# UNITED PAN EUROPE COMMUNICATIONS NV

Form 10-Q August 14, 2001

UNITED STATES
SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION

WASHINGTON, D.C. 20549

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FORM 10-Q

/X/ QUARTERLY REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

FOR THE QUARTER ENDED JUNE 30, 2001

// TRANSITION REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

FOR THE TRANSITION PERIOD FROM

TO

COMMISSION FILE NO. 000-25365

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UNITED PAN-EUROPE COMMUNICATIONS N.V. (Exact name of Registrant as specified in its charter)

THE NETHERLANDS
(State or other jurisdiction of incorporation or organization)

98-0191997 (I.R.S. Employer Identification No.)

BOEING AVENUE 53,
SCHIPHOL RIJK, THE NETHERLANDS
(Address of principal executive offices)

1119 PE (Zip code)

REGISTRANT'S TELEPHONE NUMBER, INCLUDING AREA CODE: (31) 20-778-9840

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Indicate by check mark whether the Registrant (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 months and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days. Yes  $/\mathrm{X/}$  No /

The number of shares outstanding of the Registrant's common stock as of

August 14, 2001 was:

443,417,525 ordinary shares A, including shares represented by American Depository Receipts

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#### UNITED PAN-EUROPE COMMUNICATIONS N.V.

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UNITED PAN-EUROPE COMMUNICATIONS N.V.

CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS

(STATED IN THOUSANDS OF EUROS, EXCEPT SHARE AND PER SHARE AMOUNTS)

(UNAUDITED)

AS OF AS OF JUNE 30, DECEMBER 31, 2001 2000

ASSETS:		
Current assets		
Cash and cash equivalents	1,092,442	1,590,230
Restricted cash	4,130	421
Subscriber receivables, net of allowance for doubtful		
accounts of 65,798 and 57,108, respectively	130,579	151,977
Costs to be reimbursed by affiliated companies	20,488	12,459
Other receivables, including related party receivables of	20,100	12, 103
	100 764	155 010
4,970 and 5,140, respectively	130,764	155,212
Inventory	144,005	127,813
Prepaid expenses and other current assets	127,034	82 <b>,</b> 475
Total current assets	1,649,442	2,120,587
Other investments	75,113	105,063
	694,697	•
Investments in and advances to affiliated companies		685,288
Property, plant and equipment, net	3,689,484	3,581,539
Goodwill and other intangible assets, net	4,910,190	5,119,892
Deferred financing costs, net	150 <b>,</b> 907	178,113
Derivative assets	453 <b>,</b> 844	_
Other assets	22,554	11,889
mala la caracter		
Total assets	11,646,231	11,802,371
	=======	=======
LIABILITIES AND SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY:		
Current liabilities		
Accounts payable, including related party payables of		
1,710 and 762, respectively	341,348	579,060
	598,619	583 <b>,</b> 351
Accrued liabilities		
Subscriber prepayments and deposits	163,286	100,696
Short-term debt	48,610	51,860
Current portion of long-term debt	21,668	17,832
Total current liabilities	1,173,531	1,332,799
Long-term debt	9,412,342	8,078,269
	135,485	46,801
Other long-term liabilities	155,465	40,001
Total liabilities	10,721,358	9,457,869
		=======
Commitments and contingencies (see Note 9)		
Minority interests in subsidiaries	760,341	831,132
Shareholders' equity (As adjusted for stock split, see Note	,	•
10)		
, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,		
Priority stock, 1.0 par value, 300 shares authorized, 300		
and 300 shares issued, respectively	_	_
Series 1 convertible preference stock, class A common		
stock, 1.0 par value, 12,400 shares, authorized, 12,400		
and 12,400 shares issued and outstanding, respectively	1,444,646	1,392,251
Ordinary stock, 1.0 par value, 1,000,000,000 shares	, , , , , ,	, ,
authorized, 441,246,729 and 441,246,729 shares issued		
	441 047	441 047
and outstanding, respectively	441,247	441,247
Additional paid-in capital	2,786,460	2,800,234
Deferred compensation	(75 <b>,</b> 466)	(87,945)
Accumulated deficit	(4,589,382)	(3,110,627)
Other cumulative comprehensive income	157,027	78,210
Total charoholdore! omity		
Total shareholders' equity	164,532	1,513,370
Total liabilities and shareholders' equity	11,646,231	11,802,371
	=======	========

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

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# UNITED PAN-EUROPE COMMUNICATIONS N.V. CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF OPERATIONS (STATED IN THOUSANDS OF EUROS, EXCEPT SHARE AND PER SHARE AMOUNTS) (UNAUDITED)

	FOR THE THE	JNE 30,	FOR THE SI	JNE 30,
	2001		2001	2000
Service and other revenue  Operating expense  Selling, general and administrative	·	237,989 (151,138)	690,941 (503,865)	· ·
expense  Depreciation and amortization  Impairment charges	(154,016) (260,363) (300,000)	(85,412) (159,162)	(293,999) (505,542) (300,000)	(252,573 (289,865 -
Net operating loss	(605,416) 11,856			22 <b>,</b> 129
Net loss before income taxes and other items	(904,345) (15,954) 57,827 (327)	(360,255) (9,843) 1,506 435	(1,468,963) (62,050) 76,668 (237)	(31,058
Net loss before cumulative effect of change in accounting principle  Cumulative effect of change in accounting principle	(862,799)	(368,157)	(1,454,582)	(835,528
Net loss		(368,157)		(835 <b>,</b> 528
Basic net loss attributable to common shareholders (See Note 13)	(892 <b>,</b> 560)	(368,157)	(1,478,755)	(835,528
Basic and diluted net loss per ordinary share before cumulative effect of change in accounting principle(1)	(1.96)	(0.84)	,	(1.92
Basic and diluted net loss per ordinary share(1)	, ,	(0.84)	(3.35)	(1.92
Weighted-average number of ordinary shares outstanding(1)	441,246,729	436,496,338		436,053,889

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(1) As adjusted for stock splits. See Note 11.

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

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UNITED PAN-EUROPE COMMUNICATIONS N.V.

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY

(STATED IN THOUSANDS OF EUROS, EXCEPT SHARE AND PER SHARE AMOUNTS)

(UNAUDITED)

		TY STOCK	SERIES 1 CONVERTIBLE CLASS A PREFERENCE STOCK		ORDINARY	STO
		AMOUNT	SHARES	AMOUNT	SHARES	 A
Balance, December 31, 2000 Deferred compensation expense related to stock options,	300	-	12,400	1,392,251	441,246,729	44
net Amortization of deferred	_	_	_	_	_	
compensation	_	_	_	_	_	
Capital tax preference stock	-	_	_	(7,127)	-	
Accrual of Dividend on Series 1 Convertible Preferred				56.550		
Stock Accretion of Discount of Series 1 Convertible Preferred	-	_	_	56 <b>,</b> 770	_	
StockUnrealized gain on	-	-	_	2,752	_	
investments	-	-	-	-	-	
derivative assets Change in cumulative	-	-	-	-	-	
translation adjustments	_	_	_	_	_	
Net loss	_	_	_	_	_	
Total comprehensive loss	_	_	_	_	_	
Balance, June 30, 2001	300		12,400	1,444,646	441,246,729	44
, ., .,	===	=======	=====	=======	========	==

	ACCUMULATED DEFICIT	OTHER CUMULATIVE COMPREHENSIVE INCOME (LOSS) (1)	TOTAL
Balance, December 31, 2000 Deferred compensation expense related to stock options,	(3,110,627)	78,210	1,513,370
net Amortization of deferred	-	-	_
compensation	-	-	(1,295)
Capital tax preference stock Accrual of Dividend on Series 1	-	-	(7,127)

		======	
Balance, June 30, 2001	(4,589,382)	157,027	164,532
Total comprehensive loss			(1,340,416)
Net loss	(1,419,233)	_	(1,419,233)
translation adjustments	_	73,154	73,154
Change in cumulative			
derivative assets	_	(6,128)	(6,128)
Change in fair value of			
investments	-	11,791	11,791
Unrealized gain on			
Stock	(2,752)	_	_
1 Convertible Preferred			
Accretion of Discount of Series			
Stock	(56 <b>,</b> 770)	-	-
Convertible Preferred			

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The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

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UNITED PAN-EUROPE COMMUNICATIONS N.V.

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS

(STATED IN THOUSANDS OF EUROS, EXCEPT SHARE AND PER SHARE AMOUNTS)

(UNAUDITED)

	FOR THE SIX MONTHS ENDED JUNE 30,	
	2001	2000
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES:		
Net loss	(1,419,233)	(835,528)
Depreciation and amortization	505,542	289,865
Amortization of deferred financing costs	25 <b>,</b> 577	8 <b>,</b> 175
Impairment charges	300,000	_
Accretion of interest expense	136,250	110,199
Share in results of affiliated companies	62,050	31,058
Compensation income related to stock options	(8,254)	(27,421)
Minority interests in subsidiaries	(76 <b>,</b> 668)	(2,490)
Exchange rate differences in loans	151,404	110,889
Cumulative effect of change in accounting principle	(35,349)	_

<sup>(1)</sup> As of December 31, 2000, Other Cumulative Comprehensive Income (Loss) represents foreign currency translation adjustments of 59,789 and unrealized gain on investments of 18,421. As of June 30, 2001, Other Cumulative Comprehensive Income (Loss) represents foreign currency translation adjustments of 132,943, unrealized gain on investments of 30,212 and fair value of derivative assets of (6,128).

Gain on derivative assets Other Changes in assets and liabilities:	(42,347) (8,082)	(9,322)
Increase in receivables	(6,700)	(87,463)
Increase in inventories	(16, 136)	(21,881)
Decrease (increase) in other non-current assets	25	(41,693)
Increase (decrease) in other current liabilities	(160,117)	
Increase in deferred taxes and other long-term	(100,111)	200,100
liabilities	6,189	3 <b>,</b> 972
TIADITICIES		
Net cash flows from operating activities	(585,849)	
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES:		
Restricted cash deposited, net	(3,709)	_
Investment in securities, net	· <u>-</u>	(44,538)
Investments in and advances to affiliated companies, net of		. , ,
repayments	(23,927)	(310,954)
Capital expenditures		(551,740)
Acquisitions, net of cash acquired		(1,356,930)
requisitions, net of easin acquirea	(22,032)	(1,330,330)
Net cash flows from investing activities	(436,728)	(2,264,162)
CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES:		
Proceeds from senior notes	_	1,594,161
Proceeds from short-term borrowings	3,645	
Proceeds from long-term borrowings	1,300,000	
Deferred financing costs	_	(58, 378)
Repayments of long-term and short-term borrowings	(780.030)	(431,593)
Repayments of long term and bhore term borrowings		
Net cash flows from financing activities	523 <b>,</b> 615	2,034,485
EFFECT OF EXCHANGE RATES ON CASH	1,174	(67)
NET DECREASE IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS	(497,788)	
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT BEGINNING OF PERIOD	1,590,230	, , ,
CAOU AND CAOU EQUIVABENTS AT DESTRICTED OF FERTOD	1,390,230	
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT END OF PERIOD	1,092,442	562,226
-	=======	-=======

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

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UNITED PAN-EUROPE COMMUNICATIONS N.V.

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS (CONTINUED)

(STATED IN THOUSANDS OF EUROS, EXCEPT SHARE AND PER SHARE AMOUNTS)

(UNAUDITED)

FOR THE SIX MONTHS
ENDED JUNE 30,

2001 2000

NON-CASH INVESTING AND FINANCING ACTIVITIES:

Unrealized (gain) loss on investments	(5,663)	53,664
	======	======
Issuance of warrants	_	121,010
	======	======
SUPPLEMENTAL CASH FLOW DISCLOSURES:		
Cash paid for interest	(238,291)	(113,781)
	======	======
Cash received for interest	25,342	23,879

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

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#### UNITED PAN-EUROPE COMMUNICATIONS N.V.

#### NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

#### 1. ORGANIZATION AND NATURE OF OPERATIONS

United Pan-Europe Communications N.V., formerly known as United and Philips Communications B.V. ("UPC" or the "Company"), was formed for the purpose of acquiring and developing multi-channel television and telecommunications systems in Europe. In 1995, UnitedGlobalCom, Inc. (formerly known as United International Holdings, Inc. ("United")), a United States of America corporation, and Philips Electronics N.V. ("Philips"), contributed their respective ownership interests in European and Israeli multi-channel television systems to UPC. In December 1997, United acquired Philips' 50% interest in UPC (the "UPC Acquisition"), thereby making it an effectively wholly-owned subsidiary of United (subject to certain employee equity incentive compensation arrangements). Subsequently in February 1999, UPC had its initial public offering. As of June 30, 2001, United owns 53.3% of UPC. Through its broadband communications networks or services in 17 countries in Europe and in Israel, UPC currently offers communication services in many European countries through its three primary divisions, UPC Distribution, UPC Media and PRIORITY TELECOM. UPC Distribution, which comprises the local operating systems, provides video, telephony and internet services for residential customers. UPC Media comprises the internet access and converging internet content and programming businesses. PRIORITY TELECOM focuses on providing network solutions to the business customer.

The following chart presents a summary of the Company's significant investments as of June 30, 2001.

	UPC'S OWNERSHIP
DISTRIBUTION:	
AUSTRIA: Telekabel Group BELGIUM:	95.0%
UPC Belgium	100.0%
Kabel Plus	100.0%

Mediareseaux S.A	92.0%(1)
GERMANY:	
EWT/TSS Group	51.0%
PrimaCom AG ("Primacom")	25.0%
HUNGARY:	
UPC Magyarorszag	100.0%
Monor Communications Group, Inc. ("Monor")	98.9%
THE NETHERLANDS:	
UPC Nederland	100.0%
Alkmaar	100.0%
NORWAY:	
UPC Norge AS ("UPC Norge")	100.0%
SWEDEN:	
UPC Sweden	100.0%

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# UNITED PAN-EUROPE COMMUNICATIONS N.V.

# NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

## 1. ORGANIZATION AND NATURE OF OPERATIONS (CONTINUED)

	UPC'S OWNERSHIP
SLOVAK REPUBLIC: Trnavatel	95.0% 100.0% 100.0% 51.0% 70.0%
MEDIA:	
PAN-EUROPEAN chello broadband N.V. ("chello")	100.0%(3) 80.0% 100.0%
SPAIN:  Iberian Programming Services ("IPS")  UNITED KINGDOM:  Xtra Music Ltd	50.0%
THE NETHERLANDS:  UPC Programming B.V. ("UPCtv")	100.0%
UPC Direct Programming B.V	100.0%
Wizja TV B.VOTHER:	
SBS Broadcasting SA ("SBS")	23.5%

PRIORITY TELECOM:

Priority Telecom N.V. ("Priority Telecom")	83.4%(2)
INVESTMENTS:	
ISRAEL: Tevel Israel International Communications Ltd.	
("Tevel")	46.6%
MALTA:	
Melita Cable TV P.L.C. ("Melita")	50.0%

(1) UPC owns 92.0% of Mediareseaux S.A. through its 100.0% owned subsidiary UPC France.

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#### UNITED PAN-EUROPE COMMUNICATIONS N.V.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

- 1. ORGANIZATION AND NATURE OF OPERATIONS (CONTINUED)
- (2) UPC owns approximately 87.4%, including the issued shares owned by the Priority Telecom Foundation, which is approximately 83.4% on a fully diluted basis.
- (3) CHELLO is in the process of issuing to United approximately 5,674,586 ordinary shares B in consideration for the transfer of rights from United to CHELLO necessary to eliminate United's territorial restrictions on CHELLO's business. Subsequent to the issuance of the ordinary shares B to United, UPC will own approximately 86.7% of CHELLO, including the issued shares owned by the CHELLO Foundation, which is approximately 76.9% on a fully diluted basis.

