

NOVAGOLD RESOURCES INC
Form 40-F
February 17, 2010

UNITED STATES
SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION
Washington, D.C. 20549

FORM 40-F

Registration statement pursuant to Section 12 of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934

or

Annual report pursuant to Section 13(a) or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934

For the fiscal year ended **November 30, 2009**

Commission File Number **001-31913**

NOVAGOLD RESOURCES INC.

(Exact name of registrant as specified in its charter)

<u>Nova Scotia</u> (Province or Other Jurisdiction of Incorporation or Organization)	<u>1041</u> (Primary Standard Industrial Classification Code) Suite 2300, 200 Granville Street Vancouver, British Columbia Canada, V6C 1S4 <u>(604) 669-6227</u>	<u>Not Applicable</u> (I.R.S. Employer Identification No.)
---	---	---

(Address and telephone number of registrant's principal executive offices)

DL Services, Inc.
701 Fifth Avenue, Suite 6100
Seattle, Washington 98104
(206) 903-8800

(Name, address (including zip code) and telephone number (including area code) of agent for service in the United States)

Securities registered or to be registered pursuant to Section 12(b) of the Act:

Title of Each Class: <u>Common Shares, no par value</u>	Name of Each Exchange On Which Registered: <u>NYSE Amex LLC</u>
---	---

Securities registered or to be registered pursuant to Section 12(g) of the Act: **None**

Securities for which there is a reporting obligation pursuant to Section 15(d) of the Act: **None**

Edgar Filing: NOVAGOLD RESOURCES INC - Form 40-F

For annual reports, indicate by check mark the information filed with this form:

Annual Information Form

Audited Annual Financial Statements

Indicate the number of outstanding shares of each of the issuer's classes of capital or common stock as of the close of the period covered by the annual report: 187,142,280

Indicate by check mark whether the Registrant by filing the information contained in this Form is also thereby furnishing

the information to the Commission pursuant to Rule 12g3-2(b) under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 (the Exchange

Act). If Yes is marked, indicate the filing number assigned to the Registrant in connection with such Rule.

Yes No

Indicate by check mark whether the Registrant (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the

Exchange Act during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the Registrant was required to file such reports) and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days. Yes No

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant has submitted electronically and posted on its corporate Web site, if any, every Interactive Data File required to be submitted and posted pursuant to Rule 405 of Regulation S-T (§232.405 of this chapter) during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the Registrant was required to

submit and post such files). Yes No

EXPLANATORY NOTE

NovaGold Resources Inc. (the Registrant) is a Canadian issuer that is permitted, under multijurisdictional disclosure system adopted in the United States, to prepare its Annual Report pursuant to Section 13 of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 (the Exchange Act) in accordance with disclosure requirements in effect in Canada that differ from those of the United States. The Registrant is a foreign private issuer as defined in Rule 3b-4 under the Exchange Act and in Rule 405 under the Securities Act of 1933. Equity securities of the Registrant are accordingly exempt from Sections 14(a), 14(b), 14(c), 14(f) and 16 of the 1934 Act pursuant to Rule 3a12-3.

CAUTIONARY STATEMENT REGARDING FORWARD-LOOKING STATEMENTS

This Annual Report on Form 40-F and the Exhibits included herein contain forward-looking statements concerning the Registrant's plans at the Donlin Creek project, Galore Creek project, Nome Operations (comprising Rock Creek, Big Hurrah and Nome Gold) and Ambler project, estimated production, capital and operating cash flow estimates and other matters. These statements relate to analyses and other information that are based on forecasts of future results, estimates of amounts not yet determinable and assumptions of management.

