

TEMPLETON EMERGING MARKETS INCOME FUND  
Form N-CSR  
November 05, 2013

UNITED STATES  
SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION  
Washington, DC 20549

**FORM N-CSR**

**CERTIFIED SHAREHOLDER REPORT OF REGISTERED MANAGEMENT INVESTMENT COMPANIES**

Investment Company Act file number 811-07866

Templeton Emerging Markets Income Fund  
(Exact name of registrant as specified in charter)

300 S.E. 2<sup>nd</sup> Street, Fort Lauderdale, FL 33301-1923  
(Address of principal executive offices) (Zip code)

Craig S. Tyle, One Franklin Parkway, San Mateo, CA 94403-1906  
(Name and address of agent for service)

Registrant's telephone number, including area code: (954) 527-7500

Date of fiscal year end: 8/31

Date of reporting period: 8/31/13

**Item 1. Reports to Stockholders.**

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## Annual Report

## Templeton Emerging Markets

## Income Fund

### **Your Fund's Goals and Main Investments** Templeton Emerging Markets Income Fund

seeks high, current income, with a secondary goal of capital appreciation, by investing, under normal

market conditions, at least 80% of its total net assets in income-producing securities of sovereign or

sovereign-related entities and private sector companies in emerging market countries.

*Performance data represent past performance, which does not guarantee future results.*

*Investment return and principal value will fluctuate, and you may have a gain or loss when you sell your shares. Current performance may differ from figures shown.*

Dear Shareholder:

This annual report for Templeton Emerging Markets Income Fund covers the

fiscal year ended August 31, 2013.

### **Performance Overview**

For the 12 months under review, Templeton Emerging Markets Income Fund had cumulative total returns of -8.75% based on market price and +2.87% based on net asset value. In comparison, U.S. dollar-denominated emerging market bonds, as measured by the J.P. Morgan (JPM) Emerging Markets Bond Index (EMBI) Global, had a -5.46% cumulative total return in U.S. dollar terms for the same period.<sup>1</sup> You can find the Fund's long-term performance data in the Performance Summary beginning on page 5.

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**The dollar value, number of shares or principal amount, and names of all portfolio holdings are listed in the Fund's Statement of Investments (SOI). The SOI begins on page 11.**

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**Portfolio Breakdown**

Based on Total Net Assets as of 8/31/13

	Foreign Government & Agency Securities	<b>57.8 %</b>
	Quasi-Sovereign & Corporate Bonds	<b>34.6 %</b>
Credit-Linked Notes		<b>0.2 %</b>
	Short-Term Investments & Other Net Assets	<b>7.4 %</b>

**Geographic Breakdown\***

Based on Total Net Assets as of 8/31/13

Other Europe		<b>30.0 %</b>
	Americas	<b>27.4 %</b>
	Middle East & Africa	<b>19.9 %</b>
	Asia Pacific	<b>17.8 %</b>
Supranational**		<b>0.7 %</b>
Euro Area***		<b>0.4 %</b>
Other Net Assets		<b>3.8 %</b>

\*The Geographic Breakdown is a snapshot of the Fund on 8/31/13 and may not reflect ongoing repositioning or reinvestment of cash in the Fund.

\*\*The Fund's supranational investment was denominated in the U.S. dollar.

\*\*\*The Fund's euro area investment was in Slovenia.

**Economic and Market Overview**

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The global economic recovery was mixed during the period under review. The recovery in emerging markets moderated after many economies had previously returned to or exceeded pre-crisis activity levels. Although some developed economies, such as those of Australia and some Scandinavian countries, have also enjoyed relatively strong recoveries in the aftermath of the global financial crisis, growth in the G-3 (U.S., eurozone and Japan) continued to be slow by the standards of previous recoveries. As fears eased surrounding the issues of sovereign debt in Europe, the possibility of another recession in the U.S., and a potential hard landing in China, financial market performance was positive. Improving sentiment, relatively strong fundamentals and continued provision of global liquidity supported assets with inherent risk, and equity markets generally performed well. Policymakers in the largest developed economies continued to increase their already unprecedented efforts to supply liquidity. Actions elsewhere in the world were mixed, with some policymakers less willing to reverse previous tightening efforts in response to the external environment.

Fears of possible reductions to stimulative government policies contributed to periods of risk aversion, when credit spreads widened and equities and other assets perceived as risky declined, alternating with periods of heightened risk appetite, when spreads narrowed and investors again favored assets with inherent risk. Against this backdrop, increased liquidity creation continued. For example, the Bank of Japan raised its inflation target and the U.S. Federal Reserve Board (Fed) extended quantitative easing and tried to be more transparent about its intentions. Economic data among the largest economies remained inconsistent with some observers' predictions of a severe global economic slowdown.

During the period, the Fed increased the size of its quantitative easing program but announced later in the period that it might reduce the program at subsequent meetings. The announcement that the amount of bond purchases might be reduced led assets with inherent risk, particularly those in emerging markets, to sell off as market participants began to change their expectations of global liquidity conditions.

### **Investment Strategy**

We invest selectively in bonds from emerging markets around the world to generate income for the Fund, seeking opportunities while monitoring changes in interest rates, currency exchange rates and credit risk. We seek to manage the Fund's exposure to various currencies and may use currency forward contracts.

## Manager's Discussion

The Fund purchased investment-grade and subinvestment-grade hard currency-denominated sovereign debt that typically compensates for greater credit risk by offering higher yields relative to U.S. Treasury and European benchmark bonds. Spreads widened between yields on sovereign credits and assets often considered safer, such as U.S. Treasuries, during the period. As financial markets began reflecting the underlying strength of emerging economies, many traditional emerging markets could borrow more cheaply than some eurozone members and, in several cases, U.S. states. U.S. dollar-denominated emerging market debt had a -5.46% total return during the period, as measured by the JPM EMBI Global.<sup>1</sup> Overall, sovereign credit yield spreads over Treasuries widened 50 basis points (100 basis points equal one percentage point) during the period.<sup>2</sup> Regionally, Latin American sovereign debt had a -6.41% total return, Asian debt -8.82%, and central and eastern European debt -2.97%.<sup>2</sup>

As part of its investment strategy, the Fund used currency forward contracts to limit or add exposure to various currencies.

### Latin America

The Fund's exposure to Latin American currencies detracted from absolute performance, while credit exposures contributed, and contributions from interest rate strategies were largely neutral. Mexico's central bank cut its policy rate, while rates were held constant in Chile. The central bank in Brazil cut rates 25 basis points before hiking rates 175 basis points during the period. The Mexican peso, Chilean peso and Brazilian real depreciated 0.72%, 5.79% and 14.65%, respectively, against the U.S. dollar.<sup>3</sup>

### Europe-Middle East-Africa (EMEA)

The Fund's credit and duration exposures in the EMEA region contributed to performance, while the effect of currency exposures was largely neutral. The euro appreciated 4.61% against the U.S. dollar during the period as the European Central Bank maintained its commitment to preserving the European Monetary Union.<sup>3</sup> The Polish zloty appreciated 2.49% against the U.S. dollar, while the Swedish krona was largely unchanged.<sup>3</sup> The Hungarian forint and Norwegian krone depreciated 1.39% and 5.48% against the U.S. dollar.<sup>3</sup>

### Asia

The Fund's exposure to Asian currencies detracted from performance as most currencies in the region depreciated against the U.S. dollar. Malaysia's central

#### What is a currency forward contract?

A currency forward contract is an agreement between the Fund and a counterparty to buy or sell a foreign currency at a specific exchange rate on a future date.

#### What is duration?

Duration is a measure of a bond's price sensitivity to interest rate changes. In general, a portfolio of securities with a lower duration can be expected to be less sensitive to interest rate changes than a portfolio with a higher duration.

## Top 10 Countries

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8/31/13

	% of Total Net Assets
Brazil	8.6 %
Kazakhstan	8.2 %
Mexico	7.5 %
Russia	7.0 %
Ukraine	6.2 %
Ghana	6.0 %
Hungary	4.9 %
Argentina	4.7 %
Sri Lanka	3.9 %
United Arab Emirates	3.7 %

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2. Source: J.P. Morgan. Regional returns are from subindexes of the JPM EMBI Global.

3. Source: IDC/Exshare.

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**Currency Breakdown**

8/31/13

	<b>% of Total Net Assets</b>
<b>Americas</b>	<b>96.8 %</b>
U.S. Dollar	83.0 %
Brazilian Real	8.7 %
Mexican Peso	5.1 %
<b>Middle East &amp; Africa</b>	<b>5.1 %</b>
Ghanaian Cedi	3.8 %
Nigerian Naira	1.3 %
<b>Europe</b>	<b>0.1 %</b>
Serbian Dinar	1.8 %
Polish Zloty	0.7 %
Ukrainian Hryvnia	0.2 %
Euro*	-2.6 %
<b>Asia Pacific*</b>	<b>-2.0 %</b>
Indonesian Rupiah	3.4 %
Sri Lankan Rupee	2.5 %
South Korean Won	0.9 %
Malaysian Ringgit	0.7 %
Japanese Yen*	-9.5 %

\*A negative figure reflects net short exposure, designed to benefit if the value of the associated currency decreases. Conversely, the Fund's value would potentially decline if the value of the associated currency increases.

bank kept its policy rate constant while Australia, India, the Philippines, Sri Lanka and South Korea cut rates. Most of the currencies of these economies depreciated against the U.S. dollar; the Australian dollar depreciated 13.82%, the Indian rupee fell 15.81%, the Philippine peso declined 5.66%, and the Malaysian ringgit lost 4.88%.<sup>3</sup> The South Korean won, however, gained 2.21% against the U.S. dollar.<sup>3</sup> Contributions from credit and duration exposures in the region were largely neutral.

Thank you for your continued participation in Templeton Emerging Markets Income Fund. We look forward to serving your future investment needs.

Sincerely,

The foregoing information reflects our analysis, opinions and portfolio holdings as of August 31, 2013, the end of the reporting period. The way we implement our main investment strategies and the resulting portfolio holdings may change depending on factors such as market and economic conditions. These opinions may not be relied upon as investment advice or an offer for a particular security. The information is not a complete analysis of every aspect of any market, country, industry, security or the Fund. Statements of fact are from sources considered reliable, but the investment manager makes no representation or warranty as to their completeness or accuracy. Although historical performance is no guarantee of future results, these insights may help you understand our investment management philosophy.

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## Performance Summary as of 8/31/13

Your dividend income will vary depending on dividends or interest paid by securities in the Fund's portfolio, adjusted for operating expenses. Capital gain distributions are net profits realized from the sale of portfolio securities. Total return reflects reinvestment of the Fund's dividends and capital gain distributions, if any, and any unrealized gains or losses. Total returns do not reflect any sales charges paid at inception or brokerage commissions paid on secondary market purchases. The performance table does not reflect any taxes that a shareholder would pay on Fund dividends, capital gain distributions, if any, or any realized gains on the sale of Fund shares.

### Price and Distribution Information

Symbol: TEI		Change		8/31/13		8/31/12
Net Asset Value (NAV)	-\$	1.33	\$	14.58	\$	15.91
Market Price (NYSE)	-\$	3.16	\$	13.85	\$	17.01
<b>Distributions (9/1/12 - 8/31/13)</b>						
Dividend Income		\$ 1.4442				
Long-Term Capital Gain		\$ 0.4239				
<b>Total</b>		<b>\$ 1.8681</b>				

### Performance

	1-Year		5-Year		10-Year	
Cumulative Total Return <sup>1</sup>						
Based on change in NAV <sup>2</sup>	+	2.87 %	+	62.64 %	+	173.30 %
Based on change in market price <sup>3</sup>		-8.75 %	+	60.79 %	+	173.72 %
Average Annual Total Return <sup>1</sup>						
Based on change in NAV <sup>2</sup>	+	2.87 %	+	10.22 %	+	10.58 %
Based on change in market price <sup>3</sup>		-8.75 %	+	9.96 %	+	10.59 %
Average Annual Total Return (9/30/13) <sup>4</sup>						
Based on change in NAV <sup>2</sup>	+	2.39 %	+	12.39 %	+	10.45 %
Based on change in market price <sup>3</sup>		-5.43 %	+	16.55 %	+	10.84 %

Performance data represent past performance, which does not guarantee future results. Investment return and principal value will fluctuate, and you may have a gain or loss when you sell your shares. Current performance may differ from figures shown.

## Performance Summary *(continued)*

### Endnotes

All investments involve risks, including possible loss of principal. Changes in interest rates will affect the value of the Fund's portfolio and its share price and yield. Bond prices generally move in the opposite direction of interest rates. Thus, as prices of bonds in the Fund adjust to a rise in interest rates, the Fund's share price may decline. Special risks are associated with foreign investing, including currency fluctuations, economic instability and political developments of countries where the Fund invests. The Fund's investments in emerging market countries are subject to all of the risks of foreign investing generally, and have additional heightened risks due to these markets' smaller size and lesser liquidity and lack of established legal, political, business and social frameworks to support securities markets, including: delays in settling portfolio securities transactions; currency and capital controls; greater sensitivity to interest rate changes; pervasiveness of corruption and crime; currency exchange rate volatility; and inflation, deflation or currency devaluation. The Fund's use of foreign currency techniques involves special risks as such techniques may not achieve the anticipated benefits and/or may result in losses to the Fund. Also, as a non-diversified investment company, the Fund may invest in a relatively small number of issuers and, as a result, be subject to a greater risk of loss with respect to its portfolio securities. The Fund is actively managed but there is no guarantee that the manager's investment decisions will produce the desired results.

1. Total return calculations represent the cumulative and average annual changes in value of an investment over the periods indicated.
2. Assumes reinvestment of distributions based on net asset value.
3. Assumes reinvestment of distributions based on the dividend reinvestment and cash purchase plan.
4. In accordance with SEC rules, we provide standardized average annual total return information through the latest calendar quarter.

## Important Notice to Shareholders

### Share Repurchase Program

The Fund's Board of Trustees ( Board ) has approved a modification to the Fund's previously announced open-market share repurchase program to authorize the Fund to repurchase up to 10% of the Fund's outstanding shares in open-market transactions, at the discretion of management. Under the Fund's previously announced open-market share repurchase program, no specific amount of the Fund's outstanding shares were authorized for repurchase.

The Board's action provides greater flexibility by enabling the Fund to engage in open-market repurchases under a continuing authorization for up to 10% of the Fund's outstanding shares, at the discretion of Fund management. Subject to the 10% limitation, the timing and amount of repurchases would continue to be at the discretion of the investment manager. In exercising its discretion consistent with its portfolio management responsibilities, the investment manager will take into account various other factors, including, but not limited to, the level of the discount, the Fund's performance, portfolio holdings, dividend history, market conditions, cash on hand, the availability of other attractive investments and whether the sale of certain portfolio securities would be undesirable because of liquidity concerns or because the sale might subject the Fund to adverse tax consequences. Any repurchases would be made on a national securities exchange at the prevailing market price, subject to exchange requirements, Federal securities laws and rules that restrict repurchases, and the terms of any outstanding leverage or borrowing of the Fund. If and when the Fund's 10% threshold is reached, no further repurchases could be completed until authorized by the Board. Until the 10% threshold is reached, Fund management will have the flexibility to rapidly commence share repurchases if and when it is determined to be appropriate in light of prevailing circumstances. As with the current share repurchase program, the modified share repurchase program is intended to benefit shareholders by enabling the Fund to repurchase shares at a discount to net asset value, thereby increasing the proportionate interest of each remaining shareholder in the Fund.

### Inflation Index Swaps

The Board authorized the Fund to use inflation index swaps in an amount up to 5% of the Fund's net assets (as measured by notional value), and consistent with the Fund's investment goal, approved a change in the Fund's investment policies to include such authority to use inflation index swaps.

An inflation index swap is a contract between the Fund and a swap counter-party (generally a brokerage firm, bank or other financial institution) to make payments based on the cumulative percentage increase in an index that serves as a measure of inflation (typically, the Consumer Price Index ( CPI ) in the

## Important Notice to Shareholders *(continued)*

United States, but other measures of inflation throughout the world may also be used) in exchange for a regular payment based on a compounded fixed rate. For example, the Fund may enter into a swap whereby it receives the increase in the CPI over a one year period, and pays in return a set rate for each maturity, typically represented by the expected break-even rate. Each party's payment obligation under the swap is determined by reference to a specified notional amount of money. Typically, an inflation index swap is priced on a zero-coupon basis, with payment obligations netted and exchanged upon maturity.

Entering into over-the-counter (OTC) swap instruments such as inflation index swaps requires the execution of an International Swaps and Derivatives Association (ISDA) Master Agreement, as supplemented by an applicable schedule and credit support annex (CSA), which sets out the rights and obligations of the Fund and the counterparty. ISDA agreements generally include requirements for each party regarding the pledging of collateral as credit support of any outstanding receivables.

The primary use of inflation index swaps will be to gain exposure to inflation when the portfolio manager believes inflation expectations will increase from where they are currently priced in the market. For example, the Fund could enter into a long position in an inflation index swap and pay the fixed rate set at the time of the trade, then receive the actual CPI at the end of the swap contract's term. The Fund could also use inflation index swaps to adjust exposure to or hedge against inflation. For example, inflation index swaps may be used by the Fund to hedge the inflation risk of nominal bonds in a Fund's portfolio (i.e., non-inflation indexed bonds).

The values of inflation index swaps are expected to change in response to changes in inflation expectations in the market as represented by break-even rates. If inflation expectations increase at a faster rate than anticipated at the time the swap is entered into, the swap will increase in value and vice versa.

