

GULFSTREAM INTERNATIONAL GROUP INC  
Form 10-Q  
August 14, 2009

**UNITED STATES**  
**SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION**

**Washington, D.C. 20549**

**FORM 10-Q**

**□ QUARTERLY REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE  
ACT OF 1934**

**For the quarterly period ended June 30, 2009**

or

**□ TRANSITION REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE  
ACT OF 1934**

For the transition period from \_\_\_\_\_ to \_\_\_\_\_

Commission File Number: 001-33884

**GULFSTREAM INTERNATIONAL GROUP, INC.**

*(Exact name of registrant as specified in its charter)*

**Delaware**

*(State or other jurisdiction of*

**20-3973956**

*(I.R.S. Employer*

*incorporation or organization)*

*Identification No.)*

**3201 Griffin Road, 4th Floor**

**Fort Lauderdale, Florida**

**33312**

*(Address of principal executive offices)*

*(Zip Code)*

Registrant's telephone number, including area code: **(954) 985-1500**

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days. Yes  No

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant has submitted electronically and posted on its corporate Web site, if any, every Interactive Data File required to be submitted and posted pursuant to Rule 405 of Regulation S-T during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to submit and post such files). Yes  No

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a large accelerated filer, an accelerated filer, a non-accelerated filer, or a smaller reporting company. See the definitions of large accelerated filer, accelerated filer and smaller reporting company in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act.

|  |  |
|--|--|
| Large accelerated filer <input type="checkbox"/> | Accelerated filer <input type="checkbox"/>         |
| Non-accelerated filer <input type="checkbox"/>   | Smaller reporting company <input type="checkbox"/> |

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a shell company (as defined in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act). Yes  No

Common stock outstanding at August 14, 2009: 2,959,600 shares.

**Gulfstream International Group, Inc.**

**Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q**

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Exhibit 32.1 Certification of Chief Executive Officer

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**PART I FINANCIAL INFORMATION****Item 1.****Financial Statements.****GULFSTREAM INTERNATIONAL GROUP, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES****CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS**  
**(In thousands)**

|   | <b>December 31</b> | <b>As of</b> | <b>June 30</b>     |
|---|--------------------|--------------|--------------------|
|   | <b>2008</b>        |              | <b>2009</b>        |
|   |                    |              | <b>(Unaudited)</b> |
| <b>Assets</b>   |                    |              |                    |
| <b>Current Assets</b>                                 |                    |              |                    |
| Cash and cash equivalents                             | \$ 3,215           | \$           | 1,663              |
| Accounts receivable                                   | 4,205              |              | 4,039              |
| Expendable parts                                      | 1,194              |              | 1,265              |
| Prepaid expenses                                      | 648                |              | 813                |
| <b>Total Current Assets</b>                           | <b>9,262</b>       |              | <b>7,780</b>       |
| <b>Property and Equipment</b>                         |                    |              |                    |
| Flight equipment                                      | 3,366              |              | 3,574              |
| Other property and equipment                          | 1,373              |              | 1,500              |
| Less accumulated depreciation                         | (1,946 )           |              | (2,284 )           |
| <b>Total Property and Equipment</b>                   | <b>2,793</b>       |              | <b>2,790</b>       |
| Intangible assets, net                                | 3,778              |              | 3,647              |
| Deferred tax assets                                   | 2,032              |              | 3,438              |
| Other assets  | 1,505              |              | 1,330              |
| <b>Total Assets</b>                                   | <b>\$ 19,370</b>   | <b>\$</b>    | <b>18,985</b>      |
| <b>Liabilities and Stockholders' Equity (Deficit)</b> |                    |              |                    |
| <b>Current Liabilities</b>                            |                    |              |                    |
| Accounts payable and accrued expenses                 | \$ 9,566           | \$           | 8,197              |
| Accounts payable - restructured, current portion      | 2,761              |              | 2,658              |
| Long-term debt, current portion                       | 529                |              | 572                |
| Engine return liability, current portion              | 2,432              |              | 1,200              |
| Air traffic liability                                 | 1,491              |              | 1,333              |
| Deferred tuition revenue                              | 728                |              | 862                |
| <b>Total Current Liabilities</b>                      | <b>17,507</b>      |              | <b>14,822</b>      |

**Long Term Liabilities**

|   |               |               |
|---|---------------|---------------|
| Accounts payable - restructured, net of current portion | 988           | 703           |
| Long-term debt, net of current portion                  | 2,850         | 2,429         |
| Engine return liability, net of current portion         | 461           |               |
| Warrant liability                                       | 2,229         | 2,354         |
| <b>Total Liabilities</b>                                | <b>24,035</b> | <b>20,308</b> |

**Stockholders' Equity (Deficit)**

|   |                  |                  |
|---|------------------|------------------|
| Common stock  | 30               | 30               |
| Additional paid-in capital                                    | 13,088           | 13,153           |
| Common stock warrants   | 252              | 252              |
| Accumulated deficit   | (17,721 )        | (14,758 )        |
| Accumulated other comprehensive loss                          | (314 )           |                  |
| <b>Total Stockholders' Equity (Deficit)</b>                   | <b>(4,665 )</b>  | <b>(1,323 )</b>  |
| <b>Total Liabilities &amp; Stockholders' Equity (Deficit)</b> | <b>\$ 19,370</b> | <b>\$ 18,985</b> |

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

## GULFSTREAM INTERNATIONAL GROUP, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES

**CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF OPERATIONS**  
(Unaudited)

| (In thousands except per share amounts )                   | Three Months Ended<br>June 30, |                 | Six Months Ended<br>June 30, |                 |
|--|--------------------------------|-----------------|------------------------------|-----------------|
|  | 2008                           | 2009            | 2008                         | 2009            |
| <b>Operating Revenues</b>                                  |                                |                 |                              |                 |
| Passenger revenue  | \$ 27,614                      | \$ 16,235       | \$ 55,352                    | \$ 33,767       |
| Academy, charter and other revenue                         | 3,438                          | 7,464           | 6,955                        | 13,508          |
| <b>Total Operating Revenues</b>                            | <b>31,052</b>                  | <b>23,699</b>   | <b>62,307</b>                | <b>47,275</b>   |
| <b>Operating Expenses</b>                                  |                                |                 |                              |                 |
| Flight operations  | 3,498                          | 3,762           | 7,251                        | 6,827           |
| Aircraft fuel  | 10,063                         | 3,321           | 18,249                       | 6,782           |
| Maintenance  | 5,976                          | 5,505           | 13,553                       | 10,975          |
| Passenger and traffic service                              | 6,045                          | 5,033           | 12,698                       | 9,860           |
| Aircraft rent  | 1,615                          | 1,577           | 3,371                        | 3,223           |
| Promotion and sales  | 1,971                          | 1,293           | 4,124                        | 2,596           |
| General and administrative                                 | 1,809                          | 1,931           | 3,843                        | 3,628           |
| Depreciation and amortization                              | 1,116                          | 293             | 2,191                        | 580             |
| Impairment charge on assets held for sale                  | 4,467                          |                 | 4,467                        |                 |
| <b>Total Operating Expenses</b>                            | <b>36,560</b>                  | <b>22,715</b>   | <b>69,747</b>                | <b>44,471</b>   |
| <b>Operating income (loss)</b>                             | <b>(5,508 )</b>                | <b>984</b>      | <b>(7,440 )</b>              | <b>2,804</b>    |
| <b>Non-operating (expense) income</b>                      |                                |                 |                              |                 |
| Interest expense   | (148 )                         | (561 )          | (302 )                       | (1,145 )        |
| Interest income  | 5                              |                 | 20                           | 7               |
| Other (expense) income                                     | (13 )                          | (49 )           | (12 )                        | (114 )          |
| <b>Total non-operating (expense) income</b>                | <b>(156 )</b>                  | <b>(610 )</b>   | <b>(294 )</b>                | <b>(1,252 )</b> |
| <b>Income (loss) before income tax provision (benefit)</b> | <b>(5,664 )</b>                | <b>374</b>      | <b>(7,734 )</b>              | <b>1,552</b>    |
| Income tax provision (benefit)                             | (2,120 )                       | (1,859 )        | (2,903 )                     | (1,411 )        |
| <b>Net income (loss)</b>                                   | <b>\$ (3,544 )</b>             | <b>\$ 2,233</b> | <b>\$ (4,831 )</b>           | <b>\$ 2,963</b> |

Net Income (Loss) per share:

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|         |    |         |    |      |    |         |    |      |
|---------|----|---------|----|------|----|---------|----|------|
| Basic   | \$ | (1.20 ) | \$ | 0.75 | \$ | (1.64 ) | \$ | 1.00 |
| Diluted | \$ | (1.20 ) | \$ | 0.63 | \$ | (1.64 ) | \$ | 0.82 |

Shares used in calculating net income  
(loss) per share:

|         |       |       |       |       |
|---------|-------|-------|-------|-------|
| Basic   | 2,959 | 2,959 | 2,954 | 2,959 |
| Diluted | 2,959 | 3,293 | 2,954 | 3,293 |

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.



