

FIRST TRUST/ABERDEEN GLOBAL OPPORTUNITY INCOME FUND

Form N-CSR

March 11, 2019

UNITED STATES  
SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION  
Washington, D.C. 20549

**FORM N-CSR**

**CERTIFIED SHAREHOLDER REPORT OF REGISTERED MANAGEMENT INVESTMENT COMPANIES**

Investment Company Act file number 811-21636

First Trust/Aberdeen Global Opportunity Income Fund  
(Exact name of registrant as specified in charter)

120 East Liberty Drive, Suite 400  
Wheaton, IL 60187  
(Address of principal executive offices) (Zip code)

W. Scott Jardine, Esq.  
First Trust Portfolios L.P.  
120 East Liberty Drive, Suite 400  
Wheaton, IL 60187  
(Name and address of agent for service)

registrant's telephone number, including area code: (630) 765-8000

Date of fiscal year end: December 31

Date of reporting period: December 31, 2018

Form N-CSR is to be used by management investment companies to file reports with the Commission not later than 10 days after the transmission to stockholders of any report that is required to be transmitted to stockholders under Rule 30e-1 under the Investment Company Act of 1940 (17 CFR 270.30e-1). The Commission may use the information provided on Form N-CSR in its regulatory, disclosure review, inspection, and policymaking roles.

A registrant is required to disclose the information specified by Form N-CSR, and the Commission will make this information public. A registrant is not required to respond to the collection of information contained in Form N-CSR unless the Form displays a currently valid Office of Management and Budget ("OMB") control number. Please direct comments concerning the accuracy of the information collection burden estimate and any suggestions for reducing the burden to Secretary, Securities and Exchange Commission, 100 F Street, NE, Washington, DC 20549. The OMB has

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reviewed this collection of information under the clearance requirements of 44 U.S.C. § 3507.

Item 1. Reports to Stockholders.

The Report to Shareholders is attached herewith.

First Trust/Aberdeen  
Global Opportunity Income Fund (FAM)  
Annual Report  
For the Year Ended  
December 31, 2018

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First Trust/Aberdeen Global Opportunity Income Fund (FAM)

Annual Report

December 31, 2018

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Caution Regarding Forward-Looking Statements

This report contains certain forward-looking statements within the meaning of the Securities Act of 1933, as amended, and the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended. Forward-looking statements include statements regarding the goals, beliefs, plans or current expectations of First Trust Advisors L.P. (“First Trust” or the “Advisor”) and/or Aberdeen Standard Investments Inc. (“ASII” or the “Sub-Advisor”) and their respective representatives, taking into account the information currently available to them. Forward-looking statements include all statements that do not relate solely to current or historical fact. For example, forward-looking statements include the use of words such as “anticipate,” “estimate,” “intend,” “expect,” “believe,” “plan,” “may,” “should,” “would” or other words that convey uncertainty of future outcomes.

Forward-looking statements involve known and unknown risks, uncertainties and other factors that may cause the actual results, performance or achievements of First Trust/Aberdeen Global Opportunity Income Fund (the “Fund”) to be materially different from any future results, performance or achievements expressed or implied by the forward-looking statements. When evaluating the information included in this report, you are cautioned not to place undue reliance on these forward-looking statements, which reflect the judgment of the Advisor and/or Sub-Advisor and their respective representatives only as of the date hereof. We undertake no obligation to publicly revise or update these forward-looking statements to reflect events and circumstances that arise after the date hereof.

Performance and Risk Disclosure

There is no assurance that the Fund will achieve its investment objectives. The Fund is subject to market risk, which is the possibility that the market values of securities owned by the Fund will decline and that the value of the Fund shares may therefore be less than what you paid for them. Accordingly, you can lose money by investing in the Fund. See “Risk Considerations” in the Additional Information section of this report for a discussion of certain other risks of investing in the Fund.

Performance data quoted represents past performance, which is no guarantee of future results, and current performance may be lower or higher than the figures shown. For the most recent month-end performance figures, please visit [www.ftportfolios.com](http://www.ftportfolios.com) or speak with your financial advisor. Investment returns, net asset value and common share price will fluctuate and Fund shares, when sold, may be worth more or less than their original cost. The Advisor may also periodically provide additional information on Fund performance on the Fund’s web page at [www.ftportfolios.com](http://www.ftportfolios.com).

#### How to Read This Report

This report contains information that may help you evaluate your investment in the Fund. It includes details about the Fund and presents data and analysis that provide insight into the Fund’s performance and investment approach. By reading the portfolio commentary by the portfolio management team of the Fund, you may obtain an understanding of how the market environment affected the Fund’s performance. The statistical information that follows may help you understand the Fund’s performance compared to that of relevant market benchmarks. It is important to keep in mind that the opinions expressed by personnel of First Trust and ASII are just that: informed opinions. They should not be considered to be promises or advice. The opinions, like the statistics, cover the period through the date on the cover of this report. The material risks of investing in the Fund are spelled out in the prospectus, the statement of additional information, this report and other Fund regulatory filings.

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Shareholder Letter

First Trust/Aberdeen Global Opportunity Income Fund (FAM)

Annual Letter from the Chairman and CEO

December 31, 2018

Dear Shareholders,

First Trust is pleased to provide you with the annual report for the First Trust/Aberdeen Global Opportunity Income Fund (the “Fund”), which contains detailed information about the Fund for the twelve months ended December 31, 2018, including a market overview and performance analysis. We encourage you to read this report carefully and discuss it with your financial advisor.

As I wrote in my June 2018 letter, investors were hoping for another strong year in the markets for 2018. For the entire year, however, increased market volatility was the norm for U.S. and global markets. Despite the volatility, August was a strong month for stocks, and the Dow Jones Industrial Average (“DJIA”) finished the month just under its previous high in January 2018. At the close of the third quarter in September, the markets had moved higher into positive territory. In fact, all three major U.S. indices (the Nasdaq Composite Index, the DJIA and the S&P 500® Index) hit record levels during the third quarter. Yet, in October, markets were again very volatile, surprising analysts and investors alike. Both global markets and U.S. markets fell on fears of slowing growth, trade wars and higher interest rates. The DJIA was down 5% for October and the MSCI EAFE Index, an index of stocks in 21 developed markets (excluding the U.S. and Canada), was down 9% for the month. However, investors cheered as November ended, and the DJIA climbed 617 points (2.5%) to its biggest one-day gain in eight months. The MSCI EAFE Index ended November down slightly. December held its own shocks as it became the worst December for stocks since the Great Depression. The DJIA and the MSCI EAFE Index ended December with year-to-date returns of -3.48% and -13.79%, respectively.

Based on continued strong job growth and the economic outlook in the U.S., the Federal Reserve (the “Fed”) raised interest rates in March, June and September. At their September meeting, the Fed indicated the possibility of one additional rate hike in 2018 and three more in 2019. At their November meeting, the Fed did not raise interest rates. However, at their December 19<sup>th</sup> meeting, the Fed did raise interest rates by 25 basis points. Analysts and investors will be watching to see what the Fed does with rates in 2019.

While trade tensions have had an impact on markets around the world and could continue to do so in the future, our economists believe that the long-term impact of U.S. tariffs will be to encourage countries to come back to the table and talk about more equal trade. Despite market volatility, we continue to believe that the combination of low interest rates, low inflation and strong corporate earnings still point to a positive economic environment and further growth, though we understand that past performance can never guarantee future performance.

We continue to believe that you should invest for the long term and be prepared for market movements, which can happen at any time. You can do this by keeping current on your portfolio and by speaking regularly with your investment professional. Markets go up and they also go down, but savvy investors are prepared for either through careful attention to investment goals.

Thank you for giving First Trust the opportunity to be a part of your financial plan. We value our relationship with you and will report on the Fund again in six months.

Sincerely,

James A. Bowen

Chairman of the Board of Trustees

Chief Executive Officer of First Trust Advisors L.P.

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First Trust/Aberdeen Global Opportunity Income Fund (FAM)

“AT A GLANCE”

As of December 31, 2018 (Unaudited)

**Fund Statistics**

Symbol on New York Stock Exchange	FAM
Common Share Price	\$9.38
Common Share Net Asset Value (“NAV”)	\$11.07
Premium (Discount) to NAV	(15.27)%
Net Assets Applicable to Common Shares	\$141,375,852
Current Monthly Distribution per Common Share <sup>(1)</sup>	\$0.0700
Current Annualized Distribution per Common Share	\$0.8400
Current Distribution Rate on Common Share Price <sup>(2)</sup>	8.96%
Current Distribution Rate on NAV <sup>(2)</sup>	7.59%
Common Share Price & NAV (weekly closing price)	

**Performance**

	Average Annual Total Return			
	1 Year Ended 12/31/18	5 Years Ended 12/31/18	10 Years Ended 12/31/18	Inception (11/23/04) to 12/31/18
<b>Fund Performance<sup>(3)</sup></b>				
NAV	-6.85%	2.48%	8.40%	5.77%
Market Value	-12.42%	0.86%	8.75%	4.19%
<b>Index Performance</b>				
Blended Index <sup>(4)</sup>	-3.89%	1.39%	4.19%	4.59%
Bloomberg Barclays Global Emerging Markets Index	-3.02%	3.59%	8.11%	6.58%
Bloomberg Barclays Global Aggregate Index	-1.20%	1.08%	2.48%	3.04%

(1) Most recent distribution paid or declared through 12/31/2018. Subject to change in the future.

(2) Distribution rates are calculated by annualizing the most recent distribution paid or declared through the report date and then dividing by Common Share Price or NAV, as applicable, as of 12/31/2018. Subject to change in the future.

Total return is based on the combination of reinvested dividend, capital gain, and return of capital distributions, if any, at prices obtained by the Dividend Reinvestment Plan and changes in NAV per share for NAV returns and changes in Common Share Price for market value returns. Total returns do not reflect sales load and are not annualized for periods of less than one year. Past performance is not indicative of future results.

Blended Index consists of the following: FTSE World Government Bond Index (40.0%); JPMorgan Emerging Markets Bond Index - Global Diversified (30.0%); JPMorgan Global Bond Index - Emerging Markets Diversified (30.0%).

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First Trust/Aberdeen Global Opportunity Income Fund (FAM)

“AT A GLANCE” (Continued)

As of December 31, 2018 (Unaudited)

Credit Quality <sup>(5)</sup>	% of Total Fixed-Income Investments
AAA	17.7%
AA	2.4
AA-	0.6
A+	7.4
A	5.9
A-	10.3
BBB	9.8
BBB-	7.3
BB+	6.5
BB	6.0
BB-	6.0
B+	4.7
B	7.3
B-	4.4
Not Rated	3.7
Total	100.0%

Top 10 Countries <sup>(6)</sup>	% of Total Investments
United States	10.0%
Japan	7.4
Brazil	7.4
South Africa	6.1
Poland	5.9
Turkey	5.7
Russia	5.6
Mexico	5.0
Italy	3.4
Australia	3.3
Total	59.8%

Industry Classification	% of Total Investments
Sovereigns	78.6%
Government Regional	3.3
Utilities	2.3
Metals & Mining	2.0
Banks	2.0
Exploration & Production	1.8
Integrated Oils	1.3
Wireless Telecommunication Services	1.1
Real Estate	0.8
Communications Equipment	0.8
Government Development Banks	0.7



Central Bank	0.7
Oil & Gas Services & Equipment	0.6
Supranationals	0.5
Pipelines	0.5
Retail - Consumer Discretionary	0.4
Life Insurance	0.4
Food & Beverage	0.4
Airlines	0.4
Software & Services	0.4
Wireline Telecommunication Services	0.4
Commercial Finance	0.3
Power Generation	0.3
Industrial Other	0.0*
Total	100.0%

\* Amount is less than 0.1%.

Top Ten Holdings	% of Total Investments
Japan Government Ten Year Bond, 0.10%, 6/20/27	5.8%
Russian Federal Bond - OFZ, 7.05%, 1/19/28	3.4
Turkey Government Bond, 8.80%, 9/27/23	3.4
Republic of South Africa Government Bond, 10.50%, 12/21/26	3.4
United States Treasury Note, 8.75%, 8/15/20	3.3
Treasury Corp. of Victoria, 6.00%, 10/17/22	3.3
Canadian Government Bond, 8.00%, 6/01/23	3.0
United States Treasury Note, 2.63%, 5/15/21	2.9
Brazil Notas do Tesouro Nacional, Series F, 10.00%, 1/01/21	2.9
Peruvian Government International Bond, 6.90%, 8/12/37	2.6
Total	34.0%

The credit quality and ratings information presented above reflects the ratings assigned by one or more nationally recognized statistical rating organizations (NRSROs), including Standard & Poor's Ratings Group, a division of the McGraw Hill Companies, Inc., Moody's Investors Service, Inc., Fitch Ratings or a comparably rated NRSRO. For (5) situations in which a security is rated by more than one NRSRO and the ratings are not equivalent, the highest ratings are used. Sub-investment grade ratings are those rated BB+/Ba1 or lower. Investment grade ratings are those rated BBB-/Baa3 or higher. The credit ratings shown relate to the creditworthiness of the issuers of the underlying securities in the Fund, and not to the Fund or its shares. Credit ratings are subject to change.

(6) Portfolio securities are included in a country based upon their underlying credit exposure as determined by Aberdeen Standard Investments Inc., the sub-advisor.

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Portfolio Commentary

First Trust/Aberdeen Global Opportunity Income Fund (FAM)

Annual Report

December 31, 2018 (Unaudited)

Advisor

First Trust Advisors L.P. (“First Trust” or the “Advisor”) serves as the investment advisor to the First Trust/Aberdeen Global Opportunity Income Fund (the “Fund”). First Trust is responsible for the ongoing monitoring of the Fund’s investment portfolio, managing the Fund’s business affairs and providing certain administrative services necessary for the management of the Fund.

Sub-Advisor

Aberdeen Standard Investments Inc. (“ASII” or the “Sub-Advisor”) (formerly, Aberdeen Asset Management Inc.), a Securities and Exchange Commission registered investment advisor, is an indirect wholly-owned subsidiary of Standard Life Aberdeen plc. Standard Life Aberdeen plc is a publicly-traded global provider of long-term savings and investments listed on the London Stock Exchange, managing assets for institutional and retail clients from offices around the world.

Portfolio Management Team

Investment decisions for the Fund are made by ASII using a team approach and not by any one individual. By making team decisions, ASII seeks to ensure that the investment process results in consistent returns across all portfolios with similar objectives. ASII does not employ separate research analysts. Instead, ASII’s investment managers combine analysis with portfolio management. Each member of the team has sector and portfolio responsibilities such as day-to-day monitoring of liquidity. The overall result of this matrix approach is a high degree of cross-coverage, leading to a deeper understanding of the securities in which ASII invests. Below are the members of the team with significant responsibility for the day-to-day management of the Fund’s portfolio.

James Athey

Senior Investment Manager, Global Macro

Brett Diment

Head of Global Emerging Market Debt

Kevin Daly

Senior Investment Manager, Emerging Market Debt

Edwin Gutierrez

Head of Emerging Market Sovereign Debt

Max Wolman

Senior Investment Manager, Emerging Market Debt

Patrick O’Donnell

Senior Investment Manager, Global Macro and Pan Euro

Commentary

First Trust/Aberdeen Global Opportunity Income Fund

The Fund’s primary investment objective is to seek a high level of current income. As a secondary objective, the Fund seeks capital appreciation. The Fund pursues these objectives by investing its Managed Assets in the world bond markets through a diversified portfolio of investment grade and below-investment grade government and corporate debt securities. “Managed Assets” means the total asset value of the Fund minus the sum of the Fund’s liabilities other than the principal amount of borrowings, if any. There can be no assurance that Fund will achieve its investment objectives. The Fund may not be appropriate for all investors.

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Portfolio Commentary (Continued)

First Trust/Aberdeen Global Opportunity Income Fund (FAM)

Annual Report

December 31, 2018 (Unaudited)

Fund Recap

The Fund had a net asset value (“NAV”) total return of -6.85% and a market value total return of -12.42% for the 12-months ended December 31, 2018, compared to the Blended Index<sup>2</sup> total return of -3.89% over the same period. In addition to this Blended Index, the Fund currently uses other indexes for comparative purposes. The total returns for the 12-month period ended December 31, 2018 for these indexes were as follows: the Bloomberg Barclays Global Emerging Markets Index was -3.02% and the Bloomberg Barclays Global Aggregate Index was -1.20%.

An important factor impacting the return of the Fund relative to its benchmarks was the Fund’s use of financial leverage through the use of bank borrowings. The Fund uses leverage because its portfolio managers believe that, over time, leverage provides opportunities for additional income and total return for common shareholders. However, the use of leverage can also expose common shareholders to additional volatility. For example, as the prices of securities held by the Fund decline, the negative impact of the evaluation changes on Common Share NAV and Common Share market value total return is magnified by the use of leverage. Conversely, leverage may enhance Common Share returns during periods when the prices of securities held by the Fund generally are rising. Unlike the Fund, the Bloomberg Barclays Global Emerging Markets Index, Bloomberg Barclays Global Aggregate Index and the components of the Blended Index are not leveraged. Leverage had a negative impact on the performance of the Fund over this reporting period.

Emerging Market Fixed Income Commentary

Market Recap

The year 2018 proved to be a very challenging year for global markets with both equity and bond markets showing negative returns for the year. There were a number of factors over the year leading to the weak returns, such as the beginning of quantitative tightening by the Federal Reserve (the “Fed”) with the 100 basis points (“bps”) of Fed Fund hikes from 1.5% to 2.5% and the unwinding of the Fed’s balance sheet. The ongoing trade wars between China and the U.S., continued geopolitical tensions in the Middle East, slowing Chinese growth and the sell-off in commodities at the end of the year were also drivers of market weakness.

Emerging market currencies were a big driver of the negative returns for the Emerging Markets (“EM”), in particular, the Argentinian Peso and Turkish Lira depreciated by 50% and 28% respectively over the 12-month period ended December 31, 2018. There were serious concerns by investors over Argentina’s slow fiscal adjustments and widening current account whilst in Turkey, President Erdogan’s vice-like control over the executive and legislative branches and his attempt to control the Central Bank of Turkey were all negatives for the market. Elections in Brazil and Mexico also added to increased volatility in 2018 as investors were unsure who would win the Brazilian election; either the market unfriendly Workers’ Party (PT) under Fernando Haddad or the little-known candidate, Jair Bolsonaro, from the Social Liberal Party. Bolsonaro succeeded in a second-round run-off and the Brazilian market has reacted very positively since the election result in October 2018. Andres Lopez Obrador was the winner of the Mexican Presidential election, a result widely expected by the market, but nevertheless, the worst possible outcome for the Mexican market, in our view, given his socialist agenda and plans for the state-owned oil company Pemex. Ongoing sanctions by the U.S. state department against Russia and lower oil prices were negative drivers for Russian assets over the period with both the Russian Ruble and Russian bonds showing negative returns for the year.

Performance Analysis

The EM debt portion of the Fund underperformed the EM debt portion of its Blended Index over the 12-month period ended December 31, 2018, in both hard currency and local currency bonds. Part of the underperformance was due to the Fund’s overweight to EM debt and subsequent underweight to global bonds, as the EM debt indices underperformed the FTSE World Government Bond Index (“WGBI”). The Fund’s overweight to Russian and Indonesian local bonds and the Mexican Peso were detractors to performance, while local Egyptian T-bills, Nigerian bank bonds and good market timing with the addition of Turkey local bonds were positive contributors to performance.

