

Edgar Filing: USA Zhimingde International Group Corp - Form 10-Q

USA Zhimingde International Group Corp  
Form 10-Q  
May 16, 2016

U. S. Securities and Exchange Commission

Washington, D. C. 20549

FORM 10-Q

QUARTERLY REPORT UNDER SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

For the quarterly period ended March 31, 2016

TRANSITION REPORT UNDER SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

For the transition period from \_\_\_\_\_ to \_\_\_\_\_

Commission File No. 0-52072

**USA ZHIMINGDE INTERNATIONAL GROUP CORPORATION**  
(Exact Name of Registrant in its Charter)

Nevada 62-1299374  
(State or Other Jurisdiction of incorporation or organization) (I.R.S. Employer I.D. No.)

225 Broadway, Suite 910, New York, NY 10007  
(Address of Principal Executive Offices)

Issuer's Telephone Number: 212-608-8858

Indicate by check mark whether the Registrant (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Sections 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the Registrant was required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days. Yes No

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant has submitted electronically and posted on its corporate Web site, if any, every Interactive Data File required to be submitted and posted pursuant to Rule 405 of Regulation S-T (§232.405 of this chapter) during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to submit and post such files.) Yes No

Edgar Filing: USA Zhimingde International Group Corp - Form 10-Q

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a shell company (as defined in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act) Yes  
No

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a large accelerated filer, an accelerated filer, a non-accelerated filer, or a smaller reporting company. See the definitions of “large accelerated filer,” “accelerated filer” and “smaller reporting company” in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act. (Check One)

Large accelerated filer      Accelerated filer      Non-accelerated filer      Smaller reporting company

APPLICABLE ONLY TO CORPORATE ISSUERS: Indicate the number of shares outstanding of each of the Registrant’s classes of common stock, as of the latest practicable date:

May 16, 2016

Common Voting Stock: 1,853,207

**USA ZHIMINGDE INTERNATIONAL GROUP CORPORATION**

**QUARTERLY report on Form 10-Q**

**for the fiscal QUARTER ended MARCH 31, 2016**

**Table of Contents**

	<u>Page No</u>
<b>Part I</b>	
<b>Financial Information</b>	
Item 1. Financial Statements (unaudited):	
<u>Balance Sheets – March 31, 2016 and December 31, 2015</u>	2
<u>Statements of Operations - for the Three Month Periods Ended March 31, 2016 and 2015</u>	3
<u>Statements of Changes in Stockholders' (Deficit) Equity – for the Three Months Ended March 31, 2016</u>	4
<u>Statements of Cash Flows - for the Three Months Ended March 31, 2016 and 2015</u>	5
<u>Notes to Financial Statements</u>	6
<u>Item 2. Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations</u>	13
<u>Item 3. Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosures about Market Risk</u>	14
<u>Item 4. Controls and Procedures</u>	14
<b>Part II</b>	
<b>Other Information</b>	
<u>Item 1. Legal Proceedings</u>	15
<u>Items 1A. Risk Factors</u>	15
<u>Item 2. Unregistered Sales of Equity Securities and Use of Proceeds</u>	15
<u>Item 3. Defaults upon Senior Securities</u>	15
<u>Item 4. Mine Safety Disclosures</u>	15
<u>Item 5. Other Information</u>	15
<u>Item 6. Exhibits</u>	15

**USA Zhimingde International Group Corporation****BALANCE SHEETS**

	March 31, 2016	December 31, 2015
<b>ASSETS</b>		
	(Unaudited)	
Current assets:		
Cash	\$—	\$—
Total current assets	—	—
<b>TOTAL ASSETS</b>	<b>\$—</b>	<b>\$—</b>
<b>LIABILITIES AND STOCKHOLDERS' (DEFICIT)</b>		
Current liabilities:		
Accrued expenses	\$ 107,738	\$ 104,540
Total current liabilities	107,738	104,540
Stockholders' (deficit):		
Preferred stock, \$0.001 par value per share, 50,000,000 shares authorized, none issued and outstanding at March 31, 2016 and December 31, 2015	—	—
Common stock, \$0.001 par value per share, 100,000,000 shares authorized, 1,853,207 shares issued and outstanding at March 31, 2016 and December 31, 2015	1,853	1,853
Additional paid-in capital	682,779	675,779
Deficit	(792,370 )	(782,172 )
Total stockholders' (deficit)	(107,738 )	(104,540 )
<b>TOTAL LIABILITIES AND STOCKHOLDERS' (DEFICIT)</b>	<b>\$—</b>	<b>\$—</b>

See accompanying notes to financial statements.