## GULFSTREAM INTERNATIONAL GROUP, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES

**CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS**  
(Unaudited, In thousands)

|  | <b>Six Months Ended June 30,</b> |               |
|--|----------------------------------|---------------|
|  | <b>2008</b>                      | <b>2009</b>   |
| <b>Cash flows from operating activities:</b>   |                                  |               |
| <b>Net income (loss)</b>   | \$ (4,831 )                      | \$ 2,963      |
| <b>Adjustment to reconcile net income (loss) to net cash provided by (used in) operating activities:</b> |                                  |               |
| Impairment charge on assets held for sale  | 4,467                            |               |
| Depreciation and amortization  | 2,247                            | 580           |
| Deferred income tax provision (benefit)  | (2,903 )                         | (1,406 )      |
| Amortization of deferred finance costs   |                                  | 659           |
| Stock-based compensation   | 24                               | 66            |
| Write-off of unamortized overhaul costs  | 573                              |               |
| Amortization of warrant discount   |                                  | 125           |
| Provision for bad debts  |                                  | 7             |
| <b>Changes in operating assets and liabilities:</b>  |                                  |               |
| Decrease (increase) in accounts receivable   | (1,040 )                         | 159           |
| Decrease (increase) in expendable parts  | (673 )                           | (71 )         |
| Decrease (increase) in prepaid expense   | 81                               | (165 )        |
| Decrease ( increase) in due from affiliates  | 640                              |               |
| Decrease ( increase) in other assets   | (158 )                           | 25            |
| Increase (decrease) in accounts payable & accrued expenses   | 1,172                            | (1,369 )      |
| Increase (decrease) in accounts payable - restructured   |                                  | (389 )        |
| Increase (decrease) in deferred revenue  | (67 )                            | (24 )         |
| Increase (decrease) in engine return liability   | (534 )                           | (1,692 )      |
| <b>Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities</b>   | <b>(1,002 )</b>                  | <b>(532 )</b> |
| <b>Cash flows from (used in) investing activities:</b>   |                                  |               |
| Acquisition of property and equipment  | (1,725 )                         | (434 )        |
| <b>Net cash provided by (used in) investing activities</b>   | <b>(1,725 )</b>                  | <b>(434 )</b> |
| <b>Cash flows from (used in) financing activities:</b>   |                                  |               |
| Change in fair value of open fuel hedge contracts  |                                  | 314           |
| Proceeds from issuance of common stock   | 858                              |               |
| Repayments of debt   | (746 )                           | (900 )        |
| <b>Net cash provided by (used in) financing activities</b>   | <b>112</b>                       | <b>(586 )</b> |

|  |                 |                 |
|--|-----------------|-----------------|
| <b>Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents</b>  | (2,615 )        | (1,552 )        |
| Cash, beginning of period                                    | 3,938           | 3,215           |
| <b>Cash, end of period</b>                                   | <b>\$ 1,323</b> | <b>\$ 1,663</b> |
| <br><b>Supplemental disclosure of cash flow information:</b> |                 |                 |
| Cash paid during the period for interest                     | 289             | 244             |
| Cash paid during the period for income taxes                 | 8               |                 |

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

**GULFSTREAM INTERNATIONAL GROUP, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES**

**NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**  
**For the Six Months Ended June 30, 2008 and 2009**

**(1) Basis of Presentation**

Gulfstream International Group, Inc. was incorporated in Delaware in December 2005 as Gulfstream Acquisition Group, Inc., and changed its name to Gulfstream International Group, Inc. in June 2007. We were formed for the purpose of acquiring Gulfstream International Airlines, Inc. ( Gulfstream ), a wholly-owned subsidiary of G-Air Holdings Corp., Inc., and Gulfstream Training Academy, Inc. ( Academy ), collectively referred to as the Company . References to the Company, we, our, and us, refer to Gulfstream International Group, Inc. and either or both of Gulfstream or the Academy.

Gulfstream Air Charter, Inc. ( GAC ), a related company which is owned by Thomas L. Cooper, operates charter flights between Miami and Havana. GAC is licensed by the Office of Foreign Assets Control of the U. S. Department of the Treasury as a carrier and travel service provider for charter air transportation between designated U. S. and Cuban airports.

Pursuant to a services agreement between Gulfstream and GAC dated August 8, 2003 and amended on March 14, 2006, Gulfstream may provide use of its aircraft, flight crews, the Gulfstream name, insurance, and service personnel, including passenger, ground handling, security, and administrative. Gulfstream also maintains the financial records for GAC. Pursuant to the March 14, 2006 amended agreement, Gulfstream receives 75% of the operating profit generated by GAC 's Cuban charter operation. We have consolidated the results of the Cuba charter business as a variable interest entity since January 1, 2008 pursuant to the requirements of FASB Interpretation No. 46 (revised December 2003), *Consolidation of Variable Interest Entities*.

All intercompany accounts and transactions have been eliminated in the consolidated financial statements. Certain amounts in the prior period presented have been reclassified to conform to the current period financial statement presentation. These reclassifications have no effect on previously reported net income.

The accompanying consolidated financial statements have been prepared by the Company, without an audit, pursuant to the rules and regulations of the Securities and Exchange Commission. Certain information and footnote disclosures, normally included in annual financial statements prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles in the United States, have been condensed or omitted pursuant to those rules and regulations. However, the Company believes that the disclosures made are adequate to make the information presented not misleading when read in conjunction with the audited financial statements and notes thereto included in Gulfstream 's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2008 filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission. Management believes that the financial statements contain all adjustments necessary for a fair statement of the results for the interim periods presented. The results of operations for the interim periods are not necessarily indicative of the results for the entire fiscal year.

The Company has evaluated all subsequent events through August 14, 2009.

**(2) Accounting Pronouncements**

In June 2009, the Financial Accounting Standards Board ( FASB ) issued SFAS No. 167, Amendments to FASB Interpretation No. 46(R) , which is effective for the first annual reporting period that begins after November 15, 2009. This Statement amends FIN 46(R), *Consolidation of Variable Interest Entities, an interpretation of ARB No. 51*, to require revised evaluations of whether entities represent variable interest entities, ongoing assessments of control over

such entities, and additional disclosures for variable interests. The Company does not believe the adoption of this pronouncement will have a material impact on its financial position or results of operations.

In May 2009, the FASB issued SFAS 165, Subsequent Events . The objective of this Statement is to establish general standards of accounting for and disclosure of events that occur after the balance sheet date but before financial statements are issued or are available to be issued. In particular, this Statement sets forth: 1) the period after the balance sheet date during which management of a reporting entity should evaluate events or transactions that may occur for potential recognition or disclosure in the financial statements, 2) the circumstances under which an entity should recognize events or transactions occurring after the balance sheet date in its financial statements and 3) the disclosures that an entity should make about events or transactions that occurred after the

balance sheet date. In accordance with this Statement, an entity should apply the requirements to interim or annual financial periods ending after June 15, 2009. The adoption of SFAS 165 did not have a material impact on the Company's financial statements or condition.

In April 2009 the FASB issued FSP FAS 157-4, *Determining Fair Value When the Volume and Level of Activity for the Asset or Liability Have Significantly Decreased and Identifying Transactions That Are Not Orderly* (FSP FAS 157-4). This FASB Staff Position (FSP) provides additional guidance for estimating fair value in accordance with FASB Statement No. 157, *Fair Value Measurements*, when the volume and level of activity for the asset or liability have significantly decreased. This FSP also includes guidance on identifying circumstances that indicate a transaction is not orderly. This FSP shall be effective for interim and annual reporting periods ending after June 15, 2009. The Company maintains its excess cash in cash type instruments such as certificates of deposits or money market funds, which are defined as cash, and as such would not be covered by FASB 157.

In April 2009 the FASB issued FSP FAS 141(R)-1, *Accounting for Assets Acquired and Liabilities Assumed in a Business Combination That Arise from Contingencies*. This FASB Staff Position (FSP) amends and clarifies FASB Statement No. 141 (revised 2007), *Business Combinations*, to address application issues raised by preparers, auditors, and members of the legal profession on initial recognition and measurement, subsequent measurement and accounting, and disclosure of assets and liabilities arising from contingencies in a business combination. This FSP shall be effective for assets or liabilities arising from contingencies in business combinations for which the acquisition date is on or after the beginning of the first annual reporting period beginning on or after December 15, 2008. Management does not believe the adoption of this standard will have a material impact on the Company's consolidated financial position or results of operations.

In April 2009 the FASB issued FSP FAS 115-2 and FAS 124-2, *Recognition and Presentation of Other-Than-Temporary Impairments*. This FASB Staff Position (FSP) amends the other-than-temporary impairment guidance in U.S. GAAP for debt securities to make the guidance more operational and to improve the presentation and disclosure of other-than-temporary impairments on debt and equity securities in the financial statements. This FSP does not amend existing recognition and measurement guidance related to other-than-temporary impairments of equity securities. The FSP shall be effective for interim and annual reporting periods ending after June 15, 2009, with early adoption permitted for periods ending after March 15, 2009. Earlier adoption for periods ending before March 15, 2009, is not permitted. Management does not believe the adoption of this standard will have a material impact on the Company's consolidated financial position or results of operations.

Management does not believe that any other recently issued, but not yet effective, accounting standard if currently adopted would have a material effect on the accompanying financial statements.

