IMAGE SENSING SYSTEMS INC Form 10QSB August 12, 2003

UNITED STATES
SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION
WASHINGTON, D.C. 20549

FORM 10-QSB

[X]	QUARTERLY REPORT UNDER SECTI ACT OF 1934	ON 13 OR 15(d) OF THE S	ECURITIES EXCHANGE
	For the quarterly period end	ed June 30, 2003	
[_]	TRANSITION REPORT UNDER SECT	ION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE	EXCHANGE ACT
	For the transition period fr	om to	
Commiss	ion file number: 0-26056		
		ING SYSTEMS, INC.	
	(Exact name of small business		its charter)
	Minnesota	41-1	519168
•	or other jurisdiction of ration or organization)	(I.R.S. Employer	Identification No.)
	1600 UNI ST. PAUL	CE TREE CENTRE VERSITY AVE. W. , MN 55104-3825	
		ipal executive offices)	
	(651) 603-7700	
	(Issuer's	telephone number)	
	Not	Applicable	
		dress and former fiscal since last report)	year,
of the left the region of the region of the left the region of the left the left the region of the left the region of the left the left the left the left the region of the left	nether the issuer (1) filed al Exchange Act during the past 1 istrant was required to file s ling requirements for the past [] No [_]	2 months (or for such stuch reports), and (2) he	horter period that
equity,	ne number of shares outstandin as of the latest practical da as of July 18, 2003.		

IMAGE SENSING SYSTEMS, INC.

TABLE OF CONTENTS

	PART I. FINANCIAL INFORMATION	Page No.
Item 1.	Financial Statements:	
	Condensed Consolidated Balance Sheets as of June 30, 2003 and December 31, 2002	4
	Condensed Consolidated Statements of Income for the Three- and Six-month periods ended June 30, 2003 and 2002	5
	Condensed Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows for the Six-month periods ended June 30, 2003 and 2002	6
	Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements	7
Item 2.	Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations	9
Item 3.	Disclosure Controls and Procedures	11
	PART II. OTHER INFORMATION	
Item 4.	Submission of Matters to a Vote of Security Holders	11
Item 6.	Exhibits and Reports on Form 8-K	12
	Signatures	14

2

SAFE HARBOR STATEMENT UNDER THE PRIVATE SECURITIES LITIGATION REFORM ACT OF 1995

This Quarterly Report on Form 10-QSB contains forward-looking statements within the meaning of Section 27A of the Securities Act of 1933, as amended, and Section 21E of the Securities Exchange of 1934, as amended. Forward-looking statements represent our expectations or beliefs concerning future events and can be identified by the use of forward-looking words such as "believes," "may," "will," "should," "intends," "plans," "estimates," or "anticipates" or other comparable terminology. Forward-looking statements are subject to risks and uncertainties that may cause the Company's actual results to differ materially from the results discussed in the forward-looking statements. Factors that might cause such differences include, but are not limited to:

- o lack of market acceptance of our products;
- o budget constraints by governmental entities that purchase our products;
- o dependence on third parties for manufacturing and marketing our products;
- o continuing ability of our licensee to pay royalties owed;

- o our inability to diversify our product offerings;
- o revenue fluctuations caused by our dependence on sales to governmental entities;
- failure to secure adequate protection for our intellectual property rights;
- o failure to respond to evolving industry standards and technological changes;
- o our inability to properly manage a growth in revenue and/or production requirements;
- o our inability to meet our future additional capital requirements;
- o our inability to retain key scientific and technical
 personnel;
- o control of our voting stock by insiders; and
- o conditions beyond our control such as war, terrorist attacks, severe acute respiratory syndrome (SARS) epidemic and economic recession.

We caution that the forward-looking statements made in this report or in other announcements made by the Company are further qualified by the factors set forth in the Cautionary Statement included as Exhibit 99.1 to this Quarterly Report.

3

PART I: FINANCIAL INFORMATION

Item 1. Financial Statements

IMAGE SENSING SYSTEMS, INC. CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS

	June 30, 2003	December 31, 2002	
	(Unaudited)	(Note)	
ASSETS			
Current assets:			
Cash and cash equivalents	\$3,252,000	\$2,625,000	
Accounts receivable	1,943,000	1,417,000	
Inventories	256,000	174,000	
Prepaid expenses	146,000	123,000	
Deferred income taxes	267,000	267,000	
Total current assets	5,864,000	4,606,000	
Property and equipment, net	143,000	167,000	

Other assets: Capitalized software development costs, net Goodwill Other	807,000 1,050,000 29,000	937,000 1,050,000 29,000
	1,886,000	
Total assets	\$7,893,000 ======	\$6,789,000 ======
LIABILITIES AND SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY Current liabilities: Accounts payable Due to former shareholders of subsidiary Accrued compensation Income taxes payable Deferred revenue	\$ 548,000 462,000 414,000 14,000	\$ 412,000 450,000 546,000 104,000 13,000
Total current liabilities	1,438,000	1,525,000
Deferred income taxes	141,000	141,000
Shareholders' equity: Common stock Additional paid-in capital Retained earnings	32,000 4,832,000 1,450,000 6,314,000	32,000 4,717,000 374,000 5,123,000
Total liabilities and shareholders' equity	\$7,893,000 =====	\$6,789,000 ======

Note: The balance sheet at December 31, 2002 has been derived from the audited financial statements at that date but does not include all of the information and footnotes required by accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America for complete financial statements.