Market and Fund Outlook

The backdrop for EM started to turn more positive at the end of 2018. The Fed switched to a more cautious tone on monetary policy tightening and China is slowly implementing its stimulus agenda. Going into 2019, the lack of certainty on Fed rate hikes should weigh on the U.S. dollar, in our view, and we believe this bodes well for EM currencies. Moreover, large economic adjustments in major EM, such as Argentina and Turkey, we believe suggest that these markets will start from a better fundamental position compared

Total return is based on the combination of reinvested dividend, capital gain and return of capital distributions, if any, at prices obtained by the Dividend Reinvestment Plan and changes in NAV per share for NAV returns and changes in Common Share Price for market value returns. Total returns do not reflect sales load and are not annualized for periods of less than one year. Past performance is not indicative of future results.

Blended Index consists of the following: FTSE World Government Bond Index (40.0%); JPMorgan Emerging Markets Bond Index – Global Diversified (30.0%); JPMorgan Global Bond Index – Emerging Markets Diversified (30.0%).

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Portfolio Commentary (Continued)

First Trust/Aberdeen Global Opportunity Income Fund (FAM)

Annual Report

December 31, 2018 (Unaudited)

to last year. Alongside attractive valuations versus other risk assets, these factors point to a possible turn in the sentiment towards EM, in our opinion. Key risks remain around the U.S.-China trade dispute, with little evidence indicating a compromise is near, in our opinion. Meanwhile, political risks in EM, in our view, stem from upcoming elections in Argentina, Indonesia, India and South Africa.

Developed Market Commentary

Market Recap

A small number of themes dominated financial markets throughout almost all of 2018. An escalation of trade concerns – specifically, trade wars between the United States and China – unnerved market participants as to prospects for global growth. Worries about Eurozone viability in the shape of Italian political turmoil were a powerful influence.

Elsewhere, negotiations over the United Kingdom’s (“UK”) withdrawal from the European Union (“EU”) rumbled on, with no signs of a clear and satisfactory conclusion.

In the U.S., the Trump administration signaled a move towards protectionist policies as early as the first quarter of 2018, with the announcement in March of tariffs on steel and aluminum imports. The initial market reaction was a risk-off tone and a rally in bonds. Near the end of March, President Trump proposed tariffs on some Chinese imports, prompting headlines suggesting China was preparing counter measures. The tit-for-tat nature of the U.S.-China trade spat continued for much of the year, while Trump moved to negotiate a new North American Free Trade Agreement deal with Canada and Mexico. Domestic economic signals confirmed strong growth momentum, with unemployment and manufacturing numbers all pointing to robust, sustainable growth. In response, the Fed raised interest rates several times during 2018. The U.S. 10-year Treasury yields closed the period 27 bps higher at 2.68%.

European bond markets were preoccupied with Italian politics. A general election resulted in a coalition between two Euro-skeptical populist parties who seemed intent on a clash with Brussels over budget proposals; if election pledges were to be met, these would breach EU deficit guidelines. This uncertainty affected Italian banks badly given their fragile health. European banks generally had a difficult time given turmoil in Turkey during the summer when its currency weakened significantly. Economic signs within Europe became less encouraging as the period progressed, with data pointing to slower activity and a fall in business confidence. For example, purchasing managers’ survey data softened, Germany posted negative gross domestic product growth and Italian growth stalled. Despite signs of weakening economic performance, the European Central Bank confirmed its plan to end its bond-buying program. The 10-year German bund yield was 14 bps lower at 0.24%, over 2018 as a whole.

In the UK, the seemingly intractable Brexit negotiations grew ever more complicated. Progress was slow to non-existent. Prime Minister Theresa May’s Chequers Plan was rejected by her ruling Conservative party. Then, towards the end of the year, her withdrawal agreement failed to secure Parliamentary assent by an overwhelming majority. The International Monetary Fund released a report stating that “Brexit” is “weighing on the [UK] economy, even as growth is accelerating in the rest of the world”. Gilts proved resilient, notwithstanding a 0.25% interest rate rise from the Bank of England in August. That 0.25% rise was just the second hike in over 10 years. The yield on the 10-year UK gilt was 5 bps higher at 1.27% over the year.

During the first quarter of 2018, Haruhiko Kuroda was nominated by Prime Minister Shinzo Abe for another five-year term as governor of the Bank of Japan (“BoJ”); the implication was for continued commitment to ending the low inflation that has dogged the country for the past two decades. In the latter part of the year, while the BoJ kept its interest rate targets unchanged (around 0% for the 10-year), it said it would tolerate wider fluctuations around the 10-year yield target depending on inflation and economic condition. Governor Kuroda explained that this was providing support to the Japanese Government Bond market functioning. Forward guidance was also introduced with short- and long-term rates to be maintained at extremely low levels for an extended period of time.

Performance Analysis

The Fund’s developed market bond portfolio underperformed relative to the WGBI during 2018. Currency exposures after hedges were the biggest detractor from performance. An underweight to the Japanese yen also detracted as the currency strengthened on the back of risk off sentiment as a result of financial market volatility. An overweight

exposure to the Australian dollar also negatively contributed. These losses were partially offset by an underweight to euros.

Currency hedging in total over the year positively contributed to performance as non-USD exposure was hedged back into a strengthening dollar.

Rates exposures also detracted from returns. Allocation to U.S. dollar-denominated Italy and Portugal debt were a drag as tensions between the populist Italian government and the EU over 2019 budget plans pushed peripheral spreads aggressively wider in the first half of the period. These losses were partially offset by long duration positions in Australia and Canada.

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Portfolio Commentary (Continued)

First Trust/Aberdeen Global Opportunity Income Fund (FAM)

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December 31, 2018 (Unaudited)

Market and Fund Outlook

While the U.S. remains an economy with a relatively strong structural growth rate, we believe that the shine will come off at the margin as growth moderates in 2019. In our view, higher interest rates, higher costs for businesses and an amount of fading fiscal stimulus all point to growth falling back towards trend, although the U.S. economy will remain the strongest of the majors. Nevertheless, we believe the Fed is taking a more pragmatic approach to normalization in light of recent volatility in financial markets, adopting a wait-and-see approach as the economy adjusts to tighter financial conditions.

With the Italian budget issue resolved for now and a new round of TLTRO (targeted longer-term refinancing operations) in the pipeline for 2019, we foresee a period of relative stability in Europe. We believe the EU parliament elections may highlight the political divides in Europe, exacerbated by the period of low growth currently being experienced. This same weakness in growth will also weigh on fiscals through the year, bringing renewed concerns over deficit limits and debt sustainability of the most indebted countries, in our view.

While the Fed has stopped the supertanker of rates normalization in its tracks, we remain cautious due to Fed Chairman Jerome Powell forgetting to pull the handbrake or pausing the 50 billion USD monthly unwind of the balance sheet. While there is little more the Fed can do on rates, short of cutting (which we believe it will not do until a recession seems probable), we believe the continued quantitative tightening will remain a key influence on markets, particularly while margin compression is expected.

Having just corrected significantly, we believe this volatility affords us tactical opportunities to hold risk in an environment where our strategic view is more cautious. The medium-term view is cautiously positive on credit, EM, EU periphery and rates risk. The U.S. dollar, meanwhile, is expected to weaken moderately, in our view.

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First Trust/Aberdeen Global Opportunity Income Fund (FAM)

Portfolio of Investments

December 31, 2018

Principal

Value (Local Currency)	Description	Stated Coupon	Stated Maturity	Value (US Dollars)
<b>FOREIGN SOVEREIGN BONDS AND NOTES (a) – 100.2%</b>				
	Angola – 0.9%			
1,300,000	Angolan Government International Bond (USD) (b)	9.38%	05/08/48	\$1,220,609
	Argentina – 2.8%			
89,880,000	Argentina POM Politica Monetaria, ARLLMONP (ARS) (c)	65.51%	06/21/20	2,553,993
940,000	Argentine Republic Government International Bond (USD)	5.63%	01/26/22	796,650
715,039	Argentine Republic Government International Bond (USD)	8.28%	12/31/33	554,156
				3,904,799
	Australia – 4.5%			
7,945,000	Treasury Corp. of Victoria (AUD)	6.00%	10/17/22	6,378,905
	Bahrain – 0.6%			
800,000	Bahrain Government International Bond (USD)	7.00%	01/26/26	821,588
	Brazil – 6.6%			
20,700,000	Brazil Notas do Tesouro Nacional, Series F (BRL)	10.00%	01/01/21	5,592,767
13,800,000	Brazil Notas do Tesouro Nacional, Series F (BRL)	10.00%	01/01/29	3,746,196
				9,338,963
	Canada – 4.2%			
6,449,000	Canadian Government Bond (CAD)	8.00%	06/01/23	5,934,053
	Costa Rica – 0.9%			
720,000	Costa Rica Government International Bond (USD)	4.25%	01/26/23	636,300
219,000	Costa Rica Government International Bond (USD)	7.00%	04/04/44	186,971
511,000	Costa Rica Government International Bond (USD)	7.16%	03/12/45	442,654
				1,265,925
	Czech Republic – 0.8%			
20,910,000	Czech Republic Government Bond (CZK)	5.70%	05/25/24	1,133,145
	Ecuador – 1.4%			
2,180,000	Ecuador Government International Bond (USD) (b)	8.75%	06/02/23	2,043,750



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	Egypt – 0.9%				
380,000	<u>Egypt Government International Bond (USD) (b)</u>	8.50%	01/31/47	344,295	
1,050,000	<u>Egypt Government International Bond (USD) (b)</u>	7.90%	02/21/48	907,360	
					1,251,655
	El Salvador – 0.4%				
580,000	<u>El Salvador Government International Bond (USD)</u>	7.65%	06/15/35	551,290	
	France – 0.6%				
561,000	<u>French Republic Government Bond OAT (EUR)</u>	3.25%	05/25/45	884,257	
	Germany – 0.6%				
508,000	<u>Bundesrepublik Deutschland Bundesanleihe (EUR)</u>	2.50%	08/15/46	820,138	
	Ghana – 2.8%				
1,340,000	<u>Ghana Government International Bond (USD)</u>	8.13%	01/18/26	1,283,814	
1,450,000	<u>Ghana Government International Bond (USD) (b)</u>	7.63%	05/16/29	1,303,840	
6,200,000	<u>Republic of Ghana Government Bond (GHS)</u>	21.50%	03/09/20	1,301,185	
					3,888,839
	Indonesia – 2.5%				
20,750,000,000	<u>Indonesia Treasury Bond (IDR)</u>	5.63%	05/15/23	1,325,734	

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First Trust/Aberdeen Global Opportunity Income Fund (FAM)

Portfolio of Investments (Continued)

December 31, 2018

Principal

Value (Local Currency)	Description	Stated Coupon	Stated Maturity	Value (US Dollars)
<b>FOREIGN SOVEREIGN BONDS AND NOTES (a) (Continued)</b>				
Indonesia (Continued)				
30,400,000,000	Indonesia Treasury Bond (IDR)	8.38%	03/15/34	\$2,139,374
				3,465,108
Iraq – 1.4%				
428,000	Iraq International Bond (USD) (b)	6.75%	03/09/23	408,696
1,760,000	Iraq International Bond (USD)	5.80%	01/15/28	1,582,944
				1,991,640
Italy – 4.7%				
2,762,000	Italy Buoni Poliennali Del Tesoro (EUR)	9.00%	11/01/23	4,223,756
1,600,000	Italy Buoni Poliennali Del Tesoro (EUR)	7.25%	11/01/26	2,463,944
				6,687,700
Japan – 10.2%				
1,219,050,000	Japan Government Ten Year Bond (JPY)	0.10%	06/20/27	11,300,367
252,850,000	Japan Government Thirty Year Bond (JPY)	2.40%	03/20/37	3,096,279
				14,396,646
Kenya – 0.4%				
590,000	Kenya Government International Bond (USD)	6.88%	06/24/24	556,060
Malaysia – 2.2%				
13,000,000	Malaysia Government Bond (MYR)	3.89%	03/15/27	3,079,888
Mexico – 5.6%				
26,500,000	Mexican Bonos (MXN)	6.50%	06/09/22	1,266,870
20,000,000	Mexican Bonos (MXN)	10.00%	12/05/24	1,081,950
27,000,000	Mexican Bonos (MXN)	5.75%	03/05/26	1,161,941
97,602,800	Mexican Bonos (MXN)	7.75%	11/13/42	4,390,394
				7,901,155
Nigeria – 2.6%				
1,130,000,000	Nigeria Government Bond (NGN)	12.50%	01/22/26	2,703,296

663,000	<u>Nigeria Government International Bond (USD) (b)</u>	7.88%	02/16/32	603,801
513,000	<u>Nigeria Government International Bond (USD) (b)</u>	7.63%	11/28/47	433,430
				3,740,527
	Norway – 0.6%			
7,511,000	<u>Norway Government Bond (NOK) (b)</u>	1.75%	02/17/27	872,765
	Oman – 0.5%			
770,000	<u>Oman Government International Bond (USD) (b)</u>	6.75%	01/17/48	637,471
	Peru – 3.6%			
16,000,000	<u>Peruvian Government International Bond (PEN)</u>	6.90%	08/12/37	5,096,939
	Poland – 8.1%			
14,444,000	<u>Republic of Poland Government Bond (PLN)</u>	2.50%	01/25/23	3,933,326
17,100,000	<u>Republic of Poland Government Bond (PLN)</u>	4.00%	10/25/23	4,957,028
10,000,000	<u>Republic of Poland Government Bond (PLN)</u>	2.50%	07/25/27	2,628,306
				11,518,660
	Portugal – 1.1%			
1,088,000	<u>Portugal Obrigacoes do Tesouro OT (EUR) (b)</u>	5.65%	02/15/24	1,562,032
	Russia – 5.9%			
510,000,000	<u>Russian Federal Bond - OFZ (RUB)</u>	7.05%	01/19/28	6,660,560

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First Trust/Aberdeen Global Opportunity Income Fund (FAM)

Portfolio of Investments (Continued)

December 31, 2018

Principal

Value (Local Currency)	Description	Stated Coupon	Stated Maturity	Value (US Dollars)
<b>FOREIGN SOVEREIGN BONDS AND NOTES (a) (Continued)</b>				
Russia (Continued)				
90,000,000	Russian Federal Bond - OFZ (RUB)	7.70%	03/23/33	\$1,204,043
400,000	Russian Foreign Bond - Eurobond (USD)	5.88%	09/16/43	422,398
				8,287,001
	Rwanda – 1.0%			
1,440,000	Rwanda International Government Bond (USD)	6.63%	05/02/23	1,432,022
	South Africa – 6.1%			
86,460,000	Republic of South Africa Government Bond (ZAR)	10.50%	12/21/26	6,543,167
2,200,000	Republic of South Africa Government International Bond (USD)	4.88%	04/14/26	2,096,582
				8,639,749
	Spain – 2.4%			
2,111,000	Spain Government Bond (EUR) (b)	5.90%	07/30/26	3,274,160
100,000	Spain Government Bond (EUR) (b)	5.15%	10/31/44	173,226
				3,447,386
	Sri Lanka – 1.0%			
1,500,000	Sri Lanka Government International Bond (USD) (b)	6.75%	04/18/28	1,369,808
	Supranationals – 0.7%			
8,550,000	European Investment Bank (SEK)	1.25%	05/12/25	993,746
	Suriname – 0.5%			
675,000	Suriname Government International Bond (USD) (b)	9.25%	10/26/26	653,063
	Tanzania – 0.2%			
290,006	Tanzania Government International Bond, 6 Mo. LIBOR + 6.00% (USD) (c)	8.54%	03/09/20	296,308
	Tunisia – 1.0%			
1,600,000	Banque Centrale de Tunisie International Bond (USD)	5.75%	01/30/25	1,350,888
	Turkey – 6.2%			
47,500,000	Turkey Government Bond (TRY)	8.80%	09/27/23	6,605,574

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15,100,000	Turkey Government Bond (TRY)	10.40%	03/20/24	2,222,560
				8,828,134
	Ukraine – 1.1%			
1,370,000	Ukraine Government International Bond (USD) (b)	7.75%	09/01/24	1,209,673
716,000	Ukraine Government International Bond (USD) (b)	(d)	05/31/40	415,230
				1,624,903
	United Kingdom – 2.6%			
754,000	United Kingdom Gilt (GBP)	4.25%	12/07/27	1,212,011
1,250,000	United Kingdom Gilt (GBP)	4.25%	12/07/49	2,508,009
				3,720,020
	Total Foreign Sovereign Bonds and Notes			141,587,535
	(Cost \$150,917,573)			
	FOREIGN CORPORATE BONDS AND NOTES (a) (e) – 23.9%			
	Argentina – 0.3%			
525,000	Genneia S.A. (USD) (b)	8.75%	01/20/22	477,094
	Bahrain – 0.5%			
650,000	Oil and Gas Holding Co. BSCC (The) (USD) (b)	8.38%	11/07/28	664,570

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First Trust/Aberdeen Global Opportunity Income Fund (FAM)

Portfolio of Investments (Continued)

December 31, 2018

Principal

Value (Local Currency)	Description	Stated Coupon	Stated Maturity	Value (US Dollars)
<b>FOREIGN CORPORATE BONDS AND NOTES (a) (e) (Continued)</b>				
	Barbados – 0.6%			
750,000	Sagicor Finance 2015 Ltd. (USD) (b)	8.88%	08/11/22	\$785,625
	Brazil – 3.5%			
766,000	Azul Investments LLP (USD) (b)	5.88%	10/26/24	718,133
780,000	CSN Resources S.A. (USD) (b)	7.63%	02/13/23	729,300
850,000	GTL Trade Finance, Inc. (USD)	7.25%	04/16/44	888,250
1,550,000	OAS Finance Ltd. (USD) (f) (g) (h) (i)	8.88%	(j)	23,250
460,000	OAS Investments GmbH (USD) (f) (g) (h)	8.25%	10/19/19	6,900
620,000	Odebrecht Drilling Norbe VIII/IX Ltd. (USD)	6.35%	12/01/21	598,610
1,830,000	Petrobras Global Finance BV (USD)	8.75%	05/23/26	2,053,260
				5,017,703
	China – 1.0%			
765,000	Shimao Property Holdings Ltd. (USD)	8.38%	02/10/22	796,317
308,000	Yingde Gases Investment Ltd. (USD) (b)	6.25%	01/19/23	290,293
280,000	Yingde Gases Investment Ltd. (USD)	6.25%	01/19/23	263,903
				1,350,513
	Colombia – 0.3%			
429,000	Banco GNB Sudameris S.A. (USD) (b) (i)	6.50%	04/03/27	423,101
	Congo – 0.5%			
720,000	HTA Group Ltd. (USD)	9.13%	03/08/22	734,040
	Dominican Republic – 1.3%			
1,860,000	AES Andres BV / Dominican Power Partners / Empresa Generadora de Electricidad Itabo (USD) (b)	7.95%	05/11/26	1,887,900
	El Salvador – 0.6%			
800,000	Grupo Unicomer Co., Ltd. (USD) (b)	7.88%	04/01/24	836,000

