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FRANKLIN CAPITAL CORP
Form 10-Q
November 14, 2002

SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION
Washington, D.C. 20549

Form 10-Q

(Mark One)

Quarterly Report Pursuant to Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities and Exchange Act of 1934

For the Quarterly period ended September 30, 2002

or

Transition report pursuant to Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities and Exchange Act of 1934

For the transition period from _____ to _____.

Commission File No. 1-9727

Franklin Capital Corporation

(Exact name of registrant specified in its charter)

Delaware 13-3419202

(State or other jurisdiction of incorporation or organization) (I.R.S. Employer Identification No.)

450 Park Avenue, 10th Floor, New York, New York 10022

(Address of principal executive offices) (Zip Code)

Registrant's telephone number, including area code (212) 486-2323

Indicate by check mark whether the Registrant (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the Corporation was required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days. Yes No

The number of shares of common stock outstanding as of November 8, 2002 was 1,056,500.

TABLE OF CONTENTS

PART I. FINANCIAL INFORMATION	3
Item 1. Financial Statements (Unaudited)	3
Balance Sheets	4
Statements of Operations	5

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Statements of Cash Flows	6
Statements of Changes in Net Assets	7
Portfolio of Investments	8
Notes to Financial Statements	9
Item 2. Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations	18
Critical Accounting Policies	18
Statement of Operations	18
Financial Condition	18
Termination of Merger with Change Technology Partners, Inc.	19
Investments	19
Results of Operations	22
Liquidity and Capital Resources	23
Risk Factors	23
Item 3. Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosures about Market Risk	25
Item 4. Controls and Procedures	26
PART II. OTHER INFORMATION	26
Item 1. Legal Proceedings	26
Item 2. Changes in Securities and Use of Proceeds	27
Item 3. Defaults Upon Senior Securities	27
Item 4. Submission of Matters to a Vote of Security Holders	27
Item 5. Other Information	27
Item 6. Exhibits and Reports on Form 8-K	27
SIGNATURE	27
CERTIFICATIONS	28
EXHIBIT INDEX	xx

FORWARD LOOKING STATEMENTS

WHEN USED IN THIS QUARTERLY REPORT ON FORM 10-Q, THE WORDS "BELIEVES," "ANTICIPATES," "EXPECTS" AND SIMILAR EXPRESSIONS ARE INTENDED TO IDENTIFY FORWARD-LOOKING STATEMENTS. STATEMENTS LOOKING FORWARD IN TIME ARE INCLUDED IN THIS QUARTERLY REPORT ON FORM 10-Q. SUCH STATEMENTS ARE SUBJECT TO CERTAIN RISKS AND UNCERTAINTIES WHICH COULD CAUSE ACTUAL RESULTS TO DIFFER MATERIALLY, INCLUDING, BUT NOT LIMITED TO, THOSE SET FORTH IN "MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS OF FINANCIAL CONDITION AND RESULTS OF OPERATIONS." READERS ARE CAUTIONED NOT TO PLACE UNDUE RELIANCE ON THESE FORWARD-LOOKING STATEMENTS, WHICH SPEAK ONLY AS OF THE DATE HEREOF. THE CORPORATION UNDERTAKES NO OBLIGATION TO PUBLICLY REVISE THESE FORWARD-LOOKING STATEMENTS TO REFLECT EVENTS OR CIRCUMSTANCES OCCURRING AFTER THE DATE HEREOF OR TO REFLECT THE OCCURRENCE OF UNANTICIPATED EVENTS.

PART I - FINANCIAL INFORMATION

ITEM 1. FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The information furnished in the accompanying financial statements reflects all adjustments consisting of normal recurring accruals that are, in the opinion of management, necessary for a fair presentation of the results for the interim period presented.

FRANKLIN CAPITAL CORPORATION

BALANCE SHEETS

	SEPTEMBER 30, 2002 (UNAUDITED)	DECEMBER 31, 2001
ASSETS		
Marketable investment securities, at market value (cost: September 30, 2002 - \$34,675; December 31, 2001 - \$34,675) (Note 2)	\$34,675	\$34,675
Investments, at fair value (cost: September 30, 2002 - \$3,390,000; December 31, 2001 - \$3,876,430) (Note 2)		
Excelsior Radio Networks, Inc.	4,365,000	2,325,000
Other investments	1,000,000	1,369,197
	-----	-----
	5,365,000	3,694,197
	-----	-----
Cash and cash equivalents (Notes 1 & 2)	3,112	279,728
Other assets	88,967	90,266
	-----	-----
TOTAL ASSETS	\$5,491,754	\$4,098,866
	=====	=====
LIABILITIES AND STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY		
LIABILITIES		
Note payable	\$952,070	\$1,000,000
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	794,984	177,121
	-----	-----
TOTAL LIABILITIES	1,747,054	1,177,121
	-----	-----
Commitments and contingencies (Note 5)		
STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY		
Convertible preferred stock, \$1 par value, cumulative 7% dividend: 5,000,000 shares authorized; 16,450 shares issued and outstanding at September 30, 2002 and December 31, 2001 (Liquidation preference \$1,645,000) (Note 4)	16,450	16,450

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Common stock, \$1 par value: 5,000,000 shares authorized; 1,505,888 shares issued: 1,064,500 shares outstanding at September 30, 2002 and 1,074,700 at December 31,2001 (Note 6)	1,505,888	1,505,888
Additional paid-in capital	10,571,610	10,271,610
Unrealized appreciation (depreciation) of investments (Notes 2 and 3)	1,975,000	(182,233)
Accumulated deficit	(7,767,570)	(6,170,614)
	-----	-----
	6,301,378	5,441,101
Deduct common stock held in treasury, at cost, 441,388 shares at September 30, 2002, and 431,188 shares at December 31, 2001 (Note 4)	(2,556,678)	(2,519,356)
	-----	-----
Net assets (See Note 9 for per share information)	3,744,700	2,921,745
	-----	-----
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY	\$5,491,754	\$4,098,866
	=====	=====

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

4

FRANKLIN CAPITAL CORPORATION

STATEMENTS OF OPERATIONS
(UNAUDITED)

	THREE MONTHS ENDED SEPTEMBER 30,		NINE MONTHS ENDED SEPTEMBER 30,	
	2002	2001	2002	2001
INVESTMENT INCOME				
Interest and dividend income	\$110	\$11,735	\$2,219	69,099
Management fees	120,000	30,000	330,000	30,000
	-----	-----	-----	-----
	120,110	41,735	332,219	99,099
	-----	-----	-----	-----
EXPENSES				
Salaries and employee benefits	195,957	215,216	589,848	692,488
Professional fees	35,325	41,325	106,575	123,979
Rent	15,768	29,784	79,164	89,359
Insurance	17,843	10,600	39,973	31,799
Directors' fees	501	501	1,502	19,500
Taxes other than income taxes	7,525	7,901	35,615	37,169
Newswire and promotion	1,001	1,000	3,000	3,000
Depreciation and amortization	4,242	4,998	12,727	14,999
Interest expense	8,850	--	26,550	--
Expenses related to cancelled merger	265,782	--	465,782	--
General and administrative	39,536	47,556	132,599	165,359
	-----	-----	-----	-----

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	592,330	358,881	1,493,335	1,177,62
	-----	-----	-----	-----
Net investment loss from operations	(472,220)	(317,146)	(1,161,116)	(1,078,53
Net realized (loss) gain on portfolio of investments:				
Investment securities:				
Affiliated	--	1,000	--	138,75
Unaffiliated	(16,431)	4,902	(349,147)	592,10
	-----	-----	-----	-----
Net realized (loss) gain on portfolio of investments	(16,431)	5,902	(349,147)	730,85
Provision (benefit) for current income taxes	331	--	331	(1,67
	-----	-----	-----	-----
	(16,762)	5,902	(349,478)	732,53
	-----	-----	-----	-----
Net realized loss	(488,982)	(311,244)	(1,510,594)	(346,00
	-----	-----	-----	-----
(Decrease) increase in unrealized appreciation of investments				
Investment securities:				
Affiliated	(885,000)	(140,974)	2,115,000	278,72
Unaffiliated	5,985	86,001	42,233	(1,866,41
	-----	-----	-----	-----
(Decrease) increase in unrealized appreciation of investments	(879,015)	(54,973)	2,157,233	(1,587,69
	-----	-----	-----	-----
Net (decrease) increase in net assets from operations	(1,367,997)	(366,217)	646,639	(1,933,69
Preferred dividends	28,787	28,787	86,362	86,36
	-----	-----	-----	-----
Net (decrease) increase in net assets attributable to common stockholders	(\$1,396,784)	(\$395,004)	\$560,277	(\$2,020,05
	=====	=====	=====	=====
Basic and diluted net (decrease) increase per share in net assets attributable to common stockholders (Note 8)	(\$1.31)	(\$0.37)	\$0.52	(\$1.8
	=====	=====	=====	=====

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

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FRANKLIN CAPITAL CORPORATION

STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS
(UNAUDITED)

FOR THE NINE MONTHS ENDED SEPTEMBER 30,	2002	2001
Cash flows from operating activities:		
Net increase (decrease) in net assets from operations	\$646,639	(\$1,931,111)
Adjustments to reconcile net increase (decrease) in net assets from operations to net cash used in operating activities:		
Depreciation and amortization	12,727	1,581,111
(Increase) decrease in unrealized appreciation of investments	(2,157,233)	1,581,111
Net realized loss (gain) on portfolio of investments, net of current income taxes	349,477	(73,477)
Changes in operating assets and liabilities:		
(Increase) decrease in other assets	(11,428)	
Decrease (increase) in accounts payable and accrued liabilities, excluding change in current income taxes payable	617,532	(5,428)
Total adjustments	(1,188,925)	82,311
Net cash used in operating activities	(542,286)	(1,111,111)
Cash flows from investing activities:		
Proceeds from sale of affiliates	--	1,511,111
Proceeds from sale of other investments	78,715	1,041,111
Proceeds from sale of marketable investment securities	6,554	461,111
Loan payments from majority-owned affiliate	75,000	
Purchase of investment in majority-owned affiliate	--	(1,651,111)
Purchases of other investments	--	(41,111)
Purchases of marketable investment securities	(22,985)	(541,111)
Net cash provided by investing activities	137,284	78,311
Cash flows from financing activities:		
Payment of preferred dividends	(86,362)	(81,111)
Decrease in note payable	(47,930)	
Proceeds for conversion right	300,000	
Purchases of treasury stock	(37,322)	(121,111)
Net cash provided by (used in) financing activities	128,386	(21,311)
Net decrease in cash and cash equivalents	(276,616)	(53,311)
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of period	279,728	64,311
Cash and cash equivalents at end of period	\$3,112	\$11,311

 The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

6

FRANKLIN CAPITAL CORPORATION

 STATEMENTS OF CHANGES IN NET ASSETS
 (UNAUDITED)

	THREE MONTHS ENDED SEPTEMBER 30,	
	2002	2001
(Decrease) increase in net assets from operations:		
Net investment loss	(\$472,220)	(\$317,146)
Net realized (loss) gain on portfolio of investments, net of current income taxes	(16,762)	5,902
(Decrease) increase in unrealized appreciation of investments	(879,015)	(54,973)
	-----	-----
Net (decrease) increase in net assets from operations	(1,367,997)	(366,217)
Capital stock transactions:		
Payment of dividends on preferred stock	(28,787)	(28,787)
Proceeds for conversion right	--	--
Purchase of treasury stock	(2,076)	(8,514)
	-----	-----
Total (decrease) increase in net assets	(1,398,860)	(403,518)
	-----	-----
Net assets at beginning of period	5,143,560	3,838,668
	-----	-----
Net assets at end of period	\$3,744,700	\$3,435,150
	=====	=====

 The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

7

FRANKLIN CAPITAL CORPORATION

 PORTFOLIO OF INVESTMENTS

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MARKETABLE INVESTMENT SECURITIES

SEPTEMBER 30, 2002 (2)

NUMBE
SHARE
PRINC
AMOUN

Certificate of Deposit - 1.3%, due 10/04/2002

Total Marketable Investment Securities
(0.6% of total investments and 0.9% of net assets)

INVESTMENTS, AT FAIR VALUE

September 30, 2002 (2)	Investment	Equity Interest	Number Share Principle Amount
MAJORITY OWNED AFFILIATE			
Excelsior Radio Networks, Inc.	Common stock and warrants	90.00%	2,262
Total Excelsior Radio Networks, Inc. (80.8% of total investments and 116.6% of net assets) (Radio production and advertising sales)		50.81% (fully diluted)	
AFFILIATES			
Excom Ventures, LLC (0.0% of total investments and 0.0% of net assets) (Purchase evaluation software)	Units	18.64%	140
OTHER INVESTMENTS			
Alacra Corporation (18.5% of total investments and 26.7% of net assets) (Internet-based information provider)	Convertible Preferred Stock	1.68%	321
Investments, at Fair Value			

(1) Book cost equals tax cost for all investments

(2) Total investments refers to investments and marketable investment securities.

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

FRANKLIN CAPITAL CORPORATION
NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
SEPTEMBER 30, 2002

1. DESCRIPTION OF BUSINESS

Franklin Capital Corporation ("Franklin", or the "Corporation") is a Delaware corporation operating as a Business Development Company ("BDC") under the Investment Company Act of 1940 (the "Act"). A BDC is a specialized type of investment company under the Act. A BDC must be primarily engaged in the business of furnishing capital and making available managerial expertise to companies that do not have ready access to capital through conventional financial channels. Such companies are termed "eligible portfolio companies". The Corporation, as a BDC, generally may invest in other securities; however, such investments may not exceed 30% of the Corporation's total asset value at the time of any such investment.

The accompanying financial statements have been prepared assuming that the Corporation will continue as a going concern. For the nine months ended September 30, 2002 and for the years ended December 31, 2001, and 2000, the Corporation has incurred a net investment loss from operations of approximately \$1.2 million, \$1.4 million, and \$2.3 million, respectively, and has a working capital deficiency of approximately \$1.7 million at September 30, 2002. (Working capital is defined as total liabilities less liquid assets.) These conditions raise substantial doubt about the Corporation's ability to continue as a going concern. In order to alleviate the substantial doubt about the Corporation's ability to continue as a going concern, the Corporation will seek to sell assets or find an alternative financing source. There can be no assurance that the Corporation would be able to obtain financing. The financial statements do not include any adjustments to reflect the possible future effects on the recoverability of assets or the amounts of liabilities that may result from the outcome of this uncertainty.

On October 3, 2002, Franklin sold to Sunshine Wireless, LLC ("Sunshine") 773,196 shares of the common stock of Excelsior at \$1.94 per share for an aggregate purchase price of \$1,500,000, realizing a gain of \$726,804 (See Note 12). This asset sale reduced Franklin's working capital deficiency to approximately \$200,000. Franklin continues to have a working capital deficiency primarily due to a note payable of \$952,070 to Winstar Communications, Inc. ("Winstar") in connection with the acquisition of assets from Winstar (see Note 6). This note is taken into account in calculating the working capital deficit as it is assumed to be payable within the next year. Due to an action in which Franklin is a named party (see Note 5), the due date of this note has been extended indefinitely and it is uncertain as to when this note will come due. Franklin continues to seek adequate alternative financing rather than additional asset sales in order to alleviate the going concern issue.

2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

USE OF ESTIMATES

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

FRANKLIN CAPITAL CORPORATION
NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS

For purposes of the Statements of Cash Flows, Franklin considers only highly liquid investments such as money market funds and commercial paper with maturities of 90 days or less at the date of their acquisition to be cash equivalents.

The Corporation paid no interest or income taxes during the nine months ended September 30, 2002 and 2001.

At September 30, 2002 and 2001, the Corporation held cash and cash equivalents primarily in money market funds at two commercial banking institutions, and one broker/dealer.

VALUATION OF INVESTMENTS

Security investments which are publicly traded on a national exchange or Nasdaq Stock Market are stated at the last reported sales price on the day of valuation, or if no sale was reported on that date, then the securities are stated at the last quoted bid price. The Board of Directors of Franklin (the "Board of Directors") may determine, if appropriate, to discount the value where there is an impediment to the marketability of the securities held.

Investments for which there is no ready market are initially valued at cost and, thereafter, at fair value based upon the financial condition and operating results of the issuer and other pertinent factors as determined in good faith by the Board of Directors. The financial condition and operating results have been derived utilizing both audited and unaudited data. In the absence of a ready market for an investment, numerous assumptions are inherent in the valuation process. Some or all of these assumptions may not materialize. Unanticipated events and circumstances may occur subsequent to the date of the valuation and values may change due to future events. Therefore, the actual amounts eventually realized from each investment may vary from the valuations shown and the differences may be material. Franklin reports the unrealized gain or loss resulting from such valuation in the Statements of Operations.

GAINS (LOSSES) ON PORTFOLIO OF INVESTMENTS

Amounts reported as realized gains (losses) are measured by the difference between the proceeds of sale or exchange and the cost basis of the investment without regard to unrealized gains (losses) reported in the prior periods. Gains (losses) are considered realized when sales or dissolution of investments are consummated.

INCOME TAXES

Franklin does not qualify for pass through tax treatment as a Regulated Investment Company under Subchapter M of the Internal Revenue Code for income tax purposes. Therefore, the Corporation is taxed under Regulation C.

Franklin accounts for income taxes in accordance with the provision of Statement of Financial Accounting Standards No. 109, "Accounting for Income Taxes" ("SFAS

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109"). The significant components of deferred tax assets and liabilities are principally related to the Corporation's net operating loss carryforward and its unrealized appreciation of investments.

