

LQ CORP INC  
Form 10-Q  
November 15, 2004  
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**UNITED STATES  
SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION  
Washington, D. C. 20549**

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**FORM 10-Q**

(Mark One)

**QUARTERLY REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(D) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934**

For the quarterly period ended September 30, 2004

OR

**TRANSITION REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(D) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934**

For the transition period from \_\_\_\_\_ to \_\_\_\_\_.

Commission File Number 000-25977

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**L Q CORPORATION, INC.**  
(Exact name of registrant as specified in its charter)

Delaware

77-0421089

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(State or other jurisdiction of  
incorporation or organization)

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(I.R.S. Employer  
Identification No.)

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888 Seventh Ave., 17<sup>th</sup> Floor, New York, NY

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10019

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(Address of principal executive offices)

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(Zip Code)

---

(212) 974-5730

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(Registrant's telephone number, including area code)

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the Registrant was required to file such reports), and (2) had been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days. Yes No

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is an accelerated filer (as defined in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act).  
Yes No

As of November 9, 2004, there were 3,027,273 shares of registrant's Common Stock outstanding.

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L Q CORPORATION, INC.

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## ITEM 1. FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

**L Q CORPORATION, INC.**  
**CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS**  
(in thousands; unaudited)

	<u>September 30 2004</u>	<u>December 31, 2003</u>
<b>Assets</b>		
Current assets:		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 6,525	\$ 9,077
Accounts receivable, net		28
Other current assets	160	164
	<u>6,685</u>	<u>9,269</u>
Total current assets	\$ 6,685	\$ 9,269
<b>Liabilities and stockholders' equity</b>		
Current liabilities:		
Accrued liabilities	\$ 90	\$ 1,935
	<u>90</u>	<u>1,935</u>
Total current liabilities	90	1,935
Stockholders' equity:		
Common stock, \$0.001 par value; 30,000,000 shares authorized; 3,027,273 and 3,243,979 shares issued and outstanding at September 30, 2004 and December 31, 2003, respectively	23	23
Additional paid-in capital	146,053	146,053
Accumulated other comprehensive loss (net)	(79)	(79)
Accumulated deficit	(139,335)	(138,663)
Treasury Stock 216,706 shares at cost	(67)	
	<u>6,595</u>	<u>7,334</u>
Total stockholders' equity	6,595	7,334
Total liabilities and stockholders' equity	\$ 6,685	\$ 9,269

See accompanying notes to condensed consolidated financial statements.

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**L Q CORPORATION, INC.**  
**CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF OPERATIONS**  
(in thousands, except per share amounts; unaudited)

	Three Months Ended September 30,		Nine Months Ended September 30,	
	2004	2003	2004	2003
Net revenues:				
License	\$	\$	\$	\$ 4
Services				39
Total net revenues				43
Cost of net revenues:				
License				5
Services				2
Non-cash cost of revenue				
Total cost of net revenues				7
Gross profit (loss)				36
Operating expenses:				
Sales and marketing		6		277
Research and development				165
General and administrative	225	472	792	4,730
Restructuring				4,411
Total operating expenses	225	478	792	9,583
Loss from operations	(225)	(478)	(792)	(9,547)
Other income (expense), net	40	52	120	180
Gain on sale of digital music fulfillment business				2,868
Net loss	\$ (185)	\$ (426)	\$ (672)	\$ (6,499)
Net loss per share:				
Basic and diluted	\$ (0.06)	\$ (0.13)	\$ (0.21)	\$ (2.00)
Weighted average shares	3,027	3,243	3,154	3,242

See accompanying notes to condensed consolidated financial statements.

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**L Q CORPORATION, INC.**  
**NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**  
(in thousands; unaudited)

	Nine Months Ended September 30,	
	2004	2003
<b>Cash flows from operating activities:</b>		
Net loss	\$ (672)	\$ (6,499)
Adjustments to reconcile net loss to net cash used in operating activities:		
Depreciation and amortization		228
Gain on sale of digital music fulfillment business		(2868)
Changes in assets and liabilities:		
Accounts receivable	28	35
Other current assets	4	1,054
Accounts payable		(1,006)
Accrued liabilities	(1,845)	(1,805)
Deferred revenue		(39)
	(2,485)	(10,900)
<b>Cash flows from investing activities:</b>		
Purchase of available for sale securities		(459)
Decrease in restricted cash		826
Proceeds from sale of digital music fulfillment business and related assets		3,200
		3,567
<b>Cash flows from financing activities:</b>		
Cash distribution to stockholders		(57,771)
Proceeds from issuance of common stock, net of repurchases		14
Purchase of treasury stock	(67)	
	(67)	(57,757)
Net cash used in financing activities	(67)	(57,757)
Net decrease in cash and cash equivalents	(2,552)	(65,090)
Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of period	9,077	73,985
Cash and cash equivalents, end of period	\$ 6,525	\$ 8,895

See accompanying notes to condensed consolidated financial statements.

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**L Q CORPORATION, INC.**  
**NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**  
**(unaudited)**

**NOTE 1 - THE COMPANY AND SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES:**

*The Company*

L Q Corporation, Inc. was incorporated in California as Liquid Audio, Inc. in January 1996 and reincorporated in Delaware in April 1999. In July 1999, we completed our initial public offering of common stock. Our Board of Directors (the Board) received stockholder approval on July 30, 2003 to change our name to L Q Corporation, Inc. Our name was formally changed on January 7, 2004. Our principal executive offices are located at 888 Seventh Avenue, 17th Floor, New York, NY 10019, and our telephone number is (212) 974-5730.

Through January 2003, we provided an open platform that enabled the digital delivery of media over the Internet.

Since January 2003, we have not operated any business and have been reviewing alternatives for the use or disposition of our remaining assets while settling our remaining claims and liabilities. We intend to pursue other business opportunities and investments unrelated to the downloading of digital music. Neither our Board nor our stockholders have yet approved any such opportunities. If we are unable to find any suitable business opportunities and/or investments, we may pursue a plan of complete liquidation and dissolution. If a complete liquidation and dissolution is approved, pursuant to Delaware General Corporation Law, we will continue to exist for three years after the dissolution becomes effective or for such longer period as the Delaware Court of Chancery shall direct, for the purpose of prosecuting and defending suits against us and enabling us gradually to close our business, to dispose of our property, to discharge our liabilities and to distribute to our stockholders any remaining assets.

We entered into a Settlement Agreement and Mutual Release on February 12, 2004 with BeMusic, Inc. which finally resolved all matters between BeMusic and us with respect to a lawsuit brought by SightSound, Inc. ( SightSound ) alleging that certain former customers of ours (which have since merged into BeMusic) infringed certain patents of SightSound. Under the terms of this Agreement, we paid approximately \$1,452,000 to BeMusic as settlement expenses and approximately \$314,000 in legal fees relating to the SightSound litigation. These payments were in addition to \$335,827 previously paid by us for our share of attorney fees incurred in connection with this matter.

