SURMODICS INC Form 10-Q February 03, 2017
UNITED STATES
SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION
Washington, D. C. 20549
FORM 10-Q
(Mark One)
QUARTERLY REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934 For the quarterly period ended December 31, 2016
or
TRANSITION REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934 For the transition period from to
Commission File Number: 0-23837
Surmodies, Inc.
(Exact name of registrant as specified in its charter)
MINNESOTA 41-1356149 (State of incorporation) (I.R.S. Employer
Identification No.)
9924 West 74th Street
Eden Prairie, Minnesota 55344

(Address of principal executive offices) (Zip Code)

Registrant's telephone number, including area code: (952) 500-7000

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant: (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days. Yes No

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant has submitted electronically and posted on its corporate Web site, if any, every Interactive Data File required to be submitted and posted pursuant to Rule 405 of Regulation S-T (§ 232.405 of this chapter) during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to submit and post such files). Yes No

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a large accelerated filer, an accelerated filer, a non-accelerated filer, or a smaller reporting company. See the definitions of "large accelerated filer," "accelerated filer" and "smaller reporting company" in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act.

Large accelerated filer Accelerated filer

Non-accelerated filer (Do not check if a smaller reporting company) Smaller reporting company

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a shell company (as defined in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act). Yes No

The number of shares of the registrant's Common Stock, \$.05 par value per share, outstanding as of January 31, 2017 was 13,266,526.

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PART I. FINANCIAL INFORMATION

Item 1. Unaudited Condensed Financial Statements

Surmodics, Inc. and Subsidiaries

Condensed Consolidated Balance Sheets

	December 2016	2016
(in thousands, except share and per share data)	(Unaudited	d)
ASSETS		
Current Assets:	¢ 17 (52	¢ 24 007
Cash and cash equivalents	\$17,653	\$24,987
Available-for-sale securities	27,474	21,954
Accounts receivable, net of allowance for doubtful accounts of \$10 and \$19		
as of December 31, 2016 and September 30, 2016, respectively	6,504	6,869
Inventories	3,472	3,579
Income tax receivable	358	697
Prepaids and other	1,183	472
Total Current Assets	56,644	58,558
Property and equipment, net	20,186	19,601
Deferred tax assets	4,286	5,027
Intangible assets, net	21,094	22,525
Goodwill	25,694	26,555
Other assets	721	628
Total Assets	\$128,625	\$132,894
LIABILITIES AND STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY		
Current Liabilities:		
Accounts payable	\$1,611	\$1,622
Accrued liabilities:		
Compensation	1,364	5,418
Due to customers	340	881
Accrued other	1,563	1,109
Contingent consideration	925	925
Deferred revenue	131	180
Total Current Liabilities	5,934	10,135
Contingent consideration, less current portion	13,366	13,592
Deferred revenue, less current portion	258	188
Other long-term liabilities	1,884	2,146
Total Liabilities	21,442	26,061
Commitments and Contingencies (Note 15)		
Stockholders' Equity:		
Series A Preferred stock- \$.05 par value, 450,000 shares authorized; no shares issued and		
Common stock- \$.05 par value, 45,000,000 shares authorized; 13,268,530 and	663	660

13,208,443 shares issued and outstanding, respectively

Additional paid-in capital	7,009	6,754
Accumulated other comprehensive (loss) income	(935)	1,273
Retained earnings	100,446	98,146
Total Stockholders' Equity	107,183	106,833
Total Liabilities and Stockholders' Equity	\$128,625	\$132,894

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements.

Surmodics, Inc. and Subsidiaries

Condensed Consolidated Statements of Income

	Three Months		
	Ended		
	December	r 31,	
	2016	2015	
(In thousands, except per share data)	(Unaudited	1)	
Revenue:			
Product sales	\$7,701	\$7,181	
Royalties and license fees	8,001	7,954	
Research, development and other	2,059	1,406	
Total revenue	17,761	16,541	
Operating costs and expenses:			
Product costs	2,628	2,366	
Research and development	5,970	3,634	
Selling, general and administrative	4,862	3,648	
Acquisition transaction, integration and other costs		2,491	
Acquired intangible asset amortization	596	354	
Contingent consideration accretion expense	437	109	
Total operating costs and expenses	14,493	12,602	
Operating income	3,268	3,939	
Other income (loss):			
Investment income, net	85	1	
Foreign exchange gain (loss)	674	(135)	
Other income (loss), net	759	(134)	
Income before income taxes	4,027	3,805	
Income tax provision	(1,727)	(1,152)	
Net income	\$2,300	\$2,653	
Basic net income per share	\$0.17	\$0.20	
Diluted net income per share	\$0.17	\$0.20	
Weighted average number of shares outstanding:			
Basic	13,200	12,966	
Diluted	13,446	13,186	

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements.

