SCHLUMBERGER LIMITED/NV Form 10-Q July 25, 2018 UNITED STATES

SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION

Washington, D.C. 20549

FORM 10-Q

QUARTERLY REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

For the quarterly period ended: June 30, 2018

Commission file No.: 1-4601

SCHLUMBERGER N.V.

(SCHLUMBERGER LIMITED)

(Exact name of registrant as specified in its charter)

CURAÇAO 52-0684746 (State or other jurisdiction of incorporation or organization) Identification No.)

42 RUE SAINT-DOMINIQUE

PARIS, FRANCE 75007

5599 SAN FELIPE

HOUSTON, TEXAS, U.S.A. 77056

62 BUCKINGHAM GATE

LONDON, UNITED KINGDOM SW1E 6AJ

PARKSTRAAT 83 THE HAGUE,

THE NETHERLANDS 2514 JG

(Addresses of principal executive offices) (Zip Codes) Registrant's telephone number in the United States, including area code, is: (713) 513-2000

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days. Yes No

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant has submitted electronically and posted on its corporate Web site, if any, every Interactive Data File required to be submitted and posted pursuant to Rule 405 of Regulation S-T during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to submit and post such files). Yes No

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a large accelerated filer, an accelerated filer, a non-accelerated filer, smaller reporting company, or an emerging growth company. See the definitions of "large accelerated filer," "accelerated filer," "smaller reporting company," and "emerging growth company" in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act.

Large accelerated filer

Non-accelerated filer

(Do not check if a smaller reporting company)

Emerging growth company

Accelerated filer

Smaller reporting company

If an emerging growth company, indicate by check mark if the registrant has elected not to use the extended transition period for complying with any new or revised financial accounting standards provided pursuant to Section 13(a) of the Exchange Act.

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a shell company (as defined in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act). Yes No

Indicate the number of shares outstanding of each of the issuer's classes of common stock, as of the latest practicable date.

Class Outstanding at June 30, 2018 COMMON STOCK, \$0.01 PAR VALUE PER SHARE 1,384,118,911

SCHLUMBERGER LIMITED

Second Quarter 2018 Form 10-Q

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(Stated in millions, except per share

PART I. FINANCIAL INFORMATION

Item 1. Financial Statements.

SCHLUMBERGER LIMITED AND SUBSIDIARIES

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF INCOME (LOSS)

(Unaudited)

	amounts)					
				Months		
_	2018	2017	2018	2017		
Revenue		.	440			
Services	\$6,141	\$5,477	\$11,876	\$10,414		
Product sales	2,162	1,985	4,255	3,942		
Total Revenue	8,303	7,462	16,131	14,356		
Interest & other income	40	62	82	108		
Expenses						
Cost of services	5,196	4,624	10,076	8,875		
Cost of sales	1,983	1,844	3,904	3,669		
Research & engineering	175	196	347	406		
General & administrative	114	110	225	208		
Impairments & other	184	510	184	510		
Merger & integration	-	81	-	164		
Interest	144	142	287	281		
Income before taxes	547	17	1,190	351		
Tax expense	106	98	219	148		
Net income (loss)	441	(81)	971	203		
Net income (loss) attributable to noncontrolling interests	11	(7)	16	(2)		
Net income (loss) attributable to Schlumberger	\$430	\$(74)	\$955	\$205		
· ·		Ì				
Basic earnings (loss) per share of Schlumberger	\$0.31	\$(0.05)	\$0.69	\$0.15		
St (tt), I tt	,	, ()				
Diluted earnings (loss) per share of Schlumberger	\$0.31	\$(0.05)	\$0.69	\$0.15		
		,	·	·		
Average shares outstanding:						
Basic	1,384	1,387	1,385	1,390		
Assuming dilution	1,392	1,387	1,393	1,397		

See Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

SCHLUMBERGER LIMITED AND SUBSIDIARIES

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME (LOSS)

(Unaudited)

(Stated in millions)

	Second Quarte		Six M	onths
	2018	2017	2018	2017
Net income (loss)	\$441	\$(81) \$971	\$203
Currency translation adjustments				
Unrealized net change arising during the period	(121)	(71) (81)	(26)
Marketable securities				
Unrealized loss arising during the period	(40)	(21) (21)	(25)
Cash flow hedges				
Net gain (loss) on cash flow hedges	(15)	-	(10)	11
Reclassification to net income (loss) of net realized (gain) loss	(1)	8	(5)	8
Pension and other postretirement benefit plans				
Amortization to net income of net actuarial loss	37	36	94	79
Amortization to net income of net prior service (credit) cost	(1)	20	(3)	40
Income taxes on pension and other postretirement benefit plans	(5)	(1) (5)	(2)
Comprehensive income (loss)	295	(110) 940	288
Comprehensive income (loss) attributable to noncontrolling interests	11	(7) 16	(2)
Comprehensive income (loss) attributable to Schlumberger	\$284	\$(103) \$924	\$290

See Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

SCHLUMBERGER LIMITED AND SUBSIDIARIES

CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEET

(Stated in millions)

	Jun. 30, 2018 (Unaudited)	Dec. 31, 2017
ASSETS		
Current Assets		
Cash	\$ 1,461	\$1,799
Short-term investments	1,588	3,290
Receivables less allowance for doubtful accounts (2018 - \$249; 2017 - \$241)	8,606	8,084
Inventories	4,120	4,046
Other current assets	1,125	1,278
	16,900	18,497
Investments in Affiliated Companies	1,487	1,519
Fixed Assets less accumulated depreciation	11,504	11,576
Multiclient Seismic Data	686	727
Goodwill	25,121	25,118
Intangible Assets	9,092	9,354
Other Assets	5,366	5,196
A LA DAL AMERICA A A DE COLAMBA	\$ 70,156	\$71,987
LIABILITIES AND EQUITY		
Current Liabilities	Φ 0 2 6 7	\$10.026
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	\$ 9,367	\$10,036
Estimated liability for taxes on income	1,264	1,223
Short-term borrowings and current portion of long-term debt	3,736	3,324
Dividends payable	699	699
T Dis	15,066	15,282
Long-term Debt	13,865	14,875
Postretirement Benefits	971	1,082
Deferred Taxes	1,541	1,650
Other Liabilities	1,816	1,837
E-mitter	33,259	34,726
Equity	12.020	12.075
Common stock	13,030	12,975
Treasury stock		(4,049)
Retained earnings	31,760 (4,305	32,190) (4,274)
Accumulated other comprehensive loss		
Schlumberger stockholders' equity	36,484 413	36,842 419
Noncontrolling interests	36,897	37,261
	\$ 70,156	\$71,987

See Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

SCHLUMBERGER LIMITED AND SUBSIDIARIES

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS

(Unaudited)

(Stated in millions)