**USA Zhimingde International Group Corporation**

**STATEMENTS OF OPERATIONS (UNAUDITED)**

**FOR THE THREE MONTHS ENDED MARCH 31, 2016 AND 2015**

	<b>Three Months Ended March 31,</b>	
	<b>2016</b>	<b>2015</b>
Operating expenses:		
Professional fees	\$ (10,198 )	\$ (19,069 )
Net (loss)	\$ (10,198 )	\$ (19,069 )
(Loss) per common share, basic and diluted	\$ (0.01 )	\$ (0.01 )
<b>Weighted average shares outstanding, Basic and diluted</b>	<b>1,853,207</b>	<b>1,853,207</b>

See accompanying notes to financial statements.

**USA Zhimingde International Group Corporation**

**Statements of Changes in Stockholders' (Deficit) (Unaudited)**

**FOR THE THREE MONTHS ENDED MARCH 31, 2016**

	Preferred Stock	Common Stock	Additional Paid-in Capital	Accumulated Deficit	<b>Total</b>
Balance, December 31, 2015	\$ —	\$ 1,853	\$ 675,779	\$(782,172 )	\$(104,540)
Capital contribution	—	—	7,000	—	7,000
Net loss	—	—	—	(10,198 )	(10,198 )
Balance, March 31, 2016- unaudited	\$ —	\$ 1,853	\$ 682,779	\$(792,370 )	\$(107,738)

See accompanying notes to financial statements.

**USA Zhimingde International Group Corporation****STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS****FOR THE THREE MONTHS ENDED MARCH 31, 2016 and 2015 (UNAUDITED)**

	2016	2015
Cash flows from operating activities		
Net loss	\$(10,198)	\$(19,069)
Adjustment to reconcile net loss to net cash provided by (used in) operating activities:		
Increase in accrued expenses	3,198	12,569
Net cash (used in) operating activities	(7,000 )	(6,500 )
Cash flows from financing activities		
Capital contributed by stockholder	7,000	6,500
Net cash provided by financing activities	7,000	6,500
Net increase in cash	—	—
Cash, beginning of period	—	—
Cash, end of period	\$—	\$—
Supplemental disclosure of cash flow information		
Cash paid for income taxes	\$—	\$—
Cash paid for interest	\$—	\$—

See accompanying notes to financial statements.



**USA Zhimingde International Group Corporation**

**NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (UNAUDITED)**

**For The Three months ended March 31, 2016 and 2015**

**1. GENERAL**

**Organization and Business Nature**

USA Zhimingde International Group Corporation (formerly, Marketing Acquisition Corporation) (the “Company”) was incorporated on July 26, 1990 in accordance with the laws of the State of Florida as Marketing Educational Corp. On June 13, 2006, the Company was reincorporated by merger in the State of Nevada.

The Company was originally formed for the purpose of direct marketing of certain educational materials and photography packages. During 1991, the Company completed a public offering of 150,000 units of common stock, through a Registration Statement on Form S-18 (Registration No.33-37039-A).

The Company has had no operations since 1992 and is currently a “shell company” as defined in Rule 405 under the Securities Act of 1933 (“Securities Act”) and Rule 12b-2 under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 (“Exchange Act”). The Company is defined as a shell company because it has no operations or assets.

On December 7, 2012, USA Zhimingde International Group Inc., a New Jersey corporation (“Zhimingde Inc.”) purchased 1,687,502 shares of the Company’s common stock from Halter Financial Investments, L.P., Glenn A. Little and The Halter Group, Inc. pursuant to a Securities Purchase Agreement (the “Purchase”). Following the Purchase, Zhimingde Inc. owned approximately 91% of the voting securities of the Company. The Purchase resulted in a change in control of the Company. Subsequently, the Company changed its name to USA Zhimingde International Group Corporation effective on February 4, 2013.

