ISABELLA BANK CORP Form 10-Q November 07, 2012 Table of Contents

UNITED STATES SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION

Washington, D.C. 20549

FORM 10-Q

x Quarterly Report Pursuant to Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934. For the quarterly period ended September 30, 2012

or

Transition Report Pursuant to Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934.

For the transition period from to

Commission File Number: 0-18415

Isabella Bank Corporation

(Exact name of registrant as specified in its charter)

Michigan (State or other jurisdiction of

38-2830092 (I.R.S. Employer

incorporation or organization)

identification No.)

401 N. Main St, Mt. Pleasant, MI (Address of principal executive offices)

48858 (Zip code)

(989) 772-9471

(Registrant s telephone number, including area code)

N/A

(Former name, former address and former fiscal year, if changed since last report)

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days. x Yes "No

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant has submitted electronically and posted on its corporate Web site, if any, every Interactive Data File required to be submitted and posted pursuant to Rule 405 of Regulation S-T (Section 232.405 of this chapter) during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to submit and post such files). x Yes "No

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a large accelerated filer, an accelerated filer, a non-accelerated filer, or a smaller reporting company. See the definitions of accelerated filer , large accelerated filer , and smaller reporting company , in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act (Check One).

Large accelerated filer "

Accelerated filer

X

Non-accelerated filer " (Do not check if a smaller reporting company)

Smaller reporting company

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a shell company (as defined in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act). "Yes x No

APPLICABLE ONLY TO CORPORATE ISSUERS:

Indicate the number of shares outstanding of each of the issuer s classes of common stock, as of the latest practicable date.

Common Stock no par value, 7,620,399 as of October 19, 2012

ISABELLA BANK CORPORATION

QUARTERLY REPORT ON FORM 10-Q

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PART I FINANCIAL INFORMATION

Item 1 Interim Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements (Unaudited)

INTERIM CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS

(Dollars in thousands)

	September 30 2012	December 31 2011
ASSETS		
Cash and cash equivalents		
Cash and demand deposits due from banks	\$ 19,202	\$ 24,514
Interest bearing balances due from banks	5,462	4,076
Total cash and cash equivalents	24,664	28,590
Certificates of deposit held in other financial institutions	5,675	8,924
Trading securities	1,788	4,710
Available-for-sale securities (amortized cost of \$452,536 in 2012 and \$414,614 in 2011)	467,414	425,120
Mortgage loans available-for-sale	2,820	3,205
Loans		
Agricultural	83,439	74,645
Commercial	369,366	365,714
Consumer	33,515	31,572
Residential real estate	280,431	278,360
Total loans	766,751	750,291
Less allowance for loan losses	12,062	12,375
Less anowance for foan fosses	12,002	12,373
Net loans	754,689	737,916
Premises and equipment	25,471	24,626
Corporate owned life insurance	22,594	22,075
Accrued interest receivable	6,565	5,848
Equity securities without readily determinable fair values	17,830	17,189
Goodwill and other intangible assets	46,592	46,792
Other assets	13,036	12,930
TOTAL ASSETS	\$ 1,389,138	\$ 1,337,925
LIABILITIES AND SHAREHOLDERS EQUITY		
Deposits Deposits		
Noninterest bearing	\$ 126,362	\$ 119,072
NOW accounts	174,350	163,653
Certificates of deposit under \$100 and other savings	453,348	440,123
Certificates of deposit over \$100	235,431	235,316
	200,101	200,010
Total deposits	989,491	958,164
Borrowed funds (\$0 in 2012 and \$5,242 in 2011 at fair value)	226,580	216,136
Accrued interest payable and other liabilities	8,920	8,842
Total liabilities	1,224,991	1,183,142
Shareholders equity		
omichoració - equity		

Common stock no par value 15,000,000 shares authorized; issued and outstanding 7,611,350 shares (including 25,644 shares held in the Rabbi Trust) in 2012 and 7,589,226 shares (including 16,585 shares held in the Rabbi Trust) in 2011 134,973 134,734 Shares to be issued for deferred compensation obligations 4,925 4,524 Retained earnings 18,178 13,036 Accumulated other comprehensive income 6,071 2,489 Total shareholders equity 164,147 154,783 TOTAL LIABILITIES AND SHAREHOLDERS EQUITY \$ 1,389,138 \$ 1,337,925

See notes to interim condensed consolidated financial statements.

INTERIM CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CHANGES IN SHAREHOLDERS EQUITY

(Dollars in thousands except per share data)

Balance, January 1, 2011 Comprehensive income Issuance of common stock Common stock issued for deferred compensation	Common Stock Shares Outstanding 7,550,074	Coi \$	mmon Stock 133,592 1,891	Iss D Com	sures to be sued for eferred appensation ligations 4,682	Retained Earnings \$ 8,596 7,499	Cor	Other Inprehensive (Loss) Income (1,709) 6,608	Totals \$ 145,161 14,107 1,891
obligations	14,842		266		(254)				12
Share based payment awards under equity compensation plan Common stock purchased for deferred compensation	11,012				486				486
obligations			(356)						(356)
Common stock repurchased pursuant to publicly announced repurchase plan Cash dividends (\$0.57 per share)	(76,708)		(1,391)			(4,331)			(1,391) (4,331)
Balance, September 30, 2011	7,578,257	\$	134,002	\$	4,914	\$ 11,764	\$	4,899	\$ 155,579
Balance, January 1, 2012	7,589,226		134,734		4,524	13,036		2,489	\$ 154,783
Comprehensive income	1,5 07 ,==0		,		-,	9,695		3,582	13,277
Issuance of common stock	85,227		2,025			,		,	2,025
Common stock transferred from the Rabbi Trust to satisfy deferred compensation obligations			95		(95)				
Share based payment awards under equity compensation plan					496				496
Common stock purchased for deferred compensation					470				490
obligations			(361)						(361)
Common stock repurchased pursuant to publicly									
announced repurchase plan	(63,103)		(1,520)						(1,520)
Cash dividends (\$0.60 per share)						(4,553)			(4,553)
Balance, September 30, 2012	7,611,350	\$	134,973	\$	4,925	\$ 18,178	\$	6,071	\$ 164,147

See notes to interim condensed consolidated financial statements.

