investment in SDC;
- (3) it ordinarily does not invest in other investment companies, but it may purchase up to 3% of the voting securities of such investment companies, provided purchases of securities of a single investment company do not exceed in value 5% of the total assets of the Corporation and all investments in investment company securities do not exceed 10% of total assets; and
- (4) it has no fixed policy with respect to portfolio turnover and purchases and sales in the light of economic, market and investment considerations. The portfolio turnover rates for the ten fiscal years ended December 31, 2002 are shown under "Financial Highlights."

The foregoing investment objective and policies may be changed by management without stockholder approval, unless such a change would change the Corporation's status from a "diversified" to a "non-diversified" company under the 1940 Act.

The Corporation's stated fundamental policies relating to the issuance of senior securities, the borrowing of money, the underwriting of securities of other issuers, the concentration of investments in a particular industry or groups of industries, the purchase or sale of real estate and real estate mortgage loans, the purchase or sale of commodities or commodity contracts, and the making of loans may not be changed without a vote of stockholders. A more detailed description of the Corporation's investment policies, including a list of those restrictions on the Corporation's investment activities which cannot be changed without such a vote, appears in the SAI. Within the limits of these fundamental policies, management has reserved freedom of action.

Repurchase Agreements: The Corporation may enter into repurchase agreements with respect to debt obligations which could otherwise be purchased by the Corporation. A repurchase agreement is an instrument under which the Corporation may acquire an underlying debt instrument and simultaneously obtain the commitment of the seller (a commercial bank or a broker or dealer) to repurchase the security at an agreed upon price and date within a number of days (usually not more than seven days from the date of purchase). The value

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of the underlying securities will be at least equal at all times to the total amount of the repurchase obligation, including the interest factor. The Corporation will make payment for such securities only upon physical delivery or evidence of book transfer to the account of the Corporation's custodian. Repurchase agreements could involve certain risks in the event of default or insolvency of the other party, including possible delays or restrictions upon

the Corporation's ability to dispose of the underlying securities.

Illiquid Securities: The Corporation may invest up to 15% of its net investment assets in illiquid securities, including restricted securities (i.e., securities not readily marketable without registration under the Securities Act of 1933, as amended (the "1933 Act")) and other securities that are not readily marketable. The Corporation may purchase restricted securities that can be offered and sold to "qualified institutional buyers" under Rule 144A of the 1933 Act, and the Corporation's Board of Directors may determine, when appropriate, that specific Rule 144A securities are liquid and not subject to the 15% limitation on illiquid securities. Should this determination be made, the Board of Directors will carefully monitor the security (focusing on such factors, among others, as trading activity and availability of information) to determine that the Rule 144A security continues to be liquid. This investment practice could have the effect of increasing the level of illiquidity in the Corporation, if and to the extent that qualified institutional buyers become for a time uninterested in purchasing Rule 144A securities.

Foreign Securities: The Corporation may invest in commercial paper and certificates of deposit issued by foreign banks and may invest in other securities of foreign issuers directly or through American Depositary Receipts ("ADRs"), American Depositary Shares ("ADSs"), European Depositary Receipts ("EDRs") or Global Depositary Receipts ("GDRs") (collectively, "Depositary Receipts"). Foreign investments may be affected favorably or unfavorably by changes in currency rates and exchange control regulations. There may be less information available about a foreign company than about a U.S. company and foreign companies may not be subject to reporting standards and requirements comparable to those applicable to U.S. companies. Foreign securities may not be as liquid as U.S. securities. Securities of foreign companies may involve greater market risk than securities of U.S. companies, and foreign brokerage commissions and custody fees are generally higher than those in the United States. Investments in foreign securities may also be subject to local economic or political risks, political instability and possible nationalization of issuers. ADRs and ADSs are instruments generally issued by domestic banks or trust companies that represent the deposits of a security of a foreign issuer. ADRs and ADSs may be publicly traded on exchanges or over-the-counter in the United States and are quoted and settled in dollars at a price that generally reflects the dollar equivalent of the home country share price. EDRs and GDRs are typically issued by foreign banks or trust companies and traded in Europe. Depositary Receipts may be issued under sponsored or unsponsored programs. In sponsored programs, the issuer has made arrangements to have its securities traded in the form of a Depositary Receipt. In unsponsored programs, the issuers may not be directly involved in the creation of the program. Although regulatory requirements with respect to sponsored and unsponsored programs are generally similar, the issuers of securities represented by unsponsored Depositary Receipts are not obligated to disclose material information in the United States and, therefore, the import of such information may not be reflected in the market value of such receipts. The Corporation may invest up to 10% of its total assets in foreign securities that it holds directly, but this 10% limit does not apply to foreign securities held through Depositary Receipts or to commercial paper and certificates of deposit issued by foreign banks.

Leverage: Senior securities issued or money borrowed to raise funds for investment have a prior fixed dollar claim on the Corporation's assets and income. Any gain in the value of securities purchased or in income received in excess of the cost of the amount borrowed or interest or dividends payable causes the net asset value

of the Corporation's Common Stock or the income available to it to increase more than otherwise would be the case. Conversely, any decline in the value of securities purchased or income received on them to below the asset or income claims of the senior securities or borrowed money causes the net asset value of the Common Stock or income available to it to decline more sharply than would be the case if there were no prior claim. Funds obtained through senior securities or borrowings thus create investment opportunity, but they also increase exposure to risk. This influence ordinarily is called "leverage." As of March 31, 2003, the only senior securities of the Corporation outstanding were 752,740 shares of its \$2.50 Cumulative Preferred Stock, \$50 par value. Based on its March 31, 2003 asset value, the Corporation's portfolio requires an annual return of 0.10% in order to cover dividend payments on the Preferred Stock. The following table illustrates the effect of leverage relating to presently outstanding Preferred Stock on the return available to a holder of the Corporation's Common Stock.

Assumed return on portfolio			
(net of expenses)	-10%	-5%	0%
Corresponding return to common stockholder	-10.20%	-5.13%	-0.07%

The purpose of the table above is to assist you in understanding the effects of leverage. The percentages appearing in the table do not represent actual or anticipated returns, which may be greater or less than those shown.

MANAGEMENT OF THE CORPORATION

The Manager: In accordance with the applicable laws of the State of Maryland, the Board of Directors provides broad supervision over the affairs of the Corporation. Pursuant to a Management Agreement approved by the Board and the stockholders, the Manager manages the investment of the assets of the Corporation and administers its business and other affairs. In that connection, the Manager makes purchases and sales of portfolio securities consistent with the Corporation's investment objective and policies.

The Manager also serves as manager of twenty-one other U.S. registered investment companies of the Seligman Group of Funds. These other companies are: Seligman Capital Fund, Inc., Seligman Cash Management Fund, Inc., Seligman Common Stock Fund, Inc., Seligman Communications and Information Fund, Inc., Seligman Frontier Fund, Inc., Seligman Growth Fund, Inc., Seligman Global Fund Series, Inc., Seligman High Income Fund Series, Seligman Income and Growth Fund, Inc., Seligman Investment Grade Fixed Income Fund, Inc., Seligman Municipal Fund Series, Inc., Seligman Municipal Series Trust, Seligman New Jersey Municipal Fund, Inc., Seligman New Technologies Fund II, Inc., Seligman Pennsylvania Municipal Fund Series, Seligman Portfolios, Inc., Seligman Quality Municipal Fund, Inc., Seligman Select Municipal Fund, Inc., Seligman Time Horizon/Harvester Series, Inc. and Seligman Value Fund Series, Inc. The address of the Manager is 100 Park Avenue, New York, NY 10017.

As compensation for the services performed and the facilities and personnel provided by the Manager, the Corporation pays to the Manager promptly after the end of each month a fee, calculated on each day during such month, equal to the Applicable Percentage of the daily net assets of the Corporation at the close of business on the previous business day. The term "Applicable Percentage" means the amount (expressed as a percentage and rounded to the nearest one millionth of one percent) obtained by dividing (i) the Fee Amount by (ii) the Fee Base. The term "Fee Amount" means the sum on an annual basis of:

.45 of 1% of the first \$4 billion of Fee Base .425 of 1% of the next \$2 billion of Fee Base .40 of 1% of the next \$2 billion of Fee Base, and .375 of 1% of the Fee Base in excess of \$8 billion.

The term "Fee Base" as of any day means the sum of the net assets at the close of business on the previous day of each of the investment companies registered under the 1940 Act for which the Manager or any affiliated company acts as investment adviser or manager (including the Corporation).

Ben-Ami Gradwohl, Ph.D., a Managing Director of the Manager, has been Vice President and Co-Portfolio Manager of the Corporation since October 2001. Mr. Gradwohl is also Vice President and Co-Portfolio Manager of Seligman Common Stock Fund, Inc., and Seligman Income and Growth Fund, Inc., and Vice President of Seligman Portfolios, Inc. ("SPI") and Co-Portfolio Manager of SPI's Seligman Common Stock Portfolio and Seligman Income Portfolio. Mr. Gradwohl joined Seligman as a Managing Director in January 2000. From 1996 to 1999, he was a Portfolio Manager at Nicholas-Applegate Capital Management. During his tenure there, he managed U.S. systematic large-cap portfolios, tax-efficient strategies, an aggressive U.S. equity offshore fund, a long-short hedge fund and international equity investments.

David Guy, Ph.D., a Managing Director of the Manager, has been Vice President and Co-Portfolio Manager of the Corporation since October 2001. Mr. Guy is also Vice President and Co-Portfolio Manager of Seligman Common Stock Fund, Inc., and Vice President of SPI and Co-Portfolio Manager of SPI's Seligman Common Stock Portfolio. Mr. Guy joined Seligman as a Managing Director in January 2000. From 1997 to 1999, he was a Portfolio Manager for U.S. mid-cap securities in the Systematic Investment Group at Nicholas-Applegate Capital Management. During the winter semester of 1997, he was a Visiting Associate Professor with the Department of Statistics at the University of California, Riverside.

The Corporation pays all its expenses other than those assumed by the Manager, including brokerage commissions, fees and expenses of independent attorneys and auditors, taxes and governmental fees, cost of stock certificates, expenses of printing and distributing prospectuses, expenses of printing and distributing reports, notices and proxy materials to stockholders, expenses of printing and filing reports and other documents with governmental agencies, expenses of stockholders' meetings, expenses of corporate data processing and related services, stockholder record-keeping and stockholder account services, fees and disbursements of transfer agents and custodians, expenses of disbursing dividends and distributions, fees and expenses of directors of the Corporation not employed by the Manager or its affiliates, insurance premiums and extraordinary expenses such as litigation expenses.

The Management Agreement provides that it will continue in effect until December 29 of each year if such continuance is approved in the manner required by the 1940 Act (i.e., by a vote of a majority of the Board of Directors or of the outstanding voting securities of the Corporation and by a vote of a majority of Directors who are not parties to the Management Agreement or interested persons of any such party) and if the Manager shall not have notified the Corporation at least 60 days prior to December 29 of any year that it does not desire such continuance. The Management Agreement may be terminated by the Corporation, without penalty, on 60 days' written notice to the Manager and will terminate automatically in the event of its assignment.