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## UNITED PAN-EUROPE COMMUNICATIONS N.V.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

## RISKS AND UNCERTAINTIES

The Company has incurred substantial operating losses and negative cash flows from operations which have been driven by continuing development efforts, including the introduction of new services such as digital video, telephony and internet. Additionally, substantial capital expenditures have been required to deploy these services and to acquire businesses. Management expects the Company to incur operating losses at least through 2003, primarily as a result of the continued introduction of these new services which are in the early stages of deployment, as well as continued depreciation and amortization expense. In order for the Company to achieve consolidated operating profitability and positive operating cash flows, the Company's business plan calls for substantial growth in the number of subscribers that will use these new services. This growth requires the availability of capital resources that are sufficient to fund expected capital expenditures. Management believes that the Company can achieve the anticipated growth in subscribers and that the required capital resources will be available to fund expected capital expenditures and operating losses. However, if such subscriber growth is not achieved, management believes access to sources of capital will be sufficient to satisfy future cash needs.

Management's estimates of the cash flows generated by these new services and the capital resources needed and available to complete their deployment could change, and such change could differ materially from the estimates used to evaluate the Company's ability to realize its investments.

#### BASIS OF PRESENTATION

The accompanying unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements have been prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States and with the instructions to Form 10-Q and Article 10 of Regulation S-X for interim financial information. Accordingly, these statements do not include all of the information and footnotes required by generally accepted accounting principles for complete financial statements. In the opinion of management, all adjustments (consisting of normal recurring adjustments) considered necessary for a fair presentation have been included. All significant intercompany accounts and transactions have been eliminated in consolidation. Operating results for the three and six months ended June 30, 2001 are not necessarily indicative of the results that may be expected for the year ending December 31, 2001. For further information, refer to the consolidated financial statements and footnotes thereto included in the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2000. Certain prior period amounts have been reclassified to conform with current period presentation.

#### PRINCIPLES OF CONSOLIDATION

The accompanying consolidated financial statements include the accounts of UPC and all subsidiaries where it exercises a controlling interest through the ownership of a majority voting interest. All significant intercompany accounts and transactions have been eliminated in consolidations.

INVESTMENT IN PUBLICLY TRADED SECURITIES ACCOUNTED FOR UNDER THE EQUITY METHOD

UPC evaluates its investments in publicly traded securities accounted for under the equity method for impairment in accordance with Accounting Principles Board Opinion No. 18, "The Equity Method of Accounting for Investments in Common Stock" ("APB 18") and Staff Accounting Bulletin No. 59, "Accounting for Noncurrent Marketable Equity Securities" ("SAB 59"). Under APB 18, a loss in value of an investment accounted for under the equity method which is other than a temporary decline

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#### UNITED PAN-EUROPE COMMUNICATIONS N.V.

#### NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED) should be recognized as a realized loss, establishing a new carrying value for the investment. UPC has made strategic equity investments in certain publicly traded securities which are accounted for under the equity method, including its investments in SBS and PrimaCom, whose market values are currently below the carrying value of the investments. A current fair value of an investment that is less than its carrying amount may indicate a loss in value of the investment. However, a decline in the quoted market price below the carrying amount or the existence of operating losses is not necessarily indicative of a loss in value that is other than temporary. UPC evaluates its investments in SBS and PrimaCom in accordance with Statements of Financial Standards No. 121 ("SFAS 121"), which provides guidance as to when long-lived assets may be impaired.

## ACCOUNTING CHANGE

Effective January 1, 2001, the Company adopted Statement of Financial

Accounting Standards No. 133, "Accounting for Derivative and Hedging Activities" ("SFAS 133"), which establishes accounting and reporting standards for derivative instruments, including certain derivative instruments embedded in other contracts and for hedging activities. All derivatives, whether designated in hedging relationships or not, are required to be recorded on the balance sheet at fair value. The adoption of SFAS 133 on January 1, 2001, resulted in a cumulative increase to income of 35.3 million and a cumulative increase to Other Comprehensive Income ("OCI") of 36.7 million. The increase to income was attributable to a loss of approximately Euro 36.7 million reclassified from OCI for the value of certain warrants held by the Company which are derivatives and are not designated as a hedging instrument, and income of approximately 72.0 million related to gains associated with cross currency swaps held by the Company which do not qualify as hedging instruments as defined by SFAS 133.

#### NEW ACCOUNTING PRINCIPLES

In June 2001, the Financial Accounting Standards Board authorized the issuance of Statement of Financial Accounting Standards No. 141, "Business Combinations" ("SFAS 141") and Statement of Financial Accounting Standards No. 142, "Goodwill and Other Intangible Assets" ("SFAS 142"). SFAS 141 requires the use of the purchase method of accounting for all business combinations initiated after June 30, 2001. SFAS 141 requires intangible assets acquired in a business combination to be recognized if they arise from contractual or legal rights or are "separable", i.e., it is feasible that they may be sold, transferred, licensed, rented, exchanged or pledged.

Under SFAS 142, goodwill and intangible assets with indefinite lives will not be amortized, but will be tested for impairment on an annual basis and whenever indicators of impairment arise. The goodwill impairment test, which is based on fair value, is to be performed on a reporting unit level. Goodwill will no longer be allocated to other long-lived assets for impairment testing under SFAS No. 121, "Accounting for the Impairment of Long-Lived Assets and for Long-Lived Assets to be Disposed of." Additionally, goodwill on equity method investments will no longer be amortized; however, it will continue to be tested for impairment in accordance with Accounting Principles Board Opinion No. 18, "The Equity Method of Accounting for Investments in Common Stock." Under SFAS 142, intangible assets with indefinite lives will be carried at the lower of cost or market value. All other recognized intangible assets will continue to be amortized over their estimated useful lives.

SFAS 142 is effective for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2001, although goodwill on business combinations consummated after July 1, 2001 will not be amortized. On adoption UPC may

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#### UNITED PAN-EUROPE COMMUNICATIONS N.V.

#### NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

- 2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED) need to record a cumulative effect adjustment to reflect the impairment of previously recognized intangible assets. In addition, goodwill on prior business combinations will cease to be amortized. The Company has not determined the impact that these statements will have on intangible assets or whether a cumulative effect adjustment will be required upon adoption.
- 3. ACQUISITIONS

## ENECO K&T GROUP

In March 2000, UPC acquired the Eneco K&T Group ("K&T"), the cable interests

of ENECO N.V., for a consideration of 1,046.3 million, including the repayment to ENECO N.V. and the assumption of debt from K&T to ENECO N.V. of 225.6 million. The acquisition was accounted for under purchase accounting. Effective March 31, 2000, UPC began consolidating its investment in K&T.

#### PRO FORMA INFORMATION

The following unaudited pro forma condensed consolidated operating results for the six months ended June 30, 2000 gives effect to UPC's acquisition of K&T as if this acquisition had occurred at the beginning of the period presented. This unaudited pro forma condensed consolidated financial information does not purport to represent what the Company's results of operations would actually have been if such transactions had in fact occurred on such date.

FOR THE SIX MONTHS ENDED JUNE 30, 2000		
HISTORICAL	PRO FORMA	
437,589	454,833	
(835,528)	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	
436,053,889	436,053,889	
(1.92)	(2.03)	
	JUNE 30 HISTORICAL  437,589  (835,528)  436,053,889	

#### ANNOUNCEMENT OF MERGER WITH PRIMACOM

On March 29, 2001, UPC announced an agreement with PrimaCom to merge its German assets, including EWT/TSS and the TeleColumbus option, as well as its Alkmaar subsidiary located in the Netherlands, with those of PrimaCom. UPC's interest in EWT is held through its 51% owned subsidiary, UPC Germany. The transaction is subject to approval of the PrimaCom shareholders, as well as various regulatory and any other potential approvals, and is expected to close by year-end 2001, although there can be no assurances. Under the transaction structure, for accounting purposes PrimaCom will be deemed the "acquirer." Upon closing of the transaction, UPC Germany will deconsolidate its investment in EWT. UPC Germany's investment in the merged companies will be required to be recorded at the fair value as of the date of the transaction, which will be determined based on the market value of the PrimaCom shares at that date. PrimaCom's shares are listed on the Nasdaq market and the Frankfurt Stock Exchange. As of June 30, 2001, PrimaCom's shares were valued at approximately 9.30 per share. Assuming the same price at the closing of the transaction, this

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#### UNITED PAN-EUROPE COMMUNICATIONS N.V.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

#### 3. ACQUISITIONS (CONTINUED)

would result in UPC Germany recording a write-down upon closing of approximately 900.0 million on its investment in EWT. UPC's share of the write-down would be approximately 51%.

# 4. IMPAIRMENT CHARGES

During the second quarter of 2001, UPC's management identified indicators of possible impairment of long-lived assets, principally Indefeasible Rights of Use ("IRU's") and related goodwill, within its CLEC subsidiary, PRIORITY TELECOM. Such indicators included declines in the market value of publicly traded telecommunications providers and a change, subsequent to the acquisition of Cignal, in the way that certain assets from the Cignal Global Communications ("Cignal") acquisition would be used within PRIORITY TELECOM.

Reduced levels of private equity funding activity for CLEC businesses and plans by UPC to obtain financing for PRIORITY TELECOM in the second half of 2001 contributed to changes in UPC's strategic plans for how certain assets acquired through the Cignal transaction would be used within PRIORITY TELECOM. The changes in strategic plans included a decision to phase-out the legacy international wholesale voice operations of Cignal. When UPC and PRIORITY TELECOM reached agreement to acquire Cignal in the second quarter of 2000, the companies originally intended to continue the international wholesale voice operations of Cignal for the foreseeable future. This original plan for the international wholesale voice operations was considered in the determination of the consideration to be paid for Cignal and the subsequent allocation of the purchase price. This allocation was completed by an independent third party in November 2000. In the second quarter of 2001, using the strategic plan prepared for contemplated financing, an impairment assessment test and measurement in accordance with SFAS 121 was completed, resulting in the recording of a write-down of tangible assets and related goodwill of 300.0 million.

5. INVESTMENTS IN AND ADVANCES TO AFFILIATED COMPANIES, ACCOUNTED FOR UNDER THE EQUITY METHOD

AS OF JUNE 30, 2001

		710 01			
	INVESTMENTS IN		CUMULATIVE SHARE IN		
	AND ADVANCES	CUMULATIVE	RESULTS OF	CUMULATIVE	
	TO AFFILIATED	DIVIDENDS	AFFILIATED	TRANSLATION	
	COMPANIES	RECEIVED	COMPANIES	ADJUSTMENTS	
					-
Tevel	106,752	(5,500)	(62,133)	20,401	
Melita	12,688	-	(2,602)	990	
Xtra Music	14,039	_	(7,752)	849	
IPS	10,065	(2,742)	7,700	8,314	
SBS	261 <b>,</b> 999	-	(56 <b>,</b> 743)	51,710	2
PrimaCom	345 <b>,</b> 096	_	(52,751)	_	2
Other, net	54,640	(707)	(10,768)	1,152	
Total	805 <b>,</b> 279	(8,949)	(185,049)	83,416	6
	======	======	=======	======	=

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UNITED PAN-EUROPE COMMUNICATIONS N.V.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

6. OTHER INVESTMENTS

MARKETABLE EQUITY SECURITIES OF UNITED, AT FAIR VALUE

As a result of the UPC Acquisition, a subsidiary of UPC acquired 6,338,302 of United's Class A common shares, as adjusted for United's 2:1 stock split in November 1999, valued at fair market value of 30.3 million as of December 11, 1997. In November 1998, UPC sold 769,062 shares. As of June 30, 2001, the fair value of the remaining 5,569,240 shares was 56.8 million, resulting in a cumulative unrealized gain of 30.2 million as of June 30, 2001.

### 7. PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT

	AS OF JUNE 30, 2001	AS OF DECEMBER 31, 2000
Cable distribution networks.  Subscriber premises equipment and converters.  DTH, MMDS and distribution facilities.  IT systems, office equipment and fixtures.  Buildings and leasehold improvements.  Other.	3,248,477 598,034 250,628 288,734 159,620 92,997	3,089,342 440,015 218,568 250,918 132,092 61,636
Accumulated depreciation  Property, plant and equipment, net	4,638,490 (949,006)  3,689,484	4,192,571 (611,032)  3,581,539

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#### UNITED PAN-EUROPE COMMUNICATIONS N.V.

# NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

## 8. GOODWILL AND OTHER INTANGIBLE ASSETS

	AS OF JUNE 30,	AS OF DECEMBER 31,
	2001	2000
UPC Nederland	1,375,924	1,713,365
UPC Polska	1,154,336	1,024,469
UPC Germany	1,034,953	951 <b>,</b> 990
UPC Sweden	403,102	418,828
Priority Telecom	464,265	363,215
UPC NV	207,984	208,540
Telekabel Group	180,791	180,200
UPC France	176,736	176,639
UPC Magyarorszag	154,317	141,264
UPC Czech Republic	106,322	102,488
Priority Wireless Group	107,286	108,020
UPC Norge	80,024	72,427
Other	127,718	96,838
	5,573,758	5,558,283
Accumulated amortization	(663,568)	(438,391)

Goodwill	and	other	intangible	assets,	net	4,910,190	5,119,892

#### 9. LONG-TERM DEBT

	AS OF JUNE 30, 2001	
July 1999 Notes. October 1999 Notes. January 2000 Notes. UPC Distribution Bank Facility UPC Bridge Facility. Exchangeable Loan. @Entertainment Notes. DIC loan. Other.	1,840,676 1,222,390 1,987,010 2,718,026 - 1,016,257 383,597 53,424 212,630	1,567,212 1,059,174 1,761,130 2,395,998 750,000 - 323,275 55,359 183,953
Less current portion	9,434,010 (21,668)  9,412,342	8,096,101 (17,832)  8,078,269

The increase in the July 1999 Notes, October 1999 Notes, January 2000 Notes, as well as the UPC Distribution Bank Facility, is partly due to the adoption of SFAS 133. Under SFAS 133, the fair value of the derivative assets as of June 30, 2001, amounting to 453.8 million (including both the fair value of the foreign currency part and the interest part of the swaps), has been recorded as an asset on the balance sheet. Of this amount, 346.1 million has been added to the carrying value of the related

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#### UNITED PAN-EUROPE COMMUNICATIONS N.V.

#### NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

# 9. LONG-TERM DEBT (CONTINUED)

long-term debt. The Company uses derivative instruments to manage exposures to foreign currency and interest rate risks.

#### EXCHANGEABLE LOAN

In May 2001, UPC completed a placement with Liberty Media Corp. ("Liberty") of USD 1,225.0 million 6% Guaranteed Discount Notes due 2007 ("the Exchangeable Loan"), receiving proceeds of USD 856.8 million (Euro 1.0 billion). Liberty has the right to exchange the notes, which were issued by a wholly-owned subsidiary of UPC, into ordinary shares of UPC under certain circumstances at USD 6.85 per share after May 29, 2002.

The Exchangeable Loan is expected to be transferred to United as part of a transaction between Liberty and United, which is expected to close promptly after approval by United shareholders during the fourth quarter of 2001.

The principal terms of the Exchangeable Loan following transfer of the

Exchangeable Loan to United are as follows:

- Convertible at any time into UPC ordinary shares at USD 6.85 per share.
- Callable in cash at any time in the first year at 100% plus accrued interest. Not callable until May 29, 2004; thereafter, callable at descending premiums in cash, ordinary shares or a combination (at UPC's option) at any time prior to May 29, 2007.
- UPC has the right, at its option, to require exchange of the Exchangeable Loan into UPC ordinary shares at Euro 8.00 per share on a Euro 1.00 for Euro 1.00 basis for any equity raised by UPC at a price at or above Euro 8.00 per share during the first two years, Euro 10.00 per share during the third year, Euro 12.00 per share during the fourth year, and Euro 15.00 per share during and after the fifth year.
- UPC has the right, at its option, to require exchange of the Exchangeable Loan into UPC ordinary shares, if on or after November 15, 2002, its ordinary shares trade at or above USD 10.28 for at least 20 out of 30 trading days, or if on or after May 29, 2004, UPC ordinary shares trade at or above USD 8.91 for at least 20 out of 30 trading days.