	<b>Georgia – 1.1%</b>			
540,000	Bank of Georgia JSC (USD) (b)	6.00%	07/26/23	526,543
975,000	Georgian Oil and Gas Corp. JSC (USD) (b)	6.75%	04/26/21	979,999
				1,506,542
	<b>Guatemala – 0.5%</b>			
735,000	Comunicaciones Celulares S.A. Via Comcel Trust (USD) (b)	6.88%	02/06/24	750,703
	<b>Honduras – 0.3%</b>			
396,000	Inversiones Atlantida S.A. (USD) (b)	8.25%	07/28/22	404,023
	<b>India – 0.4%</b>			
756,000	Vedanta Resources PLC (USD) (b)	6.13%	08/09/24	630,494
	<b>Indonesia – 1.0%</b>			
970,000	Jababeka International BV (USD)	6.50%	10/05/23	803,921
760,000	Medco Platinum Road Pte Ltd. (USD) (b)	6.75%	01/30/25	651,850
				1,455,771
	<b>Kazakhstan – 0.5%</b>			
789,000	Tengizchevroil Finance Co. International Ltd. (USD) (b)	4.00%	08/15/26	730,314
	<b>Mexico – 1.4%</b>			
13,950,000	Petroleos Mexicanos (MXN)	7.19%	09/12/24	555,466
750,000	Sixsigma Networks Mexico SA de CV (USD) (b)	7.50%	05/02/25	714,375

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First Trust/Aberdeen Global Opportunity Income Fund (FAM)

Portfolio of Investments (Continued)

December 31, 2018

Principal

Value (Local Currency)	Description	Stated Coupon	Stated Maturity	Value (US Dollars)
<b>FOREIGN CORPORATE BONDS AND NOTES (a) (e) (Continued)</b>				
Mexico (Continued)				
773,000	<u>Unifin Financiera SAB de CV SOFOM ENR (USD) (b) (i)</u>	8.88%	(j)	\$641,590
				1,911,431
Nigeria – 1.8%				
730,000	<u>IHS Netherlands Holdco BV (USD) (b)</u>	9.50%	10/27/21	737,220
770,000	<u>SEPLAT Petroleum Development Co., PLC (USD) (b)</u>	9.25%	04/01/23	765,357
1,070,000	<u>United Bank for Africa PLC (USD) (b)</u>	7.75%	06/08/22	1,061,923
				2,564,500
Oman – 0.6%				
892,000	<u>Oztel Holdings SPC Ltd. (USD) (b)</u>	6.63%	04/24/28	824,498
Russia – 1.9%				
304,000	<u>Credit Bank of Moscow Via CBOM Finance PLC (USD) (i)</u>	7.50%	10/05/27	230,976
1,045,000	<u>Evraz Group S.A. (USD) (b)</u>	5.38%	03/20/23	1,035,021
790,000	<u>Gazprom OAO Via Gaz Capital S.A. (USD)</u>	4.95%	03/23/27	755,413
600,000	<u>GTH Finance BV (USD) (b)</u>	7.25%	04/26/23	616,431
				2,637,841
South Africa – 2.3%				
48,000,000	<u>Eskom Holdings SOC Ltd. (ZAR)</u>	7.50%	09/15/33	2,496,414
690,000	<u>Liquid Telecommunications Financing PLC (USD)</u>	8.50%	07/13/22	697,352
				3,193,766
Turkey – 1.5%				
920,000	<u>Hazine Mustesarligi Varlik Kiralama AS (USD) (b)</u>	5.00%	04/06/23	876,526
790,000	<u>Turkiye Garanti Bankasi AS (USD) (i)</u>	6.13%	05/24/27	680,716
744,000	<u>Turkiye Vakiflar Bankasi TAO (USD)</u>	6.00%	11/01/22	633,970
				2,191,212
Ukraine – 2.0%				



770,000	Metinvest BV (USD) (b)	8.50%	04/23/26	695,976
860,000	MHP Lux S.A. (USD) (b)	6.95%	04/03/26	743,556
19,750,000	Ukreximbank Via Biz Finance PLC (UAH)	16.50%	03/02/21	634,567
735,000	Ukreximbank Via Biz Finance PLC (USD)	9.63%	04/27/22	721,733
				2,795,832
	Total Foreign Corporate Bonds and Notes			33,773,473
	(Cost \$37,397,355)			

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First Trust/Aberdeen Global Opportunity Income Fund (FAM)

Portfolio of Investments (Continued)

December 31, 2018

Principal Value	Description	Stated Coupon	Stated Maturity	Value
U.S. GOVERNMENT BONDS AND NOTES (a) – 13.7%				
\$5,816,000	<u>United States Treasury Note</u>	8.75%	08/15/20	\$6,385,559
5,613,000	<u>United States Treasury Note</u>	2.63%	05/15/21	5,632,295
2,919,000	<u>United States Treasury Note</u>	2.38%	05/15/27	2,858,738
4,002,000	<u>United States Treasury Note</u>	3.75%	11/15/43	4,521,166
<u>Total U.S. Government Bonds and Notes</u>				19,397,758
(Cost \$19,349,233)				

Total Investments – 137.8%	<u>194,758,766</u>
(Cost \$207,664,161) (k)	
Outstanding Loans – (43.0)%	<u>(60,798,703)</u>
Net Other Assets and Liabilities – 5.2%	<u>7,415,789</u>
Net Assets – 100.0%	<u>\$141,375,852</u>

## Forward Foreign Currency Contracts

Settlement Date	Counterparty	Amount Purchased	Amount Sold	Purchase Value as of 12/31/2018	Sale Value as of 12/31/2018	Unrealized Appreciation/ (Depreciation)
01/10/19	CIT	CAD 2,844,000	USD 2,195,384	\$ 2,083,767	\$ 2,195,384	\$ (111,617)
01/10/19	BAR	PLN 547,000	USD 145,158	146,193	145,158	1,035
01/10/19	DB	USD 5,274,076	AUD 7,456,000	5,274,076	5,252,739	21,337
02/21/19	BAR	USD 2,213,610	BRL 8,425,000	2,213,610	2,165,378	48,232
01/10/19	UBS	USD 7,347,339	CAD 9,479,000	7,347,339	6,945,160	402,179
01/10/19	UBS	USD 2,076,742	MXN 42,589,000	2,076,742	2,163,650	(86,908)
01/10/19	GS	USD 2,197,449	PLN 8,230,000	2,197,449	2,199,578	(2,129)
01/10/19	UBS	USD 2,513,460	ZAR 37,558,000	2,513,460	2,607,235	(93,775)
01/10/19	BAR	USD 2,568,399	ZAR 36,799,000	2,568,399	2,554,546	13,853
<u>Net Unrealized Appreciation (Depreciation)</u>						\$192,207

Counterparty

Abbreviations

BAR Barclays Bank

CIT Citibank, NA

DB Deutsche Bank  
GS Goldman Sachs  
UBS UBS

See Note 2D – Forward Foreign Currency Contracts in the Notes to Financial Statements.

See Note 2I – Offsetting on the Statement of Assets and Liabilities in the Notes to Financial Statements for a table that presents the forward foreign currency contracts' assets and liabilities on a gross basis.

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(a) All of these securities are available to serve as collateral for the outstanding loans.

This security, sold within the terms of a private placement memorandum, is exempt from registration upon resale under Rule 144A under the Securities Act of 1933, as amended (the "1933 Act"), and may be resold in transactions exempt from registration, normally to qualified institutional buyers. Pursuant to procedures adopted by the Fund's

(b) Board of Trustees, this security has been determined to be liquid by Aberdeen Standard Investments Inc. (the "Sub-Advisor"). Although market instability can result in periods of increased overall market illiquidity, liquidity for each security is determined based on security specific factors and assumptions, which require subjective judgment. At December 31, 2018, securities noted as such amounted to \$37,631,624 or 26.6% of net assets.

(c) Floating rate security.

(d) Zero coupon bond.

(e) Portfolio securities are included in a country based upon their underlying credit exposure as determined by the Sub-Advisor.

This security, sold within the terms of a private placement memorandum, is exempt from registration upon resale under Rule 144A under the 1933 Act, and may be resold in transactions exempt from registration, normally to qualified institutional buyers (see Note 2C - Restricted Securities in the Notes to Financial Statements).

(g) This issuer is in default and interest is not being accrued by the Fund, nor paid by the issuer.

(h) This issuer has filed for bankruptcy protection in a São Paulo state court.

(i) Fixed-to-floating or fixed-to-variable rate security. The interest rate shown reflects the fixed rate in effect at December 31, 2018. At a predetermined date, the fixed rate will change to a floating rate or a variable rate.

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First Trust/Aberdeen Global Opportunity Income Fund (FAM)

Portfolio of Investments (Continued)

December 31, 2018

(j) Perpetual maturity.

Aggregate cost for federal income tax purposes was \$213,454,887. As of December 31, 2018, the aggregate gross unrealized appreciation for all investments in which there was an excess of value over tax cost was \$3,512,550 and

(k) the aggregate gross unrealized depreciation for all investments in which there was an excess of tax cost over value was \$22,016,464. The net unrealized depreciation was \$18,503,914. The amounts presented are inclusive of derivative contracts.

ARLLMONP Argentina Blended Historical Policy Rate

LIBOR London Interbank Offered Rate

## Valuation Inputs

A summary of the inputs used to value the Fund's investments as of December 31, 2018 is as follows (see Note 2A - Portfolio Valuation in the Notes to Financial Statements):

## ASSETS TABLE

	Total Value at 12/31/2018	Level 1 Quoted Prices	Level 2 Significant Observable Inputs	Level 3 Significant Unobservable Inputs
<u>Foreign Sovereign Bonds and Notes*</u>	\$ 141,587,533	\$ —	\$ 141,587,533	\$ —
<u>Foreign Corporate Bonds and Notes*</u>	33,773,473	—	33,773,473	—
<u>U.S. Government Bonds and Notes</u>	19,397,758	—	19,397,758	—
<u>Total Investments</u>	194,758,766	—	194,758,766	—
<u>Forward Foreign Currency Contracts</u>	486,636	—	486,636	—
<u>Total</u>	\$ 195,245,402	\$ —	\$ 195,245,402	\$ —

## LIABILITIES TABLE

	Total Value at 12/31/2018	Level 1 Quoted Prices	Level 2 Significant Observable Inputs	Level 3 Significant Unobservable Inputs
<u>Forward Foreign Currency Contracts</u>	\$ (294,429)	\$ —	\$ (294,429)	\$ —

\*See Portfolio of Investments for country breakout.

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First Trust/Aberdeen Global Opportunity Income Fund (FAM)

Portfolio of Investments (Continued)

December 31, 2018

Currency Exposure Diversification	% of Total Investments†
USD	49.2%
JPY	7.4
EUR	6.9
PLN	4.9
TRY	4.5
RUB	4.0
BRL	3.7
MXN	3.2
PEN	2.6
ZAR	2.0
GBP	1.9
IDR	1.8
MYR	1.6
NGN	1.4
ARS	1.3
GHS	0.7
CZK	0.6
AUD	0.6
CAD	0.5
SEK	0.5
NOK	0.4
UAH	0.3
Total	100.0%

†The weightings include the impact of forward foreign currency contracts.

## Currency Abbreviations

ARS Argentine Peso  
AUD Australian Dollar  
BRL Brazilian Real  
CAD Canadian Dollar  
CZK Czech Republic Koruna  
EUR Euro  
GBP British Pound Sterling  
GHS Ghanaian Cedis  
IDR Indonesian Rupiah  
JPY Japanese Yen  
MXN Mexican Peso  
MYR Malaysian Ringgit  
NGN Nigerian Naira  
NOK Norwegian Krone  
PEN Peruvian Nuevo Sol  
PLN Polish Zloty  
RUB Russian Ruble  
SEK Swedish Krona

TRY Turkish Lira

UAH Ukrainian Hryvnia

USD United States Dollar

ZAR South African Rand

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First Trust/Aberdeen Global Opportunity Income Fund (FAM)

Statement of Assets and Liabilities

December 31, 2018

## ASSETS:

Investments, at value

(Cost \$207,664,161)	\$ 194,758,766
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Cash	3,702,538
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Foreign currency (Cost \$385,577)	389,519
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Unrealized appreciation on forward foreign currency contracts	486,636
---	---------

## Receivables:

Interest	3,573,242
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Interest reclaims	51,236
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Prepaid expenses	1,419
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Total Assets	202,963,356
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## LIABILITIES:

Outstanding loans	60,798,703
-------------------	------------

Unrealized depreciation on forward foreign currency contracts	294,429
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## Payables:

Investment advisory fees	170,835
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Custodian fees	65,435
----------------	--------

Due to broker	59,082
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Audit and tax fees	58,405
--------------------	--------

Interest and fees on loans	56,435
----------------------------	--------

Shareholder reporting fees	38,790
----------------------------	--------

Administrative fees	26,638
---------------------	--------

Legal fees	8,761
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Transfer agent fees	6,429
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Deferred foreign capital gains tax	927
Financial reporting fees	771
Trustees' fees and expenses	20
Other liabilities	1,844
Total Liabilities	61,587,504
NET ASSETS	\$141,375,852
NET ASSETS consist of:	
Paid-in capital	\$ 167,478,260
Par value	127,705
Accumulated distributable earnings (loss)	(26,230,113)
NET ASSETS	\$141,375,852
NET ASSET VALUE, per Common Share (par value \$0.01 per Common Share)	\$11.07
Number of Common Shares outstanding (unlimited number of Common Shares has been authorized)	12,770,468

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First Trust/Aberdeen Global Opportunity Income Fund (FAM)

Statement of Operations

For the Year Ended December 31, 2018

## INVESTMENT

## INCOME:

Interest (net of  
foreignwithholding tax \$ 13,313,971  
of \$51,257)

---

 Total  
investment  
income 13,313,971
 

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## EXPENSES:

Investment  
advisory fees 2,154,902

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 Interest and fees  
on loans 1,529,610
 

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 Custodian fees 213,402
 

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 Administrative  
fees 135,101
 

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 Shareholder  
reporting fees 74,810
 

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 Audit and tax  
fees 58,864
 

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 Transfer agent  
fees 36,045
 

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 Legal fees 31,043
 

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 Listing expense 21,250
 

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 Trustees' fees  
and expenses 16,082
 

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 Financial  
reporting fees 9,250
 

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 Other 28,391
 

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 Total expenses 4,308,750
 

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NET  
INVESTMENT  
INCOME 9,005,221  
(LOSS)

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NET  
REALIZED  
AND  
UNREALIZED  
GAIN (LOSS):  
Net realized  
gain (loss) on:  
Investments  
(5,164,589)

Forward foreign  
currency  
contracts 944,579

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Foreign  
currency  
transactions (619,162)

---

Foreign capital  
gains tax (56,167)

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Net realized  
gain (loss) (4,895,339)

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Net change in  
unrealized  
appreciation  
(depreciation)  
on:  
Investments  
(18,625,690)

Forward foreign  
currency  
contracts 680,139

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Foreign  
currency  
translation 517,624

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Deferred foreign  
capital gains tax 56,296

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Net change in  
unrealized (17,371,631)

appreciation  
(depreciation)

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NET  
REALIZED  
AND  
UNREALIZED (22,266,970)  
GAIN (LOSS)

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NET  
INCREASE  
(DECREASE)  
IN NET  
ASSETS \$(13,261,749)  
RESULTING  
FROM  
OPERATIONS

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Table of ContentsFirst Trust/Aberdeen Global Opportunity Income Fund (FAM)  
Statements of Changes in Net Assets

	Year Ended 12/31/2018	Year Ended 12/31/2017
<b>OPERATIONS:</b>		
Net investment income (loss)	\$ 9,005,221	\$ 11,109,128
Net realized gain (loss)	(4,895,339)	(2,216,986)
Net change in unrealized appreciation (depreciation)	(17,371,631)	18,077,333
Net increase (decrease) in net assets resulting from operations	(13,261,749)	26,969,475
<b>DISTRIBUTIONS TO SHAREHOLDERS FROM:</b>		
Investment operations	(6,988,946)	
Net investment income		(5,641,828)
Return of capital	(4,330,624)	(7,956,025)
Total distributions to shareholders	(11,319,570)	(13,597,853)
<b>CAPITAL TRANSACTIONS:</b>		
Purchase of Common Shares pursuant to a tender offer	—	(54,234,272)
Repurchase of Common Shares	(1,662,641)	—
Net increase (decrease) in net assets resulting from capital transactions	(1,662,641)	(54,234,272)
Total increase (decrease) in net assets	(26,243,960)	(40,862,650)
<b>NET ASSETS:</b>		
Beginning of period	167,619,812	208,482,462
End of period	\$ 141,375,852	\$ 167,619,812
Accumulated net investment income (loss) at end of period		\$(2,667,570)
<b>CAPITAL TRANSACTIONS were as follows:</b>		
Common Shares at beginning of period	12,950,337	17,267,115
Common Shares purchased pursuant to a tender offer (a)	—	(4,316,778)
Common Shares repurchased (b)	(179,869)	—
Common Shares at end of period	12,770,468	12,950,337

- (a) On May 25, 2017, the Fund commenced a tender offer for up to 25% of its outstanding common shares for cash at a price per share equal to 98% of the net asset value per share determined on the expiration date. The Fund's tender offer expired at 5:00 p.m. New York City time on Friday, June 23, 2017. Because the Fund's tender offer was oversubscribed, the Fund repurchased 4,316,778 (25%) of its outstanding common shares on a pro-rata basis based on the number of shares properly tendered.
- (b) On September 15, 2015, the Fund commenced a Share repurchase program. The program originally expired on March 15, 2016, but the Board of Trustees of the Fund has subsequently authorized the continuation of the Fund's share repurchase program until March 15, 2019. For the fiscal year ended December 31, 2018, the Fund repurchased 179,869 shares at a weighted average discount of 15.45% from net asset value per share. The Fund did not repurchase any shares during the fiscal year ended December 31, 2017. The Fund expects to continue the share repurchase program until the earlier of (i) the repurchase of an additional 547,553 common shares (for an aggregate of 870,510) or (ii) March 15, 2019.

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First Trust/Aberdeen Global Opportunity Income Fund (FAM)

Statement of Cash Flows

For the Year Ended December 31, 2018

Cash flows from operating activities:

Net increase (decrease) in net assets resulting from operations	\$(13,261,749)
Adjustments to reconcile net increase (decrease) in net assets resulting from operations to net cash provided by operating activities:	
Purchases of investments	(126,200,660)
Sales, maturities and paydown of investments	131,867,072
Net amortization/accretion of premiums/discounts on investments	560,268
Net realized gain/loss on investments	5,164,589
Net change in unrealized appreciation/depreciation on investments	18,625,690
Net change in unrealized appreciation/depreciation on forward foreign currency contracts	(680,139)
Changes in assets and liabilities:	
Decrease in interest receivable	315,736
Increase in interest reclaims receivable	(51,236)
Decrease in prepaid expenses	198
Increase in interest and fees payable on loans	16,504
Increase in due to broker	52,325
Decrease in investment advisory fees payable	(23,769)
Decrease in audit and tax fees payable	(119)
Increase in legal fees payable	7,028
Increase in shareholder reporting fees payable	13,558
Increase in administrative fees payable	6,538
Increase in custodian fees payable	12,516
Decrease in transfer agent fees payable	(293)
Decrease in Trustees' fees and expenses payable	(6)

Decrease in deferred foreign capital gains tax	(56,296)	
Increase in other liabilities payable	1,297	
Cash provided by operating activities		\$16,369,052
Cash flows from financing activities:		
Repurchase of Common Shares	(1,662,641)	
Distributions to Common Shareholders from investment operations	(6,988,946)	
Distributions to Common Shareholders from return of capital	(4,330,624)	
Repayment of borrowings	(2,000,000)	
Effect of exchange rate changes on Euro Loans (a)	(509,850)	
Cash used in financing activities		(15,492,061)
Increase in cash and foreign currency (b)		876,991
Cash and foreign currency at beginning of period		3,215,066
Cash and foreign currency at end of period		\$4,092,057
Supplemental disclosure of cash flow information:		
Cash paid during the period for interest and fees		\$1,513,106

(a) This amount is a component of net change in unrealized appreciation (depreciation) on foreign currency translation as shown on the Statement of Operations.