The Fund's investments in inflation index swaps would involve certain risks, including risk of loss. Inflation rates, and consequently the value of an inflation index swap, may change drastically as a result of unexpected shifts in the global economy. If the investment manager, in using swap agreements, is incorrect in its forecasts of market values, interest rates, inflation, currency exchange rates or other applicable factors, the investment performance of the Fund will be less than its performance would have been if it had not used

## Important Notice to Shareholders *(continued)*

the swap agreements. While management believes that there currently exists a liquid market for inflation index swaps, there can be no assurance that a liquid secondary market will exist for any particular inflation index swap, or at any particular time, and the Fund may have difficulty affecting transactions in particular inflation index swaps.

Inflation index swaps are negotiated and traded OTC directly with each counterparty, and as such subject the Fund to counterparty risk. Counterparty risk involves the risk that the counterparty will not complete the trade according to the negotiated terms. To help mitigate this risk, inflation index swaps, like other OTC derivatives, are subject to the terms of an ISDA Master Agreement between each Fund and the counterparty. The Fund can only complete inflation index swaps with counterparties where an ISDA Master Agreement is in place. The ISDA Master Agreement and its accompanying CSA provide for collateral movement between the counterparty and the Fund as credit support under the Fund's internal collateral management policies.

Certain swaps and options thereon are now under the exclusive jurisdiction of the Commodity Futures Trading Commission ( CFTC ) while security-based swaps are under the exclusive jurisdiction of the Securities and Exchange Commission ( SEC ), and mixed-swaps are subject to the joint jurisdiction of the CFTC and the SEC. Based upon rules of the CFTC and the SEC, the CFTC will have jurisdiction over the particular inflation index swaps described here.

The Dodd-Frank Wall Street Reform and Consumer Protection Act of 2010 gives the CFTC and the SEC authority to impose capital and margin requirements on swaps dealers and major swap participants and to mandate that certain swaps be centrally cleared. The CFTC has not, to date, mandated that inflation index swaps be centrally cleared; should the CFTC do so in the future, management anticipates that such swaps required to be centrally cleared would be handled and settled in much the same way as a futures contract is executed and settled, including a requirement that the Fund post initial and variation margin, although the margin required for swaps is likely to be higher. The regulatory environment continues to evolve and management is monitoring developments.

# Templeton Emerging Markets Income Fund

## Financial Highlights

	Year Ended August 31,				
	2013	2012	2011	2010	2009
<b>Per share operating performance</b>					
(for a share outstanding throughout the year)					
Net asset value, beginning of year	\$ 15.91	\$ 16.61	\$ 16.27	\$ 13.82	\$ 14.45
Income from investment operations:					
Net investment income <sup>a</sup>	1.07	1.08	1.17	1.12	1.03
Net realized and unrealized gains (losses)	(0.54 )	(0.37 )	0.41	2.45	(0.22 )
Total from investment operations	0.53	0.71	1.58	3.57	0.81
Less distributions from:					
Net investment income and net foreign currency gains	(1.44 )	(1.34 )	(1.19 )	(1.05 )	(1.36 )
Net realized gains	(0.42 )	(0.07 )	(0.05 )	(0.07 )	(0.08 )
Total distributions	(1.86 )	(1.41 )	(1.24 )	(1.12 )	(1.44 )
Net asset value, end of year	\$ 14.58	\$ 15.91	\$ 16.61	\$ 16.27	\$ 13.82
Market value, end of year <sup>b</sup>	\$ 13.85	\$ 17.01	\$ 17.22	\$ 16.18	\$ 13.11
Total return (based on market value per share)	(8.75 )%	8.17 %	14.60 %	33.26 %	6.57 %
<b>Ratios to average net assets</b>					
Expenses	1.09 % <sup>c</sup>	1.15 %	1.20 % <sup>c</sup>	1.19 % <sup>c</sup>	1.20 % <sup>c</sup>
Net investment income	6.79 %	6.90 %	7.08 %	7.36 %	8.59 %
<b>Supplemental data</b>					
Net assets, end of year (000 s)	\$ 699,414	\$ 759,024	\$ 789,998	\$ 769,970	\$ 653,992
Portfolio turnover rate	14.53 %	16.56 %	24.59 %	13.26 %	34.03 %

<sup>a</sup>Based on average daily shares outstanding.

<sup>b</sup>Based on the last sale on the New York Stock Exchange.

<sup>c</sup>Benefit of expense reduction rounds to less than 0.01%.

# Templeton Emerging Markets Income Fund

## Statement of Investments, August 31, 2013

	Principal Amount*	Value
<b>Foreign Government and Agency Securities 57.8%</b>		
<b>Argentina 4.7%</b>		
Government of Argentina,		
<sup>a</sup> GDP Linked Securities, 6.266%, 12/15/35	219,745,000	\$ 16,316,066
senior bond, 7.00%, 10/03/15	18,000,000	16,397,000
		32,713,066
<b>Bosnia &amp; Herzegovina 0.6%</b>		
<sup>b</sup> Government of Bosnia & Herzegovina, FRN, 1.063%, 12/11/17	7,660,090	DEM 4,452,121
<b>Brazil 8.6%</b>		
Nota Do Tesouro Nacional,		
10.00%, 1/01/14	20,000 <sup>C</sup>	BRL 8,398,948
<sup>d</sup> Index Linked, 6.00%, 5/15/15	22,323 <sup>C</sup>	BRL 22,202,078
<sup>d</sup> Index Linked, 6.00%, 8/15/16	7,319 <sup>C</sup>	BRL 7,239,602
<sup>d</sup> Index Linked, 6.00%, 5/15/17	134 <sup>C</sup>	BRL 132,652
<sup>d</sup> Index Linked, 6.00%, 8/15/18	4,055 <sup>C</sup>	BRL 4,010,850
<sup>d</sup> Index Linked, 6.00%, 5/15/45	17,820 <sup>C</sup>	BRL 17,908,361
		59,892,491
<b>Croatia 1.2%</b>		
<sup>e</sup> Government of Croatia, 144A, 6.75%, 11/05/19	7,920,000	8,380,350
<b>El Salvador 0.4%</b>		
<sup>e</sup> Government of El Salvador, 144A, 7.65%, 6/15/35	2,650,000	2,582,067
<b>Georgia 0.5%</b>		
<sup>e</sup> Government of Georgia, 144A, 6.875%, 4/12/21	3,050,000	3,227,281
<b>Ghana 6.0%</b>		
Government of Ghana,		
13.30%, 9/30/13	10,150,000	GHS 4,706,488
13.00%, 6/02/14	9,110,000	GHS 4,052,667
14.00%, 10/13/14	210,000	GHS 92,395

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24.00%, 5/25/15	7,690,000	GHS	3,764,107
21.00%, 10/26/15	3,207,000	GHS	1,510,620
19.24%, 5/30/16	11,745,000	GHS	5,348,419
23.00%, 8/21/17	7,560,000	GHS	3,732,545
<sup>e</sup> 144A, 8.50%, 10/04/17	2,029,000		2,206,781
<sup>e</sup> 144A, 7.875%, 8/07/23	15,169,086		14,770,897
<sup>f</sup> Reg S, 8.50%, 10/04/17	1,559,000		1,695,600
			41,880,519

**Hungary 3.5%**

Government of Hungary,

4.125%, 2/19/18	2,040,000		1,986,450
5.375%, 2/21/23	3,750,000		3,535,125
senior note, 3.50%, 7/18/16	190,000	EUR	251,669
senior note, 4.375%, 7/04/17	560,000	EUR	740,597
senior note, 3.875%, 2/24/20	535,000	EUR	661,869

# Templeton Emerging Markets Income Fund

## Statement of Investments, August 31, 2013 (continued)

	Principal Amount*		Value
<b>Foreign Government and Agency Securities (continued)</b>			
<b>Hungary (continued)</b>			
Government of Hungary, (continued)			
senior note, 6.375%, 3/29/21	15,000,000	\$	15,506,250
<sup>f</sup> senior note, Reg S, 5.75%, 6/11/18	1,255,000	EUR	1,700,331
			24,382,291
<b>Indonesia 3.3%</b>			
Government of Indonesia,			
FR31, 11.00%, 11/15/20	132,050,000,000	IDR	13,364,543
FR36, 11.50%, 9/15/19	40,000,000,000	IDR	4,080,372
FR40, 11.00%, 9/15/25	58,140,000,000	IDR	5,964,681
			23,409,596
<b>Iraq 3.1%</b>			
<sup>e</sup> Government of Iraq, 144A, 5.80%, 1/15/28	27,190,000		21,932,678
<b>Latvia 1.7%</b>			
<sup>e</sup> Government of Latvia, 144A, 5.25%, 2/22/17	11,050,000		11,915,160
<b>Lithuania 0.6%</b>			
<sup>e</sup> Government of Lithuania, 144A, 7.375%, 2/11/20	3,400,000		4,023,475
<b>Mexico 3.0%</b>			
Government of Mexico,			
8.00%, 12/19/13	1,653,500 <sup>g</sup>	MXN	12,527,288
7.00%, 6/19/14	93,900 <sup>g</sup>	MXN	719,435
9.50%, 12/18/14	626,140 <sup>g</sup>	MXN	5,008,534
6.00%, 6/18/15	8,680 <sup>g</sup>	MXN	67,034
8.00%, 12/17/15	250,400 <sup>g</sup>	MXN	2,024,963
6.25%, 6/16/16	65,350 <sup>g</sup>	MXN	510,051
			20,857,305
<b>Mongolia 0.8%</b>			

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<sup>e</sup> Government of Mongolia, senior note, 144A, 5.125%, 12/05/22	7,100,000		5,741,486
<b>Romania 1.1%</b>			
<sup>f</sup> Government of Romania, senior note, Reg S, 5.25%, 6/17/16	5,460,000	EUR	7,744,232
<b>Russia 0.7%</b>			
<sup>f</sup> Government of Russia, senior bond, Reg S, 7.50%, 3/31/30	3,970,850		4,582,857
<b>Serbia 3.3%</b>			
<sup>e</sup> Government of Serbia, senior note, 144A, 7.25%, 9/28/21	11,080,000		11,152,075
Serbia Treasury Note, 10.00%,			
4/27/15	780,000,000	RSD	8,872,094
9/14/15	205,300,000	RSD	2,315,795
11/08/17	36,330,000	RSD	385,849
			22,725,813

# Templeton Emerging Markets Income Fund

## Statement of Investments, August 31, 2013 (continued)

	Principal Amount*	Value
<b>Foreign Government and Agency Securities (continued)</b>		
<b>Slovenia 0.5%</b>		
<sup>e</sup> Government of Slovenia, senior note, 144A, 5.85%, 5/10/23	3,370,000	\$ 3,180,859
<b>Sri Lanka 3.9%</b>		
Government of Sri Lanka,		
<sup>e</sup> 144A, 7.40%, 1/22/15	3,500,000	3,677,188
<sup>e</sup> 144A, 5.875%, 7/25/22	7,750,000	6,984,688
A, 7.00%, 3/01/14	19,710,000 LKR	145,875
A, 11.25%, 7/15/14	354,200,000 LKR	2,680,606
A, 11.75%, 3/15/15	3,840,000 LKR	29,211
A, 6.50%, 7/15/15	108,070,000 LKR	752,534
A, 11.00%, 8/01/15	607,700,000 LKR	4,569,845
A, 6.40%, 8/01/16	49,800,000 LKR	331,256
A, 5.80%, 1/15/17	51,000,000 LKR	326,392
A, 8.00%, 11/15/18	230,150,000 LKR	1,488,788
A, 9.00%, 5/01/21	387,750,000 LKR	2,506,064
B, 11.75%, 4/01/14	31,010,000 LKR	234,989
B, 6.60%, 6/01/14	29,500,000 LKR	215,765
B, 6.40%, 10/01/16	53,200,000 LKR	351,260
B, 8.50%, 7/15/18	65,800,000 LKR	438,283
C, 8.50%, 4/01/18	108,910,000 LKR	730,758
D, 8.50%, 6/01/18	284,830,000 LKR	1,918,295
		27,381,797
<b><sup>h</sup> Supranational 0.7%</b>		
<sup>f</sup> Eastern & Southern African Trade and Development Bank, Reg S, 6.875%, 1/09/16	5,000,000	5,156,250
<b>Ukraine 5.7%</b>		
<sup>e</sup> Government of Ukraine,		
144A, 9.25%, 7/24/17	1,330,000	1,305,063
144A, 7.75%, 9/23/20	19,840,000	17,611,075
senior bond, 144A, 7.80%, 11/28/22	3,780,000	3,288,505

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senior note, 144A, 7.95%, 2/23/21	260,000	232,050
senior note, 144A, 7.50%, 4/17/23	6,080,000	5,217,400
<sup>e,i</sup> Kyiv Finance PLC (City of Kiev), loan participation, senior note, 144A, 9.375%, 7/11/16	12,940,000	12,235,676
		39,889,769
<b>Venezuela 0.5%</b>		
Government of Venezuela, 10.75%, 9/19/13	3,800,000	3,809,310
<b>Vietnam 1.0%</b>		
<sup>e</sup> Government of Vietnam, 144A, 6.75%, 1/29/20	6,835,000	7,240,828
<b>Zambia 2.4%</b>		
<sup>e</sup> Government of Zambia International Bond, 144A, 5.375%, 9/20/22	20,000,000	17,000,000
<b>Total Foreign Government and Agency Securities (Cost \$420,579,640)</b>		404,101,601

# Templeton Emerging Markets Income Fund

## Statement of Investments, August 31, 2013 (continued)

	Principal Amount*	Value
<b>Quasi -Sovereign and Corporate Bonds 34.6%</b>		
<b>Hungary 1.4%</b>		
<sup>e</sup> Magyar Export-Import Bank RT, senior note, 144A, 5.50%, 2/12/18	10,000,000	\$ 10,010,100
<b>India 0.5%</b>		
<sup>e</sup> ICICI Bank Ltd., sub. bond, 144A, 6.375% to 4/30/17, FRN thereafter, 4/30/22	4,100,000	3,751,500
<b>Kazakhstan 8.2%</b>		
<sup>e</sup> HSBK (Europe) BV, senior note, 144A, 7.25%, 5/03/17	26,035,000	27,584,603
<sup>e</sup> Kazakhstan Temir Zholy Finance BV, senior note, 144A, 6.375%, 10/06/20	6,090,000	6,424,341
<sup>e</sup> KazMunayGas National Co., senior note, 144A, 9.125%, 7/02/18	19,200,000	23,016,000
		57,024,944
<b>Mexico 4.0%</b>		
<sup>e</sup> Cemex Espana Luxembourg, senior secured note, 144A, 9.25%, 5/12/20	2,355,000	2,493,356
<sup>e</sup> Cemex SAB de CV, senior secured note, 144A, 9.00%, 1/11/18	21,845,000	23,360,497
<sup>e,j</sup> Corporacion GEO SAB de CV, senior note, 144A, 8.875%, 3/27/22	8,420,000	1,852,400
		27,706,253
<b>Peru 0.3%</b>		
<sup>e</sup> Peru Enhanced Pass-Through Finance Ltd., senior secured bond, A-1, 144A, zero cpn., 5/31/18	2,562,668	2,319,972
<b>Russia 6.3%</b>		
<sup>e,i</sup> Alfa Bond Issuance PLC (Alfa Bank OJSC), loan participation, secured note, 144A, 7.875%, 9/25/17	6,550,000	7,214,006
senior note, 144A, 7.75%, 4/28/21	7,900,000	8,354,250
<sup>e,i</sup> Gaz Capital SA (OJSC Gazprom), loan participation, senior bond, 144A, 8.146%, 4/11/18	6,000,000	6,927,510
LUKOIL International Finance BV,		
<sup>e</sup> 144A, 6.356%, 6/07/17	890,000	986,040
<sup>e</sup> 144A, 6.656%, 6/07/22	4,540,000	4,880,500
<sup>f</sup> Reg S, 6.356%, 6/07/17	2,300,000	2,549,435

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<sup>f</sup> Reg S, 6.656%, 6/07/22	3,970,000	4,260,942
<sup>e,i</sup> RSHB Capital SA (Russian Agricultural Bank OJSC), loan participation, senior note, 144A, 9.00%, 6/11/14	4,880,000	5,148,791
<sup>e</sup> TNK -BP Finance SA, senior bond, 144A, 7.25%, 2/02/20	1,190,000	1,325,731
<sup>e,i</sup> VTB Capital SA (VTB Bank), loan participation, senior bond, 144A, 6.25%, 6/30/35	2,400,000	2,538,000
		44,185,205
<b>South Africa 2.8%</b>		
<sup>b,e</sup> Edcon Holdings Pty. Ltd., secured note, 144A, FRN, 5.709%, 6/15/15	8,285,000 EUR	9,685,109
<sup>e</sup> Edcon Pty. Ltd., senior secured note, 144A, 9.50%, 3/01/18	7,250,000	6,647,344
3/01/18	2,828,000 EUR	3,401,626
		19,734,079