#### UPC BRIDGE FACILITY

UPC repaid the 750 million borrowed on this facility in May 2001.

# UPC DISTRIBUTION BANK FACILITY

In October 2000, UPC closed a 4.0 billion operating and term loan facility ("UPC Distribution Bank Facility"). The facility is guaranteed by existing cable operating companies, excluding Polish and German operations. The UPC Distribution Bank Facility bears interest at EURIBOR +0.75%-4.0% depending on certain leverage ratios, and an annual commitment fee of 0.5% over the undrawn amount is applicable. A first drawing was made in October 2000, to refinance existing operating company bank debt totaling 2.0 billion. The purpose of the UPC Distribution Bank Facility is to finance further digital rollout and triple play by UPC's existing cable companies, excluding Polish and German operations. Additional availability is linked to certain performance tests. Management expects

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#### UNITED PAN-EUROPE COMMUNICATIONS N.V.

#### NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

## 9. LONG-TERM DEBT (CONTINUED)

the additional borrowing availability under this facility to increase throughout 2001. As customary for a financing of this nature, certain financial covenants and restrictions on UPC's cable companies' ability to make dividends and/or other payments to UPC, incur indebtedness, dispose of assets, merge and enter into affiliate transactions. UPC was in compliance with these covenants at June 30, 2001. Principal repayment will begin in 2004. The facility reaches final maturity in 2009. At June 30, 2001, approximately 2.7 billion was outstanding under this facility. The facility is structured in different tranches, with one tranche denominated in dollars for the amount of USD 347.5 million. Concurrent with the closing, UPC entered into cross currency and interest rate swaps, pursuant to which a USD 240.0 million obligation under the UPC Distribution Bank Facility was effectively changed into a 286.0 million obligation until November 29, 2002. In addition, UPC entered into an interest rate swap in respect of 1,725 million to fix the EURIBOR portion of the interest calculation at 4.65% ending August 30, 2002.

#### 10. COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES

#### LEASES

UPC has entered into various short— and long-term agreements with third parties, varying in term from 3 to 15 years, for IRU's on fiber optic cable as well as for operational leases. Under these agreements UPC has commitments for discounted future minimum lease payments, and for operation and maintenance charges, which total approximately 27.2 million as of June 30, 2001.

A subsidiary of UPC leases DTH technical equipment, conduit and satellite transponder capacity, as well as several offices and warehouses. At the end of June 2001, these leases had an aggregate maximum commitment of approximately USD 202.6 million (239.1 million) over the next nine years.

UPC has entered into an agreement for the long-term lease of satellite transponder capacity providing service from Europe to Europe, North America and South America. The remaining term of the agreement is 137 months, with a minimum aggregate total cost of approximately USD 103.6 million (122.3 million) payable in monthly installments based on capacity used.

#### PROGRAMMING, BROADCAST AND EXHIBITION RIGHTS

A subsidiary of UPC has entered into long-term programming agreements and agreements for the purchase of certain exhibition or broadcast rights with a number of third-party content providers for its digital direct-to-home ("DTH") and cable systems. At June 30, 2001, these agreements had an aggregate minimum commitment of approximately USD 223.5 million (263.7 million) over the next nine years.

#### PURCHASE OPTIONS

In November 2000, UPC's subsidiary, PRIORITY TELECOM, acquired through a merger and exchange offer Cignal. In the stock-based transaction, PRIORITY TELECOM acquired 100% of Cignal in exchange for a 16% interest in PRIORITY TELECOM. Under the terms of the Shareholder's Agreement, UPC granted the Cignal shareholders an option to put their interest in PRIORITY TELECOM back to UPC if a public listing for PRIORITY TELECOM is not consummated by October 1, 2001. The value to be paid by UPC upon exercise of the put is the greater of the fair market value of the Cignal shareholder's interest in PRIORITY

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#### UNITED PAN-EUROPE COMMUNICATIONS N.V.

#### NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

10. COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES (CONTINUED)
TELECOM or USD 200.0 million. UPC has the option to pay for the put, if exercised, in either its shares or cash.

In October 2000, UPC acquired, through its subsidiary, UPC Germany, 100% of EWT for a purchase price of 238.4 million in cash and 49% of UPC Germany. Under the UPC Germany Shareholders Agreement, the 49% shareholder has an option to put his interest in UPC Germany to UPC in exchange for approximately 13.2 million of UPC's ordinary shares A. The option expires March 31, 2003. UPC has the option to pay for the put, if exercised, in either its 13.2 million shares or the equivalent value of cash on such date. If the option is not exercised, upon its expiration, the 49% shareholder has the right to demand that UPC contribute cash and/or other assets (including stock) to UPC Germany equal to approximately 476.7 million, representing the remainder of UPC's contribution obligation to

UPC Germany.

#### LITIGATION AND CLAIMS

From time to time, the Company is subject to various claims and suits arising out of the ordinary course of business. While the ultimate result of all such matters is not presently determinable, based upon current knowledge and facts, management does not expect that their resolution will have a material adverse effect on the Company's consolidated financial position or results of operations.

#### 11. SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY

At an extraordinary general meeting of shareholders in March 2000, the shareholders approved the amendment of UPC's Articles of Association to (i) split each ordinary share A, priority share, preference share A and preferred share B (as of December 31, 1999, with a nominal value of Euro 2.00 each) into three shares with a nominal value of Euro 1.00 each, (ii) split each ordinary share B (as of December 31, 1999, with a nominal value of Euro 0.02 each) into three shares with a nominal value of Euro 0.01 each and (iii) pay up an amount of Euro 145.2 million on account of the share premium reserve of the Company. All share and per share amounts in the accompanying consolidated financial statements and notes thereto have been retroactively restated to reflect the 3 for 1 share split.

#### 12. SEGMENT AND GEOGRAPHIC INFORMATION

The Company's business has historically been derived from cable television. Commencing in 1998, the Company began launching telephony and internet services over parts of its upgraded network. The Company is managed internally as three primary divisions, UPC Distribution, UPC Media and PRIORITY TELECOM. In addition, Corporate, IT and Other is a separate reporting segment. UPC Distribution focuses on providing cable television, DTH, internet and telephony services to residential customers and is comprised of the local operating systems. CHELLO BROADBAND serves as the internet access provider, and was recently combined with the programming businesses led by UPCtv under one management team as UPC Media. PRIORITY TELECOM is focused on providing services to business customers. Corporate, IT and Other relates primarily to centralized activities which support multiple platforms/services.

The Company evaluates performance and allocates resources based on the results of these divisions. The key operating performance criteria used in this evaluation include revenue growth and net operating loss before depreciation, amortization, stock-based compensation expense and impairment charges ("Adjusted EBITDA"). Industry analysts generally consider EBITDA to be a helpful way to

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#### UNITED PAN-EUROPE COMMUNICATIONS N.V.

#### NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

12. SEGMENT AND GEOGRAPHIC INFORMATION (CONTINUED) measure the performance of cable television operations and communications companies. Management believes Adjusted EBITDA helps investors to assess the cash flow from operations from period to period and thus value the Company's business. Adjusted EBITDA should not, however, be considered a replacement for net income, cash flows or any other measure of performance or liquidity under generally accepted accounting principles, or as an indicator of a company's operating performance. The presentation of Adjusted EBITDA may not be comparable to statistics with a similar name reported by other companies. Not all companies and analysts calculate Adjusted EBITDA in the same manner. As the Company

increases its bundling of products, the allocation of indirect operating and SG&A expenses between individual products will become increasingly difficult and may not represent the actual Adjusted EBITDA for individual products.

A summary of the segment information by geographic area is as follows:

REVENUE	FOR	THE	THREE	MONTHS	ENDED	JUNE	30,	

	CABLE TELEVISION	•		DTH	PROGRAMMING	CORPOR IT OTHE
Corporate	_		_	_	_	1,2
UPCtv	_	_	_	_	3 <b>,</b> 290	±, 2
CHELLO BROADBAND			17 <b>,</b> 082		3,290	
	-	71 004	17,002	_	_	
PRIORITY TELECOM	_	71,024	_	_	_	
Distribution:						
The Netherlands	61,318	17,107	19 <b>,</b> 751	_	_	8,5
Austria	21,032	11,329	12,139	-		1,1
Belgium	3,838	-	2,317	_	-	
Czech Republic	7,967	210	303	2,431	928	5
Norway	12,380	1,852	2,200	· –	_	
Hungary	15,440	6 <b>,</b> 712	782	2,429	185	
France	16,016	6,256	2,035	_	_	1,4
Poland	22,761	_	374	18,725	20,479	•
Sweden	8,673	_	2,615	,	,	6
Germany	11,673	10	10	_	_	-
Other	8,684	_	134	543	(929)	`
Total	 189,782	114,500	 59,742	24,128	 23 <b>,</b> 953	14,3
10041	======	======	=====	=====	=====	====

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# UNITED PAN-EUROPE COMMUNICATIONS N.V.

# NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

REVENUE	FOR	THE	THREE	MONTHS	ENDED	JUNE	30.

	CABLE TELEVISION	TELEPHONY	INTERNET/ DATA	DTH	PROGRAMMING	CORPOR IT OTHE
Corporate	_	-	-	-	_	
UPCtv	_	_	-	_	686	
CHELLO BROADBAND	_	_	7,231	_	_	
PRIORITY TELECOM	_	3,492	_	_	_	
Distribution:						
The Netherlands	57 <b>,</b> 045	24,734	8 <b>,</b> 926	_	-	3
Austria	20,527	7,827	6,444	_	_	
Belgium	4,033	349	1,091	_	-	
Czech Republic	6,034	240	_	_	_	7

Norway	12,103	800	574	-	_	
Hungary	11,501	5,325	70	_	_	
France	15,047	2,324	644	_	_	
Poland	18,402	_	_	13,063	14,971	
Sweden	8,282	234	1,587	-	_	
Germany	_	_	_	-	_	
Other	4,041	_	_	_	_	6
Total	157,015	45,325	26,567	13,063	15,657	1,7
	======	=====	======	=====	=====	===

REVENUE FOR THE SIX MONTHS ENDED JUNE 30, 2001

	CABLE		INTERNET/			CORPORAT IT &
	TELEVISION	TELEPHONY	DATA	DTH	PROGRAMMING	OTHER
Corporate	_	_	_	_	_	2,108
UPCtv	_	_	_	_	6,434	-
CHELLO BROADBAND	_	_	30,291	_	_	-
PRIORITY TELECOM	_	129,934	_	_	_	_
Distribution:						
The Netherlands	122,676	32,803	35,220	_	_	18,569
Austria	41,877	21,947	23,205	_	_	3,884
Belgium	7,742	_	4,520	_	_	_
Czech Republic	16,126	425	517	4,198	1,748	985
Norway	24,731	3,506	4,025	_	_	1,054
Hungary	29,903	12,514	1,258	4,280	2,587	-
France	30,898	10,640	3,484	_	_	1,438
Poland	43,117	_	597	36,306	37 <b>,</b> 932	-
Sweden	17,112	_	5,030	_	_	666
Germany	24,003	21	25	_	_	1,091
Other	16,902	_	291	1,059	769	g
Total	375 <b>,</b> 087	211 <b>,</b> 790	108,463	45 <b>,</b> 843	49,470	29 <b>,</b> 804

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# UNITED PAN-EUROPE COMMUNICATIONS N.V.

# NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

			REVENUE FOR	THE SIX	MONTHS ENDED JUN	IE 30, 20
	CABLE TELEVISION	TELEPHONY	INTERNET/ DATA	DTH	PROGRAMMING	CORPOR IT OTHE
Corporate  UPCtv  CHELLO BROADBAND	- - -	- - -	- - 12,662		1,197 	

PRIORITY TELECOM	_	5 <b>,</b> 359	_	_	_	
Distribution:						
The Netherlands	100,335	40,469	14,180	_	_	3
Austria	41,224	14,948	12,041	_	_	
Belgium	7,677	627	1,903	_	_	
Czech Republic	12,312	498	_	_	_	1,7
Norway	24,366	1,255	978	_	_	
Hungary	23,267	10,624	128	_	_	
France	29 <b>,</b> 127	4,199	1,053	_	_	
Poland	35 <b>,</b> 660	_	_	22,673	27 <b>,</b> 985	
Sweden	16,502	234	2,432	_	_	
Germany	_	_	-	-	_	
Other	7 <b>,</b> 978	_	_	_	_	9
Total	298,448	78,213	45,377	22,673	29,182	3,0
	======	======	=====	======	======	===

# ADJUSTED EBITDA FOR THE THREE MONTHS ENDED JUNE

	CABLE TELEVISION	TELEPHONY	INTERNET/ DATA	DTH	PROGRAMMING
Corporate	_	_	_	_	_
UPCtv	_	_	_	_	(14,993)
CHELLO BROADBAND	_	_	(18,610)	_	_
PRIORITY TELECOM	-	(26,801)	_	_	_
Distribution:					
The Netherlands	32,109	(7,260)	(3 <b>,</b> 772)	_	_
Austria	9,316	936	2,244	_	_
Belgium	1,469	_	(546)	_	_
Czech Republic	3,466	15	(143)	1,078	(424)
Norway	3,898	(1,243)	(641)	_	_
Hungary	5 <b>,</b> 396	3,416	(173)	746	(552)
France	72	(3,231)	(1,399)	_	_
Poland	2,847	_	(1,772)	(3,428)	(10 <b>,</b> 677)
Sweden	3,717	(82)	(952)	_	_
Germany	8,024	(14)	(180)	-	-
Other	3,113	_	81	(661)	1,042
Total	73,427	(34,264)	(25,863)	(2,265)	(25,604)
	=====	======	======	=====	======

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# UNITED PAN-EUROPE COMMUNICATIONS N.V.

# NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

ADJUSTED	ERITDA	FOR	THE	THREE	MONTHS	ENDED	THIM

CABLE		INTERNET/		
TELEVISION	TELEPHONY	DATA	DTH	PROGRAMMING

Corporate	_	_	_	_	_
UPCtv	_	_	_	_	(12 <b>,</b> 553)
CHELLO BROADBAND	_	_	(33,957)	_	_
PRIORITY TELECOM	_	(10,985)	-	-	_
Distribution:					
The Netherlands	28,123	(10,386)	(6,236)	_	_
Austria	11,084	(1,874)	336	_	_
Belgium	1,512	(124)	(1,389)	_	_
Czech Republic	1,352	13	_	(52)	_
Norway	4,408	(3,393)	(955)	_	_
Hungary	4,173	2,906	(1,060)	(80)	_
France	5,171	(6,787)	(3,078)	_	_
Poland	433	_	_	(1,264)	(12,650)
Sweden	2,782	(1,077)	(2,419)	_	_
Germany	_	_	_	_	_
Other	1,428	553	(3,196)	(59)	(136)
Total	60,466	(31,154)	(51 <b>,</b> 954)	(1,455)	(25, 339)
		======			

# ADJUSTED EBITDA FOR THE SIX MONTHS ENDED JUNE 3

	CABLE TELEVISION	TELEPHONY	INTERNET/ DATA	DTH	PROGRAMMING
Corporate	_	_	_	_	_
UPCtv	_	_	_	_	(30,357)
CHELLO BROADBAND	-	-	(38,807)	_	-
PRIORITY TELECOM	-	(48,353)	_	_	-
Distribution:					
The Netherlands	61 <b>,</b> 929	(11,583)	(8,115)	_	-
Austria	17 <b>,</b> 919	2,214	4,600	_	-
Belgium	3,041	-	(1,039)	_	-
Czech Republic	6,150	(14)	(440)	(337)	(911)
Norway	8,118	(2,636)	(1,483)	_	-
Hungary	10,432	6 <b>,</b> 593	(571)	(592)	(1,891)
France	132	(7 <b>,</b> 781)	(3,351)	_	-
Poland	3,290	-	(3,080)	(5,410)	(20,052)
Sweden	5 <b>,</b> 707	(82)	(1,890)	_	-
Germany	14,239	(24)	(344)	_	-
Other	6,337	_	223	(1,451)	68
Total	137 <b>,</b> 294	(61 <b>,</b> 666)	(54,297)	(7 <b>,</b> 790)	(53 <b>,</b> 143)
	======	======	======	=====	======

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UNITED PAN-EUROPE COMMUNICATIONS N.V.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

ADJUSTED EBITDA FOR THE SIX MONTHS ENDED JUNE 3

	CABLE INTERNET/ TELEVISION TELEPHONY DATA		DTH	PROGRAMMING	
Corporate	_	_	_	_	-
UPCtv	_	_	_	_	(20,200)
CHELLO BROADBAND	_	_	(61,106)	_	_
PRIORITY TELECOM	_	(13,719)	_	_	_
Distribution:					
The Netherlands	49,595	(20,836)	(11,515)	_	_
Austria	22,328	(3,443)	504	_	_
Belgium	2 <b>,</b> 973	(265)	(2 <b>,</b> 523)	_	_
Czech Republic	2,280	36	_	(52)	_
Norway	9,313	(6,217)	(1,804)	-	-
Hungary	7,817	5,846	(2,129)	(80)	_
France	6,688	(9 <b>,</b> 533)	(4,064)	_	_
Poland	1,505	_	_	(5,607)	(27 <b>,</b> 259)
Sweden	6 <b>,</b> 518	(1,782)	(4,505)	-	-
Germany	_	-	_	_	_
Other	3,095	(934)	(3,588)	(59)	(200)
Total	112,112	(50,847)	(90,730)	(5,798)	(47,659)
	======	======	======	======	======

Following is a reconciliation of Adjusted EBITDA to UPC's net loss before income taxes:

	FOR THE THREE MONTHS ENDED JUNE 30,		ENDED JUN	NE 30,
	2001	2000		2000
Adjusted EBITDA	(54,368)	(78 <b>,</b> 020)	(115,176)	(135,4
Depreciation and amortization			(505,542)	
Stock-based compensation			8,254	27,4
Impairment charges			(300,000)	
Net operating loss	(605,415)		(912,464)	 (397,8
Interest income	11,856		27,611	22,1
Interest expense	(247,102)		(465,321)	(307,6
Foreign exchange gain (loss) and other income				
(expense), net	(63 <b>,</b> 683)	(43,999)	(118,788)	(123,9
Net loss before income taxes and other items	(904,344)		(1,468,962)	(807,3
Share in results of affiliated companies, net	(15,954)	(9,843)	(62,050)	(31,0
Minority interests in subsidiaries	57 <b>,</b> 827	1,506	76,668	2,4
Net loss before income tax benefit (expense) and cumulative effect of change in accounting				
principle	(862 <b>,</b> 471)	(368 <b>,</b> 592)	(1,454,344)	(835,9
	=======	=======	=======	=====

UNITED PAN-EUROPE COMMUNICATIONS N.V.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

## 12. SEGMENT AND GEOGRAPHIC INFORMATION (CONTINUED)

		ASSETS
	AS OF JUNE 30, 2001	AS OF
Corporate UPCtv CHELLO BROADBAND PRIORITY TELECOM.	2,628,006 89,863 126,493 824,295	2,775,411 70,043 118,746 630,418
Distribution: The Netherlands. Austria. Belgium. Czech Republic. Norway. Hungary. France. Poland. Sweden. Germany. Other.	2,472,678 446,587 46,268 233,352 315,156 402,940 913,951 1,461,038 420,207 1,100,746 164,651	2,929,364 464,174 46,463 231,122 319,324 376,722 914,385 1,316,945 453,231 1,044,344 111,679
Total	11,646,231	11,802,371

The total assets of Priority Wireless are included in PRIORITY TELECOM, as historically Priority Wireless was included in PRIORITY TELECOM as an out-reach technology.

## 13. COMPREHENSIVE INCOME (LOSS)

The components of total comprehensive income (loss) are as follows:

	FOR THE THREE MONTHS ENDED JUNE 30,		FOR THE SIX ENDED JUN		
	2001	2000	2001	2000	
Net loss Other comprehensive income (loss):	(862 <b>,</b> 799)	(368,157)	(1,419,233)	(835 <b>,</b> 5	
Change in cumulative translation adjustments  Change in fair value of derivative assets	56,871 (6,128)	(33,226)	73,154 (6,128)	2,8	
Change in unrealized gain (loss) on investments	(26,247)	(102,426)	11,791	(53 <b>,</b> 6	
Total comprehensive income (loss)	(838,303) ======	(503 <b>,</b> 809)	(1,340,416)	(886 <b>,</b> 3	

2.3

#### UNITED PAN-EUROPE COMMUNICATIONS N.V.

#### NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

#### 14. BASIC NET LOSS ATTRIBUTABLE TO COMMON SHAREHOLDERS

	FOR THE THREE MONTHS ENDED JUNE 30,		FOR THE SIX MONTHS ENDED JUNE 30,	
	2001	2000	2001	2000
Net loss				(835,5
Basic net loss attributable to common shareholders	(892 <b>,</b> 560)	(368,157)	(1,478,755)	(835,5

#### 15. SUBSEQUENT EVENT

#### ANNOUNCEMENT OF POLISH DTH MERGER

On August 10, 2001, UPC and Canal+ Group ("Canal+"), the television and film division of Vivendi Universal, announced the signing of definitive agreements to merge their respective Polish direct-to-home ("DTH") satellite television platforms, as well as the Canal+ Polska premium channel, to form a common Polish DTH platform. UPC Polska will contribute its Polish DTH assets to TKP, the Polish subsidiary of Canal+, in exchange for 25% of TKP and 150.0 million in cash. As part of this transaction, through a carriage agreement, Canal+ Polska will also be available on UPC's Polish cable network. TKP will be managed and controlled by Canal+, who will own 75%. UPC will own the remaining 25%. This merger is subject to certain regulatory approvals. For accounting purposes, TKP will be deemed the acquirer. UPC's investment in the merged companies will be recorded at fair value as of the date of the transaction. UPC's carrying value of the Polish DTH assets being contributed may be significantly higher than the determined fair value of its investment in the merged companies if and when the transaction is consummated, leading to a write-down at the date the transaction is consummated.

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# ITEM 2--MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS OF FINANCIAL CONDITION AND RESULTS OF OPERATIONS

The following discussion, contains, in addition to historical information, forward-looking statements that involve risks and uncertainties. These forward-looking statements may include statements concerning our plans, objectives and future economic prospects, expectations, beliefs, future plans and strategies, anticipated events or trends and similar expressions concerning matters that are not historical facts. These forward-looking statements involve both known and unanticipated risks, uncertainties and other factors that may cause our actual results, performance or achievements, or industry results, to be materially different from what we say or imply with the forward-looking statements. These factors include, among other things, changes in television viewing preferences and habits by our subscribers and potential subscribers, their acceptance of new technology, programming alternatives and new video

services we may offer. They also include our ability to complete announced transactions, our ability to secure adequate capital to fund system growth, new business and acquisitions and to manage and grow our newer telephony, digital and internet/data services. We have disclosed estimated adjustments to our financial statements as a result of planned transactions. These adjustments will be based on underlying values of assets, which are subject to change. These forward-looking statements apply only as of the time of this report and we have no obligation or plans to provide updates or revisions to these forward-looking statements or any other changes in events or circumstances on which these forward-looking statements are based. The following discussion and analysis of financial condition and results of operations covers the three and six months ended June 30, 2001 and 2000, and should be read together with our consolidated financial statements and related notes included elsewhere herein. These consolidated financial statements provide additional information regarding our financial activities and condition.

#### INTRODUCTION

We own and operate broadband communications networks or services in 17 countries in Europe and in Israel. Our operations are organized into three principal divisions. UPC Distribution, which comprises our local operating systems, delivers video, telephony and internet services to our residential customers. UPC Media comprises our internet access and converging internet content and programming businesses, which provide their products and services to us, as well as to third parties. PRIORITY TELECOM, which targets the business market is our third principal division. Our subscriber base is the largest of any group of broadband communications networks operated across Europe. Our goal is to enhance our position as a leading pan-European distributor of video programming services and to become a leading pan-European provider of telephony, internet and enhanced video services, offering a one-stop shopping solution for residential and business communication needs. We plan to achieve this goal by increasing the penetration of our new services, such as digital video, telephony and internet.

Since formation, we have developed largely through acquisitions. The most recent acquisitions have resulted in significant growth in our consolidated revenues and expenditures. We are still in the process of integrating our acquisitions. We expect to continue to make select acquisitions that complement our existing assets and operations, although we do not expect these acquisitions to be of the magnitude or frequency of our acquisitions during the last few years. We might also restructure, combining some of our assets with other assets and retain an interest in the combined operations. We may also sell some of our assets in the future or enter into strategic partnerships for the development of our assets.

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The following table summarizes our larger acquisitions since January 1, 2000.

OPERATING COMPANIES	ACQUIRED	LOCATION	CLOSING	G DATE	
Primacom AG	25.0%	Germany	December	1999-March	2000
SBS	10.2%	pan-European		February	2000

February 2000 February 2000

Vestfold		Norway	March 2000
Kabel Haarlem B.V	100%	The Netherlands	March 2000
Eneco K&T Group	100%	The Netherlands	March 2000
<pre>UPC Magyarorszag(3)</pre>	20.75%	Hungary	March 2000
DattelKabel	100%	Czech Republic	July 2000
EWT/TSS Group(4)	100%	Germany	October 2000
Cignal Global			
Communications(5)	100%	United States of America	November 2000
Alkmaar	100%	The Netherlands	January 2001

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ElTele stfold /

- (1) We acquired 100% of Intercomm France Holding S.A., in exchange for a 8% interest in Mediareseaux S.A. and 36.0 million in cash.
- (2) Including acquisition of loans to former shareholder.
- (3) We acquired the 20.75% of UPC Magyarorszag, which we did not already own.
- (4) We acquired 100% of EWT/TSS through our subsidiary, UPC Germany, for a preliminary purchase price of 238.4 million in cash and 49% of UPC Germany.
- (5) We acquired 100% of Cignal Global Communications in exchange for a 16% interest in our subsidiary PRIORITY TELECOM in a stock-based transaction.

#### ANNOUNCEMENT OF MERGER WITH PRIMACOM

On March 29, 2001, we announced an agreement with PrimaCom to merge our German assets, including EWT/TSS and the TeleColumbus option, as well as our Alkmaar subsidiary located in the Netherlands, with those of PrimaCom. Our investment in EWT is held through our 51% owned subsidiary, UPC Germany. The transaction is subject to approval of the PrimaCom shareholders, as well as various regulatory and any other potential approvals, and is expected to close by year-end 2001, although there can be no assurances. Under the transaction structure, for accounting purposes PrimaCom will be deemed the "acquirer." Upon closing of the transaction, UPC Germany will deconsolidate its investment in EWT. UPC Germany's investment in the merged companies will be required to be recorded at the fair value as of the date of the transaction, which will be determined based on the market value of the PrimaCom shares at that date. PrimaCom's shares are listed on the Nasdaq market and the Frankfurt Stock Exchange. As of June 30, 2001, PrimaCom's shares were valued at approximately 9.30 per share. Assuming the same price at the closing of the transaction, this would result in UPC Germany recording a write-down upon closing of approximately 900.0 million on its investment in EWT. Our share of the write-down would be 51%.

#### ANNOUNCEMENT OF POLISH DTH MERGER

On August 10, 2001, we and Canal+, the television and film division of Vivendi Universal, announced the signing of definitive agreements to merge their respective Polish DTH platforms, as well as the Canal+ Polska premium channel, to form a common Polish DTH platform. UPC Polska will contribute its Polish DTH assets to TKP, the Polish subsidiary of Canal+, in exchange for 25% of TKP

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and 150.0 million in cash. As part of this transaction, through a carriage agreement, Canal+ Polska will also be available on our Polish cable network. TKP will be managed and controlled by Canal+, who will own 75%, we will own the remaining 25%. This merger is subject to certain regulatory approvals. For

accounting purposes, TKP will be deemed the acquirer. Our investment in the merged companies will be recorded at fair value as of the date of the transaction. Our carrying value of the Polish DTH assets being contributed may be significantly higher than the determined fair value of its investment in the merged companies if and when the transaction is consummated, leading to a write-down at the date the transaction is consummated.

#### SERVICES

To date, our primary source of revenue has been analog video entertainment services to residential customers. We believe that an increasing percentage of our future revenues will come from telephony, internet and digital video services within the residential market, as well as expanding to the business customer. These are forward-looking statements and will not be fulfilled unless our new services grow dramatically. Capital constraints, technological limitations, competition, lack of programming, loss of personnel, adverse regulation and many other factors could prevent our new services from growing as we expect. The introduction of telephony services and internet services had a significant negative impact on Adjusted EBITDA during 2000 and 1999. We expected this negative impact due to the high costs associated with obtaining subscribers, branding and launching these new services against the incumbent operator. This negative impact is expected to decline. We intend for these new businesses to be Adjusted EBITDA positive after two to three years following introduction of the service, but there can be no assurance this will occur. We believe that our new services will continue to have a negative impact on Adjusted EBITDA due to the one-time costs associated with obtaining customers.

UPC DISTRIBUTION--ANALOG VIDEO AND DIGITAL SERVICES. We currently offer our subscribers a wide choice of pay-tv services. We plan to continue to improve our expanded basic tier offerings by adding new channels and where possible, migrating popular commercial channels into an expanded basic tier service. In addition, we plan to offer subscribers additional choice by offering thematic groupings of tiered video services in a variety of genres. In many systems, we have introduced impulse pay-per-view services.

We are currently launching digital services in some of our markets. The increased channel capacity in digitalization will enable us to offer subscribers more choice in pay-tv services, as well as transactional television and interactive services. We intend to offer transactional television services, such as near-video-on-demand (``NVOD") and video-on-demand (``VOD"). We have launched NVOD in the Netherlands. We plan to offer interactive services, such as interactive program guides (``IPG"), walled garden, internet on television, basic email functionality and interactive television games. We also intend to provide our subscribers with customizable programming guides that would enable them to program their favorite channels and also allow parents to restrict their children's viewing habits. The increased channel capacity provided by digitalization will enable subscribers to customize their subscriptions to our services to suit their lifestyles.

UPC DISTRIBUTION--VOICE. We provide local national and international long-distance voice telephony services to residential customers. Our operating systems offer a full complement of telephony services to residential customers, including caller ID, call waiting, call forwarding, call blocking, distinctive ringing and three-way calling.

UPC DISTRIBUTION--INTERNET. We operate our internet business locally through our operating companies. Our local operating companies provide subscribers with high-speed internet access via their cable modem. We provide subscribers cable-based internet access that is always-on for a flat fee. In 2001, we plan to introduce network monitoring tools. These tools will allow us to comprehensively

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monitor our stated fair-use policy, and will also enable us to offer more sophisticated products for heavy users.

UPC MEDIA. We recently combined the management of our internet access and content group, CHELLO BROADBAND, and our programming business led by UPCtv, to form a new division, UPC Media. In addition to internet access and pay television, UPC Media will develop interactive services and transactional television for our digital product.