See accompanying notes

4

IMAGE SENSING SYSTEMS, INC. CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF INCOME

	Three-Month Periods Ended June 30	
	2003	2002
REVENUE:	0 1 051 000	ć F04 000
Product sales Royalties	\$ 1,051,000 1,546,000	\$ 594,000 1,588,000
Consulting services		54,000
	2,597,000	2,236,000

COSTS OF REVENUE:		
Product sales	414,000	287,000
Royalties Consulting services	76 , 000 	90,000 30,000
00.104101.119 001111000		
	490,000	407,000
Gross profit	2,107,000	
OPERATING EXPENSES:		
Selling, marketing and product support	585,000	566,000
General and administrative	286,000	373,000
Research and development	162,000	124,000
Restructuring		206,000
	1,033,000	1,269,000
Income from operations	1,074,000	560,000
Other income (expense), net	(3,000)	8,000
Income before income taxes	1,071,000	568,000
Income taxes	244,000	6,000
Net income	827,000	562,000
	========	========
No. 1. Company of the		
Net income per common share: Basic	\$ 0.26	\$ 0.18
24010		========
Diluted	\$ 0.24	\$ 0.18
	========	
Weighted average number of common shares outstanding:		
Basic	3,182,000	3,153,000
Diluted	3,475,000	3,178,000
	========	========

See accompanying notes

5

IMAGE SENSING SYSTEMS, INC. CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS (UNAUDITED)

	Six-Month Per June 3	 Ended
	2003	 2002
ERATING ACTIVITIES: Net income	\$ 1,078,000	\$ 336,000

	Adjustments to reconcile net income to net cash provided by operating activities	(40,000)	(109,000)
	Net cash provided by operating activities	1,038,000	227,000
INVESTIN	G ACTIVITIES:		
	Purchase of property and equipment	(43,000)	(12,000)
	Proceeds from sale of equipment		25,000
	Purchase of minority interest of Flow Traffic		(300,000)
	Net cash used in investing activities	(43,000)	(287,000)
FINANCIN	G ACTIVITIES:		
	Proceeds from exercise of stock options	82,000	
	Payment to former shareholders of subsidiary	(450,000)	
	Net cash used in financing activities	(368,000)	
Increase	(decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	627 , 000	(60,000)
Cash and	cash equivalents, beginning of period	2,625,000	1,200,000
Cash and	cash equivalents, end of period	\$ 3,252,000 =======	\$ 1,140,000 =======

See accompanying notes

6

IMAGE SENSING SYSTEMS, INC.

NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Unaudited)

June 30, 2003

Note A: Basis of Presentation

The accompanying unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements have been prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States for interim financial information and with the instructions to Form 10-QSB. Accordingly, they do not include all of the information and footnotes required by accounting principles generally accepted in the United States for complete financial statements. In the opinion of management, all adjustments (consisting only of normal recurring accruals) considered necessary for a fair presentation have been included. Operating results for the six-month period ended June 30, 2003 are not necessarily indicative of the results that may be expected for the year ending December 31, 2003. For further information, refer to the consolidated financial statements and footnotes thereto for the year ended December 31, 2002.

Certain reclassifications have been made in the 2002 condensed consolidated financial statements to conform to the 2003 presentation.

Note B: Net Income Per Share

The following table sets forth the computations of basic and diluted net income per share (in thousands, except per share information):

	Three-Month Periods Ended June 30				th Periods d June 30	
	2003	2002	2003	20		
Numerator:						
Net income	\$ 827	\$ 562	\$1,078	\$ 3		
Denominator:	=====	=====	=====	====		
Shares used in basic net income per share calculation: Effect of diluted securities:	3,182	3,153	3,180	3,1		
Employee and director stock options	293	25 	284			
Shares used in diluted net income per share	0.455	0.450	2 464	0 1		
calculations	3,475 =====	3,178 =====	3,464 =====	3,1 ====		
Basic net income per share	\$.26	\$.18	\$.34	\$.		
Diluted net income per share	\$.24	\$.18	\$.31	\$.		