Surmodics, Inc. and Subsidiaries

Condensed Consolidated Statements of Comprehensive Income

	Three Mo Ended December 2016	
(In thousands)	(Unaudite	ed)
Net income	\$2,300	\$2,653
Other comprehensive (loss) income:		
Unrealized holding gains (losses) on available-for-sale securities, net of tax	46	(2)
Foreign currency translation adjustments	(2,254)	408
Other comprehensive (loss) income	(2,208)	406
Comprehensive income	\$92	\$3,059

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements.

Surmodics, Inc. and Subsidiaries

Condensed Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows

(in thousands) Operating Activities:	Three Mo Ended December 2016 (Unaudite	r 31, 2015
Net income	\$2,300	\$2,653
	\$2,300	\$2,033
Adjustments to reconcile net income to net cash provided by operating activities: Depreciation and amortization	1,282	909
Stock-based compensation	789	684
Contingent consideration accretion	437	109
Unrealized foreign exchange (income) loss		
Deferred taxes	742	
		753
Other	(5) (3)
Change in operating assets and liabilities, net of acquisitions: Accounts receivable	345	2 104
Inventories	73	2,194
		(83)
Prepaids and other	(746	, (
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	(2,713)	
Income taxes Deferred revenue	82 28	356
		— 6 270
Net cash provided by operating activities	1,951	6,278
Investing Activities:	(1 5 / 5	(201)
Purchases of property and equipment	(1,545)	
Purchases of available-for-sale securities	(12,541)) —
Maturities of available-for-sale securities	7,071	(19.166)
Payments for acquisition, net of cash acquired	(7.015	(18,166)
Net cash used in investing activities	(7,015)	(18,550)
Financing Activities:	12	10
Issuance of common stock	13	10
Payments for taxes related to net share settlement of equity awards	(2,129) (353)
Payment of deferred financing costs	(38	(205
Payment of contingent consideration	(0.154.)	(305)
Net cash used in financing activities	(2,154)) (648)
Effect of exchange rate changes on cash	(116) —
Net change in cash and cash equivalents	(7,334)) (12,920)
Cash and Cash Equivalents:	24.007	55.500
Beginning of period	24,987	55,588
End of period	\$17,653	\$42,668
Supplemental Information:	¢ 007	¢ 42
Cash paid for income taxes	\$897	\$42
Noncash transactions from investing and financing activities:	\$227	Φ <i>E</i> 4
Acquisition of property and equipment on account	\$227	\$54
Deferred financing costs in accounts payable	45	— 0.057
Contingent consideration and debt assumed in Creagh Medical transaction	_	9,857

Issuance of performance shares, restricted and deferred stock units 2,414 1,073 The accompanying notes are an integral part of these unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements.

Surmodics, Inc. and Subsidiaries

Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements

Period Ended December 31, 2016

(Unaudited)

1. Basis of Presentation

The accompanying unaudited interim condensed consolidated financial statements have been prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America ("U.S.") ("GAAP") and, in the opinion of management, reflect all adjustments, consisting of normal recurring adjustments, needed to fairly present the financial results of Surmodics, Inc. and subsidiaries ("Surmodics" or the "Company") for the periods presented. These financial statements include some amounts that are based on management's best estimates and judgments. These estimates may be adjusted as more information becomes available, and any adjustment could be significant. The impact of any change in estimates is included in the determination of net income in the period in which the change in estimate is identified. The results of operations for the three months ended December 31, 2016 are not necessarily indicative of the results that may be expected for the entire 2017 fiscal year.

In accordance with the rules and regulations of the U.S. Securities and Exchange Commission ("SEC"), the Company has omitted footnote disclosures that would substantially duplicate the disclosures contained in the audited consolidated financial statements of the Company. These unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements should be read together with the audited consolidated financial statements for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2016, and footnotes thereto included in the Company's Form 10-K as filed with the SEC on December 2, 2016.