	Six Mo Ended . 2018	Jur	
Cash flows from operating activities:	* 0 = 4		* * * * *
Net income	\$971		\$203
Adjustments to reconcile net income to cash provided by operating activities:	101		c= 4
Impairments and other charges	184		674
Depreciation and amortization (1)	1,750		1,975
Stock-based compensation expense	176		180
Pension and other postretirement benefits funding	(74)	(74)
Earnings of equity method investments, less dividends received	(26)	(30)
Change in assets and liabilities: (2)			
Increase in receivables)	(406)
Increase in inventories	(71)	(51)
Decrease (increase) in other current assets	66		(123)
Increase in other assets	(120)	(140)
Decrease in accounts payable and accrued liabilities	(1,015	5)	(738)
Decrease in estimated liability for taxes on income	(34)	(21)
Decrease in other liabilities	(10)	(37)
Other	42		102
NET CASH PROVIDED BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES	1,555		1,514
Cash flows from investing activities:			
Capital expenditures	(974)	(884)
SPM investments	(434)	(328)
Multiclient seismic data costs capitalized	(47)	(190)
Business acquisitions and investments, net of cash acquired	(47)	(364)
Sale of investments, net	1,692		2,245
Other	(20)	(61)
NET CASH PROVIDED BY INVESTING ACTIVITIES	170		418
Cash flows from financing activities:			
Dividends paid	(1,385	5)	(1,393)
Proceeds from employee stock purchase plan	107		96
Proceeds from exercise of stock options	26		47
Stock repurchase program	(200)	(770)
Proceeds from issuance of long-term debt	14		625
Repayment of long-term debt	(467)	(475)
Net decrease in short-term borrowings	(106)	(1,097)
Other	(40)	(2)
NET CASH USED IN FINANCING ACTIVITIES	(2,05)	()	(2,969)
Net decrease in cash before translation effect	(326		(1,037)
Translation effect on cash	(12)	11

Cash, beginning of period	1,799	2,929
Cash, end of period	\$1,461	\$1,903

(1) Includes depreciation of property, plant and equipment and amortization of intangible assets, multiclient seismic data costs and SPM investments.

(2) Net of the effect of business acquisitions.

See Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

SCHLUMBERGER LIMITED AND SUBSIDIARIES

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF EQUITY

(Unaudited)

(Stated in millions)

					Accumulate Other	ed				
	Common	n S	tock	Retained	Comprehen	sive No	oncontro	olling		
		I	n							
January 1, 2018 – June 30, 2018	Issued	Τ	reasury	Earnings	Loss	In	terests	Τ	otal	
Balance, January 1, 2018	\$12,975	\$	(4,049) \$32,190	\$ (4,274) \$	419	\$	37,26	1
Net income				955			16		971	
Currency translation adjustments					(81)	(1)	(82)
Changes in unrealized gain on marketable										
securities					(21)			(21)
Changes in fair value of cash flow hedges					(15)			(15)
Pension and other postretirement benefit										
plans					86				86	
Shares sold to optionees, less shares										
exchanged	(27)	53						26	
Vesting of restricted stock	(52)	52						-	
Shares issued under employee stock										
purchase plan	(33)	140						107	
Stock repurchase program			(200)					(200)
Stock-based compensation expense	176								176	
Dividends declared (\$1.00 per share)				(1,385)				(1,385	5)
Other	(9)	3				(21)	(27)
Balance, June 30, 2018	\$13,030	\$	(4,001) \$31,760	\$ (4,305) \$	413	\$	36,89	7

(Stated in millions)

	Common	n Stock	Retained	Accumulat Other Comprehen	ted nsive Noncontro	lling
		In		_	_	
January 1, 2017 – June 30, 2017	Issued	Treasury	Earnings	Loss	Interests	Total
Balance, January 1, 2017	\$12,801	\$ (3,550)	\$36,470	\$ (4,643) \$ 451	\$41,529
Net income			205		(2) 203
Currency translation adjustments				(26)	(26)
Changes in unrealized gain on marketable						
securities				(25)	(25)
Changes in fair value of cash flow hedges				19		19
Pension and other postretirement benefit						
plans				117		117
	(33) 80				47

Shares sold to optionees, less shares		
exchanged		
Vesting of restricted stock	(80) 80	-
Shares issued under employee stock		
purchase plan	(12) 108	96
Stock repurchase program	(770)	(770)
Stock-based compensation expense	180	180
Dividends declared (\$1.00 per share)	(1,391)	(1,391)
Other	(13) 3 (17)) (27)
Balance, June 30, 2017	\$12,843 \$(4,049) \$35,284 \$ (4,558) \$ 432	\$39,952

SHARES OF COMMON STOCK

(Unaudited)

(Stated in millions)

	Shares			
		In		
	Issued	Treasu	Oyutstand	ing
Balance, January 1, 2018	1,434	(50)	1,384	
Vesting of restricted stock	-	1	1	
Shares issued under employee stock purchase plan	-	2	2	
Stock repurchase program	-	(3)	(3)
Balance, June 30, 2018	1,434	(50)	1,384	

See Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

SCHLUMBERGER LIMITED AND SUBSIDIARIES

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(Unaudited)

1. Basis of Presentation

The accompanying unaudited consolidated financial statements of Schlumberger Limited and its subsidiaries (Schlumberger) have been prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles in the United States of America for interim financial information and with the instructions to Form 10-Q and Article 10 of Regulation S-X. Accordingly, they do not include all of the information and footnotes required by generally accepted accounting principles for complete financial statements. In the opinion of Schlumberger management, all adjustments considered necessary for a fair statement have been included in the accompanying unaudited financial statements. All intercompany transactions and balances have been eliminated in consolidation. Operating results for the six-month period ended June 30, 2018 are not necessarily indicative of the results that may be expected for the full year ending December 31, 2018. The December 31, 2017 balance sheet information has been derived from the Schlumberger 2017 audited financial statements. For further information, refer to the Consolidated Financial Statements and notes thereto included in the Schlumberger Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2017, filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on January 24, 2018.

Recently Adopted Accounting Pronouncement

In May 2014, the Financial Accounting Standards Board ("FASB") issued Accounting Standards Update ("ASU") 2014-09, Revenue from Contracts with Customers. This ASU amended the existing accounting standards for revenue recognition and requires companies to recognize revenue when control of the promised goods or services is transferred to a customer at an amount that reflects the consideration a company expects to receive in exchange for those goods or services. Schlumberger adopted this ASU on January 1, 2018 using the modified retrospective transition method applied to those contracts which were not completed as of January 1, 2018. Prior period amounts have not been adjusted and continue to be reflected in accordance with Schlumberger's historical accounting. The adoption of this ASU did not have a material impact on Schlumberger's Consolidated Financial Statements.

Schlumberger recognizes revenue upon the transfer of control of promised products or services to customers at an amount that reflects the consideration it expects to receive in exchange for these products or services. The vast majority of Schlumberger's services and product offerings are short-term in nature. The time between invoicing and when payment is due under these arrangements is generally 30 to 60 days.

Revenue is occasionally generated from contractual arrangements that include multiple performance obligations. Revenue from these arrangements is allocated to each performance obligation based on its relative standalone selling price. Standalone selling prices are generally determined based on the prices charged to customers or using expected costs plus margin.

Revenue is recognized for certain long-term construction-type contracts over time. These contracts involve significant design and engineering efforts in order to satisfy custom designs for customer-specific applications. Revenue is recognized as work progresses on each contract. Progress is measured by the ratio of actual costs incurred to date on the project in relation to total estimated project costs. The estimate of total project costs has a significant impact on both the amount of revenue recognized as well as the related profit on a project. Revenue and profits on contracts can also be significantly affected by change orders and claims. Due to the nature of these projects, adjustments to estimates of contract revenue and total contract costs may be required as work progresses. Progress billings are

generally issued upon completion of certain phases of work as stipulated in the contract. Any expected losses on a project are recorded in full in the period in which they become probable.