DESCRIPTION OF CAPITAL STOCK

- (a) Dividend Rights: Common Stockholders are entitled to receive dividends only if and to the extent declared by the Board of Directors and only after (i) such provisions have been made for working capital and for reserves as the Board may deem advisable, (ii) full cumulative dividends at the rate of \$0.625 per share per quarterly dividend period have been paid on the Preferred Stock for all past quarterly periods and have been provided for the current quarterly period, and (iii) such provisions have been made for the purchase or for the redemption (at a price of \$55 per share) of the Preferred Stock as the Board may deem advisable. In any event, no dividend may be declared upon the Common Stock unless, at the time of such declaration, the net assets of the Corporation, after deducting the amount of such dividend and the amount of all unpaid dividends declared on the Preferred Stock, shall be at least equal to \$100 per outstanding share of Preferred Stock. The equivalent figure was \$2,485.78 at March 31, 2003.
- (b) Voting Rights: The Preferred Stock is entitled to two votes and the Common Stock is entitled to one vote per share at all meetings of stockholders. In the event of a default in payments of dividends on the Preferred Stock equivalent to six quarterly dividends, the Preferred Stockholders are entitled, voting separately as a class to the exclusion of Common Stockholders, to elect two additional directors, such right to continue until all arrearages have been paid and current Preferred Stock dividends are provided for. Notwithstanding any provision of law requiring any action to be taken or authorized by the affirmative vote of the holders of a designated portion of all the shares or of the shares of each class, such action shall be effective if taken or authorized by the affirmative vote of a majority of the aggregate number of the votes entitled to vote thereon, except that a class vote of Preferred Stockholders is also required to approve certain actions adversely affecting their rights. Any change in the Corporation's fundamental policies may also be authorized by the vote of 67% of the votes present at a meeting if the holders of a majority of the aggregate number of votes entitled to vote are present or represented by proxy.

Consistent with the requirements of Maryland law, the Corporation's Charter provides that the affirmative vote of two-thirds of the aggregate number of votes entitled to be cast thereon shall be necessary to authorize any of the following actions: (i) the dissolution of the Corporation; (ii) a merger or consolidation of the Corporation (in which the Corporation is not the surviving corporation) with (a) an open-end investment company or (b) a closed-end investment company, unless such closed-end investment company's Articles of Incorporation require a two-thirds or greater proportion of the votes entitled to be cast by such company's stock to approve the types of transactions covered by clauses (i) through (iv) of this paragraph; (iii) the sale of all or substantially all of the assets of the Corporation to any person (as such term is defined in the 1940 Act); or (iv) any amendment of the Charter of this Corporation which makes any class of the Corporation's stock a redeemable security (as such term is defined in the 1940 Act) or reduces the two-thirds vote required to authorize the actions listed in this paragraph. This could have the effect of delaying, deferring or preventing changes in control of the Corporation.

- (c) Liquidation Rights: In the event of any voluntary or involuntary liquidation, dissolution or winding up of the Corporation, after payment to the Preferred Stockholders of an amount equal to \$50 per share plus dividends accrued or in arrears, the Common Stockholders are entitled, to the exclusion of the Preferred Stockholders, to share ratably in all the remaining assets of the Corporation available for distribution to stockholders.
 - (d) Other Provisions: Common Stockholders do not have preemptive,

subscription or conversion rights, and are not liable for further calls or assessments. The Corporation's Board of Directors (other than any directors who may be elected to represent Preferred Stockholders as described above) are classified as nearly as possible

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into three equal classes with a maximum three-year term so that the term of one class of directors expires annually. Such classification provides continuity of experience and stability of management while providing for the election of a portion of the Board of Directors each year. Such classification could have the effect of delaying, deferring or preventing changes in control of the Corporation.

The Board of Directors may classify or reclassify any unissued stock of any class with or without par value (including Preferred Stock and Common Stock) into one or more classes of preference stock on a parity with, but not having preference or priority over, the Preferred Stock by fixing or altering before the issuance thereof the designations, preferences, voting powers, restrictions and qualifications of, the fixed annual dividends on, the times and prices of redemption, the terms of conversion, the number and/or par value of the shares and other provisions of such stock to the full extent permitted by the laws of Maryland and the Corporation's Charter. Stockholder approval of such action is not required.

DESCRIPTION OF WARRANTS

The Corporation's Charter and Warrant certificates provide that each Warrant represents the right during an unlimited time to purchase one share of Common Stock at a price of \$22.49 per share, subject to increase in the number of shares purchasable and adjustment of the price payable pursuant to provisions of the Charter requiring such adjustments whenever the Corporation issues any shares of Common Stock at a price less than the Warrant purchase price in effect immediately prior to issue. Each Warrant presently entitles the holder to purchase 22.50 shares of Common Stock at \$1.00 per share. There were 12,970 Warrants outstanding at March 31, 2003. Fractional shares of Common Stock are not issued upon the exercise of Warrants. In lieu thereof, the Corporation issues scrip certificates representing corresponding fractions of the right to receive a full share of Common Stock if exchanged by the end of the second calendar year following issuance or of the proceeds of the sale of a full share if surrendered during the next four years thereafter.

COMPUTATION OF NET ASSET VALUE

Net asset value per share of Common Stock is determined by dividing the current value of the assets of the Corporation less its liabilities and the prior claim of the Preferred Stock by the total number of shares of Common Stock outstanding. Securities owned by the Corporation for which market quotations are readily available are valued at current market value or, in their absence, fair value determined in accordance with procedures approved by the Board of Directors. Securities traded on national exchanges are valued at the last sales prices, or in their absence and in the case of over-the-counter securities, a mean of bid and asked prices. United Kingdom securities and securities for which there are no recent sales transactions are valued based on quotations provided by primary market makers in such securities. Any securities for which recent market quotations are not readily available are valued at fair value determined in accordance with procedures approved by the Board of Directors. Short-term holdings maturing in 60 days or less are generally valued at amortized cost if their original maturity was 60 days or less. Short-term holdings with more than 60 days remaining to maturity will be valued at current market value until the

61st day prior to maturity, and will then be valued on an amortized cost basis based on the value of such date unless the Board determines that this amortized cost value does not represent fair market value.

All assets and liabilities initially expressed in foreign currencies will be converted into U.S. dollars by a pricing service based upon the mean of the bid and asked prices of such currencies against the U.S. dollar quoted by a major bank which is a regular participant in the institutional foreign exchange markets.

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Net asset value of the Common Stock is determined daily, Monday through Friday, as of the close of regular trading on the New York Stock Exchange (normally, $4:00~\rm p.m.$ Eastern time) each day the New York Stock Exchange is open for trading.

DIVIDEND POLICY AND TAXES

Dividends: Dividends are paid quarterly on the Preferred Stock and on the Common Stock in amounts representing substantially all of the net investment income earned each year. Payments on the Preferred Stock are in a fixed amount, but payments on the Common Stock vary in amount, depending on investment income received and expenses of operation. Substantially all of any taxable net gain realized on investments is paid to Common Stockholders at least annually in accordance with requirements under the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended, and other applicable statutory and regulatory requirements. The Corporation has a substantial capital loss carry-forward that is available for offset against future net capital gains, expiring in various amounts through 2010. Accordingly, no capital gain distributions are expected to be paid to shareholders until net capital gains have been realized in excess of the available capital loss carry-forward.

Unless SDC is otherwise instructed by you, dividends on the Common Stock are paid in cash and capital gain distributions are paid in book shares of Common Stock which are entered in your Tri-Continental account as "book credits." Long-term gain distributions ordinarily are paid in shares of Common Stock, or, at your option, 75% in book shares and 25% in cash, or, in the alternative, 100% in cash. Shares distributed in payment of gain distributions are valued at market price or at net asset value, whichever is lower, on the valuation date. Dividends and capital gain distributions will generally be taxable to you in the year in which they are declared by the Corporation if paid before February 1 of the following year. Distributions or dividends received by you will have the effect of reducing the net asset value of the shares of the Corporation by the amount of such distributions. If the net asset value of shares is reduced below your cost by a distribution, the distribution will be taxable as described below even though it is in effect a return of capital.

Taxes: The Corporation intends to continue to qualify and elect to be treated as a regulated investment company under the Internal Revenue Code. As a regulated investment company, the Corporation will generally be exempt from federal income taxes on net investment income and capital gains that it distributes to stockholders provided that at least 90% of its investment income and net short-term capital gains are distributed to stockholders each year.

Dividends on Common or Preferred Stock representing net investment income and distributions of net short-term capital gains are taxable to stockholders as ordinary income, whether received in cash or invested in additional shares and, to the extent designated as derived from the Corporation's dividend income that would be eligible for the dividends received deduction if the Corporation were

not a regulated investment company, they are eligible, subject to certain restrictions, for the 70% dividends received deduction for corporations. Distributions of net capital gain (i.e., the excess of net long-term capital gains over any net short-term capital losses) are taxable as long-term capital gain, whether received in cash or invested in additional shares, regardless of how long you have held your shares. Such distributions are not eligible for the dividends received deduction allowed to corporate stockholders. If you receive distributions in the form of additional shares issued by the Corporation, you will be treated for federal income tax purposes as having received a distribution in an amount equal to the fair market value on the date of distribution of the shares received. You will be subject to federal income tax on net capital gains at a maximum rate of 20% if designated as derived from the Corporation's capital gains from property held by the Corporation for more than one year.

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Any gain or loss you realize upon a sale or redemption of Common or Preferred Stock, if you are not a dealer in securities, will generally be treated as a long-term capital gain or loss if you held your shares for more than one year and as a short-term capital gain or loss if you held your shares for one year or less. However, if shares on which a long-term capital gain distribution has been received are subsequently sold or redeemed and such shares have been held for six months or less, any loss you realize will be treated as long-term capital loss to the extent that it offsets the long-term capital gain distribution. No loss will be allowed on the sale or other disposition of shares of the Corporation if, within a period beginning 30 days before the date of such sale or disposition and ending 30 days after such date, you acquire (such as through the Automatic Dividend Investment and Cash Purchase Plan), or enter into a contract or option to acquire, securities that are substantially identical to the shares of the Corporation. Net capital gain of a corporate stockholder is taxed at the same rate as ordinary income.

The Corporation will generally be subject to an excise tax of 4% on the amount by which distributions to stockholders fall short of certain required levels, such that income or gain is not taxable to stockholders in the calendar year in which it was earned by the Corporation. Furthermore, dividends declared in October, November or December payable to stockholders of record on a specified date in such a month and paid in the following January will be treated as having been paid by the Corporation and received by you in December. Under this rule, therefore, you may be taxed in one year on dividends or distributions actually received in January of the following year.

The tax treatment of the Corporation and of stockholders under the tax laws of the various states may differ from the federal tax treatment. You are urged to consult your own tax advisor regarding specific questions as to federal, state or local taxes.