(b) Includes net change in unrealized appreciation (depreciation) on foreign currency of \$7,774, which does not include the effect of exchange rate changes on Euro borrowings.

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First Trust/Aberdeen Global Opportunity Income Fund (FAM)

Financial Highlights

For a Common Share outstanding throughout each period

	Year Ended December 31,				
	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014
Net asset value, beginning of period	\$ 12.94	\$ 12.07	\$ 11.66	\$ 13.77	\$ 15.32
Income from investment operations:					
Net investment income (loss)	0.69	0.72	0.73	0.82	1.03
Net realized and unrealized gain (loss)	(1.70)	0.98	0.58	(1.80)	(1.22)
Total from investment operations	(1.01)	1.70	1.31	(0.98)	(0.19)
Distributions paid to shareholders from:					
Net investment income	(0.54)	(0.37)	(0.43)	—	(0.71)
Net realized gain	—	—	—	—	(0.13)
Return of capital	(0.34)	(0.53)	(0.47)	(1.14)	(0.52)
Total distributions paid to Common Shareholders	(0.88)	(0.90)	(0.90)	(1.14)	(1.36)
Common Share repurchases	0.02	—	—	0.01	—
Tender offer purchases	—	0.07	—	—	—
Net asset value, end of period	\$11.07	\$12.94	\$12.07	\$11.66	\$13.77
Market value, end of period	\$9.38	\$11.66	\$11.16	\$10.13	\$12.04
Total return based on net asset value (a)	(6.85)%	15.91%	12.39%	(6.03)%	(0.84)%
Total return based on market value (a)	(12.42)%	12.88%	19.61%	(6.63)%	(5.46)%
Ratios to average net assets/supplemental data:					
Net assets, end of period (in 000's)	\$ 141,376	\$ 167,620	\$ 208,482	\$ 201,262	\$ 239,807
Ratio of total expenses to average net assets	2.81%	2.52%	2.19%	2.10%	2.16%
Ratio of total expenses to average net assets excluding interest expense	1.82%	1.84%	1.71%	1.71%	1.76%
Ratio of net investment income (loss) to average net assets	5.88%	5.81%	5.93%	6.42%	6.79%
Portfolio turnover rate	58%	54%	64%	61%	61%



Indebtedness:

Total loans outstanding (in 000's)	\$ 60,799	\$ 63,309	\$ 82,421	\$ 86,243	\$ 97,405
Asset coverage per \$1,000 of indebtedness (b)	\$ 3,325	\$ 3,648	\$ 3,529	\$ 3,334	\$ 3,462

(a) Total return is based on the combination of reinvested dividend, capital gain and return of capital distributions, if any, at prices obtained by the Dividend Reinvestment Plan, and changes in net asset value per share for net asset value returns and changes in Common Share Price for market value returns. Total returns do not reflect sales load and are not annualized for periods of less than one year. Past performance is not indicative of future results.

(b) Calculated by subtracting the Fund's total liabilities (not including the loans outstanding) from the Fund's total assets, and dividing by the outstanding loans balance in 000's.

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First Trust/Aberdeen Global Opportunity Income Fund (FAM)

December 31, 2018

1. Organization

First Trust/Aberdeen Global Opportunity Income Fund (the “Fund”) is a diversified, closed-end management investment company organized as a Massachusetts business trust on September 2, 2004, and is registered with the Securities and Exchange Commission (“SEC”) under the Investment Company Act of 1940, as amended (the “1940 Act”). The Fund trades under the ticker symbol FAM on the New York Stock Exchange (“NYSE”).

The Fund’s primary investment objective is to seek a high level of current income. As a secondary objective, the Fund seeks capital appreciation. The Fund pursues these objectives by investing its Managed Assets in the world bond markets through a diversified portfolio of investment grade and below-investment grade government and corporate debt securities. “Managed Assets” means the total asset value of the Fund minus the sum of the Fund’s liabilities other than the principal amount of borrowings, if any. There can be no assurance that the Fund will achieve its investment objectives. The Fund may not be appropriate for all investors.

2. Significant Accounting Policies

The Fund is considered an investment company and follows accounting and reporting guidance under Financial Accounting Standards Board (“FASB”) Accounting Standards Codification (“ASC”) Topic 946, “Financial Services-Investment Companies.” The following is a summary of significant accounting policies consistently followed by the Fund in the preparation of the financial statements. The preparation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (“U.S. GAAP”) requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

A. Portfolio Valuation

The net asset value (“NAV”) of the Common Shares of the Fund is determined daily as of the close of regular trading on the NYSE, normally 4:00 p.m. Eastern time, on each day the NYSE is open for trading. If the NYSE closes early on a valuation day, the NAV is determined as of that time. Domestic debt securities and foreign securities are priced using data reflecting the earlier closing of the principal markets for those securities. The Fund’s NAV per Common Share is calculated by dividing the value of all assets of the Fund (including accrued interest and dividends), less all liabilities (including accrued expenses, dividends declared but unpaid and any borrowings of the Fund), by the total number of Common Shares outstanding.

The Fund’s investments are valued daily at market value or, in the absence of market value with respect to any portfolio securities, at fair value. Market value prices represent last sale or official closing prices from a national or foreign exchange (i.e., a regulated market) and are primarily obtained from third-party pricing services. Fair value prices represent any prices not considered market value prices and are either obtained from a third-party pricing service or are determined by the Pricing Committee of the Fund’s investment advisor, First Trust Advisors L.P. (“First Trust” or the “Advisor”), in accordance with valuation procedures adopted by the Fund’s Board of Trustees, and in accordance with provisions of the 1940 Act. Investments valued by the Advisor’s Pricing Committee, if any, are footnoted as such in the footnotes to the Portfolio of Investments. The Fund’s investments are valued as follows: Bonds, notes, and other debt securities are fair valued on the basis of valuations provided by dealers who make markets in such securities or by a third-party pricing service approved by the Fund’s Board of Trustees, which may use the following valuation inputs when available:

- 1) benchmark yields;
- 2) reported trades;
- 3) broker/dealer quotes;
- 4) issuer spreads;
- 5) benchmark securities;
- 6) bids and offers; and
- 7) reference data including market research publications.

Fixed income and other debt securities having a remaining maturity of sixty days or less when purchased are fair valued at cost adjusted for amortization of premiums and accretion of discounts (amortized cost), provided the

Advisor's Pricing Committee has determined that the use of amortized cost is an appropriate reflection of fair value given market and issuer-specific conditions existing at the time of the determination. Factors that may be considered in determining the appropriateness of the use of amortized cost include, but are not limited to, the following:

- 1)the credit conditions in the relevant market and changes thereto;
- 2)the liquidity conditions in the relevant market and changes thereto;
- 3)the interest rate conditions in the relevant market and changes thereto (such as significant changes in interest rates);

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First Trust/Aberdeen Global Opportunity Income Fund (FAM)

December 31, 2018

- 4) issuer-specific conditions (such as significant credit deterioration); and  
any other market-based data the Advisor's Pricing Committee considers relevant. In this regard, the Advisor's Pricing Committee may use last-obtained market-based data to assist it when valuing portfolio securities using amortized cost.

Forward foreign currency contracts are fair valued at the current day's interpolated foreign exchange rate, as calculated using the current day's spot rate, and the thirty, sixty, ninety, and one-hundred eighty day forward rates provided by a third-party pricing service.

Certain securities may not be able to be priced by pre-established pricing methods. Such securities may be valued by the Fund's Board of Trustees or its delegate, the Advisor's Pricing Committee, at fair value. These securities generally include, but are not limited to, restricted securities (securities which may not be publicly sold without registration under the Securities Act of 1933, as amended (the "1933 Act")) for which a third-party pricing service is unable to provide a market price; securities whose trading has been formally suspended; a security whose market or fair value price is not available from a pre-established pricing source; a security with respect to which an event has occurred that is likely to materially affect the value of the security after the market has closed but before the calculation of the Fund's NAV or make it difficult or impossible to obtain a reliable market quotation; and a security whose price, as provided by the third-party pricing service, does not reflect the security's fair value. As a general principle, the current fair value of a security would appear to be the amount which the owner might reasonably expect to receive for the security upon its current sale. When fair value prices are used, generally they will differ from market quotations or official closing prices on the applicable exchanges. A variety of factors may be considered in determining the fair value of such securities, including, but not limited to, the following:

- 1) the fundamental business data relating to the issuer, or economic data relating to the country of issue;
- 2) an evaluation of the forces which influence the market in which these securities are purchased and sold;
- 3) the type, size and cost of the security;
- 4) the financial statements of the issuer, or the financial condition of the country of issue;
- 5) the credit quality and cash flow of the issuer, or country of issue, based on Aberdeen Standard Investments Inc.'s ("ASII" or the "Sub-Advisor") or external analysis;
- 6) the information as to any transactions in or offers for the security;
- 7) the price and extent of public trading in similar securities (or equity securities) of the issuer/borrower, or comparable companies;
- 8) the coupon payments;
- 9) the quality, value and salability of collateral, if any, securing the security;
- 10) the business prospects of the issuer, including any ability to obtain money or resources from a parent or affiliate and an assessment of the issuer's management (for corporate debt only);
- 11) the economic, political and social prospects/developments of the country of issue and the assessment of the country's governmental leaders/officials (for sovereign debt only);
- 12) the prospects for the issuer's industry, and multiples (of earnings and/or cash flows) being paid for similar businesses in that industry (for corporate debt only); and
- 13) other relevant factors.

The Fund is subject to fair value accounting standards that define fair value, establish the framework for measuring fair value and provide a three-level hierarchy for fair valuation based upon the inputs to the valuation as of the measurement date. The three levels of the fair value hierarchy are as follows:

- Level 1 – Level 1 inputs are quoted prices in active markets for identical investments. An active market is a market in which transactions for the investment occur with sufficient frequency and volume to provide pricing

information on an ongoing basis.

- Level 2 – Level 2 inputs are observable inputs, either directly or indirectly, and include the following:

- o Quoted prices for similar investments in active markets.

- o Quoted prices for identical or similar investments in markets that are non-active. A non-active market is a market where there are few transactions for the investment, the prices are not current, or price quotations vary substantially either over time or among market makers, or in which little information is released publicly.

- o Inputs other than quoted prices that are observable for the investment (for example, interest rates and yield curves observable at commonly quoted intervals, volatilities, prepayment speeds, loss severities, credit risks, and default rates).

- o Inputs that are derived principally from or corroborated by observable market data by correlation or other means.

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First Trust/Aberdeen Global Opportunity Income Fund (FAM)

December 31, 2018

- Level 3 – Level 3 inputs are unobservable inputs. Unobservable inputs may reflect the reporting entity’s own assumptions about the assumptions that market participants would use in pricing the investment.

The inputs or methodologies used for valuing investments are not necessarily an indication of the risk associated with investing in those investments. A summary of the inputs used to value the Fund’s investments as of December 31, 2018, is included with the Fund’s Portfolio of Investments.

**B. Security Transactions and Investment Income**

Security transactions are recorded as of the trade date. Realized gains and losses from securities transactions are recorded on the identified cost basis. Interest income is recorded on the accrual basis. Amortization of premiums and accretion of discounts are recorded by using the effective interest method.

Withholding taxes and tax reclaims on foreign interest have been provided for in accordance with each Fund’s understanding of the applicable country’s tax rules and rates.

Securities purchased or sold on a when-issued, delayed-delivery or forward purchase commitment basis may have extended settlement periods. The value of the security so purchased is subject to market fluctuations during this period. The Fund maintains liquid assets with a current value at least equal to the amount of its when-issued, delayed-delivery or forward purchase commitments until payment is made. At December 31, 2018, the Fund had no when-issued, delayed-delivery or forward purchase commitments.

**C. Restricted Securities**

The Fund invests in restricted securities, which are securities that may not be offered for public sale without first being registered under the 1933 Act. Prior to registration, restricted securities may only be resold in transactions exempt from registration under Rule 144A under the 1933 Act, normally to qualified institutional buyers. As of December 31, 2018, the Fund held restricted securities as shown in the following table that the Sub-Advisor has deemed illiquid pursuant to procedures adopted by the Fund’s Board of Trustees. Although market instability can result in periods of increased overall market illiquidity, liquidity for each security is determined based on security-specific factors and assumptions, which require subjective judgment. The Fund does not have the right to demand that such securities be registered. These securities are valued according to the valuation procedures as stated in the Portfolio Valuation note (Note 2A) and are not expressed as a discount to the carrying value of a comparable unrestricted security. There are no unrestricted securities with the same maturity dates and yields for these issuers.

Security	Acquisition Date	Principal Value/Shares	Current Price	Carrying Cost	Value	% of Net Assets
OAS Finance Ltd., 8.88%	4/18/2013	\$1,550,000	\$1.50	\$1,550,000	\$23,250	0.02%
OAS Investments GmbH, 8.25%, 10/19/19	10/12/2012	460,000	1.50	460,000	6,900	0.00
				\$2,010,000	\$30,150	0.02%

**D. Forward Foreign Currency Contracts**

The Fund is subject to foreign currency risk in the normal course of pursuing its investment objectives. Forward foreign currency contracts are agreements between two parties (“Counterparties”) to exchange one currency for another at a future date and at a specified price. The Fund uses forward foreign currency contracts to facilitate transactions in foreign securities and to manage the Fund’s foreign currency exposure. These contracts are valued daily, and the Fund’s net equity therein, representing unrealized gain or loss on the contracts as measured by the difference between the forward foreign exchange rates at the dates of entry into the contracts and the forward rates at the reporting date, is included in “Unrealized appreciation on forward foreign currency contracts” and “Unrealized depreciation on forward foreign currency contracts” on the Statement of Assets and Liabilities. The change in unrealized appreciation (depreciation) is included in “Net change in unrealized appreciation (depreciation) on forward foreign currency contracts” on the Statement of Operations. When the forward contract is closed, a Fund records a realized gain or loss equal to the difference between the proceeds from (or the cost of) the closing transaction and the Fund’s basis in the contract. This realized gain or loss is included in “Net realized gain (loss) on forward foreign currency contracts” on the Statement of Operations. Risks arise from the possible inability of Counterparties to meet the terms of their contracts

and from movement in currency, securities values and interest rates. Due to the risks, the Fund could incur losses in excess of the net unrealized value shown on the Forward Foreign Currency Contracts table in the Portfolio of Investments. In the event of default by the Counterparty, the Fund will provide notice to the Counterparty of the Fund's intent to convert the currency held by the Fund into the currency that the Counterparty agreed to exchange with the Fund. If a Counterparty becomes bankrupt or otherwise fails to perform its obligations due to financial difficulties, the Fund

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Notes to Financial Statements (Continued)

First Trust/Aberdeen Global Opportunity Income Fund (FAM)

December 31, 2018

may experience significant delays in obtaining any recovery in a bankruptcy or other reorganization proceeding. The Fund may obtain only limited recovery or may obtain no recovery in such circumstances.

**E. Foreign Currency**

The books and records of the Fund are maintained in U.S. dollars. Foreign currencies, investments and other assets and liabilities are translated into U.S. dollars at the exchange rates prevailing at the end of the period. Purchases and sales of investments and items of income and expense are translated on the respective dates of such transactions. Unrealized gains and losses on assets and liabilities, other than investments in securities, which result from changes in foreign currency exchange rates have been included in "Net change in unrealized appreciation (depreciation) on foreign currency translation" on the Statement of Operations. Unrealized gains and losses on investments in securities which result from changes in foreign exchange rates are included with fluctuations arising from changes in market price and are shown in "Net change in unrealized appreciation (depreciation) on investments" on the Statement of Operations. Net realized foreign currency gains and losses include the effect of changes in exchange rates between trade date and settlement date on investment security transactions, foreign currency transactions and interest and dividends received and are shown in "Net realized gain (loss) on foreign currency transactions" on the Statement of Operations. The portion of foreign currency gains and losses related to fluctuation in exchange rates between the initial purchase settlement date and subsequent sale trade date is included in "Net realized gain (loss) on investments" on the Statement of Operations.

**F. Dividends and Distributions to Shareholders**

The Fund will distribute to holders of its Common Shares monthly dividends of all or a portion of its net income after the payment of interest and dividends in connection with leverage, if any. Distributions of any long-term capital gains earned by the Fund are distributed at least annually. Distributions will automatically be reinvested into additional Common Shares pursuant to the Fund's Dividend Reinvestment Plan unless cash distributions are elected by the shareholder.

Distributions from net investment income and realized capital gains are determined in accordance with federal income tax regulations, which may differ from U.S. GAAP. Certain capital accounts in the financial statements are periodically adjusted for permanent differences in order to reflect their tax character. These permanent differences are primarily due to the varying treatment of income and gain/loss on portfolio securities held by the Fund and have no impact on net assets or NAV per share. Temporary differences, which arise from recognizing certain items of income, expense and gain/loss in different periods for financial statement and tax purposes, will reverse at some time in the future.

Permanent differences incurred during the fiscal year ended December 31, 2018, primarily as a result of differing book and tax treatment on realization of foreign currency gains (losses), have been reclassified at year end to reflect a decrease in accumulated net investment income (loss) by \$1,587,325, an increase in accumulated net realized gain (loss) by \$1,639,889 and a decrease to paid-in capital of \$52,564. Accumulated distributable earnings (loss) consists of accumulated net investment income (loss), accumulated net realized gain (loss), and unrealized appreciation (depreciation). Net assets were not affected by this reclassification.

The tax character of distributions paid by the Fund during the fiscal years ended December 31, 2018 and 2017, was as follows:

Distributions paid from:	2018	2017
Ordinary income	\$6,988,946	\$5,641,828
Capital gains	—	—
Return of capital	4,330,624	7,956,025

As of December 31, 2018, the components of distributable earnings and net assets on a tax basis were as follows:



Undistributed ordinary income	\$—
Undistributed capital gains	—
Total undistributed earnings	—
Accumulated capital and other losses	(10,731,017)
Net unrealized appreciation (depreciation)	(15,422,387)
Total accumulated earnings (losses)	(26,153,404)
Other	(76,709)
Paid-in capital	167,605,965
Total net assets	\$141,375,852

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Notes to Financial Statements (Continued)

First Trust/Aberdeen Global Opportunity Income Fund (FAM)

December 31, 2018

G. Income and Other Taxes

The Fund intends to continue to qualify as a regulated investment company by complying with the requirements under Subchapter M of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended, which includes distributing substantially all of its net investment income and net realized gains to shareholders. Accordingly, no provision has been made for federal and state income taxes. However, due to the timing and amount of distributions, the Fund may be subject to an excise tax of 4% of the amount by which approximately 98% of the Fund's taxable income exceeds the distributions from such taxable income for the calendar year.