CHELLO BROADBAND provides our local operating companies and non-affiliated local operators with access to the internet gateway and additional services, such as high-speed connectivity, caching, local language broadband portals, and marketing support, through franchise agreements. To date, substantially all of CHELLO BROADBAND's revenues were subscription based and derived from our local operating companies. These intercompany revenues have been eliminated in our consolidated operating results. We believe we have an opportunity to increase non-affiliated revenue through the CHELLO BROADBAND service in future years. We cannot predict whether our products and services, including broadband internet services in general, will become accepted or profitable in these markets. At June 30, 2001, CHELLO BROADBAND had approximately 445,200 subscribers, including 23,500 non-UPC affiliates.

We plan to deploy interactive products which will support our planned digital roll-out across Europe, including interactive/enhanced television, walled garden, e-commerce and entertainment and internet on the televison. We also plan to deploy transactional television services, which include NVOD and VOD. In addition UPCtv has developed and launched eight pay-per-view channels of various genres since May 1999. We have constructed a pan-European digital distribution platform designed for the state of the art production and the digital distribution of our new channels and other signals to our upgraded networks. To date, substantially all of our programming businesses' revenues were subscription-based and derived from our local operating companies. These intercompany revenues have been eliminated in our consolidated operating results. We believe we have an opportunity to grow non-affiliated revenue through the media group's service in future years. We cannot predict whether our products and services, will become accepted or profitable in these markets. We believe these businesses will become increasingly inter-dependent and overlapping.

PRIORITY TELECOM. PRIORITY TELECOM offers telephony services to business customers. Services vary per country, covering the range of voice, data, IP and hosting. In the course of 2000, PRIORITY TELECOM brought together a separate management team responsible for the provisioning of these services to business customers. At June 30, 2001, PRIORITY TELECOM had approximately 6,650 customers.

# PRICING

UPC DISTRIBUTION--ANALOG VIDEO AND DIGITAL SERVICES. We usually charge a one-time installation fee when we connect video subscribers, a monthly subscription fee that depends on whether basic or expanded basic tier service is offered, and incremental amounts for those subscribers purchasing pay-per-view and premium programming. For our digital set-top computer, we may collect a customer deposit as security.

UPC DISTRIBUTION--VOICE. Revenue from residential telephony services usually consists of a flat monthly line rental and a usage charge based upon minutes. In order to achieve high-growth from early market entry, we price our telephony service at a discount compared to services offered by incumbent telecommunications operators. Initially, we will also waive or substantially discount installation fees.

UPC DISTRIBUTION--INTERNET. To date, virtually all of our revenues have been derived from monthly subscription fees. Most local operators have chosen to waive installation charges, although in most instances we collect a customer deposit. Currently, our services are offered to residential subscribers at flat subscription fees. Following the introduction of bandwidth monitoring tools, we anticipate charging

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tiered pricing levels which more accurately reflect the individual consumption of bandwidth. For business subscribers to services other than our standard broadband internet access services, we generally agree the pricing with local operators on a case by case basis, depending on the size and capacity requirements of the businesses.

UPC MEDIA. CHELLO BROADBAND provides internet access and other services for a fee based upon a percentage of subscription revenue. For our programming channels, including our UPCtv and some Wizja TV channels, we charge cable operators on a per-subscriber basis. Charges for transactional television are per transaction.

PRIORITY TELECOM. Pricing may differ per type of service rendered. Revenue from voice services usually consist of a flat monthly fee plus a usage based charge. Data, IP and hosting services are typically billed flat by month.

#### COSTS OF OPERATIONS

UPC DISTRIBUTION--ANALOG VIDEO AND DIGITAL SERVICES. Direct operating costs include the costs of programming, which are variable, based on the number of subscribers. The cost per subscriber is established by negotiation between us and the program supplier or rates negotiated by cable associations. Indirect operating costs include franchise fees and operating expenses necessary to provide service to the subscriber. Franchise fees, where applicable, are typically based upon a percentage of revenue. Other operating expenses include personnel, service vehicles, maintenance and facilities. Selling, general and administrative expenses includes branding, marketing and customer acquisition costs, personnel related costs, such as stock-based compensation expense, legal and accounting, human resources, office facilities and other overhead costs.

UPC DISTRIBUTION--VOICE. Direct operating costs include interconnection costs and number portability fees. Indirect operating costs include network operations, customer operations and customer care. Interconnection costs are variable based upon usage as determined through negotiated interconnection agreements. Selling, general and administrative expenses includes branding, marketing and customer acquisition costs, personnel related costs, such as stock-based compensation expense, legal and accounting, human resources, office facilities and other overhead costs.

UPC DISTRIBUTION--INTERNET. Direct operating costs for our local operating companies include the franchise fee paid to CHELLO BROADBAND for internet access. Indirect operating costs include personnel, service vehicles, maintenance and facilities. Selling, general and administrative expenses include branding, marketing, customer acquisition costs, personnel-related costs, including stock-based compensation expenses, legal and accounting, office facilities and other overhead.

UPC MEDIA. Operating costs for CHELLO BROADBAND'S access consist primarily of leased-line and network related costs. Operating costs for our interactive television, transactional services and pay television groups within UPC Media include the costs of programming rights, portal design and development, production costs, and distribution costs, including transponder fees and

operating costs. A significant portion of these costs are fixed in nature through contractual commitments. Selling, general and administrative expenses include branding, marketing, personnel-related costs, legal and accounting, office facilities and other overhead costs.

PRIORITY TELECOM. Operating costs include costs of installation of our customers and costs of ownership and management of our part of the network. Selling, general and administrative expenses include branding, marketing, customer acquisition costs, personnel-related costs, including stock-based compensation expenses, legal and accounting, office facilities and other overhead.

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The following table presents an overview of our revenue and Adjusted EBITDA by segment for the three and six months ended June 30, 2001 and 2000.

	FOR THE THREE MONTHS ENDED JUNE 30,		FOR THE SIX MONTH ENDED JUNE 30,	
	2001	2000	2001	2000
	(IN THOUSANDS OF EUROS)			
Revenue:				
UPC Distribution				
Cable televison	189,782	157,015	375 <b>,</b> 087	298,4
Telephony(1)	43,476	27,190	81 <b>,</b> 856	50,5
Internet	42,660	19 <b>,</b> 336	78 <b>,</b> 172	32,7
DTH	24,128	13,063	45,843	22,6
Other	13,164	1,771	27 <b>,</b> 696	3,0
Intercompany Eliminations	(13,665) 		(26, 458)	
Total Distribution	299,545	218,375	582 <b>,</b> 196	407,4
PRIORITY TELECOM(1)	71,024	18,135	129,934	27,6
CHELLO BROADBAND	17,082	7,231	30,291	12,6
Programming	23,953	15,657	49,470	29,1
Corporate, IT and Other	1,203	_	2,108	
Intercompany Eliminations	(55,314)	(21,409)	(103,058)	(39,3
	357 <b>,</b> 493	237,989	690,941	437,5
3.1' ( ) FDTTD3 (0)	======	======	======	
Adjusted EBITDA(2): UPC Distribution				
Cable television	73,427	60,466	137,294	112,1
Telephony(1)	(7 <b>,</b> 463)	(21,283)	(13,313)	(37,0
Internet	(7,253)	(16,690)	(15,490)	(29,6
DTH	(2,265)	(1,455)	(7,790)	(5,7
Other	(9,343)	(5,039)	(22, 428)	(6,2
Total Distribution	47,103	15 <b>,</b> 999	78 <b>,</b> 273	33,4
PRIORITY TELECOM(1)	(26,801)	(11,178)	(48,353)	(13,8
CHELLO BROADBAND	(18,610)	(33,957)	(38,807)	(61,1
Programming	(25,604)	(25, 339)	(53,143)	(47,6
Corporate, IT and Other	(30,456)	(23,545)	(53,146)	(46,2
	(54,368)	(78,020)	(115,176)	(135,4
	======	======	======	

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(1) For the three and six months ended June 30, 2000, the revenue and Adjusted EBITDA for our CLEC activities in the Netherlands and Austria have been reclassified from UPC Distribution-Telephony to PRIORITY TELECOM, which is consistent with the presentation for the three and six months ended June 30, 2001.

(2) Adjusted EBITDA represents net operating loss before depreciation, amortization, stock-based compensation charges and impairment charges. Industry analysts generally consider EBITDA to be a helpful way to measure the performance of cable television operations and communications companies. Management believes Adjusted EBITDA helps investors to assess the cash flow from operations from period to period and thus value the Company's business. Adjusted EBITDA should not, however, be considered a replacement for net income, cash flows or any other measure of performance or liquidity under generally accepted accounting principles, or as an indicator of a company's operating performance. The presentation of Adjusted EBITDA may not be comparable to statistics with a similar name reported by other companies. Not all companies and analysts calculate Adjusted EBITDA in the same manner.

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#### UPC DISTRIBUTION

#### REVENUE

For the three months ended June 30, 2001, revenue from UPC Distribution increased 81.1 million to 299.5 million, from 218.4 million for the three months ended June 30, 2000, a 37.1% increase. Increases of 32.8 million from cable television, 16.3 million from telephony, 23.3 million from internet, and 11.1 million from DTH, were partially offset with a decrease of 2.4 million from other, net of related intercompany eliminations. For the six months ended June 30, 2001, revenue from UPC Distribution increased 174.8 million to 582.2 million, from 407.4 million for the six months ended June 30, 2000, a 42.9% increase. Of the increase, 76.6 million is from cable television, 31.3 million is from telephony, 45.5 million is from internet and 23.2 million is from DTH. Other, net of related intercompany eliminations, decreased 1.8 million.

The increase in cable television revenue of 32.8 million for the three months ended June 30, 2001, is due to increased subscribers from our acquisition of EWT (Germany), which we included in our consolidated results effective October 1, 2000, as well as increased average revenue per basic cable subscriber and organic subscriber growth. Cable television revenue from EWT included in our consolidated results for the three months ended June 30, 2001, totaled 11.7 million, compared to nil for the three months ended June 30, 2000. The increase in cable television revenue of 76.6 million for the six months ended June 30, 2001, is also due to increased subscribers from acquisitions, as well as increased revenue per average basic cable subscriber and organic subscriber growth. Cable television revenue from K&T (the Netherlands), which we include in our consolidated results effective March 31, 2000 and EWT included in our consolidated results for the six months ended June 30, 2001, totaled 56.0 million, compared to 14.8 million for the six months ended June 30, 2000. We will deconsolidate the results of EWT following closing of the transaction with PrimaCom, which is expected to occur by the end of 2001.

The increase in telephony revenue of 16.3 million and 31.3 million for the three and six months ended June 30, 2001, respectively, primarily relates to organic subscriber growth Residential telephony subscribers increased from approximately 301,500 at June 30, 2000 to approximately 421,000 at June 30, 2001.

The increase in internet revenue of 23.3 million and 45.5 million for the three and six months ended June 30, 2001, respectively, primarily relates to organic subscriber growth. Internet subscribers increased from approximately 224,600 at June 30, 2000 to approximately 448,000 at June 30, 2001. We continued to increase subscriber penetration in systems where we had launched internet services prior to January 1, 2000. In addition, we launched internet in the second half of 2000 in other systems, including Poland, Hungary and the Czech Republic. The acquisition of K&T also contributed to increased internet revenue. Internet revenue from K&T included in our consolidated results for the three months ended June 30, 2001, totaled 3.3 million, compared to 0.8 million for the three months ended June 30, 2000. Internet revenue from K&T included in our consolidated results for the six months ended June 30, 2001, totaled 5.6 million, compared to 0.8 million for the six months ended June 30, 2000.

The increase in DTH revenue of 11.1 million and 23.2 million for the three and six months ended June 30, 2001, respectively, primarily relates to organic subscriber growth and a positive impact from exchange rates on our Polish revenues. DTH subscribers increased from approximately 378,200 at June 30, 2000 to approximately 486,300 at June 30, 2001. In the second half of 2000, we launched DTH service in our systems in Hungary, the Czech Republic and the Slovak Republic, leveraging off our existing DTH platform in Poland. We will deconsolidate the results of our DTH operations in Poland upon closure of the recently announced transaction with Canal+.

The increase in other revenue of 11.4 million and 24.6 million for the three and six months period ended June 30, 2001, respectively, primarily relates to revenue recognized for the provision of network related services to PRIORITY TELECOM. UPC Distribution and PRIORITY TELECOM have entered into

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agreements for the provision by UPC Distribution of network, maintenance and operations services. This intercompany revenue eliminates in our consolidated results.

#### ADJUSTED EBITDA

For the three months ended June 30, 2001, Adjusted EBITDA from UPC Distribution increased 31.1 million to 47.1 million, from 16.0 million for the three months ended June 30, 2000, a 194.4% increase. Of the increase, 13.0 million is from cable television, 13.8 million is from telephony and 9.4 million is from internet. These increases were partially offset by decreases of 0.8 million in DTH and 4.3 million in other. For the six months ended June 30, 2001, Adjusted EBITDA from UPC Distribution increased 44.9 million to 78.3 million, from 33.4 million for the six months ended June 30, 2000, a 134.4% increase. Of the increase, 25.2 million is from cable television, 23.7 million is from telephony and 14.1 million is from internet. These increases were partially offset by decreases of 2.0 million in DTH and 16.2 million in other.

The increase in cable television Adjusted EBITDA of 13.0 million for the three months ended June 30, 2001 is primarily due to our acquisition of EWT (Germany). Cable television Adjusted EBITDA from EWT included in our consolidated results for the three months ended June 30, 2001, totaled 11.7 million, compared to nil for the three months ended June 30, 2000. The increase in cable television Adjusted EBITDA of 25.2 million for the six months ended June 30, 2001 is primarily due to our acquisition of K&T (the Netherlands) and EWT (Germany). Cable television Adjusted EBITDA from K&T and EWT included in our consolidated results for the six months ended June 30, 2001, totaled 34.7 million, compared to 9.4 million for the six months ended June 30, 2000. We will deconsolidate the results of EWT following the closing of the transaction with PrimaCom, which is expected to close by the end of 2001.

The improvement of telephony Adjusted EBITDA of 13.8 million and 23.7 million for the three and six months ended June 30, 2001, respectively, and the improvement of internet Adjusted EBITDA of 9.4 million and 14.1 million for the three and six months ended June 30, 2001, respectively, primarily relates to organic subscriber growth, which has allowed us to realize economies of scale. In addition, we have realized costs savings from continued integration and restructuring of operations, as well as lower start-up costs.

The decrease in DTH Adjusted EBITDA of 0.8 million for the three months ended June 30, 2001, primarily relates to increased expenses in Poland. The decrease from Poland was partially offset by positive Adjusted EBITDA from our systems in Hungary and Czech Republic for the three months ended June 30, 2001, as they gained subscribers. The decrease in DTH Adjusted EBITDA of 2.0 million for the six months ended June 30, 2001, primarily relates to start-up costs for the launch of DTH in our systems in Hungary, the Czech Republic and the Slovak Republic in the second half of 2000. We will deconsolidate the results of our DTH operations in Poland upon closure of the recently announced transaction with Canal+.

The decrease in other Adjusted EBITDA of 4.3 million and 16.2 million for the three months and six months ended June 30, 2001, respectively, primarily relates to start-up costs for our digital services in the Netherlands and Austria. The negative impact on Adjusted EBITDA of digital services is partially offset by positive Adjusted EBITDA recognized for the provision of the network related services to PRIORITY TELECOM. We are in the early stages of offering our digital product in the Netherlands and in Austria and are incurring costs related to sales and marketing, training and customer care for our digital services. Adjusted EBITDA associated with our digital services in the Netherlands and Austria for the three and six months ended June 30, 2001 was a 14.5 million and a 27.4 million, respectively.