The Corporation is required to withhold and remit to the U.S. Treasury a portion of taxable dividends and other reportable payments paid on your account if you provide the Corporation with either an incorrect Taxpayer Identification Number or no number at all or you fail to certify that you are not subject to such withholding. You should be aware that, under regulations promulgated by the Internal Revenue Service, the Corporation may be fined \$50 annually for each account for which a certified Taxpayer Identification Number is not provided. The Corporation may charge you a service fee of up to \$50 for accounts not having a certified Taxpayer Identification Number. Certificates will not be issued unless an account is certified.

INVESTMENT PLANS AND OTHER SERVICES

Automatic Dividend Investment and Cash Purchase Plan

The Automatic Dividend Investment and Cash Purchase Plan is available for any Common stockholder who wishes to purchase additional shares of the Corporation's Common Stock with dividends or other cash payments on shares owned, with cash dividends paid by other corporations in which stock is owned or with cash funds. Details of the services offered under the Plan are given in the Authorization Form appearing in this Prospectus. Under the Plan, you appoint the Corporation as your purchase agent to receive or invest such dividends and cash funds forwarded by you for your accounts in additional shares of the Corporation's Common Stock (after deducting a service charge), as described under "Method of Purchase" below. Funds forwarded by you under the Plan should be made payable to Tri-Continental Corporation and mailed to Tri-Continental Corporation, P.O. Box 9766, Providence, RI 02940-9766. Checks for investment must be in U.S. dollars drawn on a domestic bank. Credit card convenience checks and third party checks, i.e., checks made payable to a party other than Tri-Continental Corporation, may not be used to purchase shares under this Plan. You should direct all

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correspondence concerning the Plan to Seligman Data Corp., 100 Park Avenue, New York, NY 10017. At present, a service fee of up to a maximum of \$2.00 will be charged for each cash purchase transaction. There is no charge for Automatic Dividend Investment. As of March 31, 2003, 29,653 stockholders, owning approximately 47,762,639 shares of Common Stock, were using the Plan. You may choose one or more of the services under the Plan and you may change your choices (or terminate participation) at any time by notifying SDC in writing. The Plan may be amended or terminated by written notice to Planholders.

Automatic Check Service

The Automatic Check Service enables you, if you are an Automatic Dividend Investment and Cash Purchase Planholder, to authorize checks to be drawn on your regular checking account at regular intervals for fixed amounts to be invested in additional shares of Common Stock for your account. An Authorization Form to be used to start the Automatic Check Service is included in this Prospectus.

Share Keeping Service

You may send certificates for shares of the Corporation's Common Stock to SDC to be placed in your account. Certificates should be sent to Seligman Data Corp., 101 Sabin Street, Pawtucket, RI 02860-1427, with a letter requesting that they be placed in your account. You should not sign the certificates and they should be sent by certified or registered mail. Return receipt is advisable; however, this may increase mailing time. When your certificates are received by SDC, the shares will be entered in your Tri-Continental account as "book credits" and shown on the Statement of Account received from SDC. If you use the Share Keeping Service you should keep in mind that you must have a stock certificate for delivery to a broker if you wish to sell shares. A certificate will be issued and sent to you on your written request to SDC, usually within two business days of the receipt of your request. You should consider the time it takes for a letter to arrive at SDC and for a certificate to be delivered to you by mail before you choose to use this service.

Tax-Deferred Retirement Plans

Shares of the Corporation may be purchased for:

- --Individual Retirement Accounts (IRAs) (available to current stockholders only);
- -- Savings Incentive Match Plans for Employees (SIMPLE IRAs);
- --Simplified Employee Pension Plans (SEPs);
- --Section 401(k) Plans for corporations and their employees; and
- --Money Purchase Pension and Profit Sharing Plans for sole proprietorships, partnerships and corporations.

These types of plans may be established only upon receipt of a written application form. The Corporation may register an IRA investment for which an account application has not been received as an ordinary taxable account.

For more information, write Retirement Plan Services, Seligman Data Corp., $100 \, \text{Park}$ Avenue, New York, NY 10017. You may telephone toll-free by dialing $(800) \, 445-1777$ from all United States.

State Street Bank and Trust Company acts as trustee and custodian and performs other related services with respect to the Plans.

J. & W. Seligman & Co. Incorporated Matched Accumulation Plan

The Manager has a Matched Accumulation Plan ("Profit-Sharing Plan") which provides that, through payroll deductions which may be combined with matching contributions and through any profit sharing

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distribution made by the Manager to the Profit-Sharing Plan, eligible employees of the Manager, Seligman Advisors, Inc. and Seligman Services, Inc. may designate that the payroll deductions and contributions made by the Manager and invested by the Plan trustee, be invested in certain investment companies for which the Manager serves as investment adviser. One such fund consists of Common Stock of the Corporation purchased by the trustee as described under "Method of Purchase."

Seligman Data Corp. Employees' Thrift Plan

SDC has an Employees' Thrift Plan ("Thrift Plan") which provides a systematic means by which savings, through payroll deductions, of eligible employees of SDC may be combined with matching contributions made by the company and invested by the Plan trustee, in certain investment companies for which the Manager serves as investment adviser, as designated by the employee. One such fund consists of Common Stock of the Corporation purchased by the trustee as described under "Method of Purchase."

Method of Purchase

Purchases will be made by the Corporation from time to time on the New York Stock Exchange or elsewhere to satisfy dividend and cash purchase investments under the Automatic Dividend Investment and Cash Purchase Plan, tax-deferred retirement plans, and the investment plans noted above. Purchases will be suspended on any day when the closing price (or closing bid price if there were no sales) of the Common Stock on the New York Stock Exchange on the preceding trading day was higher than the net asset value per share (without adjustment for the exercise of Warrants remaining outstanding). If on the dividend payable date or the date shares are issuable to stockholders making

Cash Purchase investments under the Plan (the "Issuance Date"), shares previously purchased by the Corporation are insufficient to satisfy dividend or Cash Purchase investments and on the last trading day immediately preceding the dividend payable date or the Issuance Date the closing sale or bid price of the Common Stock is lower than or the same as the net asset value per share, the Corporation will continue to purchase shares until a number of shares sufficient to cover all investments by stockholders has been purchased or the closing sale or bid price of the Common Stock becomes higher than the net asset value, in which case the Corporation will issue the necessary additional shares. If on the last trading date immediately preceding the dividend payable date or Issuance Date, the closing sale or bid price of the Common Stock was higher than the net asset value per share, and if shares of the Common Stock previously purchased on the New York Stock Exchange or elsewhere are insufficient to satisfy dividend or Cash Purchase investments, the Corporation will issue the necessary additional shares from authorized but unissued shares of the Common Stock.

Shares will be issued on the dividend payable date or the Issuance Date at a price equal to the lower of (1) the closing sale or bid price, plus commission, of the Common Stock on the New York Stock Exchange on the ex-dividend date or Issuance Date or (2) the greater of the net asset value per share of the Common Stock on such trading day (without adjustment for the exercise of Warrants remaining outstanding) and 95% of the closing sale or bid price of the Common Stock on the New York Stock Exchange on such trading day. In the past, the Common Stock ordinarily has been priced in the market at less than net asset value per share.

The net proceeds to the Corporation from the sale of any shares of Common Stock to the Plans will be added to its general funds and will be available for additional investments and general corporate purposes. The Manager anticipates that investment of any proceeds, in accordance with the Corporation's investment objective and policies, will take up to thirty days from their receipt by the Corporation, depending on market conditions

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and the availability of appropriate securities, but in no event will such investment take longer than six months. Pending such investment in accordance with the Corporation's objective and policies, the proceeds will be held in U.S. Government Securities (which term includes obligations of the United States Government, its agencies or instrumentalities) and other short-term money market instruments.

If you are participating in the Automatic Dividend Investment and Cash Purchase Plan and your shares are held under the Plan in book credit form, you may terminate your participation in the Plan and receive a certificate for all or a part of your shares or have all or a part of your shares sold for you by the Corporation and retain unsold shares in book credit form or receive a certificate for any shares not sold. Instructions must be signed by all registered stockholders and should be sent to Seligman Data Corp., 101 Sabin Street, Pawtucket, RI 02860-1427. If you elect to have shares sold, you will receive the proceeds from the sale, less any brokerage commissions. Only participants whose shares are held in book credit form may elect upon termination of their participation in the Plan to have shares sold in the above manner. All other stockholders of the Corporation must sell shares through a registered broker/dealer. As an additional measure to protect you and the Corporation, SDC may confirm written instructions by telephone before sending your money when the value of the shares being sold is \$25,000 or more, or when proceeds are directed to be paid to an address or payee different from that on our records. This will not affect the date on which your instruction to sell shares is actually processed. Whenever the value of the shares being sold is

\$50,000 or more, or the proceeds are to be paid or mailed to an address or payee different from that on our records, the signature of all stockholders must be guaranteed by an eligible financial institution including, but not limited to, the following: banks, trust companies, credit unions, securities brokers and dealers, savings and loan associations and participants in the Securities Transfer Association Medallion Program ("STAMP"), the Stock Exchanges Medallion Program ("SEMP") and the New York Stock Exchange Medallion Signature Program ("MSP"). Notarization by a notary public is not an acceptable signature guarantee. The Corporation reserves the right to reject a signature guarantee where it is believed that the Corporation will be placed at risk by accepting such guarantee.

Systematic Withdrawal Plan

This Plan is available if you wish to receive fixed payments from your investment in the Common Stock in any amount at specified regular intervals. You may start a Systematic Withdrawal Plan if your shares of the Corporation's Common Stock have a market value of \$5,000 or more. Shares must be held in your account as book credits. SDC will act for you, make payments to you in specified amounts on either the 1st or 15th day of each month, as designated by you, and maintain your account. There is a charge by the agent of \$1.00 per withdrawal payment for this service. This charge may be changed from time to time.

Payments under the Systematic Withdrawal Plan will be made by selling exactly enough full and fractional shares of Common Stock to cover the amount of the designated withdrawal. Sales may be made on the New York Stock Exchange, to the agent or a trustee for one of the other Plans, or elsewhere. Payments from sales of shares will reduce the amount of capital at work and dividend earning ability, and ultimately may liquidate the investment. Sales of shares may result in gain or loss for income tax purposes. Withdrawals under this Plan or any similar withdrawal plan of any other investment company, concurrent with purchases of shares of the Common Stock or of shares of any other investment company, will ordinarily be disadvantageous to the Planholder because of the payment of duplicative commission or sales loads.

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Stockholder Information

SDC maintains books and records for all of the Plans, and confirms transactions to stockholders. To insure prompt delivery of checks, account statements and other information, you should notify SDC immediately, in writing, of any address changes. If you close your account during any year it is important that you notify SDC of any subsequent address changes to ensure that you receive a year-end statement and tax information for that year. You will be sent reports quarterly regarding the Corporation. General information about the Corporation may be requested by writing the Corporate Communications/Investor Relations Department, J. & W. Seligman & Co. Incorporated, 100 Park Avenue, New York, NY 10017 or by telephoning the Corporate Communications/Investor Relations Department toll-free at (800) 221-7844 in the U.S. You may call (212) 850-1864 outside the U.S. Information about your account (other than a retirement plan account), may be requested by writing Stockholder Services, Seligman Data Corp., at the same address or by telephone by dialing toll-free (800) 874-1092 in the U.S. or 212-682-7600 outside the U.S. For information about a retirement account, call Retirement Plan Services toll-free at (800) 445-1777 or write Retirement Plan Services, Seligman Data Corp. at the above address. SDC may be telephoned Monday through Friday (except holidays) between the hours of 8:30 a.m. and 6:00 p.m. Eastern time. Your call will be answered by a service representative.

