WORTHINGTON INDUSTRIES INC Form 10-Q October 09, 2014 Table of Contents

UNITED STATES

SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION

Washington, D.C. 20549

FORM 10-Q

x QUARTERLY REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934 For the quarterly period ended August 31, 2014

OR

" TRANSITION REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934 For the transition period from ______ to _____

Commission File Number 001-08399

WORTHINGTON INDUSTRIES, INC.

(Exact name of registrant as specified in its charter)

Ohio (State or other jurisdiction of incorporation or organization)

31-1189815 (I.R.S. Employer Identification No.)

200 Old Wilson Bridge Road, Columbus, Ohio (Address of principal executive offices)

43085 (Zip Code)

(614) 438-3210 (Registrant s telephone number, including area code)

Not applicable

(Former name, former address and former fiscal year, if changed since last report)

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days.

YES x NO "

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant has submitted electronically and posted on its corporate Web site, if any, every Interactive Data File required to be submitted and posted pursuant to Rule 405 of Regulation S-T (§232.405 of this chapter) during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to submit and post such files).

YES x NO "

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a large accelerated filer, an accelerated filer, a non-accelerated filer, or a smaller reporting company. See the definitions of large accelerated filer, accelerated filer and smaller reporting company in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act.

Large accelerated filerxAccelerated filer"Non-accelerated filer"(Do not check if a smaller reporting company)Smaller reporting company"Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a shell company (as defined in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act)."

YES " NO x

APPLICABLE ONLY TO CORPORATE ISSUERS:

Indicate the number of shares outstanding of each of the Issuer s classes of common stock, as of the latest practicable date. On October 1, 2014, the number of Common Shares, without par value, issued and outstanding was 68,478,141.

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SAFE HARBOR STATEMENT

Selected statements contained in this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q, including, without limitation, in PART I Item 2. Management s Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations, constitute forward-looking statements as that term is used in the Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995 (the Act). Forward-looking statements reflect our current expectations, estimates or projections concerning future results or events. These statements are often identified by the use of forward-looking words or phrases such as believe, expect, anticipate, may, could, intend, estimate, plan, foresee, likely, will, should or other similar words or phrases. These forward-looking statements include, without limitation, statements relating to:

outlook, strategy or business plans;

future or expected growth, performance, sales, volumes, cash flows, earnings, balance sheet strengths, debt, financial condition or other financial measures;

projected profitability potential, capacity, and working capital needs;

demand trends for us or our markets;

additions to product lines and opportunities to participate in new markets;

pricing trends for raw materials and finished goods and the impact of pricing changes;

anticipated capital expenditures and asset sales;

anticipated improvements and efficiencies in costs, operations, sales, inventory management, sourcing and the supply chain and the results thereof;

the ability to make acquisitions and the projected timing, results, benefits, costs, charges and expenditures related to acquisitions, newly-created joint ventures, headcount reductions and facility dispositions, shutdowns and consolidations;

the alignment of operations with demand;

the ability to operate profitably and generate cash in down markets;

the ability to maintain margins and capture and maintain market share and to develop or take advantage of future opportunities, new products and new markets;

expectations for Company and customer inventories, jobs and orders;

expectations for the economy and markets or improvements therein;

expected benefits from transformation plans, cost reduction efforts and other new initiatives;

expectations for increasing volatility or improving and sustaining earnings, earnings potential, margins or shareholder value; effects of judicial rulings; and

other non-historical matters.

Because they are based on beliefs, estimates and assumptions, forward-looking statements are inherently subject to risks and uncertainties that could cause actual results to differ materially from those projected. Any number of factors could affect actual results, including, without limitation, those that follow:

the effect of national, regional and worldwide economic conditions generally and within major product markets, including a recurrent slowing economy;

the effect of conditions in national and worldwide financial markets;

product demand and pricing;

changes in product mix, product substitution and market acceptance of our products;

fluctuations in the pricing, quality or availability of raw materials (particularly steel), supplies, transportation, utilities and other items required by operations;

effects of facility closures and the consolidation of operations;

the effect of financial difficulties, consolidation and other changes within the steel, automotive, construction and other industries in which we participate;

failure to maintain appropriate levels of inventories;

financial difficulties (including bankruptcy filings) of original equipment manufacturers, end-users and customers, suppliers, joint venture partners and others with whom we do business;

the ability to realize targeted expense reductions from headcount reductions, facility closures and other cost reduction efforts;

the ability to realize other cost savings and operational, sales and sourcing improvements and efficiencies, and other expected benefits from transformation initiatives, on a timely basis;

the overall success of, and the ability to integrate, newly-acquired businesses and joint ventures, maintain and develop their customers, and achieve synergies and other expected benefits and cost savings therefrom;

capacity levels and efficiencies, within facilities, within major product markets and within the industry as a whole;

the effect of disruption in the business of suppliers, customers, facilities and shipping operations due to adverse weather, casualty events, equipment breakdowns, acts of war or terrorist activities or other causes;

changes in customer demand, inventories, spending patterns, product choices, and supplier choices;

risks associated with doing business internationally, including economic, political and social instability, foreign currency exposure and the acceptance of our products in new markets;

the ability to improve and maintain processes and business practices to keep pace with the economic, competitive and technological environment;

the outcome of adverse claims experience with respect to workers compensation, product recalls or product liability, casualty events or other matters;

deviation of actual results from estimates and/or assumptions used by us in the application of our significant accounting policies; level of imports and import prices in our markets;

the impact of the outcome of judicial and governmental agency rulings as well as the impact of governmental regulations, both in the United States and abroad, including those adopted by the United States Securities and Exchange Commission and other governmental agencies as contemplated by the Dodd-Frank Wall Street Reform and Consumer Protection Act of 2010;

the effect of changes to healthcare laws in the United States, which may increase our healthcare and other costs and negatively impact our consolidated financial results and operations; and

other risks described from time to time in our filings with the United States Securities and Exchange Commission, including those described in PART I Item 1A. Risk Factors of our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended May 31, 2014.

We note these factors for investors as contemplated by the Act. It is impossible to predict or identify all potential risk factors. Consequently, you should not consider the foregoing list to be a complete set of all potential risks and uncertainties. Any forward-looking statements in this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q are based on current information as of the date of this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q, and we assume no obligation to correct or update any such statements in the future, except as required by applicable law.

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PART I. FINANCIAL INFORMATION

Item 1. Financial Statements

WORTHINGTON INDUSTRIES, INC.

CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS

(In thousands)

(Unaudited)

	August 31, 2014	May 31, 2014
Assets		
Current assets:		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 146,921	\$ 190,079
Receivables, less allowances of \$3,024 and \$3,043 at August 31, 2014 and May 31, 2014, respectively	486,005	493,127
Inventories:		
Raw materials	237,427	213,173
Work in process	138,616	105,872
Finished products	91,519	90,957
Total inventories	467,562	410,002
Income taxes receivable	3,354	5,438
Assets held for sale	31,749	32,235
Deferred income taxes	23,321	24,272
Prepaid expenses and other current assets	45,632	43,769
Total current assets	1,204,544	1,198,922
Investments in unconsolidated affiliates	196,373	179,113
Goodwill	269,357	251,093
Other intangible assets, net of accumulated amortization of \$40,182 and \$35,506 at August 31, 2014 and May 31, 2014	153,018	145,993
Other assets	27,264	22,399
Property, plant & equipment:	27,204	22,377
Land	15,263	15,260
Buildings and improvements	217,388	213,848
Machinery and equipment	861,580	848,889
Construction in progress	32,947	32,135
Total property, plant & equipment	1,127,178	1,110,132
Less: accumulated depreciation	623,038	611,271
	025,058	011,271
Property, plant and equipment, net	504,140	498,861
Total assets	\$ 2,354,696	\$ 2,296,381
Liabilities and equity		
Current liabilities:		
Accounts payable	\$ 369,273	\$ 333,744
Short-term borrowings	10,965	10,362

Accrued compensation, contributions to employee benefit plans and related taxes	66,973

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Dividends payable	12,954	11,044
Other accrued items	60,569	49,873
Income taxes payable	17,836	4,953
Current maturities of long-term debt	101,182	101,173
Total current liabilities	639,752	589,663
Other liabilities	74,178	76,426
Distributions in excess of investment in unconsolidated affiliate	57,772	59,287
Long-term debt	554,494	554,790
Deferred income taxes	69,766	71,333
Total liabilities	1,395,962	1,351,499
Shareholders equity controlling interest	865,869	850,812
Noncontrolling interest	92,865	94,070
Total equity	958,734	944,882
Total liabilities and equity	\$ 2,354,696	\$ 2,296,381
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See notes to consolidated financial statements.

WORTHINGTON INDUSTRIES, INC.

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF EARNINGS

(In thousands, except per share amounts)

(Unaudited)

	Three Months August 3			
		014		2013
Net sales		2,414		692,291
Cost of goods sold	73	2,907	5	581,327
Gross margin	12	9,507	1	10,964
Selling, general and administrative expense	7	5.255		71,540
Impairment of long-lived assets		1,950		4,641
Restructuring and other income		(7)		(3,997)
Joint venture transactions		107		142
		107		1.2
Operating income	5	2,202		38,638
Other income (expense):	5	2,202		38,038
Miscellaneous income		323		10,937
	(9,516)		
Interest expense		9,510) 7,924		(6,240) 26,951
Equity in net income of unconsolidated affiliates	2	7,924		20,951
Earnings before income taxes	7	0,933		70,286
Income tax expense	2	2,113		13,933
Net earnings	4	8,820		56,353
Net earnings attributable to noncontrolling interest		4,652		1,796
		1,002		1,750
Net earnings attributable to controlling interest	\$ 4	4,168	\$	54,557
Decis				
Basic	6	7,567		69,601
Average common shares outstanding	0	1,307		09,001
Earnings per share attributable to controlling interest	\$	0.65	\$	0.78
Diluted				
Average common shares outstanding	6	9,738		72,083
Earnings per share attributable to controlling interest	\$	0.63	\$	0.76
		5.00	Ψ	0.70
Common shares outstanding at end of period	6	7,424		69,373
Cash dividends declared per share	\$	0.18	\$	0.15
See notes to consolidated financial statements.	Ψ	0.10	ψ	0.15

See notes to consolidated financial statements.

WORTHINGTON INDUSTRIES, INC.

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME

(In thousands)

(Unaudited)

	Three Months Ended August 31,	
	2014	2013
Net earnings	\$ 48,820	\$ 56,353
Other comprehensive income (loss):		
Foreign currency translation	(9,592)	(486)
Cash flow hedges, net of tax	961	3,351
Other comprehensive income (loss)	(8,631)	2,865
Comprehensive income	40,189	59,218
Comprehensive income attributable to noncontrolling interest	3,472	779
Comprehensive income attributable to controlling interest	\$ 36,717	\$ 58,439

See notes to consolidated financial statements.

WORTHINGTON INDUSTRIES, INC.

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS

(In thousands)

(Unaudited)

	8	st 31,
	2014	2013
Operating activities	* 10.000	ф <u>г</u> сото
Net earnings	\$ 48,820	\$ 56,353
Adjustments to reconcile net earnings to net cash provided by operating activities:		10.144
Depreciation and amortization	20,367	19,460
Impairment of long-lived assets	1,950	4,641
Provision for deferred income taxes	(535)	(8,424
Bad debt income	(203)	(48)
Equity in net income of unconsolidated affiliates, net of distributions	(6,990)	(5,91
Net gain on sale of assets	(2,830)	(4,662
Stock-based compensation	4,355	3,780
Excess tax benefits - stock-based compensation	(5,132)	(4,29
Gain on previously held interest in TWB	-	(11,000
Changes in assets and liabilities, net of impact of acquisitions:		
Receivables	12,752	7,65
nventories	(51,217)	51
Prepaid expenses and other current assets	(2,872)	(2,36
Other assets	121	43
Accounts payable and accrued expenses	41,890	40,62
Other liabilities	(5,991)	(1,85
Net cash provided by operating activities	54,485	94,464
Investing activities		
investment in property, plant and equipment, net	(23,873)	(13,354
nvestment in notes receivable	(5,000)	(-)
Acquisitions, net of cash acquired	(36,550)	52,95
Distributions from (investments in) unconsolidated affiliates	(3,800)	5,55
Proceeds from sale of assets and insurance	265	7,64
Net cash provided (used) by investing activities	(68,958)	52,80
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Financing activities		
Net proceeds from (repayments of) short-term borrowings	555	(51,54
Principal payments on long-term debt	(302)	(28
Proceeds from (payments for) issuance of common shares	(1,020)	2,20
Excess tax benefits - stock-based compensation	5,132	4,29
Payments to noncontrolling interest	(2,867)	(1,76
Repurchase of common shares	(20,071)	(30,51
Dividends paid	(10,112)	

Net cash used by financing activities

(77,605)

(28,685)

Increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	(43,158)	69,664
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of period	190,079	51,385
Cash and cash equivalents at end of period	\$ 146,921	\$ 121,049

See notes to consolidated financial statements.

WORTHINGTON INDUSTRIES, INC.

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(Unaudited)

NOTE A Basis of Presentation

The consolidated financial statements include the accounts of Worthington Industries, Inc. and consolidated subsidiaries (collectively, we, our, Worthington, or the Company). Investments in unconsolidated affiliates are accounted for using the equity method. Significant intercompany accounts and transactions are eliminated.

Spartan Steel Coating, LLC (Spartan), TWB Company, L.L.C. (TWB), Worthington Aritaş Basınçlı Kaplar Sanayi (Worthington Aritas Worthington Energy Innovations, LLC (WEI), and Worthington Nitin Cylinders Limited (Worthington Nitin Cylinders) in which we own controlling interests of 52%, 55%, 75%, 75%, and 60%, respectively, are consolidated with the equity owned by the other joint venture members shown as noncontrolling interest in our consolidated balance sheets, and the other joint venture members portion of net earnings and other comprehensive income (loss) shown as net earnings or comprehensive income attributable to noncontrolling interest in our consolidated statements of earnings and consolidated statements of comprehensive income, respectively.

These unaudited consolidated financial statements have been prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (U.S. GAAP) for interim financial information and with the instructions to Form 10-Q and Article 10 of Regulation S-X of the Securities and Exchange Commission (SEC). Accordingly, they do not include all of the information and notes required by U.S. GAAP for complete financial statements. In the opinion of management, all adjustments, which are of a normal and recurring nature, except those which have been disclosed elsewhere in this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q, necessary for a fair presentation of the results of operations of these interim periods, have been included. Operating results for the three months ended August 31, 2014 are not necessarily indicative of the results that may be expected for the fiscal year ending May 31, 2015 (fiscal 2015). For further information, refer to the consolidated financial statements and notes thereto included in the Annual Report on Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended May 31, 2014 (fiscal 2014) of Worthington Industries, Inc. (the 2014 Form 10-K).