### **(3) Loss Contingency**

On May 7, 2009, the Federal Aviation Administration (the FAA) notified the Company that it was seeking a proposed civil penalty of \$1,310,000 against the Company for alleged non-compliance with respect to certain record keeping requirements, and regulatory requirements relating to the use of certain replacement parts. The Company has begun an informal conference with the FAA, which is a settlement process prescribed by statute that authorizes the FAA to accept and consider relevant information in order to compromise proposed civil penalties. We have submitted information, evidence and supporting documentation for consideration by the FAA demonstrating that certain alleged violations of the regulations did not occur, or demonstrating why the facts and circumstances in this case do not warrant the proposed civil penalty sought by the FAA. We believe that information submitted by us to the FAA through the informal conference process may result in a significant reduction in the civil penalty initially proposed in this matter. If a compromised settlement of this matter is not successful, the FAA, through a U.S Attorney, may initiate a civil action for the full amount of the proposed civil penalty as prescribed by law.

In accordance with generally accepted accounting principles, the Company recognized a charge to earnings in the June 2009 quarter that represents the lowest amount within a range of probable outcomes regarding this matter. The charge to earnings did not have a material impact on the company's financial position or results of operations.

#### **(4) Income Taxes**

A valuation allowance offsets the net deferred tax assets for which recovery is not considered more likely than not. A valuation allowance is evaluated considering positive and negative evidence about whether the deferred tax assets will be realized. At the time of evaluation, the allowance can be either increased or reduced. A reduction could result in the complete elimination of the allowance, if positive evidence indicates that the value of the deferred tax assets is no longer impaired and the allowance is no longer required.

The Company's net operating loss carryforwards as of December 31, 2008 totaled \$12.7 million and expire in years up to 2028. A valuation allowance of \$4.0 million was provided for the net operating loss carryforwards and other deferred tax assets as of December 31, 2008. The Company determined then that the rapidly declining economy, especially since the beginning of the fourth quarter of 2008, had severely diminished visibility regarding future long-term profitability. As a result, the Company concluded that it would more likely than not fail to realize the full benefit of a portion of the Company's net deferred tax assets.

As of June 30, 2009, the Company reduced the valuation allowance related to net deferred tax assets by \$2.0 million. The following factors were key considerations supporting the current judgment that the Company will more likely than not realize the tax benefits of a greater portion of its net deferred tax assets:

.

The Company's deferred tax assets are primarily comprised of operating losses realized over a relatively short period of five quarters ended December 31, 2008;

.

The company's operating history from 2003 through most of 2007 was profitable;

.

The tax benefits of the net operating loss carryforwards are available over a 20-year period;

.

The Company successfully restructured its operations during 2008 and has since reported operating profits for the past eight months and two successive quarters;

.

The Company's unique market niche has allowed it to operate profitably, while most of the airline industry has continued to report operating losses in a very difficult economic environment;

.

The Company's small-market focus and use of small turboprop equipment allow it to operate cost effectively with less competition and strong pricing power;

.

The Company's market opportunities for growth continue to expand as larger carriers consolidate, reduce capacity, shrink or close hubs, and abandon smaller markets.

**(5) Liquidity and Capital Resources**

During the six months ended June 2009, our year-over-year improvement in operating profitability reflected the fundamental improvements that were implemented during 2008. However, we have experienced somewhat lower revenue and higher fuel costs than projected at the beginning of the year. We also reduced our debt and restructured creditor obligations by over \$4.1 million since October 2008. We are presently seeking to increase our equity capital base, so as to support our near-term liquidity requirements. This is a necessary course of action in response to our current liquidity position and various additional factors, including a seasonal business slowdown in September and October, the ongoing risk posed by a weakened economy, the potential for continued volatility in the price of jet fuel, a negotiated settlement of the civil penalty proposed by the Federal Aviation Administration, and the impact on our liquidity of scheduled repayments of debt and restructured creditor obligations over the next two years. However, we can make no assurance that an equity financing will be completed successfully, or that alternative sources of capital will be available under terms acceptable to us, or at all. If the anticipated financing is not completed in the near-term, we would experience an immediate and significant liquidity shortfall and would be unable to fund operations or meet our financial obligations.

**(6) Earnings Per Share**

The Company computes earnings per share in accordance with the provisions of SFAS No. 128, "Earnings per Share." Under the provisions of SFAS No. 128, basic net income per share is computed by dividing net income by the weighted average number of common shares outstanding during the period presented. Diluted net income per share reflects the potential dilution that could occur from common stock issuable through stock based compensation including stock options and restricted stock awards, warrants and other convertible securities, and warrants issued by Gulfstream ( GIA ), a subsidiary of the Company.



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The computation of per share earnings for the three and six-month periods ended June 30, 2008 and 2009 is as follows:

|  | <b>Three months Ended June 30,</b> |              | <b>Six months Ended June 30,</b> |              |
|--|------------------------------------|--------------|----------------------------------|--------------|
|  | <b>2008</b>                        | <b>2009</b>  | <b>2008</b>                      | <b>2009</b>  |
| Net income (loss)                              | \$ (3,544,000 )                    | \$ 2,233,000 | \$ (4,831,000 )                  | \$ 2,963,000 |
| Effect of assumed interest on convertible debt |                                    | \$ 25,682    |                                  | \$ 52,602    |
| Effect of GIA warrants                         |                                    | (192,205 )   |                                  | (309,752 )   |
| Net income (loss) diluted                      | \$ (3,544,000 )                    | \$ 2,066,477 | \$ (4,831,000 )                  | \$ 2,705,850 |
| Weighted average of shares outstanding basic   | 2,959,460                          | 2,959,600    | 2,954,185                        | 2,959,600    |
| Weighted average of shares outstanding diluted | 2,959,460                          | 3,292,933    | 2,954,185                        | 3,292,933    |
| Earnings (loss) per common share:              |                                    |              |                                  |              |
| Basic  | \$ (1.20 )                         | \$ 0.75      | \$ (1.64 )                       | \$ 1.00      |
| Diluted  | \$ (1.20 )                         | \$ 0.63      | \$ (1.64 )                       | \$ 0.82      |

The effect on net income of the GIA warrants is calculated in accordance with SFAS No. 128 Earnings per Share , paragraph 62(a) as follows:

|  | <b>Three months Ended June 30,</b> |              | <b>Six months Ended June 30,</b> |              |
|--|------------------------------------|--------------|----------------------------------|--------------|
|  | <b>2008</b>                        | <b>2009</b>  | <b>2008</b>                      | <b>2009</b>  |
| <b>Earnings Per Share of GIA:</b>                          |                                    |              |                                  |              |
| Net income (loss)  | \$ (5,702,000 )                    | \$ 1,191,221 | \$ (7,558,000 )                  | \$ 3,322,221 |
| Add: management fees charged by the Parent                 | 7,000                              | \$           | 97,000                           | \$           |
| Add: GIA's portion of consolidated tax benefit (provision) | 1,975,000                          | 923,003      | 2,671,000                        | 85,003       |
| Adjusted net income  | \$ (3,720,000 )                    | \$ 2,114,223 | \$ (4,790,000 )                  | \$ 3,407,223 |
| Basic weighted average shares                              | 19,575,000                         | 19,575,000   | 19,575,000                       | 19,575,000   |
| Dilutive effect of warrants                                | (1)                                | 1,957,533    | (1)                              | 1,957,533    |
| Diluted weighted average shares                            | 19,575,000                         | 21,532,533   | 19,575,000                       | 21,532,533   |
| Earnings per common share:                                 |                                    |              |                                  |              |
| Basic  | \$ (0.19 )                         | \$ 0.11      | \$ (0.24 )                       | \$ 0.17      |

|         |    |         |    |      |    |         |    |      |
|---------|----|---------|----|------|----|---------|----|------|
| Diluted | \$ | (0.19 ) | \$ | 0.10 | \$ | (0.24 ) | \$ | 0.16 |
|---------|----|---------|----|------|----|---------|----|------|

**Effect on Net Income of  
GIA Warrants:**

Proportionate share of GIA  
income included in:

|                                |    |              |    |           |    |              |    |           |
|--------------------------------|----|--------------|----|-----------|----|--------------|----|-----------|
| basic earnings per share (2)   | \$ | (3,720,000 ) | \$ | 2,114,223 | \$ | (4,790,000 ) | \$ | 3,407,223 |
| diluted earnings per share (3) |    | (3,720,000 ) |    | 1,922,018 |    | (4,790,000 ) |    | 3,097,471 |
| Difference                     | \$ |              | \$ | 192,205   | \$ |              | \$ | 309,752   |

(1) For the three months and six months ended June 30, 2008, there were 1,957,533 warrants that have been excluded from the GIA weighted average shares outstanding because the effect on earnings (loss) per share would have been anti-dilutive.

(2) Calculated as the number of GIA outstanding shares times GIA basic earnings per share

(3) Calculated as the number of GIA outstanding shares times GIA diluted earnings per share

For the three and six-month periods ended June 30, 2008, there were 321,000 shares attributable to stock options and warrants that were excluded from the weighted average shares outstanding, because the effect on loss per share would have been anti-dilutive.

**(7) Segments**

The Company has two reportable segments: the airline and charter operation and the flight academy. The accounting policies of the business segments are the same and are described in Note (1) to the financial statements included in the Company's Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2008 as filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission. Although the reportable segments are business units that offer different services and are managed separately, their activities are highly integrated.

Virtually all of the Company's consolidated capital expenditures, depreciation and amortization, and interest expense are attributable to the Airline and Charter business segment.