24-hour automated telephone access is available by dialing (800) 622-4597 (within the United States) on a touchtone telephone, which provides instant access to price, account balance, most recent transaction and other information. In addition, you may request Account Statements and Form 1099-DIV.

ISSUANCE OF SHARES IN CONNECTION WITH ACQUISITIONS

The Corporation may issue shares of its Common Stock in exchange for the assets of another investment company in transactions in which the number of shares of Common Stock of the Corporation to be delivered will be generally determined by dividing the current value of the seller's assets by the current per share net asset value or market price on the New York Stock Exchange of the Common Stock of the Corporation, or by an intermediate amount. In such acquisitions, the number of shares of the Corporation's Common Stock to be issued will not be determined on the basis of the market price of such Common Stock if such price is lower than its net asset value per share, except pursuant to an appropriate order of the Securities and Exchange Commission or approval by stockholders of the Corporation, as required by law. The Corporation is not presently seeking to acquire the assets of any investment company, but it may acquire the assets of companies from time to time in the future.

Some or all of the stock so issued may be sold from time to time by the recipients or their stockholders through brokers in ordinary transactions on stock exchanges at current market prices. The Corporation has been advised that such sellers may be deemed to be underwriters as that term is defined in the 1933 Act.

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Tri-Continental Corporation

AUTHORIZATION FORM
for
AUTOMATIC DIVIDEND
INVESTMENT
AND CASH PURCHASE PLAN
O AUTOMATIC DIVIDEND INVESTMENT
O AUTOMATIC INVESTMENT OF OTHER
CORPORATIONS' DIVIDENDS

To: Seligman Data Corp.

P.O. Box 9759		0	CASH	PURCE	HASE PI	LAN
Providence, Rhode	Island 02940-9759	0	AUTON	MATIC	CHECK	SERVICE

D. L.			
Date_			

Gentlemen:

I own shares of Tri-Continental Corporation Common Stock registered as shown below:

ACCOUNT REGISTRATION

Stockholder's Name (print or type)	Stockholder's Signature*
Co-Holder's Name	Co-Holder's Signature*
Address (street and number)	Taxpayer Identification Number
City State Zip Code	Stockholder Account Number, if known

If shares are held or to be held in more than one name, all must sign, and plural pronouns will be implied in the text. In the case of co-holders, a joint tenancy with right of survivorship will be presumed unless otherwise specified.

Under penalties of perjury I certify that the number shown on this form is my correct Taxpayer Identification Number (Social Security Number) and that I am not subject to backup withholding either because I have not been notified that I am subject to backup withholding as a result of failure to report all interest or dividends, or the Internal Revenue Service has notified me that I am no longer subject to backup withholding. I certify to my legal capacity to purchase or sell shares of the Corporation for my own Account, or for the Account of the organization named above. I have received a current Prospectus of the Corporation and appoint Seligman Data Corp. as my agent to act in accordance with my instructions herein.

Date Stockholder's Signature

I have read the Terms and Conditions of the Automatic Dividend Investment and Cash Purchase Plan and the current Prospectus, a copy of which I have received, and I wish to establish a Plan to use the Services checked below:

SERVICE(S) DESIRED

Automatic Investment of Tri-Continental Dividends

I wish to have my quarterly dividends invested in additional shares, and distributions from gains paid as follows:

- |_| Credited to my account in additional full and fractional shares.
- Credited 75% to my account in shares and 25% paid to me in cash.
- Automatic Investment of Other Corporation's Dividends

I intend to give orders for the payment of cash dividends from other corporations to be invested in shares of $Tri-Continental\ Common$ Stock for my account.

Note: Checks in payment of dividends from other corporations should indicate your name and Tri-Continental account number. The checks should be made payable to the order of Tri-Continental Corporation and be mailed to Seligman Data Corp., P.O. Box 9766, Providence, Rhode Island 02940-9766.

| | Cash Purchases

I intend to send funds from time to time to be invested in shares of Tri-Continental Common Stock for my account.

Note: Your checks should indicate your name and Tri-Continental account number. Make all checks payable to Tri-Continental Corporation and mail to Seligman Data Corp., P.O. Box 9766, Providence, Rhode Island 02940-9766.

|_| Automatic Check Service

I have completed the Authorization Form to have pre-authorized checks drawn on my regular checking account at regular intervals for investment in shares of Tri-Continental Common Stock.

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Tri-Continental Corporation

AUTHORIZATION FORM for AUTOMATIC CHECK SERVICE

To start your Automatic Check Service, fill out this form and forward it with an unsigned bank check from your regular checking account (marked "void") to:

Seligman Data Corp.
P.O. Box 9759
Providence, Rhode Island 02940-9759

Gentlemen:

I own shares of Tri-Continental Corporation Common Stock, registered as shown below, which are entered in the Automatic Dividend Investment and Cash Purchase Plan.

- 1. Stockholder Account Number (if known)_____
- 2. AUTOMATIC CHECK SERVICE

Please arrange with my bank to draw pre-authorized checks on my regular checking account and invest \S in shares of Tri-Continental Common Stock every:

I have completed the "Bank Authorization to Honor Pre-Authorized Checks"

which appears below and have enclosed one of my bank checks marked "void." I understand that my checks will be invested on the fifth day of the month and that I must remember to deduct the amount of my investment as it is made from my checking account balance.

BANK AUTHORIZATION TO HONOR PRE-AUTHORIZED CHECKS

To:			
(Name of Bank)			
(Address of Bank or Branch, Street,	City, State and	Zip)	
Please honor pre-authorized checks drawn 100 Park Avenue, New York, NY 10017, to Corporation, and charge them to my check shall continue until you receive written terminate your participation in this are to me. I agree that your rights with respect the same as if it were a check drawn should any such check be dishonored, with inadvertently, you shall be held under the same as it is the same as if it were a check drawn should any such check be dishonored, with inadvertently, you shall be held under the same as it is the same as if it were a check drawn should any such check be dishonored, with inadvertently, you shall be held under the same as it is the	the order of Tr king account. Yo n notice from me rangement at any spect to each pr and signed by m th or without ca	i-Continental ur authority revoking it. time by writ e-authorized e. I further use, intentio	to do so You may ten notice check shall agree that
Checking Account No.			
Name(s) of Depositor(s)Please Print	Signature(s) of Deposit ed by Bank	or(s)
Address (Street)		State	Zip Code

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TERMS AND CONDITIONS

The Automatic Dividend Investment and Cash Purchase Plan provides Tri-Continental Common stockholders with four ways to add to their investments:

1) with Tri-Continental dividends and distributions, 2) with cash dividends from other corporations, 3) with cash payments, in any amount at any time, and 4) with cash provided by pre-authorized checks through the Automatic Check Service. A Planholder may use any or all of these Services, subject to the following terms and conditions:

1. Seligman Data Corp. ("SDC"), as Plan service agent, will maintain accounts and confirm to Planholders, as soon as practicable after each investment, the number of shares of Common Stock acquired and credited to the accounts and the cost. Tri-Continental Corporation (the "Corporation"), as purchase agent, will purchase shares for Planholders. All checks for dividends payable by other corporations or for cash purchase payments sent by Planholders for investment in additional shares of Tri-Continental Common Stock should be drawn to the order of Tri-Continental Corporation and mailed to Seligman Data Corp., P.O. Box 9766, Providence, Rhode Island 02940-9766.

- 2. Funds received by the Corporation for a Planholder will be combined with funds of other Planholders and those funds may be combined with funds available under the other Plans for the purchase of Tri-Continental Common Stock in order to minimize brokerage commissions on shares purchased. Shares will be purchased in accordance with the current Prospectus. Dividends from other corporations and purchase cash received from Planholders or through the Automatic Check Service will be invested at least once each 30 days.
- 3. Shares will be issued under the Plan in accordance with the current Prospectus.
- 4. No stock certificates will be delivered for shares acquired unless the Plan account is terminated or the Planholder requests their delivery by writing to SDC. The shares acquired will be held in each Planholder's account as book credits.
- 5. Certificates held by a Planholder, or subsequently received, may be sent to SDC for credit to a Plan account. A certificate for any full shares held in a Plan account will be issued at a Planholder's request. The time required to obtain a certificate to sell through a broker, or for other purposes, will be that needed to send a written request to SDC to withdraw the certificate (normally two business days) and to mail the certificate to the Planholder through the U.S. Postal Service.
- 6. A maximum service charge of \$2.00 will be deducted before each investment is made for a Plan account. There is no charge for Automatic Dividend Investment.
- 7. Applications for the Automatic Check Service are subject to acceptance by the Planholder's bank and SDC. SDC will prepare Automatic Check Service checks with the same magnetic ink numbers that are on a Planholder's check and will arrange with the Planholder's bank to start the Service in accordance with the Planholder's instructions. A minimum of 30 days from the date of receipt of an application by SDC is required to contact the bank and initiate the Service. If for any reason the bank is unable to honor a pre-authorized check request, the Planholder will be notified promptly.

Shares with a market value of at least two times the amount of the authorized checks must be held as book credits for the Planholder's account by SDC. If any check is dishonored or if the value of shares held by SDC in an account falls below the required minimum, the Service may be suspended. The Service may be reinstated upon written request by the Planholder including an indication that the cause of the interruption has been corrected.

If a Planholder's check is not honored by the Planholder's bank at any time, SDC is authorized to sell exactly enough full and fractional shares from the Planholder's account to equal the amount of the dishonored check.

- 8. A Planholder or SDC may terminate a Plan account at any time upon notice in writing before the record date of a dividend or distribution by Tri-Continental. A Plan account will terminate automatically if the Planholder sells or transfers all of the shares in the Plan account. If a Plan account is terminated, a certificate for the full shares held may be issued and sent to the Planholder, and any fractional shares may be liquidated at the Planholder's request. Terminating Planholders may elect to have all or part of their shares sold by the Corporation, if their shares are held in book credit form. If a Plan account is terminated between the record and payment dates of a dividend, the dividend payment will be made in cash.
- 9. In acting under this Plan, the Corporation and SDC will be liable only for willful misfeasance or gross negligence.

- 10. A Planholder may adopt or suspend one or more of the Plan Services by sending a revised Authorization Form or notice in writing to SDC.
- 11. All additional shares registered in a Planholder's name which are acquired under one or more of the Plan Services or by other means will participate automatically in each of the Plan services elected.