Statements concerning mineral resource estimates may also be deemed to constitute forward-looking

statements to the extent that they involve estimates of the mineralization that will be encountered if the property is developed. Any statements that express or involve discussions with respect to predictions, expectations, beliefs, plans, projections, objectives, assumptions or future events or performance (often, but not always, using words or phrases such as expects , is expected , anticipates , plans , projects , estimates , assumes , intends , strategy , potential or variations thereof or stating that certain actions, events or results may , could , would , might or taken, occur or be achieved, or the negative of any of these terms and

similar expressions) are not statements of historical fact and may be forward-looking statements. Forward-looking statements are subject to a variety of known and unknown risks, uncertainties and other factors that could cause actual events or results to differ from those reflected in the forward-looking statements, including, without limitation:

- uncertainty of whether there will ever be production at the Registrant's mineral exploration and development properties;
- risks related to the Registrant's ability to commence production and generate material revenues or obtain adequate financing for its planned exploration and development activities;
- uncertainty of estimates of capital costs, operating costs, production and economic returns;
- risks related to the third parties on which the Registrant depends for its exploration activities;
- risks related to the Registrant's ability to finance the development of its mineral properties through external financing, strategic alliances, the sale of property interests or otherwise;
- credit, liquidity, interest rate and currency risks;
- the risk that permits and governmental approvals necessary to develop and operate mines on the Registrant's properties will not be available on a timely basis or at all;
- risks and uncertainties relating to the interpretation of drill results, the geology, grade and continuity of the Registrant's mineral deposits;
- commodity price fluctuations;
- risks related to the Registrant's current practice of not using hedging arrangements;
- risks related to market events and general economic conditions;
- uncertainties relating to the assumptions underlying the Registrant's resource and reserve estimates;
- risks related to governmental regulation and permits, including environmental regulation;
- risks related to the need for reclamation activities on the Registrant's properties and uncertainty of cost estimates related thereto;
- the Registrant's need to attract and retain qualified management and technical personnel;
- mining and development risks, including risks related to infrastructure, accidents, equipment breakdowns, labor disputes or other unanticipated difficulties with or interruptions in development, construction or production;
- uncertainty related to unsettled aboriginal rights and title in British Columbia;
- uncertainty related to title to the Registrant's mineral properties;
- the Registrant's history of losses and expectation of future losses;
- risks related to the integration of potential new acquisitions into the Registrant's existing operations;
- uncertainty as to the outcome of litigation pending against the Registrant;
- uncertainty inherent in litigation including the effects of discovery of new evidence or advancement of new legal theories, the difficulty of predicting decisions of judges and juries and the possibility that decisions may be reversed on appeal;
- risks related to increases in demand for equipment, skilled labor and services needed for exploration and development of mineral properties, and related cost increases;
- increased competition in the mining industry;
- uncertainty as to the Registrant's ability to acquire additional commercially mineable mineral rights;
- uncertainty as to the Registrant's ability to maintain the adequacy of internal control over financial reporting as per the requirements of the *Sarbanes-Oxley Act*; and
- uncertainty concerning the finalization of formal documentation relating to the class action settlement and court approval of the settlement.

This list is not exhaustive of the factors that may affect any of the Registrant's forward-looking statements. Forward-looking statements are statements about the future and are inherently uncertain, and actual achievements of the Registrant or other future events or conditions may differ materially from those reflected in the forward-looking statements due to a variety of risks, uncertainties and other factors, including, without limitation, those referred to in the Registrant's Annual Information Form filed as Exhibit 1 to this Annual Report on Form 40-F, under the heading Risk Factors and elsewhere. The Registrant's forward-looking statements are based on the beliefs, expectations and

opinions of management on the date the statements are made, and the Registrant does not assume any obligation to update forward-looking statements if circumstances or management's beliefs, expectations or opinions should change. For the reasons set forth above, investors should not place undue reliance on forward-looking statements.

RESOURCE AND RESERVE ESTIMATES

The Registrant's Annual Information Form filed as Exhibit 1 to this Annual Report on Form 40-F has been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the securities laws in effect in Canada, which differ from the requirements of United States securities laws. Unless otherwise indicated, all resource and reserve estimates included in the Registrant's Annual Information Form have been prepared in accordance with Canadian National Instrument 43-101 (NI 43-101) and the Canadian Institute of Mining and Metallurgy Classification System. NI 43-101 is a rule developed by the Canadian Securities Administrators which establishes standards for all public disclosure an issuer makes of scientific and technical information concerning mineral projects. NI 43-101 permits a historical estimate made prior to the adoption of NI 43-101 that does not comply with NI 43-101 to be disclosed using the historical terminology if the disclosure: (a) identifies the source and date of the historical estimate; (b) comments on the relevance and reliability of the historical estimate; (c) states whether the historical estimate uses categories other than those prescribed by NI 43-101; and (d) includes any more recent estimates or data available.