Financial information for the three and six-month periods ended June 30, 2008 and 2009 by business segment is as follows (in thousands):

| <b>Three months ended<br/>June 30, 2009</b> | <b>Airline and</b> | <b>Flight</b>  |               | <b>Intercompany</b> |              |
|---|--------------------|----------------|---------------|---------------------|--------------|
|   | <b>Charter</b>     | <b>Academy</b> | <b>Parent</b> | <b>Eliminations</b> | <b>Total</b> |
| Operating revenues                          | \$ 23,493          | \$ 489         | \$            | \$ (283 )           | \$ 23,699    |
| Operating expenses                          | 22,284             | 546            | 168           | (283 )              | \$ 22,715    |
| Income from operations                      | \$ 1,209           | \$ (57 )       | \$ (168 )     | \$                  | \$ 984       |
| Net income                                  | \$ 1,114           | \$ (43 )       | \$ 1,162      | \$                  | \$ 2,233     |
| Depreciation and amortization               | \$ 290             | \$ 3           | \$            | \$                  | \$ 293       |
| Interest expense                            | 94                 | 1              | 466           |                     | 561          |
| Interest income                             | (5 )               |                |               |                     | (5 )         |
| Income tax expense                          |                    |                | (1,859 )      |                     | (1,861 )     |
| Capital expenditures                        | 246                |                |               |                     | 246          |
| Total assets                                | 13,595             | 2,792          | 15,178        | (12,580 )           | 18,985       |

  

| <b>Three months ended<br/>June 30, 2008</b> | <b>Airline and</b> | <b>Flight</b>  |               | <b>Intercompany</b> |              |
|---|--------------------|----------------|---------------|---------------------|--------------|
|   | <b>Charter</b>     | <b>Academy</b> | <b>Parent</b> | <b>Eliminations</b> | <b>Total</b> |
| Operating revenues                          | \$ 30,600          | \$ 874         | \$ 7          | \$ (429 )           | \$ 31,052    |
| Operating expenses                          | 36,064             | 779            | 114           | (397 )              | 36,560       |
| Income from Operations                      | \$ (5,464 )        | \$ 95          | \$ (107 )     | \$ (32 )            | \$ (5,508 )  |
| Net income                                  | \$ (5,640 )        | \$ 114         | \$ 2,013      | \$ (31 )            | \$ (3,544 )  |
| Depreciation and amortization               | \$ 1,113           | \$ 3           | \$            | \$                  | \$ 1,116     |
| Interest expense                            | 148                |                |               |                     | 148          |
| Interest income                             | 5                  |                |               |                     |              |
| Income tax expense (benefit)                |                    |                | (2,120 )      |                     | (2,120 )     |
| Capital expenditures                        | 1,021              |                |               |                     | 1,021        |
| Total assets                                | 27,812             | 5,587          | 14,684        | (12,784 )           | 35,299       |

| <b>Six months ended<br/>June 30, 2009</b> | <b>Airline and</b> | <b>Flight</b>  | <b>Intercompany</b> |                     |              |
|---|--------------------|----------------|---------------------|---------------------|--------------|
|   | <b>Charter</b>     | <b>Academy</b> | <b>Parent</b>       | <b>Eliminations</b> | <b>Total</b> |
| Operating revenues                        | \$ 46,952          | \$ 868         |                     | \$ (545 )           | \$ 47,275    |
| Operating expenses                        | 43,565             | 1,106          | 345                 | (545 )              | \$ 44,471    |
| Income from operations                    | \$ 3,387           | \$ (238 )      | \$ (345 )           | \$                  | \$ 2,804     |
| Net income                                | \$ 3,214           | \$ (204 )      | \$ (47 )            |                     | \$ 2,963     |
| Depreciation and<br>amortization          | \$ 574             | \$ 6           |                     |                     | \$ 580       |
| Interest expense                          | 179                | 1              | 965                 |                     | \$ 1,145     |
| Interest income                           | 2                  |                |                     |                     | \$ 2         |
| Income tax expense (benefit)              |                    |                | (1,411 )            |                     | \$ (1,413 )  |
| Capital expenditures                      | 434                |                |                     |                     | \$ 434       |
| Total assets                              | \$ 13,595          | \$ 2,792       | \$ 15,178           | \$ (12,580 )        | \$ 18,985    |

| <b>Six months ended June 30,<br/>2008</b> | <b>Airline and</b> | <b>Flight</b>  | <b>Intercompany</b> |                     |              |
|---|--------------------|----------------|---------------------|---------------------|--------------|
|   | <b>Charter</b>     | <b>Academy</b> | <b>Parent</b>       | <b>Eliminations</b> | <b>Total</b> |
| Operating revenues                        | \$ 61,538          | \$ 1,798       | \$ 97               | \$ (1,126 )         | \$ 62,307    |
| Operating expenses                        | 68,807             | 1,830          | 236                 | (1,126 )            | 69,747       |
| Income from Operations                    | \$ (7,269 )        | \$ (32 )       | \$ (139 )           | \$                  | \$ (7,440 )  |
| Net income                                | \$ (7,605 )        | \$ 10          | \$ 2,764            | \$                  | \$ (4,831 )  |
| Depreciation and<br>amortization          | \$ 2,185           | \$ 6           | \$                  | \$                  | \$ 2,191     |
| Interest expense                          | 302                |                |                     |                     | 302          |
| Interest income                           | 20                 |                |                     |                     | 20           |
| Income tax expense<br>(benefit)           |                    |                | (2,903 )            |                     | (2,903 )     |
| Capital expenditures                      | 1,719              | 6              |                     |                     | 2,559        |
| Total assets                              | \$ 27,812          | \$ 5,587       | \$ 14,684           | \$ (12,785 )        | \$ 35,299    |

**Item 2.**

**Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations.**

**Special Note Regarding Forward-Looking Statements**

This Form 10-Q, including the sections entitled Risk Factors, and Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations, contains forward-looking statements. These statements relate to, among other things:

- .  
our business strategy;
- .  
our value proposition;
- .  
the market opportunity for our services, including expected demand for our services;
- .  
information regarding the replacement, deployment, acquisition and financing of certain numbers and types of aircraft, and projected expenses associated therewith;
- .  
costs of compliance with FAA regulations, Department of Homeland Security regulations and other rules and acts of Congress;
- .  
the ability to pass taxes, fuel costs, inflation, and various expense to our customers;
- .  
certain projected financial obligations;
- .  
our estimates regarding our capital requirements; and
- .  
any of our other plans, objectives, expectations and intentions contained in this prospectus that are not historical facts.

These statements, in addition to statements made in conjunction with the words expect, anticipate, intend, plan, believe, seek, estimate and similar expressions, are forward-looking statements. These statements relate to future events or our future financial performance and only reflect management's expectations and estimates. You should read

this Form 10-Q completely and with the understanding that our results may be materially different from what we expect. We qualify all of our forward-looking statements by these cautionary statements. We undertake no duty to update these forward-looking statements after the date of this Form 10-Q, even though our situation may change in the future. The following is a list of factors, among others, that could cause actual results to differ materially from the forward-looking statements:

.  
changing external competition, business, budgeting, fuel supply, weather or economic conditions;

.  
changes in our relationships with employees; code share partners or key vendors;

.  
availability and cost of funds for financing new aircraft and our ability to profitably manage our existing fleet;

.  
adverse reaction and publicity that might result from any accidents or alleged inappropriate actions;

.  
the impact of current or future laws and government investigations and regulations affecting the airline industry and our operations;

.  
terrorist attacks; and

.  
consumer unwillingness to incur greater costs for flights.

## **Overview**

We operate a scheduled airline, scheduled and on-demand charter services, and a flight training academy for commercial pilots.

Our most significant market opportunity relates to the fact that we currently operate in and have targeted future expansion in unserved and underserved short haul markets, which is a growing opportunity for two principal reasons. Many smaller markets are being abandoned by major carriers, as they shift their focus increasingly to international markets and away from domestic markets and hubs. In addition, many smaller markets are also being abandoned by regional airlines, as they continue to gravitate toward larger jet aircraft in the 70-100 seat range, and away from smaller markets that utilize turboprop aircraft. As a result, we continue to seek opportunities to grow in the expanding number of smaller underserved or unserved markets that are suitable for our fleet of small-capacity aircraft.

Our most significant challenges relate to:

.  
volatility in the price of aircraft fuel;

.  
a weakened economic environment; and

.  
securing cost-effective maintenance resources, as the average age of our aircraft fleet increases.



## Current Developments

Consolidated net income for the three and six-month periods ended June 30, 2009 was \$2,233,000 and \$2,963,000 respectively compared to net losses of \$3,544,000 and \$4,831,000 for the comparable periods in 2008. Operating income for the three and six-month periods ended June 30, 2009 was \$984,000 and \$2,804,000 respectively compared to operating losses of \$5,508,000 and \$7,440,000, respectively, for the comparable periods in 2008. The year-over-year improvement in operating income for both the three and six-month periods was primarily attributable to lower fuel prices, as well as revenue initiatives, capacity reductions and cost controls compared to last year. Additionally for both 2008 periods the Company incurred an impairment charge of \$4,467,000 related to the sale of its fleet of eight Embraer aircraft.

Operating profit for both the three and six-month periods ended June 30, 2009 represents a significant year-over-year performance turnaround that relates directly to the aggressive business plan adopted in 2008 to improve profitability at a time when jet fuel prices were at record highs and the economy was showing clear signs of weakening. The following factors had a significant influence on the improvement in our operating results for the three and six-month periods of 2009 compared with our results for the comparable 2008 periods, and are likely to continue to impact 2009 results:

.