Revenue in excess of billings related to contracts where revenue is recognized over time was \$0.2 billion at June 30, 2018 and \$0.3 billion at December 31, 2017. Such amounts are included within Receivables less allowance for doubtful accounts in the Consolidated Balance Sheet.

Due to the nature of its business, Schlumberger does not have significant backlog. Total backlog was \$2.5 billion at June 30, 2018, of which approximately 56% is expected to be recognized as revenue over the next 12 months.

Billings and cash collections in excess of revenue was \$0.8 billion at both June 30, 2018 and December 31, 2017. Such amounts are included within Accounts payable and accrued liabilities in the Consolidated Balance Sheet.

Recently Issued Accounting Pronouncement

In February 2016, the FASB issued ASU No. 2016-02, Leases. This ASU requires lessees to recognize a right of use asset and lease liability on the balance sheet for all leases, with the exception of short-term leases. This ASU is effective for Schlumberger on

January 1, 2019, with early adoption permitted. Based on its current lease portfolio, Schlumberger estimates that the adoption of this ASU will result in approximately \$1.2 billion of additional assets and liabilities being reflected on its Consolidated Balance Sheet.

2. Charges and Credits

2018

During the second quarter of 2018, Schlumberger recorded a \$184 million pretax charge (\$164 million after-tax) associated with headcount reductions, primarily to further streamline its support cost structure. This charge is classified in Impairments & other in the Consolidated Statement of Income (Loss).

There were no charges or credits recorded during the first quarter of 2018.

2017

Schlumberger recorded the following charges and credits during the first six months of 2017:

Second quarter of 2017:

During the second quarter of 2017, Schlumberger entered into a financing agreement with its primary customer in Venezuela. This agreement resulted in the exchange of \$700 million of outstanding accounts receivable for a promissory note with a three-year term that bears interest at the rate of 6.50% per annum. Schlumberger recorded this note at its estimated fair value on the date of the exchange, which resulted in a charge of \$460 million. Schlumberger is accounting for the promissory note as an available-for-sale security reported at fair value in Other Assets, with unrealized gains and losses included as a component of Accumulated other comprehensive loss. The fair value of the promissory notes was based on management's estimate of pricing assumptions that market participants would use.

During the second quarter of 2017, Schlumberger also entered into discussions with another customer relating to certain of its outstanding accounts receivable. As a result of those discussions, Schlumberger recorded a charge of \$50 million to adjust these receivables to their estimated net realizable value.

These charges are classified in Impairments & other in the Consolidated Statement of Income (Loss).

In connection with Schlumberger's 2016 acquisition of Cameron International Corporation ("Cameron"), Schlumberger recorded \$81 million of charges consisting of employee benefits, facility consolidation and other merger and integration-related costs. These charges are classified in Merger & integration in the Consolidated Statement of Income (Loss).

First quarter of 2017:

In connection with Schlumberger's acquisition of Cameron, Schlumberger recorded \$82 million of charges during the first quarter of 2017 relating to employee benefits, facility closures and other merger and integration-related costs. These charges are classified in Merger & integration in the Consolidated Statement of Income. The following is a summary of the charges and credits recorded during the first six months of 2017:

(Stated in millions)

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			No	ncontro	lling
	Pretax	Tax	Inte	erests	Net
Promissory note fair value adjustment and other	er \$510	\$-	\$	12	\$498
Merger & integration	164	31		-	133
	\$674	\$31	\$	12	\$631

On December 22, 2017, the US enacted the Tax Cuts and Jobs Act (the "Act"). The Act, which is also commonly referred to as "US tax reform," significantly changed US corporate income tax laws by, among other things, reducing the US corporate income tax rate to 21% starting in 2018 and creating a territorial tax system with a one-time mandatory tax on previously deferred foreign earnings of US subsidiaries. As a result, Schlumberger recorded a net charge of \$76 million during the fourth quarter of 2017. This amount consisted of two components: (i) a \$410 million charge relating to the one-time mandatory tax on previously deferred earnings of certain non-US subsidiaries that are owned either wholly or partially by a US subsidiary of Schlumberger, and (ii) a \$334 million credit resulting from the remeasurement of Schlumberger's net deferred tax liabilities in the US based on the new lower corporate income tax rate.

Although the \$76 million net charge represents a reasonable estimate of the impact of the income tax effects of the Act on Schlumberger's Consolidated Financial Statements as of December 31, 2017, it should be considered provisional. Once Schlumberger finalizes certain tax positions when it files its 2017 US tax return, it will be able to conclude whether any further adjustments are required. Any adjustments to these provisional amounts will be reported as a component of Taxes on income in the reporting period in which any such adjustments are determined, which will be no later than the fourth quarter of 2018.

3. Earnings Per Share

The following is a reconciliation from basic earnings (loss) per share of Schlumberger to diluted earnings (loss) per share of Schlumberger:

(Stated in millions, except per share amounts)

	2018	Average		2017	Average	
	Net	m Solvanges r eOutstanding	Earnings per Share	Schlur Net Loss	mShages Outstanding	Loss per Share
Second Quarter						
Basic	\$430	1,384	\$ 0.31	\$(74)	1,387	\$ (0.05)
Assumed exercise of stock options	-	1		-	-	
Unvested restricted stock	-	7		-	-	
Diluted	\$430	1,392	\$ 0.31	\$(74)	1,387	\$ (0.05)
	2018	Average		2017	Average	
	Schlui	n Sdearges	Earnings	Schlun	n Shages	Earnings
	Net	C	per	Net	C	per
	Incom	eOutstanding	Share	Incom	eOutstanding	Share
Six Months		Ç			Č	
Basic	\$955	\$ 1,385	\$ 0.69	\$205	\$ 1,390	\$ 0.15
Assumed exercise of stock options	-	1		-	2	
Unvested restricted stock	-	7		-	5	
Diluted	\$955	\$ 1,393	\$ 0.69	\$205	\$ 1,397	\$ 0.15

The number of outstanding options to purchase shares of Schlumberger common stock that were not included in the computation of diluted earnings per share, because to do so would have had an antidilutive effect, was as follows:

(Stated in millions)

2018 2017 Second Quarter 38 49

Six Months 38 29

4. Inventories

A summary of inventories, which are stated at the lower of average cost or net realizable value, follows:

(Stated in millions)

	Jun.	Dec.
	30,	31,
	2018	2017
Raw materials & field materials	\$1,853	\$1,846
Work in progress	525	503
Finished goods	1,742	1,697
	\$4,120	\$4,046

5. Fixed Assets

A summary of fixed assets follows:

(Stated in millions)

	Jun. 30,	Dec. 31,
	2018	2017
Property, plant & equipment	\$38,191	\$37,813
Less: Accumulated depreciation	26,687	26,237
_	\$11,504	\$11,576

Depreciation expense relating to fixed assets was as follows:

(Stated in millions)

2018 2017 Second Quarter \$525 \$592 Six Months \$1,048 \$1,205

6. Multiclient Seismic Data

The change in the carrying amount of multiclient seismic data for the six months ended June 30, 2018 was as follows:

(Stated in millions)

Balance at December 31, 2017	\$727
Capitalized in period	47
Charged to expense	(88)
Balance at June 30, 2018	\$686

7. Intangible Assets

The gross book value, accumulated amortization and net book value of intangible assets were as follows:

(Stated in millions)

Jun. 30, 2018 Dec. 31, 2017

Net

Gross Accumulated Book Gross Accumulated Net Book

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	Book Va	lu&mortization	Value	Book Va	lu&mortization	Value
Customer relationships	\$4,814	\$ 1,129	\$3,685	\$4,832	\$ 1,020	\$ 3,812
Technology/technical know-how	3,578	1,137	2,441	3,634	1,078	2,556
Tradenames	2,806	584	2,222	2,806	533	2,273
Other	1,325	581	744	1,295	582	713
	\$12,523	\$ 3,431	\$9,092	\$12,567	\$ 3,213	\$ 9,354

Amortization expense charged to income was as follows:

(Stated in millions)

2018 2017 Second Quarter \$174 \$167 Six Months \$339 \$336

Based on the net book value of intangible assets at June 30, 2018, amortization charged to income for the subsequent five years is estimated to be: remaining two quarters of 2018—\$346 million; 2019—\$682 million; 2020—\$648 million; 2021—\$617 million; 2022—\$610 million; and 2023—\$600 million.