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with U.S. GAAP requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported in the consolidated financial statements and accompanying notes. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

Recently Issued Accounting Standards

In March 2013, amended accounting guidance was issued regarding the accounting for cumulative translation adjustment. The amended guidance specifies that a cumulative translation adjustment should be released from earnings when an entity ceases to have a controlling financial interest in a subsidiary or a group of assets within a consolidated foreign entity and the sale or transfer results in the complete or substantially complete liquidation of the foreign entity. For sales of an equity method investment that is a foreign entity, a pro rata portion of the cumulative translation adjustment attributable to the investment would be recognized in earnings upon sale of the investment. The amended guidance is effective prospectively for annual reporting periods, and interim periods within those annual periods, beginning after December 15, 2013. Early adoption is permitted. The adoption of this amended accounting guidance on June 1, 2014 did not have a material impact on our consolidated financial position or results of operations.

In May 2014, amended accounting guidance was issued that replaces most existing revenue recognition guidance under U.S. GAAP. The amended guidance requires an entity to recognize the amount of revenue to which it expects to be entitled for the transfer of promised goods or services to customers. The amended guidance is effective for annual reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2016, including interim periods within that reporting period. Early application is not permitted. We are in the process of evaluating the effect this guidance will have on our consolidated financial position and results of operations. The amended guidance permits the use of either the retrospective or cumulative effect transition method. We have not selected a transition method nor have we determined the effect of the amended guidance on our ongoing financial reporting.

NOTE B Investments in Unconsolidated Affiliates

Our investments in affiliated companies that we do not control, either through majority ownership or otherwise, are accounted for using the equity method. These include ArtiFlex Manufacturing, LLC (ArtiFlex) (50%), Clarkwestern Dietrich Building Systems LLC (ClarkDietrich) (25%), Samuel Steel Pickling Company (31.25%), Serviacero Planos, S. de R. L. de C.V. (Serviacero) (50%), Worthington Armstrong Venture (WAVE) (50%), Worthington Specialty Processing (WSP) (51%), and Zhejiang Nisshin Worthington Precision Specialty Steel Co., Ltd. (10%). WSP is considered to be jointly controlled and not consolidated due to substantive participating rights of the minority partner.

We received distributions from unconsolidated affiliates totaling \$20,934,000 during the three months ended August 31, 2014. We have received cumulative distributions from WAVE in excess of our investment balance totaling \$57,772,000 at August 31, 2014. In accordance with the applicable accounting guidance, these excess distributions are reclassified to the liabilities section of our consolidated balance sheet. We will continue to record our equity in the net income of WAVE as a debit to the investment account, and if it becomes positive, it will again be shown as an asset on our consolidated balance sheet. If it becomes obvious that any excess distribution may not be returned (upon joint venture liquidation or otherwise), we will recognize any balance classified as a liability as income immediately.

We use the cumulative earnings approach for determining cash flow presentation of distributions from our unconsolidated joint ventures. Distributions received are included in our consolidated statements of cash flows as operating activities, unless the cumulative distributions exceed our portion of the cumulative equity in the net earnings of the joint venture, in which case the excess distributions are deemed to be returns of the investment and are classified as investing activities in our consolidated statements of cash flows.

Combined financial information for our unconsolidated affiliates is summarized as follows:

	August 31,	May 31,
(in thousands)	2014	2014
Cash	\$ 54,254	\$ 52,997
Receivable from partner (1)	14,195	12,717
Other current assets	463,909	454,417
Noncurrent assets	291,520	294,001
Total assets	\$ 823,878	\$814,132
Current liabilities	\$ 139,973	\$ 128,595
Short-term borrowings	28,217	40,992
Current maturities of long-term debt	4,435	4,510
Long-term debt	267,232	268,350
Other noncurrent liabilities	18,869	20,217
Equity	365,152	351,468
Total liabilities and equity	\$ 823,878	\$ 814,132

		nths Ended 1st 31,
(in thousands)	2014	2013
Net sales	\$ 392,550	\$ 423,481
Gross margin	88,751	89,814
Operating income	63,479	64,540
Depreciation and amortization	9,122	10,337
Interest expense	2,162	2,223
Income tax expense	2,753	3,030
Net earnings	59,440	59,634

(1) Represents cash owed from a joint venture partner as a result of centralized cash management.

The financial results of TWB have been included in the amounts presented in the tables above through July 31, 2013. On July 31, 2013, we completed the acquisition of an additional 10% interest in TWB. As a result, TWB s results have been consolidated within Steel Processing since that date with the minority member s portion of earnings eliminated within earnings attributable to noncontrolling interest.

NOTE C Impairment of Long-Lived Assets

During the fourth quarter of fiscal 2014, management committed to a plan to sell the Company s stainless steel business, Precision Specialty Metals, Inc. (PSM). As all of the criteria for classification as assets held for sale were met, the net assets of this business, which consist of net working capital and property, plant and equipment, have been presented separately as assets held for sale in our consolidated balance sheets as of each of August 31, 2014 and May 31, 2014. In accordance with the applicable accounting guidance, the net assets were recorded at the lower of net book value or fair value less costs to sell as of May 31, 2014. As a result of changes in facts and circumstances related to the planned sale of PSM during the first quarter of fiscal 2015, the Company reassessed the fair value of this business and determined that an additional impairment charge of \$1,950,000 was required for the three months ended August 31, 2014.

NOTE D Restructuring and Other Income

In fiscal 2008, we initiated a Transformation Plan (the Transformation Plan) with the overall goal to improve our sustainable earnings potential, asset utilization and operational performance. The Transformation Plan focuses on cost reduction, margin expansion and organizational capability improvements and, in the process, seeks to drive excellence in three core competencies: sales; operations; and supply chain management. The Transformation Plan is comprehensive in scope and includes aggressive diagnostic and implementation phases. When this process began, we retained a consulting firm to assist in the development and implementation of the Transformation Plan. As the Transformation Plan progressed, we formed internal teams dedicated to this effort, and they ultimately assumed full responsibility for executing the Transformation Plan. Although the consulting firm was again engaged as we rolled out the Transformation Plan in our Pressure Cylinders operating segment, most of the work is now being done by our internal teams. These internal teams are now an integral part of our business and constitute what we refer to as the Centers of Excellence (COE). The COE will continue to monitor the performance metrics and new processes instituted across our transformed operations and drive continuous improvements in all areas of our operations. The expenses related to the COE have been included in selling, general and administrative (SG&A) expense since the beginning of fiscal 2013.

To date, we have completed the transformation phases in each of the core facilities within our Steel Processing operating segment, including the facilities of our Mexican joint venture, Serviacero. We also substantially completed the transformation phases at our metal framing facilities prior to their contribution to ClarkDietrich. Transformation efforts within our Pressure Cylinders and Engineered Cabs operating segments, which began during the first quarter of fiscal 2012 and the first quarter of fiscal 2013, respectively, are ongoing.

A progression of the liabilities associated with our restructuring activities, combined with a reconciliation to the restructuring and other income financial statement caption in our consolidated statement of earnings for the three months ended August 31, 2014 is summarized as follows:

(in thousands)	Beginning Balance		0 0		0 0 1		Payments Adjustments				Ending Balance	
Early retirement and severance	\$	6,495	\$	(30)	\$	(2,334)	\$	30	\$ 4,161			
Facility exit and other costs		534		130		(634)		213	243			
	\$	7,029		100	\$	(2,968)	\$	243	\$ 4,404			
Less: joint venture transactions				(107)								
Restructuring and other income			\$	(7)								

Approximately \$3,929,000 of the total liability as of August 31, 2014 is expected to be paid in the next twelve months. The remaining liability, which consists of lease termination costs and certain severance benefits, will be paid through September 2016.