Canadian standards, including NI 43-101, differ significantly from the requirements of the United States Securities and Exchange Commission (SEC), and resource information contained herein may not be comparable to similar information disclosed by U.S. companies. In particular, and without limiting the generality of the foregoing, the term resource does not equate to the term reserves . Under U.S. standards, mineralization may not be classified as a reserve unless the determination has been made that the mineralization could be economically and legally produced or extracted at the time the reserve determination is made. The SEC's disclosure standards normally do not permit the inclusion of information concerning measured mineral resources , indicated mineral resources or inferred mineral resources or other descriptions of the amount of mineralization in mineral deposits that do not constitute reserves by U.S. standards in documents filed with the SEC. U.S. investors should also understand that inferred mineral resources have a great amount of uncertainty as to their existence and great uncertainty as to their economic and legal feasibility. It cannot be assumed that all or any part of an inferred mineral resource will ever be upgraded to a higher category. Under Canadian rules, estimated inferred mineral resources may not form the basis of feasibility or pre-feasibility studies except in rare cases. Investors are cautioned not to assume that all or any part of an inferred mineral resource exists or is economically or legally mineable. Disclosure of contained ounces in a resource is permitted disclosure under Canadian regulations; however, the SEC normally only permits issuers to report mineralization that does not constitute reserves by SEC standards as in-place tonnage and grade without reference to unit measures. The requirements of NI 43-101 for identification of reserves are also not the same as those of the SEC, and reserves reported by NovaGold in compliance with NI 43-101 may not qualify as reserves under SEC standards. Accordingly, information concerning mineral deposits set forth herein may not be comparable with information made public by companies that report in accordance with United States standards.

CURRENCY

Unless otherwise indicated, all dollar amounts in the Annual Report on Form 40-F are Canadian dollars. The exchange rate of Canadian dollars into United States dollars, based upon the noon rate of exchange as reported by the Bank of Canada was U.S.\$1.00 = CDN\$1.0574 on November 30, 2009, and was U.S. \$1.00 = CDN \$1.0426 on February 16, 2010.

ANNUAL INFORMATION FORM

The Registrant's Annual Information Form for the fiscal year ended November 30, 2009 is included herein as Exhibit 1.

**AUDITED ANNUAL FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND
MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS**

Audited Annual Financial Statements

For audited financial statements, including the report of the auditors with respect thereto, see Exhibit 2 included herein. The Registrant's financial statements are prepared in accordance with Canadian generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP), which differs from United States GAAP, and is subject to Canadian auditing and auditor independence standards, and therefore may not be comparable to financial statements of United States companies. For a reconciliation of differences between Canadian and United States generally accepted accounting principles, see Note 18 Significant differences from United States accounting principles, of the notes to the financial statements.

Management's Discussion and Analysis

For management's discussion and analysis (MD&A) see Exhibit 3.

Tax Matters

Purchasing, holding or disposing of securities of the Registrant may have tax consequences under the laws of the United States and Canada that are not described in this Annual Report on Form 40-F.

DISCLOSURE CONTROLS AND PROCEDURES

As of the end of the period covered by this Annual Report on Form 40-F, the Registrant carried out an evaluation, under the supervision of the Registrant's Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer, of the effectiveness of the Registrant's disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e) of the Exchange Act. Based upon that evaluation, the Registrant's Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer have concluded that, as at the end of the period covered by this Annual Report on Form 40-F, the Registrant's disclosure controls and procedures are effective to ensure that information required to be disclosed by the Registrant in reports that it files or submits under the Exchange Act is (i) recorded, processed, summarized and reported within the time periods specified in Securities and Exchange Commission rules and forms, and (ii) accumulated and communicated to the Registrant's management, including its principal executive officer and principal financial officer, to allow timely decisions regarding required disclosure.