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#### PRIORITY TELECOM

#### REVENUE

For the three months ended June 30, 2001, revenue from PRIORITY TELECOM increased 52.9 million to 71.0 million, from 18.1 million for the three months ended June 30, 2000. For the six months ended June 30, 2001, revenue from PRIORITY TELECOM increased 102.2 million to 129.9 million, from 27.7 million for the six months ended June 30, 2000. The increase in revenue of 52.9 million for the three months ended June 30, 2001, is primarily due to the acquisition of Cignal and to a lesser extent organic subscriber growth. The increase in revenue of 102.2 million for the six months ended June 30, 2001, is primarily due to acquisitions of Cignal and K&T and to a lesser extent subscriber growth. In November 2000, we completed the acquisition of Cignal and began consolidating its operations. In addition, UPC Distribution acquired K&T and began consolidating its results effective March 31, 2000. Cignal revenue included in the consolidated revenue of PRIORITY TELECOM for the three and six months ended June 30, 2001, totaled 20.2 million and 42.0 million, respectively.

## ADJUSTED EBITDA

For the three months ended June 30, 2001, Adjusted EBITDA from PRIORITY TELECOM decreased 15.6 million to a negative 26.8 million, from a negative 11.2 million for the three months ended June 30, 2000. For the six months ended June 30, 2001, Adjusted EBITDA from PRIORITY TELECOM decreased 34.6 million to a negative 48.4 million, from a negative 13.8 million for the six months ended June 30, 2000. The decrease in Adjusted EBITDA of 15.6 million and 34.6 million for the three and six months ended June 30, 2001, respectively, relates

primarily to the acquisition of Cignal. In addition, PRIORITY TELECOM incurred costs for the development and launch of products within its markets that were carved out from operations in the Netherlands, Austria, Norway and Sweden.

#### CHELLO BROADBAND

#### REVENUE

For the three months ended June 30, 2001, revenue from CHELLO BROADBAND increased 9.9 million to 17.1 million, from 7.2 million for the three months ended June 30, 2000. For the six months ended June 30, 2001, revenue from CHELLO BROADBAND increased 17.6 million to 30.3 million, from 12.7 million for the six months ended June 30, 2000. The increase in revenue of 9.9 million and 17.6 million for the three and six months ended June 30, 2001, respectively, is primarily due to increased internet subscribers. We continued to increase internet subscribers in UPC Distributions' systems, which have a franchise agreement with CHELLO BROADBAND. In addition, UPC Distribution launched CHELLO BROADBAND's services in Poland and Hungary in the second half of 2000.

In general, CHELLO BROADBAND receives 40% of subscription-based revenue for its services from the local operator. Intercompany revenues are eliminated in our consolidated operating results. Intercompany revenues for three months ended June 30, 2001 and 2000 were 16.3 million and 7.2 million, respectively. Intercompany revenues for the six months ended June 30, 2001 and 2000 were 29.0 million and 12.5 million, respectively.

#### ADJUSTED EBITDA

For the three months ended June 30, 2001, Adjusted EBITDA from CHELLO BROADBAND improved 15.4 million to a negative 18.6 million, from a negative 34.0 million for the three months ended June 30, 2000. For the six months ended June 30, 2001, Adjusted EBITDA from CHELLO BROADBAND improved 22.3 million to a negative 38.8 million, from a negative 61.1 million for the six months ended June 30, 2000. The improvement in Adjusted EBITDA of 15.4 million and 22.3 million for the three and six months ended June 30, 2001, respectively, primarily relates to continued subscriber growth, as well as decreased start-up and development costs and costs efficiencies from the integration and restructuring of operations.

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## PROGRAMMING

## REVENUE

For the three months ended June 30, 2001, revenue from our programming businesses increased 8.3 million to 24.0 million, from 15.7 million for the three months ended June 30, 2000. For the six months ended June 30, 2001, revenue from our programming businesses increased 20.3 million to 49.5 million, from 29.2 million for the six months ended June 30, 2000. The increase in revenue of 8.3 million and 20.3 million for the three and six months ended June 30, 2001, respectively, relates to revenue from our Polish programming, as well as increased revenue from UPCtv. UPCtv provides programming to our distribution companies as well as to non-UPC video service companies. Our Central and Eastern Europe sports channels were launched in the second half of 2000 and also contributed to the increase in revenue. We will deconsolidate our Poland programming operations upon closure of the recently announced transaction with Canal+.

In general, programming revenue relates to programming provided to UPC Distribution. Intercompany revenues are eliminated in our consolidated operating results. Intercompany revenues for the three months ended June 30, 2001 and 2000

were 20.7 million and 14.2 million, respectively. Intercompany revenues for the six months ended June 30, 2001 and 2000 were 44.1 million and 26.8 million, respectively.

#### ADJUSTED EBITDA

For the three months ended June 30, 2001, Adjusted EBITDA from our programming business decreased 0.3 million to a negative 25.6 million, from a negative 25.3 million for the three months ended June 30, 2000. For the six months ended June 30, 2001, Adjusted EBITDA from our programming business decreased 5.4 million to a negative 53.1 million, from a negative 47.7 million for the six months ended June 30, 2000. The decrease in Adjusted EBITDA of 0.3 million and 5.4 million for the three and six months ended June 30, 2001, respectively, primarily relates to costs related to the development of our pay tv business and transactional television. In addition, the launch of the sports channels in Central and Eastern Europe in the second half of 2000 contributed to the decrease in Adjusted EBITDA. These decreases were partially offset with improved Adjusted EBITDA of Poland. We will deconsolidate our Poland programming operations upon closure of the recently announced transaction with Canal+.

## CORPORATE, IT AND OTHER

#### ADJUSTED EBITDA

For the three months ended June 30, 2001, Adjusted EBITDA from corporate, IT and other decreased 7.0 million to a negative 30.5 million, from a negative 23.5 million for the three months ended June 30, 2000. For the six months ended June 30, 2001, Adjusted EBITDA from corporate, IT and other decreased 6.9 million to a negative 53.1 million, from a negative 46.2 million for the six months ended June 30, 2000. Adjusted EBITDA for corporate, IT and other includes costs of our corporate functions, such as corporate development, investor relations, finance, legal, regulatory, human resources and marketing. Adjusted EBITDA for corporate, IT and other also includes costs related to the development and roll-out of our pan-European financial and customer care systems. Other costs included in corporate, IT and other include development costs, such as costs related to the development of our digital set-top computer, and investigation of new technologies, such as NVOD, voice-over IP telephony and satellite.

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## DEPRECIATION AND AMORTIZATION

During the three months ended June 30, 2001, our depreciation and amortization expense increased 101.2 million to 260.4 million from 159.2 million for the three months ended June 30, 2000, a 63.6% increase. During the six months ended June 30, 2001, our depreciation and amortization expense increased 215.6 million to 505.5 from 289.9 million for the six months ended June 30, 2000, a 74.4% increase. Of this increase, approximately 36.4 million and 58.8 million for the three months and six months, respectively, relates to increased amortization expense for goodwill created in connection with acquisitions in 2000. Depreciation expense also increased due to the acquisitions which closed during 2000, which we have consolidated, as well as additional depreciation expense on capital expenditures to upgrade the network in our Western European systems and new-build for developing systems.

#### IMPAIRMENT CHARGES

During the second quarter of 2001, we identified indicators of possible impairment of long-lived assets, principally IRU's and related goodwill, within our CLEC subsidiary, PRIORITY TELECOM. Such indicators included declines in the market value of publicly traded telecommunications providers and a change,

subsequent to the acquisition of Cignal, in the way that certain assets from the Cignal acquisition would be used within PRIORITY TELECOM.

Reduced levels of private equity funding activity for CLEC businesses and plans by us to obtain financing for PRIORITY TELECOM in the second half of 2001 contributed to changes in our strategic plans for how certain assets acquired through the Cignal transaction would be used within PRIORITY TELECOM. The changes in strategic plans included a decision to phase-out the legacy international wholesale voice operations of Cignal. When we and PRIORITY TELECOM reached agreement to acquire Cignal in the second quarter of 2000, the companies originally intended to continue the international wholesale voice operations of Cignal for the foreseeable future. This original plan for the international wholesale voice operations was considered in the determination of the consideration to be paid for Cignal and the subsequent allocation of the purchase price. This allocation was completed by an independent third party in November 2000. In the second quarter of 2001, using the strategic plan prepared for the contemplated financing, an impairment assessment test and measurement in accordance with SFAS 121 was completed, resulting in the recording of a write-down of tangible assets and related goodwill of 300.0 million.

### INTEREST INCOME

During the three months ended June 30, 2001 as compared to the three months ended June 30, 2000, interest income increased 3.1 million to 11.9 million from 8.8 million, a 35.2% increase. During the six months ended June 30, 2001 as compared to the six months ended June 30, 2000, interest income increased 5.5 million to 27.6 million from 22.1 million, a 24.9% increase. The increase is due to a higher average cash balance during the three and six months ended June 30, 2001, mainly resulting from our drawdown of the UPC Bridge Facility and the preference shares issuance in December 2000, and from the proceeds of our Exchangeable Loan in May 2001.

#### INTEREST EXPENSE

During the three months ended June 30, 2001 as compared to the three months ended June 30, 2000, interest expense increased 79.8 million to 247.1 million from 167.3 million, a 47.7% increase. During the six months ended June 30, 2001 as compared to the six months ended June 30, 2000, interest expense increased 157.6 million to 465.3 million from 307.7 million, a 51.2% increase. The increase in 2001 is primarily due to our borrowings under the UPC Distribution Bank Facility and the

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UPC Bridge Facility. A significant amount of our interest expense in 2001 relates to accretion on our discount notes, which is not currently cash pay.

	FOR THE THREE		FOR THE SIX ENDED JUNE	-
	2001	2000	2001	2000
	11)	N THOUSANDS	OF EUROS)	
Cash Current Pay:				
Bank	(83 <b>,</b> 571)	(27,886)	(158 <b>,</b> 089)	(39,67
Senior Notes	(72 <b>,</b> 917)	(64,408)	(145,067) (	(136,24
Other	_	(12,642)	_	(13 <b>,</b> 39

(156,488) (104,936) (303,156) (189,30)

	======		=======	
Non-Cash Accretion:				
Discount Notes	(68,170)	(55 <b>,</b> 657)	(131,071)	(104,94
Exchangeable Loan	(5,179)	_	(5,179)	
Redeemed DIC Loan	_	(2,161)	_	(5,25
New DIC Loan	(169)	_	(338)	
Deferred Financing	(17,096)	(4,535)	(25,577)	(8,17
	(90,614)	(62,353)	(162,165)	(118,37
Total Interest Expense	(247,102)	(167,289)	(465,321)	(307,68
			=======	======

### FOREIGN EXCHANGE GAIN (LOSS) AND OTHER INCOME (EXPENSE)

The net loss from foreign exchange gain (loss) and other income (expense) increased 19.7 million from a loss of 63.7 million for the three months ended June 30, 2001, compared to a loss of 44.0 million for the three months ended June 30, 2000. During the six months ended June 30, 2001 as compared to the six months ended June 30, 2000, the net loss from foreign exchange gain (loss) and other income (expense) decreased 5.2 million to a loss of 118.8 million from a loss of 124.0 million. The increase for the three month period ended June 30, 2001, is mainly due to an increase in foreign exchange losses of 17.1 million and a loss of 5.1 million relating to the valuation of the derivative assets in connection with the adoption of SFAS 133. The decrease for the six months period ended June 30, 2001, is to due a gain of 46.1 million relating to the valuation of the derivative assets in connection with the adoption of SFAS 133, which was partially offset by an increase in foreign exchange losses of 35.0 million from the increased value of the US dollar against the Euro.

## CUMULATIVE EFFECT OF ACCOUNTING CHANGE

Effective January 1, 2001, we adopted Statement of Financial Accounting Standards No. 133, "Accounting for Derivative and Hedging Activities" ("SFAS 133"), which establishes accounting and reporting standards for derivative instruments, including certain derivative instruments embedded in other contracts and for hedging activities. All derivatives, whether designated in hedging relationships or not, are required to be recorded on the balance sheet at fair value. The adoption of SFAS 133 on January 1, 2001, resulted in a cumulative increase to income of 35.3 million and a cumulative increase to Other Comprehensive Income ("OCI") of 36.7 million. The increase to income was attributable to a loss of approximately 36.7 million reclassified from OCI for the value of certain warrants held by the Company which are derivatives and are not designated as a hedging instrument, and income of approximately 72.0 million related to gains associated with the cross currency swaps which are held by the Company which do not qualify as hedging instruments as defined by SFAS 133. We use derivative instruments to manage exposures to foreign currency and interest rate risks.

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### SHARE IN RESULTS OF AFFILIATED COMPANIES, NET

For the three months ended June 30, 2001, our share in net losses of affiliated companies increased 6.2 million to 16.0 million, from 9.8 million for the three months ended June 30, 2000, a 63.3% increase. During the six months ended June 30, 2001, as compared to the six months ended June 30, 2000, our share in net losses of affiliated companies increased 31.0 million to 62.1 million, from 31.1 million for the six months ended June 30, 2000, a 99.7% increase. The increase for both the three and six months ended June 30, 2001, was primarily due to increased losses from our investments in SBS, Primacom and

Tevel.

#### STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS

We had cash and cash equivalents of 1,092.4 million as of June 30, 2001, an increase of 530.2 million from 562.2 million as of June 30, 2000.

#### CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES

During the six months ended June 30, 2001, net cash flow used in operating activities was 585.8 million compared to a use of 233.5 million for the comparable period in 2000. This increase in cashflow used for operating activities was primarily related to continued costs incurred for the development and introduction of our new services, as well as an unwind of our current liabilities.

### CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES

We used 436.7 million of net cash flow in investing activities during the six months ended June 30, 2001, compared to 2,264.2 million for the six months ended June 30, 2000. During the period ended June 30, 2001 we acquired Alkmaar for 22.9 million, net of cash acquired and made a net investment in affiliates of 23.9 million. Capital expenditures represented 386.2 million, excluding approximately 16.1 million relating to increased inventory, that once placed in service will be transferred to property, plant and equipment.

During the six months ended June 30, 2000, cash was used principally for acquisitions, including K&T, for 1,046.3 million, net of cash acquired, UPC Magyaroszag for 63.9 million, net of cash acquired, Tebecai for 62.2 million, net of cash acquired and other acquisitions totaling 122.3 million, net of cash acquired. Capital expenditures represented 551.7 million. During this period we made a net investment in affiliates of 311.0 million, including our acquisitions of an additional 10.5% interest in SBS for 162.5 million, shares in PrimaCom for 123.6 million and other investments in affiliates of 24.9 million. We also made a net investment in securities of 44.5 million.

## CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES

We had 523.6 million of cash flows from financing activities during the six months ended June 30, 2001, compared to 2,034.5 million for six months ended June 30, 2000. The principal source of cash was a 6% Exchangeable Loan from Liberty amounting to 1,000 million and a drawdown of 300.0 million from the UPC Distribution Bank Facility. We paid down the UPC Bridge Facility of 750.0 million and 30.0 million of various long and short-term debt facilities.

The principal source of cash for the six months ended June 30, 2000, was net proceeds from our senior notes and discount notes offering in January 2000 of 1,594.2 million. Additional sources of cash were from long-term and short-term borrowings of 358.1 million and 572.1 million, respectively. Long-term borrowings included borrowings under the UPC Senior Credit Facility of 200.0 million, 148.0 million under the France Facility and other borrowings of 10.1 million. We used proceeds of 231.4 million from the New A2000 Facility to pay off the existing A2000 Facilities. We had additional proceeds from short-term debt of 340.7 million, including 32.9 million from the GelreVision facility and

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300.0 million from the UPC Bridge Loan. We paid down other long-term and short-term loans of 200.2 million. During the six months ended June 30, 2000 we incurred deferred financing costs of 58.4 million.