At the September 29, 2003 stockholders meeting, our stockholders approved amendments to our Certificate of Incorporation to effect a 1-for-250 reverse stock split, to be followed immediately by a 35-for-1 forward stock split (collectively, the Reverse/Forward Stock Split ), as well as a reduction in the number of common shares authorized for issuance from 50,000,000 shares to 30,000,000 shares (the Share Reduction ). On June 7, 2004, we filed the amendments necessary to implement the Reverse/Forward Stock Split and the Share Reduction, which took place on July 26, 2004 with an effective date as of June 8, 2004. Per share amounts for all periods presented have been restated to give effect to this Reverse/Forward Stock Split. Our common stock currently trades over the counter on The Nasdaq OTC Bulletin Board. Our common stock was traded on The Nasdaq National Market, but was delisted on June 5, 2003. The market price of our common stock increased significantly following the implementation of the Reverse/Forward Stock Split. The market price of our common stock as of November 9th, 2004 was \$1.75 per share. An investment in an OTC security is speculative and involves a significant degree of risk. Many OTC securities are relatively illiquid, or thinly traded, which can enhance volatility in the share price and make it difficult for investors to buy or sell without dramatically effecting the quoted price or may inhibit the ability of investors to sell a

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**L Q CORPORATION, INC.**  
**NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**  
**(unaudited)**

position at a later date. Moreover, if we pursue a plan of complete liquidation and dissolution, we will close our stock transfer books, discontinue recording transfers of our common stock, and our common stock will no longer be traded on any exchange, and certificates representing our common stock will no longer be assignable or transferable on our books. Accordingly, the proportionate interests of all of our stockholders will be fixed on the basis of their respective stock holdings at the close of business on the date of dissolution, and any distributions made by us after such date will be made solely to the stockholders of record at the close of business on the date of dissolution.

***Basis of presentation***

The accompanying unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements have been prepared by us and reflect all adjustments which are, in the opinion of management, necessary for a fair presentation of the interim periods presented. The results of operations for the periods ended September 30, 2004 are not necessarily indicative of the results to be expected for any subsequent quarter or for the year ending December 31, 2004. Certain information and footnote disclosures normally included in financial statements prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America have been condensed or omitted pursuant to the Securities and Exchange Commission's (SEC) rules and regulations.

These unaudited condensed consolidated interim financial statements and notes included herein should be read in conjunction with our audited consolidated financial statements and notes as included in our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2003 as filed with the SEC on March 30, 2004.

The accompanying condensed consolidated financial statements have been prepared assuming that we will continue as a going concern, which contemplates the realization of assets and the settlement of liabilities and commitments in the normal course of business. We incurred losses and negative cash flows from operations for every year since inception. For the nine months ended September 30, 2004, we incurred a net loss of approximately \$672,000 and negative cash flows from operations of approximately \$2,485,000. As of September 30, 2004, we had an accumulated deficit of approximately \$139 million. We have not yet settled on an operating plan and accordingly, can give no assurance that our existing cash and cash equivalents will be sufficient to fund any obligations relative to a future operating plan. These factors, among others, indicate that we may be unable to continue as a going concern. No adjustment has been made in the accompanying condensed consolidated financial statements to the amounts and classifications of assets and liabilities which could result should we be unable to continue as a going concern. We continue to consider future alternatives, including the possible acquisition of other businesses or the possibility of adopting a plan of liquidation. However, we have not consummated any significant transactions to date and any business prospects remain uncertain. To the extent that our management moves forward on any alternative strategy, such strategy may have an impact on our liquidity. It remains management's prime focus to acquire an operating business.

***Principles of consolidation***

The financial statements include our accounts and our wholly-owned (inactive) subsidiary. Significant intercompany transactions and balances have been eliminated.

***Income Taxes***

At December 31, 2003, we had approximately \$11.3 million of federal and state net operating loss carry forwards which have been lost due to the application of the Internal Revenue Code Section 382 provisions.



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**L Q CORPORATION, INC.**  
**NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**  
**(unaudited)**

**Stock-based compensation**

The Company complies with SFAS No. 148, Accounting for Stock-Based Compensation, Transition and Disclosure. SFAS 148 provides alternative methods of transition for a voluntary change to the fair value based method of accounting for stock-based employee compensation. SFAS 148 also requires that disclosures of the pro forma effect of using the fair value method of accounting for stock-based employee compensation be displayed more prominently and in a tabular format. Additionally, SFAS 148 requires disclosure of the pro forma effect in interim financial statements.

We account for stock issued to non-employees in accordance with the provisions of SFAS No. 123 and Emerging Issues Task Force ( EITF ) Issue No. 96-18 Accounting for Equity Instruments That Are Issued to Other Than Employees for Acquiring, or in Conjunction with Selling, Goods or Services.

Consistent with the disclosure provisions of SFAS 123 and SFAS 148, our net loss and basic and diluted net loss per share would have been adjusted to the pro forma amounts indicated below (in thousands, except per share amounts).

	Three Months Ended September 30,		Nine Months Ended September 30,	
	2004	2003	2004	2003
Net loss as reported	\$ 185	\$ 426	\$ 672	\$ 6,499
Less stock-based compensation (income) expense determined under fair value based method, net of tax effects	2	60	54	135
Net loss pro forma	\$ 187	\$ 486	\$ 726	\$ 6,634
Basic and diluted net loss per share as reported	\$ 0.06	\$ 0.13	\$ 0.21	\$ 2.00
Basic and diluted net loss per share pro forma	\$ 0.06	\$ 0.15	\$ 0.23	\$ 2.05

**NOTE 2 ACCRUED LIABILITIES:**

The components of accrued liabilities are as follows (in thousands):

	September 30, 2004	December 31, 2003
Accrued liabilities:		
Consulting and professional services	\$ 30	\$ 124
Litigation settlement		1,766
Other	60	45
	\$ 90	\$ 1,935

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**L Q CORPORATION, INC.**  
**NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**  
(unaudited)

**NOTE 3 COMPREHENSIVE LOSS:**

Comprehensive loss includes net loss and other comprehensive income (loss). Other comprehensive income (loss) includes accumulated translation adjustments. The components of comprehensive loss are as follows (in thousands):

	Three Months Ended September 30,		Nine Months Ended September 30,	
	2004	2003	2004	2003
Comprehensive loss:				
Net loss	\$ (185)	\$ (426)	\$ (672)	\$ (6,499)
Foreign currency translation adjustments				1
Unrealized gain (loss) on available-for-sale securities		13		13
	\$ (185)	\$ (413)	\$ (672)	\$ (6,485)

**NOTE 4 NET LOSS PER SHARE:**

Basic and diluted net loss per share is computed by dividing the net loss for the period by the weighted average number of common shares outstanding during the period. The calculation of diluted net loss per share excludes potential common shares if the effect is anti-dilutive. Potential common shares consist of unvested restricted common stock, incremental common shares issuable upon the exercise of stock options and common shares issuable upon the exercise of common stock warrants.