MANAGEMENT'S ANNUAL REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING

The management of NovaGold Resources Inc. is responsible for establishing and maintaining adequate internal control over financial reporting under Rule 13a-15(f) and 15d-15(f). The Securities Exchange Act of 1934 defines this as a process designed by, or under the supervision of, the Registrant's principal executive and principal financial officers and effected by the Registrant's Board of Directors, management and other personnel, to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles, and includes those policies and procedures that:

- Pertain to the maintenance of records that, in reasonable detail, accurately and fairly reflect the transaction and dispositions of the assets of the Registrant;
- Provide reasonable assurance that transactions are recorded as necessary to permit preparation of financial statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles, and that receipts and expenditures of the Registrant are being made only in accordance with authorizations of management and directors of the Registrant; and

- Provide reasonable assurance regarding prevention or timely detection of unauthorized acquisition, use or disposition of the Registrant's assets that may have a material effect on the consolidated financial statements.

Because of its inherent limitations, internal control over financial reporting may not prevent or detect misstatements. Projections of any evaluation of effectiveness to future periods are subject to risk that controls may become inadequate because of changes in conditions, or that the degree of compliance with the policies or procedures may deteriorate.

Management assessed the effectiveness of the Registrant's internal control over financial reporting as of November 30, 2009. In making this assessment, the Registrant's management used the criteria set forth by the Committee of Sponsoring Organizations of the Treadway Commission (COSO) in Internal Control - Integrated Framework.

Based upon our assessment and those criteria, management concluded that the Registrant's internal control over financial reporting was effective as of November 30, 2009.

ATTESTATION REPORT OF THE REGISTERED PUBLIC ACCOUNTING FIRM

The required disclosure is included in the Auditors Report that accompanies the registrant's Consolidated Financial Statements for the fiscal year ended November 30, 2009, filed as part of this Annual Report on Form 40-F.

CHANGES IN INTERNAL CONTROLS OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING

During the period covered by this Annual Report on Form 40-F, no changes occurred in the Registrant's internal control over financial reporting that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the Registrant's internal control over financial reporting.

The Registrant's management, including the Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer, does not expect that its disclosure controls and procedures or internal controls and procedures will prevent all error and all fraud. A control system can provide only reasonable, not absolute, assurance that the objectives of the control system are met. Because of the inherent limitations in all control systems, no evaluation of controls can provide absolute assurance that all control issues and instances of fraud, if any, within the Registrant have been detected. These inherent limitations include the realities that judgments in decision-making can be faulty, and that breakdowns can occur because of simple error or mistake. Additionally, controls can be circumvented by the individual acts of some persons, by collusion of two or more people, or by management override of the control. The design of any system of controls also is based in part upon certain assumptions about the likelihood of future events, and there can be no assurance that any design will succeed in achieving its stated goals under all potential future conditions. Because of the inherent limitations in a cost-effective control system, misstatements due to error or fraud may occur and not be detected.

The reports regarding the effectiveness of internal control over financial reporting are located in Exhibit 2 to this Form 40-F.

CODE OF ETHICS FOR CHIEF EXECUTIVE OFFICER, CHIEF FINANCIAL OFFICER, VP FINANCE AND CONTROLLER

The Registrant has adopted a Code of Ethics that applies to the Registrant's President and Chief Executive Officer, Chief Financial Officer, VP Finance and Controller. It is available on the Registrant's website at www.novagold.net and in print to any shareholder who requests it. All amendments to the code, and all waivers of the code with respect to any of the officers covered by it, will be posted on the Registrant's website at www.novagold.net within four business days of the amendment or waiver, submitted on Form 6-K and provided in print to any

shareholder who requests them.

The Registrant has also adopted a Code of Conduct that is applicable to all directors, officers and employees, which complies with the definition of a code of ethics as set forth in Item 406 of SEC Regulation S-K. It is available on the Registrant's website at www.novagold.net and in print to any shareholder who requests it.

CORPORATE GOVERNANCE GUIDELINES

The Registrant's corporate governance practices are set forth on Schedule A of the Registrant's Management Information Circular dated March 24, 2005 in compliance with the rules of the Toronto Stock Exchange and available in print to any shareholder who requests them.

