

RICH STAR DEVELOPMENT, CORP
Form 10-Q
May 20, 2013

UNITED STATES
SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION
Washington, D.C. 20549

FORM 10-Q

QUARTERLY REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

For the quarterly period ended March 31, 2013

TRANSITION REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

For the transition period from _____ to _____

Commission File No. 333-166454

Rich Star Development Corporation
(Exact name of registrant as specified in its charter)

Nevada
(State or other jurisdiction of incorporation or organization)

42-1769584
(I.R.S. Employer Identification No.)

10300 Charleston Blvd., Las Vegas, NV
(Address of principal executive offices)

89135
(Zip Code)

(702) 722-0865
(Registrant's telephone number, including area code)

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the past 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days.

Yes No

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant has submitted electronically and posted on its corporate Web site, if any, every Interactive Data File required to be submitted and posted pursuant to Rule 405 of Regulation S-T during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to submit and post such files).

Yes No (Not required)

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a large accelerated filer, an accelerated filer, a non-accelerated filer, or a smaller reporting company. See the definitions of "large accelerated filer," "accelerated filer," and "smaller reporting company" in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act.

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Large accelerated filer
Non-accelerated filer

Accelerated filer
Smaller reporting company

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a shell company (as defined in Rule 12b-2 of the Act). Yes No

Indicate the number of shares outstanding of each of the registrant's classes of common stock, as of the latest practicable date: 3,500,000 shares of common stock as of May 17, 2013

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RICH STAR DEVELOPMENT CORPORATION
 FOR THE THREE MONTHS ENDED
 MARCH 31, 2013

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PART I

Item 1

Financial Statements

RICH STAR DEVELOPMENT CORPORATION
(A DEVELOPMENT STAGE COMPANY)
BALANCE SHEETS

| | March 31, 2013 Unaudited | December 31, 2012 |
|--|--------------------------------|----------------------|
| Assets | | |
| Current assets | | |
| Cash | \$ - | \$ - |
| Total current assets | - | - |
| Total assets | \$ - | \$ - |
| Liabilities and Stockholders' Deficit | | |
| Current liabilities | | |
| Accounts payable | \$ 1,170 | \$ 422 |
| Notes payable | 44,675 | 35,338 |
| Total current liabilities | 45,845 | 35,760 |
| Stockholders' deficit | | |
| Common stock, \$0.001 par value, 75,000,000 shares authorized; 3,500,000 shares issued and outstanding | 3,500 | 3,500 |
| Additional paid in capital | 101,033 | 100,296 |
| Deficit accumulated during the development stage | (150,378) | (139,556) |
| Total stockholders' deficit | (45,845) | (35,760) |
| Total liabilities and stockholders' deficit | \$ - | \$ - |

See accompanying notes to financial statements

RICH STAR DEVELOPMENT CORPORATION
(A DEVELOPMENT STAGE COMPANY)
STATEMENTS OF OPERATIONS
UNAUDITED

| | Three Months Ended | | (Inception) to |
|--|--------------------|----------------|----------------|
| | March 31, | March 31, 2012 | March 31, |
| | 2013 | | 2013 |
| Operating expenses | | | |
| General and administrative expenses | \$10,085 | \$ 9,567 | \$ 147,345 |
| Total operating expenses | 10,085 | 9,567 | 147,345 |
| Loss from operations | (10,085) | (9,567) | (147,345) |
| Interest expense | (737) | - | (3,033) |
| Net loss | \$(10,822) | \$ (9,567) | \$ (150,378) |
| Net loss per common share - basic and fully diluted | \$(0.00) | \$ (0.00) | |
| Weighted average number of common shares outstanding during the period - basic and fully diluted | 3,500,000 | 3,500,000 | |