7

Options to purchase 6,000 and 589,760 shares of common stock with a weighted average exercise price of \$7.50 and \$2.63 per share were outstanding at June 30, 2003 and 2002, respectively, but were not included in the computation of diluted net income per share because the exercise price exceeded the average market price of the common shares during the period.

Note C: Stock Options

Stock options issued to employees are accounted for under the intrinsic value method as prescribed by APB Opinion No. 25, "Accounting for Stock Issued to Employees." Except for performance based stock options, no stock-based employee compensation cost is reflected in net income, as all options granted had an exercise price equal to the market value of the underlying common stock on the date of grant. The following table illustrates the effect on net income and net income per share if we had applied the fair value method of accounting for stock options under the provisions of FASB Statement No. 123, "Accounting for Stock-Based Compensation" using the assumptions described below (in thousands, except per share information):

Three-Mc	onth Periods	Six
Ende	ed June 30,	E
2003	2002	2003

\$	827	\$	562	\$	1,07
	66		51		13
	761		511		94
====	=====	====		====	
\$.26	\$.18	\$. 3
\$.24	\$.16	\$. 3
\$.24	\$.18	\$. 3
:					
	\$	\$.26 \$.24	\$.26 \$ \$.24 \$	\$.26 \$.18 \$.24 \$.18	\$.26 \$.18 \$ \$.24 \$.16 \$

For purposes of the pro forma information the fair value of each stock option granted is estimated on the date of grant using the Black-Scholes option-pricing model with the following weighted-average assumptions used: zero dividend yield; expected volatility of 136% in 2003 and in 2002; risk-free interest rate of 4.25% in 2003 and in 2002; and expected life of 10 years for all years presented.

8

Item 2. Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations

Overview:

We have developed proprietary machine vision technology that converts real world information into digital electronic signals for processing by computer, and have applied it to traffic management problems. Our technology uses standard video and computer equipment, combined with proprietary technology, including complex detection algorithms, computer software, special purpose hardware, and a Microsoft Windows(R)-based graphical user interface that enables standard video cameras to work with the Autoscope system. The majority of our revenue is derived from royalties received from Econolite Control Products, Inc., our North American and Latin American distribution partner, based on its sales of traffic control products which use our technology. A secondary source of revenue comes from direct sales, which are primarily to customers in Europe and Asia.

Our critical accounting policies, including the assumptions and judgments underlying them, are disclosed in Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations in Form 10-KSB for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2002. These policies have been consistently applied in all material respects and address such matters as revenue recognition, goodwill and income tax accounting. While the estimates and judgments associated with the application of these policies may be affected by different assumptions or conditions, we believe the estimates and judgments associated with the reported amounts are appropriate under the circumstances.

Results of Operations (Comparison of Three-and Six-Month Periods Ended June 30, 2003 and 2002):

Revenues for the second quarter of 2003 were \$2,597,000, up 16% from \$2,236,000 for the same period a year ago. The increase in revenues for the second quarter was due primarily to a 77% increase in product sales over the comparable period

in 2002, which was offset in part by a 3% decrease in royalty income compared to the second quarter of 2002. The increase in sales revenue was due primarily to large product orders shipped to customers in Korea, China and Europe in the second quarter. The largest orders in both Asia and Europe were for products introduced within the past year. Royalty income for the second quarter of 2003 failed to match the comparable period in 2002 because Econolite was not able to duplicate the very large second quarter sale in 2002 for a massive road construction project in the Denver, Colorado area.

Revenues for the six-month period ended June 30, 2003, were \$4,153,000, an increase of 8% from \$3,846,000 a year ago. The increase in product sales in the second quarter of 2003 was the primary reason for the increase. An increase in royalty income from Econolite of 6% over the comparable six-month period in 2002 also contributed to the increase in revenues.

Gross profits for the second quarter of 2003 were \$2,107,000, or 81% of revenue, compared to \$1,829,000, or 82% of revenue, for the same period a year ago. Gross profits for the six-month period ended June 30, 2003 were \$3,406,000, or 82% of revenue, compared to \$3,072,000 or 80% of revenue a year ago. The slight

9

decrease in gross profit margin for the second quarter was due primarily to the decreased mix of higher margin royalty income as a percentage of total revenue, which was offset in part by improved margins on product sales. These margins increased to 61% from 52% for the comparable period in 2002, reflecting higher margins on new products introduced in 2003. The margin increase for the first half of 2003 over 2002 was due primarily to increased margins on product sales from 52% to 58%. We do not expect that our cost of product sales relative to product sales or royalty costs relative to royalty income will change appreciably during the balance of 2003.