The terms of reference of each of the Audit and Corporate Governance Committee and the Compensation Committee of the Registrant are available on the Registrant's web site at www.novagold.net and in print to any shareholder who provides the Registrant with a written request.

AUDIT COMMITTEE

The Registrant's Board of Directors has a separately-designated standing Audit Committee established for the purpose of overseeing the accounting and financial reporting processes of the Registrant and audits of the Registrant's annual financial statements. As at the date of the Annual Report on Form 40-F for the year ended November 30, 2009, the following individuals comprise the entire membership of the Registrant's Audit Committee, which has been established in accordance with Section 3(a)(58)(A) of the Exchange Act:

James Philip
Kalidas Madhavpeddi
Tony Giardini

Independence

The Registrant has adopted the criteria for director independence and unrelatedness prescribed by the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002, Section 10A(m)(3) of the Exchange Act and Rule 10A-3(b)(1) promulgated thereunder and the NYSE Amex LLC (NYSE Amex), for members of public company audit committees. A majority of our directors are independent in accordance with these criteria. Additionally, each of the members of the Audit Committee has been determined by the Registrant to be independent in accordance with such criteria.

Audit Committee Financial Expert

James Philip has been determined by the Registrant to meet the audit committee financial expert criteria prescribed by the Securities and Exchange Commission and has been designated as an audit committee financial expert. All three members of the Audit Committee are financially literate, meaning they are able to read and understand the Registrant's financial statements and to understand the breadth and level of complexity of the issues that can reasonably be expected to be raised by the Registrant's financial statements.

AUDIT COMMITTEE CHARTER

The Registrant's Audit Committee Charter is available on the Registrant's web site at www.novagold.net and in print to any shareholder who provides the Registrant with a written request.

PRINCIPAL ACCOUNTING FEES AND SERVICES INDEPENDENT AUDITORS

The following table sets forth the Registrant's fees billed by its independent auditor, PricewaterhouseCoopers LLP, for the years ended November 30, 2009 and November 30, 2008:

	Years ended November 30,	
	2009	2008
Audit Fees:	\$520,000	\$608,650
Audit-Related Fees:	\$101,500	\$nil
Tax Fees:	\$nil	\$nil
All Other Fees:	\$nil	\$nil
Total	\$621,500	\$608,650

Audit Fees are the aggregate fees billed by PricewaterhouseCoopers LLP for the audit of the Registrant's consolidated annual financial statements, reviews of interim financial statements and attestation services that are provided in connection with statutory and regulatory filings or engagements.

Audit-Related Fees are fees charged by PricewaterhouseCoopers LLP for assurance and related services that are reasonably related to the performance of the audit or review of the Registrant's financial statements and are not reported under Audit Fees. This category comprises fees billed for review and advisory services associated with the Registrant's financial reporting.

All Other Fees for 2009 and 2008, respectively, are fees charged by PricewaterhouseCoopers LLP for services not described above.

PRE-APPROVAL OF AUDIT AND NON-AUDIT SERVICES PROVIDED BY INDEPENDENT AUDITORS

For information regarding the Audit Committee's pre-approval procedures and policies, see Item 8 Directors and Officers Corporate Governance Pre-Approval Policies and Procedures in the Registrant's Annual Information Form filed as Exhibit 1 to this Annual Report on Form 40-F. All of the services described in the table above under the heading Principal Accounting Fees and Services Independent Auditors were approved in conformity with the Audit Committee's pre-approval process.

OFF-BALANCE SHEET ARRANGEMENTS

The Registrant has not entered into any off-balance sheet arrangements.

TABLE OF CONTRACTUAL COMMITMENTS

The following table lists as of November 30, 2009 information with respect to the Registrant's known contractual obligations.