See accompanying notes to financial statements

RICH STAR DEVELOPMENT CORPORATION
(A DEVELOPMENT STAGE COMPANY)
STATEMENT OF STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY (DEFICIT)
UNAUDITED

| | Common Stock | | Additional Paid in Capital | Deficit Accumulated During the Development Stage | Total Stockholders' Equity (Deficit) |
|---|--------------|----------|----------------------------------|--|---|
| | Shares | Amount | | | |
| Issuance of common stock for non-employee services at \$0.001 per share | 1,500,000 | \$ 1,500 | \$ - | \$ - | \$ 1,500 |
| Issuance of common stock for cash at \$0.05 per share | 2,000,000 | 2,000 | 98,000 | - | 100,000 |
| Net loss | - | - | - | (51,529) | (51,529) |
| Balance, December 31, 2009 | 3,500,000 | 3,500 | 98,000 | (51,529) | 49,971 |
| Net loss | - | - | - | (34,882) | (34,882) |
| Balance, December 31, 2010 | 3,500,000 | 3,500 | 98,000 | (86,411) | 15,089 |
| Net loss | - | - | - | (27,090) | (27,090) |
| Balance, December 31, 2011 | 3,500,000 | 3,500 | 98,000 | (113,501) | (12,001) |
| Imputed interest | - | - | 2,296 | - | 2,296 |
| Net loss | - | - | - | (26,055) | (26,055) |
| Balance, December 31, 2012 | 3,500,000 | 3,500 | 100,296 | (139,556) | (35,760) |
| Imputed interest | - | - | 737 | - | 737 |
| Net loss | - | - | - | (10,822) | (10,822) |
| Balance, March 31, 2013 | 3,500,000 | \$ 3,500 | \$ 101,033 | \$ (150,378) | \$ (45,845) |

See accompanying notes to financial statements

RICH STAR DEVELOPMENT CORPORATION
(A DEVELOPMENT STAGE COMPANY)
STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS
UNAUDITED

| | Three Months Ended | | From May 29, 2009 |
|--|--------------------|-------------------|----------------------------------|
| | March 31, 2013 | March 31, 2012 | (Inception) to March 31, 2013 |
| Cash flows from operating activities: | | | |
| Net loss | \$(10,822) | \$ (9,567) | \$ (150,378) |
| Adjustments to reconcile net loss to net cash used in operating activities | | | |
| Imputed interest | 737 | - | 3,033 |
| Issuance of common stock for non-employee services | - | - | 1,500 |
| Changes in operating assets and liabilities: | | | |
| Accounts payable | 748 | (7,500) | 1,170 |
| Net cash used in operating activities | (9,337) | (17,067) | (144,675) |
| Cash flows from financing activities: | | | |
| Proceeds from notes payable | 9,337 | 17,025 | 109,675 |
| Repayments on notes payable | - | - | (65,000) |
| Proceeds from issuance of common stock | - | - | 100,000 |
| Net cash provided by financing activities | 9,337 | 17,025 | 144,675 |
| Net decrease in cash | - | (42) | - |
| Cash - beginning of period | - | 115 | - |
| Cash - end of period | \$- | \$ 73 | \$ - |
| Supplemental disclosure of cash flow information: | | | |
| Interest paid | \$- | \$ - | \$ - |
| Income tax paid | \$- | \$ - | \$ - |

See accompanying notes to financial statements

RICH STAR DEVELOPMENT CORPORATION
(A DEVELOPMENT STAGE COMPANY)
NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE THREE MONTHS ENDED MARCH 31, 2013
UNAUDITED

1. DESCRIPTION OF BUSINESS

Rich Star Development Corporation (“the Company”) was incorporated in the State of Nevada on May 29, 2009.

The Company is a wholesale distribution company that plans to import and source locally products in the food service business including food, paper products, janitorial products, restaurant utensils and equipment.

2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Basis of Presentation - The accompanying unaudited interim financial statements have been prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America and the rules and regulations of the United States Securities and Exchange Commission for interim financial information.