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Tri-Continental Corporation

an investment you can live with

100 Park Avenue New York, New York 10017 www.tricontinental.com

INVESTMENT MANAGER

J. & W. Seligman & Co.
Incorporated
100 Park Avenue
New York, New York 10017

STOCKHOLDER SERVICE AGENT Seligman Data Corp. 100 Park Avenue New York, New York 10017

PORTFOLIO SECURITIES CUSTODIAN
State Street Bank and Trust Company
801 Pennsylvania Avenue
Kansas City, Missouri 64105

GENERAL COUNSEL
Sullivan & Cromwell LLP
125 Broad Street
New York, New York 10004

 $\begin{array}{c} \text{Listed on the} \\ \text{New York Stock Exchange} \\ \text{TY} \end{array}$

Tri-Continental Corporation

an investment you can live with

A Management Type
Diversified, Closed-End
Investment Company

Common Stock (\$.50 par value)

PROSPECTUS

May 1, 2003

CETRI 1 5/03

TRI-CONTINENTAL CORPORATION

Statement of Additional Information May 1, 2003

100 Park Avenue New York, New York 10017

New York City Telephone: (212) 682-7600 Toll-Free Telephone: (800) 874-1092 all United States For Retirement Plan Information - Toll-Free Telephone: (800) 445-1777

This Statement of Additional Information (SAI) is not a prospectus. This SAI relates to the current Prospectus of Tri-Continental Corporation (the Corporation), dated May 1, 2003 (the Prospectus), and should be read in conjunction therewith. A copy of the Prospectus may be obtained by writing or calling the Corporation at the above address or telephone numbers.

A registration statement relating to these securities has been filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission (SEC).

Additional Investment Deligion (See "Investment Objective and

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CETRI1A

ADDITIONAL INVESTMENT POLICIES

The investment objectives and policies of the Corporation are set forth in the Prospectus. Certain additional investment information is set forth below. Defined terms used herein and not otherwise defined shall have the meanings

ascribed to them in the Prospectus.

Fundamental Policies

The Corporation's stated fundamental policies, which may not be changed without a vote of stockholders are listed below; within the limits of these fundamental policies, the management has reserved freedom of action. The Corporation:

- (1) may issue senior securities such as bonds, notes or other evidences of indebtedness if immediately after issuance the net assets of the Corporation provide 300% coverage of the aggregate principal amount of all bonds, notes or other evidences of indebtedness and that amount does not exceed 150% of the capital and surplus of the Corporation;
- (2) may issue senior equity securities on a parity with, but not having preference or priority over, the Preferred Stock if immediately after issuance its net assets are equal to at least 200% of the aggregate amount (exclusive of any dividends accrued or in arrears) to which all shares of the Preferred Stock, then outstanding, shall be entitled as a preference over the Common Stock in the event of voluntary or involuntary liquidation, dissolution or winding up of the Corporation;
- (3) may borrow money for substantially the same purposes as it may issue senior debt securities, subject to the same restrictions and to any applicable limitations prescribed by law;
- (4) may engage in the business of underwriting securities either directly or through majority-owned subsidiaries subject to any applicable restrictions and limitations prescribed by law;
- (5) does not intend to concentrate its assets in any one industry although it may from time to time invest up to 25% of the value of its assets, taken at market value, in a single industry;
- (6) may not, with limited exceptions, purchase and sell real estate directly but may do so through majority-owned subsidiaries, so long as its real estate investments do not exceed 10% of the value of the Corporation's total assets;
- (7) may not purchase or sell commodities or commodity contracts; and
- (8) may make money loans (subject to restrictions imposed by law and by charter) (a) only to its subsidiaries, (b) as incidents to its business transactions or (c) for other purposes. It may lend its portfolio securities to brokers or dealers in corporate or government securities, banks or other recognized institutional borrowers of securities subject to any applicable requirements of a national securities exchange or of a governmental regulatory body against collateral consisting of cash or direct obligations of the United States, maintained on a current basis, so long as all such loans do not exceed 10% of the value of total assets, and it may make loans represented by repurchase agreements, as described in the Prospectus, so long as such loans do not exceed 10% of the value of total assets.

During its last three fiscal years, the Corporation did not: (a) issue senior securities; (b) borrow any money; (c) underwrite securities; (d) concentrate investments in particular industries or groups of industries; (e) purchase or sell real estate, commodities, or commodity contracts; or (f) make money loans or lend portfolio securities.

Other Policies

Leverage. When securities are loaned, the Corporation receives from the borrower the equivalent of dividends or interest paid by the issuer of securities on loan and, at the same time, makes short-term investments with the cash collateral and retains the interest earned, after payment to the borrower or placing broker of a negotiated portion of such interest, or receives from the borrower an agreed upon rate of interest in the case of loans collateralized by direct obligations of the United States. The Corporation does not have the right to vote securities on loan, but would expect to terminate the loan and regain the right to vote if that were considered important with respect to the investment.

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Foreign Securities. In order to take advantage of opportunities that may be provided by debt instruments of foreign issuers, the Corporation may from time to time invest up to 3% of its assets in debt securities issued or guaranteed by a foreign government or any of its political subdivisions, authorities, agencies or instrumentalities and in related forward contracts. The Manager will determine the percentage of assets invested in securities of a particular country or denominated in a particular currency in accordance with its assessment of the relative yield and appreciation potential of such securities and the relationship of a country's currency to the U.S. dollar. Currently, the Corporation will invest in securities denominated in foreign currencies or U.S. dollars of issuers located in the following countries: Australia, Austria, Belgium, Canada, Denmark, France, Germany, Hong Kong, Italy, Japan, Malaysia, Mexico, the Netherlands, New Zealand, Norway, Singapore, Spain, Sweden, Switzerland, Thailand and the United Kingdom. An issuer of debt securities purchased by the Corporation may be domiciled in a country other than the country in whose currency the instrument is denominated.

The Corporation's returns on foreign currency denominated debt instruments can be adversely affected by changes in the relationship between the U.S. dollar and foreign currencies. The Corporation may engage in currency exchange transactions to protect against uncertainty in the level of future exchange rates in connection with hedging and other non-speculative strategies involving specific settlement transactions or portfolio positions. The Corporation will conduct its currency exchange transactions either on a spot (i.e., cash) basis at the rate prevailing in the currency market or through forward contracts.

Rights and Warrants. The Corporation may not invest in rights and warrants if, at the time of acquisition, the investment in rights and warrants would exceed 5% of the Corporation's net assets, valued at the lower of cost or market. In addition, no more than 2% of net assets may be invested in warrants not listed on the New York or American Stock Exchanges. For purposes of this restriction, warrants acquired by the Corporation in units or attached to securities may be deemed to have been purchased without cost.

Forward Foreign Currency Exchange Contracts. A forward foreign currency exchange contract is an agreement to purchase or sell a specific currency at a future date and at a price set at the time the contract is entered into. The Corporation will generally enter into forward foreign currency exchange contracts to fix the U.S. dollar value of a security it has agreed to buy or sell for the period between the date the trade was entered into and the date the security is delivered and paid for, or, to hedge the U.S. dollar value of securities it owns.

The Corporation may enter into a forward contract to sell or buy the amount of a foreign currency it believes may experience a substantial movement against the U.S. dollar. In this case the contract would approximate the value of some or all of the Corporation's portfolio securities denominated in such foreign currency. Under normal circumstances, the portfolio manager will limit forward

currency contracts to not greater than 75% of the Corporation's portfolio position in any one country as of the date the contract is entered into. This limitation will be measured at the point the hedging transaction is entered into by the Corporation. Under extraordinary circumstances, the Manager may enter into forward currency contracts in excess of 75% of the Corporation's portfolio position in any one country as of the date the contract is entered into. The precise matching of the forward contract amounts and the value of securities involved will not generally be possible since the future value of such securities in foreign currencies will change as a consequence of market involvement in the value of those securities between the date the forward contract is entered into and the date it matures. The projection of short-term currency market movement is extremely difficult, and the successful execution of a short-term hedging strategy is highly uncertain. Under certain circumstances, the Corporation may commit up to the entire value of its assets which are denominated in foreign currencies to the consummation of these contracts. The Manager will consider the effect a substantial commitment of its assets to forward contracts would have on the investment program of the Corporation and its ability to purchase additional securities.

Except as set forth above and immediately below, the Corporation will also not enter into such forward contracts or maintain a net exposure to such contracts where the consummation of the contracts would oblige the Corporation to deliver an amount of foreign currency in excess of the value of the Corporation's portfolio securities or other assets denominated in that currency. The Corporation, in order to avoid excess transactions and transaction costs, may nonetheless maintain a net exposure to forward contracts in excess of the value of the Corporation's portfolio securities or other assets denominated in that currency provided the excess amount is "covered" by cash or liquid, high-grade debt securities, denominated in any currency, at least equal at all times to the amount of such excess. Under normal circumstances, consideration of the prospect for currency parties will be incorporated into the longer-term investment decisions made with regard to overall diversification strategies. However, the Manager believes that it is important to have the flexibility to enter into such forward contracts when it determines that the best interests of the Corporation will be served.

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At the maturity of a forward contract, the Corporation may either sell the portfolio security and make delivery of the foreign currency, or it may retain the security and terminate its contractual obligation to deliver the foreign currency by purchasing an "offsetting" contract obligating it to purchase, on the same maturity date, the same amount of the foreign currency.

As indicated above, it is impossible to forecast with absolute precision the market value of portfolio securities at the expiration of the forward contract. Accordingly, it may be necessary for the Corporation to purchase additional foreign currency on the spot market (and bear the expense of such purchase) if the market value of the security is less than the amount of foreign currency the Corporation is obligated to deliver and if a decision is made to sell the security and make delivery of the foreign currency. Conversely, it may be necessary to sell on the spot market some of the foreign currency received upon the sale of the portfolio security if its market value exceeds the amount of foreign currency the Corporation is obligated to deliver. However, the Corporation may use liquid, high-grade debt securities, denominated in any currency, to cover the amount by which the value of a forward contract exceeds the value of the securities to which it relates.

If the Corporation retains the portfolio security and engages in offsetting transactions, the Corporation will incur a gain or a loss (as described below)

to the extent that there has been movement in forward contract prices. If the Corporation engages in an offsetting transaction, it may subsequently enter into a new forward contract to sell the foreign currency. Should forward prices decline during the period between the Corporation's entering into a forward contract for the sale of a foreign currency and the date it enters into an offsetting contract for the purchase of the foreign currency, the Corporation will realize a gain to the extent the price of the currency it has agreed to sell exceeds the price of the currency it has agreed to purchase. Should forward prices increase, the Corporation will suffer a loss to the extent the price of the currency it has agreed to purchase exceeds the price of the currency it has agreed to sell.

The Corporation's dealing in forward foreign currency exchange contracts will be limited to the transactions described above. Of course, the Corporation is not required to enter into forward contracts with regard to its foreign currency-denominated securities and will not do so unless deemed appropriate by the Manager. It also should be realized that this method of hedging against a decline in the value of a currency does not eliminate fluctuations in the underlying prices of the securities. It simply establishes a rate of exchange at a future date. Additionally, although such contracts tend to minimize the risk of loss due to a decline in the value of a hedged currency, at the same time, they tend to limit any potential gain which might result from an increase in the value of that currency.

Stockholders should be aware of the costs of currency conversion. Although foreign exchange dealers do not charge a fee for conversion, they do realize a profit based on the difference (the "spread") between the prices at which they are buying and selling various currencies. Thus, a dealer may offer to sell a foreign currency to the Corporation at one rate, while offering a lesser rate of exchange should the Corporation desire to resell that currency to the dealer.