Certain countries assess a capital gains tax on securities sold in their local markets. This tax is accrued as the securities in these foreign markets appreciate in value and is paid at the time of sale to the extent a capital gain is realized. Taxes accrued on securities in an unrealized appreciation position are included in "Net change in unrealized appreciation (depreciation) on deferred foreign capital gains tax" on the Statement of Operations. The capital gains tax paid on securities sold, if any, is included in "Net realized gain (loss) on foreign capital gains tax" on the Statement of Operations.

India's Finance Bill, 2018 ("Finance Bill, 2018") was enacted into law on March 29, 2018 and amongst other provisions, it introduces a long-term capital gains tax beginning April 1, 2018. Long-term capital gains on the sale of listed shares in excess of INR 0.1 million will be taxed at the rate of 10% (plus applicable surcharge and cess (which is a type of tax)) subject to satisfaction of certain conditions. Long-term capital gains accruing as of January 31, 2018 will be considered exempt due to a grandfather clause in the provision. In the case of the sale of listed shares held by the Fund for one year or less, the income would be classified as short-term capital gains and would be taxable at 15% (plus applicable surcharge and cess) provided the shares are sold on the stock exchange and subjected to securities transaction tax ("STT"). The Finance Bill, 2018 increases the cess imposed on the sum of tax and surcharge from 3% to 4%. The cess 4% rate is applied to the capital gains tax, resulting in a higher effective rate of capital gains tax. Where the sale of shares is outside the stock exchange and not subject to STT, the long-term capital gains would be taxed at 10% (plus applicable surcharge and cess) and short-term capital gains would be taxed at 30% (plus applicable surcharge and cess). The Finance Bill, 2018, approves the carry forward of long-term capital losses to be offset against long-term capital gains. Short-term losses and long-term losses can be netted against short-term gains and long-term gains, respectively.

The Fund intends to utilize provisions of the federal income tax laws which allow it to carry a realized capital loss forward indefinitely following the year of the loss and offset such loss against any future realized capital gains. The Fund is subject to certain limitations under U.S. tax rules on the use of capital loss carryforwards and net unrealized built-in losses. These limitations apply when there has been a 50% change in ownership. At December 31, 2018, the Fund had \$10,146,042 non-expiring capital loss carryforwards for federal income tax purposes.

Certain losses realized during the current fiscal year may be deferred and treated as occurring on the first day of the following fiscal year for federal income tax purposes. For the fiscal year ended December 31, 2018, the Fund incurred and elected to defer capital losses of \$584,975.

The Fund is subject to accounting standards that establish a minimum threshold for recognizing, and a system for measuring, the benefits of a tax position taken or expected to be taken in a tax return. Taxable years ended 2015, 2016, 2017, and 2018 remain open to federal and state audit. As of December 31, 2018, management has evaluated the application of these standards to the Fund, and has determined that no provision for income tax is required in the Fund's financial statements for uncertain tax positions.

H. Expenses

The Fund will pay all expenses directly related to its operations.

I. Offsetting on the Statement of Assets and Liabilities

Offsetting assets and liabilities requires entities to disclose both gross and net information about instruments and transactions eligible for offset on the Statement of Assets and Liabilities, and disclose instruments and transactions subject to master netting or similar agreements. These disclosure requirements are intended to help investors and other financial statement users better assess the effect or potential effect of offsetting arrangements on a fund's financial

position. The transactions subject to offsetting disclosures are derivative instruments, repurchase agreements and reverse repurchase agreements, and securities borrowing and securities lending transactions.

For financial reporting purposes, the Fund does not offset financial assets and financial liabilities that are subject to master netting arrangements (“MNAs”) or similar agreements on the Statement of Assets and Liabilities. MNAs provide the right, in the event of default (including bankruptcy and insolvency), for the non-defaulting Counterparty to liquidate the collateral and calculate the net exposure to the defaulting party or request additional collateral.

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Notes to Financial Statements (Continued)

First Trust/Aberdeen Global Opportunity Income Fund (FAM)

December 31, 2018

At December 31, 2018, derivative assets and liabilities (by type) on a gross basis are as follows:

	Gross Amounts of Recognized Assets	Gross Amounts Offset in the Statement of Assets and Liabilities	Net Amounts of Assets Presented in the Statement of Assets and Liabilities	Gross Amounts not Offset in the Statement of Assets and Liabilities Financial Instruments	Collateral Amounts Received	Net Amount
Forward Foreign Currency Contracts*	\$ 486,636	\$ —	\$ 486,636	\$ (180,683)	\$ —	\$ 305,953

	Gross Amounts of Recognized Liabilities	Gross Amounts Offset in the Statement of Assets and Liabilities	Net Amounts of Liabilities Presented in the Statement of Assets and Liabilities	Gross Amounts not Offset in the Statement of Assets and Liabilities Financial Instruments	Collateral Amounts Pledged	Net Amount
Forward Foreign Currency Contracts*	\$ (294,429)	\$ —	\$ (294,429)	\$ 180,683	\$ —	\$ (113,746)

\* The respective Counterparties for each contract are disclosed in the Forward Foreign Currency Contracts table in the Portfolio of Investments.

## J. New Accounting Pronouncements

On March 30, 2017, the FASB issued Accounting Standards Update (“ASU”) 2017-08 “Premium Amortization on Purchased Callable Debt Securities,” which amends the amortization period for certain purchased callable debt securities held at a premium by shortening such period to the earliest call date. The new guidance requires an entity to amortize the premium on a callable debt security within its scope to the earliest call date, unless the guidance for considering estimated prepayments is applied. If the call option is not exercised at the earliest call date, the yield is reset to the effective yield using the payment terms of the security. If the security has more than one call date and the premium was amortized to a call price greater than the next call price, any excess of the amortized cost basis over the amount repayable at the next call date will be amortized to that date. If there are no other call dates, any excess of the amortized cost basis over the par amount will be amortized to maturity. Discounts on purchased callable debt securities will continue to be amortized to the security’s maturity date. ASU 2017-08 is effective for public business entities for fiscal years, and interim periods within those fiscal years, beginning after December 15, 2018. Earlier adoption is permitted for all entities, including adoption in an interim period. If an entity early adopts the ASU in an interim period, any adjustments must be reflected as of the beginning of the fiscal year that includes that interim period. Management is still assessing the impact of the adoption of ASU 2017-08 on the financial statements but does not expect it to have a material impact.

On August 28, 2018, the FASB issued ASU 2018-13, “Disclosure Framework – Changes to the Disclosure Requirements for Fair Value Measurement,” which amends the fair value measurement disclosure requirements of ASC 820. The amendments of ASU 2018-13 include new, eliminated, and modified disclosure requirements of ASC 820. In addition, the amendments clarify that materiality is an appropriate consideration of entities when evaluating disclosure requirements. The ASU is effective for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2019, including interim periods therein. Early adoption is permitted for any eliminated or modified disclosures upon issuance of this ASU. The Fund has early adopted ASU 2018-13 for these financial statements, which did not result in a material impact.

### 3. Investment Advisory Fee, Affiliated Transactions and Other Fee Arrangements

First Trust, the investment advisor to the Fund, is a limited partnership with one limited partner, Grace Partners of DuPage L.P., and one general partner, The Charger Corporation. The Charger Corporation is an Illinois corporation controlled by James A. Bowen, Chief Executive Officer of First Trust. First Trust is responsible for the ongoing monitoring of the Fund’s investment portfolio,

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Notes to Financial Statements (Continued)

First Trust/Aberdeen Global Opportunity Income Fund (FAM)

December 31, 2018

managing the Fund's business affairs and providing certain administrative services necessary for the management of the Fund. For these services, First Trust is entitled to a monthly fee calculated at an annual rate of 1.00% of the Fund's Managed Assets. First Trust also provides fund reporting services to the Fund for a flat annual fee in the amount of \$9,250.

ASII serves as the Fund's sub-advisor and manages the Fund's portfolio subject to First Trust's supervision. The Sub-Advisor receives a monthly portfolio management fee calculated at an annual rate of 0.50% of the Fund's Managed Assets that is paid by First Trust out of its investment advisory fee.

ASII, an SEC registered investment advisor, is an indirect wholly-owned subsidiary of Standard Life Aberdeen plc. Standard Life Aberdeen plc is a publicly-traded global provider of long-term savings and investments listed on the London Stock Exchange, managing assets for institutional and retail clients from offices around the world.

BNY Mellon Investment Servicing (US) Inc. ("BNYM IS") serves as the Fund's transfer agent in accordance with certain fee arrangements. As transfer agent, BNYM IS is responsible for maintaining shareholder records for the Fund. The Bank of New York Mellon ("BNYM") serves as the Fund's administrator, fund accountant, and custodian in accordance with certain fee arrangements. As administrator and fund accountant, BNYM is responsible for providing certain administrative and accounting services to the Fund, including maintaining the Fund's books of account, records of the Fund's securities transactions, and certain other books and records. As custodian, BNYM is responsible for custody of the Fund's assets. BNYM IS and BNYM are subsidiaries of The Bank of New York Mellon Corporation, a financial holding company.

Each Trustee who is not an officer or employee of First Trust, any sub-advisor or any of their affiliates ("Independent Trustees") is paid a fixed annual retainer that is allocated equally among each fund in the First Trust Fund Complex. Each Independent Trustee is also paid an annual per fund fee that varies based on whether the fund is a closed-end or other actively managed fund, or is an index fund.

Additionally, the Lead Independent Trustee and the Chairmen of the Audit Committee, Nominating and Governance Committee and Valuation Committee are paid annual fees to serve in such capacities, with such compensation allocated pro rata among each fund in the First Trust Fund Complex based on net assets. Independent Trustees are reimbursed for travel and out-of-pocket expenses in connection with all meetings. The Lead Independent Trustee and Committee Chairmen rotate every three years. The officers and "Interested" Trustee receive no compensation from the Fund for acting in such capacities.

**4. Purchases and Sales of Securities**

The cost of purchases and proceeds from sales of investments, other than U.S. government obligations and short-term obligations, for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2018, were \$102,376,623 and \$118,676,949, respectively. The cost of purchases and proceeds from sales of U.S. government obligations, for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2018, were \$17,965,986 and \$4,292,408, respectively.

**5. Derivative Transactions**

The following table presents the type of derivatives held by the Fund at December 31, 2018, the primary underlying risk exposure and the location of these instruments as presented on the Statement of Assets and Liabilities.

Derivative Instrument	Risk Exposure	Asset Derivatives		Liability Derivatives	
		Statement of Assets and Liabilities Location	Value	Statement of Assets and Liabilities Location	Value
Forward foreign currency contracts	Currency Risk	Unrealized appreciation on forward foreign currency contracts	\$ 486,636	Unrealized depreciation on forward foreign currency contracts	\$ 294,429

The following table presents the amount of net realized gain (loss) and change in net unrealized appreciation (depreciation) recognized for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2018, on derivative instruments, as well as the primary underlying risk exposure associated with each instrument.

Statement of Operations Location

Currency Risk Exposure

Net realized gain (loss) on forward foreign currency contracts	\$944,579
Net change in unrealized appreciation (depreciation) on forward foreign currency contracts	680,139

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Notes to Financial Statements (Continued)

First Trust/Aberdeen Global Opportunity Income Fund (FAM)

December 31, 2018

During the fiscal year ended December 31, 2018, the notional values of forward foreign currency contracts opened and closed were \$450,177,827 and \$487,595,969, respectively.

**6. Borrowings**

The Fund has a credit agreement with The Bank of Nova Scotia, which provides for a revolving credit facility to be used as leverage for the Fund. The revolving credit facility provides for a secured line of credit for the Fund where Fund assets are pledged against advances made to the Fund. Under the requirements of the 1940 Act, the Fund, immediately after any such borrowings, must have an “asset coverage” of at least 300% (33-1/3% of the Fund’s total assets after borrowings). The total commitment under the facility is up to \$70,000,000. As of December 31, 2018, the Fund had three loans outstanding under the revolving credit facility totaling \$60,798,703, which approximates fair value, under the credit agreement. The borrowings are categorized as Level 2 within the fair value hierarchy. The three loans, which are all LIBOR loans, bear interest based on the adjusted LIBOR rate and are in the amounts of \$37,000,000, \$13,000,000 and \$10,798,703 (the U.S. Dollar equivalent of a €9,425,000 loan). For the fiscal year ended December 31, 2018, the average amount outstanding was \$62,400,933. The high and low annual interest rates during the fiscal year ended December 31, 2018 were 3.24% and 0.78%, respectively, and the average weighted average interest rate was 2.40%. The weighted average interest rate at December 31, 2018 was 2.81%. The interest rate under the credit facility is equal to the 1-month LIBOR plus 0.78%. Prior to December 21, 2018, the maximum commitment amount was \$75,000,000. The Fund pays a commitment fee of 0.25% on any day that the loan balances are less than 75% of the total commitment or 0.15% in all other events. These fees are included in “Interest and fees on loans” on the Statement of Operations. The revolving credit facility is scheduled to expire on December 20, 2019, but can be renewed annually.

**7. Indemnification**

The Fund has a variety of indemnification obligations under contracts with its service providers. The Fund’s maximum exposure under these arrangements is unknown. However, the Fund has not had prior claims or losses pursuant to these contracts and expects the risk of loss to be remote.

**8. Tender Offer**

As previously announced, the Fund conducted a tender offer for up to 25% of its outstanding common shares for cash at a price per share equal to 98% of the net asset value per share determined on the expiration date. The Fund’s tender offer expired at 5:00 p.m. New York City time on Friday, June 23, 2017.

Because the Fund’s tender offer was oversubscribed, the Fund repurchased 25% of its outstanding common shares on a pro-rata basis based on the number of shares properly tendered (Pro-Ration Factor). The final results of the tender offer are provided in the table below.

Number of Shares Tendered	Number of Tendered Shares to be Purchased	Pro-Ration Factor	Purchase Price (98% of NAV on Expiration Date)	Number of Outstanding Shares after Tender Offer
8,693,400	4,316,778	49.66%	\$ 12.5636	12,950,337

**9. Subsequent Events**

Management has evaluated the impact of all subsequent events to the Fund through the date the financial statements were issued, and has determined that there were no subsequent events requiring recognition or disclosure in the financial statements that have not already been disclosed.

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Report of Independent Registered Public Accounting Firm

To the shareholders and the Board of Trustees of First Trust/Aberdeen Global Opportunity Income Fund:

Opinion on the Financial Statements and Financial Highlights

We have audited the accompanying statement of assets and liabilities, including the portfolio of investments, of First Trust/Aberdeen Global Opportunity Income Fund (the "Fund"), as of December 31, 2018, the related statements of operations and cash flows for the year then ended, the statements of changes in net assets for each of the two years in the period then ended, the financial highlights for each of the five years in the period then ended, and the related notes. In our opinion, the financial statements and financial highlights present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the Fund as of December 31, 2018, and the results of its operations and its cash flows for the year then ended, the changes in its net assets for each of the two years in the period then ended, and the financial highlights for each of the five years in the period then ended, in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Basis for Opinion

These financial statements and financial highlights are the responsibility of the Fund's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the Fund's financial statements and financial highlights based on our audits. We are a public accounting firm registered with the Public Company Accounting Oversight Board (United States) (PCAOB) and are required to be independent with respect to the Fund in accordance with the U.S. federal securities laws and the applicable rules and regulations of the Securities and Exchange Commission and the PCAOB.

We conducted our audits in accordance with the standards of the PCAOB. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements and financial highlights are free of material misstatement, whether due to error or fraud. The Fund is not required to have, nor were we engaged to perform, an audit of its internal control over financial reporting. As part of our audits we are required to obtain an understanding of internal control over financial reporting but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Fund's internal control over financial reporting. Accordingly, we express no such opinion.

Our audits included performing procedures to assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements and financial highlights, whether due to error or fraud, and performing procedures that respond to those risks. Such procedures included examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements and financial highlights. Our audits also included evaluating the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements and financial highlights. Our procedures included confirmation of securities owned as of December 31, 2018, by correspondence with the custodian and brokers; when replies were not received from brokers, we performed other auditing procedures. We believe that our audits provide a reasonable basis for our opinion.

Chicago, Illinois

February 22, 2019

We have served as the auditor of one or more First Trust investment companies since 2001.

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Additional Information

First Trust/Aberdeen Global Opportunity Income Fund (FAM)

December 31, 2018 (Unaudited)

Dividend Reinvestment Plan

If your Common Shares are registered directly with the Fund or if you hold your Common Shares with a brokerage firm that participates in the Fund's Dividend Reinvestment Plan (the "Plan"), unless you elect, by written notice to the Fund, to receive cash distributions, all dividends, including any capital gain distributions, on your Common Shares will be automatically reinvested by BNY Mellon Investment Servicing (US) Inc. (the "Plan Agent"), in additional Common Shares under the Plan. If you elect to receive cash distributions, you will receive all distributions in cash paid by check mailed directly to you by the Plan Agent, as the dividend paying agent.

If you decide to participate in the Plan, the number of Common Shares you will receive will be determined as follows:

- (1) If Common Shares are trading at or above net asset value ("NAV") at the time of valuation, the Fund will issue new shares at a price equal to the greater of (i) NAV per Common Share on that date or (ii) 95% of the market price on that date.

If Common Shares are trading below NAV at the time of valuation, the Plan Agent will receive the dividend or distribution in cash and will purchase Common Shares in the open market, on the NYSE or elsewhere, for the participants' accounts. It is possible that the market price for the Common Shares may increase before the Plan Agent has completed its purchases. Therefore, the average purchase price per share paid by the Plan

- (2) Agent may exceed the market price at the time of valuation, resulting in the purchase of fewer shares than if the dividend or distribution had been paid in Common Shares issued by the Fund. The Plan Agent will use all dividends and distributions received in cash to purchase Common Shares in the open market within 30 days of the valuation date except where temporary curtailment or suspension of purchases is necessary to comply with federal securities laws. Interest will not be paid on any uninvested cash payments.

You may elect to opt-out of or withdraw from the Plan at any time by giving written notice to the Plan Agent, or by telephone at (866) 340-1104, in accordance with such reasonable requirements as the Plan Agent and the Fund may agree upon. If you withdraw or the Plan is terminated, you will receive a certificate for each whole share in your account under the Plan, and you will receive a cash payment for any fraction of a share in your account. If you wish, the Plan Agent will sell your shares and send you the proceeds, minus brokerage commissions.

The Plan Agent maintains all Common Shareholders' accounts in the Plan and gives written confirmation of all transactions in the accounts, including information you may need for tax records. Common Shares in your account will be held by the Plan Agent in non-certificated form. The Plan Agent will forward to each participant any proxy solicitation material and will vote any shares so held only in accordance with proxies returned to the Fund. Any proxy you receive will include all Common Shares you have received under the Plan.

There is no brokerage charge for reinvestment of your dividends or distributions in Common Shares. However, all participants will pay a pro rata share of brokerage commissions incurred by the Plan Agent when it makes open market purchases.