# Templeton Emerging Markets Income Fund

## Statement of Investments, August 31, 2013 (continued)

	Principal Amount*		Value
<b>Quasi-Sovereign and Corporate Bonds (continued)</b>			
<b>Trinidad and Tobago 0.8%</b>			
Petro Co. of Trinidad and Tobago Ltd., senior note,			
<sup>e</sup> 144A, 9.75%, 8/14/19	4,500,000	\$	5,568,750
<sup>f</sup> Reg S, 9.75%, 8/14/19	210,000		259,875
			5,828,625
<b>Turkey 3.5%</b>			
<sup>e</sup> Akbank TAS, senior note, 144A, 6.50%, 3/09/18	2,588,000		2,646,126
<sup>e</sup> Finansbank AS, senior note, 144A, 5.50%, 5/11/16	8,425,000		8,245,969
<sup>e</sup> Turkiye Is Bankasi, sub. note, 144A, 6.00%, 10/24/22	3,000,000		2,675,550
<sup>f,i</sup> Willow No.2 (Yasar Holding SA), loan participation, secured note, Reg S, 9.625%, 10/07/15	10,900,000		10,901,635
			24,469,280
<b>Ukraine 0.3%</b>			
<sup>e</sup> Financing of Infrastructure Projects State Enterprise, 144A, 8.375%, 11/03/17	2,000,000		1,811,170
<b>United Arab Emirates 3.7%</b>			
<sup>e</sup> DP World Ltd., 144A, 6.85%, 7/02/37	13,500,000		12,952,440
<sup>e</sup> Dubai Electricity & Water Authority, senior note, 144A, 7.375%, 10/21/20	11,500,000		12,962,915
			25,915,355
<b>United States 1.2%</b>			
General Electric Capital Corp., senior note, A, 8.50%, 4/06/18	101,000,000	MXN	8,445,788
<b>Venezuela 1.6%</b>			
Petroleos de Venezuela SA, senior sub. bond, 4.90%, 10/28/14	11,800,000		11,141,619
<b>Total Quasi-Sovereign and Corporate Bonds (Cost \$221,935,990)</b>			242,343,890
<b><sup>k</sup> Credit-Linked Notes (Cost \$1,043,014) 0.2%</b>			
<b>Ukraine 0.2%</b>			
<sup>e</sup> ING Americas Issuance BV, (Government of Ukraine), 144A, 5.50%, 8/25/15	9,882,800	UAH	1,110,175

**Total Investments before Short Term Investments**

**(Cost \$643,558,644)** 647,555,666

**Short Term Investments 3.6%**

**Foreign Government and Agency Securities 1.8%**

**Mexico 0.5%**

Mexico Treasury Bills, 9/19/13 - 4/30/14	5,026,580 <sup>m</sup> MXN	3,724,515
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**Nigeria 1.3%**

Nigeria Treasury Bills, 1/09/14 - 5/08/14	1,611,380,000 NGN	9,187,733
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**Sri Lanka 0.0%**

Sri Lanka Treasury Bill, 10/11/13	4,590,000 LKR	34,235
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**Total Foreign Government and Agency Securities (Cost \$13,427,949)** 12,946,483

**Total Investments before Money Market Funds (Cost \$656,986,593)** 660,502,149

# Templeton Emerging Markets Income Fund

## Statement of Investments, August 31, 2013 (continued)

	Shares		Value
<b>Short Term Investments (continued)</b>			
<b>Money Market Funds (Cost \$12,617,116) 1.8%</b>			
<b>United States 1.8%</b>			
<sup>n,o</sup> Institutional Fiduciary Trust Money Market Portfolio	12,617,116	\$	12,617,116
<b>Total Investments (Cost \$669,603,709) 96.2%</b>			673,119,265
<b>Other Assets, less Liabilities 3.8%</b>			26,294,411
<b>Net Assets 100.0%</b>		\$	699,413,676

Rounds to less than 0.1% of net assets.

\*The principal amount is stated in U.S. dollars unless otherwise indicated.

<sup>a</sup>Security is linked to the Argentine GDP and does not pay principal over the life of the security or at expiration. The holder is entitled to receive only variable payments, subject to

certain conditions, which are based on growth of the Argentine GDP and the principal or notional value of this GDP linked security.

<sup>b</sup>The coupon rate shown represents the rate at period end.

<sup>c</sup>Principal amount is stated in 1,000 Brazilian Real Units.

<sup>d</sup>Redemption price at maturity is adjusted for inflation. See Note 1(g).

<sup>e</sup>Security was purchased pursuant to Rule 144A under the Securities Act of 1933 and may be sold in transactions exempt from registration only to qualified institutional buyers or in

a public offering registered under the Securities Act of 1933. These securities have been deemed liquid under guidelines approved by the Fund's Board of Trustees. At August 31,

2013, the aggregate value of these securities was \$369,800,353, representing 52.87% of net assets.

<sup>f</sup>Security was purchased pursuant to Regulation S under the Securities Act of 1933, which exempts from registration securities offered and sold outside of the United States. Such a

security cannot be sold in the United States without either an effective registration statement filed pursuant to the Securities Act of 1933, or pursuant to an exemption from regis-

tration. These securities have been deemed liquid under guidelines approved by the Fund's Board of Trustees. At August 31, 2013, the aggregate value of these securities was

\$38,851,157, representing 5.55% of net assets.

<sup>g</sup>Principal amount is stated in 100 Mexican Peso Units.

<sup>h</sup>A supranational organization is an entity formed by two or more central governments through international treaties.

<sup>i</sup>See Note 1(d) regarding loan participation notes.

<sup>j</sup>See Note 8 regarding defaulted securities.

<sup>k</sup>See Note 1(e) regarding credit-linked notes.

<sup>l</sup>The security is traded on a discount basis with no stated coupon rate.

<sup>m</sup>Principal amount is stated in 10 Mexican Peso Units.

<sup>n</sup>Non-income producing.

<sup>o</sup>See Note 7 regarding investments in the Institutional Fiduciary Trust Money Market Portfolio.

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At August 31, 2013, the Fund had the following forward exchange contracts outstanding. See Note 1(c).

### Forward Exchange Contracts

Currency	Counterparty	Type	Quantity	Contract	Settlement	Unrealized	Unrealized
				Amount*	Date	Appreciation	Depreciation
Ghana Cedi	BZWS	Buy	1,780,000	852,899	9/10/13	\$	\$ (28,448 )
Ghana Cedi	BZWS	Sell	1,780,000	824,074	9/10/13		(377 )
Euro	DBAB	Sell	1,506,000	1,949,592	9/16/13		(41,146 )
Ghana Cedi	BZWS	Buy	1,395,324	629,943	10/07/13	7,831	
Euro	DBAB	Sell	266,000	342,236	11/08/13		(9,454 )
Euro	MSCO	Sell	907,070	1,157,263	11/15/13		(42,045 )
Japanese Yen	CITI	Sell	624,500,000	7,157,675	1/10/14	788,876	
Euro	UBSW	Sell	628,500	822,700	1/13/14		(8,475 )
Japanese Yen	UBSW	Sell	1,873,240,000	21,421,619	1/14/14	2,317,254	

# Templeton Emerging Markets Income Fund

## Statement of Investments, August 31, 2013 (continued)

### Forward Exchange Contracts (continued)

Currency	Counterparty	Type	Quantity	Contract Amount*	Settlement Date	Unrealized Appreciation	Unrealized Depreciation
Japanese Yen	HSBK	Sell	1,620,890,000	18,461,162	1/15/14	\$ 1,930,271	\$
Japanese Yen	DBAB	Sell	626,420,000	7,060,322	1/16/14	671,631	
Japanese Yen	UBSW	Sell	1,770,880,000	19,953,353	1/16/14	1,892,620	
Euro	BZWS	Sell	2,547,416	3,371,416	1/27/14	2,343	
Euro	UBSW	Sell	362,390	484,280	2/26/14	4,948	
Ghana Cedi	BZWS	Buy	1,780,000	755,839	3/10/14	1,013	
Euro	DBAB	Sell	3,345,000	4,313,110	3/31/14		(111,894 )
Euro	HSBK	Sell	826,000	1,079,475	4/10/14		(13,261 )
Euro	DBAB	Sell	688,000	900,420	4/11/14		(9,756 )
Euro	UBSW	Sell	413,000	540,720	4/11/14		(5,650 )
Euro	GSCO	Sell	3,663,000	4,898,530	5/13/14	52,013	
South Korean Won	JPHQ	Buy	7,297,662,505	6,426,827	6/09/14	60,881	
Polish Zloty	DBAB	Buy	16,600,000	3,744,980 EUR	7/07/14	83,832	
Malaysian Ringgit	DBAB	Buy	2,499,000	772,966	7/18/14		(29,701 )
Malaysian Ringgit	DBAB	Buy	3,942,000	1,213,745	7/22/14		(41,517 )
Malaysian Ringgit	DBAB	Buy	4,793,000	1,488,186	7/25/14		(63,100 )
Malaysian Ringgit	JPHQ	Buy	5,039,000	1,546,512	7/30/14		(48,639 )
Euro	CITI	Sell	358,630	477,870	8/11/14	3,140	
Euro	DBAB	Sell	359,450	477,181	8/15/14	1,356	
Euro	MSCO	Sell	907,070	1,203,673	8/15/14	2,932	
Euro	DBAB	Sell	1,347,000	1,798,972	8/20/14	15,822	
Euro	JPHQ	Sell	2,260,000	3,021,157	8/21/14	29,366	
Euro	BZWS	Sell	1,604,997	2,151,643	8/25/14	26,899	
Euro	DBAB	Sell	9,366,031	12,507,398	8/29/14	108,087	
Unrealized appreciation (depreciation)						8,001,115	(453,463 )
Net unrealized appreciation (depreciation)						\$ 7,547,652	

\*In U.S. dollars unless otherwise indicated.

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At August 31, 2013, the Fund had the following interest rate swap contracts outstanding. See Note 1(c).

**Interest Rate Swap  
Contracts**

Counterparty	Pay/Receive	Fixed	Floating Rate	Notional Amount*	Expiration	Unrealized	Unrealized
	Floating Rate	Rate			Date	Appreciation	Depreciation
CITI	Receive	3.440 %	3-month USD BBA LIBOR	7,900,000	4/21/21	\$ \$	(595,718 )

\*In U.S. Dollars unless otherwise indicated.

See Abbreviations on page 32.

Annual Report | The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements. | 17

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# Templeton Emerging Markets Income Fund

## Financial Statements

### Statement of Assets and Liabilities

August 31, 2013

#### Assets:

##### Investments in securities:

Cost - Unaffiliated issuers	\$	656,986,593
Cost - Sweep Money Fund (Note 7)		12,617,116
Total cost of investments	\$	669,603,709
Value - Unaffiliated issuers	\$	660,502,149
Value - Sweep Money Fund (Note 7)		12,617,116
Total value of investments		673,119,265

Cash		230,000
Foreign currency, at value (cost \$7,438,521)		7,432,176

#### Receivables:

Interest		12,701,018
Due from brokers		180,000
Unrealized appreciation on forward exchange contracts		8,001,115

Total assets 701,663,574

#### Liabilities:

##### Payables:

Management fees		604,081
Unrealized depreciation on forward exchange contracts		453,463
Unrealized depreciation on OTC swap contracts		595,718
Deferred tax		355,472
Accrued expenses and other liabilities		241,164

Total liabilities 2,249,898

Net assets, at value \$ 699,413,676

#### Net assets consist of:

Paid-in capital	\$	678,205,788
Undistributed net investment income		5,978,365
Net unrealized appreciation (depreciation)		9,873,988
Accumulated net realized gain (loss)		5,355,535
Net assets, at value	\$	699,413,676

Shares outstanding 47,959,695

Net asset value per share \$ 14.58



# Templeton Emerging Markets Income Fund

## Financial Statements *(continued)*

### Statement of Operations

for the year ended August 31, 2013

Investment income:		
Interest (net of foreign taxes of \$272,259)	\$	59,682,592
Expenses:		
Management fees (Note 3a)		6,588,217
Administrative fees (Note 3b)		953,962
Transfer agent fees		133,258
Custodian fees (Note 4)		279,295
Reports to shareholders		79,838
Registration and filing fees		44,856
Professional fees		65,803
Trustees' fees and expenses		71,658
Other		20,824
	Total expenses	8,237,711
	Expense reductions (Note 4)	(37 )
	Net expenses	8,237,674
Net investment income		51,444,918
Realized and unrealized gains (losses):		
Net realized gain (loss) from:		
Investments		15,366,481
Foreign currency transactions		9,561,471
Swap contracts		(244,044 )
Net realized gain (loss)		24,683,908
Net change in unrealized appreciation (depreciation) on:		
Investments		(55,724,625 )
Translation of other assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies		4,793,025
Change in deferred taxes on unrealized appreciation		522,184
Net change in unrealized appreciation (depreciation)		(50,409,416 )
Net realized and unrealized gain (loss)		(25,725,508 )
Net increase (decrease) in net assets resulting from operations	\$	25,719,410

Annual Report | The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements. | 19

# Templeton Emerging Markets Income Fund

## Financial Statements *(continued)*

### Statements of Changes in Net Assets

	Year Ended August 31,	
	2013	2012
Increase (decrease) in net assets:		
Operations:		
Net investment income	\$ 51,444,918	\$ 51,276,254
Net realized gain (loss) from investments, foreign currency transactions and swap contracts	24,683,908	26,565,028
Net change in unrealized appreciation (depreciation) on investments, translation of other assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies and deferred taxes	(50,409,416 )	(44,434,534 )
Net increase (decrease) in net assets resulting from operations	25,719,410	33,406,748
Distributions to shareholders from:		
Net investment income and net foreign currency gains	(69,051,494 )	(63,588,210 )
Net realized gains	(20,243,294 )	(3,210,158 )
Total distributions to shareholders	(89,294,788 )	(66,798,368 )
Capital share transactions: (Note 2)	3,965,253	2,417,467
Net increase (decrease) in net assets	(59,610,125 )	(30,974,153 )
Net assets:		
Beginning of year	759,023,801	789,997,954
End of year	\$ 699,413,676	\$ 759,023,801
Undistributed net investment income included in net assets:		
End of year	\$ 5,978,365	\$ 4,296,182

20 | The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements. | Annual Report

# Templeton Emerging Markets Income Fund

## Notes to Financial Statements

### 1. ORGANIZATION AND SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Templeton Emerging Markets Income Fund (Fund) is registered under the Investment Company Act of 1940, as amended, (1940 Act) as a closed-end investment company.

The following summarizes the Fund's significant accounting policies.

#### a. Financial Instrument Valuation

The Fund's investments in financial instruments are carried at fair value daily. Fair value is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants on the measurement date. Under procedures approved by the Fund's Board of Trustees (the Board), the Fund's administrator, investment manager and other affiliates have formed the Valuation and Liquidity Oversight Committee (VLOC). The VLOC provides administration and oversight of the Fund's valuation policies and procedures, which are approved annually by the Board. Among other things, these procedures allow the Fund to utilize independent pricing services, quotations from securities and financial instrument dealers, and other market sources to determine fair value.

Debt securities generally trade in the over-the-counter (OTC) market rather than on a securities exchange. The Fund's pricing services use multiple valuation techniques to determine fair value. In instances where sufficient market activity exists, the pricing services may utilize a market-based approach through which quotes from market makers are used to determine fair value. In instances where sufficient market activity may not exist or is limited, the pricing services also utilize proprietary valuation models which may consider market characteristics such as benchmark yield curves, credit spreads, estimated default rates, anticipated market interest rate volatility, coupon rates, anticipated timing of principal repayments, underlying collateral, and other unique security features in order to estimate the relevant cash flows, which are then discounted to calculate the fair value. Securities denominated in a foreign currency are converted into their U.S. dollar equivalent at the foreign exchange rate in effect at the close of the NYSE on the date that the values of the foreign debt securities are determined. Investments in open-end mutual funds are valued at the closing net asset value.

Certain derivatives trade in the OTC market. The Fund's pricing services use various techniques including industry standard option pricing models and proprietary discounted cash flow models to determine the fair value of those instruments. The Fund's net benefit or obligation under the derivative contract, as measured by the fair market value of the contract, is included in net assets.

The Fund has procedures to determine the fair value of financial instruments for which market prices are not reliable or readily available. Under these procedures, the VLOC convenes on a regular basis to review such financial instruments and considers a number of factors, including significant unobservable valuation inputs, when arriving at fair value. The VLOC primarily employs a market-based approach which may use related or comparable assets or liabilities,

# Templeton Emerging Markets Income Fund

## Notes to Financial Statements *(continued)*

### 1. ORGANIZATION AND SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES *(continued)*

#### a. Financial Instrument Valuation *(continued)*

recent transactions, market multiples, book values, and other relevant information for the investment to determine the fair value of the investment. An income-based valuation approach may also be used in which the anticipated future cash flows of the investment are discounted to calculate fair value. Discounts may also be applied due to the nature or duration of any restrictions on the disposition of the investments. Due to the inherent uncertainty of valuations of such investments, the fair values may differ significantly from the values that would have been used had an active market existed. The VLOC employs various methods for calibrating these valuation approaches including a regular review of key inputs and assumptions, transactional back-testing or disposition analysis, and reviews of any related market activity.

Trading in securities on foreign securities stock exchanges and OTC markets may be completed before the daily close of business on the NYSE. Occasionally, events occur between the time at which trading in a foreign security is completed and the close of the NYSE that might call into question the reliability of the value of a portfolio security held by the Fund. As a result, differences may arise between the value of the Fund's portfolio securities as determined at the foreign market close and the latest indications of value at the close of the NYSE. In order to minimize the potential for these differences, the VLOC monitors price movements following the close of trading in foreign stock markets through a series of country specific market proxies (such as baskets of American Depositary Receipts, futures contracts and exchange traded funds). These price movements are measured against established trigger thresholds for each specific market proxy to assist in determining if an event has occurred that may call into question the reliability of the values of the foreign securities held by the Fund. If such an event occurs, the securities may be valued using fair value procedures, which may include the use of independent pricing services.

In addition, certain foreign markets may be open on days that the NYSE is closed, which could result in differences between the value of the Fund's portfolio securities on the last business day and the last calendar day of the reporting period. Any significant security valuation changes due to an open foreign market are adjusted and reflected by the Fund for financial reporting purposes.