Investment income received by the Corporation from sources within foreign countries may be subject to foreign income taxes withheld at the source. The United States has entered into tax treaties with many foreign countries which entitle the Corporation to a reduced rate of such taxes or exemption from taxes on such income. It is impossible to determine the effective rate of foreign tax in advance since the amounts of the Corporation's assets to be invested within various countries is not known.

Portfolio Turnover

The Corporation's portfolio turnover rate for the years ended December 31, 2002 and 2001 were 152.79% and 124.34%, respectively.

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DIRECTORS AND OFFICERS

Board of Directors

The Board of Directors provides broad supervision over the affairs of the Corporation.

Management Information

Information with respect to Directors and officers of the Corporation and their business experience for the past five years is shown below. Unless otherwise noted, their addresses are 100 Park Avenue, New York, NY 10017.

Name, (Age), Position(s) With Corporation	Term of Office and Length of Time Served*	Principal Occupation(s) During Past 5 Years, Directorships and Other Information
		INDEPENDENT DIRECTORS
John R. Galvin (73) Director	2000-2003; 1995 to Date	Dean Emeritus, Fletcher School of Law and Diplomacy at Tufts University; Director or Trustee of each of the investment companies of the Seligman Group of Funds**; Chairman Emeritus, American Council on Germany; National Defense University. Formerly, Director, USLIFE Corporation, life insurance; and Raytheon Co., defense and commercial electronics; Governor of the Center for Creative Leadership; From June 1987 to June 1992, he was the Supreme Allied Commander, Europe and the Commander-in-Chief, United States European Command.
Alice S. Ilchman (68) Director	2001-2004; 1990 to Date	President Emeritus, Sarah Lawrence College; Director or Trustee of each of the investment companies of the Seligman Group of Funds**; Director, Jeannette K. Watson Summer Fellowship, summer internships for college students; Trustee, Save the Children, nonprofit child-assistance organization, and the Committee for Economic Development; Governor, Court of Governors, London School of Economics; and Director, Public Broadcasting Service (PBS). Formerly, Chairman, The Rockefeller Foundation, charitable foundation; and Director, New York Telephone Company.
Frank A. McPherson (70) Director	20001-2004; 1995 to Date	Retired Chairman of the Board and Chief Executive Officer of Kerr-McGee Corporation, diversified energy company; Director or Trustee of each of the investment companies of the Seligman Group of Funds**; Director, ConocoPhillips, integrated international oil corporation, Integris Health, owner of various hospitals, BOK Financial, bank holding company, Oklahoma Chapter of the Nature Conservancy, Oklahoma Medical Research Foundation, Boys and Girls Clubs of Oklahoma, Oklahoma City Public Schools Foundation and Oklahoma Foundation for Excellence in Education. Formerly, Director, Kimberly-Clark Corporation, consumer products and the Federal Reserve System's Kansas City Reserve Bank.
John E. Merow (73) Director	1999-2002; 1991 to Date	Retired Chairman and Senior Partner, Sullivan & Cromwell LLP, law firm; Director or Trustee of each of the investment companies of the Seligman Group of Funds**; Director, Commonwealth Industries, Inc., manufacturers of aluminum sheet products, the Foreign Policy Association,

Municipal Art Society of New York, the U.S. Council for International Business and New

		York-Presbyterian Hospital; Vice Chairman, New York-Presbyterian Healthcare System, Inc.; and Member of the American Law Institute and Council on Foreign Relations.
Betsy S. Michel (60) Director	1999-2002; 1985 to Date	Attorney; Director or Trustee of each of the investment companies of the Seligman Group of Funds**; Trustee, The Geraldine R. Dodge Foundation, charitable foundation, and World Learning, Inc., international educational training. Formerly, Chairman of the Board of Trustees of St. George's School (Newport, RI).
Leroy C. Richie (61) Director	2001-2004; 2000 to Date	Chairman and Chief Executive Officer, Q Standards Worldwide, Inc., library of technical standards; Director or Trustee of each of the investment companies of the Seligman Group of Funds** (except Seligman Cash Management Fund, Inc.); Director, Kerr-McGee Corporation, diversified energy company, and Infinity, Inc., oil and gas services and exploration; Director and Chairman, Highland Park Michigan Economic Development Corp. Formerly, Trustee, New York University Law Center Foundation; Vice Chairman, Detroit Medical Center and Detroit Economic Growth Corp.; and Chairman and Chief Executive Officer, Capital Coating Technologies, Inc., applied coating technologies; and Vice President and General Counsel, Automotive Legal Affairs, Chrysler Corporation.
	5	
Name, (Age), Position(s) With Corporation	Term of Office and Length of Time Served*	Principal Occupation(s) During Past 5 Years, Directorships and Other Information
James Q. Riordan (75) Director	2000-2003; 1989 to Date	Director or Trustee of each of the investment companies of the Seligman Group of Funds**; Director or Trustee, The Houston Exploration Company, oil exploration, and the Committee for Economic Development. Formerly, Vice Chairman, Mobil Corporation, petroleum and petrochemicals; Co- Chairman of the Policy Council of the Tax Foundation; Director and President, Bekaert Corporation, high-grade steel cord, wire and fencing products; and a Director or Trustee of Tesoro Petroleum Companies, Inc., Dow Jones & Company, Inc., business and financial news

Company, Inc., business and financial news, KeySpan Corporation, diversified energy and

		electric company, The Brooklyn Museum and the Public Broadcasting Service (PBS).
Robert L. Shafer (70) Director	2000-2003; 1991 to Date	Retired Vice President, Pfizer Inc., pharmaceuticals; Director or Trustee of each of the investment companies of the Seligman Group of Funds**. Formerly, Director, USLIFE Corporation, life insurance.
James N. Whitson (68) Director	1999-2002 ; 1993 to Date	Retired Executive Vice President and Chief Operating Officer, Sammons Enterprises, Inc., a diversified holding company; Director or Trustee of each of the investment companies of the Seligman Group of Funds**; Director, C-SPAN, cable television networks and CommScope, Inc., manufacturer of coaxial cable. Formerly, Director and Consultant, Sammons Enterprises, Inc.
	INTERES	TED DIRECTORS AND PRINCIPAL OFFICERS
Paul C. Guidone*** (45) Director	2002 to Date	Managing Director and Chief Investment Officer, J. & W. Seligman & Co. Incorporated, Director or Trustee of each of the investment companies of the Seligman Group of Funds**, with the exception of Seligman Cash Management Fund, Inc.; Member of the Association of Investment Management and Research, the New York Society of Security Analysts and the London Society of Investment Professionals. Formerly Deputy Chairman and Group Chief Executive Officer of HSBC Asset Management and, prior to that, Managing Director and Chief Investment Officer of Prudential Diversified Investments.
William C. Morris*** (65) Director and Chairman of the Board	2000-2003; 1988 to Date	Chairman, J. & W. Seligman & Co. Incorporated, Chairman of the Board and Director or Trustee of each of the investment companies of the Seligman Group of Funds**; Chairman, Seligman Advisors, Inc., Seligman Services, Inc. and Carbo Ceramics Inc., manufacturer of ceramic proppants for oil and gas industry; and Director, Seligman Data Corp. Formerly, Director, Kerr- McGee Corporation, a diversified energy company and Chief Executive Officer of each of the investment companies of the Seligman Group of Funds.
Brian T. Zino*** (50) Director, President and Chief Executive Officer	2001-2004; Dir.: 1993 to Date Pres.: 1995 to Date CEO.: Nov. 2002 to Date	Director and President, J. & W. Seligman & Co. Incorporated; President, Chief Executive Officer and Director or Trustee of each of the investment companies of the Seligman Group of Funds**; Director, Seligman Advisors, Inc. and Seligman Services, Inc.; Chairman, Seligman Data Corp.; Member of the Board of Governors of the Investment Company Institute; and Vice Chairman, ICI Mutual Insurance Company.
Ben-Ami Gradwohl (44) Vice President and Co-Portfolio Manager	2001 to Date	Managing Director, J. & W. Seligman & Co. Incorporated since January 2000; Vice President and Co-Portfolio Manager of Seligman Common Stock Fund, Inc., Seligman Income Fund, Inc. and Seligman Tax-Aware Fund, Inc.; and Vice President of Seligman Portfolios, Inc. and Co-Portfolio

Manager of its Seligman Common Stock Portfolio and Seligman Income Portfolio. Formerly, Portfolio Manager, Nicholas-Applegate Capital Management from 1996 to 1999; and Vice President, Research and Quantitative Analysis, Leland O'Brien Rubinstein Associates, Inc. from 1994 to 1996.

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Name, (Age), Position(s) With Corporation	Term of Office and Length of Time Served*	Principal Occupation(s) During Past 5 Years, Directorships and Other Information
David Guy (44) Vice President and Co-Portfolio Manager	2001 to Date	Managing Director, J. & W. Seligman & Co. Incorporated since January 2000; Vice President and Co-Portfolio Manager of Seligman Common Stock Fund, Inc., and Seligman Tax-Aware Fund, Inc.; and Vice President of Seligman Portfolios, Inc. and Co-Portfolio Manager of its Seligman Common Stock Portfolio. Formerly, Portfolio Manager, Systematic Investment Group, Nicholas-Applegate Capital Management from 1997 to 1999; and Vice President, Equity Derivatives Analysis Group, Salomon Brothers, Inc. from 1992 to 1996.
Thomas G. Rose (45) Vice President	2000 to Date	Senior Vice President, Finance, J. & W. Seligman & Co. Incorporated, Seligman Advisors, Inc. and Seligman Data Corp.; Vice President of each of the investment companies of the Seligman Group of Funds** and of Seligman Services, Inc. and Seligman International, Inc. Formerly, Treasurer of each of the investment companies of the Seligman Group of Funds and of Seligman Data Corp.
Lawrence P. Vogel (46) Vice President and Treasurer	V.P.: 1992 to Date Treas.: 2000 to Date	Senior Vice President and Treasurer, Investment Companies, J. & W. Seligman & Co. Incorporated; Vice President and Treasurer of each of the investment companies of the Seligman Group of Funds** and of Seligman Data Corp. Formerly, Senior Vice President, Finance, J. & W. Seligman & Co. Incorporated, Seligman Advisors, Inc., Seligman International, Inc. and Seligman Data Corp.; Vice President, Seligman Services, Inc.; and Treasurer, Seligman International, Inc. and Seligman Henderson Co.
Frank J. Nasta (38) Secretary	1994 to Date	Managing Director, General Counsel and Corporate Secretary, J. & W. Seligman & Co. Incorporated; Secretary, of each of the investment companies of the Seligman Group of Funds**; and Corporate Secretary, Seligman Advisors, Inc., Seligman

Services, Inc., Seligman International, Inc. and Seligman Data Corp. Formerly, Corporate Secretary, Seligman Henderson Co. and Senior Vice President, Law and Regulation, J. & W. Seligman & Co. Incorporated.