Operating expenses were \$1,033,000 for the second quarter of 2003 compared to \$1,269,000 for the same period a year ago. The decrease is due primarily to the non-recurrence of \$206,000 in severance pay and other restructuring costs incurred in the second quarter of 2002. For the first half of 2003, operating costs were \$2,009,000 compared to \$2,741,000 for the first half of 2002. The decrease was due primarily to severance and other restructuring costs totaling \$474,000 incurred in the first and second quarters of 2002, which did not recur in 2003. Employment cost savings from the restructuring continue to contribute to the decrease in operating expenses.

Research and development expenses were \$162,000 in the second quarter of 2003 compared to \$124,000 for the same period a year ago, while R & D expenses were \$345,000 for the six-month period ended June 30, 2003 compared to \$358,000 for the comparable period in 2002. The increase in the second quarter of 2003 over the comparable period in 2002 was due primarily to increased activity in developing communication protocols and other software upgrades. The slight decrease for the first half of 2003 compared to 2002 resulted primarily from fewer new product development projects and a smaller engineering staff in the first quarter of 2003 compared to the same period a year ago.

Income taxes for the second quarter and first half of 2003 are not comparable to the same periods in 2002 when the entire federal tax expense was offset by net operating loss carryforwards. In 2003 we expect to recognize the remaining net operating loss and research and development tax credit carryforwards, which will reduce our income tax expense below the 35% statutory level. As of June 30, 2003, we have net operating loss carryforwards for income tax purposes of \$372,000 and research and development tax credits carryforwards of \$321,000 that expire in the years 2007 through 2020.

Liquidity and Capital Resources:

Cash and cash equivalents increased by \$627,000 for the first half of 2003 compared to a decrease in cash and cash equivalents of \$60,000 for the same period a year ago. In the first half of 2003, cash was provided primarily from operating activities, offset in part by payments to former shareholders of our subsidiary, Flow Traffic Ltd. For the same period a year ago we had made a \$300,000 initial payment for the acquisition of the minority interest in Flow Traffic Ltd.

At June 30, 2003, we had \$3,252,000 in cash and cash equivalents along with an available revolving line of credit with a bank of \$500,000. Management believes that our cash and investment position, anticipated cash flows from operations, and funds available through our bank line of credit will be sufficient to meet cash and working capital requirements for current operations for the forseeable future.

10

Item 3. Disclosure Controls and Procedures

Evaluation of Disclosure Controls and Procedures

Under the supervision and with the participation of our management, including our Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer, we evaluated the effectiveness of the design and operation of our disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Rule 13a-15(e) or 15d-15(e) under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 (the "Exchange Act")). Based upon that evaluation, the Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer concluded that, as of the end of the period covered by this report, our disclosure controls and procedures were effective in timely alerting them to the material information relating to us (or our consolidated subsidiary) required to be included in the reports we file or submit under the Exchange Act.

Changes in Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

During the fiscal quarter covered by this report, there has been no change in our internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Rule 13a-15(f) or 15d-15(f) under the Exchange Act) that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, our internal control over financial reporting.

PART II: OTHER INFORMATION

Item 4. Submission of Matters to a Vote of Security Holders

The Company held its annual meeting of shareholders on May 22, 2003, in St. Paul, Minnesota. The Company solicited proxies and filed its definitive proxy statement with the Commission pursuant to Regulation 14A. The only matter voted on at the meeting was the election of directors.

Director	For 	Withhold Authority
Panos G. Michalopoulos	2,970,983	29,151
Richard C. Magnuson	2,999,183	951
Richard P. Braun	2,999,883	251

 James Murdakes
 2,998,883
 1,251

 Michael G. Eleftheriou
 2,971,383
 12,080

11

Item 6. Exhibits and Reports on Form 8-K

(a) Exhibits

The following exhibits are furnished as part of this quarterly report on Form 10-QSB for the quarterly period ended June 30, 2003.

Exhibit Number	Description
31.1	Certification of Chief Executive Officer.
31.2	Certification of Chief Financial Officer.
32.1	Chief Executive Officer Certification Pursuant to U.S.C. Section 1350, as Adopted Pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002.
32.2	Chief Financial Officer Certification Pursuant to U.S.C. Section 1350, as Adopted Pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002.
99.1	Cautionary Statement, incorporated herein by reference to Exhibit 99.1 to the Company's Form 10-KSB for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2002.

(b) Reports on Form 8-K

On April 24, 2003, we furnished a Current Report on Form 8-K disclosing a financial press release dated April 23, 2003.

12

SIGNATURES

In accordance with the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the registrant caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned, thereunto duly authorized.

Image Sensing Systems, Inc.

Date: August 12, 2003 /s/ James Murdakes

James Murdakes

Chairman and Chief Executive Officer

(principal executive officer)

Date: August 12, 2003 /s/ Arthur J. Bourgeois

Arthur J. Bourgeois Chief Financial Officer (principal financial and accounting officer)