The financial information as of December 31, 2012 is derived from the audited financial statements presented in the Company’s Annual Report on Form 10-K for the years ended December 31, 2012 and 2011. The unaudited interim financial statements should be read in conjunction with the Company’s Annual Report on Form 10-K, which contains the audited financial statements and notes thereto, together with the Plan of Operations for the year ended December 31, 2012.

Certain information or footnote disclosures normally included in financial statements prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America have been omitted, pursuant to the rules and regulations of the Securities and Exchange Commission for interim financial reporting. Accordingly, they do not include all the information and footnotes necessary for a comprehensive presentation of financial position, results of operations, or cash flows. It is management's opinion, however, that all material adjustments (consisting of normal recurring adjustments) have been made which are necessary for a fair financial statement presentation. The interim results for the three months ended March 31, 2013 are not necessarily indicative of results for the full fiscal year.

Year-End - The Company has selected December 31 as its year end.

Development Stage Company - The Company's financial statements are presented as those of a development stage enterprise. Activities during the development stage primarily include obtaining debt and/or equity related financing, negotiating distribution agreements and marketing the territory for product distribution outlets. As a development stage enterprise, the Company discloses the deficit accumulated during the development stage and the cumulative statements of operations, stockholders’ deficit and cash flows from inception to the current balance sheet date.

RICH STAR DEVELOPMENT CORPORATION
(A DEVELOPMENT STAGE COMPANY)
NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE THREE MONTHS ENDED MARCH 31, 2013
UNAUDITED

Use of Estimates - The preparation of financial statements in conformity with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported in the financial statements and accompanying notes. Such estimates and assumptions have an impact on the fair value of share-based payments, estimates and the valuation allowance for deferred tax assets due to continuing and expected future operating losses.

Making estimates requires management to exercise significant judgment. It is at least reasonably possible that the estimate of the effect of a condition, situation or set of circumstances that existed at the date of the financial statements, which management considered in formulating its estimate could change in the near term due to one or more future confirming events. Accordingly, the actual results could differ significantly from estimates.

Cash - The Company considers all highly liquid instruments purchased with a maturity of three months or less at date of acquisition to be cash equivalents. There were no cash equivalents at March 31, 2013 and December 31, 2012, respectively.

The Company maintains cash balances at an institution that is insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation. As of December 31, 2012 no amounts were in excess of the federally insured program.

Revenue Recognition - The Company currently has not generated revenues. Any future revenues earned, primarily through the sale of products, will be recognized utilizing the following general revenue recognition criteria: 1) pervasive evidence of an arrangement exists; 2) delivery has occurred; 3) the price to the buyer is fixed or determinable; and 4) collectability is reasonably assured.

Equity-based Compensation Expense - The Company recognizes all forms of equity-based payments, including stock option grants, warrants, and restricted stock grants, at their fair value on the grant date, which are based on the estimated number of awards that are ultimately expected to vest.

Equity-based payments, excluding restricted stock, are valued using a Black-Scholes option pricing model. Equity-based payment awards issued to non-employees for services rendered are recorded at either the fair value of the services rendered or the fair value of the equity-based payment, whichever is more readily determinable. The grants are amortized on a straight-line basis over the requisite service periods, which is generally the vesting period.

When computing fair value of equity-based compensation, the Company considers the following variables:

The expected option term is computed using the “simplified” method.

The expected volatility is based on the historical volatility of its common stock using the daily quoted closing trading prices.

RICH STAR DEVELOPMENT CORPORATION
(A DEVELOPMENT STAGE COMPANY)
NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE THREE MONTHS ENDED MARCH 31, 2013
UNAUDITED

The risk-free interest rate assumption is based on the U.S. Treasury yield for a period consistent with the expected term of the option in effect at the time of the grant.

The Company has not paid any dividends on common stock since its inception and does not anticipate paying dividends on our common stock in the foreseeable future.