10

FRANKLIN CAPITAL CORPORATION
NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

DEPRECIATION AND AMORTIZATION

Depreciation is recorded using the straight-line method at rates based upon estimated useful lives for the respective assets. Leasehold Improvements are included in other assets and are amortized over their useful lives or the remaining life of the lease, whichever is shorter.

NET (DECREASE) INCREASE IN NET ASSETS PER SHARE ATTRIBUTABLE TO COMMON STOCKHOLDERS

Net (decrease) increase in net assets per share attributable to common stockholders is calculated in accordance with the provisions of Statement of Financial Accounting Standards No. 128, "Earnings per Share".

RECLASSIFICATION

Certain amounts in prior years have been reclassified to conform with the current year presentation.

3. INCOME TAXES

For the nine months ended September 30, 2002 and 2001, Franklin's tax (provision) benefit was based on the following:

	2002	2001
	-----	-----
Net investment loss from operations	\$ (1,161,116)	\$ (1,078,534)
Net realized (loss) gain on portfolio of investments	(349,147)	730,857
Increase (decrease) in unrealized appreciation	2,157,233	(1,587,694)
	-----	-----
Pre-tax book income (loss)	\$ 646,970	\$ (1,935,371)
	=====	=====
	2002	2001
	-----	-----
Tax (provision) benefit at 34% on \$646,970 and \$(1,935,371), respectively	\$ (220,000)	\$ 658,000
State and local, net of Federal benefit	--	49,000
Other	(155,000)	(8,000)
Change in valuation allowance	375,000	(697,000)
	-----	-----
	\$ --	\$ 2,000
	=====	=====

The components of the tax provision are as follows:

	2002	2001
	-----	-----
Current state and local tax provision	\$ --	\$ 2,000
Deferred tax expense	--	--

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Provision for income taxes	\$	--	\$	2,000
	=====		=====	

Deferred income tax provision reflects the impact of "temporary differences" between amounts of assets and liabilities for financial reporting purposes and such amounts as measured by tax laws.

At September 30, 2002 and December 31, 2001, significant deferred tax assets and liabilities consist of:

FRANKLIN CAPITAL CORPORATION
NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

	Asset (Liability)	
	September 30, 2002	December 31, 2001
	-----	-----
Deferred Federal and state benefit from net operating loss carryforward	\$ 2,438,000	\$ 1,905,000
Deferred Federal and state provision on unrealized (appreciation) depreciation of investments	(842,000)	66,000
Valuation allowance	(1,596,000)	(1,971,000)
	-----	-----
Deferred taxes	\$ --	\$ --
	=====	=====

At December 31, 2001, Franklin had net operating loss carryforwards for income tax purposes of approximately \$5,291,000 that will begin to expire in 2011. At a 36% effective tax rate the after-tax net benefit from this loss would be approximately \$1,905,000.

4. STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY

The accumulated deficit at September 30, 2002, consists of accumulated net realized gains of \$4,612,000 and accumulated investment losses of \$12,379,000.

The Board of Directors has authorized Franklin to repurchase up to an aggregate of 525,000 shares of its common stock in open market purchases on the American Stock Exchange when such purchases are deemed to be in the best interest of the Corporation and its stockholders. During the nine months ended September 30, 2002, Franklin purchased 10,200 shares of its common stock for an aggregate price of \$37,322. As of September 30, 2002, the Corporation has repurchased 492,550 shares of its common stock of which 441,388 shares remain in treasury at September 30, 2002.

5. COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES

On October 15, 2001, Jeffrey A. Leve and Jeffrey Leve Family Partnership, L.P. filed a lawsuit against Franklin, Sunshine and four other defendants affiliated with Winstar in the Superior Court of the State of California for the County of Los Angeles. The lawsuit, which has subsequently been removed to the United

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States District Court for the Central District of California, alleges that the Winstar defendants conspired to commit fraud and breached their fiduciary duty to the plaintiffs in connection with the acquisition of the plaintiffs' radio production and distribution business. The complaint further alleges that Franklin and Sunshine joined the alleged conspiracy. The business was initially acquired by certain entities affiliated with Winstar and, subsequently, the assets of such business were sold to Franklin and Sunshine (see Note 6). Concurrently with such purchase, Franklin transferred such assets to Excelsior. The plaintiffs seek recovery of damages in excess of \$10,000,000, costs and attorneys' fees. On January 7, 2002, Franklin filed a motion to dismiss the lawsuit or, in the alternative, to transfer venue to the United States District Court of the Southern District of New York. The plaintiffs filed a motion opposing Franklin's request on January 28, 2002. Franklin's motion for dismissal was granted on February 25, 2002, due to improper venue. On June 7, 2002, the plaintiffs filed their complaint to the United States District Court of the Southern District of New York. On July 12, 2002, Franklin filed a motion to dismiss the complaint. Franklin believes that plaintiffs' claims are without merit and intends to defend this lawsuit vigorously, though the outcome cannot be predicted at this time. An unfavorable outcome in this lawsuit may have a material adverse effect on Franklin's business, financial condition and results of operations.

12

FRANKLIN CAPITAL CORPORATION NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

6. TRANSACTIONS WITH AFFILIATES

On February 1, 2001, Franklin sold to Avery Communications, Inc. ("Avery") 1,183,938 shares of common stock and 350,000 shares of preferred stock of Avery representing Franklin's entire holding in Avery, for \$1,557,617 plus accrued dividends on the preferred stock for a realized gain net of expenses of \$137,759. As part of the sale Franklin retained the right to receive 1,533,938 shares of Primal Solutions, Inc. ("Primal") a then wholly-owned subsidiary of Avery. On February 13, 2001, Primal announced that Avery had completed a spin-off of Primal and Franklin received 1,533,938 fully registered and marketable shares of Primal. During the year ended December 31, 2001, Franklin sold 1,150,000 shares of Primal for total proceeds of \$53,861, realizing a loss of \$130,139. During the nine months ended September 30, 2002, Franklin sold its remaining position of 383,938 shares for total proceeds of \$28,715, realizing a loss of \$32,715.

On August 28, 2001, Franklin along with Sunshine Wireless LLC ("Sunshine") purchased the assets of Winstar Radio Networks, Global Media and Winstar Radio Productions (collectively "WRN") for a total purchase price of \$6.25 million. Change Technology Partners, Inc. ("Change"), a public company, provided \$2.25 million of senior financing for the deal. The acquisition was consummated through eCom Capital Inc., subsequently renamed Excelsior Radio Networks, Inc. ("Excelsior"), a then wholly-owned subsidiary of Franklin. Franklin's total investment was \$2.5 million consisting of \$1.5 million in cash and a \$1 million note payable to WRN. The note was due February 28, 2002 with interest at 3.54% and has a right of set-off against certain representations and warranties made by WRN. In October 2001, a legal proceeding was filed against WRN, which also named Franklin as a defendant, in which the representations and warranties made by WRN have been challenged. Until the time that this action is settled the due date of the note is extended indefinitely (see Note 5). Additionally, Franklin provided a \$150,000 note receivable to Excelsior. The note bore interest at 10%

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per annum and was issued for a ninety-day rolling period. In connection with this note, Franklin was granted warrants to acquire 12,879 shares of Excelsior common stock at an exercise price of \$1.125 per share. As of September 30, 2002, this note has been repaid. In contemplation of a proposed merger agreement between Franklin and Change (see Note 11), Franklin sold to Change 250,000 shares of common stock in Excelsior for \$250,000.

At the closing, Franklin entered into a services agreement with Excelsior whereby Franklin will provide Excelsior with certain services. In consideration for the services provided, for a period of nine months Franklin would receive \$30,000 per month and be reimbursed for all direct expenses. Subsequently, Franklin's monthly fee will be determined by a majority of the non-Franklin directors; however, said management fee will be no less than \$15,000 per month. Franklin will continue to be reimbursed for all direct expenses. Finally, Franklin's chief financial officer will serve in that capacity for Excelsior and his salary and benefits will be allocated between Excelsior and Franklin on an 80/20 basis. During the nine months ended September 30, 2002, Franklin earned \$330,000 in management fees and was reimbursed \$90,702 for salary and benefits for Franklin's chief financial officer, which was recorded as a reduction of expenses on Franklin.

On April 3, 2002, Dial Communications Global Media, Inc. ("DCGM"), a newly formed wholly-owned subsidiary of Excelsior, a majority-owned affiliate of Franklin, completed the acquisition of substantially all of the assets of Dial Communications Group, Inc. ("DCGI"), and Dial Communications Group, LLC ("DCGL" and together with DCGI, the "Dial Entities") used in connection with the Dial Entities' business of selling advertising relating to radio programming (the "Dial Acquisition"). The Dial Acquisition was

13

FRANKLIN CAPITAL CORPORATION NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

completed pursuant to the Asset Purchase Agreement (the "Purchase Agreement"), dated as of April 1, 2002, by and among the Dial Entities, Franklin and Excelsior. Immediately prior to the closing of the transactions contemplated by the Purchase Agreement, Excelsior assigned all of its rights and obligations under the Purchase Agreement, as well as certain other assets and liabilities relating to the portion of Excelsior's business dedicated to the sale of advertising relating to radio programming, to DCGM.