8. Long-term Debt

A summary of Long-term Debt follows:

(Stated in millions)

	Jun. 30, 2018	Dec. 31, 2017
4.00% Senior Notes due 2025	\$1,742	\$1,741
3.30% Senior Notes due 2021	1,595	1,595
3.00% Senior Notes due 2020	1,595	1,593
3.65% Senior Notes due 2023	1,493	1,492
4.20% Senior Notes due 2021	1,100	1,100
2.40% Senior Notes due 2022	997	996
3.63% Senior Notes due 2022	846	846
2.65% Senior Notes due 2022	598	598
2.20% Senior Notes due 2020	498	498
7.00% Notes due 2038	211	212
4.50% Notes due 2021	134	135
5.95% Notes due 2041	115	115
3.60% Notes due 2022	109	110
5.13% Notes due 2043	99	99
4.00% Notes due 2023	82	82
3.70% Notes due 2024	56	56
0.63% Guaranteed Notes due 2019	-	712
1.50% Guaranteed Notes due 2019	-	603
Commercial paper borrowings	2,200	1,694
Other	395	598
	\$13,865	\$14,875

The estimated fair value of Schlumberger's Long-term Debt, based on quoted market prices at June 30, 2018 and December 31, 2017 was \$13.8 billion and \$15.2 billion, respectively.

Borrowings under Schlumberger's commercial paper programs June 30, 2018 were \$2.9 billion, of which \$0.7 billion was classified in Short-term borrowings and current portion of long-term debt in the Consolidated Balance Sheet. At December 31, 2017, borrowings under the commercial paper programs were \$3.0 billion of which \$1.3 billion was classified in Short-term borrowings and current portion of long-term debt in the Consolidated Balance Sheet.

9. Derivative Instruments and Hedging Activities

Schlumberger is exposed to market risks related to fluctuations in foreign currency exchange rates and interest rates. To mitigate these risks, Schlumberger utilizes derivative instruments. Schlumberger does not enter into derivative transactions for speculative purposes.

Interest Rate Risk

Schlumberger is subject to interest rate risk on its debt and its investment portfolio. Schlumberger maintains an interest rate risk management strategy that uses a mix of variable and fixed rate debt combined with its investment portfolio, and occasionally interest rate swaps, to mitigate the exposure to changes in interest rates.

During 2013, Schlumberger entered into a cross-currency swap for a notional amount of €0.5 billion in order to hedge changes in the fair value of Schlumberger's €0.5 billion 1.50% Guaranteed Notes due 2019. Under the terms of this swap, Schlumberger will receive interest at a fixed rate of 1.50% on the euro notional amount and pay interest at a floating rate of three-month LIBOR plus approximately 64 basis points on the US dollar notional amount.

This cross-currency swap is designated as a fair value hedge of the underlying debt and is marked to market, with gains and losses recognized immediately in income to largely offset the effects on changes in the fair value of the hedged debt.

During 2017, a Canadian dollar functional currency subsidiary of Schlumberger issued \$1.1 billion of US dollar denominated debt. Schlumberger entered into cross-currency swaps for an aggregate notional amount of \$1.1 billion in order to hedge changes in the fair value of its \$0.5 billion 2.20% Senior Notes due 2020 and its \$0.6 billion 2.65% Senior Notes due 2022. These cross-currency swaps effectively convert the US dollar notes to Canadian dollar denominated debt with fixed annual interest rates of 1.97% and 2.52%, respectively.

These cross-currency swaps are designated as cash flow hedges. The changes in the fair values of the hedges are recorded on the Consolidated Balance Sheet and in Accumulated Other Comprehensive Loss. Amounts recorded in Accumulated Other Comprehensive Loss are reclassified to earnings in the same periods that the underlying hedged item is recognized in earnings.

At June 30, 2018, Schlumberger had fixed rate debt aggregating \$13.5 billion and variable rate debt aggregating \$4.1 billion, after taking into account the effect of interest rate swaps.

Short-term investments were \$1.6 billion at June 30, 2018. The carrying value of these investments approximated fair value.

Foreign Currency Exchange Rate Risk

As a multinational company, Schlumberger conducts its business in more than 85 countries. Schlumberger's functional currency is primarily the US dollar. However, outside the United States, a significant portion of Schlumberger's expenses is incurred in foreign currencies. Therefore, when the US dollar weakens (strengthens) in relation to the foreign currencies of the countries in which Schlumberger conducts business, the US dollar-reported expenses will increase (decrease).

Schlumberger is exposed to risks on future cash flows to the extent that the local currency is not the functional currency and expenses denominated in local currency are not equal to revenues denominated in local currency. Schlumberger is also exposed to risks on future cash flows relating to certain of its fixed rate debt denominated in currencies other than the functional currency. Schlumberger uses foreign currency forward contracts to provide a hedge against a portion of these cash flow risks. These contracts are accounted for as cash flow hedges, with the changes in the fair value of the hedge recorded on the Consolidated Balance Sheet and in Accumulated Other Comprehensive Loss. Amounts recorded in Accumulated Other Comprehensive Loss are reclassified into earnings in the same period or periods that the hedged item is recognized in earnings.

At June 30, 2018, Schlumberger recognized a cumulative net \$12 million loss in Accumulated Other Comprehensive Loss relating to revaluation of foreign currency forward contracts designated as cash flow hedges, the majority of which is expected to be reclassified into earnings within the next 12 months.

At June 30, 2018, contracts were outstanding for the US dollar equivalent of \$4.7 billion in various foreign currencies, of which \$1.8 billion relates to hedges of debt denominated in currencies other than the functional currency.

The effect of derivative instruments designated as fair value and cash flow hedges, and those not designated as hedges, on the Consolidated Statement of Income was as follows:

(Stated in millions)

Gain (Loss) Recognized in Income (Loss)

	Secon Quarte		Six M	onths	Consolidated Statement of Income
	2018	2017	2018	2017	Classification
Derivatives designated as fair value hedges:					
Cross currency swap	\$(39)	\$ 29	\$(12)	\$ 47	Interest expense
Derivatives designated as cash flow hedges:					
Foreign exchange contracts	\$1	\$ -	\$5	\$ -	Cost of services/sales
Cross currency swap	36	-	55	-	Interest expense
	\$37	\$ -	\$60	\$ -	
Derivatives not designated as hedges:					
Foreign exchange contracts	\$4	\$1	\$32	\$7	Cost of services/sales
13					

10. Contingencies

Schlumberger and its subsidiaries are party to various legal proceedings from time to time. A liability is accrued when a loss is both probable and can be reasonably estimated. Management believes that the probability of a material loss with respect to any currently pending legal proceeding is remote. However, litigation is inherently uncertain and it is not possible to predict the ultimate disposition of any of these proceedings.