	Three Months Ended September 30,		Nine Months Ended September 30,	
	2004	2003	2004	2003
Common stock options	111	73	111	73
Common stock warrants		431		431
	111	504	111	504

**NOTE 5 CONTINGENCIES AND LEGAL PROCEEDINGS:**

On or about April 7, 2000, SightSound filed an Amended Complaint in a lawsuit in the United States District Court for the Western District of Pennsylvania (the Pennsylvania Court) alleging that certain former customers of ours, N2K, Inc., CDNow, Inc. and CDNow Online, Inc., which have since merged into BeMusic, infringed one or more of three patents of SightSound (Nos. 5,191,573; 5,675,734; and 5,996,440). In January 2002, we agreed to share evenly with CDNow Online, Inc. all legal fees incurred by CDNow Online, Inc. in defending the patent infringement action, but required BeMusic to consult in good faith with us regarding its defense and/or settlement of the patent infringement action. On February 20, 2004, an Order was entered in the Pennsylvania Court ending the lawsuit by SightSound against BeMusic. As a result of the entry of the Order and pursuant to a separate agreement between SightSound and BeMusic executed on February 12, 2004, SightSound dismissed the SightSound litigation and released all claims against us. Entry of the Order also made effective a Settlement Agreement and Mutual Release executed on February 13, 2004 by us and BeMusic (the Settlement Agreement). The Settlement Agreement finally resolves all matters between BeMusic and us relating to the SightSound litigation. Under the terms of the Settlement Agreement, we paid \$1,452,000 to BeMusic and approximately \$314,000 in legal fees relating to the SightSound litigation. These payments were in addition to \$335,827 previously paid by us for our share of attorney fees incurred in connection with this matter. As a result of the Settlement Agreement, we have no further obligation to maintain available cash on hand in connection with the SightSound litigation. Neither party to



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**L Q CORPORATION, INC.**  
**NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**  
**(unaudited)**

the Settlement Agreement admitted any wrongdoing or any indemnification obligations in connection with this litigation.

We, certain of our former officers and directors, and various of the underwriters in our initial public offering ( IPO ) and secondary offering, were named as defendants in a consolidated action filed in the United States District Court for the Southern District of New York on July 20, 2001, *In re Liquid Audio, Inc. Initial Public Offering Securities Litigation*, CV-6611. The consolidated amended complaint generally alleges that various investment bank underwriters engaged in improper and undisclosed activities related to the allocation of shares in our IPO and secondary offering of securities. The plaintiffs brought claims for violation of several provisions of the federal securities laws against those underwriters, and also against us and certain of our former directors and officers, seeking unspecified damages on behalf of a purported class of purchasers of our common stock between July 8, 1999 and December 6, 2000. Various plaintiffs filed similar actions asserting virtually identical allegations against more than 40 investment banks and 250 other companies. All of these IPO allocation securities class actions currently pending in the Southern District of New York have been assigned to Judge Shira A. Scheindlin for coordinated pretrial proceedings as *In re Liquid Audio, Inc. Initial Public Offering Securities Litigation*, 21 MC 92. Defendants have filed omnibus motions to dismiss the actions on common pleading issues. In October 2002, our former directors and officers, named as defendants, were dismissed from the litigation without prejudice. In February 2003, the court granted in part and denied in part the omnibus motions to dismiss. The court did not dismiss any claims against us. A stipulation of settlement for the claims against the issuer-defendants, including us, has been submitted to the court. There is no guarantee that the settlement will become effective, as it is subject to a number of conditions, including approval of the court. If the settlement does not occur, and litigation against us continues, we believe that we have meritorious defenses and intend to defend the case vigorously.

**NOTE 6 CASH DISTRIBUTION TO STOCKHOLDERS:**

On January 29, 2003, we distributed \$2.50 per share, for a total of \$57,771,000, to our common stockholders of record as of December 10, 2002.

**NOTE 7 DECREASE IN STOCK OPTION EXERCISE PRICE:**

On March 18, 2003, our Board of Directors elected to reduce the exercise price of all outstanding stock options by \$2.50, but not lower than \$0.10, to reflect the \$2.50 cash distribution to our stockholders. Consequently, we will account for approximately 8,540 of these stock options as variable.

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**ITEM 2. MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS OF FINANCIAL CONDITION AND RESULTS OF OPERATIONS**

The following Management's Discussion and Analysis contains forward-looking statements within the meaning of Federal securities laws. You can identify these statements because they use forward-looking terminology such as may, will, expect, anticipate, estimate, continue, believe, and intend or other similar words. These words, however, are not the exclusive means by which you can identify these statements. You can also identify forward-looking statements because they discuss future expectations, contain projections of results of operations or of financial conditions, characterize future events or circumstances or state other forward-looking information. We have based all forward-looking statements included in Management's Discussion and Analysis on information currently available to us, and we assume no obligation to update any such forward-looking statements. Although we believe that the expectations reflected in such forward-looking statements are based on reasonable assumptions, actual results could differ materially from those projected in the forward-looking statements. Potential risks and uncertainty include, but are not limited to, those set forth under the caption "Additional Factors Affecting Future Results" included in this Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations.

While we believe that the discussion and analysis in this report is adequate for a fair presentation of the information, we recommend that you read this discussion and analysis in conjunction with Management's Discussion and Analysis included in our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2003 filed with the Securities Exchange Commission ( SEC ).

**Overview**

Through January 2003, we provided an open platform that enabled the digital delivery of media over the Internet.

Since January 2003, we have not operated any business and have been reviewing alternatives for the use or disposition of our remaining assets while settling our remaining claims and liabilities. We intend to pursue other business opportunities and investments unrelated to the downloading of digital music. Neither our Board nor our stockholders have yet approved any such opportunities. If we are unable to find any suitable business opportunities and/or investments, we may pursue a plan of complete liquidation and dissolution. If a complete liquidation and dissolution is approved, pursuant to Delaware General Corporation Law, we will continue to exist for three years after the dissolution becomes effective or for such longer period as the Delaware Court of Chancery shall direct, for the purpose of prosecuting and defending suits against us and enabling us gradually to close our business, to dispose of our property, to discharge our liabilities and to distribute to our stockholders any remaining assets.