INTERIM CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF INCOME

(Dollars in thousands except per share data)

	Septem	nths Ended nber 30	Nine Mon Septem	ber 30
T	2012	2011	2012	2011
Interest income	ф 10 010	ф.11.265	Ф 22 7 0 7	Φ 24 100
Loans, including fees	\$ 10,918	\$ 11,365	\$ 32,707	\$ 34,190
Investment securities	1.070	1.000	5 755	5 1 40
Taxable	1,878	1,800	5,755	5,149
Nontaxable	1,232	1,201	3,652	3,569
Trading account securities	15	45	79	143
Federal funds sold and other	121	121	363	388
Total interest income	14,164	14,532	42,556	43,439
Interest expense	,	,	ĺ	ĺ
Deposits	2,203	2,725	7,083	8,286
Borrowings	1,036	1,345	3,289	3,938
	,	,	,	- ,
Total interest expense	3,239	4,070	10,372	12,224
Net interest income	10,925	10,462	32,184	31,215
Provision for loan losses	200	963	1,100	2,383
TO VISION TO TOWN TO SEE	200	703	1,100	2,505
Net interest income after provision for loan losses	10,725	9,499	31,084	28,832
Noninterest income				
Service charges and fees	1,543	1,341	4,800	4,434
Gain on sale of mortgage loans	422	111	1,080	293
Net loss on trading securities	(9)	(24)	(41)	(51)
Net gain on borrowings measured at fair value	(>)	42	33	159
Gain on sale of available-for-sale investment securities	116		1,119	
Other	687	389	1,853	950
Total noninterest income	2,759	1,859	8,844	5,785
20112 110111101 600 111001110	_,	1,000	0,011	2,702
Noninterest expenses				
Compensation and benefits	5,130	4,814	15,663	14,565
Occupancy	649	633	1,889	1,892
Furniture and equipment	1,113	1,151	3,373	3,384
Other	2,236	1,915	6,682	6,038
Available-for-sale impairment loss				
Total other-than-temporary impairment loss			486	
Portion of loss reported in other comprehensive income			(204)	
Net available-for-sale impairment loss			282	
Total noninterest expenses	9,128	8,513	27,889	25,879
•				,
Income before federal income tax expense	4,356	2,845	12,039	8,738
Federal income tax expense	899	334	2,344	1,239
			,	,

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NET INCOME	\$ 3,457	\$ 2,511	\$ 9,695	\$ 7,499
Earnings per share				
Basic	\$ 0.45	\$ 0.33	\$ 1.28	\$ 0.99
Diluted	\$ 0.44	\$ 0.32	\$ 1.24	\$ 0.97
	·	·		
Cash dividends per basic share	\$ 0.20	\$ 0.19	\$ 0.60	\$ 0.57

See notes to interim condensed consolidated financial statements.

INTERIM CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME

(Dollars in thousands)

	Three Mor Septem 2012		Nine Mon Septem 2012	
Net income	\$ 3,457	\$ 2,511	\$ 9,695	\$ 7,499
Unrealized holding gains on available-for-sale securities:				
Unrealized holding gains arising during the period	2,990	4,721	5,209	10,050
Reclassification adjustment for net realized gains included in net income	(116)		(1,119)	
Reclassification adjustment for impairment loss included in net income			282	
Net unrealized gains	2,874	4,721	4,372	10,050
Tax effect	(763)	(1,835)	(790)	(3,442)
Other comprehensive income, net of tax	2,111	2,886	3,582	6,608
•		•		•
COMPREHENSIVE INCOME	\$ 5,568	\$ 5,397	\$ 13,277	\$ 14,107

See notes to interim condensed consolidated financial statements.

INTERIM CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS

(Dollars in thousands)

		onths Ended mber 30
	2012	2011
OPERATING ACTIVITIES	Φ 0.605	A 5 400
Net income	\$ 9,695	\$ 7,499
Reconciliation of net income to net cash provided by operations:	1 100	2.202
Provision for loan losses	1,100	2,383
Impairment of foreclosed assets	17	45
Depreciation	1,802	1,909
Amortization and impairment of originated mortgage servicing rights	582	606
Amortization of acquisition intangibles	200	229
Net amortization of available-for-sale securities	1,683	1,117
Available-for-sale security impairment loss	282	
Gain on sale of available-for-sale securities	(1,119)	£ 1
Net unrealized losses on trading securities	41	51
Net gain on sale of mortgage loans	(1,080)	(293)
Net unrealized gains on borrowings measured at fair value	(33)	(159)
Increase in cash value of corporate owned life insurance	(519)	(428)
Share-based payment awards under equity compensation plan	496	486
Origination of loans held for sale	(69,503)	(31,225)
Proceeds from loan sales	70,968	29,724
Net changes in operating assets and liabilities which provided (used) cash:	2 001	900
Trading securities Accrued interest receivable	2,881	
	(717)	(1,067)
Other assets	(1,994)	423
Accrued interest payable and other liabilities	78	792
Net cash provided by operating activities	14,860	12,992
INVESTING ACTIVITIES		
Net change in certificates of deposit held in other financial institutions	3,249	6,159
Activity in available-for-sale securities		
Sales	40,677	3,000
Maturities and calls	58,598	49,117
Purchases	(138,043)	(128,339)
Loan principal originations, net	(19,461)	(18,923)
Proceeds from sales of foreclosed assets	1,446	1,625
Purchases of premises and equipment	(2,647)	(1,576)
Purchases of corporate owned life insurance		(4,000)
Net cash used in investing activities	(56,181)	(92,937)

$INTERIM\ CONDENSED\ CONSOLIDATED\ STATEMENTS\ OF\ CASH\ FLOWS\ (continued)$

(Dollars in thousands)

	Nine Months Ende September 30 2012 201		
FINANCING ACTIVITIES			
Acceptances and withdrawals of deposits, net	31,327	65,102	
Increase in other borrowed funds	10,477	22,130	
Cash dividends paid on common stock	(4,553)	(4,331)	
Proceeds from issuance of common stock	2,025	1,637	
Common stock repurchased	(1,520)	(1,125)	
Common stock purchased for deferred compensation obligations	(361)	(356)	
Net cash provided by financing activities	37,395	83,057	
(DECREASE) INCREASE IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS	(3,926)	3,112	
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of period	28,590	18,109	
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT END OF PERIOD	\$ 24,664	\$ 21,221	
SUPPLEMENTAL CASH FLOWS INFORMATION:			
Interest paid	\$ 10,526	\$ 12,292	
Federal income taxes paid	1,467	672	
SUPPLEMENTAL NONCASH INFORMATION:			
Transfers of loans to foreclosed assets	\$ 1,588	\$ 1,681	
Transfers of Touris to Total assets	Ф 1,500	254	
Common stock issued for deferred compensation obligations		_	
Common stock repurchased from the Rabbi Trust See notes to interim condensed consolidated financial statements.		(266)	
see notes to interim condensed consondated mancial statements.			

NOTES TO INTERIM CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(Dollars in thousands except per share amounts)

NOTE 1 - BASIS OF PRESENTATION

As used in these Notes as well as in the Management s Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations, references to Isabella, we, our, us, and similar terms refer to the consolidated entity consisting of Isabella Bank Corporation and its subsidiaries. Isabella Bank Corporation refers solely to the parent holding company, and Isabella Bank refers to Isabella Bank Corporation s subsidiary, Isabella Bank.

The acronyms and abbreviations identified below are used in the Notes to the Interim Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements as well as in the Management s Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations. You may find it helpful to refer back to this page as you read this report.