The price of jet fuel declined dramatically after peaking in July 2008. The average price of jet fuel for the first half of 2009 was \$1.79 compared to \$3.33 for the comparable period last year;

.

The sale of our Embraer fleet of eight aircraft during 2008 has reduced the complexity and cost associated with flying two different aircraft types, and has resulted in a 19% reduction in the maintenance costs for the six months ended June 30, 2009 compared to the same period in 2008;

.

We reduced lift capacity (ASMs, or available seat miles) 41.7% for the six months ended June 30, 2009 to enable us to better balance our capacity to the lower demand resulting from a weakened economy;

.

We increased our average ticket prices by 8.2%, and we initiated charges for excess baggage fees, consistent with practices adopted throughout the airline industry;

.

We redeployed assets to profitable routes by initiating service in September 2008 between Continental Airline's Cleveland hub and five smaller cities in Pennsylvania, New York and West Virginia in conjunction with Essential Air Service routes awarded by the Department of Transportation. This revenue source, which is subsidized by the Department of Transportation, is relatively stable especially in a weakened economic environment;

.

We implemented substantial capacity-related and structural cost reductions during 2008;

.

Travel restrictions on Cuban Americans were relaxed early in 2009, which has substantially increased demand and improved profitability for our Cuba charter operation.

During the six months ended June 2009, our year-over-year improvement in operating profitability reflected the fundamental improvements that were implemented during 2008. However, we have experienced somewhat lower revenue and higher fuel costs than projected at the beginning of the year. We also reduced our debt and restructured creditor obligations by over \$4.1 million since October 2008. We are presently seeking to increase our equity capital base, so as to support our near-term liquidity requirements. This is a necessary course of action in response to our current liquidity position and various additional factors, including the seasonal business slowdown in September and October, the ongoing risk posed by a weakened economy, the potential for continued volatility in the price of jet fuel, a negotiated settlement of the civil penalty proposed by the Federal Aviation Administration, and the impact on our liquidity from scheduled repayments of debt and restructured creditor obligations over the next two years. However, we can make no assurance that an equity financing will be completed successfully, or that alternative sources of capital will be available under terms acceptable to us, or at all. If the anticipated financing is not completed in the near-term, we would experience an immediate and significant liquidity shortfall, and would be unable to fund operations or meet our financial obligations.

**Results of Operations****Comparative Results for the Three and Six-Month Periods Ended June 30, 2008 and 2009**

The following table sets forth our financial results (unaudited) for the three and six-month periods ended June 30, 2008 and 2009.

| <i>(In thousands)</i>                     | <b>Three Months Ended June 30,</b> |               | <b>Percent Change</b> | <b>Six Months Ended June 30,</b> |               | <b>Percent Change</b> |
|---|------------------------------------|---------------|-----------------------|----------------------------------|---------------|-----------------------|
|   | <b>2008</b>                        | <b>2009</b>   |                       | <b>2008</b>                      | <b>2009</b>   |                       |
|   | <b>(In thousands)</b>              |               |                       | <b>(In thousands)</b>            |               |                       |
| <b>Revenue</b>                            |                                    |               |                       |                                  |               |                       |
| Airline passenger revenue                 | \$ 27,614                          | \$ 18,318     | -33.7 %               | \$ 55,352                        | \$ 37,872     | -31.6 %               |
| Academy, charter and other revenue        | 3,438                              | 5,381         | 56.5 %                | 6,955                            | 9,403         | 35.2 %                |
| <b>Total Revenue</b>                      | <b>31,052</b>                      | <b>23,699</b> | <b>-23.7 %</b>        | <b>62,307</b>                    | <b>47,275</b> | <b>-24.1 %</b>        |
| <b>Operating Expenses</b>                 |                                    |               |                       |                                  |               |                       |
| Flight operations                         | 3,498                              | 3,762         | 9.8 %                 | 7,251                            | 6,827         | -5.8 %                |
| Aircraft fuel                             | 10,063                             | 3,321         | -67.0 %               | 18,249                           | 6,782         | -62.8 %               |
| Aircraft rent                             | 1,615                              | 1,577         | -6.5 %                | 3,371                            | 3,223         | -4.4 %                |
| Maintenance                               | 5,976                              | 5,505         | -7.9 %                | 13,553                           | 10,975        | -19.0 %               |
| Passenger service                         | 6,045                              | 5,033         | -16.7 %               | 12,698                           | 9,860         | -22.3 %               |
| Promotion & sales                         | 1,971                              | 1,293         | -34.4 %               | 4,124                            | 2,596         | -37.1 %               |
| General and administrative                | 1,809                              | 1,931         | 6.7 %                 | 3,843                            | 3,628         | -5.6 %                |
| Depreciation and amortization             | 1,116                              | 293           | -73.7 %               | 2,191                            | 580           | -73.5 %               |
| Impairment charge on assets held for sale | 4,467                              |               | NM                    | 4,467                            |               | NM                    |
| Operating Expenses                        | 36,560                             | 22,715        | -37.9 %               | 69,747                           | 44,471        | -36.2 %               |
| <b>Income (loss) from operations</b>      | <b>(5,508 )</b>                    | <b>984</b>    | <b>NM</b>             | <b>(7,440 )</b>                  | <b>2,804</b>  | <b>NM</b>             |
| <b>Non-Operating Income and (Expense)</b> |                                    |               |                       |                                  |               |                       |
| Interest (expense)                        | (148 )                             | (561 )        | 279.1 %               | (302 )                           | (1,145 )      | 279.1 %               |
| Interest income                           | 5                                  |               | -100.0 %              | 20                               | 7             | -65.0 %               |

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|  |             |          |          |             |          |          |
|--|-------------|----------|----------|-------------|----------|----------|
| Other income<br>(expense)                | (13 )       | (49 )    | 276.9 %  | (12 )       | (114 )   | 850.0 %  |
| Non-Operating<br>Income and<br>(Expense) | (156 )      | (610 )   | 291.0 %  | (294 )      | (1,252 ) | 325.9 %  |
| <b>Income (loss)<br/>before taxes</b>    | (5,664 )    | 374      | -106.6 % | (7,734 )    | 1,552    | -120.1 % |
| Provision (benefit)<br>for income taxes  | (2,119 )    | (1,859 ) | -12.3 %  | (2,903 )    | (1,411 ) | -51.4 %  |
| <b>Net income (loss)</b>                 | \$ (3,545 ) | \$ 2,233 | -163.0 % | \$ (4,831 ) | \$ 2,963 | -161.3 % |

**Operating Statistics.**

The following table sets forth our major operational statistics and the percentage-of-change for the three and six-month periods ended June 30, 2008 and 2009.

|  | Three Months Ended June 30, |           | Percent Change | Six Months Ended June 30, |           | Percent Change |
|--|-----------------------------|-----------|----------------|---------------------------|-----------|----------------|
|  | 2008                        | 2009      |                | 2008                      | 2009      |                |
| <b>Operating Statistics :</b>                |                             |           |                |                           |           |                |
| Available seat miles (000's) (1)             | 71,615                      | 41,421    | -42.2 %        | 143,800                   | 83,888    | -41.7 %        |
| Revenue passenger miles (000's) (2)          | 39,275                      | 24,079    | -38.7 %        | 80,606                    | 49,411    | -38.7 %        |
| Revenue passengers carried                   | 196,797                     | 112,387   | -42.9 %        | 404,299                   | 227,929   | -43.6 %        |
| Departures flown                             | 17,753                      | 10,769    | -39.3 %        | 34,805                    | 21,652    | -37.8 %        |
| Passenger load factor (3)                    | 54.8 %                      | 58.1 %    | 6.0 %          | 56.1 %                    | 58.9 %    | 5.1 %          |
| Average yield per revenue passenger mile (4) | \$ 0.70                     | \$ 0.67   | -4.1 %         | \$ 0.69                   | \$ 0.68   | -0.5 %         |
| Revenue per available seat miles (5)         | \$ 0.39                     | \$ 0.39   | 1.6 %          | \$ 0.38                   | \$ 0.40   | 4.6 %          |
| Operating costs per available seat mile (6)  | \$ 0.50                     | \$ 0.54   | 7.1 %          | \$ 0.47                   | \$ 0.52   | 9.5 %          |
| Fuel cost per available seat mile (9)        | \$ 0.14                     | \$ 0.08   | -42.9 %        | \$ 0.13                   | \$ 0.08   | -36.3 %        |
| Average passenger fare (7)                   | \$ 140.32                   | \$ 144.46 | 2.9 %          | \$ 136.91                 | \$ 148.15 | 8.2 %          |
| Average passenger trip length (miles) (8)    | 200                         | 214       | 7.4 %          | 199                       | 217       | 8.7 %          |
| Aircraft in service (end of period)          | 35                          | 23        | -34.3 %        | 35                        | 23        | -34.3 %        |
| Fuel cost per gallon (incl taxes & fees)     | \$ 3.70                     | \$ 1.83   | -51 %          | \$ 3.36                   | \$ 1.79   | -46.7 %        |

1.

Available seat miles or ASMs represent the number of seats available for passengers in scheduled flights multiplied by the number of scheduled miles those seats are flown.

2.

Revenue passenger miles or RPMs represent the number of miles flown by revenue passengers.

3.

Passenger load factor represents the percentage of seats filled by revenue passengers and is calculated by dividing revenue passenger miles by available seat miles.