On March 18, 2003, our Board acknowledged that many of our outstanding options, whether or not currently exercisable, have exercise prices significantly higher than the current market price of our current stock, and therefore, in recognition of the \$2.50 per share cash distribution on January 29, 2003, unanimously approved a reduction in the exercise price for all options by \$2.50. The Board further resolved that such reduction will in no event reduce the exercise price of any options to less than \$0.10 per share.

As a result of this reduction in option exercise price, a portion of our outstanding options will be treated for financial reporting purposes as variable awards. This means that we will be required to record non-cash accounting charges or credits for compensation expense reflecting any increases and decreases in the price of our common stock. We will have to continue to reflect decreases and increases in the price of our common stock in our statement of operations with respect to the options until they are exercised, forfeited or terminated. In recording these accounting charges or credits, the higher the market value of our common stock, the greater the non-cash compensation expense.

We traded shares of an available-for-sale security in August and September of 2003. Although we liquidated our entire remaining position in this security as of November 12, 2003 and do not intend to make any additional purchases of available-for-sale securities, we may inadvertently have become, or may become in the future, an investment company under the Investment Company Act of 1940 as a result of our lack of an operating business, our

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significant cash balance as a percentage of our total assets and our recent trading activities. Registration as an investment company would be very expensive, further depleting our cash reserves and would also subject us to restrictions that may be inconsistent with any future business strategy we may decide upon.

We entered into a Settlement Agreement and Mutual Release on February 12, 2004 with BeMusic which finally resolved all matters between BeMusic and us with respect to the litigation matter with SightSound, Inc. Under the terms of this Agreement we paid approximately \$1,452,000 to BeMusic as settlement expenses and approximately \$314,000 in legal fees relating to the SightSound litigation. These payments were in addition to the \$335,827 previously paid by us for our share of attorney fees incurred in connection with this matter.

On August 5, 2004, the Company filed a Form 8K announcing the appointment of Joseph R. Wright, Jr. to the Company's Board of Directors.

On October 7, 2004, Mr. Mitarotonda resigned as President and Chief Executive Officer of the Company. Mr. Mitarotonda will continue to serve as a director and as Chairman of the Board.

On October 7, 2004, Mr. William Fox was appointed as the Company's New President and Chief Executive Officer.

**Corporate Restructurings**

In January 2003, we adopted a corporate restructuring program, consisting of a worldwide workforce reduction, in connection with the sale of our digital music fulfillment business and related assets to Geneva Media, LLC ( Geneva ), an affiliate of Anderson Merchandisers, LP. A restructuring charge of \$4,411,000 was recorded in operating expense for the year ended December 31, 2003. The restructuring charge included involuntary separation costs of \$796,000 for 29 employees worldwide, 5 in sales and marketing, 11 in research and development, 9 in general and administrative and 4 in operations functions in the U.S., lease termination fees of \$3,569,000 and asset impairment costs of \$46,000 for prepaid expenses related to assets sold to Geneva. We terminated our last remaining employee on September 4, 2004, as a result of which we paid an accrued termination and vacation payment of \$10,542. We closed our office in Foster City, California, and transferred all our administrative and accounting functions to our corporate headquarters in New York, New York. As of September 30, 2004, we have no employees and are focused on settling our claims and liabilities and pursuing other uses for the remainder of our assets.

**Future Operations and Financial Results**

Since January 2003, we have been reviewing alternatives for the use of our remaining assets while settling our remaining claims and liabilities. We may ultimately pursue a plan of complete liquidation and dissolution. We also may pursue other business opportunities and investments unrelated to the downloading of digital music. Neither our Board nor our stockholders have yet approved any such plan or use. If a complete liquidation and dissolution is approved, pursuant to Delaware General Corporation Law, we will continue to exist for three years after the dissolution becomes effective or for such longer period as the Delaware Court of Chancery shall direct, for the purpose of prosecuting and defending suits against us and enabling us gradually to close our business, to dispose of our property, to discharge our liabilities and to distribute to our stockholders any remaining assets.

At the September 29, 2003 stockholders' meeting, our stockholders approved amendments to our Certificate of Incorporation to effect a 1-for-250 reverse stock split, to be followed immediately by a 35-for-1 forward stock split (collectively, the Reverse/Forward Stock Split ), as well as a reduction in the number of common shares authorized for issuance from 50,000,000 shares to 30,000,000 shares (the Share Reduction ). On June 7, 2004, we filed the amendments necessary to implement the Reverse/Forward Stock Split and the Share Reduction, which took place on July 26, 2004 with an effective date as of June 8, 2004. Per share amounts for all periods presented have been restated to give effect to this Reverse/Forward Stock Split. Our common stock currently trades over the counter on The Nasdaq OTC Bulletin Board. Our common stock was traded on The Nasdaq National Market, but was delisted on June 5, 2003. The market price of our common stock increased significantly following the implementation of the Reverse/Forward Stock Split. The market price of our common stock as of November 9th, 2004 was \$1.75 per share. An investment in an OTC security is speculative and involves a significant degree of risk. Many OTC securities are relatively illiquid, or thinly traded, which can enhance volatility in the share price and make it difficult for investors to buy or sell without dramatically effecting the quoted price or may inhibit the ability of investors to sell a position at a later date. Moreover, if we pursue a plan of complete liquidation and dissolution, we will close our stock transfer books, discontinue recording transfers of our common stock, and our common stock will no longer be traded on any exchange, and certificates representing our common stock will no longer be assignable or transferable on our books. Accordingly, the proportionate interests of all of our stockholders will be fixed on the basis of their respective stock holdings at the close of business on the date of dissolution, and any distributions made by us after such date will be made solely to the stockholders of record at the close of business on the date of dissolution.

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**Three Months Ended September 30, 2004 and 2003**

*Total Net Revenues*

We did not derive any revenues in each of the three months ended September 30, 2004 and September 30, 2003 due to the discontinuation of our software license and our music hosting businesses and the sale of our digital music fulfillment business to Geneva in January 2003. We do not expect any revenue in the remainder of 2004.

*Total Cost of Net Revenues*

We had no sales or costs relating to sales for each of the three months ended September 30, 2004 and September 30, 2003. We do not expect any cost of net revenues in the remainder of 2004 since we are not currently operating any businesses.

*Operating Expenses*

*Sales and Marketing.* Sales and marketing expenses consist primarily of compensation for our sales, marketing and business development personnel, compensation for customer service and professional services personnel attributable to sales and marketing activities, advertising, trade show and other promotional costs, design and creation expenses for marketing literature and our website and an allocation of our occupancy costs and other overhead. Sales and marketing expenses decreased 100% to \$0 for the three months ended September 30, 2004 from \$6,000 in the comparable period of 2003. We do not expect to incur significant sales and marketing expenses in the remainder of 2004 since we are not currently operating any businesses.