2.

**ACCOUNTING POLICIES**

**Basis of Accounting and Presentation**

The accompanying financial statements have been prepared on the accrual basis of accounting.

6

**USA Zhimingde International Group Corporation**

**NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (UNAUDITED)**

**For The Three months ended March 31, 2016 and 2015**

**2. ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)**

**Cash and Cash Equivalents**

The Company considers all highly liquid investments with an original maturity of three months or less when purchased to be cash equivalents. As of March 31, 2016 and December 31, 2015, the Company does not have any cash equivalents.

**Income Taxes**

The Company accounts for income taxes in accordance with the Financial Accounting Standards Board (“FASB”) Accounting Standards Codification (“ASC”) Section 740, “Income Taxes” (“ASC 740”), which requires the recognition of deferred income taxes for differences between the basis of assets and liabilities for financial statement and income tax purposes. Deferred tax assets and liabilities represent the future tax consequences for those differences, which will either be taxable or deductible when the assets and liabilities are recovered or settled. Deferred tax assets are also recognized for operating losses that are available to offset future taxable income. A valuation allowance is established when necessary to reduce deferred tax assets to the amount expected to be realized.

The Company accounts for uncertain tax positions in accordance with ASC Section 740-10, which prescribes a recognition threshold and measurement process for financial statement recognition and measurement of a tax position taken or expected to be taken in a tax return. The guidance also prescribes direction on de-recognition, classification, interest and payables accounting in financial statements and related disclosures. The Company classifies interest expense and any related penalties related to income tax uncertainties as a component of income tax expense. No interest or penalties have been recognized as of March 31, 2016.

Management has evaluated and concluded that there were no material uncertain tax positions requiring recognition in the Company’s financial statements as of March 31, 2016. The Company does not expect any significant changes in unrecognized tax benefits within twelve months of the reporting date.

**Use of Estimates**

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenue and expenses during the period. Actual results could differ from these estimates.

**USA Zhimingde International Group Corporation**

**NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (UNAUDITED) (IN U.S. \$)**

**For The Three months ended March 31, 2016 and 2015**

**2. ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)**

**Fair Value of Financial Instruments**

The Company measures the fair value of financial assets and liabilities based on the guidance of ASC 820 “Fair Value Measurements and Disclosures” which defines fair value, establishes a framework for measuring fair value, and expands disclosures about fair value measurements.

ASC 820 defines fair value as the exchange price that would be received for an asset or paid to transfer a liability (an exit price) in the principal or most advantageous market for the asset or liability in an orderly transaction between market participants on the measurement date. ASC 820 also establishes a fair value hierarchy, which requires an entity to maximize the use of observable inputs and minimize the use of unobservable inputs when measuring fair value. ASC 820 describes three levels of inputs that may be used to measure fair value:

- Level 1 - quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities
- Level 2 - inputs other than quoted prices in active markets that are observable either directly or indirectly.
- Level 3 - inputs based on prices or valuation techniques that are both unobservable and significant to the fair value markets.

The carrying amounts of the Company’s liabilities approximate fair value due to the short-term nature of these instruments.

**Net Earnings (Loss) Per Share**

Basic earnings (loss) per common share is computed by dividing net income (loss) by the weighted average number of common shares outstanding during the period. Diluted earnings per common share is computed by dividing net

earnings by the weighted average number of common shares outstanding, plus common stock equivalents, if dilutive, resulting from convertible preferred stock, stock options and warrants. As of March 31, 2016 and December 31, 2015, there were no common stock equivalents outstanding.