#### b. Foreign Currency Translation

Portfolio securities and other assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are translated into U.S. dollars based on the exchange rate of such currencies against U.S. dollars on the date of valuation. The Fund may enter into foreign currency exchange contracts to facilitate transactions denominated in a foreign currency. Purchases and sales of securities, income and expense items denominated in foreign currencies are translated into U.S. dollars at the exchange rate in effect on the transaction date. Portfolio securities and assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies contain risks that those currencies will decline in value relative to the U.S. dollar. Occasionally, events may impact the availability or reliability of foreign exchange rates used to convert the U.S. dollar equivalent value. If such an event occurs, the foreign exchange rate will be valued at fair value using procedures established and approved by the Board.

# Templeton Emerging Markets Income Fund

## Notes to Financial Statements *(continued)*

### 1. ORGANIZATION AND SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES *(continued)*

#### b. Foreign Currency Translation *(continued)*

The Fund does not separately report the effect of changes in foreign exchange rates from changes in market prices on securities held. Such changes are included in net realized and unrealized gain or loss from investments on the Statement of Operations.

Realized foreign exchange gains or losses arise from sales of foreign currencies, currency gains or losses realized between the trade and settlement dates on securities transactions and the difference between the recorded amounts of dividends, interest, and foreign withholding taxes and the U.S. dollar equivalent of the amounts actually received or paid. Net unrealized foreign exchange gains and losses arise from changes in foreign exchange rates on foreign denominated assets and liabilities other than investments in securities held at the end of the reporting period.

#### c. Derivative Financial Instruments

The Fund invested in derivatives in order to manage risk or gain exposure to various other investments or markets. Derivatives are financial contracts based on an underlying or notional amount, require no initial investment or an initial net investment that is smaller than would normally be required to have a similar response to changes in market factors, and require or permit net settlement. Derivatives contain various risks including the potential inability of the counterparty to fulfill their obligations under the terms of the contract, the potential for an illiquid secondary market, and/or the potential for market movements which expose the Fund to gains or losses in excess of the amounts shown on the Statement of Assets and Liabilities. Realized gain and loss and unrealized appreciation and depreciation on these contracts for the period are included in the Statement of Operations.

Derivative counterparty credit risk is managed through a formal evaluation of the creditworthiness of all potential counterparties. The Fund attempts to reduce its exposure to counterparty credit risk on OTC derivatives, whenever possible, by entering into International Swaps and Derivatives Association (ISDA) master agreements with certain counterparties. These agreements contain various provisions, including but not limited to collateral requirements, events of default, or early termination. Termination events applicable to the counterparty include certain deteriorations in the credit quality of the counterparty. Termination events applicable to the Fund include failure of the Fund to maintain certain net asset levels and/or limit the decline in net assets over various periods of time. In the event of default or early termination, the ISDA master agreement gives the non-defaulting party the right to net and close-out all transactions traded, whether or not arising under the ISDA agreement, to one net amount payable by one counterparty to the other. However, absent an event of default or early termination, OTC derivative assets and liabilities are presented gross and not offset in the Statement of Assets and Liabilities. Early termination by the counterparty may result in an immediate payment by the Fund of any net liability owed to that counterparty under the ISDA agreement. At August 31, 2013, the Fund had OTC derivatives in a net liability position of \$39,113.

# Templeton Emerging Markets Income Fund

## Notes to Financial Statements *(continued)*

### 1. ORGANIZATION AND SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES *(continued)*

#### c. Derivative Financial Instruments *(continued)*

Collateral requirements differ by type of derivative. Collateral terms are contract specific for OTC derivatives. For OTC derivatives traded under an ISDA master agreement, posting of collateral is required by either the fund or the applicable counterparty if the total net exposure of all OTC derivatives with the applicable counterparty exceeds the minimum transfer amount, which typically ranges from \$100,000 to \$250,000, and can vary depending on the counterparty and the type of the agreement. Generally, collateral is determined at the close of fund business each day and any additional collateral required due to changes in derivative values may be delivered by the fund or the counterparty within a few business days. Collateral pledged and/or received by the fund, if any, is held in segregated accounts with the fund's custodian/counterparty broker and can be in the form of cash and/or securities. Unrestricted cash may be invested according to the Fund's investment objectives.

At August 31, 2013, the Fund received \$5,957,698 in United Kingdom Treasury Bonds and Notes and United States Treasury Bonds and Notes as collateral for derivatives.

The Fund entered into OTC forward exchange contracts primarily to manage and/or gain exposure to certain foreign currencies. A forward exchange contract is an agreement between the Fund and a counterparty to buy or sell a foreign currency at a specific exchange rate on a future date.

The Fund entered into interest rate swap contracts primarily to manage interest rate risk. An interest rate swap is an agreement between the Fund and a counterparty to exchange cash flows based on the difference between two interest rates, applied to a notional principal amount. These agreements may be privately negotiated in the over-the-counter market (OTC interest rate swaps) or may be executed on a registered exchange (centrally cleared interest rate swaps). For centrally cleared interest rate swaps, required initial margin deposits of cash or securities are pledged by the Fund. Subsequent payments, known as variation margin, are made or received by the Fund, depending on fluctuations in the value of the centrally cleared interest rate swaps. Such variation margin is accounted for as a payable or receivable on the Statement of Assets and Liabilities and settled daily until the contract is closed, at which time the gains or losses are realized. Over the term of the contract, contractually required payments to be paid and to be received are accrued daily and recorded as unrealized depreciation and appreciation until the payments are made, at which time they are realized.

See Note 10 regarding other derivative information.

#### d. Loan Participation Notes

The Fund invests in loan participation notes (Participations). Participations are loans originally issued to a borrower by one or more financial institutions (the Lender) and subsequently sold to other investors, such as the Fund. Participations typically result in the Fund having a contractual relationship only with the Lender, and not with the borrower. The Fund has the right to receive from the Lender any payments of principal, interest and fees which the Lender received.

# Templeton Emerging Markets Income Fund

## Notes to Financial Statements *(continued)*

### 1. ORGANIZATION AND SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES *(continued)*

#### d. Loan Participation Notes *(continued)*

from the borrower. The Fund generally has no rights to either enforce compliance by the borrower with the terms of the loan agreement or to any collateral relating to the original loan. As a result, the Fund assumes the credit risk of both the borrower and the Lender that is selling the Participation. The Participations may also involve interest rate risk and liquidity risk, including the potential default or insolvency of the borrower and/or the Lender.

#### e. Credit-Linked Notes

The Fund purchases credit-linked notes. Credit-linked notes are intended to replicate the economic effects that would apply had the Fund directly purchased the underlying reference asset. The risks of credit-linked notes include the potential default of the underlying reference asset, the potential inability of the Fund to dispose of the credit-linked note in the normal course of business, and the possible inability of the counterparties to fulfill their obligations under the contracts.

#### f. Income and Deferred Taxes

It is the Fund's policy to qualify as a regulated investment company under the Internal Revenue Code. The Fund intends to distribute to shareholders substantially all of its taxable income and net realized gains to relieve it from federal income and excise taxes. As a result, no provision for U.S. federal income taxes is required.

The Fund may be subject to foreign taxation related to income received, capital gains on the sale of securities and certain foreign currency transactions in the foreign jurisdictions in which it invests. Foreign taxes, if any, are recorded based on the tax regulations and rates that exist in the foreign markets in which the Fund invests. When a capital gain tax is determined to apply the Fund records an estimated deferred tax liability in an amount that would be payable if the securities were disposed of on the valuation date.

The Fund recognizes the tax benefits of uncertain tax positions only when the position is more likely than not to be sustained upon examination by the tax authorities based on the technical merits of the tax position. As of August 31, 2013, and for all open tax years, the Fund has determined that no liability for unrecognized tax benefits is required in the Fund's financial statements related to uncertain tax positions taken on a tax return (or expected to be taken on future tax returns). Open tax years are those that remain subject to examination and are based on each tax jurisdiction statute of limitation.

#### g. Security Transactions, Investment Income, Expenses and Distributions

Security transactions are accounted for on trade date. Realized gains and losses on security transactions are determined on a specific identification basis. Interest income and estimated expenses are accrued daily. Amortization of premium and accretion of discount on debt securities are included in interest income. Distributions to shareholders are recorded on the ex-dividend date

# Templeton Emerging Markets Income Fund

## Notes to Financial Statements *(continued)*

### 1. ORGANIZATION AND SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES *(continued)*

#### g. Security Transactions, Investment Income, Expenses and Distributions *(continued)*

and are determined according to income tax regulations (tax basis). Distributable earnings determined on a tax basis may differ from earnings recorded in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. These differences may be permanent or temporary. Permanent differences are reclassified among capital accounts to reflect their tax character. These reclassifications have no impact on net assets or the results of operations. Temporary differences are not reclassified, as they may reverse in subsequent periods.

Inflation-indexed bonds are adjusted for inflation through periodic increases or decreases in the security's interest accruals, face amount, or principal redemption value, by amounts corresponding to the rate of inflation as measured by an index. Any increase or decrease in the face amount or principal redemption value will be included as interest income on the Statement of Operations.

#### h. Accounting Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the amounts of income and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

#### i. Guarantees and Indemnifications

Under the Fund's organizational documents, its officers and trustees are indemnified by the Fund against certain liabilities arising out of the performance of their duties to the Fund. Additionally, in the normal course of business, the Fund enters into contracts with service providers that contain general indemnification clauses. The Fund's maximum exposure under these arrangements is unknown as this would involve future claims that may be made against the Fund that have not yet occurred. Currently, the Fund expects the risk of loss to be remote.

## 2. SHARES OF BENEFICIAL INTEREST

At August 31, 2013, there were an unlimited number of shares authorized (without par value).

Transactions in the Fund's shares were as follows:

	Year Ended August 31,			
	2013		2012	
	Shares	Amount	Shares	Amount
Shares issued in reinvestment of distributions	242,378	\$ 3,965,253	159,418	\$ 2,417,467

# Templeton Emerging Markets Income Fund

## Notes to Financial Statements *(continued)*

### 2. SHARES OF BENEFICIAL INTEREST *(continued)*

The Board previously authorized an open-market share repurchase program pursuant to which the Fund may purchase, from time to time, Fund shares in open-market transactions, at the discretion of management. Effective February 26, 2013, the Board approved a modification to the Fund's previously announced open-market share repurchase program to authorize the Fund to repurchase up to 10% of the Fund's shares outstanding in open market transactions as of that date, at the discretion of management. Since the inception of the program, the Fund had repurchased a total of 610,500 shares. During the years ended August 31, 2013 and August 31, 2012, there were no shares repurchased.

### 3. TRANSACTIONS WITH AFFILIATES

Franklin Resources, Inc. is the holding company for various subsidiaries that together are referred to as Franklin Templeton Investments. Certain officers and trustees of the Fund are also officers and/or directors of the following subsidiaries:

Subsidiary	Affiliation
Franklin Advisers, Inc. (Advisers)	Investment manager
Franklin Templeton Services, LLC (FT Services)	Administrative manager

#### a. Management Fees

The Fund pays an investment management fee to Advisers based on the average daily net assets of the Fund as follows:

Annualized Fee Rate	Net Assets
1.00 %	Up to and including \$1 billion
0.98 %	Over \$1 billion, up to and including \$5 billion
0.96 %	Over \$5 billion, up to and including \$10 billion
0.94 %	Over \$10 billion, up to and including \$15 billion
0.92 %	Over \$15 billion, up to and including \$20 billion
0.90 %	In excess of \$20 billion

Effective July 1, 2013, the Fund combined its investment management and administration agreements as approved by the Board. The fees paid under the combined agreement do not exceed the aggregate fees that were paid under the separate agreements.

Prior to July 1, 2013, the Fund paid fees to Advisers based on the average daily net assets of the Fund as follows:

Annualized Fee Rate	Net Assets
0.850 %	Up to and including \$1 billion
0.830 %	Over \$1 billion, up to and including \$5 billion
0.810 %	Over \$5 billion, up to and including \$10 billion
0.790 %	Over \$10 billion, up to and including \$15 billion
0.770 %	Over \$15 billion, up to and including \$20 billion
0.750 %	In excess of \$20 billion



# Templeton Emerging Markets Income Fund

## Notes to Financial Statements *(continued)*

### 3. TRANSACTIONS WITH AFFILIATES *(continued)*

#### b. Administrative Fees

Effective July 1, 2013, under an agreement with Advisers, FT Services provides administrative services to the Fund. The fee is paid by Advisers based on the Fund's average daily net assets, and is not an additional expense of the Fund.

Prior to July 1, 2013, the Fund paid administrative fees to FT Services of 0.15% per year of the average daily net assets of the Fund.

### 4. EXPENSE OFFSET ARRANGEMENT

The Fund has entered into an arrangement with its custodian whereby credits realized as a result of uninvested cash balances are used to reduce a portion of the Fund's custodian expenses. During the year ended August 31, 2013, the custodian fees were reduced as noted in the Statement of Operations.

### 5. INCOME TAXES

The tax character of distributions paid during the years ended August 31, 2013 and 2012, was as follows:

	2013	2012
Distributions paid from:		
Ordinary income	\$ 69,051,494	\$ 63,649,766
Long term capital gain	20,243,294	3,148,602
	\$ 89,294,788	\$ 66,798,368

At August 31, 2013, the cost of investments, net unrealized appreciation (depreciation), undistributed ordinary income and undistributed long term capital gains for income tax purposes were as follows:

Cost of investments	\$	674,559,644
Unrealized appreciation	\$	43,799,754
Unrealized depreciation		(45,240,133 )
Net unrealized appreciation (depreciation)	\$	(1,440,379 )
Undistributed ordinary income	\$	21,487,202
Undistributed long term capital gains		5,357,076
Distributable earnings	\$	26,844,278

Differences between income and/or capital gains as determined on a book basis and a tax basis are primarily due to differing treatments of foreign currency transactions and notional principal contracts.



# Templeton Emerging Markets Income Fund

## Notes to Financial Statements *(continued)*

### 6. INVESTMENT TRANSACTIONS

Purchases and sales of investments (excluding short term securities) for the year ended August 31, 2013, aggregated \$104,839,011 and \$101,359,467, respectively.

### 7. INVESTMENTS IN INSTITUTIONAL FIDUCIARY TRUST MONEY MARKET PORTFOLIO

The Fund invests in the Institutional Fiduciary Trust Money Market Portfolio (Sweep Money Fund), an open-end investment company managed by Advisers. Management fees paid by the Fund are reduced on assets invested in the Sweep Money Fund, in an amount not to exceed the management and administrative fees paid by the Sweep Money Fund.

### 8. CREDIT RISK AND DEFAULTED SECURITIES

At August 31, 2013, the Fund had 62.09% of its portfolio invested in high yield or other securities rated below investment grade. These securities may be more sensitive to economic conditions causing greater price volatility and are potentially subject to a greater risk of loss due to default than higher rated securities.

The Fund held a defaulted security and/or other securities for which the income has been deemed uncollectible. At August 31, 2013, the value of this security was \$1,852,400, representing 0.26% of the Fund's net assets. The Fund discontinues accruing income on securities for which income has been deemed uncollectible and provides an estimate for losses on interest receivable. The security has been identified on the accompanying Statement of Investments.

### 9. CONCENTRATION OF RISK

Investing in foreign securities may include certain risks and considerations not typically associated with investing in U.S. securities, such as fluctuating currency values and changing local and regional economic, political and social conditions, which may result in greater market volatility. In addition, certain foreign securities may not be as liquid as U.S. securities.

# Templeton Emerging Markets Income Fund

## Notes to Financial Statements *(continued)*

### 10. OTHER DERIVATIVE INFORMATION

At August 31, 2013, the Fund's investments in derivative contracts are reflected on the Statement of Assets and Liabilities as follows:

Derivative Contracts Not Accounted for as Hedging Instruments	Asset Derivatives		Liability Derivatives	
	Statement of Assets and Liabilities Location	Fair Value Amount	Statement of Assets and Liabilities Location	Fair Value Amount
Interest rate contracts	Unrealized appreciation on swap contracts	\$	Unrealized depreciation on swap contracts	\$ 595,718
Foreign exchange contracts	Unrealized appreciation on forward exchange contracts	8,001,115	Unrealized appreciation on forward exchange contracts	453,463

For the year ended August 31, 2013, the effect of derivative contracts on the Fund's Statement of Operations was as follows:

Derivative Contracts Not Accounted for as Hedging Instruments	Statement of Operations Locations	Realized Gain (Loss) for the Year	Change in Unrealized Appreciation (Depreciation) for the Year
Interest rate contracts	Net realized gain (loss) from swap contracts / Net change in unrealized appreciation (depreciation) on investments	\$ (244,044 )	\$ 780,702
Foreign exchange contracts	Net realized gain (loss) from foreign currency transactions/Net change in unrealized appreciation (depreciation) on translation of other assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies	10,545,896	5,000,790

For the year ended August 31, 2013, the average month end market value of derivatives represented 1.32% of average month end net assets. The average month end number of open derivative contracts for the year was 40.

See Note 1(c) regarding derivative financial instruments.

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# Templeton Emerging Markets Income Fund

## Notes to Financial Statements *(continued)*

### 11. FAIR VALUE MEASUREMENTS

The Fund follows a fair value hierarchy that distinguishes between market data obtained from independent sources (observable inputs) and the Fund's own market assumptions (unobservable inputs). These inputs are used in determining the value of the Fund's financial instruments and are summarized in the following fair value hierarchy:

- Level 1 – quoted prices in active markets for identical financial instruments
- Level 2 – other significant observable inputs (including quoted prices for similar financial instruments, interest rates, prepayment speed, credit risk, etc.)
- Level 3 – significant unobservable inputs (including the Fund's own assumptions in determining the fair value of financial instruments)

The inputs or methodology used for valuing financial instruments are not an indication of the risk associated with investing in those financial instruments.

For movements between the levels within the fair value hierarchy, the Fund has adopted a policy of recognizing the transfers as of the date of the underlying event which caused the movement.