11. Segment Information

(Stated in millions)

	Second Quarter 2018		Second (2017	Quarter
		Income		Income
		Before		Before
	Revenue	Taxes	Revenue	Taxes
Reservoir Characterization	\$1,636	\$350	\$1,759	\$ 299
Drilling	2,234	289	2,107	302
Production	3,257	316	2,496	221
Cameron	1,295	166	1,265	174
Eliminations & other	(119)	(27)	(165)	(46)
Pretax operating income		1,094		950
Corporate & other (1)		(239)		(242)
Interest income (2)		11		28
Interest expense (3)		(135)		(128)
Charges and credits (4)		(184)		(591)
	\$8,303	\$547	\$7,462	\$ 17

(4) See Note 2 – Charges and Credits.

(Stated in millions)

Six Months 2018 Six Months 2017
Income Before Before
Revenue Taxes Revenue Taxes

⁽¹⁾ Comprised principally of certain corporate expenses not allocated to the segments, stock-based compensation costs, amortization expense associated with certain intangible assets, certain centrally managed initiatives and other nonoperating items.

⁽²⁾ Interest income excludes amounts which are included in the segments' income (\$1 million in 2018; \$6 million in 2017).

⁽³⁾ Interest expense excludes amounts which are included in the segments' income (\$9 million in 2018; \$14 million in 2017).

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Reservoir Characterizatio	n \$3,192	\$657	\$3,377	\$580
Drilling	4,360	582	4,092	531
Production	6,216	532	4,683	331
Cameron	2,605	332	2,494	336
Eliminations & other	(242) (35)	(290) (71)
Pretax operating income		2,068		1,707
Corporate & other (1)		(464)		(480)
Interest income (2)		36		52
Interest expense (3)		(266)		(254)
Charges and credits (4)		(184)		(674)
	\$16,131	\$1,190	\$14,356	\$351

⁽¹⁾ Comprised principally of certain corporate expenses not allocated to the segments, stock-based compensation costs, amortization expense associated with certain intangible assets, certain centrally managed initiatives and other nonoperating items.

⁽²⁾ Interest income excludes amounts which are included in the segments' income (\$4 million in 2018; \$11 million in 2017).

⁽³⁾ Interest expense excludes amounts which are included in the segments' income (\$21 million in 2018; \$27 million in 2017).

⁽⁴⁾ See Note 2 – Charges and Credits.

Revenue by geographic area was as follows:

			(Stated in millions)	
	Second	Quarter	Six Mont	ths
	2018	2017	2018	2017
North America	\$3,139	\$2,202	\$5,974	\$4,074
Latin America	919	1,039	1,790	1,991
Europe/CIS/Africa	1,778	1,750	3,482	3,401
Middle East & Asia	2,367	2,347	4,676	4,666
Eliminations & other	100	124	209	224
	\$8,303	\$7,462	\$16,131	\$14,356

North America and International revenue disaggregated by Group was as follows:

					(Stated in millions)		
	Second (Qua	arter 2018				
	North				Eliminations		
					&		
	America	In	ternational	l	other	Total	
Reservoir Characterization	\$269	\$	1,233		\$134	\$1,636	
Drilling	568		1,612		54	2,234	
Production	1,695		1,560		2	3,257	
Cameron	611		707		(23)	1,295	
Other	(4)		(48)	(67)	(119)	
	\$3,139	\$	5,064		\$100	\$8,303	
	Second Quarter 2017						
	North				Eliminations		

	Second (Quarter 2017		
	North		Elimin	ations
			&	
	America	International	other	Total
Reservoir Characterization	\$217	\$ 1,372	\$170	\$1,759
Drilling	485	1,565	57	2,107
Production	1,032	1,475	(11)	2,496
Cameron	474	788	3	1,265
Other	(6)	(64) (95)	(165)
	\$2,202	\$ 5,136	\$124	\$7,462

(Stated in millions)

	Six Months 2018					
	North		Elim	inations		
	America	Internati	on&d otl	ner	Total	
Reservoir Characterization	1\$491	\$2,429	\$ 27	72	\$3,192	
Drilling	1,132	3,125	10)3	4,360	
Production	3,195	3,018	3		6,216	
Cameron	1,180	1,461	(3	6)	2,605	
Other	(24)	(85) (1	33)	(242)	
	\$5,974	\$9,948	\$ 20)9	\$16,131	

	Six Mon	ths 2017		
	North		Eliminatio	ns
	America	Internation	n&d other	Total
Reservoir Characterization	\$448	\$2,639	\$ 290	\$3,377
Drilling	940	3,034	118	4,092
Production	1,770	2,927	(14) 4,683
Cameron	919	1,581	(6) 2,494
Other	(3)	(123)	(164) (290)
	\$4,074	\$10,058	\$ 224	\$14,356

12. Pension and Other Postretirement Benefit Plans

Net pension cost (credit) for the Schlumberger pension plans included the following components:

(Stated in millions)

	Secon	d Quarte	er		Six Mo	nths		
	2018		2017		2018		2017	
	US	Int'l	US	Int'l	US	Int'l	US	Int'l
Service cost	\$14	\$38	\$14	\$19	\$30	\$70	\$29	\$48
Interest cost	41	76	44	75	84	152	88	153
Expected return on plan assets	(63)	(149)	(62)	(134)	(125)	(293)	(122)	(270)
Amortization of prior service cost	3	3	3	24	6	5	6	48
Amortization of net loss	12	27	9	27	24	70	19	60
	\$7	\$(5)	\$8	\$11	\$19	\$4	\$20	\$39

The net periodic benefit credit for the Schlumberger US postretirement medical plan included the following components:

(Stated in millions)

Six Months

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	Secon	d			
	Quarter				
	2018	2017	2018	2017	
Service cost	\$8	\$7	\$16	\$15	
Interest cost	10	12	22	23	
Expected return on plan assets	(16)	(16)	(32)	(31)	
Amortization of prior service credit	(7)	(7)	(14)	(14)	
	\$(5)	\$(4)	\$(8)	\$(7)	

13. Accumulated Other Comprehensive Loss

Accumulated Other Comprehensive Loss consists of the following:

(Stated in millions)

	Currency			Pension and Other	
			Cash		
	Translatio M a	ırketable	Flow	Postretiremen	t
	Adjustmenste	curities	Hedges	Benefit Plans	Total
Balance, January 1, 2018	\$(2,139) \$	13	\$ 3	\$ (2,151) \$(4,274)
Other comprehensive loss before reclassifications	(81)	(21)	(10)	_	(112)
Amounts reclassified from accumulated other comprehensive	'e				
loss	-	-	(5)	86	81
Net other comprehensive income	(81)	(21)	(15)	86	(31)
Balance, June 30, 2018	\$(2,220) \$	(8)	\$ (12)	\$ (2,065) \$(4,305)

				Pension and	
	Currency			Other	
			Cash		
	Translation	Marketable	Flow	Postretiremen	nt
	Adjustments	s Securities	Hedges	Benefit Plans	Total
Balance, January 1, 2017	\$ (2,136) \$ 21	\$ (19)	\$ (2,509) \$(4,643)
Other comprehensive gain (loss) before reclassifications	(26) (25)	11	-	(40)
Amounts reclassified from accumulated other					
comprehensive loss	-	-	8	117	125
Net other comprehensive income	(26) (25)	19	117	85
Balance, June 30, 2017	\$ (2.162) \$ (4)	\$ -	\$ (2.392) \$(4.558)

Item 2. Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations.