AFS: Available-for-sale

ALLL: Allowance for loan and lease losses ASC: FASB Accounting Standards Codification ASU: FASB Accounting Standards Update ATM: Automated Teller Machine

Directors Plan: Isabella Bank Corporation and Related Companies Deferred Compensation Plan for Directors Dodd-Frank Act: Dodd-Frank Wall Street Reform and

Consumer Protection Act of 2010

FASB: Financial Accounting Standards Board FDIC: Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation

FFIEC: Federal Financial Institutions Examination Council

FRB: Board of Governors of the Federal

Reserve System

FHLB: Federal Home Loan Bank

Freddie Mac: Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation

FTE: Fully taxable equivalent

GAAP: U.S. generally accepted accounting principles

IFRS: International Financial Reporting Standards

IRR: Interest Rate Risk

JOBS Act: Jumpstart our Business Startups Act LIBOR: London Interbank Offered Rate Moody s: Moody s Investors Service, Inc

N/A: Not applicable N/M: Not meaningful

OCI: Other comprehensive income (loss)
OMSR: Originated mortgage servicing rights

OREO: Other real estate owned

OTTI: Other-than-temporary impairment PBO: Projected Benefit Obligation Rabbi Trust: A trust established to fund

the Directors Plan

SEC: U.S. Securities & Exchange Commission

SOX: Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002 TDR: Troubled debt restructuring

XBRL: eXtensible Business Reporting Language

The accompanying unaudited interim condensed consolidated financial statements have been prepared in accordance with GAAP for interim financial information and with the instructions to Form 10-Q and Article 10 of Regulation S-X. Accordingly, they do not include all of the information and footnotes required by GAAP for complete financial statements. In our opinion, all adjustments considered necessary for a fair presentation have been included. Operating results for the three and nine month periods ended September 30, 2012 are not necessarily indicative of the results that may be expected for the year ending December 31, 2012. For further information, refer to the consolidated financial statements and footnotes thereto included in our annual report for the year ended December 31, 2011.

The accounting policies are materially the same as those discussed in Note 1 to the Consolidated Financial Statements included in our annual report for the year ended December 31, 2011.

NOTE 2 - COMPUTATION OF EARNINGS PER SHARE

Basic earnings per share represents income available to common shareholders divided by the weighted average number of common shares outstanding during the period. Diluted earnings per share reflects additional common shares that would have been outstanding if dilutive potential common shares had been issued, as well as any adjustments to income that would result from the assumed issuance. Potential common shares that may be issued relate solely to outstanding shares in the Directors Plan.

Earnings per common share have been computed based on the following:

	Three Months Ended September 30			Nine Months Ended September 30			ed	
	2012 2011			2012			2011	
Average number of common shares outstanding for basic calculation	7,	600,443	7,	577,388	7,	595,806	7,	568,551
Average potential effect of shares in the Directors Plan (1)		206,233		197,937		203,250		195,360
Average number of common shares outstanding used to calculate								
diluted earnings per common share	7,	806,676	7,	775,325	7,	799,056	7,	763,911
Net income	\$	3,457	\$	2,511	\$	9,695	\$	7,499
Earnings per share								
Basic	\$	0.45	\$	0.33	\$	1.28	\$	0.99
Diluted	\$	0.44	\$	0.32	\$	1.24	\$	0.97

(1) Exclusive of shares held in the Rabbi Trust

NOTE 3 ACCOUNTING STANDARDS UPDATES

Recently Adopted Accounting Standards Updates

ASU No. 2011-03: Reconsideration of Effective Control for Repurchase Agreements

In April 2011, ASU No. 2011-03 amended ASC Topic 310, Transfers and Servicing to eliminate from the assessment of effective control, the criteria calling for the transferor to have the ability to repurchase or redeem the financial assets on substantially the agreed upon terms, even in the event of the transferor s default. The assessment of effective control should instead focus on the transferor s contractual rights and obligations. The new authoritative guidance was effective for interim and annual periods beginning on or after December 15, 2011 and did not impact our consolidated financial statements.

ASU No. 2011-04: Amendments to Achieve Common Fair Value Measurement and Disclosure Requirements in U.S. GAAP and IFRS

In May 2011, ASU No. 2011-04 amended ASC Topic 820, Fair Value Measurement to align fair value measurements and disclosures in GAAP and IFRS. The ASU changes the wording used to describe the requirements in GAAP for measuring fair value and disclosures about fair value.

The ASU clarifies the application of existing fair value measurements and disclosure requirements related to:

The application of highest and best use and valuation premise concepts.

Measuring the fair value of an instrument classified in a reporting entity s stockholders equity.

Disclosure about fair value measurements within Level 3 of the fair value hierarchy.

The ASU also changes particular principles or requirements for measuring fair value and disclosing information measuring fair value and disclosures related to:

Measuring the fair value of financial instruments that are managed within a portfolio.

Application of premiums and discounts in a fair value measurement.

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The new authoritative guidance was effective for interim and annual periods beginning on or after December 15, 2011 and did not have a financial impact but increased the level of disclosures related to fair value measurements in our interim condensed consolidated financial statements in 2012.

ASU No. 2011-05: Presentation of Comprehensive Income

In June 2011, ASU No. 2011-05 amended ASC Topic 220, Comprehensive Income to improve the comparability, consistency, and transparency of financial reporting and to increase the prominence of items reported in other comprehensive income. In addition, to increase the prominence of items reported in other comprehensive income, and to facilitate the convergence of GAAP and IFRS, the FASB eliminated the option to present components of other comprehensive income as part of the statement of changes in shareholders equity.

The new authoritative guidance was effective for interim and annual periods beginning on or after December 15, 2011 and did not have an impact on our consolidated financial statements as we have historically elected to present a separate statement of comprehensive income.

Pending Accounting Standards Updates

ASU No. 2012-02: Intangibles Goodwill and Other (Topic 350): Testing Indefinite-Lived Intangible Assets for Impairment

In August, ASU No. 2012-02 amended ASC Topic 350, Goodwill and Other to simplify the testing of intangible assets with indefinite lives. This update will allow for a qualitative assessment of intangible assets with indefinite lives to determine whether or not it is necessary to perform the impairment test described in ASC Topic 350. The new authoritative guidance is effective for fiscal years beginning after September 15, 2012 and is not expected to have any impact on our consolidated financial statements.

NOTE 4 TRADING SECURITIES

Trading securities, at fair value, consist of the following investments at:

	September 30	December 31
	2012	2011
States and political subdivisions	\$ 1.788	\$ 4.710

Included in the net trading losses of \$41 during the first nine months of 2012 were \$13 of net unrealized trading losses on securities that were held in our trading portfolio as of September 30, 2012. Included in the net trading losses of \$51 during the first nine months of 2011 were \$45 of net unrealized trading losses on securities that were held in the trading portfolio as of September 30, 2011.