The forfeiture rate is based on the historical forfeiture rate for its unvested stock options.

Income Taxes - Income taxes are accounted for under the asset and liability method. Deferred tax assets and liabilities are determined based on temporary differences between the bases of certain assets and liabilities for income tax and financial reporting purposes. The deferred tax assets and liabilities are classified according to the financial statement classification of the assets and liabilities generating the differences.

The Company maintains a valuation allowance with respect to deferred tax assets. The Company establishes a valuation allowance based upon the potential likelihood of realizing the deferred tax asset and taking into consideration the Company's financial position and results of operations for the current period. Future realization of the deferred tax benefit depends on the existence of sufficient taxable income within the carry forward period under the Federal tax laws.

Changes in circumstances, such as the Company generating taxable income, could cause a change in judgment about the realizability of the related deferred tax asset. Any change in the valuation allowance will be included in income in the year of the change in estimate.

Earnings (Loss) per Share - Basic earnings (loss) per share is computed by dividing net income (loss) by the weighted average number of shares of common stock outstanding during each period. Diluted earnings (loss) per share is computed by dividing net income (loss), adjusted for changes in income or loss that resulted from the assumed conversion of convertible shares, by the weighted average number of shares of common stock, common stock equivalents and potentially dilutive securities outstanding during the period.

The computation of basic and diluted loss per share for the periods presented is equivalent since the Company had continuing losses. The Company had no common stock equivalents as of March 31, 2013 and December 31, 2012, respectively.

Financial Instruments - Financial instruments consist of accounts payable and notes payable. Recorded values of accounts payable and accrued liabilities approximate fair values due to the short maturities of such instruments. Recorded values for notes payable and related liabilities approximate fair values, since their stated or imputed interest rates are commensurate with prevailing market rates for similar obligations.

RICH STAR DEVELOPMENT CORPORATION
(A DEVELOPMENT STAGE COMPANY)
NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE THREE MONTHS ENDED MARCH 31, 2013
UNAUDITED

Recent Accounting Pronouncements - In January 2013, the Financial Accounting and Standards Board (FASB) issued Accounting Standards Update (“ASU”) ASU 2013-01, Balance Sheet (Topic 210): Clarifying the Scope of Disclosure about Offsetting Assets and Liabilities. The ASU clarifies disclosures required for derivatives accounted for in accordance with Topic 815, Derivatives and Hedging, including bifurcated embedded derivatives, repurchase agreements, and securities borrowing and lending transactions that are either offset in accordance with Section 310-20-45 or Section 815-10-46 or subject to an enforceable master netting arrangement or similar agreement. The ASU is effective for annual and interim periods beginning after January 1, 2013. The Company adopted this guidance in 2013 without material impact on its financial position, results of operations or cash flows.

In February 2013, the FASB issued ASU No. 2013-02, Comprehensive Income (Topic 220): Reporting of Amounts Reclassified Out of Accumulated Other Comprehensive Income”. The ASU requires an entity to report the effect of significant reclassifications out of accumulated other comprehensive income on the respective line items in net income if the amount being reclassified is required under U.S. GAAP to be reclassified in its entirety to net income. For other amounts that are not required under U.S. GAAP to be reclassified in their entirety from accumulated other comprehensive income to net income in the same reporting period, an entity is required to cross-reference other disclosures required under U.S. GAAP that provide additional detail about those amounts. The ASU is effective for annual and interim periods beginning after January 1, 2013. The Company adopted this guidance in 2013 without material impact on its financial position, results of operations or cash flows.

3. GOING CONCERN

As reflected in the accompanying financial statements, the Company had a net loss of \$10,822, net cash used in operations of \$9,337 during the three months ended March 31, 2013 and a working capital deficit and stockholders’ deficit of \$45,845 at March 31, 2013. The Company had no revenues and incurred losses since inception resulting in a deficit accumulated during the development stage of \$150,378.