**USA Zhimingde International Group Corporation**

**NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (UNAUDITED) (IN U.S. \$)**

**For The Three months ended March 31, 2016 and 2015**

**3. RECENTLY ISSUED ACCOUNTING STANDARDS**

In February 2016, the FASB issued Accounting Standards Update No. 2016-02, Leases. The new standard establishes a right-of-use (“ROU”) model that requires a lessee to record a ROU asset and a lease liability on the balance sheet for all leases with terms longer than 12 months. Leases will be classified as either finance or operating, with classification affecting the pattern of expense recognition in the income statement. The new standard is effective for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2018, including interim periods within those fiscal years. A modified retrospective transition approach is required for lessees for capital and operating leases existing at, or entered into after, the beginning of the earliest comparative period presented in the financial statements, with certain practical expedients available. This accounting standard update is not expected to have a material impact on the Company’s financial statements.

In November 2015, the FASB issued Accounting Standards Update No. 2015-17, Income Taxes (Topic 740): Balance Sheet Classification of Deferred Taxes (ASU 2015-17), which simplifies the presentation of deferred income taxes by requiring deferred tax assets and liabilities be classified as noncurrent on the balance sheet. This accounting standard update is not expected to have a material impact on the Company’s financial statements.

In September 2015, the FASB issued Accounting Standards Update (“ASU”) 2015-16: Simplifying the Accounting for Measurement-Period Adjustments (“ASU 2015-16”), which eliminates the requirement to restate prior period financial statements for measurement period adjustments. The new guidance requires that the cumulative impact of a measurement period adjustment (including the impact on prior periods) be recognized in the reporting period in which the adjustment is identified. ASU 2015-16 is effective for interim and annual periods beginning after December 15, 2015. Early adoption is permitted. This accounting standard update is not expected to have a material impact on the Company’s financial statements.

In April 2015, the FASB issued ASU No. 2015-03, “Interest - Imputation of Interest (Subtopic 835-30): Simplifying the Presentation of Debt Issuance Costs.” This Guidance requires debt issuance costs to be presented in the balance sheet as a reduction of the related debt liability rather than an asset. This guidance is effective for annual reporting periods, including interim periods, beginning after December 15, 2015, and is applicable to the Company’s fiscal year beginning June 1, 2016. Early adoption is permitted for financial statements not previously issued. This accounting standard update is not expected to have a material impact on the Company’s financial statements.





**USA Zhimingde International Group Corporation**

**NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (UNAUDITED) (IN U.S. \$)**

**For The Three months ended March 31, 2016 and 2015**

**3.**

**RECENTLY ISSUED ACCOUNTING STANDARDS (CONTINUED)**

In January 2015, the Financial Accounting Standards Board (“FASB”) issued Accounting Standards Update (“ASU”) ASU 2015-01 – Income Statement – Extraordinary and Unusual Items (Subtopic 225-20). This ASU addressed the simplification of income statement presentation by eliminating the concept of extraordinary items. The objective of the Simplification Initiative is to identify, evaluate, and improve areas of generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) for which cost and complexity can be reduced while maintaining or improving the usefulness of the information provided to the users of financial statements. The amendments in this Update are effective for fiscal years, and interim periods within those fiscal years, beginning after December 15, 2015. A reporting entity may apply the amendments prospectively. A reporting entity also may apply the amendments retrospectively to all prior periods presented in the financial statements. Early adoption is permitted provided that the guidance is applied from the beginning of the fiscal year of adoption. This accounting standard update is not expected to have any impact on the Company’s financial statements.

**4.**

**RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS**

During the three months ended March 31, 2016 and 2015, the Company received additional capital contributions to support its operations from its major stockholder or its affiliates of \$7,000 and \$6,500, respectively.

**5.**

**INCOME TAXES**

The provision (benefit) for income taxes consisted of the following for the three months ended March 31:

	2016 (Unaudited)	2015 (Unaudited)
Current	\$ —	\$ —
Deferred	(4,283 )	(8,010 )
Change in valuation allowance	4,283	8,010
Provision (benefit) for income taxes	\$ —	\$ —

## USA Zhimingde International Group Corporation

## NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (UNAUDITED) (IN U.S. \$)

## For The Three months ended March 31, 2016 and 2015

## 5. INCOME TAXES (CONTINUED)

The following table reconciles the effective income tax rates with the statutory rates for the three months ended March 31:

	2016	2015
U.S. federal statutory rate	34.0 %	34.0 %
State Taxes	6.0 %	6.0 %
Change in valuation allowance	(40.0)	(40.0)
Effective income tax rate	— %	— %