Total

NOTE 5 AVAILABLE-FOR-SALE SECURITIES

The amortized cost and fair value of AFS securities, with gross unrealized gains and losses, are as follows at:

	September 30, 2012 Gross Gross						
	Amortized	Unrealized	Unrealized	Fair			
	Cost	Gains	Losses	Value			
Government sponsored enterprises	\$ 1,925	\$ 32	\$	\$ 1,957			
States and political subdivisions	176,576	9,394	490	185,480			
Auction rate money market preferred	3,200		429	2,771			
Preferred stocks	6,800	56	496	6,360			
Mortgage-backed securities	138,086	4,142		142,228			
Collateralized mortgage obligations	125,949	2,773	104	128,618			
Total	\$ 452,536	\$ 16,397	\$ 1,519	\$ 467,414			
		December					
	Amortized	Gross Unrealized	Gross Unrealized	Fair			
	Cost	Gains	Losses	Value			
Government sponsored enterprises	\$ 395	\$ 2	\$	\$ 397			
States and political subdivisions	166,832	8,157	51	174,938			
Auction rate money market preferred	3,200		1,151	2,049			
Preferred stocks	6,800		1,767	5,033			
Mortgage-backed securities	140,842	2,807	47	143,602			
Collateralized mortgage obligations	96,545	2,556		99,101			

\$414,614

\$ 13,522

\$ 3,016

\$ 425,120

The amortized cost and fair value of AFS securities by contractual maturity at September 30, 2012 are as follows:

			Securities With Variable			
	Due in One Year or Less	After One Year But Within Five Years	After Five Years But Within Ten Years	After Ten Years	Monthly Payments or Continual Call Dates	Total
Government sponsored enterprises	\$	\$	\$ 72	\$ 1,853	\$	\$ 1,925
States and political subdivisions	7,300	37,147	82,543	49,586		176,576
Auction rate money market preferred					3,200	3,200
Preferred stocks					6,800	6,800
Mortgage-backed securities					138,086	138,086
Collateralized mortgage obligations					125,949	125,949
Total amortized cost	\$ 7,300	\$ 37,147	\$ 82,615	\$ 51,439	\$ 274,035	\$ 452,536
Fair value	\$ 7,302	\$ 38,237	\$ 88,912	\$ 52,986	\$ 279,977	\$ 467,414

Expected maturities for government sponsored enterprises and states and political subdivisions may differ from contractual maturities because issuers may have the right to call or prepay obligations.

As auction rate money market preferred and preferred stocks have continual call dates, they are not reported by a specific maturity group. Because of their variable monthly payments, mortgage-backed securities and collateralized mortgage obligations are not reported by a specific maturity group.

A summary of the activity related to sales of AFS securities was as follows for the nine month period ended September 30, 2012:

Proceeds from sales of securities	\$ 40,677
Gross realized gains	\$ 1,119
Applicable income tax expense	\$ 380

There were no sales of AFS securities in the first nine months of 2011. The cost basis used to determine the realized gains or losses of securities sold was the amortized cost of the individual investment security as of the trade date.

Information pertaining to AFS securities with gross unrealized losses at September 30, 2012 and December 31, 2011 aggregated by investment category and length of time that individual securities have been in a continuous loss position, follows:

	September 30, 2012							
	Less Tha							
		onths	Over Twel	ve Months				
	Gross		Gross		Total			
	Unrealized	Fair	Unrealized	Fair	Unrealized			
	Losses	Value	Losses	Value	Losses			
States and political subdivisions	\$ 1	\$ 315	\$ 489	\$ 2,410	\$ 490			
Auction rate money market preferred			429	2,771	429			
Preferred stocks			496	3,303	496			
Mortgage-backed securities								
Collateralized mortgage obligations	104	15,001			104			
Total	\$ 105	\$ 15,316	\$ 1,414	\$ 8,484	\$ 1,519			
1000	ΨΙΟΣ	Ψ 10,010	Ψ 1,.11	Ψ 0,101	Ψ 1,015			
Number of securities in an unrealized loss position:		4		6	10			
•								
			December 31, 2	011				
	Loss Thom T	L welve Months	Over Twel					
	Gross	weive Monuis	Gross	ve Months	Total			
	Unrealized	Fair	Unrealized	Fair	Unrealized			
	Losses	Value	Losses	Value	Losses			
States and political subdivisions	\$ 51	\$ 1,410	\$	\$	\$ 51			
Auction rate money market preferred			1,151	2,049	1,151			
Preferred stocks			1,767	5,033	1,767			
Mortgage-backed securities	47	24,291	-,	-,	47			
Montgage backed securities	.,	21,271			.,			
Total	\$ 98	\$ 25,701	\$ 2,918	\$ 7,082	\$ 3,016			
		,						

As of September 30, 2012 and December 31, 2011, we conducted an analysis to determine whether any securities currently in an unrealized loss position should be other-than-temporarily impaired. Such analyses considered, among other factors, the following criteria:

6

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Number of securities in an unrealized loss position:

Has the value of the investment declined more than what is deemed to be reasonable based on a risk and maturity adjusted discount rate?

Is the issuer s investment credit rating below investment grade?

13

Is it probable that the issuer will be unable to pay the amount when due?

Is it more likely than not that we will have to sell the security before recovery of its cost basis?

Has the duration of the investment been extended?

As of September 30, 2012, we held an auction rate money market preferred security and preferred stocks which continued to be in an unrealized loss position as a result of the securities interest rates, as they are currently lower than the offering rates of securities with similar characteristics. We determined that any declines in the fair value of these securities are the result of changes in interest rates and not risks related to the underlying credit quality of the security. Additionally, none of the issuers of these securities are deemed to be below investment grade, we do not intend to sell the securities in an unrealized loss position, and it is unlikely than that we will have to sell the securities before recovery of their cost basis.

During the three month period ended March 31, 2012, we had one state issued student loan auction rate AFS investment security (which is included in states and political subdivisions) that was downgraded by Moody s from A3 to Caa3. As a result of this downgrade, we engaged the services of an independent investment valuation firm to estimate the amount of credit losses (if any) related to this particular issue as of March 31, 2012. The evaluation calculated a range of estimated credit losses utilizing two different bifurcation methods: 1) Estimated Cash Flow Method and 2) Credit Yield Analysis Method. The two methods were then weighted, with a higher weighting applied to the Estimated Cash Flow Method, to determine the estimated credit related impairment. As a result of this analysis we, recognized an OTTI of \$282 in earnings in the first quarter of 2012.