Second Quarter 2018 Compared to Second Quarter 2017

(Stated in millions)

	Second (2018	Quarter	Second (2017	Quarter
		Income		Income
		Before		Before
	Revenue	Taxes	Revenue	Taxes
Reservoir Characterization	\$1,636	\$350	\$1,759	\$ 299
Drilling	2,234	289	2,107	302
Production	3,257	316	2,496	221
Cameron	1,295	166	1,265	174
Eliminations & other	(119)	(27)	(165)	(46)
Pretax operating income		1,094		950
Corporate & other (1)		(239)		(242)
Interest income (2)		11		28
Interest expense (3)		(135)		(128)
Charges and credits (4)		(184)		(591)
	\$8,303	\$547	\$7,462	\$ 17

- (1) Comprised principally of certain corporate expenses not allocated to the segments, stock-based compensation costs, amortization expense associated with certain intangible assets, certain centrally managed initiatives and other nonoperating items.
- (2) Interest income excludes amounts which are included in the segments' income (\$1 million in 2018; \$6 million in 2017).
- (3) Interest expense excludes amounts which are included in the segments' income (\$9 million in 2018; \$14 million in 2017).
- (4) Charges and credits are described in detail in Note 2 to the Consolidated Financial Statements.

Second-quarter 2018 revenue of \$8.3 billion increased 11% year-on-year. Production revenue increased 30% due to the accelerated land activity growth in North America, while Drilling revenue was higher by 6% due to higher demand for directional drilling technologies on land in North America and the start-up of multiple new projects internationally. Cameron revenue increased by 2% while Reservoir Characterization revenue declined 7%.

Second-quarter 2018 pretax operating margin was essentially flat year-on-year at 13% as margin expansion in Production and Reservoir Characterization was offset by margin declines in Drilling and Cameron. As a result of accelerated land activity in North America, Production pretax operating margin expanded 84 basis points ("bps") to 10%. Reservoir Characterization pretax operating margin increased 439 bps to 21% as a result of reduced depreciation and amortization following the WesternGeco impairment charges recorded during the fourth quarter of 2017. Drilling pretax operating margin declined 139 bps year-on-year to 13%, driven by additional costs associated with the start-up of multiple new integrated drilling projects. Cameron pretax operating margin declined also by 94 bps to 13%.

Reservoir Characterization Group

Second-quarter 2018 revenue of \$1.6 billion decreased 7% year-on-year primarily due to reduced WesternGeco multiclient seismic license sales, the continued wind down of WesternGeco marine seismic acquisition contracts and lower OneSurface revenue on long-term projects in the Middle East.

Year-on-year, pretax operating margin increased 439 bps to 21% primarily as a result of reduced depreciation and amortization following the WesternGeco impairment charges recorded during the fourth quarter of 2017.

Drilling Group

Second-quarter 2018 revenue of \$2.2 billion increased 6% year-on-year primarily due to higher demand for directional drilling technologies on land in North America and the start-up of new integrated drilling projects internationally.

Year-on-year, pretax operating margin declined by 139 bps to 13% primarily due to additional mobilization and start-up costs associated with the new integrated drilling projects.

Production Group

Second-quarter 2018 revenue of \$3.3 billion increased 30% year-on-year driven by the accelerated land activity growth in North America due to the deployment of additional capacity, market share gains and improved pricing that benefited the pressure pumping business.

Year-on-year, pretax operating margin increased 84 bps to 10% as a result of improved profitability in North America due to accelerated land activity and improved pricing.

Cameron Group

Second-quarter 2018 revenue of \$1.3 billion increased 2% year-on-year due to higher activity on land in North America benefiting the short-cycle businesses of Surface Systems and Valves & Measurement. This was largely offset by a declining project backlog for the long-cycle businesses of OneSubsea and Drilling Systems.

Year-on-year, pretax operating margin decreased 94 bps to 13%.

Six Months 2018 Compared to Six Months 2017

(Stated in millions)

	Six Mont	hs 2018	Six Months 2017		
			Income		
		Before		before	
	Revenue	Taxes	Revenue	Taxes	
Reservoir Characterization	ı \$3,192	\$657	\$3,377	\$580	
Drilling	4,360	582	4,092	531	
Production	6,216	532	4,683	331	
Cameron	2,605	332	2,494	336	
Eliminations & other	(242)	(35)	(290)	(71)	
Pretax operating income		2,068		1,707	
Corporate & other (1)		(464)		(480)	
Interest income (2)		36		52	
Interest expense (3)		(266)		(254)	
Charges and credits (4)		(184)		(674)	
	\$16,131	\$1,190	\$14,356	\$351	

- (1) Comprised principally of certain corporate expenses not allocated to the segments, stock-based compensation costs, amortization expense associated with certain intangible assets, certain centrally managed initiatives and other nonoperating items.
- (2) Interest income excludes amounts which are included in the segments' income (\$4 million in 2018; \$11 million in 2017).
- (3) Interest expense excludes amounts which are included in the segments' income (\$21 million in 2018; \$27 million in 2017).
- (4) Charges and credits are described in detail in Note 2 to the Consolidated Financial Statements.

Six-month 2018 revenue of \$16.1 billion increased 12% year-on-year. International revenue was essentially flat in line with the flat rig count versus the same period last year. Production revenue increased 33% due to the accelerated land activity growth in North America, while Drilling revenue increased 7% due to higher demand for directional drilling technologies on land in North America and the start-up of multiple new projects internationally. Cameron revenue increased by 4% while Reservoir Characterization revenue declined 5%.

Six-month 2018 pretax operating margin increased 93 bps year-on-year to 13%, due to improved profitability in North America from the growth in land activity that benefited Production. As a result, the Production pretax operating margin expanded 149 bps to 9%. Drilling pretax operating margin was essentially flat at 13%, as the additional costs associated with the mobilization and start-up of the new projects restricted margin expansion. Reservoir Characterization pretax operating margin increased 342 bps to 21% primarily as a result of reduced depreciation and amortization following the WesternGeco impairments charges recorded during the fourth quarter of 2017. Cameron pretax operating margin was essentially flat at 13%.

Reservoir Characterization Group

Six-month 2018 revenue of \$3.2 billion decreased 5% year-on-year primarily due to lower OneSurface revenue on long-term projects in the Middle East and reduced WesternGeco multiclient seismic license sales.

Year-on-year, pretax operating margin increased 342 bps to 21% primarily as a result of reduced depreciation and amortization following the WesternGeco impairment charges recorded during the fourth quarter of 2017.

Drilling Group

Six-month 2018 revenue of \$4.4 billion increased 7% year-on-year primarily due to higher demand for directional drilling technologies on land in North America and the start-up of new projects internationally.

Year-on-year, pretax operating margin was essentially flat at 13% due to the additional costs associated with the mobilization and start-up of the new integrated drilling projects.

Production Group

Six-month 2018 revenue of \$6.2 billion increased 33% year-on-year with most of the revenue increase attributable to the accelerated land activity growth in North America due to the deployment of additional capacity, market share gains and improved pricing that benefited the pressure pumping business.