4.

Average yield per revenue passenger mile represents the average passenger revenue received for each mile a revenue passenger is carried.

5.

Revenue per available seat mile or RASM represents the average total operating revenue received for each available seat mile.

6.

Operating cost per available seat mile represents operating expenses divided by available seat miles.

7.

Average passenger fare represents passenger revenue divided by the number of revenue passengers carried.

8.

Average passenger trip length represents revenue passenger miles divided by the number of revenue passengers carried.

**Net Income and Operating Income**

Our consolidated net income for the three and six-month periods ended June 30, 2009 was \$2,233,000 and \$2,963,000, respectively, compared to net losses of \$3,544,000 and \$4,831,000 for the comparable periods last year. Consolidated operating income for the three and six-month periods ended June 30, 2009 was \$984,000 and \$2,804,000 compared to operating losses of \$5,508,000 and \$7,440,000 for the comparable periods last year. The three and six-month periods ended June 30, 2008 included an asset impairment charge of \$4,467,000 related to the sale of the fleet of eight Embraer aircraft. The year-over-year improvement in operating income for the three and six-month periods ended June 30, 2009 was primarily attributable to lower fuel prices, as well as revenue initiatives, capacity reductions, and cost controls. The following table identifies the operating profit contributions from each of our respective operating components.

| <i>(In thousands)</i>                             | <b>Three Months Ended June 30,</b> |             | <b>Six Months Ended June 30,</b> |             |
|---|------------------------------------|-------------|----------------------------------|-------------|
|   | <b>2008</b>                        | <b>2009</b> | <b>2008</b>                      | <b>2009</b> |
| Airline and charter                               | \$ (4,574 )                        | \$ 2,425    | \$ (5,395 )                      | \$ 5,563    |
| Academy   | 98                                 | (53 )       | (26 )                            | (231 )      |
| <b>Total income (loss) from operations</b>        | (4,476 )                           | 2,372       | (5,421 )                         | 5,332       |
| Less: General and administrative                  | 1,032                              | 1,388       | 2,019                            | 2,528       |
| <b>Consolidated income (loss) from operations</b> | \$ (5,508 )                        | \$ 984      | \$ (7,440 )                      | \$ 2,804    |

**Revenues.**

Total revenue declined 23.7% to \$23.7 million and 24.1% to \$47.3 million for the three and six-month periods ended June 30, 2009, respectively, compared to the comparable 2008 periods. The following table identifies the revenue contribution from each of our respective operating components.

| <i>(In thousands)</i>            | <b>Three Months Ended June 30,</b> |             |                     | <b>Six Months Ended June 30,</b> |             |                     |
|----------------------------------|------------------------------------|-------------|---------------------|----------------------------------|-------------|---------------------|
|                                  | <b>2008</b>                        | <b>2009</b> | <b>%<br/>Change</b> | <b>2008</b>                      | <b>2009</b> | <b>%<br/>Change</b> |
| <b>Revenue</b>                   |                                    |             |                     |                                  |             |                     |
| Airline passenger revenue        | 27,614                             | 16,235      | -41.2 %             | 55,352                           | 33,767      | -39.0 %             |
| Essential Air Service            |                                    | 2,083       | NM                  |                                  | 4,105       | NM                  |
| Charter and other revenue        | 933                                | 1,824       | 95.6 %              | 2,217                            | 3,570       | 61.1 %              |
| Cuba charter                     | 1,962                              | 3,350       | 70.7 %              | 3,970                            | 5,509       | 38.8 %              |
| Academy                          | 875                                | 490         | -44.0 %             | 1,798                            | 869         | -51.7 %             |
| Intercompany revenue elimination | (332 )                             | (283 )      | -14.8 %             | (1,030 )                         | (545 )      | -47.1 %             |
| <b>Total Revenue</b>             | \$ 31,052                          | \$ 23,699   | -23.7 %             | \$ 62,307                        | \$ 47,275   | -24.1 %             |

**Airline Passenger Revenue.** Airline passenger revenue for the three and six-month periods ended June 30, 2009 declined 41.2% and 39.0% to \$16.2 and \$33.8 million, respectively, from the comparable periods in 2008. The declines are primarily due to capacity reductions implemented in October 2008 to align capacity more closely with declining demand due to a weakening economy. Available seat miles (ASM) declined 42.2% and 41.7% for the three and six-month periods ended June 30, 2009 compared to the same periods last year. Revenue passenger miles (RPM) declined 38.7% for both the three and six-month periods ended June 30, 2009 compared to the same periods last year. As a result, the load factor increased 3.3 points to 58.1% and 2.8 points to 58.9% for the three and six-month periods ended June 30, 2009, respectively, compared to the same periods last year. The average passenger fare increased 2.9% to \$144.46 and 8.2% to \$148.15 for the three and six-month periods ended June 30, 2009 compared to the same periods last year.

The decline in airline passenger revenue was partially offset by \$2.0 million and \$4.1 million for the three and six-month periods ended June 30, 2009 due to Essential Air Service revenue from the Department of Transportation as we initiated five new routes from Continental Airline's Cleveland hub in October 2008.

**Charter, Cuba Charter Operations and Other Revenue.** Charter and other revenue increased 95.6% to \$1.8 million and 61.1% to \$3.6 million for the three and six-month periods ended June 30, 2009, respectively, compared to the comparable periods last year due primarily to initiating additional excess baggage charges during 2008. Revenue from the Cuba charter operation increased 70.7% to \$3.4 million and 38.8% to \$5.5 million for the three and six-month periods ended June 30, 2009, respectively, compared to the same periods last year. Since travel restrictions for Cuban Americans have been relaxed by the U.S. Government, we expect that year-over-year growth in our Cuba charter revenue will continue.



**Academy Revenue.** Academy revenue declined 44.0% to \$490,000 and 51.7% to \$869,000 for the three and six-month periods ended June 30, 2009, respectively, compared to the same periods last year. The decrease is related to a decline in intercompany revenue charged to Gulfstream for pilot training of flight crews due to lower pilot attrition rates at the Airline, as well as fewer commercial pilot students due to a contraction of demand for pilots within the airline industry.

**Airline Operating Expenses** The following tables present Gulfstream's operating expenses, before elimination of intercompany expenses, for the three and six-month periods ended June 30, 2008 and 2009:

| (In thousands)                            | Three Months Ended June 30, |           |                | Percentage of Airline Revenue |        |
|---|-----------------------------|-----------|----------------|-------------------------------|--------|
|   | 2008                        | 2009      | Percent Change | 2008                          | 2009   |
| Flight operations                         | \$ 3,759                    | \$ 4,045  | 8 %            | 6.2 %                         | 8.7 %  |
| Aircraft fuel                             | 10,063                      | 3,322     | -67 %          | 16.6 %                        | 7.2 %  |
| Aircraft rent                             | 1,687                       | 1,577     | -7 %           | 2.8 %                         | 3.4 %  |
| Maintenance                               | 5,976                       | 5,505     | -8 %           | 9.9 %                         | 11.9 % |
| Passenger service                         | 6,045                       | 5,033     | -17 %          | 10.0 %                        | 10.8 % |
| Promotion & sales                         | 1,970                       | 1,292     | -34.4 %        | 3.3 %                         | 2.8 %  |
| Depreciation and amortization             | 1,116                       | 293       | -74 %          | 1.8 %                         | 0.6 %  |
| Impairment charge on assets held for sale | 4,467                       |           | NM             | 7.4 %                         | 0.0 %  |
| Total                                     | \$ 35,083                   | \$ 21,067 | -40 %          | 126.5 %                       | 45.4 % |

| (In thousands)                            | Six Months Ended June 30, |           |                | Percentage of Airline Revenue |        |
|---|---------------------------|-----------|----------------|-------------------------------|--------|
|   | 2008                      | 2009      | Percent Change | 2008                          | 2009   |
| Flight operations                         | \$ 8,281                  | \$ 7,372  | -11 %          | 13.7 %                        | 15.9 % |
| Aircraft fuel                             | 18,249                    | 6,782     | -63 %          | 30.2 %                        | 14.6 % |
| Aircraft rent                             | 3,371                     | 3,223     | -4 %           | 5.6 %                         | 6.9 %  |
| Maintenance                               | 13,553                    | 10,975    | -19 %          | 22.4 %                        | 23.6 % |
| Passenger service                         | 12,698                    | 9,860     | -22 %          | 21.0 %                        | 21.2 % |
| Promotion & sales                         | 4,124                     | 2,596     | -37.1 %        | 6.8 %                         | 5.6 %  |
| Depreciation and amortization             | 2,191                     | 580       | -74 %          | 3.6 %                         | 1.2 %  |
| Impairment charge on assets held for sale | 4,467                     |           | NM             | 7.4 %                         | 0.0 %  |
| Total                                     | \$ 66,934                 | \$ 41,388 | -38 %          | 110.6 %                       | 89.2 % |

**Flight Operations.** Major components of flight operations expense include salaries for pilots, flight attendants and other operations personnel, pilot training expenses and wet-lease (aircraft, crews, and fuel) costs for additional charter capacity. Flight operations expenses increased 8% to \$4.0 million for the three months ended June 30, 2009. The costs declined by 11% to \$7.4 million for the six months ended June 30, 2009. For the three months ended June 30, 2009,

increased wet-lease costs were greater than the declines in other expenses compared to the prior year comparable period. Decreases in flight operations expense for the six month period were primarily attributable to lower pilot training expenses and capacity reductions, offset by the noted increased wet-lease costs for the Cuba charter flights.