The Company anticipates that it will continue to generate losses from operations in the near future raising substantial doubt about the Company’s ability to continue as a going concern. The ability of the Company to continue its operations is dependent on Management’s plans, which include the raising of capital through debt and/or equity markets until such time that funds provided by operations are sufficient to fund working capital requirements.

The accompanying financial statements have been prepared on a going concern basis, which contemplates the realization of assets and the satisfaction of liabilities in the normal course of business. These financial statements do not include any adjustments relating to the recovery of the recorded assets or the classification of the liabilities that might be necessary should the Company be unable to continue as a going concern.

RICH STAR DEVELOPMENT CORPORATION
 (A DEVELOPMENT STAGE COMPANY)
 NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
 FOR THE THREE MONTHS ENDED MARCH 31, 2013
 UNAUDITED

4. NOTE PAYABLE

As of March 31, 2013 and December 31, 2012, notes payable consisted of the following:

| | Principal |
|----------------------------|-----------|
| Balance, December 31, 2012 | \$ 35,338 |
| Advances | 9,337 |
| Repayments | - |
| Balance, March 31, 2013 | \$ 44,675 |

All advances are non-interest bearing, unsecured, and due on demand. Imputed interest of \$737 and \$0 was recorded to donated capital at 8% for the three months ended March 31, 2013 and 2012, respectively. See Note 6 for additional advances subsequent to March 31, 2013.

5. STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY (DEFICIT)

Stock Issued for Services - In August 2009, the Company issued 1,500,000 shares of common stock to its founders for pre-incorporation services, at \$0.001 per share having a fair value of \$1,500, based upon the fair value of the services rendered. The Company expensed this stock issuance as a component of general and administrative expense.

Stock Issued for Cash - In November 2009, under the terms of a private placement, the Company issued 2,000,000 shares of common stock at \$0.05 per share for total gross proceeds of \$100,000.

6. SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

As of May 15, 2013, the stockholder referenced in Note 4, Note Payable, advanced an additional \$2,137 for a total due of \$46,812. The advances are non-interest bearing, unsecured and due on demand.

Item 2 Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations

The following discussion and analysis of our financial condition and plan of operations should be read in conjunction with our unaudited interim financial statements and related notes appearing elsewhere in this Quarterly Report. Various statements have been made in this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q that may constitute "forward-looking statements". Forward-looking statements may also be made in our other reports filed with or furnished to the United States Securities and Exchange Commission (the "SEC") and in other documents. In addition, through our management we may make oral forward-looking statements.

Forward-looking statements are subject to risks and uncertainties which could cause actual results to differ materially from such statements. The words "believe," "expect," "anticipate," "optimistic," "intend," "plan," "aim," "will," "may," "should," "would," "likely" and similar expressions are intended to identify forward-looking statements. These statements are not guarantees of future performance, and therefore, you should not put undue reliance upon them. Some of the statements that are forward-looking include: our ability to successfully implement our business plan; our estimates of revenues and of other expenses associated with our operations; and our ability to generate sufficient cash flows and maintain adequate sources of liquidity to finance our ongoing operations and capital expenditures. We undertake no obligation to update or revise any forward-looking statements.

History and Overview

Rich Star Development Corporation ("we," "our," "us," or "the Company") was incorporated in the State of Nevada on May 29, 2009.

Plan of Operations

We are a wholesale distribution company that plans to import and source locally products in the food service.

Our business is in the developmental stage. Our ability to commence operations is entirely dependent upon our ability to raise additional capital. If we cannot raise additional capital, we will not be able to establish a base of operations to generate revenue. We do not have any formal or informal agreements to attain such financing. We cannot assure any investor that, if needed, sufficient financing can be obtained or, if obtained, that it will be on reasonable terms.

Products

We intend to source and distribute food products, paper products, janitorial products, restaurant utensils and equipment.