NOTE E Contingent Liabilities

We are defendants in certain legal actions. In the opinion of management, the outcome of these actions, which is not clearly determinable at the present time, would not significantly affect our consolidated financial position or future results of operations. We believe that environmental issues will not have a material effect on our capital expenditures, consolidated financial position or future results of operations.

Insurance Recoveries

On August 19, 2013, a fire occurred at our Pressure Cylinders facility in Kienberg, Austria, in the building that houses the massing process in the production of acetylene cylinders. The other portions of the Austrian facility were not damaged; however, the massing process building sustained extensive damage and was rendered inoperable. Additionally, we have incurred and will continue to incur incremental business interruption costs until the massing process building is fully operational, which we expect to occur during the second quarter of fiscal 2015. The Company has business interruption and property damage insurance and, as a result, the fire did not have a material adverse impact on the Company s consolidated financial results.

Total proceeds received related to insurance claims since the date of loss have been as follows:

(in thousands)	
Property and equipment	\$ 5,547
Business interruption	3,747
Other expenses	794
Total insurance proceeds	\$ 10,088

The proceeds for business interruption relate to the loss of profits since the date of the fire and have been recorded as a reduction of manufacturing expense, including \$879,000 during the three months ended August 31, 2014. The proceeds for other expenses represent reimbursement for incremental expenses related to the fire and were recorded as an offset to manufacturing expense, including \$50,000 during the three months ended August 31, 2014.

NOTE F Guarantees

We do not have guarantees that we believe are reasonably likely to have a material current or future effect on our consolidated financial condition, changes in financial condition, revenues or expenses, results of operations, liquidity, capital expenditures or capital resources. However, as of August 31, 2014, we were party to an operating lease for an aircraft in which we have guaranteed a residual value at the termination of the lease. The maximum obligation under the terms of this guarantee was approximately \$12,667,000 at August 31, 2014. We have also guaranteed the repayment of a \$2,917,000 term loan entered into by one of our unconsolidated affiliates, ArtiFlex. Based on current facts and circumstances, we have estimated the likelihood of payment pursuant to these guarantees, and determined that the fair value of our obligation under each guarantee based on those likely outcomes is not material and therefore no amounts have been recognized in our consolidated financial statements.

NOTE G Debt and Receivables Securitization

We have a \$425,000,000 multi-year revolving credit facility (the Credit Facility) with a group of lenders that matures in May 2017. There were no borrowings outstanding under the Credit Facility at August 31, 2014. Additionally, we provided \$13,716,000 in stand-by letters of credit for third-party beneficiaries as of August 31, 2014. While not drawn against, certain of these letters of credit totaling \$11,732,000 are issued against availability under the Credit Facility, leaving \$413,268,000 available at August 31, 2014.

Borrowings under the Credit Facility have maturities of less than one year. However, we can extend the term of amounts borrowed by renewing these borrowings for the term of the Credit Facility. We have the option to borrow at rates equal to an applicable margin over the LIBOR, Prime or Fed Funds rates. The applicable margin is determined by our credit rating. At August 31, 2014, the applicable variable rate, based on LIBOR, was 1.23%.

We also maintain a \$100,000,000 revolving trade accounts receivable securitization facility (the AR Facility), which expires in January 2015. The AR Facility has been available throughout fiscal 2015 to date, and was available throughout fiscal 2014. Pursuant to the terms of the AR Facility, certain of our subsidiaries sell their accounts

receivable without recourse, on a revolving basis, to Worthington Receivables Corporation (WRC), a wholly-owned, consolidated, bankruptcy-remote subsidiary. In turn, WRC may sell without recourse, on a revolving basis, up to \$100,000,000 of undivided ownership interests in this pool of accounts receivable to a multi-seller, asset-backed commercial paper conduit (the Conduit). Purchases by the Conduit are financed with the sale of A1/P1 commercial paper. We retain an undivided interest in this pool and are subject to risk of loss based on the collectability of the receivables from this retained interest. Because the amount eligible to be sold excludes receivables more than 90 days past due, receivables offset by an allowance for doubtful accounts due to bankruptcy or other cause, concentrations over certain limits with specific customers and certain reserve amounts, we believe additional risk of loss is minimal. The book value of the retained portion of the pool of accounts receivable approximates fair value. As of August 31, 2014, the pool of eligible accounts receivable exceeded the \$100,000,000 limit; however, no ownership interests in this pool had been sold.

Short-term borrowings at August 31, 2014 consisted of \$4,325,000 outstanding under a credit facility maintained by our consolidated affiliate, Worthington Aritas, that matures in March 2015 and bears interest at a fixed rate of 5.60%, and \$6,640,000 outstanding under a \$9,500,000 credit facility maintained by our consolidated affiliate, Worthington Nitin Cylinders, that matures in November 2014 and bears interest at a variable rate. The applicable variable rate was 6.85% at August 31, 2014.

NOTE H Comprehensive Income

The following table summarizes the tax effects on each component of other comprehensive loss for the three months ended August 31, 2014:

	Befo	ore-Tax			Net	t-of-Tax
(in thousands)	An	nount	Tax E	xpense	A	mount
Foreign currency translation	\$	(9,592)	\$	-	\$	(9,592)
Cash flow hedges		1,543		(582)		961
Other comprehensive loss	\$	(8,049)	\$	(582)	\$	(8,631)

The following table summarizes the tax effects on each component of other comprehensive income for the three months ended August 31, 2013:

	Befe	ore-Tax			Net	-of-Tax
(in thousands)	Aı	nount	Tax I	Expense	Ar	nount
Foreign currency translation	\$	(486)	\$	-	\$	(486)
Cash flow hedges		4,820		(1,469)		3,351
Other comprehensive income	\$	4,334	\$	(1,469)	\$	2,865

NOTE I Changes in Equity

The following table provides a summary of the changes in total equity, shareholders equity attributable to controlling interest, and equity attributable to noncontrolling interest for the three months ended August 31, 2014:

	Additional Paid-in	Cun O Comp I	ontrolling I nulative Other rehensive	Retained		Non- controlling	
(in thousands)	Capital	Net	of Tax	Earnings	Total	Interest	Total
Balance at May 31, 2014	\$ 262,610	\$	(3,581)	\$ 591,783	\$850,812	\$ 94,070	\$ 944,882
Net earnings	-		-	44,168	44,168	4,652	48,820
Other comprehensive loss	-		(7,451)	-	(7,451)	(1,180)	(8,631)
Common shares issued	(1,020)		-	-	(1,020)	-	(1,020)
Stock-based compensation	11,760		-	-	11,760	-	11,760
Purchases and retirement of common shares	(1,922)		-	(18,149)	(20,071)	-	(20,071)
Cash dividends declared	-		-	(12,329)	(12,329)	-	(12,329)
Dividend to noncontrolling interest	-		-	-	-	(4,677)	(4,677)
Balance at August 31, 2014	\$271,428	\$	(11,032)	\$ 605,473	\$ 865,869	\$ 92,865	\$ 958,734

The components of the changes in other comprehensive income (loss) were as follows:

(in thousands)	Foreign Currency Translation	Pension Liability Adjustment	Cash Flow Hedges	Accumulated Other Comprehensive Loss
Balance as of May 31, 2014	\$ 11,015	\$ (11,265)	\$ (3,331)	\$ (3,581)
Other comprehensive income (loss) before				
reclassifications	(8,400)	-	(413)	(8,813)
Reclassification adjustments to income (a)	-	-	1,944	1,944
Income taxes	-	-	(582)	(582)
Balance as of August 31, 2014	\$ 2,615	\$ (11,265)	\$ (2,382)	\$ (11,032)

(a) The statement of earnings classification of amounts reclassified to income for cash flow hedges is disclosed in NOTE O Derivative Instruments and Hedging Activities.