The total purchase price for the Dial Acquisition will be an amount between \$8,880,000 and \$13,557,500. The initial consideration for the Dial Acquisition consisted of \$6,500,000 in cash and a three year promissory note bearing interest at 4.5% issued by DCGM in favor of DCGL in the aggregate principal amount of \$460,000. In addition, the Purchase Agreement provides for the minimum payment of \$1,920,000 of additional consideration, which is subject to increase to a maximum amount of \$6,597,500 based upon the attainment of certain revenue and earnings objectives in 2002 and 2003. The additional consideration will be comprised of both cash and two additional promissory notes issued by DCGM in favor of DCGL, each with an initial aggregate principal amount of \$460,000 bearing interest at 4.5% that is subject to increase upon the attainment of such revenue and earnings objectives. Each of the promissory notes issued in consideration of the Dial Acquisition is convertible into shares of Franklin's common stock at a premium ranging from 115% to 120% of the average closing prices of Franklin's common stock during a specified pre and post closing measurement period. Excelsior has paid to Franklin an amount equal to \$300,000

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in consideration of Franklin's obligations in connection with any Franklin common stock that may be issued pursuant to the terms of the Purchase Agreement or the promissory notes issued in consideration of the Dial Acquisition. For each share of common stock Franklin is required to issue under the Purchase Agreement or the promissory notes, Franklin will receive 0.86 shares of common stock in Excelsior.

Change and Sunshine, both existing stockholders of Excelsior, loaned Excelsior an aggregate amount of \$7,000,000 to finance the initial consideration of the Dial Acquisition. The obligations under the loans are secured by certain of Excelsior's assets.

7. STOCK OPTION PLANS

On September 9, 1997, Franklin's stockholders approved two Stock Option Plans: a Stock Incentive Plan ("SIP") to be offered to the Corporation's consultants, officers and employees (including any officer or employee who is also a director of the Corporation) and a Non-Statutory Stock Option Plan ("SOP") to be offered to the Corporation's "outside" directors, (i.e., those directors who are not also officers or employees of Franklin). 112,500 shares of the Corporation's Common Stock have been reserved for issuance under these plans, of which 67,500 shares have been reserved for the SIP and 45,000 shares have been reserved for the SOP. Shares subject to options that terminate or expire prior to exercise will be available for future grants under the Plans. Because the issuance of options to "outside" directors is not permitted under the Act without an exemptive order by the Securities and Exchange Commission, the issuance of options under the SOP was conditioned upon the granting of such order. The order was granted by the Commission on January 18, 2000.

Franklin accounts for the options issued to employees under APB Opinion No. 25, under which no compensation cost has been recognized. Pro forma information determined consistent with the fair value method required by FASB Statement No. 123, is as follows for the years ended:

14

FRANKLIN CAPITAL CORPORATION NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

	September 30, 2002	September 30, 2001
Net increase (decrease) in net assets attributable to common stockholders:		
As reported	\$560,277	(\$2,020,057)
Pro forma	\$553,965	(\$2,048,546)
Basic net increase (decrease) in net assets per share attributable to common stockholders:		
As reported	\$0.52	(\$1.86)
Pro forma	\$0.52	(\$1.89)

No options were granted during the nine months ended September 30, 2002 and 2001.

The following is a summary of the status of the Stock Option Plans during the nine months ended:

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	September 30, 2002		September 30, 2001	
	Shares	Weighted Average Exercise Price	Shares	Weighted Average Exercise Price
Outstanding at beginning of period	39,375	\$11.27	39,375	\$11.27
Granted	--	--	--	--
Exercised	--	--	--	--
Forfeited	18,750	\$11.13	--	--
Expired	--	--	--	--
Outstanding at end of period	20,625	\$11.39	39,375	\$11.27
Exercisable at end of period	20,625	\$11.39	26,875	\$10.73

The options issued under the SIP have a remaining contractual life of 6.2 years. The options issued under the SOP have a remaining contractual life of 7.3 years.

8. NET (DECREASE) INCREASE IN NET ASSETS ATTRIBUTABLE TO COMMON STOCKHOLDERS PER SHARE

The following table sets forth the computation of basic and diluted change in net assets attributable to common stockholders per share:

	Three Months ended September 30,		Nine months ended September 30,	
	2002	2001	2002	2001
Numerator:				
Net (decrease) increase in net assets from operations	(\$1,367,997)	(\$366,217)	\$646,639	(\$1,933,695)
Preferred stock dividends	(28,787)	(28,787)	(86,362)	(86,362)
Numerator for basic and diluted earnings per share - net (decrease) increase in net assets attributable to common stockholders	(\$1,396,784)	(\$395,004)	\$560,277	(\$2,020,057)

FRANKLIN CAPITAL CORPORATION
NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

Denominator:

Denominator for basic and diluted (decrease) increase in net assets from operations - weighted - average shares	1,064,593	1,076,012	1,068,155	1,083,408
-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------	-----------	-----------	-----------	-----------

Basic and diluted net

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(decrease) increase in net assets from operations per share	(\$1.31)	(\$0.37)	\$0.52	(\$1.86)
	=====	=====	=====	=====

The following securities have been excluded from the dilutive per share computation as they are antidilutive:

Preferred stock convertible into 123,375 shares of common stock was antidilutive for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2002 and 2001. Stock options were antidilutive for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2002 and 2001.

For additional information on the above securities, see Note 7.

9. NET ASSET VALUE PER SHARE

The following table sets forth the computation of net asset value per common share attributable to common stockholders:

	September 30, ----- 2002	December 31, ----- 2001
	-----	-----
Numerator:		
Numerator for net asset value per common share, as if converted basis	\$3,744,700	\$2,921,745
Liquidation value of convertible preferred stock	(1,645,000)	(1,645,000)
	-----	-----
Numerator for net asset value per share attributable to common stockholders	\$2,099,700	\$1,276,745
	=====	=====
Denominator:		
Number of common shares outstanding, denominator for net asset value per share attributable to common stockholders	1,064,500	1,074,700
Number of shares of common stock to be issued upon conversion of preferred stock	123,375	123,375
	-----	-----
Denominator for net asset value per common share as if converted basis	1,187,875	1,198,075
	=====	=====
Net asset value per share attributable to common stockholders	\$1.97	\$1.19
	=====	=====
Net asset value per common share, as if converted basis	\$3.15	\$2.44
	=====	=====

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10. PURCHASES AND SALES OF INVESTMENT SECURITIES

The cost of purchases and proceeds from sales of investment securities excluding short-term investments, aggregated \$22,985 and \$85,269 respectively, for the nine months ended September 30, 2002, and \$3,091,241 and \$3,026,363 respectively, for the nine months ended September 30, 2001.

11. MERGER WITH CHANGE TECHNOLOGY PARTNERS, INC.

On July 1, 2002, Franklin executed its right to terminate the merger agreement that had been entered into on December 4, 2001, between Change Technology Partners, Inc. ("Change") and Franklin pursuant to which Change would have been merged with and into Franklin. Had the merger gone through, Change shareholders would have owned approximately 80% of Franklin with the balance held by Franklin's current stockholders.

12. SUBSEQUENT EVENT

On October 3, 2002, Franklin sold to Sunshine 773,196 shares of the common stock of Excelsior for an aggregate purchase price of \$1,500,000, realizing a gain of \$726,804, pursuant to a stock purchase agreement between Sunshine and Franklin. After giving effect to the purchase of the common stock, Sunshine owns approximately 30.9% and the Company owns 59.1% of the issued and outstanding common stock, and voting power, of Excelsior. On a fully diluted basis, after giving effect to the exercise of the outstanding warrants and the conversion of Sunshine's outstanding preferred stock of Excelsior into common stock, Sunshine and the Corporation own a total of approximately 57.0% and 29.3%, respectively, of the common stock of Excelsior. The remaining common stock of Excelsior is owned by Change. In addition, on or before the earlier of November 30, 2002 and the next annual meeting of Excelsior, the Corporation and Sunshine have agreed to vote their shares of common stock of Excelsior to cause the election to the board of directors of Excelsior of two designees of Franklin and five designees of Sunshine.

17

ITEM 2. MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS OF FINANCIAL CONDITION AND RESULTS OF OPERATIONS

CRITICAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Franklin's discussion and analysis of its financial condition and results of operations are based upon the Corporation's financial statements, which have been prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States. The preparation of these financial statements requires the Corporation to make estimates and judgments that affect the reported amounts of assets, liabilities, revenues and expenses and related disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities. On an ongoing basis, the Corporation evaluates its estimates, the most critical of which are those related to the fair value of the portfolio of investments.