Sources of Supply

Our future plans include buying products directly from factories, participating in joint ventures and branding products to achieve best possible cost levels and maximize profitability.

Customers

Our initial customers will include the restaurant and hospitality industries as well as small retail grocery stores primarily located in the western United States.

Employees

We do not currently have any employees.

Competition

The food service industry is a highly competitive market. Industry sources estimate that there are more than 15,000 companies engaged in food service distribution in the United States. Our customers may also choose to purchase products directly from retail outlets or negotiate prices directly with our suppliers.

Many of our competitors have significant advantages over our Company in terms of scale, operating histories, number of locations in operation, customer base, capital and other resources. The intense competition constitutes significant risk factors for our operations in the industry.

We are a start-up company that has yet to commence commercial operations. Accordingly, there can be no assurances that we can successfully compete in the food service distribution market.

We intend to offer a complete package of high quality products to our customers at competitive prices. Management believes that these characteristics will provide us with the ability to compete successfully within the industry.

Patents and Trademarks

We do not own, either legally or beneficially, any patents or trademarks.

Subsidiaries

We do not currently have any subsidiaries.

Results of Operations

We are a wholesale distribution company that plans to import and source locally products in the food service. The following discussion of the financial condition and results of operations should be read in conjunction with the unaudited financial statements included herewith. This discussion should not be construed to imply that the results discussed herein will necessarily continue into the future, or that any conclusion reached herein will necessarily be indicative of actual operating results in the future.

Revenues

We did not generate any revenues during the period from May 29, 2009 (inception) to March 31, 2013. During this development stage, we were primarily focused on corporate organization, the initial public offering and the development of our business plan.

Expenses

Our total expenses for three months ended March 31, 2013 were general and administrative expense of \$10,085 and interest expense of \$737, compared to general and administrative expense of \$9,567 and interest expense of \$0 for the three months ended March 31, 2012. The largest components of general and administrative expense were professional fees in the amounts of \$8,715 and \$9,465, respectively.

Our total expenses for the period from May 29, 2009 (inception) to March 31, 2013 were general and administrative expense of \$147,345 and interest expense of \$3,033.

Net Loss

Our net loss for the three months ended March 31, 2013 was \$10,822 compared to a net loss of \$9,567 for the three months ended March 31, 2012. Our total deficit accumulated during the development stage covering the period from May 29, 2009 (inception) to March 31, 2013 was \$150,378.

Operating Activities

During the three months ended March 31, 2013, we used cash in the amount of \$9,337 for operating activities. This includes a net loss of \$10,822, imputed interest of \$737 and an increase in accounts payable of \$748. By comparison, during the three months ended March 31, 2012, we used cash in the amount of \$17,067 for operating activities. This includes a net loss of \$9,567 and a \$7,500 decrease in accounts payable.

During the period from May 29, 2009 (inception) to March 31, 2012, we used \$144,675 in operating activities. This includes a net loss of \$150,378, imputed interest of \$3,033, stock issued for non-employee services of \$1,500 and an increase in accounts payable of \$1,170.

Investing Activities

There were no investing activities for the three months ended March 31, 2013 and 2012 or for the period from May 29, 2009 (inception) to March 31, 2013.

Financing Activities

During the three months ended March 31, 2013, we received proceeds from notes payable in the amount of \$9,337 for total cash provided by financing activities of \$9,337. By contrast, during the three months ended March 31, 2012, we received proceeds from notes payable in the amount of \$17,025 for total cash provided by financing activities of \$17,025.

From May 29, 2009 (inception) to March 31, 2013, we received we received proceeds from notes payable in the amount of \$109,675, repaid notes payable in the amount of \$65,000 and received proceeds from the issuance of common stock in the amount of \$100,000 for total cash provided by financing activities of \$144,675.

We currently do not have sufficient funds to satisfy the minimum cash requirements to implement our business plan over the next twelve months. Due to our brief history and historical net losses, our operations have not been a source of liquidity. Therefore, our ability to continue as a going concern is dependent on our ability to raise additional capital.