NOTE J Stock-Based Compensation

Non-Qualified Stock Options

During the three months ended August 31, 2014, we granted non-qualified stock options covering a total of 96,200 common shares under our stock-based compensation plans. The weighted average option price of \$43.04 per share was equal to the market price of the underlying common shares at the grant date. The fair value of these stock options, based on the Black-Scholes option-pricing model, calculated at the grant date, was \$17.96 per share. The calculated pre-tax stock-based compensation expense for these stock options, after an estimate for forfeitures, is \$1,538,000 and will be recognized on a straight-line basis over the three-year vesting period. The following assumptions were used to value these stock options:

Dividend yield	1.88%
Expected volatility	50.92%
Risk-free interest rate	1.88%
Expected term (years)	6.0

Expected volatility is based on the historical volatility of our common shares and the risk-free interest rate is based on the United States Treasury strip rate for the expected term of the stock options. The expected term was developed using historical exercise experience.

Service-Based Restricted Common Shares

During the three months ended August 31, 2014, we granted an aggregate of 108,725 service-based restricted common shares under our stock-based compensation plans. The fair values of these restricted common shares were equal to the closing market prices of the underlying common shares on the date of grant, or \$43.04 per share. The calculated pre-tax stock-based compensation expense for these restricted common shares, after an estimate for forfeitures, is \$4,165,000 and will be recognized on a straight-line basis over the three-year service-based vesting period.

Market-Based Restricted Common Shares

During the three months ended August 31, 2014, we granted an aggregate of 50,000 restricted common shares to two key employees under our stock-based compensation plans. Vesting of these restricted common share awards is contingent upon the price of our common shares reaching \$60.00 per share and remaining at or above that price for 30 consecutive days during the five-year period following the date of grant and the completion of a five-year service vesting period. The grant-date fair value of these restricted common shares, as determined by a Monte Carlo simulation model, was \$32.06 per share. The Monte Carlo simulation model is a statistical technique that incorporates multiple assumptions to determine the probability that the market condition will be achieved. The following assumptions were used to determine the grant-date fair value and the derived service period for these restricted common shares:

Dividend yield	1.60%
Expected volatility	44.00%
Risk-free interest rate	1.70%

The calculated pre-tax stock-based compensation expense for these restricted common shares is \$1,603,000 and will be recognized on a straight-line basis over the five-year service vesting period.

Performance Share Awards

We have awarded performance shares to certain key employees that are earned based on the level of achievement with respect to targets for cumulative corporate economic value added, earnings per share growth and, in the case of business unit executives, business unit operating income targets for the three-year periods ending May 31, 2015, 2016 and 2017. These performance share awards will be paid, to the extent earned, in common shares of the Company in the fiscal quarter following the end of the applicable three-year periods. The fair value of our performance shares is determined by the closing market prices of the underlying common shares at their respective grant dates and the pre-tax stock-based compensation expense is based on our periodic assessment of the probability of the targets being achieved and our estimate of the number of common shares that will ultimately be issued. During the three months ended August 31, 2014, we granted performance share awards covering an aggregate of 62,000 common shares (at target levels). The calculated pre-tax stock-based compensation expense for these performance shares is \$2,648,000 and will be recognized over the three-year performance period.

NOTE K Income Taxes

Income tax expense for the three months ended August 31, 2014 and August 31, 2013 reflected estimated annual effective income tax rates of 32.8% and 28.9%, respectively. The annual effective income tax rates exclude any impact from the inclusion of net earnings attributable to noncontrolling interests in our consolidated statements of earnings. Net earnings attributable to noncontrolling interest is a result of our Spartan, WEI, Worthington Nitin Cylinders, and TWB consolidated joint ventures. The earnings attributable to the noncontrolling interest in Spartan, WEI, and TWB s U.S. operations do not generate tax expense to Worthington Nitin Cylinders, a foreign corporation, is reported in our consolidated tax expense. Since the consolidation of TWB on July 31, 2013, the tax expense of TWB s wholly-owned foreign corporations has been reported in our consolidated tax expense. Management is required to estimate the annual effective income tax rate based upon its forecast of annual pre-tax income for domestic and foreign operations. Our actual effective income tax rate for fiscal 2015 could be materially different from the forecasted rate as of August 31, 2014.

NOTE L Earnings Per Share

The following table sets forth the computation of basic and diluted earnings per share for the three months ended August 31, 2014 and 2013:

		nths Ended st 31,
(in thousands, except per share amounts)	2014	2013
Numerator (basic & diluted):		
Net earnings attributable to controlling interest income available to common		
shareholders	\$44,168	\$ 54,557
Denominator:		
Denominator for basic earnings per share attributable to controlling interest		
weighted average common shares	67,567	69,601
Effect of dilutive securities	2,171	2,482
Denominator for diluted earnings per share attributable to controlling interest adjusted weighted average common shares	69,738	72,083
Basic earnings per share attributable to controlling interest	\$ 0.65	\$ 0.78
Diluted earnings per share attributable to controlling interest	\$ 0.63	\$ 0.76

Stock options covering 87,976 common shares have been excluded from the computation of diluted earnings per share for the three months ended August 31, 2014 because the effect would have been anti-dilutive as the exercise price of the stock options was greater than the average market price of the common shares during the period.

NOTE M Segment Operations

Summarized financial information for our reportable segments is shown in the following table:

		Three Months End August 31,		nded
(in thousands)		2014		2013
Net sales				
Steel Processing	\$	552,331	\$	402,441
Pressure Cylinders		248,959		216,900
Engineered Cabs		49,554		48,461
Other		11,570		24,489
Consolidated net sales	\$	862,414	\$	692,291
Operating income (loss)				
Steel Processing	\$	35,869	\$	22,663
Pressure Cylinders	ψ	19,606	ψ	19,454
Engineered Cabs		(2,145)		(304)
Other		(1,128)		(3,175)
Guier		(1,120)		(3,175)
Consolidated operating income	\$	52,202	\$	38,638
Restructuring and other expense (income)				
Steel Processing	\$	(30)	\$	(4,762
Pressure Cylinders		23		402
Engineered Cabs		-		-
Other		-		363
Consolidated restructuring and other income	\$	(7)	\$	(3,997)
Impairment of long-lived assets				
Steel Processing	\$	1,950	\$	4,641
Pressure Cylinders		-		-
Engineered Cabs		-		-
Other		-		-
Consolidated impairment of long-lived assets	\$	1,950	\$	4,641
Laint vonture transactions				
Joint venture transactions	Φ		¢	
Steel Processing	\$	-	\$	-
Pressure Cylinders		-		-
Engineered Cabs		107		- 1.40
Other		107		142
Consolidated joint venture transactions	\$	107	\$	142
	Α	ugust 31.	Ν	Iay 31 .
(in thousands)	Α	ugust 31, 2014	N	4ay 31, 2014

Steel Processing	\$ 896,069	\$ 850,748
Pressure Cylinders	849,168	818,720
Engineered Cabs	181,876	181,251
Other	427,583	445,662

Consolidated total assets

\$ 2,354,696 \$ 2,296,381

NOTE N Acquisitions

Midstream Equipment Fabrication, LLC

On August 1, 2014, we acquired the net assets of Midstream Equipment Fabrication LLC (MEF) for cash consideration of \$35,232,000 and the assumption of certain liabilities. MEF manufactures patented horizontal heated and high pressure separators used to separate oilfield fluids and gas for customers drilling in the Eagle Ford Shale and is well-situated to serve customers in the Permian Basin. The acquired net assets became part of our Pressure Cylinders operating segment upon closing.