*Research and Development.* Research and development expenses consist primarily of compensation for our research and development, network operations and product management personnel, payments to outside contractors and, to a lesser extent, depreciation on equipment used for research and development and an allocation of our occupancy costs and other overhead. We did not incur any research and development expenses in each of the three months ended September 30, 2004 and September 30, 2003. We do not expect to incur significant research and development expenses in the remainder of 2004 since we are not currently operating any businesses.

*General and Administrative.* General and administrative expenses consist primarily of compensation for personnel and payments to outside contractors for general corporate functions, including finance, information systems, human resources, facilities, legal and general management, fees for professional services, bad debt expense and an allocation of our occupancy costs and other overhead. General and administrative expenses decreased 53% to \$ 225,700 for the three months ended September 30, 2004 from \$ 472,000 million in the comparable period of 2003. This decrease was primarily due to the cessation of business activity.

*Other Income (Expense), Net.* Other income decreased to \$40,000 for the three months ended September 30, 2004 from \$52,000 in the comparable period of 2003. This decrease was due to lower interest income from lower average cash and cash equivalent balances.

**Nine Months Ended September 30, 2004 and 2003**

*Total Net Revenues*

Total net revenues decreased 100% to \$0 for the nine months ended September 30, 2004 from \$43,000 in the comparable period of 2003. We do not expect significant revenue in the remainder of 2004.

*License.* License revenues decreased 100% to \$0 for the nine months ended September 30, 2004 from \$4,000 in the comparable period of 2003. This decrease was due to discontinuation of our software licensing business and the sale of our digital music fulfillment business to Geneva in January 2003.

*Services.* Services revenues decreased 100% to \$0 for the nine months ended September 30, 2004 from \$39,000 in the comparable period of 2003. This decrease was due to the discontinuation of our software license business, our

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music hosting business for independent artists and labels and the sale of our digital music fulfillment business to Geneva.

*Total Cost of Net Revenues*

Total cost of net revenues decreased 100% to \$0 for the nine months ended September 30, 2004 from \$7,000 in the comparable period of 2003.

*License.* Cost of license revenues decreased 100% to \$0 for the nine months ended September 30, 2004 from \$5,000 in the comparable period of 2003. Cost of license revenues decreased due to the discontinuation of our licensing business.

*Services.* Cost of services revenues decreased 100% to \$0 for the nine months ended September 30, 2004 from \$2,000 in the comparable period of 2003. The decrease in cost of services revenues was due to the termination all of our encoding, customer service and professional services personnel, the elimination of all of our kiosk-related equipment due to our corporate restructuring and the sale of our digital music fulfillment business to Geneva.

*Operating Expenses*

*Sales and Marketing.* Sales and marketing expenses decreased 100% to \$0 for the nine months ended September 30, 2004 from \$277,000 in the comparable period of 2003. This decrease was primarily due to decrease in the number of personnel and outside contractors due to our corporate restructuring and expense management initiatives.

*Research and Development.* Research and development expenses decreased 100% to \$0 for the nine months ended September 30, 2004 from \$165,000 in the comparable period of 2003. This decrease was primarily due to the termination of all of our personnel and outside contractors, expense management initiatives and the sale of our digital music fulfillment business to Geneva.

*General and Administrative.* General and administrative expenses decreased 83% to \$792,000 for the nine months ended September 30, 2004 from \$4.7 million in the comparable period of 2003. This decrease was primarily due to the cessation of business activity.

*Restructuring.* Restructuring charge was \$0 and \$4.4 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2004 and 2003, respectively. \$3.6 million of the charge in the nine months ended September 30, 2003 consisted of expense related to a one-time payment to terminate the remaining term of our real estate lease of our previous corporate offices, \$796,000 of involuntary employee separation costs and \$46,000 of prepaid expenses related to assets sold to Geneva.

*Other Income (Expense), Net.* Other income (expense) decreased to \$120,000 for the nine months ended September 30, 2004 from \$180,000 in the comparable period of 2003. The decrease was due to lower average cash and cash equivalent balances resulting from cash used in operating activities, and lower interest rates.

**Liquidity and Capital Resources**

Since inception, we have financed our operations primarily through the initial and follow-on public offerings of common stock, private placements of our preferred stock, equipment financing, lines of credit and short-term loans. As of September 30, 2004, we had raised \$65.9 million and \$93.7 million through our initial and follow-on public offerings of common stock, respectively, and \$29.8 million through the sale of our preferred stock. As of September 30, 2004, we had approximately \$6.5 million of cash and cash equivalents.

Net cash used in operating activities was \$2.5 million and \$10.9 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2004 and 2003, respectively. Net cash used for operating activities in the 2004 period was primarily the result of the payment of \$1,452,000 to BeMusic and approximately \$314,000 in legal fees relating to the Sightsound litigation, combined with our \$672,000 operating loss. Net cash used for operating activities in the 2003



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period was the result of net losses from operations of \$6.5 million, depreciation and amortization of \$228,000, gain on sale of digital music fulfillment business and related assets of \$2.9 million and a net increase in working capital items of \$1.7 million. The net increase in working capital items include a decrease in accounts receivable of \$35,000, a decrease in other current assets of \$1.1 million, and an increase in accounts payable, accrued liabilities and deferred revenue of \$2.9. Net cash provided by (used) in investing activities was \$0 and \$3.6 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2004 and 2003, respectively. Net cash provided by investing activities in the 2003 period was due to the sale of our digital music fulfillment business and related assets to Geneva.

Net cash used in financing activities was \$67,000 and \$57.8 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2004 and 2003, respectively. The net cash used in financing activities in the 2004 period is due to the purchase of fractional shares in connection with the implementation of the Reverse/Forward Stock Split. The net cash used in financing activities in the 2003 period is due to the payments made to our stockholders in connection with the return of capital cash distribution declared on December 6, 2002 to stockholders of record on December 10, 2002.

We have no material commitments for capital expenditures or strategic investments and anticipate no capital expenditures during the remainder of 2004. We anticipate that we will experience a decline in our operating expenses for the foreseeable future and that our operating expenses will be a material use of our cash resources.

We also, as permitted under Delaware law and in accordance with our Bylaws, indemnify our officers and directors for certain events or occurrences, subject to certain limits, while the officer or director is or was serving at our request in such capacity. The term of the indemnification period is for the officer's or director's lifetime. The maximum amount of potential future indemnification is unlimited; however, we have a Director and Officer Insurance Policy that limits our exposure and enables us to recover a portion of any future amounts paid. As a result of our insurance policy coverage, we believe the fair value of these indemnification agreements is minimal.