**Aircraft Fuel.** The average price per gallon for jet fuel for the six months ended June 30, was \$1.79 (\$1.88 including the effect of fuel hedges), compared to \$3.33 for the six months ended June 30, 2008. Fuel decreased as a percent of airline revenue to 14.6% for the six months ended June 30, 2009 from 30.2% during the comparable period last year. Fuel expense for six months ended June 30, 2009 included \$337,000 to settle unfavorable fuel hedge contracts that terminated in February 2009.

**Aircraft Rent.** Aircraft rent is related to the lease costs associated with our 23 Beech 1900D aircraft. Aircraft rent for the March 2009 quarter included an additional expense of \$203,000 associated with a lease provision obligating the Company to repay past aircraft rent concessions, if future jet fuel prices declined below a certain threshold. The maximum cumulative adjustment of this lease provision is \$312,000, all of which has been recognized as of June 30, 2009. Aircraft rent expense for the six months ended June 2008 included lease expense for 27 aircraft, four of which were returned to the lessor in August 2008.

**Maintenance.** Major components of maintenance expense include salaries and wages, repair parts and materials, and expenses incurred from third party service providers required to maintain our aircraft engines. Maintenance expense decreased 8% to \$5.5 million and 19% to \$11.0 million for the three and six-month periods ended June 30, 2009. The decrease in maintenance and repairs expense in the three and six-month periods ended June 30, 2009 was primarily attributable to capacity reductions, offset by the maintenance services for the Cleveland hub, which began operation in October 2008.

**Passenger Service.** Major components of passenger service expense include ground handling services, airport counter and gate rentals, wages paid to airport employees, passenger liability insurance, security and miscellaneous passenger-related expenses. Passenger service expense decreased 16.7% to \$5,033,000 and 22.3% to \$9,860,000 for the three and six-month periods ended June 30, 2009, respectively, compared to the comparable periods last year. Most of the decrease in passenger service expense for the three and six-month periods ended June 30, 2009 was attributable to capacity reductions compared to the same periods last year.

**Promotion and Sales.** Major components of promotion and sales expense include credit card and travel agent commissions, frequent flyer program costs and reservation system fees. Promotion and sales expense decreased 34.4% to \$1,292,000 and 27.1% to \$2,596,000 for the three and six-month periods ended June 30, 2009, respectively, compared to the comparable periods last year, and were primarily due to capacity reductions from last year of approximately 37.5%.

**Depreciation and amortization expense.** Depreciation and amortization expense decreased to \$580,000 for the six months ended June 30, 2009 from \$2,191,000 for the same period last year. This decrease was primarily due to the sale of our fleet of eight Embraer aircraft during the third quarter of 2008.

#### **General and Administrative and Academy Operating Expense**

Our consolidated general and administrative expenses include the expenses of the Academy, as set forth in the following table.

| (In thousands)                          | Three Months Ended June |          |                | Percent Change | Six Months Ended June |         |                |
|---|-------------------------|----------|----------------|----------------|-----------------------|---------|----------------|
|   | 2008                    | 2009     | Percent Change |                | 2008                  | 2009    | Percent Change |
| General and administrative expenses     | \$ 1,032                | \$ 1,388 | 34.5 %         | \$ 2,019       | \$ 2,528              | 25.2 %  |                |
| Academy expenses                        | 777                     | 543      | -30.1 %        | 1,824          | 1,100                 | -39.7 % |                |
| Consolidated general and administrative | \$ 1,809                | \$ 1,931 | 6.7 %          | \$ 3,843       | \$ 3,628              | -5.6 %  |                |

General and administrative expenses, excluding Academy expenses, increased 34.5% to 1.4 million and 25.2% to 2.5 million for the three and six-month periods ended June 30, 2009, respectively, compared to the same periods last year. Most of this increase was attributable to public-company expenses. In the three months ended June 30, 2009, the company also recognized a loss contingency related to an FAA proposed civil penalty, as well as related expenses for legal and consulting services.

Academy expenses decreased by 30.1% to \$543,000 and 39.7% to \$1.1 million for the three and six-month periods ended June 30, 2009, respectively, compared to the same periods last year, primarily due to lower expenses associated with fewer students.

***Non-Operating Income and Expense***

Interest expense increased to \$561,000 and \$1,145,000 for the three and six-month periods ended June 30, 2009, respectively, compared to \$148,000 and \$302,000, respectively, for the comparable periods last year. The increases were primarily due to interest expense and debt discount and issuance expenses related to the \$6.1 million of debentures issued in September 2008. In addition, other non-operating expense of \$114,000 for the six months ended June 30, 2009 related to amortization of the discount associated with the derivative warrant liability.

***Income Taxes***

The Company recognized a \$2.0 million deferred income tax benefit for the second quarter of 2009 related to a reduction in the valuation allowance for deferred tax assets. The effective income tax rate for the six months ended June 30, 2009 was 38.0%. The effective income tax rate for the comparable period last year was 37.5%.

## Liquidity and Capital Resources

### Overview

Liquidity refers to the liquid financial assets available to fund our business operations and near-term obligations. These liquid financial assets consist of cash as well as short-term investments. As of June 30, 2009, our cash and cash equivalents balance was \$1.7 million, and we had a negative working capital of \$7.0 million. As of June 30, 2008, our cash and cash equivalents balance was \$1.3 million, and we had a negative working capital of \$10.0 million.

Our liquidity position during the first three quarters of 2008 was severely impacted by the unprecedented escalation of jet fuel prices between October 2007 and July 2008, as well as substantial engine overhaul costs associated with our Embraer Brasilia aircraft during 2007 and the first half of 2008. In order to improve liquidity and reduce capacity during 2008, we sold our fleet of eight Embraer aircraft for net proceeds of \$5.0 million after debt repayment, issued \$6.1 million of debentures, and restructured over \$7.0 million of past-due and future creditor obligations, all of which were completed by the end of 2008.

On December 19, 2008, we entered into a restructuring agreement with our principal aircraft lessor, as well as an amended engine maintenance agreement with our engine maintenance vendor, involving the restructuring of over \$7.0 million in past-due and future obligations. From the inception of this agreement through June 30, 2009, we made total payments exceeding \$2.8 million. From July 1, 2009 through December 31, 2009, we are obligated to make payments of approximately \$1.25 million.

During the six months ended June 2009, our year-over-year improvement in operating profitability reflected the fundamental improvements that were implemented during 2008. However, we have experienced somewhat lower revenue and higher fuel costs than projected at the beginning of the year. We also reduced our debt and restructured creditor obligations by over \$4.1 million since October 2008. We are presently seeking to increase our equity capital base, so as to support our near-term liquidity requirements. This is a necessary course of action in response to our current liquidity position and various additional factors, including the seasonal business slowdown in September and October, the ongoing risk posed by a weakened economy, the potential for continued volatility in the price of jet fuel, a negotiated settlement of the civil penalty proposed by the Federal Aviation Administration, and the impact on our liquidity from scheduled repayments of debt and restructured creditor obligations over the next two years. However, we can make no assurance that an equity financing will be completed successfully, or that alternative sources of capital will be available under terms acceptable to us, or at all. If the anticipated financing is not completed in the near-term, we would experience an immediate and significant liquidity shortfall, and would be unable to fund operations or meet our financial obligations.

The following table summarizes key cash flow information for the six months ended June 30, 2008 and 2009.

| Cash Flow Data:                                      | Six Months Ended June 30, |                |
|--|---------------------------|----------------|
|  | 2008                      | 2009           |
|  |                           | (in thousands) |
| Cash Flow Provided by (used in):                     |                           |                |
| Operating Activities                                 | \$ (1,002 )               | \$ (532 )      |
| Investing Activities                                 | (1,725 )                  | (434 )         |
| Financing Activities                                 | 112                       | (586 )         |
| Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents | \$ (2,615 )               | \$ (1,552 )    |
| <i>Operating activities</i>                          |                           |                |

Cash used in operating activities was \$0.5 million for the six months ended June 30, 2009 compared to \$1.0 million for the same period last year. During the six months ended June 30 2009, much of the cash generated from net income was used for debt payments and to creditors for restructured obligations and trade creditors that reduced our accounts payable and accrued expenses by \$1.8 million and our engine return liability by \$1.7 million.

Cash used in operations during the six months ended June 30, 2008 resulted primarily from an increase in accounts receivable of \$1.0 million and expendable parts of \$0.7 million, offset by an increase in accounts payable and accrued expense and engine return liability of \$0.6 million.

***Investing activities***

Cash used in investing activities for the six months ended June 30, 2009 was \$0.4 million and was primarily due to acquisition of aircraft equipment. Cash used in investing activities for the six months ended June 30, 2008 was \$1.7 million and primarily included the purchase of two engines for our Embraer aircraft in lieu of engine overhauls.

***Financing activities***

Cash used in financing activities for the six months ended June 30<sup>th</sup>, 2009 was primarily related to repayments of debt. Cash provided by financing activities for the six months ended June 30, 2008 included \$0.9 million of net proceeds from the sale to the underwriter of over-allotment shares associated with our initial public offering in December 2007, offset by debt repayments of \$0.8 million.