The assets acquired and liabilities assumed were recognized at their acquisition-date fair values, with goodwill representing the excess of the purchase price over the fair value of the net identifiable assets acquired. In connection with the acquisition of the net assets of MEF, we identified and valued the following identifiable intangible assets:

(in thousands)		Useful Life
Category	Amount	(Years)
Technological know-how	\$ 5,100	10
Customer relationships	4,300	7
Non-compete agreements	2,400	4
Backlog	1,800	Less than 1
-		
Total acquired identifiable intangible assets	\$ 13,600	

The purchase price includes the fair values of other assets that were not identifiable, not separately recognizable under accounting rules (e.g., assembled workforce) or of immaterial value. The purchase price also includes a going-concern element that represents our ability to earn a higher rate of return on this group of assets than would be expected on the separate assets as determined during the valuation process. This additional investment value resulted in goodwill, which is expected to be deductible for income tax purposes.

The following table summarizes the consideration transferred for the net assets of MEF and the fair value assigned to the assets acquired and liabilities assumed at the acquisition date:

(in thousands)	
Accounts receivable	\$ 3,329
Inventories	3,550
Intangible assets	13,600
Property, plant and equipment	166
Total identifiable assets	20,645
Accounts payable	555
Other accrued items	92
Deferred revenue	4,808
Net assets	15,190
Goodwill	23,202
Purchase price	38,392
Less: estimated excess working capital	3,160
Cash paid at closing	\$ 35,232

The Company incurred \$273,000 of acquisition-related costs that were expensed within SG&A expense during the three months ended August 31, 2014. Operating results of the acquired business have been included in our consolidated statement of earnings for the three months

ended August 31, 2014 from the acquisition date, forward. Pro forma results, including the acquired business since the beginning of fiscal 2014, would not be materially different than reported results.

James Russell Engineering Works, Inc.

On July 31, 2014, we acquired the net assets of James Russell Engineering Works, Inc. (JRE) for cash consideration of \$1,571,000. JRE manufactures aluminum and stainless steel cryogenic transport trailers used for hauling liquid oxygen, nitrogen, argon, hydrogen and liquefied natural gas (LNG) for producers and distributors of industrial gases and LNG. The acquired net assets became part of our Pressure Cylinders operating segment upon closing.

The assets acquired and liabilities assumed were recognized at their acquisition-date fair values. The purchase price includes the fair values of other assets that were not identifiable, not separately recognizable under accounting rules (e.g., assembled workforce) or of immaterial value. The purchase price also includes a going-concern element that represents our ability to earn a higher rate of return on this group of assets than would be expected on the separate assets as determined during the valuation process. This additional investment value resulted in goodwill, which is expected to be deductible for income tax purposes.

The following table summarizes the consideration transferred for the net assets of JRE and the fair value assigned to the assets acquired and liabilities assumed at the acquisition date:

(in thousands)	
Cash	\$ 253
Accounts receivable	509
Inventories	2,793
Prepaid expense and other current assets	40
Property, plant and equipment	250
Total identifiable assets	3,845
Accounts payable	514
Other accrued items	2,160
Net identifiable assets	1,171
Goodwill	400
Total cash consideration	\$ 1,571

Operating results of the acquired business have been included in our consolidated statement of earnings for the three months ended August 31, 2014 from the acquisition date, forward. Pro forma results, including the acquired business since the beginning of fiscal 2014, would not be materially different than reported results.

NOTE O Derivative Instruments and Hedging Activities

We utilize derivative financial instruments to manage exposure to certain risks related to our ongoing operations. The primary risks managed through the use of derivative instruments include interest rate risk, currency exchange risk and commodity price risk. While certain of our derivative instruments are designated as hedging instruments, we also enter into derivative instruments that are designed to hedge a risk, but are not designated as hedging instruments and therefore do not qualify for hedge accounting. These derivative instruments are adjusted to current fair value through earnings at the end of each period.

Interest Rate Risk Management We are exposed to the impact of interest rate changes. Our objective is to manage the impact of interest rate changes on cash flows and the market value of our borrowings. We utilize a mix of debt maturities along with both fixed-rate and variable-rate debt to manage changes in interest rates. In addition, we enter into interest rate swaps to further manage our exposure to interest rate variations related to our borrowings and to lower our overall borrowing costs.

Currency Exchange Risk Management We conduct business in several major international currencies and are therefore subject to risks associated with changing foreign exchange rates. We enter into various contracts that change in value as foreign exchange rates change to manage this exposure. Such contracts limit exposure to both favorable and unfavorable currency fluctuations. The translation of foreign currencies into United States dollars also subjects us to exposure related to fluctuating exchange rates; however, derivative instruments are not

used to manage this risk.

Commodity Price Risk Management We are exposed to changes in the price of certain commodities, including steel, natural gas, zinc and other raw materials, and our utility requirements. Our objective is to reduce earnings and cash flow volatility associated with forecasted purchases and sales of these commodities to allow management to focus its attention on business operations. Accordingly, we enter into derivative instruments to manage the associated price risk.

We are exposed to counterparty credit risk on all of our derivative instruments. Accordingly, we have established and maintain strict counterparty credit guidelines and enter into derivative instruments only with major financial institutions. We do not have significant exposure to any one counterparty and management believes the risk of loss is remote and, in any event, would not be material.

Refer to Note P Fair Value for additional information regarding the accounting treatment for our derivative instruments, as well as how fair value is determined.

The following table summarizes the fair value of our derivative instruments and the respective financial statement caption in which they were recorded in our consolidated balance sheet at August 31, 2014:

	Asset Deri	vatives	Liability Derivation	atives	
	Balance		Balance		
	Sheet	Fair	Sheet	Fair	
(in thousands)	Location	Value	Location	Value	
Derivatives designated as hedging instruments:					
Interest rate contracts	Receivables	\$-	Accounts payable	\$ 2,100	
Commodity contracts	Receivables	652	Accounts payable	-	
Totals		\$ 652		\$ 2,100	
Derivatives not designated as hedging instruments:					
Commodity contracts	Receivables	\$ 1,306	Accounts payable	\$ 121	
Foreign exchange contracts	Receivables	-	Accounts payable	9	
Totals		\$ 1,306		\$ 130	
Total Derivative Instruments		\$ 1,958		\$ 2,230	

The amounts in the table above reflect the fair value of the Company s derivative contracts on a net basis. Had these amounts been recognized on a gross basis, the impact would have been a \$333,000 increase in receivables with a corresponding increase in accounts payable.