- * All officers are elected annually by the Board and serve until their successors are elected and qualified or their earlier resignation.
- ** The Seligman Group of Funds currently consists of twenty-two registered investment companies.
- *** Mr. Guidone, Mr. Morris and Mr. Zino are considered "interested persons" of the Corporation, as defined in the 1940 Act, by virtue of their positions with J. & W. Seligman & Co. Incorporated and its affiliates.

The standing committees of the Board include the Board Operations Committee, Audit Committee and Director Nominating Committee. These Committees are comprised solely of Directors who are not "interested" persons of the Corporation as that term is defined in the 1940 Act. The duties of these Committees are described below.

Board Operations Committee. This Committee has authority generally to direct the operations of the Board, including the nomination of members of other Board Committees and the selection of legal counsel for the Corporation. The Committee met four times during the year ended December 31, 2002. Members of the Committee are Messrs. McPherson (Chairman), Galvin, Merow, Richie, Riordan, Shafer and Whitson, and Dr. Ilchman and Ms. Michel.

Audit Committee. This Committee recommends the independent public accountants for selection as auditors by the Board annually. In addition, the Committee assists the Board in its oversight of the Fund's financial reporting process and operates pursuant to a written charter. The Committee met three times during the year ended December 31, 2002. Members of the Committee are Messrs. Whitson (Chairman), Galvin, Merow, and Richie, and Ms. Michel.

Director Nominating Committee. This Committee selects and nominates persons for election as Directors by the Board. In addition, if a shareholder meeting is held where Directors are to be elected, the Committee will select and nominate persons for election as Directors at such shareholder meeting. The Committee will consider suggestions from shareholders submitted in writing to the Secretary of the Fund. The Committee met four times during the year

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ended December 31, 2002. Members of the Committee are Messrs. Shafer (Chairman), McPherson, and Riordan, and Dr. Ilchman.

Beneficial Ownership of Shares

As of December 31, 2002, the Directors beneficially owned shares in the Corporation and the Seligman Group of Funds as follows:

Dollar Range of Fund Shares Owned
By Director

Aggregate Dollar Range of Sha Owned by Director in the Selig Group of Funds

	INDEPENDENT DIRECTORS	
John R. Galvin	\$10,001-\$50,000	\$10,001-\$50,000
Alice S. Ilchman	\$50,001-\$100,000	Over \$100,000
Frank A. McPherson	Over \$100,000	Over \$100,000
John E. Merow	Over \$100,000	Over \$100,000
Betsy S. Michel	\$10,001-\$50,000	Over \$100,000
Leroy C. Richie	\$10,001-\$50,000	\$10,001-\$50,000
James Q. Riordan	Over \$100,000	Over \$100,000
Robert L. Shafer	\$10,001-\$50,000	Over \$100,000
James N. Whitson	Over \$100,000	Over \$100,000
	INTERESTED DIRECTORS	
Paul C. Guidone	\$10,001-\$50,000	\$50,001 - \$100,000
William C. Morris	Over \$100,000	Over \$100,000
Brian T. Zino	Over \$100,000	Over \$100,000
		,

Compensation Table

Name and Position with Corporation	Aggregate Compensation from Corporation (1)	Pension or Retirement Benefits Accrued as part of Corporation Expenses	Total (from Co Fund Co
Taka D. Calmin Discorton	¢21 247	NI / D	
John R. Galvin, Director	\$31,247	N/A	
Alice S. Ilchman, Director	28,881	N/A	
Frank A. McPherson, Director	30 , 078	N/A	
John E. Merow, Director	31,247	N/A	
Betsy S. Michel, Director	31,247	N/A	
James C. Pitney, Director(3)	9,313	N/A	
Leroy C. Richie, Director	31,247	N/A	
James Q. Riordan, Director	30,078	N/A	
Robert L. Shafer, Director	28,871	N/A	
James N. Whitson, Director	31,247(4)	N/A	

⁽¹⁾ Based on remuneration received by the Directors of the Corporation for the year ended December 31, 2002.

No compensation is paid by the Corporation to Directors or officers of the Corporation who are employees of the Manager.

The Corporation has adopted a deferred compensation plan under which independent directors may elect to defer receiving their fees. A director who has elected deferral of his or her fees may choose a rate of return equal to either (1) the interest rate on short-term Treasury Bills, or (2) the rate of return on the

⁽²⁾ As of December 31, 2002, the Seligman Group of Funds consisted of twenty-three investment companies.

⁽³⁾ Mr. Pitney retired from the Board of Directors effective May 16, 2002.

⁽⁴⁾ Deferred.

shares of certain of the investment companies advised by the Manager, as designated by the director. The annual cost of such fees and interest is included in the director's fees and expenses and the accumulated balance thereof is included in "Liabilities" in the Corporation's financial statements.

As of December 31, 2002, the total amount of deferred compensation (including interest) payable in respect of the Corporation to Mr. Whitson was \$171,009. Mr. Merow no longer defers current compensation; however, he has accrued deferred compensation in the amount of \$54,265, as of December 31, 2002.

Directors and officers of the Corporation are also directors, trustees and officers of some or all of the other investment companies in the Seligman Group of Funds.

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Code of Ethics

The Manager, Seligman Advisors, Inc. (Seligman Advisors), their subsidiaries and affiliates, and the Seligman Group of Funds have adopted a Code of Ethics that sets forth the circumstances under which officers, directors and employees (collectively, Employees) are permitted to engage in personal securities transactions. The Code of Ethics proscribes certain practices with regard to personal securities transactions and personal dealings, provides a framework for the reporting and monitoring of personal securities transactions by the Manager's Director of Compliance, and sets forth a procedure of identifying, for disciplinary action, those individuals who violate the Code of Ethics. The Code of Ethics prohibits Employees (including all investment team members) from purchasing or selling any security or an equivalent security that is being purchased or sold by any client, or where the Employee intends, or knows of another's intention, to purchase or sell a security on behalf of a client. The Code also prohibits all Employees from acquiring securities in a private placement or in an initial or secondary public offering unless an exemption has been obtained from the Manager's Director of Compliance.

The Code of Ethics prohibits (1) each portfolio manager or member of an investment team from purchasing or selling any security within seven calendar days either before or after the purchase or sale of the security by a client's account (including investment company accounts) that the portfolio manager or investment team manages; (2) each Employee from profiting from short-term trading (a profitable purchase and sale or vice-versa within 60 days); and (3) each member of an investment team from profiting from short sales of a security if, at that time, any client managed by that team has a long position in that security. Any profit realized pursuant to any of these prohibitions must be disgorged to charitable organizations.

Employees are required, except under very limited circumstances, to engage in personal securities transactions through the Manager's order desk, or through an authorized dealer or investment advisor designated by the Manager. All Employee personal securities transactions must be pre-cleared through the Manager's compliance department. The compliance department and the order desk maintain a list of securities that may not be purchased due to a possible conflict with clients. All Employees are also required to disclose all securities beneficially owned by them upon commencement of employment and at the end of each calendar year.

A copy of the Code of Ethics is on public file with, and is available upon request from, the SEC. You can access it through the SEC's Internet site, www.sec.gov.

MANAGEMENT OF THE CORPORATION

The Manager

J. & W. Seligman & Co. Incorporated (the "Manager"), subject to the control of the Corporation's Board of Directors, manages the investments of the assets of the Corporation and administers its business and other affairs pursuant to a management agreement (the "Management Agreement"). The Manager also serves as investment manager to twenty-one other US registered investment companies which, together with the Corporation, make up the "Seligman Group of Funds." There are no other management-related service contracts under which services are provided to the Corporation. No person or persons, other than the Directors, officers or employees of the Manager and the Corporation regularly advise the Corporation with respect to its investments.

The Manager is a successor firm to an investment banking business founded in 1864 which has provided investment services to individuals, families, institutions and corporations. Mr. William C. Morris, Chairman of the Manager and Chairman of the Board of Directors and Chairman of the Corporation, owns a majority of the outstanding voting securities of the Manager and is a controlling person of the Manager. See the Appendix to this SAI for information regarding the history of the Manager.

The Corporation pays the Manager a management fee for its services, calculated daily and payable monthly, equal to a percentage of the daily net assets of the Corporation. The method for determining this percentage, referred to as the management fee rate, is set forth in the Prospectus. The management fee amounted to \$9,895,235 in 2002, \$12,508,900 in 2001 and \$15,398,779 in 2000, respectively, which was equivalent to an annual rate of 0.41%, 0.40% and 0.39%, respectively, of the average daily net assets of the Corporation.

As part of its services to the Corporation, the Manager provides the Corporation with such office space, administrative and other services and executive and other personnel as are necessary for the operations of the Corporation. The Manager also provides senior management for Seligman Data Corp., a wholly-owned subsidiary

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of the Corporation and certain of the other investment companies in the Seligman Group of Funds. The Manager pays all of the compensation of the Directors of the Corporation who are employees or consultants of the Manager and its affiliates, of the officers and employees of the Corporation and of certain executive officers of Seligman Data Corp.

At the November 21, 2002 Board of Directors meeting, the Board unanimously approved the continuance of the Management Agreement. In preparation for the meeting, the Board requested and reviewed a wide variety of materials from the Manager, including extensive performance and expense information for other investment companies compiled by third parties, and the Independent Directors conferred with their counsel at the meeting prior to voting. In their determinations with respect to continuance of the Management Agreement, the Board considered many factors, including, but not limited to: (1) the investment results achieved by the Manager for the Corporation (including investment performance comparisons with other comparable closed-end funds and certain indices); (2) the nature and quality of the administrative services rendered by the Manager; (3) the payments received by the Manager and its affiliates from all sources involving both the Corporation and the other investment companies in the Seligman Group of Funds; (4) the costs borne by, and profitability of, the Manager and its affiliates in providing service of all types to the Corporation

and to the other investment companies in the Seligman Group of Funds; (5) information concerning the Corporation's expense ratio and competitive industry fee structures and expense ratios, including, specifically, the relationship of the Corporation's management fee rates to those typically paid by similar funds; (6) the Manager's policies and practices regarding allocation of portfolio transactions, including the use of brokers or dealers that provided research and other services to the Manager and the benefits derived from such services to the Corporation and to the Manager; (7) portfolio turnover for the Corporation and other comparable investment companies; (8) the Manager's willingness to consider and, when desirable, implement organizational and operational changes designed to improve investment results; and (9) the fall-out benefits which the Manager and its affiliates receive from the Manager's relationship to the Corporation. In its deliberations, the Board did not identify any particular information that was all-important or controlling. Rather, the Board evaluated all information available to it and determined that the compensation paid to the Manager under the Management Agreement was fair and reasonable in light of the services performed, expenses incurred and such other matters as the Board (and each Director) considered relevant in the exercise of its (or such Director's) reasonable judgment.

Certain of the factors addressed by the Board in reaching its determination are discussed in more detail below.

Portfolio Performance. The Board of Directors considered the performance of the Corporation as compared to the performance of other comparable closed-end funds and as compared to appropriate securities indices. Directors also considered the nature and quality of the investment advice rendered by the Manager. In addition to the information received by the Directors in connection with the November 21, 2002 Board of Directors meeting, the Board receives detailed information related to performance of the Corporation at each Board meeting during the year.