Year-on-year, pretax operating margin increased 149 bps to 9% as a result of improved profitability in North America due to accelerated land activity and improved pricing.

Cameron Group

Six-month 2018 revenue of \$2.6 billion increased 4% year-on-year due primarily to higher activity on land in North America that benefited the short-cycle businesses of Surface Systems and Valves & Measurement.

Year-on-year, pretax operating margin of 13% was essentially flat.

Interest and Other Income

Interest & other income consisted of the following:

(Stated in millions)

	Second		Six	
	Quar	ter	Months	
	2018	2017	2018	2017
Equity in net earnings of affiliated companies	\$28	\$ 28	\$42	\$45
Interest income	12	34	40	63
	\$40	\$ 62	\$82	\$108

Other

Research & engineering and General & administrative expenses, as a percentage of Revenue, for the second quarter and six months ended June 30, 2018 and 2017 were as follows:

	Second	d			
	Quarte	er	Six Months		
	2018	2017	2018	2017	
Research & engineering	2.1%	2.6 %	2.1%	2.8 %	
General & administrative	1.4%	1.5 %	1.4%	1.4 %	

Research & engineering costs for the second quarter of 2018 and the first six months of 2018 have decreased as compared to the same periods in 2017 as a result of cost control measures.

The effective tax rate for the second quarter of 2018 was 19% and 590% for the same period of 2017. The charges described in Note 2 to the Consolidated Financial Statements increased the effective tax rate for the second quarter of 2018 by two percentage points and 571 percentage points for the second quarter of 2017, as the majority of these charges were not tax-effective.

The effective tax rate for the first six months of 2018 was 18% and 42% for the same period in 2017. The charges described in Note 2 to the Consolidated Financial Statements increased the effective tax rate for the first six months of 2018 by one percentage point and 25 percentage points for the same period of 2017, as the majority of these charges were not tax-effective.

Charges and Credits

2018

During the second quarter of 2018, Schlumberger recorded a \$184 million pretax charge (\$164 million after-tax) associated with headcount reductions, primarily to further streamline its support cost structure. This charge is classified in Impairments & other in the Consolidated Statement of Income (Loss).

There were no charges or credits recorded during the first quarter of 2018.

2017

Schlumberger recorded charges during the first and second quarters of 2017, which are are fully described in Note 2 to the Consolidated Financial Statements. The following is a summary of the charges recorded during the first six months of 2017:

(Stated in millions)

			Non	contro	lling
	Pretax	Tax	Inte	rests	Net
Promissory note fair value adjustment and other	\$510	\$-	\$	12	\$498
Merger & integration	164	31		-	133
	\$674	\$31	\$	12	\$631

Liquidity and Capital Resources

Details of the components of liquidity as well as changes in liquidity follow:

(Stated in millions)

Components of Liquidity	Jun. 30, 2018	Jun. 30, 2017	Dec. 31, 2017
Cash	\$1,461	\$1,903	\$1,799
Short-term investments	1,588	4,315	3,290
Fixed income investments, held to maturity	-	13	-
Short-term borrowings and current portion of long-term debt	(3,736)	(2,224)	(3,324)
Long-term debt	(13,865)	(16,600)	(14,875)
Net debt (1)	\$(14,552)	\$(12,593)	\$(13,110)

	Six Montl	hs Ended
Changes in Liquidity:	Jun. 30, 2018	2017
Net income	\$971	\$203
Impairment and other charges	184	674
Depreciation and amortization (2)	1,750	1,975
Earnings of equity method investments, less dividends received) (30)
Stock-based compensation expense	176	180
Pension and other postretirement benefits funding) (74)
Increase in working capital (3)	(1,338	
Other	(88	:
Cash flow from operations	1,555	1,514
Capital expenditures) (884)
SPM investments	(434	
Multiclient seismic data costs capitalized	(47	
Free cash flow (4)	100	112
Dividends paid Proceeds from ampleyee steek plans	(1,385)) (1,393) 143
Proceeds from employee stock plans		
Stock repurchase program	(200	, (
Dusings consisting and investments not of each consist also debt consist.	(1,352	
Business acquisitions and investments, net of cash acquired plus debt assumed	(47	(364)
Other	(43	(200)
Increase in net debt	(1,442	
Net debt, beginning of period	(13,110)	
Net debt, end of period	\$(14,552)	\$(12,593)

- (1) Net debt" represents gross debt less cash, short-term investments and fixed income investments, held to maturity. Management believes that Net debt provides useful information regarding the level of Schlumberger's indebtedness by reflecting cash and investments that could be used to repay debt. Net debt is a non-GAAP financial measure that should be considered in addition to, not as a substitute for or superior to, total debt.
- (2) Includes depreciation of property, plant and equipment and amortization of intangible assets, multiclient seismic data costs and SPM investments.
- Includes severance payments of approximately \$160 million and \$230 million during the six months ended June 30, 2018 and 2017, respectively.
- (4) "Free cash flow" represents cash flow from operations less capital expenditures, SPM investments and multiclient seismic data costs capitalized. Management believes that free cash flow is an important liquidity measure for the company and that it is useful to investors and management as a measure of our ability to generate cash. Once business needs and obligations are met, this cash can be used to reinvest in the company for future growth or to return to shareholders through dividend payments or share repurchases. Free cash flow does not represent the residual cash flow available for discretionary expenditures. Free cash flow is a non-GAAP financial measure that should be considered in addition to, not as substitute for or superior to, cash flow from operations.

Key liquidity events during the six months of 2018 and 2017 included:

On July 18, 2013, the Schlumberger Board of Directors (the "Board") approved a \$10 billion share repurchase program for Schlumberger common stock to be completed at the latest by June 30, 2018. This program was completed during May 2017. On January 21, 2016, the Board approved a new \$10 billion share repurchase program. Schlumberger had repurchased \$524 million under the new program as of June 30, 2018.

The following table summarizes the activity under these share repurchase programs:

(Stated in millions, except per share amounts)

		Total	Average
	Total cost	number	price
	of shares	of shares	paid per
	purchased	purchased	share
Six months ended June 30, 2018	\$ 200	2.9	\$69.10
Six months ended June 30, 2017	\$ 770	10.2	\$75.40

Capital expenditures were \$1.0 billion during the first six months of 2018 compared to \$0.9 billion during the first six months of 2017. Capital expenditures for full-year 2018 are expected to be approximately \$2.0 billion as compared to \$2.1 billion in 2017.

Schlumberger operates in more than 85 countries. As of June 30, 2018, only four of those countries individually accounted for greater than 5% of Schlumberger's net receivables balance, of which only two (the United States and Saudi Arabia) accounted for greater than 10% of such receivables.

As of June 30, 2018, Schlumberger had \$3.0 billion of cash and short-term investments on hand. Schlumberger had separate committed debt facility agreements aggregating \$6.5 billion that support commercial paper programs, of which \$3.6 billion was available and unused. Schlumberger believes these amounts are sufficient to meet future business requirements for at least the next 12 months.

Borrowings under the commercial paper programs at June 30, 2018 were \$2.9 billion.