A summary of inputs used as of August 31, 2013, in valuing the Fund's assets and liabilities carried at fair value, is as follows:

	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total
<b>Assets:</b>				
Investments in Securities:				
Foreign Government and Agency				
Securities <sup>a</sup>	\$	\$ 404,101,601	\$	\$ 404,101,601
Quasi-Sovereign and Corporate Bonds <sup>a</sup>		242,343,890		242,343,890
Credit-Linked Notes		1,110,175		1,110,175
Short Term Investments	12,617,116	12,946,483		25,563,599
Total Investments in Securities	\$ 12,617,116	\$ 660,502,149	\$	\$ 673,119,265
Forward Exchange Contracts	\$	\$ 8,001,115	\$	\$ 8,001,115
<b>Liabilities:</b>				
Swap Contracts		595,718		595,718
Forward Exchange Contracts		453,463		453,463

<sup>a</sup>For detailed categories, see the accompanying Statement of Investments.

# Templeton Emerging Markets Income Fund

## Notes to Financial Statements *(continued)*

### 12. NEW ACCOUNTING PRONOUNCEMENTS

In December 2011, the Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) issued Accounting Standards Update (ASU) No. 2011-11, Balance Sheet (Topic 210): Disclosures about Offsetting Assets and Liabilities. The amendments in the ASU enhance disclosures about offsetting of financial assets and liabilities to enable investors to understand the effect of these arrangements on a fund's financial position. In January 2013, FASB issued ASU No. 2013-01, Balance Sheet (Topic 210): Clarifying the Scope of Disclosures about Offsetting Assets and Liabilities. The amendments in ASU No. 2013-01 clarify the intended scope of disclosures required by ASU No. 2011-11. These ASUs are effective for interim and annual reporting periods beginning on or after January 1, 2013. The Fund believes the adoption of these ASUs will not have a material impact on its financial statements.

In June 2013, the FASB issued Accounting Standards Update (ASU) No. 2013-08, Investment Companies (Topic 946): Amendments to the Scope, Measurement, and Disclosure Requirements. The ASU modifies the criteria used in defining an investment company under U.S. Generally Accepted Accounting Principles and also sets forth certain measurement and disclosure requirements. Under the ASU, an entity that is registered under the 1940 Act automatically qualifies as an investment company. The ASU is effective for interim and annual reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2013. The Fund is currently reviewing the requirements and believes the adoption of this ASU will not have a material impact on its financial statements.

### 13. SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

The Fund has evaluated subsequent events through the issuance of the financial statements and determined that no events have occurred that require disclosure.

### ABBREVIATIONS

Counterparty	Currency	Selected Portfolio
<b>BZWS</b> - Barclays Bank PLC	<b>BRL</b> - Brazilian Real	<b>FRN</b> - Floating Rate Note
<b>CITI</b> - Citibank N.A.	<b>DEM</b> - Deutsche Mark	<b>GDP</b> - Gross Domestic Product
<b>DBAB</b> - Deutsche Bank AG	<b>EUR</b> - Euro	
<b>GSCO</b> - The Goldman Sachs Group, Inc.	<b>GHS</b> - Ghanaian Cedi	
<b>HSBK</b> - HSBC Bank PLC	<b>IDR</b> - Indonesian Rupiah	
<b>JPHQ</b> - JPMorgan Chase Bank N.A.	<b>LKR</b> - Sri Lankan Rupee	
<b>MSCO</b> - Morgan Stanley and Co. Inc.	<b>MXN</b> - Mexican Peso	
<b>UBSW</b> - UBS AG	<b>NGN</b> - Nigerian Naira	
	<b>RSD</b> - Serbian Dinar	
	<b>UAH</b> - Ukraine Hryvnia	

# Templeton Emerging Markets Income Fund

## Report of Independent Registered Public Accounting Firm

### To the Board of Trustees and Shareholders of Templeton Emerging Markets Income Fund

In our opinion, the accompanying statement of assets and liabilities, including the statement of investments, and the related statements of operations and of changes in net assets and the financial highlights present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of Templeton Emerging Markets Income Fund (the Fund) at August 31, 2013, the results of its operations for the year then ended, the changes in its net assets for each of the two years in the period then ended and the financial highlights for each of the five years in the period then ended, in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. These financial statements and financial highlights (hereafter referred to as financial statements) are the responsibility of the Fund's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audits. We conducted our audits of these financial statements in accordance with the standards of the Public Company Accounting Oversight Board (United States). Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements, assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, and evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audits, which included confirmation of securities at August 31, 2013 by correspondence with the custodian, transfer agent and brokers, provide a reasonable basis for our opinion.

PricewaterhouseCoopers LLP

San Francisco, California  
October 18, 2013

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# Templeton Emerging Markets Income Fund

## Tax Information (unaudited)

Under Section 852(b)(3)(C) of the Internal Revenue Code (Code), the Fund hereby reports the maximum amount allowable but no less than \$20,243,294 as a long term capital gain dividend for the fiscal year ended August 31, 2013.

At August 31, 2012, more than 50% of the Fund's total assets were invested in securities of foreign issuers. In most instances, foreign taxes were withheld from income paid to the Fund on these investments. As shown in the table below, the Fund hereby reports to shareholders the foreign source income and foreign taxes paid, pursuant to Section 853 of the Code. This written statement will allow shareholders of record on September 28, 2012, to treat their proportionate share of foreign taxes paid by the Fund as having been paid directly by them. The shareholder shall consider these amounts as foreign taxes paid in the tax year in which they receive the Fund distribution.

The following table provides a detailed analysis of foreign tax paid, foreign source income, and foreign qualified dividends as reported by the Fund, to shareholders of record.

Foreign Tax Paid		Foreign Source		Foreign Qualified	
Per Share		Income Per Share		Dividends Per Share	
\$	0.0351	\$	1.3694	\$	

Foreign Tax Paid Per Share (Column 1) is the amount per share available to you, as a tax credit (assuming you held your shares in the Fund for a minimum of 16 days during the 31-day period beginning 15 days before the ex-dividend date of the Fund's distribution to which the foreign taxes relate), or, as a tax deduction.

Foreign Source Income Per Share (Column 2) is the amount per share of income dividends attributable to foreign securities held by the Fund, plus any foreign taxes withheld on these dividends. The amounts reported include foreign source qualified dividends that have not been adjusted for the rate differential applicable to such dividend income.<sup>1</sup>

Foreign Qualified Dividends Per Share (Column 3) is the amount per share of foreign source qualified dividends, plus any foreign taxes withheld on these dividends. These amounts represent the portion of the Foreign Source Income reported to you in column 2 that were derived from qualified foreign securities held by the Fund.<sup>1</sup>

By mid-February 2013, shareholders received Form 1099-DIV which included their share of taxes paid and foreign source income distributed during the calendar year 2012. The Foreign Source Income reported on Form 1099-DIV has not been adjusted for the rate differential on foreign source qualified dividend income. Shareholders are advised to check with their tax advisors for information on the treatment of these amounts on their 2012 individual income tax returns.

1. Qualified dividends are taxed at reduced long term capital gains tax rates. In determining the amount of foreign tax credit that may be applied against the U.S. tax liability of individuals receiving foreign source qualified dividends, adjustments may be required to the foreign tax credit limitation calculation to reflect the rate differential applicable to such dividend income. The rules however permit certain individuals to elect not to apply the rate differential adjustments for capital gains and/or dividends for any taxable year. Please consult your tax advisor and the instructions to Form 1116 for more information.

# Templeton Emerging Markets Income Fund

## Annual Meeting of Shareholders, March 1, 2013 (unaudited)

The Annual Meeting of Shareholders of the Fund was held at the Fund's offices, 300 S.E. 2nd Street, Fort Lauderdale, Florida, on March 1, 2013. The purpose of the meeting was to elect four Trustees of the Fund and to ratify the selection of PricewaterhouseCoopers LLP as the independent registered public accounting firm for the Fund for the fiscal year ending August 31, 2013.

At the meeting, the following persons were elected by the shareholders to serve as Trustees of the Fund: Frank J. Crothers, Frank A. Olson, Charles B. Johnson and Gregory E. Johnson.\* Shareholders also ratified the selection of PricewaterhouseCoopers LLP as the independent registered public accounting firm for the Fund for the fiscal year ending August 31, 2013. No other business was transacted at the meeting.

The results of the voting at the Annual Meeting are as follows:

### 1. Election of four Trustees:

Term Expiring 2016	For	% of			% of	
		Outstanding	Present	Withheld	Outstanding	Present
	Shares	and			Shares	and
		Voting			Voting	
Frank J. Crothers	42,810,033	89.65 %	98.05 %	851,475	1.78 %	1.95 %
Frank A. Olson	42,734,340	89.49 %	97.88 %	927,168	1.94 %	2.12 %
Charles B. Johnson	42,721,822	89.46 %	97.85 %	939,686	1.97 %	2.15 %
Gregory E. Johnson	42,781,835	89.59 %	97.99 %	879,673	1.84 %	2.01 %

There were approximately 318,026 broker non-votes and 1,125 uncast votes received with respect to this item.

### 2. Ratification of the selection of PricewaterhouseCoopers LLP as the independent registered public accounting firm for the Fund for the fiscal year ending August 31, 2013:

	% of		% of	
	Shares	Present	Outstanding	and
	Voted		Shares	Voting
For	43,258,963	98.36 %	90.59 %	98.36 %
Against	321,319	0.73 %	0.67 %	0.73 %
Abstain	400,377	0.91 %	0.84 %	0.91 %
Total	43,980,659	100.00 %	92.10 %	100.00 %

\*Harris J. Ashton, Ann Torre Bates, Edith E. Holiday, J. Michael Luttig, David W. Niemiec, Larry D. Thompson, Constantine D. Tseretopoulos and Robert E. Wade are Trustees of the Fund who are currently serving and whose terms of office continued after the Annual Meeting of Shareholders.



# Templeton Emerging Markets Income Fund

## Dividend Reinvestment and Cash Purchase Plan

The Fund offers a Dividend Reinvestment and Cash Purchase Plan (the Plan ) with the following features:

If shares of the Fund are held in the shareholder's name, the shareholder will automatically be a participant in the Plan unless he elects to withdraw. If the shares are registered in the name of a broker-dealer or other nominee (i.e., in street name ), the broker-dealer or nominee will elect to participate in the Plan on the shareholder's behalf unless the shareholder instructs them otherwise, or unless the reinvestment service is not provided by the broker-dealer or nominee.

Participants should contact Computershare Shareowner Services, LLC, P.O. Box 43006, Providence, RI, 02940-3006, to receive the Plan brochure.

To receive dividends or distributions in cash, the shareholder must notify Computershare Trust Company, N.A. (formerly, The Bank of New York Mellon) (the Plan Administrator ) at the address above or the institution in whose name the shares are held. The Plan Administrator must receive written notice ten business days before the record date for the distribution.

Whenever the Fund declares dividends in either cash or shares of the Fund, if the market price is equal to or exceeds net asset value at the valuation date, the participant will receive the dividends entirely in new shares at a price equal to the net asset value, but not less than 95% of the then current market price of the Fund's shares. If the market price is lower than net asset value or if dividends and/or capital gains distributions are payable only in cash, the participant will receive shares purchased on the New York Stock Exchange or otherwise on the open market.

A participant has the option of submitting additional cash payments to the Plan Administrator, in any amounts of at least \$100, up to a maximum of \$5,000 per month, for the purchase of Fund shares for his or her account. These payments can be made by check payable to Computershare Trust Company, N.A. and sent to Computershare Shareowner Services, LLC, P.O. Box 43006, Providence, RI, 02940-3006, Attention: Templeton Emerging Markets Income Fund. The Plan Administrator will apply such payments (less a \$5.00 service charge and less a pro rata share of trading fees) to purchases of the Fund's shares on the open market.

The automatic reinvestment of dividends and/or capital gains does not relieve the participant of any income tax that may be payable on dividends or distributions.

Whenever shares are purchased on the New York Stock Exchange or otherwise on the open market, each participant will pay a pro rata portion of trading fees. Trading fees will be deducted from amounts to be invested. The Plan Administrator's fee for a sale of shares through the Plan is \$15.00 per transaction plus a \$0.12 per share trading fee.

# Templeton Emerging Markets Income Fund

## **Dividend Reinvestment and Cash Purchase Plan** *(continued)*

A participant may withdraw from the Plan without penalty at any time by written notice to the Plan Administrator sent to Computershare Shareowner Services, LLC, P. O. Box 43006, Providence, RI, 02940-3006. Upon withdrawal, the participant will receive, without charge, share certificates issued in the participant's name for all full shares held by the Plan Administrator; or, if the participant wishes, the Plan Administrator will sell the shares and send the proceeds to the participant, less a service charge of \$15.00 and less trading fees of \$0.12 per share. The Plan Administrator will convert any fractional shares held at the time of withdrawal to cash at current market price and send a check to the participant for the net proceeds.

## **Direct Deposit Service for Registered Shareholders**

Cash distributions can now be electronically credited to a checking or savings account at any financial institution that participates in the Automated Clearing House (ACH) system. The Direct Deposit service is provided for registered shareholders at no charge. To enroll in the service, access your account online by going to [www.computershare.com/investor](http://www.computershare.com/investor) or dial (800) 416-5585 (toll free) and follow the instructions. Direct Deposit will begin with the next scheduled distribution payment date following enrollment in the service.

# Templeton Emerging Markets Income Fund

## Transfer Agent

Computershare Shareowner Services, LLC  
P.O. Box 43006  
Providence, RI 02940-3006

### Overnight Address:

250 Royall Street  
Canton, MA 02021

(800) 416-5585

[www.computershare.com/investor](http://www.computershare.com/investor)

## Direct Registration

If you are a registered shareholder of the Fund, purchases of shares of the Fund can be electronically credited to your Fund account at Computershare Shareowner Services, LLC through Direct Registration. This service provides shareholders with a convenient way to keep track of shares through book entry transactions, electronically move book-entry shares between broker-dealers, transfer agents and DRS eligible issuers, and eliminate the possibility of lost certificates.

For additional information, please contact Computershare Shareowner Services, LLC at (800) 416-5585.

## Shareholder Information

Shares of Templeton Emerging Markets Income Fund are traded on the New York Stock Exchange under the symbol **TEI**. Information about the net asset value and the market price is published each Monday in the *Wall Street Journal*, weekly in *Barron's* and each Saturday in *The New York Times* and other newspapers. Daily market prices for the Fund's shares are published in the New York Stock Exchange Composite Transactions section of newspapers.

For current information about dividends and shareholder accounts, call (800) 416-5585. Registered shareholders can access their Fund account on-line with the *Investor ServiceDirect* website. For information go to Computershare Shareowner Services, LLC's web site at [www.computershare.com/investor](http://www.computershare.com/investor) and follow the instructions.

The daily closing net asset value as of the previous business day may be obtained when available by calling Franklin Templeton Fund Information after 7 a.m. Pacific time any business day at (800) DIAL BEN/342-5236. The Fund's net asset value and dividends are also listed on the NASDAQ Stock Market, Inc.'s Mutual Fund Quotation Service (NASDAQ MFQS).

Shareholders not receiving copies of reports to shareholders because their shares are registered in the name of a broker or a custodian can request that they be added to the Fund's mailing list, by writing Templeton Emerging Markets Income Fund, 100 Fountain Parkway, P.O. Box 33030, St. Petersburg, FL 33733-8030.

# Templeton Emerging Markets Income Fund

## Board Members and Officers

The name, year of birth and address of the officers and board members, as well as their affiliations, positions held with the Fund, principal occupations during the at least the past five years and number of U.S. registered portfolios overseen in the Franklin Templeton Investments fund complex are shown below. Generally, each board member serves a three-year term that continues until that person's successor is elected and qualified.

### Independent Board Members

Name, Year of Birth and Address	Position	Length of Time Served	Number of Portfolios in Fund Complex Overseen by Board Member*	Other Directorships Held During at Least the Past 5 Years
<b>Harris J. Ashton (1932)</b> 300 S.E. 2nd Street Fort Lauderdale, FL 33301-1923	Trustee	Since 1993	141	Bar-S Foods (meat packing company) (1981-2010).
<b>Principal Occupation During at Least the Past 5 Years:</b>				
Director of various companies; and <b>formerly</b> , Director, RBC Holdings, Inc. (bank holding company) (until 2002); and President, Chief Executive Officer and Chairman of the Board, General Host Corporation (nursery and craft centers) (until 1998).				
<b>Ann Torre Bates (1958)</b> 300 S.E. 2nd Street Fort Lauderdale, FL 33301-1923	Trustee	Since 2008	38	SLM Corporation (Sallie Mae), Ares Capital Corporation (specialty finance company) and Allied Capital Corporation (financial services) (2003-2010).
<b>Principal Occupation During at Least the Past 5 Years:</b>				
Independent strategic and financial consultant; and <b>formerly</b> , Executive Vice President and Chief Financial Officer, NHP Incorporated (manager of multifamily housing) (1995-1997); and Vice President and Treasurer, US Airways, Inc. (until 1995).				
<b>Frank J. Crothers (1944)</b> 300 S.E. 2nd Street Fort Lauderdale, FL 33301-1923	Trustee	Since 1999	27	Talon Metals Corp. (mining exploration), Fortis, Inc. (utility holding company) and AML Foods Limited (retail distributors).
<b>Principal Occupation During at Least the Past 5 Years:</b>				
Director and Vice Chairman, Caribbean Utilities Company, Ltd.; director of various other private business and nonprofit organizations; and <b>formerly</b> , Chairman, Atlantic Equipment and Power Ltd. (1977-2003).				
<b>Edith E. Holiday (1952)</b> 300 S.E. 2nd Street Fort Lauderdale, FL 33301-1923	Lead Independent Trustee	Trustee since 1996 and Lead Independent	141	Hess Corporation (exploration and refining of oil and gas), H.J. Heinz Company (processed foods and allied products) (1994-2013), RTI

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Trustee  
since 2007

International Metals, Inc. (manufacture  
and distribution of titanium), Canadian  
National Railway (railroad) and White  
Mountains Insurance Group, Ltd.  
(holding company).