Automatically reinvesting dividends and distributions does not mean that you do not have to pay income taxes due upon receiving dividends and distributions. Capital gains and income are realized although cash is not received by you. Consult your financial advisor for more information.

If you hold your Common Shares with a brokerage firm that does not participate in the Plan, you will not be able to participate in the Plan and any dividend reinvestment may be effected on different terms than those described above. The Fund reserves the right to amend or terminate the Plan if in the judgment of the Board of Trustees the change is warranted. There is no direct service charge to participants in the Plan; however, the Fund reserves the right to amend the Plan to include a service charge payable by the participants. Additional information about the Plan may be obtained by writing BNY Mellon Investment Servicing (US) Inc., 301 Bellevue Parkway, Wilmington, Delaware 19809.

Proxy Voting Policies and Procedures

A description of the policies and procedures that the Fund uses to determine how to vote proxies and information on how the Fund voted proxies relating to portfolio investments during the most recent 12-month period ended June 30 is available (1) without charge, upon request, by calling (800) 988-5891; (2) on the Fund's website at [www.ftportfolios.com](http://www.ftportfolios.com); and (3) on the Securities and Exchange Commission's ("SEC") website at [www.sec.gov](http://www.sec.gov).

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Additional Information (Continued)

First Trust/Aberdeen Global Opportunity Income Fund (FAM)

December 31, 2018 (Unaudited)

Portfolio Holdings

The Fund files its complete schedule of portfolio holdings with the SEC for the first and third quarters of each fiscal year on Form N-Q. The Fund's Form N-Qs are available (1) by calling (800) 988-5891; (2) on the Fund's website at [www.ftportfolios.com](http://www.ftportfolios.com); and (3) on the SEC's website at [www.sec.gov](http://www.sec.gov).

Beginning in April 2019, the Fund will cease to disclose its holdings on Form N-Q and will file Form N-PORT with the SEC on a monthly basis. Part F of Form N-PORT, which contains the complete schedule of the Fund's portfolio holdings, will be made available in the same manner as Form N-Q discussed above.

Federal Tax Information

Of the ordinary income (including short-term capital gain) distributions made by the Fund during the fiscal year ended December 31, 2018, none qualified for the corporate dividends received deduction available to corporate shareholders or as qualified dividend income.

NYSE Certification Information

In accordance with Section 303A-12 of the New York Stock Exchange ("NYSE") Listed Company Manual, the Fund's President has certified to the NYSE that, as of April 26, 2018, he was not aware of any violation by the Fund of NYSE corporate governance listing standards. In addition, the Fund's reports to the SEC on Forms N-CSR and N-Q contain certifications by the Fund's principal executive officer and principal financial officer that relate to the Fund's public disclosure in such reports and are required by Rule 30a-2 under the 1940 Act.

Submission of Matters to a Vote of Shareholders

The Fund held its Annual Meeting of Shareholders (the "Annual Meeting") on April 23, 2018. At the Annual Meeting, Richard E. Erickson and Thomas R. Kadlec were elected by the Common Shareholders of the First Trust/Aberdeen Global Opportunity Income Fund as Class II Trustees for a three-year term expiring at the Fund's annual meeting of shareholders in 2021. The number of votes cast in favor of Mr. Erickson was 10,443,785, the number of votes against was 672,607 and the number of broker non-votes was 1,833,945. The number of votes cast in favor of Mr. Kadlec was 10,475,357, the number of votes against was 641,035 and the number of broker non-votes was 1,833,945. James A. Bowen, Robert F. Keith and Niel B. Nielson are the other current and continuing Trustees.

Risk Considerations

The following discussion summarizes certain (but not all) of the principal risks associated with investing in the Fund. The Fund is subject to the informational requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 and the Investment Company Act of 1940 and, in accordance therewith, files reports, proxy statements and other information that is available for review.

**Asset-Backed Securities Risk.** To the extent the Fund invests significantly in asset-backed securities, its exposure to prepayment and extension risks may be greater than other investments in fixed-income securities. Rising interest rates tend to extend the duration of such securities, making them more sensitive to losses in value resulting from increases in interest rates. Payment of interest and repayment of principal on asset-backed securities is largely dependent upon the cash flows generated by the assets backing the securities. Asset-backed security values may also be affected by the creditworthiness of the servicing agent for the pool, the originator of the loans or receivables and any entities providing credit enhancement.

**Credit Agency Risk.** Credit ratings are determined by credit rating agencies and are only the opinions of such entities. Ratings assigned by a rating agency are not absolute standards of credit quality and do not evaluate market risk or the liquidity of securities. Any shortcomings or inefficiencies in credit rating agencies' processes for determining credit ratings may adversely affect the credit ratings of securities held by the Fund and, as a result, may adversely affect those securities' perceived or actual credit risk.

**Credit and Below-Investment Grade Securities Risk.** Credit risk is the risk that one or more securities in the Fund's portfolio will decline in price, or the issuer thereof will fail to pay interest or repay principal when due.

Below-investment grade instruments are commonly referred to as high-yield securities or "junk" bonds and are considered speculative with respect to the issuer's capacity to pay interest and repay principal and are susceptible to default or decline in market value due to adverse economic and business developments. High-yield securities are often

unsecured and subordinated to other creditors of the issuer. The market values for high-yield securities tend to be very volatile, and these securities are generally less liquid than investment grade securities. For these reasons, an investment in the Fund is subject to the following specific risks: (i) increased price sensitivity to changing interest rates and to a deteriorating economic environment; (ii) greater risk of loss due to default or declining credit quality; (iii) adverse company

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Additional Information (Continued)

First Trust/Aberdeen Global Opportunity Income Fund (FAM)

December 31, 2018 (Unaudited)

specific events more likely to render the issuer unable to make interest and/or principal payments; (iv) negative perception of the high-yield market which may depress the price and liquidity of high-yield securities; (v) volatility; and (vi) liquidity.

**Credit Linked Notes Risk.** Credit linked notes are securities that are collateralized by one or more credit default swaps on designated debt securities that are referred to as “reference securities.” Through the purchase of a credit linked note, the buyer assumes the risk of the default or, in some cases, other declines in credit quality of the referenced securities. The buyer also takes on exposure to the issuer of the credit linked note in the full amount of the purchase price of the note. The issuer of a credit linked note normally will have hedged its risk on the reference securities without acquiring any additional credit exposure. The Fund has the right to receive periodic interest payments from the issuer of the credit linked note at an agreed upon interest rate, and, if there has been no default or, if applicable, other declines in credit quality, a return of principal at the maturity date. If one of the underlying reference securities defaults or suffers certain other declines in credit quality, the Fund may, instead of receiving repayment of principal in whole or in part, receive the security that has defaulted. The market for credit linked notes may suddenly become illiquid. Changes in liquidity may result in significant, rapid and unpredictable changes in the prices for credit linked notes. In certain cases, a market price for a credit linked note may not be available.

**Cyber Security Risk.** As the use of Internet technology has become more prevalent in the course of business, the Fund has become more susceptible to potential operational risks through breaches in cyber security. A breach in cyber security refers to both intentional and unintentional events that may cause the Fund to lose proprietary information, suffer data corruption or lose operational capacity. Such events could cause the Fund to incur regulatory penalties, reputational damage, additional compliance costs associated with corrective measures and/or financial loss. Cyber security breaches may involve unauthorized access to the Fund’s digital information systems through “hacking” or malicious software coding, but may also result from outside attacks such as denial-of-service attacks through efforts to make network services unavailable to intended users. In addition, cyber security breaches of the Fund’s third-party service providers, such as its administrator, transfer agent, custodian, or sub-advisor, as applicable, or issuers in which the Fund invests, can also subject the Fund to many of the same risks associated with direct cyber security breaches. The Fund has established risk management systems designed to reduce the risks associated with cyber security. However, there is no guarantee that such efforts will succeed, especially because the Fund does not directly control the cyber security systems of issuers or third party service providers.

**Emerging Markets Risk.** Investments in emerging market securities are considered speculative. In addition to the general risks of investing in non-U.S. securities, heightened risks of investing in emerging markets securities include: smaller market capitalization of securities markets, which may suffer periods of relative illiquidity; significant price volatility; restrictions on foreign investment; and possible restrictions on repatriation of investment income and capital. Furthermore, foreign investors may be required to register the proceeds of sales, and future economic or political crises could lead to price controls, forced mergers, expropriation or confiscatory taxation, seizure, nationalization or creation of government monopolies. The currencies of emerging market countries may experience significant declines against the U.S. dollar, and devaluation may occur subsequent to investments in these currencies by the Fund. Inflation and rapid fluctuations in inflation rates have had, and may continue to have, negative effects on the economies and securities markets of certain emerging market countries. The risks associated with investing in emerging market securities also include: greater political uncertainties, dependence on international trade or development assistance, overburdened infrastructures and environmental problems.

**Europe Risk.** A significant number of countries in Europe are member states in the European Union (the “EU”), which faces major issues involving its membership, structure, procedures and policies. By adopting the Euro as its currency, a member state relinquishes control over its own monetary policies. In general, monetary policy is set for the Eurozone by the European Central Bank and fiscal policy is overseen and approved by the EU. European countries that are members of, or candidates to join, the Economic and Monetary Union (“EMU”) may be subject to various restrictions, including restrictions on deficits and debt levels. As a result of the foregoing, monetary and fiscal policies may not address the needs of all member countries. In addition, the fiscal policies of a single member state can impact

and pose economic risks to the EU as a whole. There is continued concern over national-level support for the Euro, which could lead to certain countries leaving the EMU, the implementation of capital controls, or potentially the dissolution of the Euro. The dissolution of the Euro would have significant negative effects on European economies and would cause funds with holdings denominated in Euros to face substantial challenges, including difficulties relating to settlement of trades and valuation of holdings, diminished liquidity, and the redenomination of holdings into other currencies.

The European financial markets have experienced volatility and adverse trends due to concerns about economic downturns, rising government debt levels and the possible default of government debt in several European countries. A default or debt restructuring by any European country can adversely impact holders of that country's debt and can affect exposures to other EU countries and their financial companies as well. The European sovereign debt crisis has resulted in a weakened Euro and has put into question the future financial prospects of the European region as a whole.

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Additional Information (Continued)

First Trust/Aberdeen Global Opportunity Income Fund (FAM)

December 31, 2018 (Unaudited)

Fixed Income Securities Risk. An investment in fixed income securities is subject to certain risks, including:

- Issuer Risk. The value of fixed income securities may decline for a number of reasons which directly relate to the issuer, such as management performance, leverage and reduced demand for the issuer's goods and services.

Interest Rate Risk. Interest rate risk is the risk that fixed income securities will decline in value because of changes in market interest rates. When market interest rates rise, the market value of fixed rate securities generally will fall. Market value generally falls further for fixed rate securities with longer duration. During

- periods of rising interest rates, the average life of certain types of securities may be extended because of slower than expected prepayments. This may lock in a below-market yield, increase the security's duration and further reduce the value of the security. Investments in fixed rate securities with long-term maturities may experience significant price declines if long-term interest rates increase.

Prepayment Risk. During periods of declining interest rates, the issuer of a security may exercise its option to prepay principal earlier than scheduled, forcing the Fund to reinvest the proceeds from such prepayment in lower yielding securities, which may result in a decline in the Fund's income and distributions to common shareholders.

- Reinvestment Risk. Reinvestment risk is the risk that income from the Fund's portfolio will decline if the Fund invests the proceeds from matured, traded or called securities at market interest rates that are below the Fund portfolio's current earnings rate. Similarly, the yield-to-maturity of a security assumes that all coupons are reinvested at the prevailing rate. If rates fall, the actual yield realized on the security may be lower as the security's coupons are reinvested at lower yields.

Forward Foreign Currency Exchange Contracts Risk. Forward foreign currency exchange contracts involve certain risks, including the risk of failure of the counterparty to perform its obligations under the contract and the risk that the use of forward contracts may not serve as a complete hedge because of an imperfect correlation between movements in the prices of the contracts and the prices of the currencies hedged. While forward foreign currency exchange contracts may limit the risk of loss due to a decline in the value of the hedged currencies, they also may limit any potential gain that might result should the value of the currencies increase. In addition, because forward currency exchange contracts are privately negotiated transactions, there can be no assurance that the Fund will have flexibility to roll-over a forward currency exchange contract upon its expiration if it desires to do so.

Hedging against a decline in the value of a currency does not eliminate fluctuations in the value of a portfolio security traded in that currency or prevent a loss if the value of the security declines. Moreover, it may not be possible for the Fund to hedge against a devaluation that is so generally anticipated that the Fund is not able to contract to sell the currency at a price above the devaluation level it anticipates. The cost to the Fund of engaging in currency exchange transactions varies with such factors as the currency involved, the length of the contract period and prevailing market conditions.

Geographic Concentration Risk. The Fund may invest from time to time a substantial amount of its assets in issuers located in a single country or region. Because the Fund may concentrate its investments in this manner, it assumes the risk that economic, political and social conditions in that country or region will have a significant impact on its investment performance, which may result in greater losses and volatility than if it had diversified its investments across a greater number of countries and regions.

Government Securities Risk. The ability of a government issuer, especially in an emerging market country, to make timely and complete payments on its debt obligations will be strongly influenced by the government issuer's balance of payments, including export performance, its access to international credits and investments, fluctuations of interest rates and the extent of its foreign reserves. A country whose exports are concentrated in a few commodities or whose economy depends on certain strategic imports could be vulnerable to fluctuations in international prices of these



commodities or imports. To the extent that a country receives payment for its exports in currencies other than U.S. dollars, its ability to make debt payments denominated in U.S. dollars could be adversely affected. If a government issuer cannot generate sufficient earnings from foreign trade to service its external debt, it may need to depend on continuing loans and aid from foreign governments, commercial banks, and multinational organizations. There are no bankruptcy proceedings similar to those in the United States by which defaulted government debt may be collected. Additional factors that may influence a government issuer's ability or willingness to service debt include, but are not limited to, a country's cash flow situation, the availability of sufficient foreign exchange on the date a payment is due, the relative size of its debt service burden to the economy as a whole, and the issuer's policy towards the International Monetary Fund, the International Bank for Reconstruction and Development and other international agencies to which a government debtor may be subject.

The Fund's investments in non-U.S. government securities have additional risks and considerations that may not typically be associated with investments in U.S. government securities. Economies and social and political climates in individual countries may differ unfavorably from the United States. Non-U.S. economies may have less favorable rates of growth of gross domestic product, rates of inflation, currency valuation, capital reinvestment, resource self-sufficiency and balance of payments positions. Many countries have experienced extremely high rates of inflation for many years. Unanticipated economic, political and social developments may also affect the values of the Fund's investments and limit the availability of additional investments in such countries. Furthermore, such

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Additional Information (Continued)

First Trust/Aberdeen Global Opportunity Income Fund (FAM)

December 31, 2018 (Unaudited)

developments may significantly disrupt the financial markets or interfere with the Fund's ability to enforce its rights against non-U.S. government issuers. Investments in debt instruments of issuers located in emerging market countries are considered speculative.

**Leverage Risk.** The use of leverage by the Fund can magnify the effect of any losses. If the income and gains from the securities and investments purchased with leverage proceeds do not cover the cost of leverage, the return to the common shares will be less than if leverage had not been used. Leverage involves risks and special considerations for common shareholders including: the likelihood of greater volatility of net asset value and market price of the common shares than a comparable portfolio without leverage; the risk that fluctuations in interest rates on borrowings will reduce the return to the common shareholders or will result in fluctuations in the dividends paid on the common shares; in a declining market, the use of leverage is likely to cause a greater decline in the net asset value of the common shares than if the Fund were not leveraged, which may result in a greater decline in the market price of the common shares; and when the Fund uses certain types of leverage, the investment advisory fee payable to the Advisor and by the Advisor to the Sub-Advisor will be higher than if the Fund did not use leverage.

**Management Risk and Reliance on Key Personnel.** The implementation of the Fund's investment strategy depends upon the continued contributions of certain key employees of the Advisor and Sub-Advisor, some of whom have unique talents and experience and would be difficult to replace. The loss or interruption of the services of a key member of the portfolio management team could have a negative impact on the Fund.

**Market Discount from Net Asset Value.** Shares of closed-end investment companies such as the Fund frequently trade at a discount from their net asset value. The Fund cannot predict whether its common shares will trade at, below or above net asset value.

**Non-U.S. Securities and Currency Risk.** Investing in securities of non-U.S. issuers may involve certain risks not typically associated with investing in securities of U.S. issuers. These risks include: (i) there may be less publicly available information about non-U.S. issuers or markets due to less rigorous disclosure or accounting standards or regulatory practices; (ii) non-U.S. markets may be smaller, less liquid and more volatile than the U.S. market; (iii) potential adverse effects of fluctuations in currency exchange rates or controls on the value of the Fund's investments; (iv) the economies of non-U.S. countries may grow at slower rates than expected or may experience a downturn or recession; (v) the impact of economic, political, social or diplomatic events as well as of foreign governmental laws or restrictions; (vi) certain non-U.S. countries may impose restrictions on the ability of non-U.S. issuers to make payments of principal and interest to investors located in the United States due to blockage of non-U.S. currency exchanges or otherwise; and (vii) withholding and other non-U.S. taxes may decrease the Fund's return. Foreign companies are generally not subject to the same accounting, auditing and financial reporting standards as are U.S. companies. In addition, there may be difficulty in obtaining or enforcing a court judgment abroad, including in the event the issuer of a non-U.S. security defaults or enters bankruptcy administration or other proceedings. These risks may be more pronounced to the extent that the Fund invests a significant amount of its assets in companies located in one region or in emerging markets. Because the Fund may invest in securities denominated or quoted in non-U.S. currencies, changes in the non-U.S. currency/United States dollar exchange rate may affect the value of the Fund's securities and the unrealized appreciation or depreciation of investments. While certain of the Fund's non-U.S. dollar-denominated securities may be hedged into U.S. dollars, hedging may not alleviate all currency risks.

**Potential Conflicts of Interest Risk.** First Trust, ASII and the portfolio managers have interests which may conflict with the interests of the Fund. In particular, First Trust and ASII currently manage and may in the future manage and/or advise other investment funds or accounts with the same or substantially similar investment objectives and strategies as the Fund. In addition, while the Fund is using leverage, the amount of the fees paid to First Trust (and by First Trust to ASII) for investment advisory and management services are higher than if the Fund did not use leverage because the fees paid are calculated based on managed assets. Therefore, First Trust and ASII have a financial incentive to leverage the Fund.

**Valuation Risk.** Unlike publicly traded common stock which trades on national exchanges, there is no central place or exchange for certain debt securities trading. Debt securities generally trade on an "over-the-counter" market which may

be anywhere in the world where the buyer and seller can settle on a price. Due to the lack of centralized information and trading, the valuation of certain debt securities may carry more risk than that of common stock. Uncertainties in the conditions of the financial market, unreliable reference data, lack of transparency and inconsistency of valuation models and processes may lead to inaccurate asset pricing.

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Board of Trustees and Officers

First Trust/Aberdeen Global Opportunity Income Fund (FAM)

December 31, 2018 (Unaudited)

The following tables identify the Trustees and Officers of the Fund. Unless otherwise indicated, the address of all persons is 120 East Liberty Drive, Suite 400, Wheaton, IL 60187.