FORWARD-LOOKING STATEMENTS

This second-quarter 2018 Form 10-Q, as well as other statements we make, contain "forward-looking statements" within the meaning of the federal securities laws, which include any statements that are not historical facts, such as our forecasts or expectations regarding business outlook; growth for Schlumberger as a whole and for each of its segments (and for specified technologies or geographic areas within each segment); oil and natural gas demand and production growth; oil and natural gas prices; improvements in operating procedures and technology, including our transformation program; capital expenditures by Schlumberger and the oil and gas industry; the business strategies of Schlumberger's customers; the effects of US tax reform; our effective tax rate; the success of Schlumberger's SPM projects, and joint ventures and alliances; future global economic conditions; and future results of operations. These statements are subject to risks and uncertainties, including, but not limited to, global economic conditions; changes in exploration and production spending by Schlumberger's customers and changes in the level of oil and natural gas exploration and development; general economic, political and business conditions in key regions of the world; foreign currency risk; pricing pressure; weather and seasonal factors; operational modifications, delays or cancellations; production declines; changes in government regulations and regulatory requirements, including those related to offshore oil and gas exploration, radioactive sources, explosives, chemicals, hydraulic fracturing services and climate-related initiatives; the inability of technology to meet new challenges in exploration; and other risks and uncertainties detailed in this second-quarter 2018 Form 10-Q and our most recent Forms 10-K, 10-Q, and 8-K filed with or furnished to the Securities and Exchange Commission. If one or more of these or other risks or uncertainties materialize (or the consequences of any such development changes), or should our underlying assumptions prove incorrect, actual outcomes may vary materially from those reflected in our forward-looking statements. Schlumberger disclaims any intention or obligation to update publicly or revise such statements, whether as a result of new information, future events or otherwise.

Item 3. Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosures about Market Risk.

For quantitative and qualitative disclosures about market risk affecting Schlumberger, see Item 7A, "Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosures about Market Risk," of the Schlumberger Annual Report on Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2017. Schlumberger's exposure to market risk has not changed materially since December 31, 2017.

Item 4. Controls and Procedures.

Schlumberger has carried out an evaluation under the supervision and with the participation of Schlumberger's management, including the Chief Executive Officer ("CEO") and the Chief Financial Officer ("CFO"), of the effectiveness of Schlumberger's "disclosure controls and procedures" (as such term is defined in Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e) under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 (the "Exchange Act")) as of the end of the period covered by this report. Based on this evaluation, the CEO and the CFO have concluded that, as of the end of the period covered by this report, Schlumberger's disclosure controls and procedures were effective to provide reasonable assurance that information required to be disclosed in the reports that Schlumberger files or submits under the Exchange Act is recorded,

processed, summarized and reported within the time periods specified in the Securities and Exchange Commission's rules and forms. Schlumberger's disclosure controls and procedures include controls and procedures designed to ensure that information required to be disclosed in reports filed or submitted under the Exchange Act is accumulated and communicated to its management, including the CEO and the CFO, as appropriate, to allow timely decisions regarding required disclosure. There was no change in Schlumberger's internal control over financial reporting during the quarter to which this report relates that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, Schlumberger's internal control over financial reporting.

PART II. OTHER INFORMATION

Item 1. Legal Proceedings.

The information with respect to this Item 1 is set forth under Note 10—Contingencies, in the Consolidated Financial Statements.

Item 1A. Risk Factors.

As of the date of this filing, there have been no material changes from the risk factors disclosed in Part 1, Item 1A, of Schlumberger's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2017.

Item 2. Unregistered Sales of Equity Securities and Use of Proceeds.

Unregistered Sales of Equity Securities

None.

Issuer Repurchases of Equity Securities

As of June 30, 2018, Schlumberger had repurchased \$524 million of Schlumberger common stock under its \$10 billion share repurchase program.

Schlumberger's common stock repurchase activity for the three months ended June 30, 2018 was as follows:

(Stated in thousands, except per share amounts)

	Total number	Average	Total number of shares purchased as part of	Maximum value of shares that may yet be
	of	price	publicly	purchased
	shares	paid per	announced	under the
	purchasedshare		programs	programs
April 2018	502.9	\$66.87	502.9	\$9,545,236
May 2018	497.4	\$70.74	497.4	\$9,510,050
June 2018	495.7	\$67.75	495.7	\$9,476,468
	1,496.0	\$68.45	1,496.0	

Item 3. Defaults Upon Senior Securities.

None.

Item 4. Mine Safety Disclosures.

Our mining operations are subject to regulation by the federal Mine Safety and Health Administration under the Federal Mine Safety and Health Act of 1977. Information concerning mine safety violations or other regulatory matters required by section 1503(a) of the Dodd-Frank Wall Street Reform and Consumer Protection Act and Item 104 of Regulation S-K is included in Exhibit 95 to this report.

Item 5. Other Information.

In 2013, Schlumberger completed the wind-down of its service operations in Iran. Prior to this, certain non-US subsidiaries provided oilfield services to the National Iranian Oil Company and certain of its affiliates ("NIOC").

Schlumberger's residual transactions or dealings with the government of Iran during the second quarter of 2018 consisted of payments of taxes and other typical governmental charges. Certain non-US subsidiaries of Schlumberger maintain depository accounts at the Dubai branch of Bank Saderat Iran ("Saderat"), and at Bank Tejarat ("Tejarat") in Tehran and in Kish for the deposit by NIOC of amounts owed to non-US subsidiaries of Schlumberger for prior services rendered in Iran and for the maintenance of such amounts previously received. One non-US subsidiary also maintains an account at Tejarat for payment of local expenses such as taxes. Schlumberger anticipates that it will discontinue dealings with Saderat and Tejarat following the receipt of all amounts owed to Schlumberger for prior services rendered in Iran.

Item 6. Exhibits.

- Exhibit 3.1—Articles of Incorporation of Schlumberger Limited (Schlumberger N.V.) (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 3.1 to Schlumberger's Current Report on Form 8-K filed on April 6, 2016)
- Exhibit 3.2—Amended and Restated By-laws of Schlumberger Limited (Schlumberger N.V.) (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 3.1 to Schlumberger's Current Report on Form 8-K filed on January 19, 2017)
- + Exhibit 10.1—Amended and Restated French Sub Plan for Restricted Units (incorporated by reference to Appendix B of Schlumberger's Definitive Proxy Statement filed with the SEC on March 2, 2018)
- * Exhibit 31.1—Certification of Chief Executive Officer pursuant to Rule 13a-14(a) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended, as adopted pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002
- * Exhibit 31.2—Certification of Chief Financial Officer pursuant to Rule 13a-14(a) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended, as adopted pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002
- ** Exhibit 32.1—Certification of Chief Executive Officer pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, as adopted pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002
- ** Exhibit 32.2—Certification of Chief Financial Officer pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, as adopted pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxlev Act of 2002
- * Exhibit 95—Mine Safety Disclosures
- * Exhibit 101—The following materials from Schlumberger Limited's Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the quarter ended June 30, 2018, formatted in XBRL (Extensible Business Reporting Language): (i) Consolidated Statement of Income (Loss); (ii) Consolidated Statement of Comprehensive Income (Loss); (iii) Consolidated Balance Sheet; (iv) Consolidated Statement of Cash Flows; (v) Consolidated Statement of Equity and (vi) Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements.
- * Filed with this Form 10-Q.
- ** Furnished with this Form 10-Q.
- + Compensatory plans or arrangements.

SIGNATURE

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned thereunto duly authorized and in his capacity as Chief Accounting Officer.

Schlumberger Limited

(Registrant)

Date: July 25, 2018 /s/ Howard Guild

Howard Guild

Chief Accounting Officer and Duly Authorized Signatory