Deferred tax assets (liabilities) are comprised of the following:

	March 31, 2016	December 31, 2015
Net operating loss carryforwards	\$ 137,883	\$ 133,600
Valuation allowance	(137,883)	(133,600)
Net deferred tax assets	\$—	\$—

At March 31, 2016, the Company had approximately \$328,000 of Federal net operating losses that may be available to offset future taxable income. The Federal net operating loss carryover, if not utilized, will expire beginning in 2026. The amount and availability of net operating loss carry-forwards may be subject to limitations set forth by the Internal Revenue Code. Based upon an analysis of the Company's stock ownership activity through December 31, 2012, a change of ownership was deemed to have occurred in 2012. This change of ownership created an annual limitation of substantially all of the Company's net operating losses which are available through 2031.

The Company assesses the likelihood that deferred tax assets will be realized. To the extent that realization is not likely, a valuation allowance is established. Based upon the Company's losses since inception, management believes that it is more likely than not that future benefits of deferred tax assets will not be realized principally due to the change of ownership limitations and its continuing losses and has therefore established a full valuation allowance. The valuation allowance increased by \$4,283 and \$8,010 during the three months ended March 31, 2016 and 2015, respectively.

The tax years ended December 31, 2013, 2014 and 2015 remain open to examination by the IRS.

**USA Zhimingde International Group Corporation**

**NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (UNAUDITED) (IN U.S. \$)**

**For The Three months ended March 31, 2016 and 2015**

**6. Going concern**

The Company has not generated any revenue, and has had no significant operations during the three months ended March 31, 2016 and 2015. The Company does not have any assets as of March 31, 2016. As of March 31, 2016, the Company had a working capital deficiency and stockholders' deficiency of \$107,738. The Company continues to incur losses from operations and has incurred a net loss of \$10,198 and \$19,069 during the three months ended March 31, 2016 and 2015, respectively. These conditions raise substantial doubt about the Company's ability to continue as a going concern.

The Company's current business plan is to seek an acquisition or merger with a private operating company. However, there is no assurance that the Company will be able to successfully consummate an acquisition or merger with a private operating company or, that the Company will identify any debt or equity financing sources to finance a potential acquisition or merger. If unable to obtain financing, the Company may be unable to complete its business plan, and would, instead, delay all cash intensive activities. The Company will continue to be dependent on additional capital contributions from its major stockholder for cash flow, which may not be available. Without necessary cash flow, the Company may become dormant during the next twelve months, or until such time as necessary funds could be raised.

Accordingly, the accompanying financial statements have been prepared in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, which contemplate continuation of the Company as a going concern and the realization of assets and satisfaction of liabilities in the normal course of business. The carrying amounts of assets and liabilities presented in the financial statements do not necessarily purport to represent realizable or settlement values. The financial statements do not include any adjustment that might result from the outcome of this uncertainty.

ITEM 2.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS OF FINANCIAL CONDITION AND RESULTS OF OPERATIONS

*Results of Operations*

We currently have no assets and no operations. During the three months ended March 31, 2016, we realized no revenue and incurred \$10,198 in operating expenses, resulting in a loss from operations and a net loss in that amount. During the three months ended March 31, 2015, we realized no revenue and incurred \$19,069 in operating expenses, resulting in a loss from operations and a net loss in that amount. The higher expenses in the first quarter of 2015 occurred because, during that quarter, we filed with the SEC our annual and quarterly reports for all periods from the second quarter of 2013 through the third quarter of 2014, and incurred the expenses related to those filings. We now plan to stay current in our filing obligations, and do not expect to replicate the level of those expenses until we acquire an operating business.

Our major expenses consisted of fees to lawyers and auditors necessary to maintain our standing as a fully-reporting public company and other administrative expenses attendant to the trading of our common stock. We do not expect the level of our operating expenses to change in the future until we undertake to effect an acquisition.