STATEMENT OF OPERATIONS

The Corporation accounts for its operations under generally accepted accounting principles for investment companies. On this basis, the principal measure of its financial performance is captioned "Net increase (decrease) in net assets from operations", which is composed of the following: "Net investment loss from operations," which is the difference between the Corporation's income

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from interest, dividends and fees and its operating expenses; "Net realized gain on portfolio of investments," which is the difference between the proceeds received from dispositions of portfolio securities and their stated cost; any applicable income tax provisions (benefits); and "Net increase (decrease) in unrealized appreciation of investments," which is the net change in the fair value of the Corporation's investment portfolio, net of any increase (decrease) in deferred income taxes that would become payable if the unrealized appreciation were realized through the sale or other disposition of the investment portfolio.

"Net realized gain (loss) on portfolio of investments" and "Net increase (decrease) in unrealized appreciation of investments" are directly related. When a security is sold to realize a gain, the net unrealized appreciation decreases and the net realized gain increases. When a security is sold to realize a loss, the net unrealized appreciation increases and the net realized gain decreases.

FINANCIAL CONDITION

The Corporation's total assets and net assets were, respectively, \$5,491,754 and \$3,744,700 at September 30, 2002, versus \$4,098,866 and \$2,921,745 at December 31, 2001. Net asset value per share attributable common stockholders and on an as if converted basis was \$1.97 and \$3.15, respectively at September 30, 2002, versus \$1.19 and \$2.44 at December 31, 2001.

The Corporation's financial condition is dependent on the success of its investments. A summary of the Corporation's investment portfolio is as follows:

	SEPTEMBER 30, 2002	DECEMBER 31, 2001
	-----	-----
Investments, at cost	\$3,424,675	\$3,911,105
Unrealized appreciation (depreciation)	1,975,000	(182,233)
	-----	-----
Investments, at fair value	\$5,399,675	\$3,728,872
	=====	=====

The accompanying financial statements have been prepared assuming that the Corporation will continue as a going concern. For the nine months ended September 30, 2002 and for the years ended December 31, 2001, and 2000, the Corporation has incurred a net investment loss from operations of approximately \$1.2 million, \$1.4 million, and \$2.3 million, respectively, and has a working capital deficiency of approximately \$1.7 million at September 30, 2002. (Working capital is defined as total liabilities less liquid assets.) These conditions raise substantial doubt about the Corporation's ability to continue as a going concern. In order to alleviate the substantial doubt about the Corporation's ability to continue as a going concern, the Corporation is seeking a financing source. (See Note 12 to the financial statements). There can be no assurance that the Corporation would be able to obtain financing. The

financial statements do not include any adjustments to reflect the possible future effects on the recoverability of assets or the amounts of liabilities that may result from the outcome of this uncertainty.

On October 3, 2002, Franklin sold to Sunshine Wireless, LLC ("Sunshine") 773,196 shares of the common stock of Excelsior at \$1.94 per share

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for an aggregate purchase price of \$1,500,000, realizing a gain of \$726,804 (See Note 12 to the financial statements). This asset sale reduced Franklin's working capital deficiency to approximately \$200,000. Franklin continues to have a working capital deficiency primarily due to a note payable of \$952,070 to Winstar Communications, Inc. ("Winstar") in connection with the acquisition of assets from Winstar (see Note 6 to the financial statements). This note is taken into account in calculating the working capital deficit as it is assumed to be payable within the next year. Due to an action in which Franklin is a named party (see Note 5 to the financial statements), the due date of this note has been extended indefinitely and it is uncertain as to when this note will come due. Franklin continues to seek adequate alternative financing rather than additional asset sales in order to alleviate the going concern issue. See further discussion in Liquidity and Capital Resources section.

TERMINATION OF MERGER WITH CHANGE TECHNOLOGY PARTNERS, INC.

On July 1, 2002, Franklin executed its right to terminate the merger agreement that had been entered into on December 4, 2001, between Change Technology Partners, Inc. ("Change") and Franklin pursuant to which Change would have been merged with and into Franklin. Had the merger gone through Change shareholders would have owned approximately 80% of Franklin with the balance held by Franklin's current stockholders.

INVESTMENTS

Franklin's primary investment is in Excelsior. A description of Franklin's other investments follows the description of Excelsior.

EXCELSIOR

At September 30, 2002, the Corporation had an investment in Excelsior, formerly known as eCom Capital, Inc., valued at \$4,365,000, which represents 79.5% of the Corporation's total assets and 116.6% of its net assets.

Excelsior is a majority-owned affiliate of Franklin and was incorporated in 1999 under the laws of the State of Delaware. Excelsior had no operations until August 2001 when a group led by Franklin invested in Excelsior for the purpose of acquiring certain assets from Winstar Radio Networks, LLC, Winstar Global Media, Inc. and Winstar Radio Productions, LLC. Excelsior's principal executive offices are located at 450 Park Avenue, 10th Floor, New York, NY 10022.

On April 3, 2002, Dial Communications Global Media, Inc. ("DCGM"), a newly formed wholly-owned subsidiary of Excelsior Radio Networks, Inc. ("Excelsior"), completed the acquisition of substantially all of the assets of Dial Communications Group, Inc. ("DCGI"), and Dial Communications Group, LLC ("DCGL" and together with DCGI, the "Dial Entities") used in connection with the Dial Entities' business of selling advertising relating to radio programming (the "Dial Acquisition"). The Dial Acquisition was completed pursuant to the Asset Purchase Agreement (the "Purchase Agreement"), dated as of April 1, 2002, by and among the Dial Entities, Franklin and Excelsior. Immediately prior to the closing of the transactions contemplated by the Purchase Agreement, Excelsior assigned all of its rights and obligations under the Purchase Agreement, as well as certain other assets and liabilities relating to the portion of Excelsior's business dedicated to the sale of advertising relating to radio programming, to DCGM.

The total purchase price for the Dial Acquisition will be an amount between \$8,880,000 and \$13,557,500. The initial consideration for the Dial Acquisition consisted of \$6,500,000 in cash and a three year promissory note bearing interest at 4.5% issued by DCGM in favor of DCGL in the aggregate principal amount of \$460,000. In addition, the Purchase Agreement provides for

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the minimum payment of

19

\$1,920,000 of additional consideration, which is subject to increase to a maximum amount of \$6,597,500 based upon the attainment of certain revenue and earnings objectives in 2002 and 2003. The additional consideration will be comprised of both cash and two additional promissory notes bearing interest at 4.5% issued by DCGM in favor of DCGL, each with an initial aggregate principal amount of \$460,000 that is subject to increase upon the attainment of such revenue and earnings objectives. Each of the promissory notes issued in consideration of the Dial Acquisition is convertible into shares of Franklin's common stock at a premium of ranging from 115% to 120% of the average closing prices of Franklin's common stock during a specified pre and post closing measurement period. The promissory notes are not convertible for at least a one-year period. Excelsior has paid to Franklin an amount equal to \$300,000 in consideration of Franklin's obligations in connection with any Franklin common stock that may be issued pursuant to the terms of the Purchase Agreement or the promissory notes issued in consideration of the Dial Acquisition.

The assets purchased in the Dial Acquisition were combined with Excelsior's Global Media division to create a national radio sales representation company with 2001 advertising sales revenues of almost \$50 million and a client roster of over fifty independent radio production companies.

Excelsior creates, produces, distributes and is a sales representative for national radio programs and offers other miscellaneous services to the radio industry. Excelsior offers radio programs to the industry in exchange for commercial broadcast time, which Excelsior sells to national advertisers. Excelsior currently offers approximately 150 programs to over 2,000 radio stations across the country. The group of radio stations who contract with Excelsior to broadcast a particular program constitutes a radio network. Excelsior derives its revenue from selling the commercial broadcast time on its radio networks to advertisers desiring national coverage.

Excelsior currently produces 23 network programs targeting the most popular radio formats, including adult contemporary, rock, urban oldies, album oriented rock, comedy and country. Excelsior produces both short form and long form programs. Short form features are two to three minute daily vignettes and include such programs as "African Americans Making History." Long form programs, such as "Walt `Baby' Love's The Countdown" and "Gospel Traxx," "Keeping The Seventies Alive," "Behind the Hits" and "All Star Mix Party" are programs that range from one to four hours in length. Excelsior offers these programs to radio stations free of charge. The radio stations airing these programs become networks for Excelsior to sell advertising time. Excelsior sells the commercial broadcast time inside of these networks to advertisers desiring national coverage.

On August 28, 2001, the Corporation purchased \$2,500,000 worth of Excelsior Common Stock and issued a secured note for \$150,000. In connection with this note, Franklin was granted warrants to acquire 12,879 shares of Excelsior common stock at an exercise price of \$1.125 per share. On November 28, 2001, \$75,000 of the secured note was paid back to Franklin. On February 28, 2002, the remaining \$75,000 of the secured note was paid back to Franklin.

On October 1, 2002, Excelsior refinanced \$2.25 million of indebtedness owing to Change pursuant to a note entered into by Excelsior in favor of Change.