We believe that our existing cash and cash equivalents will be sufficient to meet our anticipated cash needs for working capital and capital expenditures in the near future. However, uncertainties exist as to the precise value of claims and liabilities, which may exceed our current existing cash and cash equivalents. Additionally, we do not currently have an operating business and, consequently, we are currently exploring various options for the use of our remaining assets, including pursuit of a business strategy unrelated to digital music distribution. Acquisition and/or operation of any future business strategy may require additional cash resources. See ADDITIONAL FACTORS AFFECTING FUTURE RESULTS below.

**Market Risk**

No material changes exist to the market risk our investment portfolio of cash and money market funds faced during the three months ended September 30, 2004. As detailed in Overview in Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations in this Form 10-Q, we began trading in available-for-sale securities on August 8, 2003, and as of November 12, 2003, completely liquidated our position. Our trading activities resulted in a gain of \$48,777. We do not intend to invest in such securities in the future, and will maintain only cash and cash equivalents. For additional information, refer to Item 7A Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosures About Market Risk in Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations included in our Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2003 filed with the SEC.

**ADDITIONAL FACTORS AFFECTING FUTURE RESULTS**

Before deciding to invest in us or to maintain or increase your investment, you should carefully consider the risks described below, in addition to the other information contained in this report and in our other filings with the SEC, including our Annual Report on Form 10-K filed March 30, 2004. The risks and uncertainties described below are not the only ones facing us. Additional risks and uncertainties not presently known to us or that we currently deem immaterial may also affect our business operations. If any of these risks actually occur, our business, financial condition or results of operations could be seriously harmed. In that event, the market price of our common stock could decline and you may lose all or part of your investment.

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**We Currently Do Not Have an Operating Business, But Also Do Not Intend to Pursue a Course of Complete Liquidation and Dissolution, and Accordingly, the Value of Your Shares May Decrease**

We have not had an operating business since January 2003; we are considering various options for the use of our remaining assets, but have yet to approve any definitive plans. In the meantime, we will continue to incur operating expenses while we consider alternative operating plans. These plans may include business combinations with or investments in other operating companies, or entering into a completely new line of business. We have not yet identified any such opportunities, and thus, you will not be able to evaluate the impact of such a business strategy on the value of your stock. In addition, we cannot assure you that we will be able to identify any appropriate business opportunities. Even if we are able to identify business opportunities that our Board deems appropriate, we cannot assure you that such a strategy will provide you with a positive return on your investment, and it may in fact result in a substantial decrease in the value of your stock. These factors will substantially increase the uncertainty, and thus the risk, of investing in our shares. You should also not expect any further cash distributions.

**We May Not Be Able to Identify or Fully Capitalize on Any Appropriate Business Opportunities**

We are considering various options for the use of our remaining assets, which may include business combinations with or investments in other operating companies, or entering into a completely new line of business. Nevertheless, we have not yet identified any appropriate business opportunities, and, due to a variety of factors outside of our control, we may not be able to identify or fully capitalize on any such opportunities. These factors include: (1) competition from other potential acquirors and partners of and investors in potential acquisitions, many of whom may have greater financial resources than we do; (2) in specific cases, failure to agree on the terms of a potential acquisition, such as the amount or price of our acquired interest, or incompatibility between us and management of the company we wish to acquire; and (3) the possibility that we may lack sufficient capital and/or expertise to develop promising opportunities. Even if we are able to identify business opportunities that our Board deems appropriate, we cannot assure you that such a strategy will provide you with a positive return on your investment, and may in fact result in a substantial decrease in the value of your stock. In addition, if we enter into a combination with a business that has operating income, we cannot assure you that we will be able to utilize all or even a portion of our existing net operating loss carryover for federal or state tax purposes following such a business combination. If we are unable to make use of our existing net operating loss carryover, the tax advantages of such a combination may be limited, which could negatively impact the price of our stock and the value of your investment. These factors will substantially increase the uncertainty, and thus the risk, of investing in our shares.

**We May Inadvertently Have Become, or May Become in the Future, an Investment Company Under the Investment Company Act of 1940**

We traded shares of an available-for-sale security in August and September of 2003. Although we liquidated our entire remaining position in this security as of November 12, 2003 and do not intend to make any additional purchases of available-for-sale securities, we may inadvertently have become, or may become in the future, an investment company under the Investment Company Act of 1940. The Investment Company Act of 1940 provides a set of regulations for companies that are or that hold themselves out as being engaged primarily in the business of investing, reinvesting, owning, holding or trading in securities. A company may also become subject to regulation under the Investment Company Act if it owns investment securities with a value exceeding 40% of the value of its total assets (exclusive of government securities and cash items) as a result of our lack of an operating business, our significant cash balance as a percentage of our total assets and our recent trading activities. Although we continue to consider future operating alternatives, including the possible acquisition of one or more operating businesses, we could become subject to regulation under the Investment Company Act. Registration as an investment company would be very expensive and further deplete our cash balances, which would leave us with fewer resources to pursue further operating alternatives. Registration would also subject us to restrictions that may be inconsistent with any future business strategy we may decide upon. In order to avoid these regulations, we may have to take actions that we would not otherwise choose to take to avoid registration under the Investment Company Act.

**Stockholders May Be Liable to Our Creditors for Up to Amounts Received From Us if Our Reserves Are Inadequate**

If we pursue a plan of complete liquidation and dissolution, a Certificate of Dissolution will be filed with the State of Delaware after such plan is approved by our stockholders. Pursuant to the Delaware General Corporation Law, we will continue to exist for three years after the dissolution becomes effective or for such longer period as the

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Delaware Court of Chancery shall direct, for the purpose of prosecuting and defending suits against us and enabling us gradually to close our business, to dispose of our property, to discharge our liabilities and to distribute to our stockholders any remaining assets. Under the Delaware General Corporation Law, in the event we fail to create an adequate contingency reserve for payment of our expenses and liabilities during this three-year period, each stockholder could be held liable for payment to our creditors for such stockholder's pro rata share of amounts owed to creditors in excess of the contingency reserve. The liability of any stockholder would be limited, however, to the amounts previously received by such stockholder from us (and from any liquidating trust or trusts), including the return of capital cash distribution of \$2.50 per share paid to stockholders on January 29, 2003. Accordingly, in such event a stockholder could be required to return all distributions previously made to such stockholder. In such event, a stockholder could receive nothing from us under a plan of complete liquidation and dissolution. Moreover, in the event a stockholder has paid taxes on amounts previously received, a repayment of all or a portion of such amount could result in a stockholder incurring a net tax cost if the stockholder's repayment of an amount previously distributed does not cause a commensurate reduction in taxes payable. There can be no assurance that the contingency reserve maintained by us will be adequate to cover any expenses and liabilities.