Expenses of the Corporation. The Board also considered the management fee rate paid by the Corporation to the Manager and the other expenses of the Corporation, in comparison to both the quality of services provided and the fees and expenses of funds with similar characteristics.

Costs of Providing Service and Profitability. The Directors reviewed information concerning profitability of the Manager's investment advisory and investment company activities and its financial condition based on results for 2001 and 2002 (through September 30) and estimates for full-year 2002. The information considered by the Board of Directors included operating profit margin information for the Manager's investment company business alone (i.e., excluding results of its affiliates) and on a consolidated basis. The Board of Directors also reviewed profitability data and estimated profitability data for each of the investment companies of the Seligman Group of Funds on a fund-by-fund basis. The Board of Directors reviewed certain assumptions and methods of allocation used by the Manager in preparing fund-specific profitability data. While the Manager believes that the methods of allocation used were reasonable, there are limitations inherent in allocating costs to multiple individual advisory products served by an organization such as the Manager's where each of the advisory products draws on, and benefits from, the pooled research of the organization.

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HOLDINGS OF PREFERRED STOCK, COMMON STOCK AND WARRANTS

As of March 31, 2003, holders of record of Preferred Stock totaled 394; holders of record of Common Stock totaled 36,296; and holders of record of Warrants totaled 104.

Control Persons

As of March 31, 2003, there was no person or persons who controlled the Corporation, either through a significant ownership of shares or any other means of control.

Principal Holders

As of March 31, 2003, the principal holders of 5% or more of the outstanding equity securities of the Corporation, are: (1) Cede & Co., a nominee for The Depository Trust Company, 55 Water Street, New York, New York 10041, owns of record approximately 42% of the Corporation's Common Stock outstanding; approximately 81% of the Corporation's Preferred Stock outstanding and approximately 58% of the Corporation's Warrants outstanding; and (2) Dwight Goldthorpe, PO Box 2778, Palm Beach, Florida 33480, owns of record approximately 12% of the Corporations Warrants outstanding.

Management Ownership

As of March 31, 2003, all Directors and officers of the Corporation, as a group, owned less than 1% of the Corporation's Common Stock. As of the same date, no Directors or officers owned any of the Corporation's Preferred Stock or Warrants.

BROKERAGE ALLOCATION AND OTHER PRACTICES

Brokerage Transactions. The Management Agreement recognizes that in the purchase and sale of portfolio securities of the Corporation, the Manager will seek the most favorable price and execution, and, consistent with that policy, may give consideration to the research, statistical and other services furnished by brokers or dealers to the Manager for its use, as well as to the general attitude toward and support of investment companies demonstrated by such brokers or dealers. Such services include supplemental investment research, analysis and reports concerning issuers, industries and securities deemed by the Manager to be beneficial to the Corporation. In addition, the Manager is authorized to place orders with brokers who provide supplemental investment and market research and security and economic analysis although the use of such brokers may result in a higher brokerage charge to the Corporation than the use of brokers selected solely on the basis of seeking the most favorable price and execution and although such research and analysis may be useful to the Manager in connection with its services to clients other than the Corporation.

In over-the-counter markets, the Corporation deals with primary market makers unless a more favorable execution or price is believed to be obtainable. The Corporation may buy securities from or sell securities to dealers acting as principal, except dealers with which its directors and/or officers are affiliated.

When two or more of the investment companies of the Seligman Group of Funds or other investment advisory clients of the Manager desire to buy or sell the same security at the same time, the securities purchased or sold are allocated by the Manager in a manner believed to be equitable to each. There may be possible advantages or disadvantages of such transactions with respect to price or the size of positions readily obtainable or saleable.

Commissions. Total brokerage commissions (not including any spreads on principal transactions on a net basis) paid by the Corporation during the years ended December 31, 2002, 2001 and 2000, were $\$8,675,607,\ \$8,798,853$ and \$4,830,427, respectively.

Regular Broker-Dealers. During the year ended December 31, 2002, the Corporation

acquired securities of its regular brokers or dealers (as defined in Rule 10b-1 under the 1940 Act) or of their parents. The Corporation held securities of Citigroup, Inc., the parent company of Salomon Smith Barney, with an aggregate value of \$61,277,403; held securities of Morgan Stanley Dean Witter, with an aggregate value of \$9,545,872; and held securities of Merrill Lynch & Co. Incorporated, the parent company of Merrill Lynch, Pierce Fenner & Smith, Incorporated, with an aggregate value of \$8,622,240 as of December 31, 2002.

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FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The Corporation's financial statements for the year ended December 31, 2002 are incorporated into this SAI by reference to the 2002 Annual Report to Stockholders of the Corporation, filed with the SEC pursuant to Section 30(b) of the 1940 Act and the rules and regulations thereunder. The 2002 Annual Report contains schedules of the Corporation's portfolio investments as of December 31, 2002 and certain other financial information. The Corporation will furnish, without charge, a copy of such Annual Report to any person who requests a copy of the SAI.

The financial information of the Corporation included in the Prospectus under the caption "Financial Highlights" and the financial statements that are incorporated by reference in this SAI have been so included or incorporated by reference in reliance on the reports of Deloitte & Touche LLP given upon their authority as experts in auditing and accounting.

CUSTODIAN, STOCKHOLDER SERVICE AGENT AND DIVIDEND PAYING AGENT AND EXPERTS

Custodian. State Street Bank and Trust Company, 801 Pennsylvania Avenue, Kansas City, Missouri 64105, serves as custodian for the Corporation. It also maintains, under the general supervision of the Manager, the accounting records and determines the net asset value for the Corporation.

Stockholder Service Agent and Dividend Paying Agent. Seligman Data Corp., a wholly-owned subsidiary of the Corporation, and certain other investment companies of the Seligman Group of Funds, acts as the stockholder service agent and dividend paying agent and performs, at cost, certain recordkeeping functions for the Corporation, maintains the records of stockholder accounts and furnishes dividend paying, redemption and related services.

Independent Auditors. Deloitte & Touche LLP, Two World Financial Center, New York, New York 10281, serves as the independent auditors for the Corporation and in such capacity audits the Corporation's annual financial statements and financial highlights.

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INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS -- SENIOR SECURITIES -- \$2.50 CUMULATIVE PREFERRED STOCK

To the Board of Directors and Security Holders of Tri-Continental Corporation:

We have previously audited, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, the statements of assets and liabilities, including the portfolios of investments, and the statements of capital stock and surplus of Tri-Continental Corporation as of December 31 for

each of the ten years in the period ended December 31, 2002 and the related statements of operations and of changes in net investment assets, and the financial highlights for each of the years then ended (none of which are presented herein); and we expressed unqualified opinions on those financial statements.

In our opinion, the information appearing on page 8 of the Prospectus, under the caption "Senior Securities-\$2.50 Cumulative Preferred Stock", for each of the ten years in the period ended December 31, 2002 is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the financial statements from which it has been derived.

DELOITTE & TOUCHE LLP New York, New York February 7, 2003

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APPENDIX

HISTORY OF J. & W. SELIGMAN & CO. INCORPORATED

Seligman's beginnings date back to 1837, when Joseph Seligman, the oldest of eight brothers, arrived in the United States from Germany. He earned his living as a pack peddler in Pennsylvania, and began sending for his brothers. The Seligmans became successful merchants, establishing businesses in the South and East.

Backed by nearly thirty years of business success - culminating in the sale of government securities to help finance the Civil War - Joseph Seligman, with his brothers, established the international banking and investment firm of J. & W. Seligman & Co. In the years that followed, the Seligman Complex played a major role in the geographical expansion and industrial development of the United States.

The Seligman Complex:

.....Prior to 1900

- Helps finance America's fledgling railroads through underwriting.
- o Is admitted to the New York Stock Exchange in 1869. Seligman remained a member of the NYSE until 1993, when the evolution of its business made it unnecessary.
- o Becomes a prominent underwriter of corporate securities, including New York Mutual Gas Light Company, later part of Consolidated Edison.
- o Provides financial assistance to Mary Todd Lincoln and urges the Senate to award her a pension.
- o Is appointed U.S. Navy fiscal agent by President Grant.
- o Becomes a leader in raising capital for America's industrial and urban development.

....1900-1910

o Helps Congress finance the building of the Panama Canal.

....1910s

o Participates in raising billions for Great Britain, France and Italy, helping to finance World War I.

....1920s

- o Participates in hundreds of underwritings including those for some of the country's largest companies: Briggs Manufacturing, Dodge Brothers, General Motors, Minneapolis-Honeywell Regulatory Company, Maytag Company, United Artists Theater Circuit and Victor Talking Machine Company.
- o Forms Tri-Continental Corporation in 1929, today the nation's largest, diversified closed-end equity investment company, and one of its oldest.

....1930s

- o Assumes management of Broad Street Investing Co. Inc., its first mutual fund, today known as Seligman Common Stock Fund, Inc.
- o Establishes Investment Advisory Service.

....1940s

- o Helps shape the Investment Company Act of 1940.
- O Leads in the purchase and subsequent sale to the public of Newport News Shipbuilding and Dry Dock Company, a prototype transaction for the investment banking industry.
- O Assumes management of National Investors Corporation, today Seligman Growth Fund, Inc.
- o Establishes Whitehall Fund, Inc., today Seligman Income and Growth Fund,

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....1950-1989

- o Develops new open-end investment companies. Today, manages more than 60 mutual fund portfolios.
- o Helps pioneer state-specific, municipal bond funds, today managing a national and 18 state-specific municipal funds.
- o Establishes J. & W. Seligman Trust Company, and J. & W. Seligman Valuations Corporation.
- Establishes Seligman Portfolios, Inc., an investment vehicle with fifteen portfolios offered through variable annuity and variable life insurance products.

....1990s

- o Introduces Seligman Select Municipal Fund, Inc. and Seligman Quality Municipal Fund, Inc., two closed-end funds that invest in high-quality municipal bonds.
- o Introduces to the public Seligman Frontier Fund, Inc., a small

capitalization mutual fund.

- o Launches Seligman Global Fund Series, Inc., which today offers five separate funds: Seligman Emerging Markets Fund, Seligman Global Growth Fund, Seligman Global Smaller Companies Fund, Seligman Global Technology Fund and Seligman International Growth Fund.
- o Launches Seligman Value Fund Series, Inc., which currently offers two separate funds: Seligman Large-Cap Value Fund and Seligman Small-Cap Value Fund
- o Launches innovative Seligman New Technologies Fund, Inc., a closed-end "interval" fund seeking long-term capital appreciation by investing in technology companies, including venture capital investing.

...2000

- o Introduces Seligman Time Horizon/Harvester Series, Inc., an asset allocation type mutual fund containing four funds: Seligman Time Horizon 30 Fund, Seligman Time Horizon 20 Fund, Seligman Time Horizon 10 Fund and Seligman Harvester Fund.
- o Launches Seligman New Technologies Fund II, Inc., a closed-end "interval" fund seeking long-term capital appreciation by investing in technology companies, including up to 50% in venture capital investing.

...2001

o Launches Seligman Investment Grade Fixed Income Fund, Inc., a mutual fund seeking a high level of current income.