**Principal Occupation During at Least the Past 5 Years:**

Director or Trustee of various companies and trusts; and **formerly**, Assistant to the President of the United States and Secretary of the Cabinet (1990-1993); General Counsel to the United States Treasury Department (1989-1990); and Counselor to the Secretary and Assistant Secretary for Public Affairs and Public Liaison United States Treasury Department (1988-1989).

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Name, Year of Birth and Address	Position	Length of Time Served	Number of Portfolios in Fund Complex Overseen by Board Member*	Other Directorships Held During at Least the Past 5 Years
<b>J. Michael Luttig (1954)</b> 300 S.E. 2nd Street Fort Lauderdale, FL 33301-1923	Trustee	Since 2009	141	Boeing Capital Corporation (aircraft financing) (2006-2013).
<b>Principal Occupation During at Least the Past 5 Years:</b>				
Executive Vice President, General Counsel and member of Executive Council, The Boeing Company (aerospace company); and <b>formerly</b> , Federal Appeals Court Judge, U.S. Court of Appeals for the Fourth Circuit (1991-2006).				
<b>David W. Niemiec (1949)</b> 300 S.E. 2nd Street Fort Lauderdale, FL 33301-1923	Trustee	Since 2005	34	Emeritus Corporation (assisted living) (1999-2010) and OSI Pharmaceuticals, Inc. (pharmaceutical products) (2006-2010).
<b>Principal Occupation During at Least the Past 5 Years:</b>				
Advisor, Saratoga Partners (private equity fund); and <b>formerly</b> , Managing Director, Saratoga Partners (1998-2001) and SBC Warburg Dillon Read (investment banking) (1997-1998); Vice Chairman, Dillon, Read & Co. Inc. (investment banking) (1991-1997); and Chief Financial Officer, Dillon, Read & Co. Inc. (1982-1997).				
<b>Frank A. Olson (1932)</b> 300 S.E. 2nd Street Fort Lauderdale, FL 33301-1923	Trustee	Since 2003	141	Hess Corporation (exploration and refining of oil and gas) (1998-2013).
<b>Principal Occupation During at Least the Past 5 Years:</b>				
Chairman Emeritus, The Hertz Corporation (car rental) (since 2000) (Chairman of the Board (1980-2000) and Chief Executive Officer (1977-1999)); and <b>formerly</b> , Chairman of the Board, President and Chief Executive Officer, UAL Corporation (airlines) (until 1987).				
<b>Larry D. Thompson (1945)</b> 300 S.E. 2nd Street Fort Lauderdale, FL 33301-1923	Trustee	Since 2005	141	Cbeyond, Inc. (business communications provider) (2010-2012), The Southern Company (energy company) (2010-2012) and The Washington Post Company (education and media organization).
<b>Principal Occupation During at Least the Past 5 Years:</b>				
Executive Vice President Government Affairs, General Counsel and Corporate Secretary, PepsiCo, Inc. (consumer products) (July 2012); and <b>formerly</b> , John A. Sibley Professor of Corporate and Business Law, University of Georgia School of Law (2011-2012); Senior Vice President Government Affairs, General Counsel and Secretary, PepsiCo, Inc. (2004-2011); Senior Fellow of The Brookings Institution (2003-2004); Visiting Professor, University of Georgia School of Law (2004); and Deputy Attorney General, U.S. Department of Justice (2001-2003).				
<b>Constantine D. Tseretopoulos (1954)</b> 300 S.E. 2nd Street	Trustee	Since 1999	27	None

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Fort Lauderdale, FL 33301-1923

**Principal Occupation During at Least the Past 5 Years:**

Physician, Chief of Staff, owner and operator of the Lyford Cay Hospital (1987-present); director of various nonprofit organizations; and **formerly,**

Cardiology Fellow, University of Maryland (1985-1987); and Internal Medicine Resident, Greater Baltimore Medical Center (1982-1985).

**Robert E. Wade (1946)**      Trustee      Since 2006      45      El Oro Ltd (investments).

300 S.E. 2nd Street

Fort Lauderdale, FL 33301-1923

**Principal Occupation During at Least the Past 5 Years:**

Attorney at law engaged in private practice (1972-2008) and member of various boards.

**Interested Board Members and Officers**

Name, Year of Birth and Address	Position	Length of Time Served	Number of Portfolios in Fund Complex Overseen by Board Member*	Other Directorships Held During at Least the Past 5 Years
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<b>**Gregory E. Johnson (1961)</b>	Trustee	Since 2007	152	None
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One Franklin Parkway

San Mateo, CA 94403-1906

**Principal Occupation During at Least the Past 5 Years:**

Chairman of the Board, Member Office of the Chairman, Director, President and Chief Executive Officer, Franklin Resources, Inc.; officer and/or director or trustee, as the case may be, of some of the other subsidiaries of Franklin Resources, Inc. and of 44 of the investment companies in Franklin Templeton Investments; and Chairman, Investment Company Institute.

<b>**Rupert H. Johnson, Jr. (1940)</b>	Chairman of the Board and Trustee and Vice President	Chairman of the Board and Trustee since June 2013, and Vice President since 1996	141	None
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One Franklin Parkway

San Mateo, CA 94403-1906

**Principal Occupation During at Least the Past 5 Years:**

Vice Chairman, Member - Office of the Chairman and Director, Franklin Resources, Inc.; Director, Franklin Advisers, Inc.; Senior Vice President, Franklin Advisory Services, LLC; and officer and/or director or trustee, as the case may be, of some of the other subsidiaries of Franklin Resources, Inc. and of 41 of the investment companies in Franklin Templeton Investments.

<b>Alison E. Baur (1964)</b>	Vice President	Since 2012	Not Applicable	Not Applicable
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One Franklin Parkway

San Mateo, CA 94403-1906

**Principal Occupation During at Least the Past 5 Years:**

Deputy General Counsel, Franklin Templeton Investments; and officer of some of the other subsidiaries of Franklin Resources, Inc. and of 46 of the investment companies in Franklin Templeton Investments.

<b>Laura F. Ferguson (1962)</b>	Chief Executive Officer	Since 2009	Not Applicable	Not Applicable
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One Franklin Parkway

San Mateo, CA 94403-1906

Finance and Administration

**Principal Occupation During at Least the Past 5 Years:**

Senior Vice President, Franklin Templeton Services, LLC; and officer of 46 of the investment companies in Franklin Templeton Investments.

<b>Aliya S. Gordon (1973)</b>	Vice President	Since 2009	Not Applicable	Not Applicable
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One Franklin Parkway

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San Mateo, CA 94403-1906

**Principal Occupation During at Least the Past 5 Years:**

Senior Associate General Counsel, Franklin Templeton Investments; officer of 46 of the investment companies in Franklin Templeton Investments; and **formerly**, Litigation Associate, Steefel, Levitt & Weiss, LLP (2000-2004).

**Steven J. Gray (1955)**

Vice President

Since 2009

Not Applicable

Not Applicable

One Franklin Parkway

San Mateo, CA 94403-1906

**Principal Occupation During at Least the Past 5 Years:**

Senior Associate General Counsel, Franklin Templeton Investments; Vice President, Franklin Templeton Distributors, Inc.; and officer of 46 of the investment companies in Franklin Templeton Investments.

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Name, Year of Birth and Address	Position	Length of Time Served	Number of Portfolios in Fund Complex Overseen by Board Member*	Other Directorships Held During at Least the Past 5 Years
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<b>Selena L. Holmes (1965)</b> 100 Fountain Parkway St. Petersburg, FL 33716-1205	Vice President AML Compliance	Not Applicable	Not Applicable	
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**Principal Occupation During at Least the Past 5 Years:**

Director, Global Compliance Monitoring; and officer of 46 of the investment companies in Franklin Templeton Investments.

<b>Christopher J. Molumphy (1962)</b> One Franklin Parkway San Mateo, CA 94403-1906	President and Chief Executive Officer Investment Management	Since 2002	Not Applicable	Not Applicable
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**Principal Occupation During at Least the Past 5 Years:**

Director and Executive Vice President, Franklin Advisers, Inc.; Executive Vice President, Franklin Templeton Institutional, LLC; and officer of some of the other subsidiaries of Franklin Resources, Inc. and of 22 of the investment companies in Franklin Templeton Investments.

<b>Kimberly H. Novotny (1972)</b> 300 S.E. 2nd Street Fort Lauderdale, FL 33301-1923	Vice President	Since March 2013	Not Applicable	Not Applicable
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**Principal Occupation During at Least the Past 5 Years:**

Senior Corporate Counsel, Franklin Templeton Investments; Vice President, Secretary and Trust Officer, Fiduciary Trust International of the South; Vice President, Templeton Investment Counsel, LLC; Assistant Secretary, Franklin Resources, Inc.; and officer of 46 of the investment companies in Franklin Templeton Investments.

<b>Mark H. Otani (1968)</b> One Franklin Parkway San Mateo, CA 94403-1906	Treasurer, Chief Financial Officer and Chief Accounting Officer	Since 2009	Not Applicable	Not Applicable
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**Principal Occupation During at Least the Past 5 Years:**

Director, Global Fund Accounting Operations, Franklin Templeton Investments; and officer of 14 of the investment companies in Franklin Templeton Investments.

<b>Robert C. Rosselot (1960)</b> 300 S.E. 2nd Street Fort Lauderdale, FL 33301-1923	Chief Compliance Officer	Since March 2013	Not Applicable	Not Applicable
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**Principal Occupation During at Least the Past 5 Years:**

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Director, Global Compliance, Franklin Templeton Investments; officer of 46 of the investment companies in Franklin Templeton Investments; and **formerly**, Senior Associate General Counsel, Franklin Templeton Investments (2007-2013); and Secretary and Vice President, Templeton Group of Funds (2004-2013).

<b>Karen L. Skidmore (1952)</b>	Vice President	Since 2009	Not Applicable	Not Applicable
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One Franklin Parkway

San Mateo, CA 94403-1906

**Principal Occupation During at Least the Past 5 Years:**

Senior Associate General Counsel, Franklin Templeton Investments; and officer of 46 of the investment companies in Franklin Templeton Investments.

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Name, Year of Birth and Address	Position	Length of Time Served	Number of Portfolios in Fund Complex Overseen by Board Member*	Other Directorships Held During at Least the Past 5 Years
<b>Craig S. Tyle (1960)</b> One Franklin Parkway San Mateo, CA 94403-1906	Vice President	Since 2005	Not Applicable	Not Applicable

**Principal Occupation During at Least the Past 5 Years:**

General Counsel and Executive Vice President, Franklin Resources, Inc.; officer of some of the other subsidiaries of Franklin Resources, Inc. and of 46 of the investment companies in Franklin Templeton Investments; and **formerly**, Partner, Shearman & Sterling, LLP (2004-2005); and General Counsel, Investment Company Institute (ICI) (1997-2004).

<b>Lori A. Weber (1964)</b> 300 S.E. 2nd Street Fort Lauderdale, FL 33301-1923	Secretary and Vice President	Secretary since March 2013 and Vice President since 2011	Not Applicable	Not Applicable
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**Principal Occupation During at Least the Past 5 Years:**

Senior Associate General Counsel, Franklin Templeton Investments; Assistant Secretary, Franklin Resources, Inc.; Vice President and Secretary, Templeton Investment Counsel, LLC; Vice President, Fiduciary Trust International of the South; and officer of 46 of the investment companies in Franklin Templeton Investments.

\*We base the number of portfolios on each separate series of the U.S. registered investment companies within the Franklin Templeton Investments fund complex. These portfolios have a common investment manager or affiliated investment managers.

\*\* Gregory E. Johnson is considered to be an interested person of the Fund under the federal securities laws due to his position as an officer and director of Franklin Resources, Inc.

(Resources), which is the parent company of the Fund's investment manager. Rupert H. Johnson, Jr. is considered to be an interested person of the Fund under the federal securities

laws due to his position as officer and director and major shareholder of Resources.

Note 1: Rupert H. Johnson, Jr. is the uncle of Gregory E. Johnson.

Note 2: Officer information is current as of the date of this report. It is possible that after this date, information about officers may change.

Note 3: Effective June 13, 2013, Charles B. Johnson ceased to be a trustee of the Fund.

**The Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002 and Rules adopted by the U.S. Securities and Exchange Commission require the Fund to disclose whether the Fund's Audit Committee**

**includes at least one member who is an audit committee financial expert within the meaning of such Act and Rules. The Fund's Board has determined that there is at least**

**one such financial expert on the Audit Committee and has designated each of Ann Torre Bates and David W. Niemiec as an audit committee financial expert. The Board**

**believes that Ms. Bates and Mr. Niemiec qualify as such an expert in view of their extensive business background and experience. Ms. Bates has served as a member of the**

**Fund Audit Committee since 2008. She currently serves as a director of SLM Corporation and Ares Capital Corporation and was formerly a director of Allied Capital**

**Corporation from 2003 to 2010, Executive Vice President and Chief Financial Officer of NHP Incorporated and Vice President and Treasurer of US Airways, Inc. Mr. Niemiec**

has served as a member of the Fund Audit Committee since 2005, currently serves as an Advisor to Saratoga Partners and was formerly its Managing Director from 1998 to

2001. Mr. Niemiec was formerly a director of Emeritus Corporation from 1999 to 2010 and OSI Pharmaceuticals, Inc. from 2006 to 2010, Managing Director of SBC Warburg

Dillon Read from 1997 to 1998, and was Vice Chairman from 1991 to 1997 and Chief Financial Officer from 1982 to 1997 of Dillon, Read & Co. Inc. As a result of such back-

ground and experience, the Board believes that Ms. Bates and Mr. Niemiec have each acquired an understanding of generally accepted accounting principles and financial

statements, the general application of such principles in connection with the accounting estimates, accruals and reserves, and analyzing and evaluating financial state-

ments that present a breadth and level of complexity of accounting issues generally comparable to those of the Fund, as well as an understanding of internal controls and

procedures for financial reporting and an understanding of audit committee functions. Ms. Bates and Mr. Niemiec are independent Board members as that term is defined

under the applicable U.S. Securities and Exchange Commission Rules and Releases or the listing standards applicable to the Fund.

# Templeton Emerging Markets Income Fund

## Shareholder Information

### Board Review of Investment Management Agreement

At a meeting held May 21, 2013, the Board of Trustees (Board), including a majority of non-interested or independent Trustees, approved renewal of the investment management agreement for the Fund. In reaching this decision, the Board took into account information furnished throughout the year at regular Board meetings, as well as information prepared specifically in connection with the annual renewal review process. Information furnished and discussed throughout the year included investment performance reports on the Fund, information on its share price discount to net asset value, and other related financial information, as well as periodic reports on expenses, legal and compliance matters, pricing, brokerage commissions and execution and other services provided by the Investment Manager (Manager) and its affiliates. Information furnished specifically in connection with the renewal process included a report prepared by Lipper, Inc. (Lipper), an independent organization, as well as additional material, including a Fund profitability analysis prepared by management. The Lipper reports compared the Fund's investment performance and expenses with those of other mutual funds deemed comparable to the Fund as selected by Lipper. The Fund profitability analysis discussed the profitability to Franklin Templeton Investments from its overall U.S. fund operations, as well as on an individual fund-by-fund basis. Additional material accompanying such profitability analysis included information on a fund-by-fund basis listing portfolio managers and other accounts they manage, as well as information on management fees charged by the Manager and its affiliates to U.S. mutual funds and other accounts, including management's explanation of differences where relevant. Such material also included a memorandum prepared by management describing project initiatives and capital investments relating to the services provided to the Fund by the Franklin Templeton Investments organization, as well as a memorandum relating to economies of scale.

In considering such materials, the independent Trustees received assistance and advice from and met separately with independent counsel. In approving continuance of the investment management agreement for the Fund, the Board, including a majority of independent Trustees, determined that the existing management fee structure was fair and reasonable and that continuance of the investment management agreement was in the best interests of the Fund and its shareholders. While attention was given to all information furnished, the following discusses some primary factors relevant to the Board's decision.

**NATURE, EXTENT AND QUALITY OF SERVICE.** The Board was satisfied with the nature and quality of the overall services provided by the Manager and its affiliates to the Fund and its shareholders. In addition to investment performance and expenses discussed later, the Board's opinion was based, in part, upon periodic reports furnished it showing that the investment policies and restrictions for the Fund were consistently complied with as well as other reports periodically furnished the Board covering matters such as the compliance of portfolio managers and other management personnel with the code of ethics adopted throughout the Franklin Templeton fund complex, the adherence to fair value pricing procedures established by the Board, and the accuracy of net asset value calculations. Favorable consideration was given to management's continuous

# Templeton Emerging Markets Income Fund

## Shareholder Information *(continued)*

### Board Review of Investment Management Agreement *(continued)*

efforts and expenditures in establishing back-up systems and recovery procedures to function in the event of a natural disaster, it being noted that such systems and procedures had functioned well during the Florida hurricanes and blackouts experienced in previous years, and that those operations in the New York/New Jersey area ran smoothly during the more recent Hurricane Sandy. Consideration was also given to the experience of the Fund's portfolio management team, the number of accounts managed and general method of compensation. In this latter respect, the Board noted that a primary factor in management's determination of the level of a portfolio manager's bonus compensation was the relative investment performance of the funds he or she managed and that a portion of such bonus was required to be invested in a predesignated list of funds within such person's fund management area so as to be aligned with the interests of shareholders. Particular attention was given to management's conservative approach and diligent risk management procedures, including continuous monitoring of counterparty credit risk and attention given to derivatives and other complex instruments included expanded collateralization requirements. The Board also took into account, among other things, the strong financial position of the Manager's parent company and its commitment to the mutual fund business as evidenced by its subsidization of money market funds.