**Success of a Plan of Complete Liquidation and Dissolution Depends on Qualified Personnel to Execute It**

If we pursue a plan of complete liquidation and dissolution, the success of any such plan depends in large part upon our ability to retain the services of qualified personnel to handle the sale of our remaining assets and settlement of remaining liabilities. We may retain the services of a consulting firm specializing in such purpose, however the retention of qualified personnel is particularly difficult under our current circumstances.

**Our Stock Has Been Delisted from The Nasdaq National Market, And Is Therefore Significantly Less Liquid than Before**

Our stock has been delisted from trading on The Nasdaq National Market by reason of not maintaining listing requirements due to the lack of tangible business operations and significantly reduced market price of our common stock. As a result, our common stock currently trades over the counter on the Nasdaq OTC Bulletin Board and the ability of our stockholders to obtain liquidity and fair market prices for our shares has been significantly impaired.

**After Our Wind-Up There May Be No Additional Cash to Distribute to Our Stockholders and If There Is Additional Cash to Distribute, the Timing of Any Such Future Distribution is Uncertain**

If we pursue a plan of complete liquidation and dissolution, there will be no firm timetable for the distribution of proceeds to our stockholders, because of contingencies inherent in winding up a business. If we pursue a plan of complete liquidation and dissolution, the liquidation should be concluded prior to the third anniversary of the filing of the Certificate of Dissolution in Delaware. If we pursue a plan of complete liquidation and dissolution, the actual nature, amount and timing of all distributions will be determined by our Board, in its sole discretion, and will depend in part upon our ability to resolve our remaining contingencies.

If we pursue this strategy, uncertainties as to the ultimate amount of our liabilities make it impracticable to predict the aggregate net value ultimately distributable to our stockholders. Claims, liabilities and expenses from operations (including costs associated with any retained firm's efforts to sell our remaining assets and settle our remaining liabilities, taxes, legal and accounting fees and miscellaneous office expenses) will continue to be incurred. These expenses will reduce the amount of cash available for ultimate distribution to stockholders. However, no assurances can be given that available cash and amounts received on the sale of assets will be adequate to provide for our obligations, liabilities, expenses and claims and to make cash distributions to stockholders. If such available cash and amounts received from the sale of assets are not adequate to provide for our obligations, liabilities, expenses and claims, we may not be able to distribute meaningful cash, or any cash, to our stockholders.

**The Proceeds from a Sale of Our Assets May Be Less than Anticipated**

If we pursue a plan of complete liquidation and dissolution, sales of our remaining assets will be made on such terms as are approved by the Board and may be conducted by competitive bidding, public sales or privately negotiated sales. The prices at which we will be able to sell these assets will depend largely on factors beyond our

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control, including, without limitation, the condition of financial markets, the availability of financing to prospective purchasers of the assets, United States and foreign regulatory approvals, public market perceptions and limitations on transferability of certain assets. Because some of our remaining assets may decline in value over time, we may not be able to consummate the sale of these assets in time to generate meaningful value. In addition, we may not obtain as high a price for a particular asset as we might secure if we were not in liquidation.

**We Will Continue to Incur the Expense of Complying with Public Company Reporting Requirements**

We have an obligation to continue to comply with the applicable reporting requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended, even though compliance with such reporting requirements is economically burdensome. In order to curtail expenses, if we elect to pursue a liquidation and dissolution strategy, after we file our Certificate of Dissolution, we will seek relief from the Securities and Exchange Commission from the reporting requirements under the Exchange Act, which may or may not be granted. Until such relief is granted we will continue to make obligatory Exchange Act filings. We anticipate that even if such relief is granted in the future, we will continue to file current reports on Form 8-K to disclose material events relating to our liquidation and dissolution along with any other reports that the Securities and Exchange Commission may require.

**ITEM 3. QUANTITATIVE AND QUALITATIVE DISCLOSURES ABOUT MARKET RISK**

See Market Risk in Part I, Item 2, Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations.

**ITEM 4. CONTROLS AND PROCEDURES**

The Securities and Exchange Commission defines the term disclosure controls and procedures to mean a company's controls and other procedures that are designed to ensure that information required to be disclosed in the reports that it files or submits under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 is recorded, processed, summarized and reported, within the time periods specified in the Commission's rules and regulations. Based on the evaluation of the effectiveness of our disclosure controls and procedures by our management, with the participation of our chief executive officer and our chief financial officer, as of the end of the period covered by this report, our chief executive officer and our chief financial officer have concluded that our disclosure controls and procedures were effective to ensure that information required to be disclosed in the reports that the Company files or submits under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 is recorded, processed, summarized and reported, within the time periods specified in the Commission's rules and forms.

During the three month period ended September 30, 2004, there were no changes in our internal controls over financial reporting that have materially affected, or are reasonably likely to affect, our internal controls over financial reporting.

[Back to Index](#)**PART II. OTHER INFORMATION****ITEM 1. LEGAL PROCEEDINGS**

On or about April 7, 2000, SightSound filed an Amended Complaint in a lawsuit in the United States District Court for the Western District of Pennsylvania (the Pennsylvania Court ) alleging that certain former customers of ours, N2K, Inc., CDNow, Inc. and CDNow Online, Inc., which have since merged into BeMusic, infringed one or more of three patents of SightSound (Nos. 5,191,573; 5,675,734; and 5,996,440). In January 2002, we agreed to share evenly with CDNow Online, Inc. all legal fees incurred by CDNow Online, Inc. in defending the patent infringement action, but required BeMusic to consult in good faith with us regarding its defense and/or settlement of the patent infringement action. On February 20, 2004, an Order was entered in the Pennsylvania Court ending the lawsuit by SightSound against BeMusic. As a result of the entry of the Order and pursuant to a separate agreement between SightSound and BeMusic executed on February 12, 2004, SightSound dismissed the SightSound litigation and released all claims against us. Entry of the Order also made effective a Settlement Agreement and Mutual Release executed on February 13, 2004 by us and BeMusic (the Settlement Agreement ). The Settlement Agreement finally resolves all matters between BeMusic and us relating to the SightSound litigation. Under the terms of the Settlement Agreement, we paid \$1,452,000 to BeMusic and approximately \$314,000 in legal fees relating to the SightSound litigation. These payments were in addition to \$335,827 previously paid by us for our share of attorney fees incurred in connection with this matter. As a result of the Settlement Agreement, we have no further obligation to maintain available cash on hand in connection with the SightSound litigation. Neither party to the Settlement Agreement admitted any wrongdoing or any indemnification obligations in connection with this litigation.