Name, Year of Birth and Position with the Fund	Term of Office and Year First Elected or Appointed <sup>(1)</sup>	Principal Occupations During Past 5 Years	Number of Portfolios in the First Trust Fund Complex Overseen by Trustee	Other Trusteeships or Directorships Held by Trustee During Past 5 Years
<b>INDEPENDENT TRUSTEES</b>				
Richard E. Erickson, Trustee (1951)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Three Year Term</li> <li>• Since Fund Inception</li> </ul>	Physician; Officer, Wheaton Orthopedics; Limited Partner, Gundersen Real Estate Limited Partnership (June 1992 to December 2016); Member, Sportsmed LLC (April 2007 to November 2015)	161	None
Thomas R. Kadlec, Trustee (1957)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Three Year Term</li> <li>• Since Fund Inception</li> </ul>	President, ADM Investor Services, Inc. (Futures Commission Merchant)	161	Director of ADM Investor Services, Inc., ADM Investor Services International, Futures Industry Association, and National Futures Association
Robert F. Keith, Trustee (1956)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Three Year Term</li> <li>• Since Fund Inception</li> </ul>	President, Hibs Enterprises (Financial and Management Consulting)	161	Director of Trust Company of Illinois
Niel B. Nielson, Trustee (1954)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Three Year Term</li> <li>• Since Fund Inception</li> </ul>	Senior Advisor (August 2018 to Present), Managing Director and Chief Operating Officer (January 2015 to August 2018), Pelita Harapan Educational Foundation (Educational Products and Services); President and Chief Executive Officer (June 2012 to September 2014), Servant 161 Interactive LLC (Educational Products and Services); President and Chief Executive Officer (June 2012 to September 2014), Dew Learning LLC (Educational Products and Services)	161	Director of Covenant Transport, Inc. (May 2003 to May 2014)
<b>INTERESTED TRUSTEE</b>				
James A. Bowen <sup>(2)</sup> , Trustee and Chairman of the Board (1955)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Three Year Term</li> <li>• Since Fund Inception</li> </ul>	Chief Executive Officer, First Trust Advisors L.P. and First Trust Portfolios L.P.; Chairman of the Board of Directors, BondWave LLC (Software Development Company) and Stonebridge Advisors LLC (Investment Advisor)	161	None

<sup>(1)</sup>Currently, James A. Bowen and Niel B. Nielson, as Class III Trustees, are serving as trustees until the Fund's 2019 annual meeting of shareholders. Robert F. Keith, as a Class I Trustee, is serving as a trustee until the Fund's 2020

annual meeting of shareholders. Richard E. Erickson and Thomas R. Kadlec, as Class II Trustees, are serving as trustees until the Fund's 2021 annual meeting of shareholders.

(2) Mr. Bowen is deemed an "interested person" of the Fund due to his position as CEO of First Trust Advisors L.P., investment advisor of the Fund.

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Board of Trustees and Officers (Continued)

First Trust/Aberdeen Global Opportunity Income Fund (FAM)

December 31, 2018 (Unaudited)

Name and Year of Birth	Position and Offices with Fund	Term of Office and Length of Service	Principal Occupations During Past 5 Years
<b>OFFICERS<sup>(3)</sup></b>			
James M. Dykas (1966)	President and Chief Executive Officer	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Indefinite Term</li> <li>• Since January 2016</li> </ul>	Managing Director and Chief Financial Officer (January 2016 to Present), Controller (January 2011 to January 2016), Senior Vice President (April 2007 to January 2016), First Trust Advisors L.P. and First Trust Portfolios L.P.; Chief Financial Officer (January 2016 to Present), BondWave LLC (Software Development Company) and Stonebridge Advisors LLC (Investment Advisor)
Donald P. Swade (1972)	Treasurer, Chief Financial Officer and Chief Accounting Officer	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Indefinite Term</li> <li>• Since January 2016</li> </ul>	Senior Vice President (July 2016 to Present), Vice President (April 2012 to July 2016), First Trust Advisors L.P. and First Trust Portfolios L.P.
W. Scott Jardine (1960)	Secretary and Chief Legal Officer	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Indefinite Term</li> <li>• Since Fund Inception</li> </ul>	General Counsel, First Trust Advisors L.P. and First Trust Portfolios L.P.; Secretary and General Counsel, BondWave LLC; Secretary, Stonebridge Advisors LLC
Daniel J. Lindquist (1970)	Vice President	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Indefinite Term</li> <li>• Since December 2005</li> <li>• Indefinite Term</li> </ul>	Managing Director, First Trust Advisors L.P. and First Trust Portfolios L.P.
Kristi A. Maher (1966)	Chief Compliance Officer and Assistant Secretary	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Chief Compliance Officer Since January 2011</li> <li>• Assistant Secretary Since Fund Inception</li> </ul>	Deputy General Counsel, First Trust Advisors L.P. and First Trust Portfolios L.P.

<sup>(3)</sup> The term “officer” means the president, vice president, secretary, treasurer, controller or any other officer who performs a policy making function.

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### Privacy Policy

First Trust/Aberdeen Global Opportunity Income Fund (FAM)

December 31, 2018 (Unaudited)

### Privacy Policy

First Trust values our relationship with you and considers your privacy an important priority in maintaining that relationship. We are committed to protecting the security and confidentiality of your personal information.

#### Sources of Information

We collect nonpublic personal information about you from the following sources:

- Information we receive from you and your broker-dealer, investment advisor or financial representative through interviews, applications, agreements or other forms;
- Information about your transactions with us, our affiliates or others;
- Information we receive from your inquiries by mail, e-mail or telephone; and
- Information we collect on our website through the use of “cookies”. For example, we may identify the pages on our website that your browser requests or visits.

#### Information Collected

The type of data we collect may include your name, address, social security number, age, financial status, assets, income, tax information, retirement and estate plan information, transaction history, account balance, payment history, investment objectives, marital status, family relationships and other personal information.

#### Disclosure of Information

We do not disclose any nonpublic personal information about our customers or former customers to anyone, except as permitted by law. In addition to using this information to verify your identity (as required under law), the permitted uses may also include the disclosure of such information to unaffiliated companies for the following reasons:

- In order to provide you with products and services and to effect transactions that you request or authorize, we may disclose your personal information as described above to unaffiliated financial service providers and other companies that perform administrative or other services on our behalf, such as transfer agents, custodians and trustees, or that assist us in the distribution of investor materials such as trustees, banks, financial representatives, proxy services, solicitors and printers.
- We may release information we have about you if you direct us to do so, if we are compelled by law to do so, or in other legally limited circumstances (for example to protect your account from fraud).

In addition, in order to alert you to our other financial products and services, we may share your personal information within First Trust.

#### Use of Website Analytics

We currently use third party analytics tools, Google Analytics and AddThis, to gather information for purposes of improving First Trust’s website and marketing our products and services to you. These tools employ cookies, which are small pieces of text stored in a file by your web browser and sent to websites that you visit, to collect information, track website usage and viewing trends such as the number of hits, pages visited, videos and PDFs viewed and the length of user sessions in order to evaluate website performance and enhance navigation of the website. We may also collect other anonymous information, which is generally limited to technical and web navigation information such as the IP address of your device, internet browser type and operating system for purposes of analyzing the data to make First Trust’s website better and more useful to our users. The information collected does not include any personal identifiable information such as your name, address, phone number or email address unless you provide that information through the website for us to contact you in order to answer your questions or respond to your requests. To find out how to opt-out of these services click on: Google Analytics and AddThis.

#### Confidentiality and Security

With regard to our internal security procedures, First Trust restricts access to your nonpublic personal information to those First Trust employees who need to know that information to provide products or services to you. We maintain physical, electronic and procedural safeguards to protect your nonpublic personal information.

Policy Updates and Inquiries

As required by federal law, we will notify you of our privacy policy annually. We reserve the right to modify this policy at any time, however, if we do change it, we will tell you promptly. For questions about our policy, or for additional copies of this notice, please go to [www.ftportfolios.com](http://www.ftportfolios.com), or contact us at 1-800-621-1675 (First Trust Portfolios) or 1-800-222-6822 (First Trust Advisors).

May 2017

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INVESTMENT ADVISOR

First Trust Advisors L.P.

120 East Liberty Drive, Suite 400

Wheaton, IL 60187

INVESTMENT SUB-ADVISOR

Aberdeen Standard Investments Inc.

1735 Market Street, 32nd Floor

Philadelphia, PA 19103

TRANSFER AGENT

BNY Mellon Investment Servicing (US) Inc.

301 Bellevue Parkway

Wilmington, DE 19809

ADMINISTRATOR,  
FUND ACCOUNTANT, AND  
CUSTODIAN

The Bank of New York Mellon

240 Greenwich Street

New York, NY 10286

INDEPENDENT REGISTERED  
PUBLIC ACCOUNTING FIRM

Deloitte & Touche LLP

111 S. Wacker Drive

Chicago, IL 60606

LEGAL COUNSEL

Chapman and Cutler LLP

111 W. Monroe Street

Chicago, IL 60603

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**Item 2. Code of Ethics.**

(a) The registrant, as of the end of the period covered by this report, has adopted a code of ethics that applies to the registrant's principal executive officer, principal financial officer, principal accounting officer or controller, or persons performing similar functions, regardless of whether these individuals are employed by the registrant or a third party.

(c) There have been no amendments, during the period covered by this report, to a provision of the code of ethics that applies to the registrant's principal executive officer, principal financial officer, principal accounting officer or controller, or persons performing similar functions, regardless of whether these individuals are employed by the registrant or a third party, and that relates to any element of the code of ethics description.

(d) The registrant has not granted any waivers, including an implicit waiver, from a provision of the code of ethics that applies to the registrant's principal executive officer, principal financial officer, principal accounting officer or controller, or persons performing similar functions, regardless of whether these individuals are employed by the registrant or a third party, that relates to one or more of the items set forth in paragraph (b) of this item's instructions.

(e) Not applicable.

**Item 3. Audit Committee Financial Expert.**

As of the end of the period covered by the report, the registrant's board of trustees has determined that Thomas R. Kadlec and Robert F. Keith are qualified to serve as audit committee financial experts serving on its audit committee and that each of them is "independent," as defined by Item 3 of Form N-CSR.

**Item 4. Principal Accountant Fees and Services.**

(a) *Audit Fees (Registrant)* — The aggregate fees billed for each of the last two fiscal years for professional services rendered by the principal accountant for the audit of the registrant's annual financial statements or services that are normally provided by the accountant in connection with statutory and regulatory filings or engagements were \$53,000 for 2017 and \$53,000 for 2018.

(b) *Audit-Related Fees (Registrant)* — The aggregate fees billed in each of the last two fiscal years, for assurance and related services by the principal accountant that are reasonably related to the performance of the audit of the registrant's financial statements and are not reported under paragraph (a) of this Item were \$0 for 2017 and \$0 for 2018.

*Audit-Related Fees (Investment Adviser)* — The aggregate fees billed in each of the last two fiscal years of the registrant for assurance and related services by the principal accountant that are reasonably related to the performance of the

audit of the registrant's financial statements and are not reported under paragraph (a) of this Item were \$0 for 2017 and \$0 for 2018.

(c) *Tax Fees (Registrant)* — The aggregate fees billed in each of the last two fiscal years for professional services rendered by the principal accountant for tax compliance, tax advice, and tax planning to the registrant were \$5,200 for 2017 and \$5,200 for 2018.

*Tax Fees (Investment Adviser)* — The aggregate fees billed in each of the last two fiscal years of the registrant for professional services rendered by the principal accountant for tax compliance, tax advice, and tax planning to the registrant's adviser were \$0 for 2017 and \$0 for 2018.

(d) *All Other Fees (Registrant)* — The aggregate fees billed in each of the last two fiscal years for products and services provided by the principal accountant to the registrant, other than the services reported in paragraphs (a) through (c) of this Item were \$0 for 2017 and \$0 for 2018.

*All Other Fees (Investment Adviser)* — The aggregate fees billed in each of the last two fiscal years for products and services provided by the principal accountant to the registrant's investment adviser, other than services reported in paragraphs (a) through (c) of this Item were \$0 for 2017 and \$0 for 2018.

(e)(1) Disclose the audit committee's pre-approval policies and procedures described in paragraph (c)(7) of Rule 2-01 of Regulation S-X.

Pursuant to its charter and its Audit and Non-Audit Services Pre-Approval Policy, the Audit Committee (the "Committee") is responsible for the pre-approval of all audit services and permitted non-audit services (including the fees and terms thereof) to be performed for the registrant by its independent auditors. The Chairman of the Committee is authorized to give such pre-approvals on behalf of the Committee up to \$25,000 and report any such pre-approval to the full Committee.

The Committee is also responsible for the pre-approval of the independent auditor's engagements for non-audit services with the registrant's adviser (not including a sub-adviser whose role is primarily portfolio management and is sub-contracted or overseen by another investment adviser) and any entity controlling, controlled by or under common control with the investment adviser that provides ongoing services to the registrant, if the engagement relates directly to the operations and financial reporting of the registrant, subject to the *de minimis* exceptions for non-audit services described in Rule 2-01 of Regulation S-X. If the independent auditor has provided non-audit services to the registrant's adviser (other than any sub-adviser whose role is primarily portfolio management and is sub-contracted with or overseen by another investment adviser) and any entity controlling, controlled by or under common control with the investment adviser that provides ongoing services to the registrant that were not pre-approved pursuant to its policies, the Committee will consider whether the provision of such non-audit services is compatible with the auditor's independence.

(e)(2) The percentage of services described in each of paragraphs (b) through (d) for the registrant and the registrant's investment adviser of this Item that were approved by the audit committee pursuant to the pre-approval exceptions included in paragraph (c)(7)(i)(c) or paragraph (c)(7)(ii) of Rule 2-01 of Regulation S-X are as follows:

(b) 0%

(c) 0%

(d) 0%

The percentage of hours expended on the principal accountant's engagement to audit the registrant's financial (f) statements for the most recent fiscal year that were attributed to work performed by persons other than the principal accountant's full-time, permanent employees was less than fifty percent.

The aggregate non-audit fees billed by the registrant's accountant for services rendered to the registrant, and rendered to the registrant's investment adviser (not including any sub-adviser whose role is primarily portfolio (g) management and is subcontracted with or overseen by another investment adviser), and any entity controlling, controlled by, or under common control with the adviser that provides ongoing services to the Registrant for 2017 were \$5,200 and \$44,000 for the Registrant and the Registrant's investment adviser, respectively and for 2018 were \$5,200 and \$48,190 for the Registrant and the Registrant's investment adviser, respectively.

The Registrant's audit committee of its Board of Trustees determined that the provision of non-audit services that were rendered to the Registrant's investment adviser (not including any sub-adviser whose role is primarily (h) portfolio management and is subcontracted with or overseen by another investment adviser), and any entity controlling, controlled by, or under common control with the investment adviser that provides ongoing services to the Registrant that were not pre-approved pursuant to paragraph (c)(7)(ii) of Rule 2-01 of Regulation S-X is compatible with maintaining the principal accountant's independence.

#### **Item 5. Audit Committee of Listed registrants.**

The registrant has a separately designated audit committee consisting of all the independent trustees of the (a) Registrant. The members of the audit committee are: Thomas R. Kadlec, Niel B. Nielson, Richard E. Erickson and Robert F. Keith.

#### **Item 6. Investments.**

(a) Schedule of Investments in securities of unaffiliated issuers as of the close of the reporting period is included as part of the report to shareholders filed under Item 1 of this form.

(b)

Not applicable.

#### **Item 7. Disclosure of Proxy Voting Policies and Procedures for Closed-End Management Investment Companies.**

The Proxy Voting Policies are attached herewith.

#### **Aberdeen U.S. Registered Advisers (the "Aberdeen Advisers")**

#### **Proxy Voting Guidelines**

Effective as of June 1, 2017

Rule 206(4)-6 under the Investment Advisers Act of 1940, as amended (the "Advisers Act") requires the Aberdeen Advisers to vote proxies in a manner consistent with clients' best interest and must not place its interests above those of its clients when doing so. It requires the Aberdeen Advisers to:

(i) adopt and implement written policies and procedures that are reasonably designed to ensure that the Aberdeen Advisers vote proxies in the best interest of the clients, and (ii) to disclose to the clients how they may obtain information on how the Aberdeen Advisers voted proxies. In addition, Rule 204-2 requires the Aberdeen Advisers to keep records of proxy voting and client requests for information.

As registered investment advisers, the Aberdeen Advisers have an obligation to vote proxies with respect to securities held in its client portfolios in the best economic interests of the clients for which it has proxy voting authority.

The Aberdeen Advisers invest for the clients' portfolios in companies globally and actively target investment in those companies with sound corporate governance practices. The Aberdeen Advisers are committed to exercising responsible ownership with a conviction that companies adopting best practices in corporate governance will be more successful in their core activities and deliver enhanced returns to shareholders.

Aberdeen and its affiliated U.S. registered advisers (the "Aberdeen Advisers") have adopted a proxy voting policy. The proxy voting policy is designed and implemented in a way that is reasonably expected to ensure that proxies are voted in the best interests of clients.

Voting decisions are made by the Aberdeen Advisers' investment managers, and are based on their knowledge of the company and discussions with management – Aberdeen Advisers' investment managers consider explanations from companies about their compliance with relevant corporate governance codes and may refer to independent research from voting advisory services in reaching a voting decision. Where contentious issues arise in relation to motions put before a shareholders' meeting, Aberdeen Advisers will usually contact the management of the company to exchange views and give management the opportunity to articulate its position. The long term nature of the relationships that we develop with investee company boards should enable us to deal with any concerns that we may have over strategy, the management of risk or governance practices directly with the chairman or senior independent director. In circumstances where this approach is unsuccessful, Aberdeen Advisers are prepared to escalate their intervention by expressing their concerns through the company's advisers, through interaction with other shareholders or attending and speaking at General Meetings.

As an independent asset manager, Aberdeen is free of many of the conflicts of interest that can compromise the implementation of a rigorous and objective proxy voting policy. However, in managing third party money on behalf of clients, there are a limited number of situations where potential conflicts of interest could arise in the context of proxy voting. One case is where funds are invested in companies that are either clients or related parties of clients. Another case is where one fund managed by Aberdeen invests in other funds managed by Aberdeen.

For cases involving potential conflicts of interest, Aberdeen Advisers have implemented procedures to ensure the appropriate handling of proxy voting decisions. The guiding principle of Aberdeen Advisers' conflicts of interest policy is simple – to exercise our right to vote in the best interests of the clients on whose behalf we are managing funds.



The first step is to identify any significant potential conflicts of interest in advance by highlighting those stocks where a potential conflict may arise. These stocks are recorded in a conflicts of interest database.

The provisional voting decision made by a fund manager or other individual will be compared against any third party proxy voting research or recommendations. For those cases where there is a contentious issue, including among others those cases where there is a difference between the provisional voting decision and the third party voting recommendation, the rationale will need to be more detailed than in a standard case. The process for handling these cases will be overseen by the designated corporate governance specialist, but in active portfolios the final decision on contentious proxy voting matters rests with the respective regional head of equities.