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The refinancing was funded by Sunshine, another shareholder of Excelsior, pursuant to a Credit Agreement dated as of September 30, 2002 between Excelsior and Sunshine. The obligations under the Credit Agreement are guaranteed by DCGM and secured by all of the accounts receivable and proceeds of accounts receivable of Excelsior and DCGM. In connection with the refinancing, Excelsior issued to Sunshine a warrant for the purchase of 816,551 shares of Excelsior common stock, \$.01 par value, at a strike price of \$1.20 per share. The warrant expires September 30, 2012. In addition, Excelsior issued to the Corporation a warrant for the purchase of 74,232 shares of Excelsior common stock, having the same strike price and expiration date as the warrant referred to above. In connection with the refinancing, Phoenix Enterprises LLC ("Phoenix") and Sunshine also agreed to extend until October 31, 2002 the maturity of \$750,000 in aggregate principal amount of indebtedness of Excelsior owing to Phoenix and Sunshine.

In a related transaction, on October 3, 2002, Sunshine purchased from the Corporation 773,196 shares of the common stock of Excelsior for an aggregate purchase price of \$1,500,000, pursuant to a stock purchase agreement between Sunshine and the Corporation. After giving effect to the purchase of the

20

common stock, Sunshine owns approximately 30.9% and the Corporation owns 59.1% of the issued and outstanding common stock, and voting power, of Excelsior. On a fully diluted basis, after giving effect to the exercise of all of the outstanding warrants, including the warrants referred to above, and the conversion of Sunshine's outstanding preferred stock of Excelsior into common stock, Sunshine and the Corporation own a total of approximately 57.0% and 29.3%, respectively, of the common stock of Excelsior. The remaining common stock of Excelsior is owned by Change. In addition, on or before the earlier of November 30, 2002 and the next annual meeting of Excelsior, the Corporation and Sunshine have agreed, based on the current fully diluted stock ownership, to vote their shares of common stock of Excelsior to cause the election to the board of directors of Excelsior of two designees of the Corporation and five designees of Sunshine.

ALACRA CORPORATION

At September 30, 2002, the Corporation had an investment in Alacra Corporation ("Alacra"), valued at \$1,000,000, which represents 18.2% of the Corporation's total assets and 26.7% of its net assets. Alacra, headquartered in New York and London, is a leading provider of Internet-based online information services. Alacra provides a service called .xls, which aggregates and cross-indexes over 70 premier business databases, delivering information directly to Microsoft Excel, HTML, Microsoft Word or PDF formats at the desktop. Other products include privatesuiteTM, a fast, easy, cost-effective way to identify and retrieve profiles of privately held companies around the world; compbookTM, a tool for company peer analysis; and Portal BTM, a fully integrated business information portal.

On April 20, 2000, the Corporation purchased \$1,000,000 worth of Alacra Series F Convertible Preferred Stock. In connection with this investment, Franklin was granted observer rights for Alacra Board of Directors meetings.

EXCOM VENTURES, LLC

At September 30, 2002, the Corporation had an investment in Excom Ventures, LLC ("Excom") valued at \$0. Excom was formed as a limited liability

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holding company for the purpose of investing in Expert Commerce, Inc. ("Expert Commerce"). Expert Commerce was a Business-to-Business purchase evaluation engine that simulated the way people make decisions.

On June 26, 2000, the Corporation purchased \$140,000 worth of Excom Units. At December 31, 2001, the Board of Franklin had determined that this investment had no value and had marked these securities down to reflect that determination.

PRIMAL SOLUTIONS, INC.

The Corporation no longer has an investment in Primal Solutions, Inc. ("Primal"). On February 13, 2001, Primal was spun-off from Avery Communications, Inc. ("Avery"). As a result of this spin-off Franklin received 1,533,938 fully registered and marketable shares of common stock of Primal at an allocated cost basis of \$245,430. During the nine months ended September 30, 2002, Franklin sold its remaining position of 383,938 shares for total proceeds of \$28,715, realizing a loss of \$32,715.

STRUCTURED WEB, INC.

At September 30, 2002, the Corporation had an investment in Structured Web, Inc. ("Structured Web") valued at \$0. Structured Web develops web building blocks to enable small businesses to create and manage their own digital nerve system easily and at an affordable price. Structured Web's object-based proprietary technology enables customers to choose from a growing selection of "WebBlocks" including content, communication, commerce and services.

On August 8, 2000, the Corporation purchased \$350,000 worth of Structured Web convertible preferred stock. On May 30, 2002, the Corporation sold its position in Structured Web for \$50,000 realizing a loss of \$300,000. As part of the sale price, the Corporation maintained the right to receive 50%

21

of any proceeds received by the purchaser in excess of the \$50,000 purchase price. The Corporation has valued this right at \$0, as it cannot be determined at this time if the Corporation will receive any funds from this right.

RESULTS OF OPERATIONS

INVESTMENT INCOME AND EXPENSES:

The Corporation's principal objective is to achieve capital appreciation through long-term investments in businesses believed to have favorable growth potential. Therefore, a significant portion of the investment portfolio is structured to maximize the potential for capital appreciation and provides little or no current yield in the form of dividends or interest. The Corporation earns interest income from loans, preferred stocks, corporate bonds and other fixed income securities. The amount of interest income varies based upon the average balance of the Corporation's fixed income portfolio and the average yield on this portfolio.

The Corporation had investment income of \$332,219 and \$99,094 for the nine months ended September 30, 2002 and 2001, respectively. The increase in investment income for the nine months ended September 30, 2002 when compared to September 30, 2001, was primarily the result of the receipt of a management fee from Excelsior. The Corporation had investment income of \$120,110 and \$41,735

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for the three months ended September 30, 2002 and 2001, respectively. The increase in investment income for the three months ended September 30, 2002 when compared to September 30, 2001, was primarily the result of a management fee from Excelsior.

Operating expenses were \$1,493,335 and \$1,177,628 for the nine months ended and \$592,330 and \$358,881 for the three months ended September 30, 2002 and 2001, respectively. A majority of the Corporation's operating expenses consist of employee compensation, office and rent expense, other expenses related to identifying and reviewing investment opportunities and professional fees. Professional fees consist of general legal fees, audit and tax fees and investment related legal fees. The Corporation incurred \$465,782 in expenses related to the terminated merger with Change. The Corporation was reimbursed \$90,702 for salary and benefit expense for its chief financial officer under the terms of the management agreement with Excelsior. This reimbursement has been recorded as a reduction in operating expenses.

Net investment losses from operations were \$1,161,116 and \$1,078,534 for the nine months ended and \$472,220 and \$317,146 for the three months ended September 30, 2002 and 2001, respectively. The increase resulted primarily from the merger related expenses noted above.

The Corporation has relied and continues to rely to a large extent upon proceeds from sales of investments rather than investment income to defray a significant portion of its operating expenses. Because such sales cannot be predicted with certainty, the Corporation attempts to maintain adequate working capital to provide for fiscal periods when there are no such sales.

NET REALIZED GAINS AND LOSSES ON PORTFOLIO OF INVESTMENTS:

During the nine months ended September 30, 2002 and 2001, the Corporation realized net (losses) gains before taxes of (\$349,147) and \$730,857 respectively, from the disposition of various investments.

UNREALIZED APPRECIATION (DEPRECIATION) OF INVESTMENTS:

Unrealized appreciation of investments, increased by \$2,157,233 during the nine months ended September 30, 2002, primarily from unrealized gains on the value of Excelsior.

Unrealized appreciation of investments, decreased by \$1,587,694 during the nine months ended September 30, 2001, primarily from unrealized losses due to the decrease in value of Franklin's investment

22

in Go America as well as the sale of a significant portion of Franklin's holdings in Go America. This decrease was partially offset by the sale of Franklin's investment in Avery Communications.

LIQUIDITY AND CAPITAL RESOURCES

The accompanying financial statements have been prepared assuming that the Corporation will continue as a going concern. For the nine months ended September 30, 2002 and for the years ended December 31, 2001, and 2000, the Corporation has incurred a net investment loss from operations of approximately \$1.2 million, \$1.4 million, and \$2.3 million, respectively, and has a working capital deficiency of approximately \$1.7 million at September 30, 2002. (Working

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capital is defined as total liabilities less liquid assets.) These conditions raise substantial doubt about the Corporation's ability to continue as a going concern. In order to alleviate the substantial doubt about the Corporation's ability to continue as a going concern, the Corporation is seeking a financing source. (See Note 12 to the financial statements). There can be no assurance that the Corporation would be able to obtain financing. The financial statements do not include any adjustments to reflect the possible future effects on the recoverability of assets or the amounts of liabilities that may result from the outcome of this uncertainty.

On October 3, 2002, Franklin sold to Sunshine Wireless, LLC ("Sunshine") 773,196 shares of the common stock of Excelsior at \$1.94 per share for an aggregate purchase price of \$1,500,000, realizing a gain of \$726,804 (See Note 12 to the financial statements). This asset sale reduced Franklin's working capital deficiency to approximately \$200,000. Franklin continues to have a working capital deficiency primarily due to a note payable of \$952,070 to Winstar Communications, Inc. ("Winstar") in connection with the acquisition of assets from Winstar (see Note 6 to the financial statements). This note is taken into account in calculating the working capital deficit as it is assumed to be payable within the next year. Due to an action in which Franklin is a named party (see Note 5 to the financial statements), the due date of this note has been extended indefinitely and it is uncertain as to when this note will come due.