<i>Payments due by period in thousands of Canadian dollars, unless otherwise specified</i>					
Contractual obligations	Total	Less than 1 year	1 - 3 years	3 - 5 years	More than 5 years
Accounts payable	13,132	13,132	-	-	-
Capital (finance) lease obligations	1,796	709	1,087	-	-
Operating lease obligations	5,416	787	1,457	1,151	2,021
Purchase obligations	US\$1,400	US\$1,400	-	-	-

Edgar Filing: NOVAGOLD RESOURCES INC - Form 40-F

Convertible notes – interest	US\$28,302	US\$5,225	US\$10,450	US\$10,450	US\$2,177
Convertible notes holders option	US\$95,000	-	-	US\$95,000	-
Promissory note	US\$51,600	-	-	-	US\$51,600

-8-

The holders of the convertible notes will have a right to require the Company to repurchase all or part of their convertible notes on May 1, 2013 and upon certain fundamental corporate changes at a price equal to 100% of the principal amount of such notes plus any accrued and unpaid interest.

For additional information related to the Registrant's contractual obligations and commitments see Notes 13 and 15c) in the Registrant's consolidated financial statements (Exhibit 2) and the information concerning contractual obligations and commitments set forth under the heading "Liquidity and capital resources" in Management's Discussion and Analysis (Exhibit 3).

NYSE AMEX CORPORATE GOVERNANCE

The Registrant's common shares are listed on the NYSE Amex. Section 110 of the NYSE Amex company guide permits the NYSE Amex to consider the laws, customs and practices of foreign issuers in relaxing certain NYSE Amex listing criteria, and to grant exemptions from NYSE Amex listing criteria based on these considerations. A company seeking relief under these provisions is required to provide written certification from independent local counsel that the non-complying practice is not prohibited by home country law. A description of the significant ways in which the Registrant's governance practices differ from those followed by domestic companies pursuant to NYSE Amex standards is contained on the Registrant's website at www.novagold.net.

UNDERTAKING AND CONSENT TO SERVICE OF PROCESS

Undertaking

The Registrant undertakes to make available, in person or by telephone, representatives to respond to inquiries made by the Commission staff, and to furnish promptly, when requested to do so by the Commission staff, information relating to: the securities registered pursuant to Form 40-F; the securities in relation to which the obligation to file an Annual Report on Form 40-F arises; or transactions in said securities.

Consent to Service of Process

The Registrant has previously filed with the Commission a written consent to service of process and power of attorney on Form F-X. Any change to the name or address of the Registrant's agent for service shall be communicated promptly to the Commission by amendment to the Form F-X referencing the file number of the Registrant.

SIGNATURES

Pursuant to the requirements of the Exchange Act, the Registrant certifies that it meets all of the requirements for filing on Form 40-F and has duly caused this Annual Report on Form 40-F to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned, thereunto duly authorized.

NOVAGOLD RESOURCES INC.

/s/ R.J. MacDonald

Robert J. (Don) MacDonald
Senior Vice President and Chief Financial Officer

Date: February 17, 2010

EXHIBIT INDEX

The following exhibits have been filed as part of the Annual Report on Form 40-F:

Exhibit Description

Annual Information

- 1 Annual Information Form for the fiscal year ended November 30, 2009
- 2 Audited consolidated financial statements and the notes thereto for the years ended November 30, 2009 and 2008, together with the report of the auditors thereon
- 3 Management's Discussion and Analysis

Certifications

- 4 Certifications by the Chief Executive Officer pursuant to Rule 13a-14(a) of the Exchange Act, as adopted pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002
- 5 Certifications by the Chief Financial Officer pursuant to Rule 13a-14(a) of the Exchange Act, as adopted pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002
- 6 Certificate of the Chief Executive Officer pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, as adopted pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002

Consents

- 8 Consent of PricewaterhouseCoopers LLP
- 9 Consent of AMEC Americas Limited
- 10 Consent of Kirk Hanson
- 11 Consent of Gordon Seibel
- 12 Consent of Simon Allard
- 13 Consent of Gregory Wortman
- 14 Consent of Alexandra Kozak
- 15 Consent of Norwest Corporation
- 16 Consent of Norwest Corporation
- 17 Consent of Sean Ennis
- 18 Consent of Bruce Davis
- 19 Consent of Bruce Davis

20 Consent of William Pennstrom, Jr.

21 Consent of Ken Shinya

22 Consent of Kevin Francis

23 Consent of Russ White

24 Consent of Neal Rigby

25 Consent of Robert Sim