A summary of key valuation assumptions used in the aforementioned analysis as of March 31, 2012, follows:

	Discounted Cash Flow Method
Ratings	Cush I low Method
Fitch	Not Rated
Moody s	Caa3
S&P	A
Seniority	Senior
Discount rate	LIBOR + 6.35%
	Credit Yield
	Analysis Method
Credit discount rate	LIBOR + 4.00%
Average observed discounts based on closed transactions	14.00%

To test for additional impairment of this security during the three months ended September 30, 2012, we obtained another investment valuation (from the same firm engaged to perform the initial valuation as of March 31, 2012) as of September 30, 2012. Based on the results of this valuation, no additional OTTI was indicated as of September 30, 2012.

A rollforward of credit related impairment recognized in earnings on available-for-sale securities in the three and nine months ended September 30, 2012 was as follows:

		e Months Inded	Nine M End	
	Septemb	per 30, 2012	September	r 30, 2012
Balance at beginning of period	\$	282	\$	
Additions to credit losses for which no previous				
OTTI was recognized				282

September 30, 2012 \$ 282 \$ 282

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There were no credit losses recognized in earnings on available-for-sale securities during 2011.

Based on our analysis using the above criteria, the fact that we have asserted that we do not have the intent to sell these securities in an unrealized loss position, and it is unlikely that we will have to sell the securities before recovery of their cost basis, we do not believe that the values of any other securities are other-than-temporarily impaired as of September 30, 2012 or December 31, 2011.

NOTE 6 LOANS AND ALLOWANCE FOR LOAN LOSSES

We grant commercial, agricultural, residential real estate, and consumer loans to customers situated primarily in Clare, Gratiot, Isabella, Mecosta, Midland, Montcalm, and Saginaw counties in Michigan. The ability of the borrowers to honor their repayment obligations is often dependent upon the real estate, agricultural, light manufacturing, retail, gaming and tourism, higher education, and general economic conditions of this region. Substantially all of the consumer and residential real estate loans are secured by various items of property, while commercial loans are secured primarily by real estate, business assets, and personal guarantees; a portion of loans are unsecured.

Loans that we have the intent and ability to hold in our portfolio are reported at their outstanding principal balance adjusted for any charge-offs, the ALLL, and any deferred fees or costs. Interest income on loans is accrued over the term of the loan based on the principal amount outstanding. Loan origination fees and certain direct loan origination costs are capitalized and recognized as a component of interest income over the term of the loan using the level yield method.

The accrual of interest on commercial, agricultural, and residential real estate loans is typically discontinued at the time the loan is 90 days or more past due unless the credit is well-secured and in the process of collection. Consumer loans are typically charged off no later than 180 days past due. Past due status is based on contractual terms of the loan. In all cases, loans are placed on nonaccrual or charged off at an earlier date if collection of principal or interest is considered doubtful.

For loans that are placed on nonaccrual status or charged off, all interest accrued in the current calendar year, but not collected, is reversed against interest income while interest accrued in prior calendar years, but not collected, is charged against the allowance for loan losses. The interest on these loans is accounted for on the cash basis, until qualifying for return to accrual status. Loans are typically returned to accrual status after six months of continuous performance. For impaired loans not classified as nonaccrual, interest income continues to be accrued over the term of the loan based on the principal amount outstanding.

Commercial and agricultural loans include loans for commercial real estate, commercial operating loans, farmland and agricultural production, and state and political subdivisions. Repayment of these loans is often dependent upon the successful operation and management of a business; thus, these loans generally involve greater risk than other types of lending. We minimize our risk by limiting the amount of loans to any one borrower to \$12,500. Borrowers with credit needs of more than \$12,500 are serviced through the use of loan participations with other commercial banks. Commercial and agricultural real estate loans generally require loan-to-value limits of less than 80%. Depending upon the type of loan, past credit history, and current operating results, we may require the borrower to pledge accounts receivable, inventory, and property and equipment. Personal guarantees are generally required from the owners of closely held corporations, partnerships, and sole proprietorships. In addition, we require annual financial statements, prepare cash flow analyses, and review credit reports as deemed necessary.

We offer adjustable rate mortgages, fixed rate balloon mortgages, construction loans, and fixed rate mortgage loans which typically have amortization periods up to a maximum of 30 years. Fixed rate loans with an amortization of greater than 15 years are generally sold upon origination to Freddie Mac. Fixed rate residential real estate loans with an amortization of 15 years or less may be held in our portfolio, held for future sale, or sold upon origination. We consider the direction of interest rates, the sensitivity of our balance sheet to changes in interest rates, and overall loan demand to determine whether or not to sell these loans to Freddie Mac.

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Our lending policies generally limit the maximum loan-to-value ratio on residential real estate loans to 95% of the lower of the appraised value of the property or the purchase price, with the condition that private mortgage insurance is required on loans with loan to value ratios in excess of 80%. Substantially all loans upon origination have a loan to value ratio of less than 80%. Underwriting criteria for residential real estate loans include: evaluation of the borrower s ability to make monthly payments, the value of the property securing the loan, ensuring the payment of principal, interest, taxes, and hazard insurance does not exceed 28% of a borrower s gross income, all debt servicing does not exceed 36% of income, acceptable credit reports, verification of employment, income, and financial information. Appraisals are performed by independent appraisers and reviewed internally. All mortgage loan requests are reviewed by our mortgage loan committee or through a secondary market automated underwriting system; loans in excess of \$400 require the approval of our Internal Loan Committee, the Board of Directors Loan Committee, or the Board of Directors.

Consumer loans include automobile loans, secured and unsecured personal loans, and overdraft protection related loans. Loans are amortized generally for a period of up to 6 years. The underwriting emphasis is on a borrower s perceived intent and ability to pay rather than collateral value. No consumer loans are sold to the secondary market.

The ALLL is established as losses are estimated to have occurred through a provision for loan losses charged to earnings. Loan losses are charged against the ALLL when we believe the uncollectibility of the loan balance is confirmed. Subsequent recoveries, if any, are credited to the ALLL.

The ALLL is evaluated on a regular basis and is based upon a periodic review of the collectibility of the loans in light of historical experience, the nature and volume of the loan portfolio, adverse situations that may affect the borrower s ability to repay, estimated value of any underlying collateral, and prevailing economic conditions. This evaluation is inherently subjective as it requires estimates that are susceptible to significant revision as more information becomes available.

The primary factors behind the determination of the level of the ALLL are specific allocations for impaired loans, historical loss percentages, as well as unallocated components. Specific allocations for impaired loans are primarily determined based on the difference between the net realizable value of the loan s underlying collateral or the net present value of the projected payment stream and our recorded investment. Historical loss allocations were calculated at the loan class and segment levels based on a migration analysis of the loan portfolio over the preceding four years. An unallocated component is maintained to cover uncertainties that we believe affect our estimate of probable losses based on qualitative factors. The unallocated component of the allowance reflects the margin of imprecision inherent in the underlying assumptions used in the methodologies for estimating specific and general losses in the portfolio.