***Debt and Other Contractual Obligations***

We perform our airplane maintenance and repairs primarily at our maintenance hangar located at Hollywood-Fort Lauderdale Airport. The lease on our Fort Lauderdale facility was renewed for a one-year term and is currently set to expire on May 31, 2010. It is expected that a longer-term lease will be executed later this year.

***Off-Balance Sheet Arrangements***

The Company has no off-balance sheet arrangements.

***Seasonality***

Gulfstream's business is subject to substantial seasonality, primarily due to leisure and holiday travel patterns, particularly in the Bahamas. We experience the strongest demand from February to July, and the weakest demand from August to December, during which period we typically suffer operating losses. As a result, our operating results for a quarterly period are not necessarily indicative of operating results for an entire year, and historical operating results are not necessarily indicative of future operating results.

**Item 3.**

**Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosures About Market Risk.**

Our market risks relate primarily to changes in aircraft fuel costs and in interest rates.

***Aircraft Fuel.*** In the past, we have not experienced difficulties with fuel availability and we currently expect to be able to obtain fuel at prevailing market prices in quantities sufficient to meet our future needs. Pursuant to our contract flying arrangements with our code share partners, we will bear the economic risk of fuel price fluctuations.

We were a party to derivative instruments for the purpose of hedging the risks of increases in jet fuel prices through February 2009 covering approximately 20% of our estimated fuel usage. These fuel hedge contracts were established effective September 1, 2008.

We recognized a loss of \$337,000 for the March 2009 quarter to settle unfavorable fuel hedge contracts that terminated in February 2009. Since February 28, 2009, we are not a party to any derivative or other arrangement designed to hedge against or manage the risk of an increase in fuel prices. Accordingly, our statements of operations and cash flows after that date will be affected by changes in the price and availability of fuel.

**Interest Rates.** The rate of interest of our senior debentures is based on the higher of 11%, or prime plus 4%, which currently equates to 7.25%. Therefore, our statement of operations and our cash flows are not exposed to moderate changes in interest rates, unless the prime rate increases to more than twice its present rate.

**Item 4.**

**Controls and Procedures.**

*(a)*

***Evaluation of Disclosure Controls and Procedures***

We maintain disclosure controls and procedures, as such term is defined in Rule 13a-15(e) and Rule 15d-15(e) under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 (the Exchange Act), that are designed to ensure that information required to be disclosed in reports we file or submit under the Exchange Act is recorded, processed, summarized and reported within the time periods specified in Securities and Exchange Commission rules and forms, and that such



information is collected and communicated to management, including our Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer, as appropriate, to allow timely decisions regarding required disclosure. In designing and evaluating our disclosure controls and procedures, management recognized that no matter how well conceived and operated, disclosure controls and procedures can provide only reasonable, not absolute, assurance that the objectives of the disclosure controls and procedures are met. Our disclosure controls and procedures have been designed, and management believes that they meet, reasonable assurance standards. Based on their evaluation as of the end of the period covered by this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q, the Chief Executive Officer and the Chief Financial Officer have concluded that, subject to the limitations noted above, our disclosure controls and procedures were effective.

***(b) Management's Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting***

Our management is responsible for establishing and maintaining adequate internal control over financial reporting. Our internal control system was designed to provide reasonable assurance to our management and board of directors regarding the preparation and fair presentation of published financial statements.

All internal control systems, no matter how well designed, have inherent limitations. Therefore, even those systems determined to be effective can provide only reasonable assurance with respect to financial statement preparation and presentation.

Our management assessed the effectiveness of our internal control over financial reporting as of June 30, 2009. In making this assessment, we used the criteria set forth in *Internal Control - Integrated Framework* issued by the Committee of Sponsoring Organizations of the Treadway Commission. Based on our assessment, we believe that, as of June 30, 2009, our internal control over financial reporting was effective based on those criteria.

***(c) Changes in Internal Control Over Financial Reporting***

As of the quarter ended June 30, 2009, there were no changes in our internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Rule 13a-15(f) under the Exchange Act) that have materially affected, or are reasonably likely to affect, our internal control over financial reporting.

## PART II OTHER INFORMATION

### Item 1.

#### Legal Proceedings.

On May 7, 2009, the Federal Aviation Administration (the FAA) notified the Company that it was seeking a proposed civil penalty of \$1,310,000 against the Company for alleged non-compliance with respect to certain record keeping requirements, and regulatory requirements relating to the use of certain replacement parts. The Company has begun an informal conference with the FAA, which is a settlement process prescribed by statute that authorizes the FAA to accept and consider relevant information in order to compromise proposed civil penalties. We have submitted information, evidence and supporting documentation for consideration by the FAA demonstrating that certain alleged violations of the regulations did not occur, or demonstrating why the facts and circumstances in this case do not warrant the proposed civil penalty sought by the FAA. We believe that information submitted by us to the FAA through the informal conference process may result in a significant reduction in the civil penalty initially proposed in this matter. If a compromised settlement of this matter is not successful, the FAA, through a U.S Attorney, may initiate a civil action for the full amount of the proposed civil penalty as prescribed by law.

In January 2006, a former salesman of the Academy formed a business that the Company believes competes directly with the Academy for student pilots. Thereafter, the former President of the Academy resigned his position at the Academy and the Company believes he became affiliated with the alleged competing business. The Academy has initiated a lawsuit against these former employees, alleging violation of non-competition and fiduciary obligations. The defendants, including the Academy's former President, subsequently filed a counterclaim against the Academy based upon lost earnings and breach of contract. The case is scheduled to go to trial later in 2009.

From time to time, we are involved in litigation relating to claims arising out of our operations in the normal course of business. As of the date of this quarterly report, we were not engaged in any other legal proceedings which are expected, individually or in the aggregate, to have a material adverse effect on us.

### Item 1A.

#### Risk Factors.

Part I, Item 1A, Risk Factors, of our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the Year Ended December 31, 2008 includes a detailed discussion of risks and uncertainties which could adversely affect our future results. There were no material changes during the six months ended June 30, 2009 to the risk factors in our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the Year Ended December 31, 2008, except for the addition of the following risk factors.

#### *We may not be able to maintain adequate liquidity.*

During the six months ended June 2009, our year-over-year improvement in operating profitability reflected the fundamental improvements that were implemented during 2008. However, we have experienced somewhat lower revenue and higher fuel costs than projected at the beginning of the year. We also reduced our debt and restructured creditor obligations by over \$4.1 million since October 2008. We are presently seeking to increase our equity capital base, so as to support our near-term liquidity requirements. This is a necessary course of action in response to our current liquidity position and various additional factors, including the seasonal business slowdown in September and October, the ongoing risk posed by a weakened economy, the potential for continued volatility in the price of jet fuel, a negotiated settlement of the civil penalty proposed by the Federal Aviation Administration, and the impact on our liquidity from scheduled repayments of debt and restructured creditor obligations over the next two years. However,

we can make no assurance that an equity financing will be completed successfully, or that alternative sources of capital will be available under terms acceptable to us, or at all. If the anticipated financing is not completed in the near-term, we would experience an immediate and significant liquidity shortfall, and would be unable to fund operations or meet our financial obligations.

***We are not in compliance with NYSE Amex continued listing standards***

Our common stock is listed for trading on the NYSE Amex, which is the successor to the American Stock Exchange (the Exchange). The Exchange requires listed companies to meet certain continued listing standards. These standards include specified minimum stockholders equity thresholds when an Issuer sustains net losses over a number of years. We have not met the threshold set forth in Section 1003(a) of the Exchange's Company Guide because, for the 2008 fiscal year, we have stockholder's equity of less than \$2 million and losses from continuing operations and/or net losses in two out of our three most recent fiscal years. As a result, we received a notice from the Exchange that we have not met this continued listing requirement.

The Company was afforded the opportunity to submit a specific plan to achieve and sustain compliance with all of the NYSE Amex's listing requirements, and on June 12, 2009 presented its plan to the Exchange. The Company received notice from the NYSE Amex staff on July 30, 2009 indicating that the NYSE Amex LLC accepted the Company's plan of Compliance and granted an extension until November 12, 2010 for the Company to regain compliance with the continued listing standards. The Company will continue its listing during the extension period, during which time the Company will be subject to periodic review by NYSE Amex staff. Failure to make progress consistent with the plan or to regain compliance with the continued listing standards by the end of the extension period could result in the Company's shares being delisted from the NYSE Amex LLC.

There can be no assurance that we will be able to achieve the results submitted in the plan by November 2010. In the event our common stock was delisted by the Exchange, we would be in breach of a covenant of our loan and security agreement with Shelter Island Opportunity Fund, LLC, and, in the absence of a waiver, the maturity of our secured original issue discount debenture could be accelerated.

**Item 2.**

**Unregistered Sales of Equity Securities and Use of Proceeds.**

None

**Item 3.**

**Defaults Upon Senior Securities.**

None

**Item 4.**

**Submission of Matters to a Vote of Security Holders.**

None

**Item 5.**

**Other Information.**

None

**Item 6.**

**Exhibits.**

**Exhibit No.**

**Exhibit**

31.1

Certification Pursuant to Section 302(a) of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002

31.2 Certification Pursuant to Section 302(a) of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002

32.1 Certification Pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002

32.2 Certification Pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002

**SIGNATURES**

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned thereunto duly authorized.

**Gulfstream International Group, Inc.**

By: /s/ ROBERT M. BROWN  
Robert M. Brown  
Chief Financial Officer

Date: August 14, 2009