The following table summarizes the fair value of our derivative instruments and the respective line in which they were recorded in the consolidated balance sheet at May 31, 2014:

	Asset Deri	vatives	Liability Derivation	atives
	Balance		Balance	
(in thousands)	Sheet Location	Fair Value	Sheet Location	Fair Value
Derivatives designated as hedging instruments:				
Interest rate contracts	Receivables	\$-	Accounts payable	\$4,180
Commodity contracts	Receivables	456	Accounts payable	
Totals		\$ 456		\$ 4,180
Derivatives not designated as hedging instruments:				
Commodity contracts	Receivables	\$ 796	Accounts payable	\$ 295
Foreign exchange contracts	Receivables	32	Accounts payable	-
Totals		\$ 828		\$ 295
Total Derivative Instruments		\$ 1,284		\$ 4,475

The amounts in the table above reflect the fair value of the Company s derivative contracts on a net basis. Had these amounts been recognized on a gross basis, the impact would have been a \$730,000 increase in receivables with a corresponding increase in accounts payable.

Cash Flow Hedges

We enter into derivative instruments to hedge our exposure to changes in cash flows attributable to interest rate and commodity price fluctuations associated with certain forecasted transactions. These derivative instruments are designated and qualify as cash flow hedges. Accordingly, the effective portion of the gain or loss on the derivative instrument is reported as a component of other comprehensive income (OCI) and reclassified into earnings in the same financial statement caption associated with the forecasted transaction and in the same period during which the hedged transaction affects earnings. The ineffective portion of the gain or loss on the derivative instrument is recognized in earnings immediately.

The following table summarizes our cash flow hedges outstanding at August 31, 2014:

(in thousands)	Notional Amount	Maturity Date
Commodity contracts	\$ 35,293	September 2014 - January 2016
Interest rate contracts	100,000	December 2014

The following table summarizes the gain (loss) recognized in OCI and the gain (loss) reclassified from accumulated OCI into earnings for derivative instruments designated as cash flow hedges during the three months ended August 31, 2014 and 2013:

(in thousands)	Gain (Loss) Recognized in OCI (Effective Portion)		Location of Gain (Loss) Reclassified from Accumulated OCI (Effective Portion)	Gain (Loss) Reclassified from Accumulated OCI (Effective Portion)		Location of Gain (Loss) (Ineffective Portion) and Excluded from Effectiveness Testing	Ga (Lo (Ineffe Port and Ex fro Effecti Test	oss) ective ion) ccluded om veness
For the three months ended August 31, 2014:								
Interest rate contracts	\$	-	Interest expense	\$	(1, 148)	Interest expense	\$	-
Commodity contracts		(413)	Cost of goods sold		(796)	Cost of goods sold		-
Totals	\$	(413)		\$	(1,944)		\$	-
For the three months ended August 31, 2013:								
Interest rate contracts	\$	(203)	Interest expense	\$	(1,063)	Interest expense	\$	-
Commodity contracts		3,644	Cost of goods sold		(316)	Cost of goods sold		-
Totals	\$	3,441		\$	(1,379)		\$	-

The estimated net amount of the losses recognized in accumulated OCI at August 31, 2014 expected to be reclassified into net earnings within the succeeding twelve months is \$189,000 (net of tax of \$114,000). This amount was computed using the fair value of the cash flow hedges at August 31, 2014, and will change before actual reclassification from OCI to net earnings during the fiscal years ended May 31, 2015 and 2016.

Economic (Non-designated) Hedges

We enter into foreign currency contracts to manage our foreign exchange exposure related to inter-company and financing transactions that do not meet the requirements for hedge accounting treatment. We also enter into certain commodity contracts that do not qualify for hedge accounting treatment. Accordingly, these derivative instruments are adjusted to current market value at the end of each period through earnings.

The following table summarizes our economic (non-designated) derivative instruments outstanding at August 31, 2014:

	Notional	
(in thousands)	Amount	Maturity Date(s)
Commodity contracts	\$ 30,932	September 2014 - December 2015
Foreign currency contracts	14,903	September 2014 - November 2014

The following table summarizes the gain (loss) recognized in earnings for economic (non-designated) derivative financial instruments during the three months ended August 31, 2014 and 2013:

	Location of Gain (Loss)	Gain (Loss) in Earnin Three Mor Augu	gs for the oths Ended
(in thousands)	Recognized in Earnings	2014	2013
Commodity contracts	Cost of goods sold	\$ (57)	\$ 676
Foreign exchange contracts	Miscellaneous income (expense)	261	(5)
Total		\$ 204	\$ 671

The gain (loss) on the foreign currency derivatives significantly offsets the gain (loss) on the hedged item.

NOTE P Fair Value

Fair value is defined as the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date. Fair value is an exit price concept that assumes an orderly transaction between willing market participants and is required to be based on assumptions that market participants would use in pricing an asset or a liability. Current accounting guidance establishes a three-tier fair value hierarchy as a basis for considering such assumptions and for classifying the inputs used in the valuation methodologies. This hierarchy requires entities to maximize the use of observable inputs and minimize the use of unobservable inputs. The three levels of inputs used to measure fair values are as follows:

Level 1	Observable prices in active markets for identical assets and liabilities.
Level 2	Observable inputs other than quoted prices in active markets for identical assets and liabilities.

Level 3 Unobservable inputs that are supported by little or no market activity and that are significant to the fair value of the assets and liabilities.

Recurring Fair Value Measurements

At August 31, 2014, our financial assets and liabilities measured at fair value on a recurring basis were as follows:

(in thousands)	Quoted Prices in Active Markets (Level 1)		Significant Other Observable Inputs (Level 2)		Significant Unobservable Inputs (Level 3)		Totals	
Assets								
Derivative contracts (1)	\$	-	\$	1,958	\$	-	\$ 1,958	
Total assets	\$	-	\$	1,958	\$	-	\$ 1,958	
Liabilities								
Derivative contracts (1)	\$	-	\$	2,230	\$	-	\$ 2,230	
Contingent consideration obligation (2)		-		-		404	404	
Total liabilities	\$	-	\$	2,230	\$	404	\$ 2,634	

At May 31, 2014, our financial assets and liabilities measured at fair value on a recurring basis were as follows:

(in thousands)	Quoted F in Acti Marko (Level	ive ets) Obs I	nificant Other servable nputs evel 2)	Unobs Inp	ficant ervable outs rel 3)	Totals
Assets							
Derivative contracts (1)	\$	-	\$	1,284	\$	-	\$ 1,284
Total assets	\$	-	\$	1,284	\$	-	\$ 1,284
Liabilities							
Derivative contracts (1)	\$	-	\$	4,475	\$	-	\$ 4,475
Contingent consideration obligation (2)		-		-		404	404
Total liabilities	\$	-	\$	4,475	\$	404	\$ 4,879

(1) The fair value of our derivative contracts is based on the present value of the expected future cash flows considering the risks involved, including non-performance risk, and using discount rates appropriate for the respective maturities. Market observable, Level 2 inputs are used to determine the present value of the expected future cash flows. Refer to Note O Derivative Instruments and Hedging Activities for additional information regarding our use of derivative instruments.

(2) The fair value of the contingent consideration obligation related to our January 24, 2014 acquisition of a 75% interest in Worthington Aritas is determined using a Monte Carlo simulation model based on management s projections of future EBITDA levels. The contingent consideration arrangement requires the Company to pay \$2,000,000 of additional consideration to the former owners if earnings before interest, taxes, depreciation and amortization (EBITDA) exceed \$5,000,000 during any 12 consecutive months during the first 14 month period following the closing date. The fair value measurement is based on significant inputs not observable in the market and thus represents a Level 3 measurement.