We presently do not have any available credit, financing or other external sources of liquidity. In order to obtain capital, we may need to sell additional shares of common stock or borrow funds from private lenders. However, the low trading price of our common stock and a downturn in the U.S. stock and debt markets is likely to make it more difficult to obtain financing through the issuance of equity or debt securities. As a result, there can be no assurance that we will be successful in obtaining additional funding.

Even if we are able to raise the funds required, it is possible that we could incur unexpected costs and expenses, fail to collect amounts owed to us, or experience unexpected cash requirements that would force us to seek alternative financing. Further, if we issue additional equity or debt securities, stockholders may experience dilution or the new equity securities may have rights, preferences or privileges senior to those of existing holders of common stock.

Going Concern

As reflected in the accompanying financial statements, we had a net loss of \$10,822, net cash used in operations of \$9,337 during the three months ended March 31, 2013 and a working capital deficit and stockholders' deficit of \$45,845 at March 31, 2013. We had no revenues and incurred losses since inception resulting in a deficit accumulated during the development stage of \$150,378.

We anticipate that we will continue to generate losses from operations in the near future raising substantial doubt about our ability to continue as a going concern. Our ability to continue its operations is dependent on Management's plans, which include the raising of capital through debt and/or equity markets until such time that funds provided by operations are sufficient to fund working capital requirements.

The accompanying financial statements have been prepared on a going concern basis, which contemplates the realization of assets and the satisfaction of liabilities in the normal course of business. These financial statements do not include any adjustments relating to the recovery of the recorded assets or the classification of the liabilities that might be necessary should we be unable to continue as a going concern.

Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Our financial statements and related public financial information are based on the application of accounting principles generally accepted in the United States ("GAAP"). GAAP requires the use of estimates; assumptions, judgments and subjective interpretations of accounting principles that have an impact on the assets, liabilities, revenues and expense amounts reported. These estimates can also affect supplemental information contained in our external disclosures including information regarding contingencies, risk and financial condition. We believe our use of estimates and underlying accounting assumptions adhere to GAAP and are consistently and conservatively applied. We base our estimates on historical experience and on various other assumptions that we believe to be reasonable under the circumstances. Actual results may differ materially from these estimates under different assumptions or conditions. We continue to monitor significant estimates made during the preparation of our financial statements.

Our significant accounting policies are summarized in Note 2 of our unaudited interim financial statements. While all these significant accounting policies impact our financial condition and results of operations, we view certain of these policies as critical. Policies determined to be critical are those policies that have the most significant impact on our financial statements and require management to use a greater degree of judgment and estimates. Actual results may differ from those estimates. Our management believes that given current facts and circumstances, it is unlikely that applying any other reasonable judgments or estimate methodologies would cause effect on our results of operations, financial position or liquidity for the periods presented in this report.

We believe the following critical accounting policies and procedures, among others, affect our more significant judgments and estimates used in the preparation of our unaudited interim financial statements:

Development Stage

Our financial statements are presented as those of a development stage enterprise. Activities during the development stage primarily include obtaining debt and/or equity related financing, negotiating distribution agreements and marketing the territory for product distribution outlets. As a development stage enterprise, we disclose the deficit accumulated during the development stage and the cumulative statements of operations, stockholders' deficit and cash flows from inception to the current balance sheet date.

Recent Accounting Pronouncements

In January 2013, the Financial Accounting and Standards Board (FASB) issued Accounting Standards Update (“ASU”) ASU 2013-01, Balance Sheet (Topic 210): Clarifying the Scope of Disclosure about Offsetting Assets and Liabilities. The ASU clarifies disclosures required for derivatives accounted for in accordance with Topic 815, Derivatives and Hedging, including bifurcated embedded derivatives, repurchase agreements, and securities borrowing and lending transactions that are either offset in accordance with Section 310-20-45 or Section 815-10-46 or subject to an enforceable master netting arrangement or similar agreement. The ASU is effective for annual and interim periods beginning after January 1, 2013. We adopted this guidance in 2013 without material impact on its financial position, results of operations or cash flows.