The sale of the Excelsior stock has provided Franklin with \$1,500,000. Management believes that this amount will allow Franklin to cover its obligations for approximately the next twelve months assuming the note to Winstar discussed above does not come due. Franklin continues to seek adequate alternative financing rather than additional asset sales in order to alleviate the going concern issue. Because of the uncertainty and other factors relating to the repayment of the note it may cause the Company's results to differ materially from what Management believes.

RISK FACTORS

There are significant risks inherent in the Corporation's venture capital business. The Corporation has invested a substantial portion of its assets in small private companies and one bulletin board listed public corporation. Because of the speculative nature of these investments, there is significantly greater risk of loss than is the case with traditional investment securities. The Corporation expects that from time to time its venture capital investments may result in a complete loss of the Corporation's invested capital or may be unprofitable. Other investments may appear likely to become successful, but may never realize their potential. Neither the Corporation's investments nor an investment in the Corporation is intended to constitute a balanced investment program. The Corporation has in the past relied and continues to rely to a large extent upon proceeds from sales of investments rather than investment income to defray a significant portion of its operating expenses.

INVESTING IN PRIVATE COMPANIES INVOLVES A HIGH DEGREE OF RISK. The Corporation's portfolio consists primarily of investments in private companies. Investments in private businesses involve a high degree of business and financial risk, which can result in substantial losses and accordingly should be

considered speculative. There is generally no publicly available information

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about the companies in which Franklin invests, and Franklin relies significantly on the diligence of its employees and agents to obtain information in connection with the Corporation's investment decisions. In addition, some smaller businesses have narrower product lines and market shares than their competitors, and may be more vulnerable to customer preferences, market conditions or economic downturns, which may adversely affect the return on, or the recovery of, the Corporation's investment in such businesses.

THE PORTFOLIO OF INVESTMENTS IS ILLIQUID. Franklin acquires most of its investments directly from private companies. The majority of the investments in its portfolio will be subject to restrictions on resale or otherwise have no established trading market. The illiquidity of most of the portfolio may adversely affect Franklin's ability to dispose of loans and securities at times when it may be advantageous to liquidate such investments.

FRANKLIN'S PORTFOLIO INVESTMENTS ARE RECORDED AT FAIR VALUE AS DETERMINED BY THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS IN ABSENCE OF READILY ASCERTAINABLE PUBLIC MARKET VALUES. Pursuant to the requirements of the 1940 Act, the Corporation's board of directors is required to value each asset quarterly, and Franklin is required to carry the portfolio at a fair market value as determined by the board of directors. Since there is typically no public market for the loans and equity securities of the companies in which Franklin makes investments, the board of directors estimates the fair value of these loans and equity securities pursuant to written valuation policy and a consistently applied valuation process. Unlike banks, Franklin is not permitted to provide a general reserve for anticipated loan losses; instead, Franklin is required by the 1940 Act to specifically value each individual investment and record an unrealized loss for an asset that it believes has become impaired. Without a readily ascertainable market value, the estimated value of the portfolio of loans and equity securities may differ significantly from the values that would be placed on the portfolio if there existed a ready market for the loans and equity securities. Franklin adjusts quarterly the valuation of the portfolio to reflect the board of directors' estimate of the current realizable value of each investment in the Corporation's portfolio. Any changes in estimated value are recorded in the Corporation's statement of operations as "Net unrealized gains (losses)."

FRANKLIN OPERATES IN A COMPETITIVE MARKET FOR INVESTMENT OPPORTUNITIES. Franklin competes for investments with many other companies and individuals, some of whom have greater resources than does Franklin. Increased competition would make it more difficult to purchase or originate investments at attractive prices. As a result of this competition, sometimes Franklin may be precluded from making otherwise attractive investments.

QUARTERLY RESULTS MAY FLUCTUATE AND MAY NOT BE INDICATIVE OF FUTURE QUARTERLY PERFORMANCE. The Corporation's quarterly operating results could fluctuate, and therefore, you should not rely on quarterly results to be indicative of Franklin's performance in future quarters. Factors that could cause quarterly operating results to fluctuate include, among others, variations in the investment origination volume, variation in timing of prepayments, variations in and the timing of the recognition of realized and unrealized gains or losses, the degree to which Franklin encounters competition in its markets and general economic conditions.

FRANKLIN IS DEPENDENT UPON KEY MANAGEMENT PERSONNEL FOR FUTURE SUCCESS. Franklin is dependent for the selection, structuring, closing and monitoring of its investments on the diligence and skill of its senior management members and other management members. The future success of the Corporation depends to a significant extent on the continued service and coordination of its senior management team, particularly the Chairman and Chief Executive Officer. The departure of any of the executive officers or key employees could materially adversely affect the Corporation's ability to implement its business strategy. Franklin does not maintain key man life insurance on any of its officers or

employees.

THERE IS SUBSTANTIAL DOUBT AS TO FRANKLIN'S ABILITY TO CONTINUE AS A GOING CONCERN. Franklin has determined that it may not have sufficient cash and cash equivalents to meet its working capital requirements over the next fiscal year. Franklin's independent auditors have issued an opinion in which the independent auditors have indicated that there is substantial doubt as to Franklin's ability to continue as a going concern as noted in their explanatory paragraph within their opinion, which is noted in Franklin's

24

year-end financial statements. Franklin is seeking financing alternatives to continue operating through the current fiscal year. If funds were not raised, Franklin may not be able to continue its operations. (See Note 12 to the financial statements).

INVESTMENT IN SMALL, PRIVATE COMPANIES

There are significant risks inherent in the Corporation's venture capital business. The Corporation has invested a substantial portion of its assets in private development stage or start-up companies. These private businesses tend to be thinly capitalized, unproven, small companies with risky technologies that lack management depth and have not attained profitability or have no history of operations. Because of the speculative nature and the lack of a public market for these investments, there is significantly greater risk of loss than is the case with traditional investment securities. The Corporation expects that some of its venture capital investments will be a complete loss or will be unprofitable and that some will appear to be likely to become successful but never realize their potential. The Corporation has been risk seeking rather than risk averse in its approach to venture capital and other investments. Neither the Corporation's investments nor an investment in the Corporation is intended to constitute a balanced investment program. The Corporation has in the past relied, and continues to rely to a large extent, upon proceeds from sales of investments rather than investment income to defray a significant portion of its operating expenses.

ILLIQUIDITY OF PORTFOLIO INVESTMENTS

Most of the investments of the Corporation are or will be equity securities acquired directly from small companies. The Corporation's portfolio of equity securities is and will usually be subject to restrictions on resale or otherwise have no established trading market. The illiquidity of most of the Corporation's portfolio of equity securities may adversely affect the ability of the Corporation to dispose of such securities at times when it may be advantageous for the Corporation to liquidate such investments.

THE INABILITY OF THE CORPORATION'S PORTFOLIO COMPANIES TO SUCCESSFULLY MARKET THEIR PRODUCTS WOULD HAVE A NEGATIVE IMPACT ON ITS INVESTMENT RETURNS

Even if the Corporation's portfolio companies are able to develop commercially viable products, the market for new products and services is highly competitive and rapidly changing. Commercial success is difficult to predict and the marketing efforts of the Corporation's portfolio companies may not be successful.

FLUCTUATIONS OF QUARTERLY RESULTS

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The Corporation's quarterly operating results could fluctuate as a result of a number of factors. These include, among others, variations in and the timing of the recognition of realized and unrealized gains or losses, the degree to which the Corporation encounters competition in its markets and general economic conditions. As a result of these factors, results for any one quarter should not be relied upon as being indicative of performance in future quarters.

ITEM 3. QUANTITATIVE AND QUALITATIVE DISCLOSURES ABOUT MARKET RISK

The Corporation's business activities contain elements of risk. The Corporation considers a principal type of market risk to be valuation risk. Investments are stated at "fair value" as defined in the 1940 Act and in the applicable regulations of the Securities and Exchange Commission. All assets are valued at fair value as determined in good faith by, or under the direction of, the Board of Directors.

Neither the Corporation's investments nor an investment in the Corporation is intended to constitute a balanced investment program. The Corporation has exposure to public-market price fluctuations to the extent of its publicly traded portfolio.

The Corporation has invested a substantial portion of its assets in private development stage or start-up companies. These private businesses tend to be thinly capitalized, unproven, small companies that

25

lack management depth and have not attained profitability or have no history of operations. Because of the speculative nature and the lack of public market for these investments, there is significantly greater risk of loss than is the case with traditional investment securities. The Corporation expects that some of its venture capital investments will be a complete loss or will be unprofitable and that some will appear to be likely to become successful but never realize their potential.