We, certain of our former officers and directors, and various of the underwriters in our initial public offering ( IPO ) and secondary offering, were named as defendants in a consolidated action filed in the United States District Court for the Southern District of New York on July 20, 2001, *In re Liquid Audio, Inc. Initial Public Offering Securities Litigation*, CV-6611. The consolidated amended complaint generally alleges that various investment bank underwriters engaged in improper and undisclosed activities related to the allocation of shares in our IPO and secondary offering of securities. The plaintiffs brought claims for violation of several provisions of the federal securities laws against those underwriters, and also against us and certain of our former directors and officers, seeking unspecified damages on behalf of a purported class of purchasers of our common stock between July 8, 1999 and December 6, 2000. Various plaintiffs filed similar actions asserting virtually identical allegations against more than 40 investment banks and 250 other companies. All of these IPO allocation securities class actions currently pending in the Southern District of New York have been assigned to Judge Shira A. Scheindlin for coordinated pretrial proceedings as *In re Liquid Audio, Inc. Initial Public Offering Securities Litigation*, 21 MC 92. Defendants have filed omnibus motions to dismiss the actions on common pleading issues. In October 2002, our former directors and officers, named as defendants, were dismissed from the litigation without prejudice. In February 2003, the court granted in part and denied in part the omnibus motions to dismiss. The court did not dismiss any claims against us. A stipulation of settlement for the claims against the issuer-defendants, including us, has been submitted to the court. There is no guarantee that the settlement will become effective, as it is subject to a number of conditions, including approval of the court. If the settlement does not occur, and litigation against us continues, we believe that we have meritorious defenses and intend to defend the case vigorously.

**ITEM 2. UNREGISTERED SALES OF EQUITY SECURITIES AND USE OF PROCEEDS**

(a) The effective date of our first registration statement, filed on Form S-1 under the Securities Act of 1933 (No. 333-82521) relating to our initial public offering of common stock, was July 8, 1999. A total of 4,800,000 shares of common stock were sold at a price of \$15.00 per share to an underwriting syndicate led by Lehman Brothers Inc., BancBoston Robertson Stephens Inc. and U.S. Bancorp Piper Jaffray Inc. Offering proceeds, net of aggregate expenses of approximately \$6.1 million, were approximately \$65.9 million.

The effective date of our second registration statement, filed on Form S-1 under the Securities Act of 1933 (No. 333-91541) relating to our follow-on public offering of common stock, was December 14, 1999. A total of 2,946,076 shares of Common Stock were sold at a price of \$33.63 per share to an underwriting syndicate led by Lehman Brothers Inc., BancBoston Robertson Stephens Inc., U.S. Bancorp Piper Jaffray Inc., Dain Rauscher Wessells and Fidelity Capital Markets. An additional 503,924 shares of common stock were sold on behalf of selling

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stockholders as part of the same offering. Offering proceeds to us, net of aggregate expenses of approximately \$5.4 million, were approximately \$93.7 million. Offering proceeds to selling stockholders, net of expenses of approximately \$847,000, were approximately \$16.1 million.

(b) From the time of receipt through September 30, 2004, our proceeds from the offerings, except for the return of capital cash distribution paid to our stockholders on January 29, 2003 of \$57.8 million, were applied toward general corporate purposes, including the purchase of temporary investments consisting of cash, cash equivalents and short-term investments, working capital and capital expenditures, enhancing research and development and attracting key personnel.

(c) Purchases of common stock made by or on behalf of us during the three months ended September 30, 2004 are set forth below:

PERIOD	(A) TOTAL NUMBER OF SHARES PURCHASED (1)	(B) AVERAGE PRICE PAID PER SHARE	(C) TOTAL NUMBER OF SHARES REPURCHASE AS PART OF PUBLICLY ANNOUNCED PLANS OR PROGRAMS	(D) MAXIMUM NUMBER OF SHARES THAT MAY YET BE PURCHASED UNDER THE PLANS OR PROGRAMS
July 1 - July 31, 2004				
August 1 August 31, 2004	216,706	\$0.31		
September 1 September 30, 2004				

(1) Represents fractional shares that were repurchased in connection with the implementation of the Reverse/Forward Stock Split on July 26, 2004. These repurchases were completed on August 4, 2004. Per share amounts and prices in the above table have not been adjusted to reflect the Reverse/Forward Stock Split. No shares of common stock were repurchased by us through a publicly announced plan or program.

**ITEM 3. DEFAULTS UPON SENIOR SECURITIES**

None

**ITEM 4. SUBMISSION OF MATTERS TO A VOTE OF SECURITY HOLDERS**

None.

**ITEM 5. OTHER INFORMATION**

None

**ITEM 6. EXHIBITS**

- 3.1 Certificate of Incorporation as currently in effect (7)
- 3.2 Bylaws as currently in effect (2)
- 4.2 Form of Specimen Stock Certificate (1)
- 10.1 Form of Indemnification Agreement entered into between the registrant and each of its directors and executive officers (1)
- 10.2 1996 Equity Incentive Plan (1)
- 10.3 1999 Employee Stock Purchase Plan (1)
- 10.21 Summary Plan Description of 401(K) Plan (1)

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- 10.50 2000 Nonstatutory Stock Option Plan (2)
- 10.71 Settlement Agreement with BeMusic, Inc. dated as of January 17, 2003 (3)
- 10.72 Sublease Termination Agreement with Openwave Systems, Inc., dated as of July 14, 2003 (5)
- 10.73 Personal Property Lease Termination Agreement with Openwave Systems, Inc., dated as of July 14, 2003 (5)
- 10.74 Settlement Agreement and Mutual Release with BeMusic, Inc. dated February 13, 2004 (6)
- 11.1 Statement regarding computation of per share earnings (4)
- 31.1 Certification of Chief Executive Officer pursuant to Section 302 of Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002
- 31.2 Certification of Chief Financial Officer pursuant to Section 302 of Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002
- 32.1 Certification of Chief Executive Officer pursuant to Section 906 of Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002
- 32.2 Certification of Chief Financial Officer pursuant to Section 906 of Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002

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- (1) incorporated by reference to the Registration Statement on Form S-1 and all amendments thereto, Registration No. 333-77707, filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on May 4, 1999 and declared effective July 8, 1999
  - (2) incorporated by reference to the Form 10-Q filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on August 14, 2000
  - (3) Incorporated by reference to Exhibits on Form 8-K filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on January 28, 2003
  - (4) this exhibit has been omitted because the information is shown in the financial statements or notes thereto
  - (5) incorporated by reference to the Form 10-Q filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on August 14, 2003
  - (6) incorporated by reference to the Form 10-K filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on March 30, 2004
  - (7) Incorporated by reference to Exhibits on Form 8-K filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on July 16, 2004

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**L Q CORPORATION, INC.**

**SIGNATURES**

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned thereunto duly authorized.

DATE: November 12, 2004

L Q CORPORATION, INC.

/s/ James A. Mitarotonda

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James A. Mitarotonda  
Chairman

/s/ Melvyn Brunt

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Melvyn Brunt  
Chief Financial Officer