In February 2013, the FASB issued ASU No. 2013-02, Comprehensive Income (Topic 220): Reporting of Amounts Reclassified Out of Accumulated Other Comprehensive Income”. The ASU requires an entity to report the effect of significant reclassifications out of accumulated other comprehensive income on the respective line items in net income if the amount being reclassified is required under U.S. GAAP to be reclassified in its entirety to net income. For other amounts that are not required under U.S. GAAP to be reclassified in their entirety from accumulated other comprehensive income to net income in the same reporting period, an entity is required to cross-reference other disclosures required under U.S. GAAP that provide additional detail about those amounts. The ASU is effective for annual and interim periods beginning after January 1, 2013. We adopted this guidance in 2013 without material impact on its financial position, results of operations or cash flows.

Off-Balance Sheet Arrangements

We do not have any off-balance sheet arrangements, financings, or other relationships with unconsolidated entities or other persons, also known as “special purpose entities” (SPEs).

Item 3 Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosures about Market Risk

Not required for a smaller reporting company.

Item 4 Controls and Procedures

Disclosure Controls and Procedures.

Our management has evaluated, under the supervision and with the participation of our Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer, the effectiveness of our disclosure controls and procedures as of the end of the period covered by this report pursuant to Rule 13a-15(b) and 15d-15 (b) under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 (the “Exchange Act”). Based on that evaluation, our management, including our Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer have concluded that, as of the end of the period covered by this report, our disclosure controls and procedures are effective in ensuring that information required to be disclosed in our Exchange Act reports is (1) recorded, processed, summarized and reported in a timely manner, and (2) accumulated and communicated to our management, including our Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer, as appropriate to allow timely decisions regarding required disclosure.

Changes in Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

There have been no changes in our internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the period covered by this report that have materially affected, or are reasonably likely to materially affect, our internal control over financial reporting.

PART II

Item 1 Legal Proceedings

None.

Item 1A Risk Factors

Not required for a smaller reporting company.

Item 2 Unregistered Sales of Equity Securities and Use of Proceeds

None.

Item 3 Defaults upon Senior Securities

None.

Item 4 Mine Safety Disclosures

N/A.

Item 5 Other Information

None.

Item 6 Exhibits, Financial Statement Schedules

| Number | Exhibit |
|----------|---|
| 31.1 | Rule 13a-14(a) Certification of Principal Executive Officer |
| 32.1 | Certification Pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, as Adopted Pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002 of Principal Executive Officer |
| 101.INS* | XBRL Instance Document |
| 101.SCH* | XBRL Taxonomy Extension Schema Document |
| 101.CAL* | XBRL Taxonomy Extension Calculation Linkbase Document |
| 101.LAB* | XBRL Taxonomy Extension Label Linkbase Document |
| 101.PRE* | XBRL Taxonomy Extension Presentation Linkbase Document |
| 101.DEF* | XBRL Taxonomy Extension Definition Linkbase Document |

•Pursuant to applicable securities laws and regulations, we are deemed to have complied with the reporting obligation relating to the submission of interactive data files in such exhibits and are not subject to liability under any anti-fraud provisions of the federal securities laws as long as we have made a good faith attempt to comply with

the submission requirements and promptly amend the interactive data files after becoming aware that the interactive data files fail to comply with the submission requirements. Users of this data are advised that, pursuant to Rule 406T, these interactive data files are deemed not filed and otherwise are not subject to liability.

SIGNATURES

Pursuant to the requirements of Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned, thereunto duly authorized.

Rich Star Development Corporation

Date: May 20, 2013

/s/ Man Yee Kung
Man Yee Kung
Chief Executive Officer