**INVESTMENT PERFORMANCE.** The Board placed significant emphasis on the investment performance of the Fund in view of its importance to shareholders. While consideration was given to performance reports and discussions with portfolio managers at Board meetings during the year, particular attention in assessing performance was given to the Lipper reports furnished for the agreement renewal. The Lipper report for the Fund showed its investment performance for the one-year period ended February 28, 2013, as well as the previous 10 years ended that date in respect to a performance universe consisting of the Fund and all other closed-end nonleveraged emerging market debt funds as selected by Lipper. Such report considered the Fund's income return and total return on a net asset value basis without regard to market discounts or premiums to accurately reflect investment performance. The Lipper report showed the Fund's income return to be the highest among the six funds composing its Lipper performance universe for the one-year period, and for the previous three- and five-year periods on an annualized basis and to be the second highest of the five funds constituting such universe for the previous annualized 10-year period. The Lipper report showed the Fund's total return to also be the highest in such universe for the one-year period, and the previous three- and five-year periods on an annualized basis, and to be the second highest of the five funds constituting such universe for the previous annualized 10-year period. The Board was satisfied with such comparative investment performance.

**COMPARATIVE EXPENSES.** Consideration was given to a comparative analysis of the management fee and total expense ratio of the Fund within a group of five funds, including the Fund, selected by Lipper as constituting its appropriate Lipper expense group. Lipper expense data is based upon information taken from each fund's most recent annual report, which reflects historical asset levels that may be quite different from those currently existing, particularly in a

# Templeton Emerging Markets Income Fund

## Shareholder Information *(continued)*

### Board Review of Investment Management Agreement *(continued)*

period of market volatility. While recognizing such inherent limitation and the fact that expense ratios generally increase as assets decline and decrease as assets grow, the Board believed the independent analysis conducted by Lipper to be an appropriate measure of comparative expenses. In reviewing comparative costs, Lipper provides information on the Fund's contractual investment management fee in comparison with the effective management fee that would have been charged by the other funds within the Lipper expense group assuming they were similar in size to the Fund, as well as the actual total expenses of the Fund in comparison with those of the other funds. The Lipper contractual investment management fee analysis considers administrative fees to be part of management fees and the results of such expense comparison showed the Fund's contractual investment management fee rate to be the second lowest in its Lipper expense group and the Fund's actual total expense ratio to be at the Lipper expense group median. The Board was satisfied with the Fund's expenses in comparison to those of its Lipper expense group.

**MANAGEMENT PROFITABILITY.** The Board also considered the level of profits realized by the Manager and its affiliates in connection with the operation of the Fund. In this respect, the Board reviewed the Fund profitability analysis that addresses the overall profitability of Franklin Templeton's U.S. fund business, as well as its profits in providing management and other services to each of the individual funds during the 12-month period ended September 30, 2012, being the most recent fiscal year-end for Franklin Resources, Inc., the Manager's parent. In reviewing the analysis, attention was given to the methodology followed in allocating costs to the Fund, it being recognized that allocation methodologies are inherently subjective and various allocation methodologies may each be reasonable while producing different results. In this respect, the Board noted that, while being continuously refined and reflecting changes in the Manager's own cost accounting, the allocation methodology was consistent with that followed in profitability report presentations made in prior years and that the Fund's independent registered public accounting firm had been engaged by the Manager to periodically review the reasonableness of the allocation methodologies solely for use by the Fund's Board in reference to the profitability analysis. In reviewing and discussing such analysis, management discussed with the Board its belief that costs incurred in establishing the infrastructure necessary for the type of mutual fund operations conducted by the Manager and its affiliates may not be fully reflected in the expenses allocated to each Fund in determining its profitability, as well as the fact that the level of profits, to a certain extent, reflected operational cost savings and efficiencies initiated by management. In addition, the Board considered a third-party study comparing the profitability of the Manager's parent on an overall basis to other publicly held managers broken down to show profitability from management operations exclusive of distribution expenses, as well as profitability including distribution expenses. The Board also considered the extent to which the Manager and its affiliates might derive ancillary benefits from fund operations. Based upon its consideration of all these factors, the Board determined that the level of profits realized by the Manager and its affiliates from providing services to the Fund was not excessive in view of the nature, quality and extent of services provided.

# Templeton Emerging Markets Income Fund

## Shareholder Information *(continued)*

### Board Review of Investment Management Agreement *(continued)*

**ECONOMIES OF SCALE.** The Board also considered whether the Manager realizes economies of scale as the Fund grows larger and the extent to which any such benefit is shared with the Fund and its shareholders. The Board believed that a manager's ability to realize economies of scale and the sharing of such benefit is a more relevant consideration in the case of an open-end fund whose size increases as a result of the continuous sale of its shares. A closed-end investment company such as the Fund does not continuously offer shares, and growth following its initial public offering will primarily result from market appreciation, which benefits its shareholders. The Fund's investment advisory fee provides a rate of 0.85% on the first \$1 billion of net assets, with breakpoints thereafter, and the Fund also pays a flat 0.15% fee at all asset levels for administrative services. At the end of 2012, the Fund's net assets amounted to approximately \$757 million. While believing economies of scale to be less of a factor in the context of a closed-end fund, the Board believes at some point an increase in size may lead to economies of scale that should be shared with the Fund and its shareholders and intends to monitor future growth of the Fund accordingly, noting the management fee breakpoints at the \$1 billion net asset level.

In addition to the investment advisory services provided the Fund under its investment management agreement, administrative services are provided under a separate agreement at a fixed charge of 15 basis points as mentioned above. At the May 21, 2013, Board meeting, the Board eliminated the separate agreements and approved a new form of investment management agreement for the Fund combining such services. In approving the new form of investment management agreements, the Board took into account the fact that the types of services and aggregate fee, including breakpoints, would be the same as provided under the previous separate agreements and that combining such services was consistent with Lipper's methodology of considering contractual investment management fees to include any separately charged administrative fee.

### Proxy Voting Policies and Procedures

The Fund's investment manager has established Proxy Voting Policies and Procedures (Policies) that the Fund uses to determine how to vote proxies relating to portfolio securities. Shareholders may view the Fund's complete Policies online at [franklintempleton.com](http://franklintempleton.com). Alternatively, shareholders may request copies of the Policies free of charge by calling the Proxy Group collect at (954) 527-7678 or by sending a written request to: Franklin Templeton Companies, LLC, 300 S.E. 2nd Street, Fort Lauderdale, FL 33301, Attention: Proxy Group. Copies of the Fund's proxy voting records are also made available online at [franklintempleton.com](http://franklintempleton.com) and posted on the U.S. Securities and Exchange Commission's website at [sec.gov](http://sec.gov) and reflect the most recent 12-month period ended June 30.

# Templeton Emerging Markets Income Fund

## Shareholder Information *(continued)*

### Quarterly Statement of Investments

The Fund files a complete statement of investments with the U.S. Securities and Exchange Commission for the first and third quarters for each fiscal year on Form N-Q. Shareholders may view the filed Form N-Q by visiting the Commission's website at [sec.gov](http://sec.gov). The filed form may also be viewed and copied at the Commission's Public Reference Room in Washington, DC. Information regarding the operations of the Public Reference Room may be obtained by calling (800) SEC-0330.

### Certifications

The Fund's Chief Executive Officer - Finance and Administration is required by the New York Stock Exchange's Listing Standards to file annually with the Exchange a certification that she is not aware of any violation by the Fund of the Exchange's Corporate Governance Standards applicable to the Fund. The Fund has filed such certification.

In addition, the Fund's Chief Executive Officer - Finance and Administration and Chief Financial Officer and Chief Accounting Officer are required by the rules of the U.S. Securities and Exchange Commission to provide certain certifications with respect to the Fund's Form N-CSR and Form N-CSRS (which include the Fund's annual and semiannual reports to shareholders) that are filed annually with the Commission. The Fund has filed such certifications with its Form N-CSRS for the six months ended February 28, 2013. Additionally, the Fund expects to file, on or about October 30, 2013, such certifications with its Form N-CSR for the year ended August 31, 2013.



**Item 2. Code of Ethics.**

- (a) The Registrant has adopted a code of ethics that applies to its principal executive officers and principal financial and accounting officer.
- (c) N/A
- (d) N/A
- (f) Pursuant to Item 12(a)(1), the Registrant is attaching as an exhibit a copy of its code of ethics that applies to its principal executive officers and principal financial and accounting officer.

**Item 3. Audit Committee Financial Expert.**

- (a)(1) The Registrant has an audit committee financial expert serving on its audit committee.
- (2) The audit committee financial expert is David W. Niemiec and he is "independent" as defined under the relevant Securities and Exchange Commission Rules and Releases.

**Item 4. Principal Accountant Fees and Services.**

(a) Audit Fees

The aggregate fees paid to the principal accountant for professional services rendered by the principal accountant for the audit of the registrant's annual financial statements or for services that are normally provided by the principal accountant in connection with statutory and regulatory filings or engagements were \$48,187 for the fiscal year ended August 31, 2013 and \$49,110 for the fiscal year ended August 31, 2012.

(b) Audit-Related Fees

There were no fees paid to the principal accountant for assurance and related services rendered by the principal accountant to the registrant that are reasonably related to the performance of the audit of the registrant's financial statements and are not reported under paragraph (a) of Item 4.

There were no fees paid to the principal accountant for assurance and related services rendered by the principal accountant to the registrant's investment adviser and any entity controlling, controlled by or under common control with the investment adviser that provides ongoing services to the registrant that are reasonably related to the performance of the audit of their financial statements.

(c) Tax Fees

There were no fees paid to the principal accountant for professional services rendered by the principal accountant to the registrant for tax compliance, tax advice and tax planning.

The aggregate fees paid to the principal accountant for professional services rendered by the principal accountant to the registrant's investment adviser and any entity controlling, controlled by or under common control with the

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investment adviser that provides ongoing services to the registrant for tax compliance, tax advice and tax planning were \$6,100 for the fiscal year ended August 31, 2013 and \$54,600 for the fiscal year ended August 31, 2012. The services for which these fees were paid included technical tax consultation for capital gain tax reporting to foreign governments, application of local country tax laws to investments and licensing securities with local country offices.

### (d) All Other Fees

The aggregate fees paid to the principal accountant for products and services rendered by the principal accountant to the registrant, other than the services reported in paragraphs (a)-(c) of Item 4 were \$0 for the fiscal year ended August 31, 2013 and \$267 for the fiscal year ended August 31, 2012. The services for which these fees were paid included review of materials provided to the fund Board in connection with the investment management contract renewal process.

The aggregate fees paid to the principal accountant for products and services rendered by the principal accountant to the registrant's investment adviser and any entity controlling, controlled by or under common control with the investment adviser that provides ongoing services to the registrant, other than the services reported in paragraphs (a)-(c) of Item 4 were \$0 for the fiscal year ended August 31, 2013 and \$152,183 for the fiscal year ended August 31, 2012. The services for which these fees were paid included review of materials provided to the fund Board in connection with the investment management contract renewal process.

(e) (1) The registrant's audit committee is directly responsible for approving the services to be provided by the auditors, including:

- (i) pre-approval of all audit and audit related services;
- (ii) pre-approval of all non-audit related services to be provided to the Fund by the auditors;

(iii) pre-approval of all non-audit related services to be provided to the registrant by the auditors to the registrant's investment adviser or to any entity that controls, is controlled by or is under common control with the registrant's investment adviser and that provides ongoing services to the registrant where the non-audit services relate directly to the operations or financial reporting of the registrant; and (iv) establishment by the audit committee, if deemed necessary or appropriate, as an alternative to committee pre-approval of services to be provided by the auditors, as required by paragraphs (ii) and (iii) above, of policies and procedures to permit such services to be pre-approved by other means, such as through establishment of guidelines or by action of a designated member or members of the committee; provided the policies and procedures are detailed as to the particular service and the committee is informed of each service and such policies and procedures do not include delegation of audit committee responsibilities, as contemplated under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, to management; subject, in the case of (ii) through (iv), to any waivers, exceptions or exemptions that may be available under applicable law or rules.

- (e) (2) None of the services provided to the registrant described in paragraphs (b) - (d) of Item 4 were approved by the audit committee pursuant to paragraph (c) (7) (i) (C) of Rule 2-01 of regulation S-X.

(f) No disclosures are required by this Item 4(f).

(g) The aggregate non-audit fees paid to the principal accountant for services rendered by the principal accountant to the registrant and the registrant's investment adviser and any entity controlling, controlled by or under common control with the investment adviser that provides ongoing services to the registrant were \$6,100 for the fiscal year ended August 31, 2013 and \$207,050 for the fiscal year ended August 31, 2012.

(h) The registrant's audit committee of the board has considered whether the provision of non-audit services that were rendered to the registrant's investment adviser (not including any sub-adviser whose role is primarily portfolio management and is subcontracted with or overseen by another investment adviser), and any entity controlling, controlled by, or under common control with the investment adviser that provides ongoing services to the registrant that were not pre-approved pursuant to paragraph (c)(7)(ii) of Rule 2-01 of Regulation S-X is compatible with maintaining the principal accountant's independence.

**Item 5. Audit Committee of Listed Registrants.**

Members of the Audit Committee are: Ann Torre Bates, Frank J. Crothers, David W. Niemiec and Constantine D. Tseretopoulos.

**Item 6. Schedule of Investments. N/A**

**Item 7. Disclosure of Proxy Voting Policies and Procedures for Closed-End Management Investment Companies.**

The board of trustees of the Fund has delegated the authority to vote proxies related to the portfolio securities held by the Fund to the Fund's investment manager Franklin Advisers, Inc. in accordance with the Proxy Voting Policies and Procedures (Policies) adopted by the investment manager.

The investment manager has delegated its administrative duties with respect to the voting of proxies to the Proxy Group within Franklin Templeton Companies, LLC (Proxy Group), an affiliate and wholly owned subsidiary of Franklin Resources, Inc. All proxies received by the Proxy Group will be voted based upon the investment manager's instructions and/or policies. The investment manager votes proxies solely in the best interests of the Fund and its shareholders.

To assist it in analyzing proxies, the investment manager subscribes to Institutional Shareholder Services, Inc. (ISS), an unaffiliated third-party corporate governance research service that provides in-depth analyses of shareholder meeting agendas, vote recommendations, vote execution services, ballot reconciliation services, recordkeeping and vote disclosure services. In addition, the investment manager subscribes to Glass, Lewis & Co., LLC (Glass Lewis), an unaffiliated third-party analytical research firm, to receive analyses and vote recommendations on the shareholder meetings of publicly held U.S. companies, as well as a limited subscription to its international research. Although ISS and/or Glass Lewis analyses are thoroughly reviewed and considered in making a final voting decision, the investment manager does

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not consider recommendations from ISS, Glass Lewis or any other third party to be determinative of the investment manager's ultimate decision. As a matter of policy, the officers, directors/trustees and employees of the investment manager and the Proxy Group will not be influenced by outside sources whose interests conflict with the interests of the Fund and its shareholders. Efforts are made to resolve all conflicts in the best interests of the investment manager's clients. Material conflicts of interest are identified by the Proxy Group based upon analyses of client, distributor, broker-dealer and vendor lists, information periodically gathered from directors and officers, and information derived from other sources, including public filings. In situations where a material conflict of interest is identified, the Proxy Group may defer to the voting recommendation of ISS, Glass Lewis or those of another independent third-party provider of proxy services; or send the proxy directly to the Fund's board or a committee of the board with the investment manager's recommendation regarding the vote for approval.

Where a material conflict of interest has been identified, but the items on which the investment manager's vote recommendations differ from Glass Lewis, ISS, or another independent third-party provider of proxy services relate specifically to (1) shareholder proposals regarding social or environmental issues, (2) Other Business without describing the matters that might be considered, or (3) items the investment manager wishes to vote in opposition to the recommendations of an issuer's management, the Proxy Group may defer to the vote recommendations of the investment manager rather than sending the proxy directly to the Fund's board or a board committee for approval.

To avoid certain potential conflicts of interest, the investment manager will employ echo voting, if possible, in the following instances: (1) when the Fund invests in an underlying fund in reliance on any one of Sections 12(d) (1) (E), (F), or (G) of the 1940 Act, the rules thereunder, or pursuant to a SEC exemptive order thereunder; (2) when the Fund invests uninvested cash in affiliated money market funds pursuant to the rules under the 1940 Act or any exemptive orders thereunder ( cash sweep arrangement ); or (3) when required pursuant to the Fund's governing documents or applicable law. Echo voting means that the investment manager will vote the shares in the same proportion as the vote of all of the other holders of the Fund's shares.

The recommendation of management on any issue is a factor that the investment manager considers in determining how proxies should be voted. However, the investment manager does not consider recommendations from management to be determinative of the investment manager's ultimate decision. As a matter of practice, the votes with respect to most issues are cast in accordance with the position of the company's management. Each issue, however, is considered on its own merits, and the investment manager will not support the position of the company's management in any situation where it deems that the ratification of management's position would adversely affect the investment merits of owning that company's shares.

**Investment manager's proxy voting policies and principles**The investment manager has adopted general proxy voting guidelines, which are summarized below. These guidelines are not an exhaustive list of all the issues that may arise and the investment manager cannot anticipate all future situations. In all cases, each proxy will be considered based on the relevant facts and circumstances.