This policy has been developed by the Aberdeen corporate governance working group. The implementation of this policy, along with the conflicts of interest database, will be reviewed periodically by the group. Aberdeen's Corporate Governance Policy and Principles are published on our website:

<http://www.aberdeenasset.com/doc.nsf/Lit/CorporateGovernanceGroupPrinciples>

To the extent that an Aberdeen Adviser may rely on sub-advisers, whether affiliated or unaffiliated, to manage any client portfolio on a discretionary basis, the Aberdeen Adviser may delegate responsibility for voting proxies to the sub-adviser. However, such sub-advisers will be required either to follow these Policies and Procedures or to demonstrate that their proxy voting policies and procedures are consistent with these Policies and Procedures or otherwise implemented in the best interests of the Aberdeen Advisers' clients.

Upon request, the Aberdeen Advisers will provide clients with a copy of these Policies and Procedures, as revised from time to time.

As disclosed in Part 2A of each Aberdeen Adviser's Form ADV, a client may obtain information on how its proxies were voted by requesting such information from its Aberdeen Adviser. Unless specifically requested by a client in writing, and other than as required for the Funds, the Aberdeen Advisers do not generally disclose client-specific proxy votes to third parties.

Our proxy voting records are available per request and on the SEC's website at [SEC.gov](http://SEC.gov), ERISA

The U.S. Department of Labor ("DOL") has indicated that an investment adviser with a duty to vote proxies has an obligation to take reasonable steps under the circumstances to ensure that it receives the proxies. Failure to take any action to reconcile proxies would cause Aberdeen to fail to satisfy ERISA's fiduciary responsibility provisions.

Appropriate steps include informing the Plan sponsor and its trustees, bank custodian or broker/dealer custodian of the requirement that all proxies be forwarded to the adviser and making periodic reviews during the proxy season, including follow-up letters and phone calls if necessary. When voting proxies, an investment manager must consider proxies as a Plan asset and vote only in the best economic interests of the Plan participants, vote consistently among clients, and avoid specific client voting instructions about voting proxies.

DOL has provided investment managers with the following guidance about their ERISA responsibilities, including proxy voting, compliance with written statements of investment policy, and active monitoring of corporate management by Plan fiduciaries:

Where the authority to manage Plan assets has been delegated to an investment manager, only the investment manager has authority to vote proxies, except when the named fiduciary has reserved to itself or to another named fiduciary (as authorized by the plan document) the right to direct a Plan trustee regarding the voting of proxies.

ii. Investment managers, as Plan fiduciaries, have a responsibility to vote proxies on foreign issues that may affect the value of the shares in the Plan's portfolio and will vote such proxies unless the cost of doing so cannot be justified.

iii. An investment manager is required to comply with statements of investment policy, unless compliance with the guidelines in a given instance would be imprudent and therefore failure to follow the guidelines would not violate ERISA. ERISA does not shield the investment manager from liability for imprudent actions taken in compliance with a statement of investment policy.

On occasions when it is deemed to be a fiduciary for an ERISA client's assets, Aberdeen will vote the Plan assets in accordance with Aberdeen's Proxy Voting Policy. Aberdeen will provide each ERISA client (upon request) with proxy voting records to demonstrate how proxies for securities held in the portfolio were voted.

## **Item 8. Portfolio Managers of Closed-End Management Investment Companies.**

### **(a)(1) Identification of Portfolio Manager(s) or Management Team Members and Description of Role of Portfolio Manager(s) or Management Team Members**

#### **Information provided as of March 7, 2019**

Aberdeen Standard Investments Inc. ("ASII" or the "Sub-Advisor") (formerly Aberdeen Asset Management Inc.), a Securities and Exchange Commission registered investment advisor, is an indirect wholly-owned subsidiary of Standard Life Aberdeen plc. Standard Life Aberdeen plc is a publicly-traded global provider of long-term savings and investments listed on the London Stock Exchange, managing assets for institutional and retail clients from offices around the world. Portfolio Management Team Investment decisions for the Fund are made by ASII using a team approach and not by any one individual. By making team decisions, ASII seeks to ensure that the investment process results in consistent returns across all portfolios with similar objectives. ASII does not employ separate research analysts. Instead, ASII's investment managers combine analysis with portfolio management. Each member of the team has sector and portfolio responsibilities such as day-to-day monitoring of liquidity. The overall result of this matrix approach is a high degree of cross-coverage, leading to a deeper understanding of the securities in which ASII invests. Below are the members of the team with significant responsibility for the day-to-day management of the Fund's portfolio.

#### **Brett Diment**

Head of Global Emerging Market Debt

Mr. Diment is Head of Global Emerging Market Debt and joined Aberdeen following the acquisition of Deutsche Asset Management (“Deutsche”) in 2005. He is responsible for the day-to-day management of the Emerging Market Debt Team and portfolios. Mr. Diment had been at Deutsche since 1991 as a member of the Fixed Income group and served as Head of the Emerging Debt Team there from 1999 until its acquisition by Aberdeen.

**Max Wolman**

Senior Investment Manager, Emerging Market Debt

Mr. Wolman is a Senior Investment Manager on the Emerging Market Debt Team and has been with Aberdeen since January 2001. Mr. Wolman originally specialized in currency and domestic debt analysis but is now responsible for a wide range of emerging debt analysis including external and corporate issuers. Mr. Wolman is a member of the Emerging Markets Debt Investment Committee at Aberdeen and is also responsible for the daily implementation of the investment process.

**Edwin Gutierrez**

Head of Emerging Market Sovereign Debt

Mr. Gutierrez is the Head of Emerging Market Sovereign Debt. Edwin joined Aberdeen via the acquisition of Deutsche Asset Management's London and Philadelphia fixed income businesses in 2005, where he held the same role since joining Deutsche in 2000.

**James Athey**

Senior Investment Manager, Fixed Income EMEA, Global & European Rates

Mr. Athey is a Senior Investment Manager on the Global Macro Team. James joined Aberdeen in 2001 through the Graduate Recruitment Program.

**Patrick O'Donnell**

Senior Investment Manager, Fixed Income EMEA, Global & European Rates

Mr. O'Donnell is a Senior Investment Manager on the Rates Management Team. Patrick Joined Aberdeen Standard Investments in 2005 through the Graduate Recruitment Program.

(a)(2) Other Accounts Managed by Portfolio Manager(s) or Management Team Member and Potential Conflicts of Interest

**Other Accounts Managed by Portfolio Manager(s) or Management Team Member**

**Information provided as of December 31, 2017**

(assets in millions).

<u>Name of Portfolio Manager or Team Member</u>	<u>Type of Accounts***</u>	<u>Total # of Accounts Managed</u>	<u>Total Assets</u>	<u># of Accounts Managed for which Advisory Fee is Based on Performance</u>	<u>Total Assets for which Advisory Fee is Based on Performance</u>
1. Brett Diment	Registered Investment Companies:	4	\$320 0		\$0
	Other Pooled Investment Vehicles:	19	\$5,6430		\$0
	Other Accounts:	22	\$5,416 1		\$339.32
2. Edwin Gutierrez	Registered Investment Companies:	4	\$320 0		\$0
	Other Pooled Investment Vehicles:	19	\$5,6430		\$0
	Other Accounts:	22	\$5,416 1		\$339.32
3. James Athey	Registered Investment Companies:	2	\$112 0		\$0
	Other Pooled Investment Vehicles:	12	\$1,0430		\$0
	Other Accounts:	29	\$3,822 1		\$157.66
4. Patrick O'Donnell	Registered Investment Companies:	2	\$112 0		\$0
		12	\$1,0430		\$0

	Other Pooled Investment Vehicles:			
	Other Accounts:	29	\$3,822.1	\$157.66
5. Max Wolman	Registered Investment Companies:	4	\$320.0	\$0
	Other Pooled Investment Vehicles:	19	\$5,643.0	\$0
	Other Accounts:	22	\$5,416.1	\$339.32

### Potential Conflicts of Interests

#### As of December 31, 2018

Effective January 1, 2019, Aberdeen Asset Management Inc.'s ("AAMI") name was changed to Aberdeen Standard Investments Inc. ("ASII") to align with our global brand. ASII is a wholly-owned subsidiary of Aberdeen Asset Management PLC ("Aberdeen PLC"). As of August 14, 2017, further to the merger with Standard Life plc, Aberdeen PLC is a wholly owned subsidiary of Standard Life Aberdeen plc, which acts as parent to existing Aberdeen and Standard Life business units. The asset management business of Standard Life Aberdeen plc operates under the name Aberdeen Standard Investments ("ASI"). In accordance with legal requirements in the various jurisdictions in which they operate, and their own Conflicts of Interest policies, all subsidiaries of have in place arrangements to identify and manage Conflicts of Interest that may arise between them and their clients or between their different clients. Where ASI does not consider that these arrangements are sufficient to manage a particular conflict, it will inform the relevant client(s) of the nature of the conflict so that the client(s) may decide how to proceed. The portfolio managers' management of "other accounts" may give rise to potential conflicts of interest in connection with their management of the Fund's investments, on the one hand, and the investments of the other accounts, on the other. The other accounts may have the same investment objective as the Fund. Therefore, a potential conflict of interest may arise as a result of the identical investment objectives, whereby the portfolio manager could favor one account over another. However, ASI believes that these risks are mitigated by the fact that: (i) accounts with like investment strategies managed by a particular portfolio manager are generally managed in a similar fashion, subject to exceptions to account for particular investment restrictions or policies applicable only to certain accounts, differences in cash flows and account sizes, and similar factors; and (ii) portfolio manager personal trading is monitored to avoid potential conflicts. In addition, the Adviser has adopted trade allocation procedures that require equitable allocation of trade orders for a particular security among participating accounts. In some cases, another account managed by the same portfolio manager may compensate ASI based on the performance of the portfolio held by that account. The existence of such a performance-based fee may create additional conflicts of interest for the portfolio manager in the allocation of management time, resources and investment opportunities. Another potential conflict could include instances in which securities considered as investments for the Fund also may be appropriate for other investment accounts managed by ASI or its affiliates. Whenever decisions are made to buy or sell securities by the Fund and one or more of the other accounts simultaneously, ASI may aggregate the purchases and sales of the securities and will allocate the securities transactions in a manner that they believe to be equitable under the circumstances. As a result of the allocations, there may be instances where the Fund will not participate in a transaction that is allocated among other accounts. While these aggregation and allocation policies could have a detrimental effect on the price or amount of the securities available to the Fund from time to time, it is the opinion of ASI that the benefits achieved through economies of scale from the ASI organization outweigh any disadvantage that may arise from exposure to simultaneous transactions. ASI has adopted policies that are designed to eliminate or minimize conflicts of interest, although there is no guarantee that procedures adopted under such policies will detect each and every situation in which a conflict arises or eliminate or

minimize conflicts.

**(a)(3) Compensation Structure of Portfolio Manager(s) or Management Team Members**

**Information provided as of December 31, 2018**

ASI's remuneration policies are designed to support its business strategy as a leading international asset manager. The objective is to attract, retain and reward talented individuals for the delivery of sustained, superior returns for ASI's clients and shareholders. ASI operates in a highly competitive international employment market, and aims to maintain its strong track record of success in developing and retaining talent. ASI's policy is to recognize corporate and individual achievements each year through an appropriate annual bonus scheme. The aggregate value of awards in any year is dependent on the Standard Life Aberdeen Group's overall performance and profitability. Consideration is also given to the levels of bonuses paid in the market. Individual awards, which are payable to all members of staff, are determined by a rigorous assessment of achievement against defined objectives. A long-term incentive plan for key staff and senior employees comprises of a mixture of cash and deferred shares in Aberdeen Asset Management PLC, or, after August 14, 2017, Standard Life Aberdeen plc, or select ASI funds (where applicable). Overall compensation packages are designed to be competitive relative to the investment management industry.

**Base Salary:** ASI's policy is to pay a fair salary commensurate with the individual's role, responsibilities and experience, and having regard to the market rates being offered for similar roles in the asset management sector and other comparable companies. Any increase is generally to reflect inflation and is applied in a manner consistent with other ASI employees; any other increases must be justified by reference to promotion or changes in responsibilities.

**Annual Bonus:** The Remuneration Committee of ASI determines the key performance indicators that will be applied in considering the overall size of the bonus pool. In line with practice amongst other asset management companies, individual bonuses are not subject to an absolute cap. However, the aggregate size of the bonus pool is dependent on the Standard Life Aberdeen Group's overall performance and profitability. Consideration is also given to the levels of bonuses paid in the market. Individual awards are determined by a rigorous assessment of achievement against defined objectives, and are reviewed and approved by the Remuneration Committee. ASI has a deferral policy which is intended to assist in the retention of talent and to create additional alignment of executives' interests with ASI's sustained performance and, in respect of the deferral into funds, managed by ASI, to align the interest of asset managers with our clients. Staff performance is reviewed formally at least once a year. The review process evaluates the various aspects that the individual has contributed to ASI, and specifically, in the case of portfolio managers, to the relevant investment team. Discretionary bonuses are based on client service, asset growth and the performance of the respective portfolio manager. Overall participation in team meetings, generation of original research ideas and contribution to presenting the team externally are also evaluated. In the calculation of a portfolio management team's bonus, ASI takes into consideration investment matters (which include the performance of funds, adherence to the company investment process, and quality of company meetings) as well as more subjective issues such as team participation and effectiveness at client presentations. To the extent performance is factored in, such performance is not judged against any specific benchmark and is evaluated over the period of a year - January to December. The pre- or after-tax performance of an individual account is not considered in the determination of a portfolio manager's discretionary bonus; rather the review process evaluates the overall performance of the team for all of the accounts the team manages. Portfolio manager performance on investment matters is judged over all of the accounts the portfolio

manager contributes to and is documented in the appraisal process. A combination of the team's and individual's performance is considered and evaluated. Although performance is not a substantial portion of a portfolio manager's compensation, ASI also recognizes that fund performance can often be driven by factors outside one's control, such as (irrational) markets, and as such pays attention to the effort by portfolio managers to ensure integrity of our core process by sticking to disciplines and processes set, regardless of momentum and 'hot' themes. Short-terming is thus discouraged and trading oriented managers will thus find it difficult to thrive in the ASI environment. Additionally, if any of the aforementioned undue risks were to be taken by a portfolio manager, such trend would be identified via ASI's dynamic compliance monitoring system.

## (a)(4) Disclosure of Securities Ownership

The information below is as of December 31, 2017

Name of Portfolio Manager or  
Team Member Dollar (\$) Range of Fund Shares Beneficially Owned

Team Member

Patrick O'Donnell	\$0
Brett Diment	\$0
Edwin Guterrez	\$0
Max Wolman	\$0
James Athey	\$0

(b) Not applicable.

**Item 9. Purchases of Equity Securities by Closed-End Management Investment Company and Affiliated Purchasers.**

Period	(a) Total Number of Shares (or Units) Purchased	(b) Average Price Paid per Share (or Unit)	(c) Total Number of Shares (or Units) Purchased as Part of Publicly Announced Plans or Programs	(d) Maximum Number (or Approximate Dollar Value) of Shares (or Units) that May Yet Be Purchased Under the Plans or Programs
Month #1 (01/01/2018 – 01/31/2018)	0		143,088	727,422
Month #2 (02/01/2018 – 02/28/2018)	0		143,088	727,422
Month #3 (03/01/2018 – 03/31/2018)	0		143,088	727,422
Month #4 (04/01/2018 – 04/30/2018)	0		143,088	727,422
Month #5 (05/01/2018 –	0		143,088	727,422



05/31/2018)				
Month #6				
(06/01/2018 – 0	0	143,088		727,422
06/30/2018				
Month #7				
(07/01/2018 – 0	0	143,088		727,422
07/31/2018				
Month #8				
(08/01/2018 – 0	0	143,088		727,422
08/31/2018				
Month #9				
(09/01/2018 – 4,435	\$ 9.57	147,523		722,987
09/31/2018				
Month #10				
(10/01/2018 – 43,777	\$ 9.27	191,300		679,210
10/31/2018				
Month #11				
(11/01/2018 – 70,216	\$ 9.20	261,516		608,994
11/30/2018)				
Month #12				
(12/01/2018 – 61,441	\$ 9.25	322,957		547,553
12/31/2018)				
Total	179,869	\$ 9.24	322,957	547,553

On September 15, 2015, the Fund commenced a Share repurchase program. The program originally expired on March 15, 2016, but the Board of Trustees of the Fund has subsequently authorized the continuation of the Fund's share repurchase program until March 15, 2019. For the fiscal year ended December 31, 2018, the Fund repurchased 179,869 shares at a weighted average discount of 15.45% from net asset value per share. The Fund did not repurchase any shares during the fiscal year ended December 31, 2017. The Fund expects to continue the share repurchase program until the earlier of (i) the repurchase of an additional 547,553 common shares (for an aggregate of 870,510) or (ii) March 15, 2019.

#### **Item 10. Submission of Matters to a Vote of Security Holders.**

There have been no material changes to the procedures by which the shareholders may recommend nominees to the registrant's board of directors, where those changes were implemented after the registrant last provided disclosure in response to the requirements of Item 407(c)(2)(iv) of Regulation S-K (17 CFR 229.407) (as required by Item 22(b)(15) of Schedule 14A (17 CFR 240.14a-101)), or this Item.

#### **Item 11. Controls and Procedures.**

(a) The registrant's principal executive and principal financial officers, or persons performing similar functions, have concluded that the registrant's disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Rule 30a-3(c) under the Investment Company Act of 1940, as amended (the "1940 Act") (17 CFR 270.30a-3(c))) are effective, as of a date within 90 days of the filing date of the report that includes the disclosure required by this paragraph, based on their evaluation of these controls and procedures required by Rule 30a-3(b) under the 1940 Act (17 CFR 270.30a-3(b)) and Rules

13a-15(b) or 15d-15(b) under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended (17 CFR 240.13a-15(b) or 240.15d-15(b)).

- (b) There were no changes in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Rule 30a-3(d) under the 1940 Act (17 CFR 270.30a-3(d)) that occurred during the registrant's second fiscal quarter of the period covered by this report that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the registrant's internal control over financial reporting.

**Item 12. Exhibits.**

- (a)(1) Code of ethics, or any amendment thereto, that is the subject of disclosure required by Item 2 is attached hereto.

- (a)(2) Certifications pursuant to Rule 30a-2(a) under the 1940 Act and Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002 are attached hereto.

- (a)(3) Not applicable.

- (b) Certifications pursuant to Rule 30a-2(b) under the 1940 Act and Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002 are attached hereto.

**SIGNATURES**

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 and the Investment Company Act of 1940, the registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned, thereunto duly authorized.

(registrant) First Trust/Aberdeen Global Opportunity Income Fund

By (Signature and Title)\* /s/ James M. Dykas  
James M. Dykas, President and Chief Executive Officer  
(principal executive officer)

Date February 22, 2019

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 and the Investment Company Act of 1940, this report has been signed below by the following persons on behalf of the registrant and in the capacities and on the dates indicated.

By (Signature and Title)\* /s/ James M. Dykas  
James M. Dykas, President and Chief Executive Officer  
(principal executive officer)

Date February 22, 2019

By (Signature and Title)\* /s/ Donald P. Swade  
Donald P. Swade, Treasurer, Chief Financial Officer  
and Chief Accounting Officer  
(principal financial officer)

Date February 22, 2019

\* Print the name and title of each signing officer under his or her signature.