#### CONSOLIDATED CAPITAL EXPENDITURES

Since 1995, we have been upgrading our existing cable television system infrastructure and constructing our new-build infrastructure with two-way high capacity technology to support digital video, telephony and internet/data services. Capital expenditures for the upgrade and new-build construction can be reduced at our discretion, although such reductions require lead-time in order to complete work-in-progress and can result in higher total costs of construction.

In addition to the network infrastructure and related equipment and capital resources described above, development of our newer businesses, CHELLO BROADBAND, PRIORITY TELECOM, our digital distribution platform and DTH, including expansion into Central Europe, construction and development of our pan-European distribution and programming facilities, including our origination facility, network operating center and related support systems and equipment require capital expenditures.

### LIQUIDITY AND CAPITAL RESOURCES

Historically, we have financed our operations and acquisitions primarily from:

- cash contributed by United upon our formation,
- debt financed at the UPC corporate level and project debt financed at the operating company level,
- equity raised in our initial public offering, secondary offering and private offering of convertible preference shares,
- debt raised in our July 1999, October 1999 and January 2000 offering of senior notes and senior discount notes,
- proceeds from our May 2001 Exchangeable Loan, and
- operating cash flow.

Our distribution division has historically been funded by bank loans and will continue to be in the future, primarily from the UPC Distribution Bank Facility. Our service divisions, including CHELLO BROADBAND, programming and PRIORITY TELECOM have been funded through proceeds from our equity and debt offerings.

RESTRICTIONS UNDER OUR JULY 1999, OCTOBER 1999 AND JANUARY 2000 INDENTURES

Our activities are restricted by the covenants of our indentures dated July 30, October 29, 1999 and January 20, 2000, under which senior notes and senior discount notes were issued. Among other things, our indentures place certain limitations on our ability, and the ability of our subsidiaries, to borrow money, pay dividends or repurchase stock, make investments, create certain liens, engage in certain transactions with affiliates, and sell certain assets or merge with or into other companies.

Under the terms of our indentures, as we raise additional paid-in equity, we are permitted to incur additional debt.

#### RESTRICTIONS UNDER UNITED INDENTURES

As a subsidiary of United, our activities are restricted by the covenants in United's indentures dated February 5, 1998 and April 29, 1999. Among other

things, the United indentures place certain

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limitations on our ability, and the ability of our subsidiaries, to borrow money, pay dividends or repurchase stock, make investments, create certain liens, engage in certain transactions with affiliates, and sell certain assets or merge with or into other companies. The United indentures generally place limitations on the additional amount of debt that we or our subsidiaries or controlled affiliates may borrow, preferred shares that they or we may issue, and the amount and type of investments we may make.

## AMSTERDAM EXCHANGE--NEGATIVE EQUITY

Our shares trade on both the Nasdaq National Stock Market and the Euronext Amsterdam ("Euronext"). Under one of the Euronext's policies, developed under its listing rules, companies with a negative equity book value are classified in a specific trading category, the "strafbankje". We expect to have negative equity during the second half of 2001 unless transactions take place to increase our equity base. Classification in the "strafbankje" may ultimately result in our exclusion from the Euronext index.

#### SOURCES OF CAPITAL

We had 1,092.4 million of unrestricted cash and cash equivalents on hand as of June 30, 2001. In addition, we had borrowing capacity at the corporate level. In 2000, we raised approximately 7.6 billion, and gained access to an additional 2.8 billion from a combination of banks, bonds and equity markets. We intend to continue to access these sources of capital, as well as other less traditional sources including vendor financing, equity partners, and leasing structures. We may also obtain funds from strategic partnerships and the sale of assets. We believe our access to sources of capital will be sufficient to satisfy future cash requirements into the second quarter of 2003, although there can be no assurance that this will be the case.

On January 20, 2000, we closed an offering of our  $11\ 1/2\%$  senior notes due 2010; our  $11\ 1/4\%$  senior notes due 2010 and our  $13\ 3/4\%$  senior discount notes due 2010. The offering generated gross proceeds of approximately 1.6 billion. Proceeds from this bond offering were used for working capital and other general corporate purposes, including acquisitions of businesses and possible investments.

In January 2000, UPC Nederland (A2000), refinanced its existing bank facilities with a one year term-loan bridge facility of 231.4 million and a one year revolving credit bridge facility of 49.9 million, subject to certain availability covenants. In October 2000, we repaid this facility with the proceeds from the UPC Distribution Bank Facility.

At the end of March 2000 a fully committed 2.0 billion stand-by revolving credit facility was provided. UPC and certain subsidiaries guarantee the facility. We repaid the 750 million borrowed on this facility in May 2001 with the proceeds of the Exchangeable Loan.

On April 7, 2000, Mediareseaux refinanced its existing debt and the existing debt of Videopole and RCF with a 250 million bridge facility. The refinancing of the Rhone Vision Cable Credit Facility with this facility was completed in the fourth quarter of 2000. In October 2000, we repaid this facility with the proceeds from the UPC Distribution Bank Facility.

In connection with the Eneco K&T acquisition, UPC Nederland received a short-term bridge loan of 500 million secured with guarantees of certain of our Dutch assets. Drawdowns of the UPC Bridge Loan refinanced certain existing

inter-company loans from UPC N.V. In October 2000, we repaid this facility with the proceeds from the UPC Distribution Bank Facility.

In October 2000, we closed a 4.0 billion operating and term loan facility ("The UPC Distribution Bank Facility"). The facility is guaranteed by existing cable operating companies, excluding Polish and German operations. The UPC Distribution Bank Facility bears interest at EURIBOR +0.75%-4.0% depending on certain leverage ratios, and we pay an annual commitment fee of 0.5% over the undrawn

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amount. The facility was widely syndicated to a group of more then 50 European and American (Banking) institutions. A first drawing was made in October 2000, to refinance existing operating company bank debt totaling 2.0 billion. The UPC Distribution Bank Facility will finance further digital rollout and triple play by our existing cable companies, excluding Polish and German operations, subject to availability. Additional availability is linked to certain performance tests. We believe that additional availability by the end of 2001 will increase to a level equal to approximately one-half of the undrawn amount under this facility at the end of 2000. The facility also contains certain leverage and revenue covenants. Principal repayment will begin in 2004. The facility reaches final maturity in 2009. At June 30, 2001, 2.7 billion was outstanding under this facility. The facility is structured in different tranches, with one tranche denominated in dollars for the amount of USD 347.5 million. Concurrent with the closing, we entered into cross currency and interest rate swaps, pursuant to which a USD 240.0 million obligation under the UPC Distribution Bank Facility was effectively changed into a 286.0 million obligation until November 29, 2002. In addition, we entered into an interest rate swap in respect of 1,725 million to fix the EURIBOR portion of the interest calculation at 4.65% for a period ending August 30, 2002. Subsequent to June 30, 2001, we entered into a cross currency swap, pursuant to which a USD 107.5 million obligation was effectively changed into a Euro obligation. Effectively the entire USD tranche has been swapped to Euros.

In December 2000, we sold 1.43 billion worth of convertible preference shares and warrants for cash, to a group of investors, including United.

In May 2001, we completed the placement with Liberty of USD 1.2 billion 6% Guaranteed Discount Notes due 2007 ("the Exchangeable Loan"), receiving proceeds of USD 856.8 million (Euro 1.0 billion). Liberty has the right to exchange the notes, which were issued by a wholly-owned subsidiary of UPC, into ordinary shares of UPC under certain circumstances at USD 6.85 per share after May 29, 2002. The Exchangeable Loan is expected to be transferred to United as a part of a transaction between Liberty and United, which is expected to close promptly after approval by United shareholders during the fourth quarter of 2001.

## CERTAIN DUTCH TAX ISSUES

One of our Dutch systems was assessed for a transfer tax on immovable property in the amount of Euro 0.8 million for the purchase of a cable network. We have always regarded our cable networks as movable property and not subject to such transfer tax. We are appealing this tax assessment. Should we be unsuccessful, our Dutch systems may be assessed for taxes on similar transactions. We cannot predict the extent to which the taxes could be assessed retroactively or the amount of tax that our systems may be assessed for, although it may be substantial, being 6% of the value attributable to our systems at the date of transfer. Because we own 100% of UPC Nederland, any tax liabilities assessed against our Dutch systems will be consolidated with our results. We believe that, if our appeal is unsuccessful, most cable television companies and other utilities in The Netherlands would become subject to similar tax liabilities. If this happens, we expect these entities would lobby the Dutch

tax authorities with us against such tax assessments. We cannot assure that such lobbying would be successful.

In October 1999, the Dutch tax authorities issued an assessment on the 1995 tax return of one of our subsidiaries. The assessment, on a taxable amount of approximately 36.3 million, resulted in a tax payable of approximately 12.7 million. The Dutch tax authorities indicated that this assessment was issued to reserve the rights of the Dutch tax authorities pending expiration of time under the statute of limitations. The assessment does not express an opinion of the Dutch tax authorities on the taxes due and is still subject to discussion. We filed an appeal against the assessment to defend our tax filing position.

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## INFLATION AND FOREIGN CURRENCY EXCHANGE RATE LOSSES

To date, we have not been impacted materially by inflation.

The value of our monetary assets and liabilities is affected by fluctuations in foreign currency exchange rates as accounts payable for certain equipment purchases and certain operating expenses, such as DTH and programming expenses, are denominated in currencies other than the functional currency of the entity making such payments. We and some of our operating companies have notes payable and notes receivable that are denominated in, and loans payable that are linked to, a currency other than their own functional currency, exposing us to foreign currency exchange risks on these monetary assets and liabilities. Historically, our operating companies and we have not hedged our exposure to foreign currency exchange rate operating risks. Accordingly, from time to time, we will experience economic loss and a negative impact on earnings and equity with respect to our holdings solely as a result of foreign currency exchange rate fluctuations. Occasionally we will execute hedge transactions to reduce our exposure to foreign currency exchange rate risk. In connection with our offerings of senior notes in July 1999, October 1999, January 2000 and the UPC Distribution Bank Facility, we entered into cross-currency swap agreements, exchanging dollar-denominated debt for Euro denominated debt.

The functional currency for our operations generally is the applicable local currency for each operating company. We have consolidated operations in countries outside of the European Monetary Union including Norway, Sweden, Poland, Hungary, Romania, the Czech Republic and the Slovak Republic and operations which report in US dollars. Assets and liabilities of foreign subsidiaries are translated at the exchange rates in effect at period-end, and the statements of operations are translated at the average exchange rates during the period. Exchange rate fluctuations on translating foreign currency financial statements into Euros result in unrealized gains or losses referred to as translation adjustments. Cumulative translation adjustments are recorded as a separate component of shareholders' equity. Transactions denominated in currencies other than the local currency are recorded based on exchange rates at the time such transactions arise. Subsequent changes in exchange rates result in transaction gains and losses which are reflected in income as unrealized, based on period-end translations, or realized upon settlement of the transactions.

Cash flows from our operations in foreign countries are translated based on their reporting currencies. As a result, amounts related to assets and liabilities reported on the consolidated statements of cash flows will not agree with changes in the corresponding balances on the consolidated balance sheets. The effects of exchange rate changes on cash balances held in foreign currencies are reported as a separate line below cash flows from financing activities.

EUROPEAN ECONOMIC AND MONETARY UNION

On January 1, 1999, eleven of the fifteen member countries of the European Union established fixed conversion rates between their existing sovereign currencies and the Euro. The participating countries adopted the Euro as their common legal currency on that day. The Euro trades on currency exchanges and is available for non-cash transactions during the transition period between January 1, 1999 and January 1, 2002. During this transition period, the existing currencies are scheduled to remain legal tender in the participating countries as denominations of the Euro and public and private parties may pay for goods and services using either the Euro or the participating countries' existing currencies.

During the transition period, within countries who have adopted the Euro, all operating companies' billing systems will include amounts in Euro as well as the respective country's existing currency. We do not expect the introduction of the Euro to affect materially our cable television and other operations.

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ITEM 3--QUANTITATIVE AND QUALITATIVE DISCLOSURE ABOUT MARKET RISK

#### INVESTMENT PORTFOLIO

As of June 30, 2001, we have cash and cash equivalents of approximately 1,092.4 million. We have invested this cash in highly liquid instruments, which meet high credit quality standards with original maturities at the date of purchase of less than three months. These investments will be subject to interest rate risk and foreign exchange fluctuations (with respect to amounts invested in currencies outside the European Monetary Union) however, the Company does not expect any material losses with respect to its investment portfolio.

#### IMPACT OF FOREIGN CURRENCY RATE CHANGES

We are exposed to foreign exchange rate fluctuations related to our monetary assets and liabilities, including those of our operating subsidiaries, which are denominated in currencies outside of the European Monetary Union. Our exposure to foreign exchange rate fluctuations also arises from intercompany charges.

The table below provides information about UPC's and its consolidated subsidiaries' foreign currency exchange risk for debt which is denominated in foreign currencies outside of the European Monetary Union as of June 30, 2001, including cash flows based on the expected repayment date and related weighted-average interest rates for debt. The information is presented in Euro equivalents, which is the Company's reporting currency. The instruments' actual cash flows are denominated in US Dollars.

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	AMOUNT OUT AS OF JUNE	ISTANDING E 30, 2001			CTED REPA F DECEMBE
	BOOK VALUE	FAIR VALUE	2001	2002	2003
			(IN THOUS	SANDS OF EUR	.OS)
DOLLAR DENOMINATED FACILITIES					
UPC SENIOR DISCOUNT NOTES DUE 2009	596,612	126,729	-	_	_
UPC SENIOR DISCOUNT NOTES DUE 2009	366,331	77,814	-	_	_
UPC SENIOR DISCOUNT NOTES DUE 2010	733,039	147,058	-	_	_
UPC SENIOR NOTES DUE 2010	703,473	307,157	_	_	_

UPC DISTRIBUTION BANK FACILITY USD					
TRANCHE	107,500	107,500	_	_	_
PCI NOTES	17,122	17,122	_	_	17,122
@ENTERTAINMENT 1998 SENIOR DISCOUNT					
NOTES	183,738	56,375	_	_	_
@ENTERTAINMENT 1999 SENIOR DISCOUNT					
NOTES	164,612	50,506	_	_	_
@ENTERTAINMENT 1999 SERIES C SENIOR					
DISCOUNT NOTES	18,125	7,877	-	_	_
EXCHANGEABLE LOAN	1,016,257	1,016,257	-	_	_

Occasionally we will execute hedge transactions to reduce our exposure to foreign currency exchange rate risk. In connection with our offerings of senior notes in July 1999, October 1999, January 2000 and the UPC Distribution Bank Facility, we entered into cross-currency swap agreements, exchanging dollar-denominated debt for Euro denominated debt.

### INTEREST RATE SENSITIVITY

The table below provides information about our financial instruments that are sensitive to changes in interest rates as of June 30, 2001, including cash flows based on the expected repayment dates and

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the related weighted -average interest rates. The information is presented in Euro equivalents, as the Euro is our reporting currency.