*Board of directors.* The investment manager supports an independent board of directors, and prefers that key committees such as audit, nominating, and

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compensation committees be comprised of independent directors. The investment manager will generally vote against management efforts to classify a board and will generally support proposals to declassify the board of directors. The investment manager will consider withholding votes from directors who have attended less than 75% of meetings without a valid reason. While generally in favor of separating Chairman and CEO positions, the investment manager will review this issue as well as proposals to restore or provide for cumulative voting on a case-by-case basis, taking into consideration factors such as the company's corporate governance guidelines or provisions and performance. The investment manager generally will support non-binding shareholder proposals to require a majority vote standard for the election of directors; however, if these proposals are binding, the investment manager will give careful review on a case-by-case basis of the potential ramifications of such implementation.

In the event of a contested election, the investment manager will review a number of factors in making a decision including management's track record, the company's financial performance, qualifications of candidates on both slates, and the strategic plan of the dissidents.

*Ratification of auditors of portfolio companies.* The investment manager will closely scrutinize the independence, role and performance of auditors. On a case-by-case basis, the investment manager will examine proposals relating to non-audit relationships and non-audit fees. The investment manager will also consider, on a case-by-case basis, proposals to rotate auditors, and will vote against the ratification of auditors when there is clear and compelling evidence of a lack of independence, accounting irregularities or negligence. The investment manager may also consider whether the ratification of auditors has been approved by an appropriate audit committee that meets applicable composition and independence requirements.

*Management and director compensation.* A company's equity-based compensation plan should be in alignment with the shareholders' long-term interests. The investment manager believes that executive compensation should be directly linked to the performance of the company. The investment manager evaluates plans on a case-by-case basis by considering several factors to determine whether the plan is fair and reasonable, including the ISS quantitative model utilized to assess such plans and/or the Glass Lewis evaluation of the plans. The investment manager will generally oppose plans that have the potential to be excessively dilutive, and will almost always oppose plans that are structured to allow the repricing of underwater options, or plans that have an automatic share replenishment evergreen feature. The investment manager will generally support employee stock option plans in which the purchase price is at least 85% of fair market value, and when potential dilution is 10% or less.

Severance compensation arrangements will be reviewed on a case-by-case basis, although the investment manager will generally oppose golden parachutes that are considered to be excessive. The investment manager will normally support proposals that require a percentage of directors' compensation to be in the form of common stock, as it aligns their interests with those of shareholders.

The investment manager will review non-binding say-on-pay proposals on a case-by-case basis, and will generally vote in favor of such proposals unless compensation is misaligned with performance and/or shareholders' interests, the company has not provided reasonably clear disclosure regarding its compensation practices, or there are concerns with the company's remuneration practices.

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*Anti-takeover mechanisms and related issues.* The investment manager generally opposes anti-takeover measures since they tend to reduce shareholder rights. However, as with all proxy issues, the investment manager conducts an independent review of each anti-takeover proposal. On occasion, the investment manager may vote with management when the research analyst has concluded that the proposal is not onerous and would not harm the Fund or its shareholders interests. The investment manager generally supports proposals that require shareholder rights plans ( poison pills ) to be subject to a shareholder vote and will closely evaluate such plans on a case-by-case basis to determine whether or not they warrant support. In addition, the investment manager will generally vote against any proposal to issue stock that has unequal or subordinate voting rights. The investment manager generally opposes any supermajority voting requirements as well as the payment of greenmail. The investment manager generally supports fair price provisions and confidential voting. The investment manager will review a company's proposal to reincorporate to a different state or country on a case-by-case basis taking into consideration financial benefits such as tax treatment as well as comparing corporate governance provisions and general business laws that may result from the change in domicile.

*Changes to capital structure.* The investment manager realizes that a company's financing decisions have a significant impact on its shareholders, particularly when they involve the issuance of additional shares of common or preferred stock or the assumption of additional debt. The investment manager will review, on a case-by-case basis, proposals by companies to increase authorized shares and the purpose for the increase. The investment manager will generally not vote in favor of dual-class capital structures to increase the number of authorized shares where that class of stock would have superior voting rights. The investment manager will generally vote in favor of the issuance of preferred stock in cases where the company specifies the voting, dividend, conversion and other rights of such stock and the terms of the preferred stock issuance are deemed reasonable. The investment manager will review proposals seeking preemptive rights on a case-by-case basis.

*Mergers and corporate restructuring.* Mergers and acquisitions will be subject to careful review by the research analyst to determine whether they would be beneficial to shareholders. The investment manager will analyze various economic and strategic factors in making the final decision on a merger or acquisition. Corporate restructuring proposals are also subject to a thorough examination on a case-by-case basis.

*Environment, social and governance issues.* The investment manager will generally give management discretion with regard to social, environmental and ethical issues, although the investment manager may vote in favor of those that are believed to have significant economic benefits or implications for the Fund and its shareholders. The investment manager generally supports the right of shareholders to call special meetings and act by written consent. However, the investment manager will review such shareholder proposals on a case-by-case basis in an effort to ensure that such proposals do not disrupt the course of business or waste company resources for the benefit of a small minority of shareholders. The investment manager will consider supporting a shareholder proposal seeking disclosure and greater board oversight of lobbying and corporate political contributions if the investment manager believes that there is evidence of inadequate oversight by the company's board, if the company's current disclosure is significantly deficient, or if the disclosure is notably lacking in comparison to the company's peers. The investment manager will consider on a case-by-case basis any well-drafted and reasonable proposals for

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proxy access considering such factors as the size of the company, ownership thresholds and holding periods, responsiveness of management, intentions of the shareholder proponent, company performance, and shareholder base.

*Global corporate governance.* Many of the tenets discussed above are applied to the investment manager's proxy voting decisions for international investments. However, the investment manager must be flexible in these worldwide markets. Principles of good corporate governance may vary by country, given the constraints of a country's laws and acceptable practices in the markets. As a result, it is on occasion difficult to apply a consistent set of governance practices to all issuers. As experienced money managers, the investment manager's analysts are skilled in understanding the complexities of the regions in which they specialize and are trained to analyze proxy issues germane to their regions.

The investment manager will generally attempt to process every proxy it receives for all domestic and foreign securities. However, there may be situations in which the investment manager may be unable to vote a proxy, or may choose not to vote a proxy, such as where: (i) the proxy ballot was not received from the custodian bank; (ii) a meeting notice was received too late; (iii) there are fees imposed upon the exercise of a vote and it is determined that such fees outweigh the benefit of voting; (iv) there are legal encumbrances to voting, including blocking restrictions in certain markets that preclude the ability to dispose of a security if the investment manager votes a proxy or where the investment manager is prohibited from voting by applicable law or other regulatory or market requirements, including but not limited to, effective Powers of Attorney; (v) the investment manager held shares on the record date but has sold them prior to the meeting date; (vi) proxy voting service is not offered by the custodian in the market; (vii) the investment manager believes it is not in the best interest of the Fund or its shareholders to vote the proxy for any other reason not enumerated herein; or (viii) a security is subject to a securities lending or similar program that has transferred legal title to the security to another person. The investment manager or its affiliates may, on behalf of one or more of the proprietary registered investment companies advised by the investment manager or its affiliates, determine to use its best efforts to recall any security on loan where the investment manager or its affiliates (a) learn of a vote on a material event that may affect a security on loan and (b) determine that it is in the best interests of such proprietary registered investment companies to recall the security for voting purposes.

Shareholders may view the complete Policies online at [franklintempleton.com](http://franklintempleton.com). Alternatively, shareholders may request copies of the Policies free of charge by calling the Proxy Group collect at (954) 527-7678 or by sending a written request to: Franklin Templeton Companies, LLC, 300 S.E. 2nd Street, Fort Lauderdale, FL 33301-1923, Attention: Proxy Group. Copies of the Fund's proxy voting records are available online at [franklintempleton.com](http://franklintempleton.com) and posted on the SEC website at [www.sec.gov](http://www.sec.gov). The proxy voting records are updated each year by August 31 to reflect the most recent 12-month period ended June 30.

**Item 8. Portfolio Managers of Closed-End Management Investment Companies.**

(a) (1) As of October 28, 2013, the portfolio manager of the Fund is as follows:

**MICHAEL HASENSTAB Ph.D**, Senior Vice President of *Franklin Advisers, Inc.*

Dr. Hasenstab has been a portfolio manager of the Fund since 2002. He has final

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authority over all aspects of the Fund's investment portfolio, including but not limited to, purchases and sales of individual securities, portfolio risk assessment, and the management of daily cash balances in accordance with anticipated management requirements. The degree to which he may perform these functions, and the nature of these functions, may change from time to time. He first joined Franklin Templeton Investments in 1995, rejoining again in 2001 after a three-year leave to obtain his PH.D.

(a) (2) This section reflects information about the portfolio managers as of the fiscal year ended August 31, 2013.

The following table shows the number of other accounts managed by each portfolio manager and the total assets in the accounts managed within each category:

Name	Number of Other Registered Investment Companies Managed	Assets of Other Registered Investment Companies Managed (x \$1 million)	Number of Other Pooled Investment Vehicles Managed <sup>1</sup>	Assets of Other Pooled Investment Vehicles Managed (x \$1 million) <sup>1</sup>	Number of Other Accounts Managed <sup>1</sup>	Assets of Other Accounts Managed (x \$1 million) <sup>1</sup>
Michael Hasenstab	17	86,299.9	422	103,825.6	142	4,429.9

1. The various pooled investment vehicles and accounts listed are managed by a team of investment professionals. Accordingly, the individual managers listed would not be solely responsible for managing such listed amounts.
2. Dr. Hasenstab manages other account with \$436.2 in assets and also manages a pooled account with \$434.9 in assets with a performance fee.

Portfolio managers that provide investment services to the Fund may also provide services to a variety of other investment products, including other funds, institutional accounts and private accounts. The advisory fees for some of such other products and accounts may be different than that charged to the Fund and may include performance-based compensation (as noted, in the chart above, if any). This may result in fees that are higher (or lower) than the advisory fees paid by the Fund. As a matter of policy, each fund or account is managed solely for the benefit of the beneficial owners thereof. As discussed below, the separation of the trading execution function from the portfolio management function and the application of objectively based trade allocation procedures help to mitigate potential conflicts of interest that may arise as a result of the portfolio managers managing accounts with different advisory fees.

*Conflicts.* The management of multiple funds, including the Fund, and accounts may also give rise to potential conflicts of interest if the funds and other accounts have different objectives, benchmarks, time horizons, and fees as the portfolio manager must allocate his or her time and investment ideas across multiple funds and accounts. The manager seeks to manage such competing interests for the time and attention of portfolio managers by having portfolio managers focus on a particular investment discipline. Most other accounts managed by a portfolio manager are managed using the same investment strategies that are used in connection with the management of the Fund. Accordingly, portfolio holdings, position sizes, and industry and sector exposures tend to be similar across similar portfolios, which may minimize the potential for conflicts of

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interest. As noted above, the separate management of the trade execution and valuation functions from the portfolio management process also helps to reduce potential conflicts of interest. However, securities selected

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for funds or accounts other than the Fund may outperform the securities selected for the Fund. Moreover, if a portfolio manager identifies a limited investment opportunity that may be suitable for more than one fund or other account, the Fund may not be able to take full advantage of that opportunity due to an allocation of that opportunity across all eligible funds and other accounts. The manager seeks to manage such potential conflicts by using procedures intended to provide a fair allocation of buy and sell opportunities among funds and other accounts.

The structure of a portfolio manager's compensation may give rise to potential conflicts of interest. A portfolio manager's base pay and bonus tend to increase with additional and more complex responsibilities that include increased assets under management. As such, there may be an indirect relationship between a portfolio manager's marketing or sales efforts and his or her bonus.

Finally, the management of personal accounts by a portfolio manager may give rise to potential conflicts of interest. While the funds and the manager have adopted a code of ethics, which they believe contains provisions reasonably necessary to prevent a wide range of prohibited activities by portfolio managers and others with respect to their personal trading activities, there can be no assurance that the code of ethics addresses all individual conduct that could result in conflicts of interest.

The manager and the Fund have adopted certain compliance procedures that are designed to address these, and other, types of conflicts. However, there is no guarantee that such procedures will detect each and every situation where a conflict arises.

*Compensation.* The investment manager seeks to maintain a compensation program that is competitively positioned to attract, retain and motivate top-quality investment professionals. Portfolio managers receive a base salary, a cash incentive bonus opportunity, an equity compensation opportunity, and a benefits package. Portfolio manager compensation is reviewed annually and the level of compensation is based on individual performance, the salary range for a portfolio manager's level of responsibility and Franklin Templeton guidelines. Portfolio managers are provided no financial incentive to favor one fund or account over another. Each portfolio manager's compensation consists of the following three elements:

**Base salary** Each portfolio manager is paid a base salary.

**Annual bonus** Annual bonuses are structured to align the interests of the portfolio manager with those of the Fund's shareholders. Each portfolio manager is eligible to receive an annual bonus. Bonuses generally are split between cash (50% to 65%) and restricted shares of Resources stock (17.5% to 25%) and mutual fund shares (17.5% to 25%). The deferred equity-based compensation is intended to build a vested interest of the portfolio manager in the financial performance of both Resources and mutual funds advised by

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the investment manager. The bonus plan is intended to provide a competitive level of annual bonus compensation that is tied to the portfolio manager achieving consistently strong investment performance, which aligns the financial incentives of the portfolio manager and Fund shareholders. The Chief Investment Officer of the investment manager and/or other officers of the investment manager, with responsibility for the Fund, have discretion in the granting of annual bonuses to portfolio managers in accordance with

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Franklin Templeton guidelines. The following factors are generally used in determining bonuses under the plan:

*Investment performance.* Primary consideration is given to the historic investment performance of all accounts managed by the portfolio manager over the 1, 3 and 5 preceding years measured against risk benchmarks developed by the fixed income management team. The pre-tax performance of each fund managed is measured relative to a relevant peer group and/or applicable benchmark as appropriate.

*Non-investment performance.* The more qualitative contributions of the portfolio manager to the investment manager's business and the investment management team, including business knowledge, productivity, customer service, creativity, and contribution to team goals, are evaluated in determining the amount of any bonus award.

*Responsibilities.* The characteristics and complexity of funds managed by the portfolio manager are factored in the investment manager's appraisal.

**Additional long-term equity-based compensation** Portfolio managers may also be awarded restricted shares or units of Resources stock or restricted shares or units of one or more mutual funds. Awards of such deferred equity-based compensation typically vest over time, so as to create incentives to retain key talent.

Portfolio managers also participate in benefit plans and programs available generally to all employees of the investment manager.

*Ownership of Fund shares.* The investment manager has a policy of encouraging portfolio managers to invest in the funds they manage. Exceptions arise when, for example, a fund is closed to new investors or when tax considerations or jurisdictional constraints cause such an investment to be inappropriate for the portfolio manager. The following is the dollar range of Fund shares beneficially owned by the portfolio manager (such amounts may change from time to time):

	Dollar Range of Fund Shares Beneficially Owned
Portfolio Manager	
Michael Hasenstab	None

**Item 9. Purchases of Equity Securities by Closed-End Management Investment Company and Affiliated Purchasers. N/A**

**Item 10. Submission of Matters to a Vote of Security Holders.**

There have been no changes to the procedures by which shareholders may recommend nominees to the Registrant's Board of Trustees that would require

disclosure herein.

**Item 11. Controls and Procedures.**

(a) **Evaluation of Disclosure Controls and Procedures**. The Registrant maintains disclosure controls and procedures that are designed to ensure that information required to be disclosed in the Registrant's filings under the Securities

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Exchange Act of 1934 and the Investment Company Act of 1940 is recorded, processed, summarized and reported within the periods specified in the rules and forms of the Securities and Exchange Commission. Such information is accumulated and communicated to the Registrant's management, including its principal executive officer and principal financial officer, as appropriate, to allow timely decisions regarding required disclosure. The Registrant's management, including the principal executive officer and the principal financial officer, recognizes that any set of controls and procedures, no matter how well designed and operated, can provide only reasonable assurance of achieving the desired control objectives.

Within 90 days prior to the filing date of this Shareholder Report on Form N-CSR, the Registrant had carried out an evaluation, under the supervision and with the participation of the Registrant's management, including the Registrant's principal executive officer and the Registrant's principal financial officer, of the effectiveness of the design and operation of the Registrant's disclosure controls and procedures. Based on such evaluation, the Registrant's principal executive officer and principal financial officer concluded that the Registrant's disclosure controls and procedures are effective.

**(b) Changes in Internal Controls.** There have been no changes in the Registrant's internal controls or in other factors that could materially affect the internal controls over financial reporting subsequent to the date of their evaluation in connection with the preparation of this Shareholder Report on Form N-CSR.

**Item 12. Exhibits.**

**(a) (1)** Code of Ethics

**(a) (2)** Certifications pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002 of Laura F. Ferguson, Chief Executive Officer - Finance and Administration, and Mark H. Otani, Chief Financial Officer and Chief Accounting Officer

**(b)** Certifications pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002 of Laura F. Ferguson, Chief Executive Officer - Finance and Administration, and Mark H. Otani, Chief Financial Officer and Chief Accounting Officer

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**SIGNATURES**

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 and the Investment Company Act of 1940, the registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned, thereunto duly authorized.

**TEMPLETON EMERGING MARKETS INCOME FUND**

By /s/LAURA F. FERGERSON

Laura F. Fergerson  
Chief Executive Officer - Finance and  
Administration  
Date: October 28, 2013

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 and the Investment Company Act of 1940, this report has been signed below by the following persons on behalf of the registrant and in the capacities and on the dates indicated.

By /s/LAURA F. FERGERSON

Laura F. Fergerson  
Chief Executive Officer - Finance and  
Administration  
Date: October 28, 2013

By /s/MARK H. OTANI

Mark H. Otani  
Chief Financial Officer and  
Chief Accounting Officer  
Date: October 28, 2013