A summary of changes in the ALLL and the recorded investment in loans by segments follows:

Allowance for Loan Losses	
Three Months Ended September 30, 2012	

Allowance for loan losses	Commercial	Agricu		-110	al Estate	nsumer	O I I	illocated	Total
July 1, 2012	\$ 6,008	\$	433	\$	3,669	\$ 667	\$	1,541	\$ 12,318
Loans charged off	(271)				(213)	(127)			(611)
Recoveries	40				34	81			155
Provision for loan losses	1,132		6		(356)	91		(673)	200
September 30, 2012	\$ 6,909	\$	439	\$	3.134	\$ 712	\$	868	\$ 12,062

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Allowance for Loan Losses Nine Months Ended September 30, 2012

September 30, 2012	\$ 6,909	\$	439	\$	3,134	\$	712	\$	868	\$ 12,062
	,		,							,
Provision for loan losses	1,414		(564)		625		232		(607)	1,100
Recoveries	168				95		211			474
Loans charged off	(957)				(566)		(364)			(1,887)
January 1, 2012	\$ 6,284	\$	1,003	\$	2,980	\$	633	\$	1,475	\$ 12,375
Allowance for loan losses										
	Commercial	Agı	ricultural	Re	al Estate	Co	nsumer	Una	allocated	Total
				Re	sidential					

Allowance for Loan Losses and Recorded Investment in Loans

As of September 30, 2012

			Residential	301 00, 2012		
	Commercial	Agricultural	Real Estate	Consumer	Unallocated	Total
Allowance for loan losses						
Individually evaluated for impairment	\$ 2,915	\$	\$ 1,354	\$	\$	\$ 4,269
Collectively evaluated for impairment	3,994	439	1,780	712	868	7,793
Total	\$ 6,909	\$ 439	\$ 3,134	\$ 712	\$ 868	\$ 12,062
Loans						
Individually evaluated for impairment	\$ 16,593	\$ 2,281	\$ 8,429	\$ 79		\$ 27,382
Collectively evaluated for impairment	352,773	81,158	272,002	33,436		739,369
Total	\$ 369,366	\$ 83,439	\$ 280,431	\$ 33,515		\$ 766,751

Allowance for Loan Losses Three Months Ended September 30, 2011

Residential Commercial Agricultural Real Estate Consumer Unallocated Total Allowance for loan losses July 1, 2011 \$6,738 \$ 764 \$ 2,885 660 \$ 1,331 \$ 12,378 \$ Loans charged off (215)(857)(98) (1,170)Recoveries 39 75 1 202 87 Provision for loan losses 116 (331) 1,148 963 33 (3) \$ 6,714 **September 30, 2011** 434 1,364 \$12,373 \$ 3,215 646

Allowance for Loan Losses Nine Months Ended September 30, 2011

				Residential					
	Commercial	Ag	ricultural	Real Estate	Co	nsumer	Una	allocated	Total
Allowance for loan losses		_							
January 1, 2011	\$ 6,048	\$	1,033	\$ 3,198	\$	605	\$	1,489	\$ 12,373
Loans charged off	(1,084)		(1)	(1,735)		(382)			(3,202)
Recoveries	421		1	142		255			819
Provision for loan losses	1,329		(599)	1,610		168		(125)	2,383
September 30, 2011	\$ 6,714	\$	434	\$ 3,215	\$	646	\$	1,364	\$ 12,373

Allowance for Loan Losses and Recorded Investment in Loans

As of December 31, 2011 Residential Commercial Agricultural Real Estate Consumer Unallocated Total Allowance for loan losses Individually evaluated for impairment 2,152 \$ 822 \$ 1,146 \$ \$ \$ 4,120 633 Collectively evaluated for impairment 4,132 181 1,475 8,255 1,834 1,475 **Total** 6,284 1,003 2,980 633 \$ 12,375 Individually evaluated for impairment \$ 14,097 3,384 7,664 105 \$ 25,250 270,696 Collectively evaluated for impairment 351,617 71,261 31,467 725,041 **Total** \$ 365,714 74,645 \$ 278,360 \$ 31,572 \$750,291

The following table displays the credit quality indicators for commercial and agricultural credit exposures based on internally assigned credit ratings as of:

	September 30, 2012								
	Commercial				Agricultural				
	Real Estate	Other	Total	Real Estate	Other	Total			
Rating									
2 - High quality	\$ 25,824	\$ 16,871	\$ 42,695	\$ 2,591	\$ 2,196	\$ 4,787			
3 - High satisfactory	82,108	26,977	109,085	16,293	9,615	25,908			
4 - Low satisfactory	126,649	47,965	174,614	25,073	20,704	45,777			
5 - Special mention	13,224	2,271	15,495	961	2,751	3,712			
6 - Substandard	19,124	2,404	21,528	1,631	1,363	2,994			
7 - Vulnerable	2,783	2,358	5,141						
8 - Doubtful	785	23	808		261	261			
Total	\$ 270,497	\$ 98,869	\$ 369,366	\$ 46,549	\$ 36,890	\$ 83,439			

	December 31, 2011							
		Commercial			Agricultural			
	Real Estate	Other	Total	Real Estate	Other	Total		
Rating								
2 - High quality	\$ 11,113	\$ 11,013	\$ 22,126	\$ 3,583	\$ 1,390	\$ 4,973		
3 - High satisfactory	90,064	29,972	120,036	11,154	5,186	16,340		
4 - Low satisfactory	118,611	57,572	176,183	24,253	15,750	40,003		
5 - Special mention	15,482	4,200	19,682	3,863	2,907	6,770		
6 - Substandard	19,017	4,819	23,836	1,640	4,314	5,954		
7 - Vulnerable	187		187					
8 - Doubtful	3,621	43	3,664	190	415	605		
Total	\$ 258,095	\$ 107,619	\$ 365,714	\$ 44,683	\$ 29,962	\$ 74,645		

Internally assigned risk ratings are reviewed, at a minimum, when loans are renewed or when management has knowledge of improvements or deterioration of the credit quality of individual credits. Descriptions of the internally assigned risk ratings for commercial and agricultural loans are as follows:

1. EXCELLENT Substantially Risk Free

Credit has strong financial condition and solid earnings history, characterized by:

High liquidity, strong cash flow, low leverage.

Unquestioned ability to meet all obligations when due.

Experienced management, with management succession in place.

Secured by cash.

2. HIGH QUALITY Limited Risk

Credit with sound financial condition and has a positive trend in earnings supplemented by:

Favorable liquidity and leverage ratios.

Ability to meet all obligations when due.

Management with successful track record.

Steady and satisfactory earnings history.

If	f loan is secured, collateral is of high quality and readily marketable.
A	Access to alternative financing.
W	Vell defined primary and secondary source of repayment.
If	f supported by guaranty, the financial strength and liquidity of the guarantor(s) are clearly evident.
	SFACTORY Reasonable Risk story financial condition and further characterized by:
W	Vorking capital adequate to support operations.
C	Cash flow sufficient to pay debts as scheduled.
M	Management experience and depth appear favorable.
L	Loan performing according to terms.
If	f loan is secured, collateral is acceptable and loan is fully protected.