	AMOUNT OUTSTANDING AS OF JUNE 30, 2001		AS OF JUNE 30, 2001		AS (	EXPECTED REPAY	
		FAIR VALUE		2002		2	
			(IN THOUS	ANDS OF EUR	 ROS)		
VARIABLE RATE FACILITIES  UPC 10.875% SENIOR NOTES DUE  2009	944,064	401,066	-	-	-		
Average interest rate	10.875%	35.09%					
UPC 10.875% SENIOR NOTES DUE 2007	236,014	103,051	-	-	-		
Average interest rate  UPC 11.25% SENIOR NOTES DUE	10.875%	37.47%					
2009 EURIBOR + 4.8% and 9.92%, average rate in 2001 of 9.73% and 9.92%	295,551	127,302	-	-	-		
Average interest rate UPC DISTRIBUTION BANK	11.25%	35.14%					
FACILITY(1)EURIBOR/USD LIBOR + 0.75%-4%,	2,718,026	2,718,026	-	_	_	343	
•	8.09%	8.09%					

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(1) We entered into an interest rate swap in respect of 1,725 million of the principal amount of the advances under the UPC Distribution Bank Facility to fix the EURIBOR portion of the interest rate calculation at 4.65% for a period ending August 2, 2002.

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	AMOUNT OUTSTANDING AS OF JUNE 30, 2001				ECTED RAPAYM OF DECEMBER	
	BOOK VALUE	FAIR VALUE	2001	2002	2003	200
				SANDS OF EUR		
FIXED RATE FACILITIES						
UPC SENIOR NOTES DUE 2009		108,000	_	_	_	
Average interest rate UPC SENIOR DISCOUNT NOTES DUE	10.875%	19.54%				
2009	596 <b>,</b> 612	126,729	-	_	_	
Average interest rate UPC SENIOR DISCOUNT NOTES DUE	12.5%	35.09%				
2009	366,331	77,814	_	_	_	
Average interest rate UPC SENIOR DISCOUNT NOTES DUE	13.375%	34.16%				
2009	124,115	21,720	_	_	_	
Average interest rate	13.375%	22.16%				
UPC SENIOR NOTES DUE 2007	100,000	37 <b>,</b> 500	_	_	_	
Average interest rate	10.875%	19.59%				
UPC SENIOR NOTES DUE 2009	100,379	36,638	_	_		
Average interest rate	11.25%	19.74%				
UPC SENIOR DISCOUNT NOTES DUE						
2010	733 <b>,</b> 039	147,058	_	_	_	
Average interest rate	13.75%	34.07%				
UPC SENIOR NOTES DUE 2010	351 <b>,</b> 779	•	_	_	_	
Average interest rate	11.50%	18.82%				
UPC SENIOR NOTES DUE 2010	703,473		_	_	_	
Average interest rate	11.25%	34.45%				
UPC SENIOR NOTES DUE 2009	198,719		_	_	_	
Average interest rate	11.25%					
PCI NOTES	17,122		_	_	17,122	
Average interest rate	9.875%	9.875%				
@ENTERTAINMENT 1998 SENIOR	102 720	F.C. 27F				
DISCOUNT NOTES	183,738	•	_	_	_	
Average interest rate @ENTERTAINMENT 1999 SENIOR	14.5%					
DISCOUNT NOTES	•	50 <b>,</b> 506	_	_	_	
Average interest rate @ENTERTAINMENT 1999 SERIES C	14.5%	24.73%				
SENIOR DISCOUNT NOTES	18,125	7,877	_	_	_	
Average interest rate	7%	32.0%				
DIC LOAN	53,424	53,424	_	53,424	-	
Average interest rate	10.0%	10.0%				
EXCHANGEABLE LOAN	1,016,257	1,016,257	_	_	-	
Average Interest rate	6.0%	6.0%				

**EOUITY PRICES** 

As of June 30, 2001, we are exposed to equity price fluctuations related to our investment in equity securities. Our investment in United is classified as available for sale. Changes in the price of the stock are reflected as unrealized gains (losses) in our statement of shareholders' equity, until such

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time as the stock is sold and any unrealized gain (loss) will be reflected in the statement of operations. Our investments in PrimaCom and SBS are accounted for under the equity method of accounting.

	NUMBER OF SHARES	FAIR VALUE AS OF JUNE 30, 2001	
	(STATED IN THOUSANDS OF EUROS EXCEPT SHARE AMOUNTS)		
United	5,569,240	56,849	
PrimaCom AG	4,948,039	46,017	
SBS	6,000,000	182,322	
Terayon(1)	2,000,000	1,267	

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(1) Represents warrants to acquire shares. Fair value based on Black--Scholes model as of June 30, 2001.

As of June 30, 2001, we are also exposed to equity price fluctuations related to our debt which is convertible into our ordinary shares. The table below provides information about our convertible debt, including expected cash flows and related weighted-average interest rates.

	EXPE	CTED
	AMOUNT OUTSTANDING REPA	YMEN
	AS OF JUNE 30, 2001 AS OF DEC	EMBE
CONVERTIBLE DEBT	BOOK VALUE FAIR VALUE 2001	
	(EUROS, THOUSANDS)	
DIC Loan	53,424 53,424 -	5

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PART II--OTHER INFORMATION

ITEM 4--SUBMISSION OF MATTERS TO A VOTE OF SECURITY HOLDERS

Our 2001 Annual Meeting of Shareholders took place on May 17, 2001. In addition to electing three new members to our Supervisory Board, shareholders also voted upon the following matters:

- To adopt the Annual Accounts of the Company for the fiscal year ended

December 31, 2000;

- To grant discharge to the members of the Supervisory Board and the Board of Management from liability in respect of the exercise of their duties during the fiscal year ended December 31, 2000;
- To grant authority to the Board of Management to repurchase up to 10% of the Company's outstanding share capital for a period of 18 months (until November 17, 2002);
- To appoint the firm Andersen as independent auditors;
- To amend the Articles of Association of the Company to, INTER ALIA, increase the Company's authorized share capital by an additional 300,000,000 of ordinary shares A.

With respect to each matter voted upon at the annual meeting, a majority of the votes cast by shareholders were in cast in favour of such proposal.

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### ITEM 5--OTHER INFORMATION

The operating data set forth below reflect the aggregate statistics of the operating systems in which the Company has an ownership interest.

			i	AS AT JUNE 3	0, 2001
-	UPC PAID-IN OWNERSHIP	HOMES IN SERVICE AREA	HOMES PASSED	TWO WAY HOMES PASSED(1)	BASIC SUBSCRIBERS
MULTI-CHANNEL TV: CONSOLIDATED COMPANIES:					
Norway	100.0%	529,000	475,400	150,200	331,500
Sweden	100.0%	770,000	421,600	241,700	258 <b>,</b> 600
Belgium	100.0%	530,000	152,100	152,100	123,600
France	92.0%	2,653,200	1,267,900	485,400	417,600
The Netherlands The Netherlands	100.0%	2,580,600	2,467,400	2,041,400	2,288,200
(Alkmaar)	100.0%	47,700	44,800	44,800	40,200
Austria	95.0%	1,081,400	922,700	919,400	493,000
Germany (EWT/TSS)	51.0%	712,200	712,200	4,000	588,900
Poland	100.0%	1,950,000	1,851,800	181,000	1,022,800
Hungary	98.9-100.0%	1,001,100	900,400	315,500	643,800
Czech Republic	99.9-100.0%	913,000	786,400	179,300	362,400
Romania	51.0-70.0%	648,500	450,700	•	288,800
Slovak Republic	95.0-100.0%	517,800	371,700	17,300	312,800
Total					
consolidated		13,934,500	10,825,100	4,732,100 ======	7,172,200 ======
NON-CONSOLIDATED COMPANIES: Germany					
(Primacom) (2)	25.0%	1,924,300	1,924,300	418,000	1,304,900
Israel		660,000	652,100	•	434,300

Malta	50.0%	184,500	181,000	35,000	86,200
Total non-					
consolidated		2,768,800	2,757,400	858,000	1,825,400
		========	========	=======	=======
Total		16,703,300	13,582,500	5,590,100	8,997,600
		=======	=======		

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SUMMARY OPERATING DATA 2001 (CONTINUED)

	AS AT JUNE 30, 2001			
	UPC PAID-IN OWNERSHIP		RE	
CABLE TELEPHONY CONSOLIDATED COMPANIES:				
Norway		17,500 55,000		
France The Netherlands	100.0%	•		
Austria	95.0%	/		
GermanyEWT/TSS	51.0%	100		
Total cable telephony		349,400 ======		
NON-CABLE TELEPHONY CONSOLIDATED COMPANIES:				
Czech Republic(3)	99.9-100.0%	3,500		
Hungary (3)	98.9-100.0%	68 <b>,</b> 100		
Total non-cable telephony		71,600		
Total		421,000		
		======		

SUMMARY OPERATING DATA 2001 (CONTINUED)

	AS AT JUNE 30, 2001			
	UPC PAID-IN OWNERSHIP	SUBSCRIBERS RESIDENTIAL	3RD PARTY ISP SUBSCRIBERS(4) RESIDENTIAL	
INTERNET CONSOLIDATED COMPANIES:				
Norway	100.0%	20,500	_	
Sweden	100.0%	40,400	_	
Belgium	100.0%	18,800	_	
France	92.0%	18,500	_	
The Netherlands	100.0%	191,200	17,300	

The Netherlands (Alkmaar)	100.0%	_	3,400
Austria	95.0%	122,300	-
Germany (EWT/TSS)	51.0%	_	100
Poland	100.0%	4,400	-
Hungary	98.9-100.0%	5,600	2,200
Czech Republic	99.9-100.0%	_	3,300
Total consolidated		421,700	26,300
		======	=====
NON-CONSOLIDATED COMPANIES:			
Germany (Primacom) (2)	25.0%	5,400	18,900
Malta	50.0%	_	4,900
Total non-consolidated		5,400	23,800
		======	=====
Total		427,100	50,100
		======	=====

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## SUMMARY OPERATING DATA 2000

The operating data set forth below reflects the aggregate statistics of the operating systems in which the Company has an ownership interest.

AS AT JUNE 30, 2000

	UPC PAID-IN OWNERSHIP	HOMES IN SERVICE AREA	HOMES PASSED	TWO WAY HOMES PASSED(1)	BASIC SUBSCRIBERS
MULTI-CHANNEL TV:					
CONSOLIDATED COMPANIES:					
Norway	100.0%	529,000	469,200	84,500	330,300
Sweden	100.0%	770,000	421,600	228,200	248,700
Belgium	100.0%	530,000	152,100	152,100	123,500
France	92.0%	2,460,400	1,111,500	230,500	381,500
The Netherlands	100.0%	2,541,700	2,431,900	1,953,900	2,253,200
Austria	95.0%	1,080,900	910,500	867,300	478,500
Poland	100.0%	1,950,000	1,793,400	_	1,038,300
Hungary	98.9-100.0%	1,001,100	775,600	216,400	569,100
Czech Republic	99.9-100.0%	868,800	777,400	17,700	356,600
Romania	51.0-70.0%	509,300	395,900	_	260,300
Slovak Republic	95.0-100.0%	417,800	295,900		244,300
Total					
consolidated		12,659,000	9,535,000	3,750,600 ======	6,284,300 ======
NON-CONSOLIDATED COMPANIES:					
Germany (Primacom) (5)	25.1%	1,422,800	1,422,800	30,500	919,600
Israel	46.6%	660,000	623,300	388,700	437,300
Malta	50.0%	177,000	176,000	_	79,400
Total					
non-consolidated		2,259,800	2,222,100	419,200	
Total		14,918,800	11,757,100	4,169,800	 7,720,600

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## SUMMARY OPERATING DATA 2000 (CONTINUED)

	AS AT JUNE 30, 2000			2000	
	UPC		 IBERS 	LINE	
	PAID-IN OWNERSHIP		BUSINESSES	RESIDENTIAL	
CABLE TELEPHONY					
CONSOLIDATED COMPANIES:					
Norway	100.0%	7,800	100	8,600	
France	92.0%	24,200	_	24,900	
The Netherlands	100.0%	101,200	200	119,700	
Austria	95.0%	67 <b>,</b> 300	1,100	68 <b>,</b> 800	
Total cable telephony		200,500	1,400		
		======	=====	======	
NON-CABLE TELEPHONY					
CONSOLIDATED COMPANIES:					
The Netherlands(6)	80.0%	28 <b>,</b> 800	8,300	-	
Mundi Telecom	51.0%	3,500	2,900	_	
Czech Republic(3)	100.0%	3,600	_	3 <b>,</b> 600	
Hungary (Monor)(3)	98.7%	65 <b>,</b> 100	3,400	67 <b>,</b> 200	
Total non-cable telephony		101,000	14,600	70,800	
Total		301,500	16,000		
		======	======	=====	

		AS	AT JUNE 30,	2000
	UPC PAID-IN OWNERSHIP			3RD PAF ISP SUBSCRI
		RESIDENTIAL	BUSINESSES	RESIDENTIAL
INTERNET				
CONSOLIDATED COMPANIES:				
Norway	100.0%	7,000	200	-
Sweden	100.0%	18,500	-	-
Belgium	100.0%	11,500	-	-
France	92.0%	7,000	-	-
The Netherlands	100.0%	101,600	2,000	15,500
Austria	95.0%	63,000	2,600	-
Hungary	100.0%	500	_	_

Total consolidated		209,100	4,800	15,500
		======	=====	=====
NON-CONSOLIDATED COMPANIES:				
Germany (Primacom) (5)	25.1%	200	-	-
Total non-consolidated		200	_	_
Total		209,300	4,800	15,500
		======	======	=====

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SUMMARY OPERATING DATA 2000 AND 2001

### RESIDENTIAL RGU'S (7)

The operating data set forth below reflect the aggregate statistics of the operating systems in which the Company has an ownership interest.

	TOTAL RGU'S		
	AS OF JUNE 30, 2001	AS OF JUNE 30,	
Norway	369,500	345,100	
Sweden	299,000	267,200	
Belgium	142,400	135,000	
France	499,700	412,700	
The Netherlands	2,684,000	2,471,500	
The NetherlandsAlkmaar	44,000		
The Netherlands (Uniport Carrier Select) (6)	, –	28,800	
Austria	737,900	608,800	
GermanyEWT/TSS	589,100	-	
Poland	1,413,000	1,416,500	
Hungary	765,300	634,700	
Czech Republic	410,500	360,200	
Romania	288,800	260,300	
Slovak Republic	326,400	244,300	
Mundi (8)	_	3,500	
Total consolidated	8,569,600	7,188,600	
	=======	=======	

## SUMMARY OPERATING DATA 2000 AND 2001 (CONTINUED)

- (1) Two way homes passed represents the number of homes passed where customers can request and receive an installation of a two-way addressable set top and "normal' customer services (e.g. the service is launched, customers are billed and normal service activity is available).
- (2) Statistics of Primacom are as of March 31, 2001.
- (3) Hungary (Monor) and Czech Republic offer traditional telephony service.
- (4) Internet subscribers who are not served by CHELLO BROADBAND.
- (5) Statistics of Primacom are as of December 31, 1999.

- (6) UTH owned 80% of Uniport as of March 31, 2000. UTH sold its 100% owned business of Uniport in April 2001.
- (7) RGU's is the sum of Basic Cable, Digital, Residential Internet, Residential Telephony and DTH subscribers.
- (8) In 2001, Mundi Telecom subscribers are included in PRIORITY TELECOM.

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ITEM 6--EXHIBITS AND REPORTS ON FORM 8-K

- (a) Exhibits--none
- (b) Reports on Form 8-K filed during the Quarter

DATE FILED	DATE OF EVENT	ITEM REPORTED
June 1, 2001	May 29, 2001	Item 5Announcement of completion of the
		placement with Liberty of a convertible loan.

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#### SIGNATURE

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the Registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned thereunto duly authorized.

Date: August 14, 2001 UNITED PAN-EUROPE COMMUNICATIONS N.V.

By: /s/ CHARLES H.R. BRACKEN

Charles H.R. Bracken
BOARD OF MANAGEMENT MEMBER AND CHIEF
FINANCIAL OFFICER (AND PRINCIPAL
ACCOUNTING OFFICER)

Date: August 14, 2001

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