Liquidity and Capital Resources

At March 31, 2016 we had a working capital deficit of \$107,738, as we had no assets and had \$107,738 in accrued expenses. Our accrued liabilities consist of amounts payable to our professional advisors for services, which increased by \$3,198 during the quarter ended March 31, 2016. The remainder of our operating expenses during the quarter ended March 31, 2016 were paid with funds contributed by USA Zhimingde International Group Inc., which is our majority shareholder, or by affiliates of that entity. We expect our working capital deficit to continue indefinitely, until we initiate or obtain an operating company capable of funding our overhead expenses.

Our operations used \$7,000 in cash during the quarter ended March 31, 2016, as we increased our accrued expenses by \$3,198 during that period and received the remainder of our cash requirements as a capital contribution from our majority shareholder. Our operations consumed used \$6,500 in cash during the quarter ended March 31, 2015, as we increased our accrued expenses by \$12,569 and received \$6,500 as a capital contribution. In the future, unless we achieve the financial and/or operational wherewithal to sustain our operations, it is likely that we will continue to rely on loans and capital contributions to sustain our operations.

In December 2012, control of USA Zhimingde International Group Corporation was transferred to USA Zhimingde International Group, Inc., which is controlled by Zhongquan Zou, our Chief Executive Officer. Mr. Zou controls the majority shareholder, and that entity or other entities that he controls have financed our operations by making capital contributions to cover our expenses. We expect that Mr. Zou's controlled affiliates will continue to fund our operations until we have completed an acquisition of an operating company, and that we will continue to require additional capital contributions or financing to maintain our existence as a shell company for the next twelve months, if necessary. Our management is not required to fund our operations by any contract or other obligation.

### *Off-Balance Sheet Arrangements*

We do not have any off-balance sheet arrangements that have or are reasonably likely to have a current or future effect on our financial condition or results of operations.

### **ITEM 3**

#### **QUANTITATIVE AND QUALITATIVE DISCLOSURES ABOUT MARKET RISK**

Not applicable.

### **ITEM 4**

#### **CONTROLS AND PROCEDURES**

*Evaluation of Disclosure Controls and Procedures.* Our Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer carried out an evaluation of the effectiveness of the Company's disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Rule 13a-15(e) promulgated by the Securities and Exchange Commission) as of March 31, 2016. The evaluation revealed that there are material weaknesses in our disclosure controls, specifically:

- There are no management controls, as a single person functions as sole officer and sole member of the Board of Directors.
- Having only one individual responsible for accounting functions prevents us from segregating duties within our internal control system.
- Most of our accounting functions are outsourced, which limits our ability to assure that our accounting policies are applied consistently.

Based on his evaluation, our Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer concluded that the Company's system of disclosure controls and procedures was not effective as of March 31, 2016.

*Changes in Internal Controls.* There was no change in internal controls over financial reporting (as defined in Rule 13a-15(f) promulgated under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934) identified in connection with the evaluation described in the preceding paragraph that occurred during the Company's first fiscal quarter that has materially affected or is reasonably likely to materially affect the Company's internal control over financial reporting.





**PART II - OTHER INFORMATION**

*Item 1. Legal Proceedings*

None.

*Item 1A Risk Factors*

Not applicable.

*Item 2. Unregistered Sale of Securities and Use of Proceeds*

(a) Unregistered sales of equity securities

None.

(c) Purchases of equity securities

The Company did not repurchase any of its equity securities that were registered under Section 12 of the Securities Exchange Act during the 1<sup>st</sup> quarter of fiscal 2016.

*Item 3. Defaults Upon Senior Securities.*

None.

*Item 4. Mine Safety Disclosures*

None.

*Item 5. Other Information.*

None.

*Item 6. Exhibits*

31 Rule 13a-14(a) Certification

32 Rule 13a-14(b) Certification

101.INS XBRL Instance

101.SCH XBRL Schema

101.CAL XBRL Calculation

101.DEF XBRL Definition

101.LAB XBRL Label

101.PRE XBRL Presentation



**SIGNATURES**

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the Registrant has duly caused this Report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned thereunto duly authorized.

USA ZHIMINGDE INTERNATIONAL GROUP CORPORATION

Date: May 16, 2016 By: /s/ Zhongquan Zou  
Zhongquan Zou, Chief Executive Officer  
and Chief Financial Officer