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4.	LOW SATISFACTORY	Acceptable Risk
----	------------------	-----------------

Credit with bankable risks, although some signs of weaknesses are shown:

Would include most start-up businesses.

Occasional instances of trade slowness or repayment delinquency may have been 10-30 days slow within the past year.

Management s abilities are apparent, yet unproven.

Weakness in primary source of repayment with adequate secondary source of repayment.

Loan structure generally in accordance with policy.

If secured, loan collateral coverage is marginal.

Adequate cash flow to service debt, but coverage is low.

To be classified as less than satisfactory, only one of the following criteria must be met.

5. SPECIAL MENTION Criticized

Credit constitutes an undue and unwarranted credit risk but not to the point of justifying a classification of substandard. The credit risk may be relatively minor yet constitute an unwarranted risk in light of the circumstances surrounding a specific loan:

Downward trend in sales, profit levels, and margins.

Impaired working capital position.

Cash flow is strained in order to meet debt repayment.

Loan delinquency (30-60 days) and overdrafts may occur.

Shrinking equity cushion.

Diminishing primary source of repayment and questionable secondary source.

Management abilities are questionable.
Weak industry conditions.
Litigation pending against the borrower.
Collateral or guaranty offers limited protection.
Negative debt service coverage, however the credit is well collateralized and payments are current.
6. SUBSTANDARD Classified Credit where the borrower s current net worth, paying capacity, and value of the collateral pledged is inadequate. There is a distinct possibility that we will implement collection procedures if the loan deficiencies are not corrected. In addition, the following characteristics may apply:
Sustained losses have severely eroded the equity and cash flow.
Deteriorating liquidity.
Serious management problems or internal fraud.
Original repayment terms liberalized.
Likelihood of bankruptcy.
Inability to access other funding sources.
Reliance on secondary source of repayment.
Litigation filed against borrower.
Collateral provides little or no value.
Requires excessive attention of the loan officer.
Borrower is uncooperative with loan officer.

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7. VULNERABLE Classified

Credit is considered Substandard and warrants placing on nonaccrual. Risk of loss is being evaluated and exit strategy options are under review. Other characteristics that may apply:

Insufficient cash flow to service debt. Minimal or no payments being received. Limited options available to avoid the collection process. Transition status, expect action will take place to collect loan without immediate progress being made. DOUBTFUL Workout Credit has all the weaknesses inherent in a Substandard loan with the added characteristic that collection and/or liquidation is pending. The possibility of a loss is extremely high, but its classification as a loss is deferred until liquidation procedures are completed, or reasonably estimable. Other characteristics that may apply: Normal operations are severely diminished or have ceased. Seriously impaired cash flow. Original repayment terms materially altered. Secondary source of repayment is inadequate. Survivability as a going concern is impossible. Collection process has begun. Bankruptcy petition has been filed. Judgments have been filed.

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Portion of the loan balance has been charged-off.

9. LOSS Charge off

Credits are considered uncollectible and of such little value that their continuance as bankable assets is not warranted. This classification is for charged off loans but does not mean that the asset has absolutely no recovery or salvage value. These loans are further characterized by:

Liquidation or reorganization under bankruptcy, with poor prospects of collection.

Fraudulently overstated assets and/or earnings.

Collateral has marginal or no value.

Debtor cannot be located.

Over 120 days delinquent.

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Our primary credit quality indicators for residential real estate and consumer loans is the individual loan s past due aging. The following tables summarize the past due and current loans as of:

	September 30, 2012 Total							
		g Interest st Due:		Past Due				
	30-89	90 Days		and	-			
Commercial	Days	or More	Nonaccrual	Nonaccrual	Current	Total		
Commercial real estate	\$ 4,100	\$ 86	\$ 2,939	\$ 7,125	\$ 263,372	\$ 270,497		
Commercial other	680	114	2,369	3,163	95,706	98,869		
Commercial other	000	111	2,307	3,103	75,700	70,007		
Total commercial	4,780	200	5,308	10,288	359,078	369,366		
Total Commercial	1,700	200	3,300	10,200	337,070	202,200		
Agricultural								
Agricultural real estate	36	91		127	46,422	46,549		
Agricultural other	328		261	589	36,301	36,890		
Total agricultural	364	91	261	716	82,723	83,439		
-								
Residential real estate								
Senior liens	2,824	177	1,239	4,240	218,895	223,135		
Junior liens	184		32	216	17,233	17,449		
Home equity lines of credit	238		185	423	39,424	39,847		
Total residential real estate	3,246	177	1,456	4,879	275,552	280,431		
Consumer								
Secured	220			220	27,938	28,158		
Unsecured	64			64	5,293	5,357		
Total consumer	284			284	33,231	33,515		
Total	\$ 8,674	\$ 468	\$ 7,025	\$ 16,167	\$ 750,584	\$ 766,751		

	December 31, 2011 Total								
	Accruing and Pa	g Interest st Due:							
	30-89 Days	90 Days or More	Nonaccrual	and Nonaccrual	Current	Total			
Commercial									
Commercial real estate	\$ 1,721	\$ 364	\$ 4,176	\$ 6,261	\$ 251,834	\$ 258,095			
Commercial other	426	3	25	454	107,165	107,619			
Total commercial	2,147	367	4,201	6,715	358,999	365,714			
Agricultural									
Agricultural real estate		99	189	288	44,395	44,683			
Agricultural other	2		415	417	29,545	29,962			

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Total agricultural	2	99	604	705	73,940	74,645
Residential real estate						
Senior liens	3,004	124	1,292	4,420	213,181	217,601
Junior liens	235	40	94	369	20,877	21,246
Home equity lines of credit	185	125	198	508	39,005	39,513
Total residential real estate	3,424	289	1,584	5,297	273,063	278,360
Consumer						
Secured	158	5		163	26,011	26,174
Unsecured	23			23	5,375	5,398
Total consumer	181	5		186	31,386	31,572
					·	
Total	\$ 5,754	\$ 760	\$ 6,389	\$ 12,903	\$ 737,388	\$ 750,291

Impaired Loans

Loans may be classified as impaired if they meet one or more of the following criteria:

- 1. There has been a chargeoff of its principal balance (in whole or in part);
- 2. The loan has been classified as a Troubled Debt Restructuring (TDR); or
- 3. The loan is in nonaccrual status.

Impairment is measured on a loan by loan basis for commercial, commercial real estate, agricultural, or agricultural real estate loans by either the present value of expected future cash flows discounted at the loan s effective interest rate, the loan s obtainable market price, or the fair value of the collateral, less cost to sell, if the loan is collateral dependent. Large groups of smaller balance homogeneous loans are collectively evaluated for impairment.