Because there is typically no public market for the equity interests of the small companies in which the Corporation invests, the valuation of the equity interests in the Corporation's portfolio is subject to the estimate of the Corporation's Board of Directors. In making its determination, the Board may consider valuation information provided by an independent third party or the portfolio company itself. In the absence of a readily ascertainable market value, the estimated value of the Corporation's portfolio of equity interests may differ significantly from the values that would be placed on the portfolio if a ready market for the equity interests existed. Any changes in valuation are recorded in the Corporation's consolidated statements of operations as "Net increase (decrease) in unrealized appreciation on investments."

ITEM 4. CONTROLS AND PROCEDURES

(a) The Company maintains disclosure controls and procedures that are designed to ensure that information required to be disclosed in the Company's filings under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 is recorded, processed, summarized and reported within the periods specified in the rules and forms of the Securities and Exchange Commission. Such information is accumulated and communicated to the Company's management, including its principal executive officer and principal financial officer, as appropriate, to allow timely

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decisions regarding required disclosure. The Company's management, including the principal executive officer and the principal financial officer, recognizes that any set of controls and procedures, no matter how well designed and operated, can provide only reasonable assurance of achieving the desired control objectives.

Within 90 days prior to the filing date of this quarterly report on Form 10-Q, the Company has carried out an evaluation, under the supervision and with the participation of the Company's management, including the Company's principal executive officer and the Company's principal financial officer, of the effectiveness of the design and operation of the Company's disclosure controls and procedures. Based on such evaluation, the Company's principal executive officer and principal financial officer concluded that the Company's disclosure controls and procedures are effective.

(b) There have been no significant changes in the Company's internal controls or in other factors that could significantly affect the internal controls subsequent to the date of their evaluation in connection with the preparation of this quarterly report on Form 10-Q.

PART II. OTHER INFORMATION

ITEM 1. LEGAL PROCEEDINGS

On October 15, 2001, Jeffrey A. Leve and Jeffrey Leve Family Partnership, L.P. filed a lawsuit against Franklin, Sunshine Wireless, LLC ("Sunshine") and four other defendants affiliated with Winstar Communications, Inc. in the Superior Court of the State of California for the County of Los Angeles. The lawsuit, which has subsequently been removed to the United States District Court for the Central District of California, alleges that the Winstar defendants conspired to commit fraud and breached their fiduciary duty to the plaintiffs in connection with the acquisition of the plaintiffs' radio production and distribution business. The complaint further alleges that Franklin and Sunshine joined the alleged conspiracy. The business was initially acquired by certain entities affiliated with Winstar Communications and, subsequently, the assets of such business were sold to Franklin and Sunshine (see Note 6). Concurrently with such purchase, Franklin transferred such assets to Excelsior. The plaintiffs seek recovery of damages in excess of \$10,000,000, costs and attorneys' fees. On January 7, 2002, Franklin filed a motion to dismiss the lawsuit or, in the alternative, to transfer venue to the United States District Court of the

26

Southern District of New York. The plaintiffs filed a motion opposing Franklin's request on January 28, 2002. Franklin's motion for dismissal was granted on February 25, 2002, due to improper venue. On June 7, 2002, the plaintiffs filed their complaint to the United States District Court of the Southern District of New York. On July 12, 2002, Franklin filed a motion to dismiss the complaint. Franklin believes that plaintiffs' claims are without merit and intends to defend this lawsuit vigorously, though the outcome cannot be predicted at this time. An unfavorable outcome in this lawsuit may have a material adverse effect on Franklin's business, financial condition and results of operations.

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ITEM 2. CHANGES IN SECURITIES AND USE OF PROCEEDS

Not applicable

ITEM 3. DEFAULTS UPON SENIOR SECURITIES HOLDERS

Not applicable

ITEM 4. SUBMISSION OF MATTERS TO A VOTE OF SECURITY HOLDERS

Not applicable

ITEM 5. OTHER INFORMATION

Not applicable

ITEM 6. EXHIBITS AND REPORTS ON FORM 8-K

(a) Exhibits

Exhibit 99.1 Certification Pursuant To 18 U.S.C. Section 1350,
As Adopted By Section 906 Of The Sarbanes-Oxley
Act Of 2002

Exhibit 99.2 Certification Pursuant To 18 U.S.C. Section 1350,
As Adopted By Section 906 Of The Sarbanes-Oxley
Act Of 2002

(b)

Reports on Form 8-K. The Corporation filed a report on Form 8-K on July 1, 2002 announcing the termination of the merger with Change Technology Partners, Inc. and filed a report on Form 8-K on October 8, 2002 announcing the sale of a portion of the Corporation's holdings in Excelsior.

SIGNATURE

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the Registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned, thereunto duly authorized.

FRANKLIN CAPITAL CORPORATION

Date: November 14, 2002

By: /s/ Stephen L. Brown

Stephen L. Brown
CHAIRMAN AND CHIEF EXECUTIVE OFFICER

/s/ Hiram M. Lazar

Hiram M. Lazar
CHIEF FINANCIAL OFFICER

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I, Stephen L. Brown, certify that:

1. I have reviewed this quarterly report on Form 10-Q of Franklin Capital Corporation;
2. Based on my knowledge, this quarterly report does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the statements made, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not misleading with respect to the period covered by this quarterly report;
3. Based on my knowledge, the financial statements, and other financial information included in this quarterly report, fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the registrant as of, and for, the periods presented in this quarterly report;
4. The registrant's other certifying officers and I are responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-14 and 15d-14) for the registrant and we have:
 - a. Designed such disclosure controls and procedures to ensure that material information relating to the registrant, including its consolidated subsidiaries, is made known to us by others within those entities, particularly during the period in which this quarterly report is being prepared;
 - b. Evaluated the effectiveness of the registrant's disclosure controls and procedures as of a date within 90 days prior to the filing date of this quarterly report (the "Evaluation Date"); and
 - c. Presented in this quarterly report our conclusions about the effectiveness of the disclosure controls and procedures based on our evaluation as of the Evaluation Date;
5. The registrant's other certifying officers and I have disclosed, based on our most recent evaluation, to the registrant's auditors and the audit committee of registrant's board of directors (or persons performing the equivalent function):
 - a. All significant deficiencies in the design or operation of internal controls which could adversely affect the registrant's ability to record, process, summarize and report financial data and have identified for the registrant's auditors any material weaknesses in internal controls; and
 - b. Any fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees who have a significant role in the registrant's internal controls; and
6. The registrant's other certifying officers and I have indicated in this quarterly report whether or not there were significant changes in internal controls or in other factors that could significantly affect internal controls subsequent to the date of our most recent evaluation, including any corrective actions with regard to significant deficiencies and material weaknesses.

Date November 14, 2002

By: /s/ Stephen L. Brown

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Name: Stephen L. Brown
Title: Chairman and Chief Executive Officer

28

CERTIFICATIONS

I, Hiram M. Lazar, certify that:

1. I have reviewed this quarterly report on Form 10-Q of Franklin Capital Corporation;
2. Based on my knowledge, this quarterly report does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the statements made, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not misleading with respect to the period covered by this quarterly report;
3. Based on my knowledge, the financial statements, and other financial information included in this quarterly report, fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the registrant as of, and for, the periods presented in this quarterly report;
4. The registrant's other certifying officers and I are responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-14 and 15d-14) for the registrant and we have:
 - a. Designed such disclosure controls and procedures to ensure that material information relating to the registrant, including its consolidated subsidiaries, is made known to us by others within those entities, particularly during the period in which this quarterly report is being prepared;
 - b. Evaluated the effectiveness of the registrant's disclosure controls and procedures as of a date within 90 days prior to the filing date of this quarterly report (the "Evaluation Date"); and
 - c. Presented in this quarterly report our conclusions about the effectiveness of the disclosure controls and procedures based on our evaluation as of the Evaluation Date;
5. The registrant's other certifying officers and I have disclosed, based on our most recent evaluation, to the registrant's auditors and the audit committee of registrant's board of directors (or persons performing the equivalent function):
 - a. All significant deficiencies in the design or operation of internal controls which could adversely affect the registrant's ability to record, process, summarize and report financial data and have identified for the registrant's auditors any material weaknesses in internal controls; and
 - b. Any fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other

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employees who have a significant role in the registrant's internal controls; and

6. The registrant's other certifying officers and I have indicated in this quarterly report whether or not there were significant changes in internal controls or in other factors that could significantly affect internal controls subsequent to the date of our most recent evaluation, including any corrective actions with regard to significant deficiencies and material weaknesses.

Date November 14, 2002

By: /s/ Hiram M. Lazar

Name: Hiram M. Lazar

Title: Chief Financial Officer

29

EXHIBIT INDEX

Exhibit	Description
99.1	Certification Pursuant To 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, As Adopted By Section 906 Of The Sarbanes-Oxley Act Of 2002
99.2	Certification Pursuant To 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, As Adopted By Section 906 Of The Sarbanes-Oxley Act Of 2002