Non-Recurring Fair Value Measurements

At August 31, 2014, our financial assets and liabilities measured at fair value on a non-recurring basis were as follows:

(in thousands)	Quoted Prices in Active Markets (Level 1)	Significant Other Observable Inputs (Level 2)	Significant Unobservable Inputs (Level 3)	Totals
<u>Assets</u>				
Long-lived assets held for sale (1)	\$ -	\$ 19,644	\$ -	\$ 19,644
Total assets	\$-	\$ 19,644	\$ -	\$ 19,644

(1) During the fourth quarter of fiscal 2014, management committed to a plan to sell the Company s stainless steel business, PSM. As all of the criteria for classification as assets held for sale were met, the net assets of this business, which consist of net working capital and property,

plant and equipment, have been presented separately as assets held for sale in our consolidated balance sheets as of August 31, 2014 and May 31, 2014, respectively. In accordance with the applicable accounting guidance, the net assets were recorded at the lower of net book value or fair value less costs to sell as of May 31, 2014. As a result of changes in facts and circumstances related to the planned sale of PSM during the first quarter of fiscal 2015, the Company reassessed the fair value of this business and determined that an additional impairment charge of \$1,950,000 was required for the three months ended August 31, 2014. Fair value was determined based on market prices for similar assets.

At May 31, 2014, our assets measured at fair value on a non-recurring basis were categorized as follows:

	Significant						
	Quoted Prices Other in Active Observat			Other	Significant Unobservable		
				servable			
	Markets]	Inputs	Inputs		
(in thousands)	(Level 1)		(I	Level 2)	(Level 3)		Totals
Assets							
Long-lived assets held for sale (1)	\$	-	\$	25,040	\$	-	\$ 25,040
Long-lived assets held and used (2)		-		7,034		-	7,034
Total assets	\$	-	\$	32,074	\$	-	\$ 32,074

(1) During the fourth quarter of fiscal 2014, management committed to a plan to sell the Company s 60%-owned consolidated joint venture in India, Worthington Nitin Cylinders. In accordance with the applicable accounting guidance, the net assets were recorded at the lower of net book value or fair value less costs to sell. As the fair value of the asset group, or \$5,925,000, was lower than its net book value, an impairment charge of \$18,959,000 was recognized within impairment of long-lived assets in our fiscal 2014 consolidated statement of earnings. The portion of this impairment loss attributable to the noncontrolling interest, or \$7,583,000, was recorded within net earnings attributable to noncontrolling interest in our fiscal 2014 consolidated statement of earnings.

During the fourth quarter of fiscal 2014, management committed to plans to sell the Company's stainless steel business, PSM. In accordance with the applicable accounting guidance, the net assets were recorded at the lower of net book value or fair value less costs to sell. As the fair value of the asset group, or \$19,115,000, was lower than its net book value, an impairment charge of \$7,141,000 was recognized within impairment of long-lived assets in our fiscal 2014 consolidated statement of earnings.

(2) During the fourth quarter of fiscal 2014, we determined that indicators of impairment were present at the Company s aluminum high-pressure cylinder business in New Albany, Mississippi, due to current and projected operating losses. Recoverability of the identified asset group was tested using future cash flow projections based on management s long-range estimates of market conditions. The sum of these undiscounted future cash flows was less than the net book value of the asset group. In accordance with the applicable accounting guidance, the net assets were written down to their fair value of \$7,034,000, resulting in an impairment charge of \$1,412,000 within impairment of long-lived assets in our fiscal 2014 consolidated statement of earnings.

The fair value of non-derivative financial instruments included in the carrying amounts of cash and cash equivalents, receivables, income taxes receivable, other assets, deferred income taxes, accounts payable, short-term borrowings, accrued compensation, contributions to employee benefit plans and related taxes, other accrued items, income taxes payable and other liabilities approximate carrying value due to their short-term nature. The fair value of long-term debt, including current maturities, based upon models utilizing market observable (Level 2) inputs and credit risk, was \$688,671,000 and \$674,488,000 at August 31, 2014 and May 31, 2014, respectively. The carrying amount of long-term debt, including current maturities, was \$655,676,000 and \$655,963,000 at August 31, 2014 and May 31, 2014, respectively.

NOTE Q Subsequent Events

On September 26, 2014, our consolidated joint venture in Turkey, Worthington Aritas, executed a \$32,344,000 five-year term loan credit facility denominated in Euros. At the time of closing we borrowed \$17,060,000 against the facility, leaving \$15,284,000 available for future borrowings. The facility bears interest at a variable rate based on EURIBOR. The applicable variable rate was 1.582% at September 26, 2014.

Item 2. Management s Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations

Selected statements contained in this Item 2. Management s Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations constitute forward-looking statements as that term is used in the Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995. Such forward-looking statements are based, in whole or in part, on management s beliefs, estimates, assumptions and currently available information. For a more detailed discussion of what constitutes a forward-looking statement and of some of the factors that could cause actual results to differ materially from such forward-looking statements, please refer to the Safe Harbor Statement in the beginning of this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q and Part I - Item 1A. - Risk Factors of our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended May 31, 2014.

Introduction

The following discussion and analysis of market and industry trends, business developments, and the results of operations and financial position of Worthington Industries, Inc., together with its subsidiaries (collectively, we, our, Worthington, or our Company), should be read conjunction with our consolidated financial statements and notes thereto included in Item 1. Financial Statements of this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q. Our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended May 31, 2014 (fiscal 2014) includes additional information about Worthington, our operations and our consolidated financial position and should be read in conjunction with this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q.

We are primarily a diversified metals manufacturing company, focused on value-added steel processing and manufactured metal products. As of August 31, 2014, excluding our joint ventures, we operated 35 manufacturing facilities worldwide, principally in three operating segments, which correspond with our reportable business segments: Steel Processing, Pressure Cylinders and Engineered Cabs. Our remaining operating segments, which do not meet the applicable aggregation criteria or quantitative thresholds for separate disclosure, are combined and reported in the Other category. These include the Construction Services and Worthington Energy Innovations operating segments.

We also held equity positions in 12 active joint ventures, which operated 46 manufacturing facilities worldwide, as of August 31, 2014. Five of these joint ventures are consolidated with the equity owned by the other joint venture member(s) shown as noncontrolling interest in our consolidated balance sheets, and the other joint venture member(s) portion of net earnings and other comprehensive income shown as net earnings or comprehensive income attributable to noncontrolling interest in our consolidated statements of earnings and consolidated statements of comprehensive income, respectively. The remaining seven of these joint ventures are accounted for using the equity method.

Overview

The Company performed well during the first quarter of fiscal 2015, led by strong revenue and earnings growth in Steel Processing. Pressure Cylinders also experienced strong revenue growth, but earnings were hampered by certain one-time charges, specifically, acquisition-related costs and out-of-stock penalties related to some of our retail products, and some lingering operational issues in the oil and gas equipment business (formerly energy). Revenue at Engineered Cabs stabilized during the current quarter, although higher conversion costs led to a higher operating loss when compared to the prior year quarter.

Volume growth was mixed in the first quarter. Pressure Cylinders volumes were down slightly; however, a more favorable product mix due to a shift to higher priced, lower volume tanks led to a 15% increase in net sales. Steel Processing volumes were up significantly on both a direct and toll basis driven by contributions from the consolidation of TWB in the prior year and continued improvement in the automotive market. Volumes within Steel Processing were up 26% overall and 16% excluding the impact of the TWB consolidation.

Equity in net income of unconsolidated affiliates (equity income) for the quarter was up 4% over the prior year period. The overall increase was driven by Serviacero and WAV