Interest income is recognized on impaired loans in nonaccrual status on the cash basis, but only after all principal has been collected. For impaired loans not in nonaccrual status, interest income is recognized daily as earned according to the terms of the loan agreement.

The following is a summary of information pertaining to impaired loans as of and for the periods ended:

	Se	ptember 30, 20 Unpaid	012	December 31, 2011 Unpaid				
	Outstanding Balance	Principal Balance	Valuation Allowance	Outstanding Balance	Principal Balance	Valuation Allowance		
Impaired loans with a valuation allowance								
Commercial real estate	\$ 6,392	\$ 6,673	\$ 2,259	\$ 5,014	\$ 5,142	\$ 1,881		
Commercial other	3,047	3,047	656	734	734	271		
Agricultural other				2,689	2,689	822		
Residential real estate senior liens	8,089	9,237	1,326	7,271	8,827	1,111		
Residential real estate junior liens	152	198	28	195	260	35		
Total impaired loans with a valuation allowance	\$ 17,680	\$ 19,155	\$ 4,269	\$ 15,903	\$ 17,652	\$ 4,120		
Impaired loans without a valuation allowance								
Commercial real estate	\$ 5,356	\$ 6,128		\$ 7,984	\$ 10,570			
Commercial other	1,798	1,908		365	460			
Agricultural real estate				190	190			
Agricultural other	2,281	2,401		505	625			
Residential real estate senior liens	3	65						
Home equity lines of credit	185	485		198	498			
Consumer secured	79	88		105	114			
Total impaired loans without a valuation allowance	\$ 9,702	\$ 11,075		\$ 9,347	\$ 12,457			
Impaired loans								
Commercial	\$ 16,593	\$ 17,756	\$ 2,915	\$ 14,097	\$ 16,906	\$ 2,152		
Agricultural	2,281	2,401		3,384	3,504	822		
Residential real estate	8,429	9,985	1,354	7,664	9,585	1,146		
Consumer	79	88		105	114			

Total impaired loans \$27,382 \$30,230 \$ 4,269 \$25,250 \$30,109 \$ 4,120

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Impaired loans with a valuation allowance	Three Mo Septembe Average Outstanding Balance	er 30, 20 In In		Nine Mor Septembe Average Outstanding Balance	er 30, 2 Ii Ii	
•	Φ (260	Ф	106	Φ 6 107	ф	207
Commercial real estate	\$ 6,260	\$	106	\$ 6,197	\$	287
Commercial other	1,996		67	1,183		95
Agricultural other	1,023		0.6	1,878		73
Residential real estate senior liens	7,992		86	7,802		261
Residential real estate junior liens	158		3	174		7
Total impaired loans with a valuation allowance	\$ 17,429	\$	262	\$ 17,234	\$	723
Total imparieu loans with a valuation anowance	φ 17,72)	φ	202	φ 17,234	φ	123
Impaired loans without a valuation allowance						
Commercial real estate	\$ 5,651	\$	72	\$ 6,749	\$	251
Commercial other	2,026		15	1,860		80
Agricultural real estate	179			214		
Agricultural other	1,417		34	869		41
Residential real estate senior liens	2		2	1		2
Home equity lines of credit	188		6	194		14
Consumer secured	81		2	90		5
Total impaired loans without a valuation allowance	\$ 9,544	\$	131	\$ 9,977	\$	393
Impaired loans						
Commercial	\$ 15,933	\$	260	\$ 15,989	\$	713
Agricultural	2,619		34	2,961		114
Residential real estate	8,340		97	8,171		284
Consumer	81		2	90		5
Total impaired loans	\$ 26,973	\$ 26,973 \$ 393			\$	1,116

	Three Mor	r 30, 20)11	Nine Months Ended September 30, 2011			
	Average Outstanding		terest come	Average Outstanding		nterest	
	Balance		ognized	Balance		cognized	
Impaired loans with a valuation allowance							
Commercial real estate	\$ 4,770	\$	130	\$ 4,402	\$	250	
Commercial other	586		16	577		16	
Agricultural real estate	58		3	58		3	
Agricultural other	720		(38)	1,140		4	
Residential real estate senior liens	6,174		115	5,621		221	
Residential real estate junior liens	179		1	165		5	
Total impaired loans with a valuation allowance	\$ 12,487	\$	227	\$ 11,963	\$	499	
Impaired loans without a valuation allowance							
Commercial real estate	\$ 5,743	\$	124	\$ 3,878	\$	219	
Commercial other	1,941		37	1,076		124	
Agricultural real estate	207		2	112		1	
Agricultural other	2,411		112	1,770		151	
Residential real estate senior liens			1	201		1	
Home equity lines of credit	100		10	100		10	
Consumer secured	50		2	61		5	
Total impaired loans without a valuation allowance	\$ 10,452	\$	288	\$ 7,198	\$	511	
Impaired loans							
Commercial	\$ 13,040	\$	307	\$ 9,933	\$	609	
Agricultural	3,396		79	3,080		159	
Residential real estate	6,453		127	6,087		237	
Consumer	50		2	61		5	
Total impaired loans	\$ 22,939	\$	515	\$ 19,161	\$	1,010	

Impaired loans, which include TDR s, had \$173 and \$68 of unfunded commitments under lines of credit as of September 30, 2012 and 2011, respectively.

Troubled Debt Restructurings

Loan modifications are considered to be TDR s when a concession has been granted to a borrower who is experiencing financial difficulties.

Typical concessions granted include, but are not limited to:

- 1. Agreeing to interest rates below prevailing market rates for debt with similar risk characteristics.
- 2. Extending the amortization period beyond typical lending guidelines for debt with similar risk characteristics.
- 3. Forbearance of principal.
- 4. Forbearance of accrued interest.

To determine if a borrower is experiencing financial difficulties, we consider if:

- 1. The borrower is currently in default on any of their debt.
- 2. The borrower will likely default on any of their debt if the concession is not granted.
- 3. The borrower s cash flow is insufficient to service all of their debt if the concession is not granted.
- 4. The borrower has declared, or is in the process of declaring, bankruptcy.
- 5. The borrower is unlikely to continue as a going concern (if the entity is a business).

The following is a summary of information pertaining to TDR s for the three and nine month periods ended September 30, 2012:

	Loans Restructured in the Three									
	Month					Loans Restructured in the Nine Month				
	Period ended September 30, 2012 Pre- Post-				Period ended September 30, 2011				2012	
						Pre-		Post-		
	Number	Modification Recorded		Modification Recorded		Number	Mod	Modification		dification
	of					orded of		Recorded		ecorded
	Loans	Inv	estment	Investment		Loans	Inv	estment	Inv	estment
Commercial other	1	\$	178	\$	178	27	\$	5,069	\$	5,069
Agricultural other						6		561		561
Residential real estate senior liens						12		1,405		1,405
Residential real estate junior liens	1		22		22	1		22		