2. New Accounting Pronouncements

Accounting Standards to be Implemented

In May 2014, the Financial Accounting Standards Board ("FASB") issued Accounting Standards Codification ("ASC") Update No. 2014-09, Revenue from Contracts with Customers (ASC Topic 606). Principles of this guidance require entities to recognize revenue in a manner that depicts the transfer of goods or services to customers in amounts that reflect the consideration an entity expects to be entitled to in exchange for those goods or services. The guidance also requires expanded disclosures relating to the nature, amount, timing, and uncertainty of revenue and cash flows arising from contracts with customers. Additionally, qualitative and quantitative disclosures are required about customer contracts, significant judgments and changes in judgments, and assets recognized from the costs to obtain or fulfill a contract. This accounting standard will be effective for the Company beginning in the first quarter of fiscal year 2019 (October 1, 2018) using one of two prescribed retrospective methods. The Company is currently evaluating the impact that the adoption of this standard will have on the Company's business model and consolidated results of operations, cash flows and financial position. The Company expects to complete its evaluation during fiscal 2017. Based on a preliminary assessment, the Company currently estimates the impact may be material due to the potential acceleration of minimum license fees and a one quarter acceleration of royalty revenue pursuant to our hydrophilic license agreements.

In February 2016, the FASB issued Accounting Standards Update ASU 2016-02, Leases (ASC Topic 842). The new guidance primarily affects lessee accounting, while accounting by lessors will not be significantly impacted by the update. The update maintains two classifications of leases: finance leases, which replace capital leases, and operating leases. Lessees will need to recognize a right-of-use asset and a lease liability on the statement of financial position for those leases previously classified as operating leases under the old guidance. The liability will be equal to the present value of lease payments. The asset will be based on the liability, subject to adjustment, such as for direct costs. The accounting standard will be effective for the Company beginning the first quarter of fiscal year 2020 (October 1, 2019) and will be applied using a modified retrospective approach. The Company is currently evaluating the impact that the adoption of this standard will have on the Company's results of operations, cash flows and financial position.

In June 2016, the FASB issued ASU No 2016-13, Financial Instruments – Credit Losses (ASC Topic 326), Measurement of Credit Losses on Financial Statements. This ASU requires a financial asset (or a group of financial assets) measured at an amortized cost basis to be presented at the net amount expected to be collected. The allowance for credit losses is a valuation account that is deducted from the amortized cost basis of the financial asset(s) to present the net carrying value at the amount expected to be collected on the financial asset. The accounting standard will be effective for the Company beginning in the first quarter of fiscal 2020 (October 1, 2019). Early adoption is permitted and the guidance will be applied using a modified retrospective approach. The Company is currently evaluating the impact that the adoption of this standard will have on the Company's results of operations, cash flows and financial position.

In August 2016, the FASB issued ASU No. 2016-15, Statement of Cash Flows (Topic 230): Classification of Certain Cash Receipts and Cash Payments. The new guidance clarifies requirements for presentation and classification of the following items within the statement of cash flows: debt prepayments, settlement of zero coupon debt instruments, contingent consideration payments, insurance proceeds, securitization transactions and distributions from equity method investees. The update also addresses classification of transactions that have characteristics of more than one class of cash flows. The accounting standard will be effective for the Company beginning in the first quarter of fiscal 2018. Early adoption is permitted, including adoption in an interim period, and the guidance will be applied retrospectively. The Company is currently evaluating the impact that the adoption of this standard will have on the Company's condensed consolidated statements of cash flows.

In January 2017, the FASB issued ASU No. 2017-04, Intangibles—Goodwill and Other (Topic 350): Simplifying the Test for Goodwill Impairment. The new guidance removes Step 2 of the goodwill impairment test, which requires a hypothetical purchase price allocation. A goodwill impairment will now be the amount by which a reporting unit's carrying value exceeds its fair value, not to exceed the carrying amount of goodwill. The accounting standard will be effective for the Company beginning in its fiscal 2020. Early adoption is permitted, and the guidance will be applied prospectively. The Company is currently evaluating the impact that the adoption of this standard will have on the Company's condensed consolidated financial statements.

Accounting Standards Implemented

In March 2016, the FASB issued ASU No. 2016-09, Compensation – Stock Compensation (ASC Topic 718): Improvements to Employee Share-Based Payment Accounting. The accounting standard intends to simplify several areas of accounting for share-based compensation arrangements, including the income tax impact, classification of awards as either equity or liabilities, and classification on the statement of cash flows. The accounting standard is effective for the Company beginning in the first quarter of fiscal 2018 (October 1, 2017), and early adoption is permitted. The Company elected to early-adopt this accounting standard in the fourth quarter of fiscal 2016, for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2016. As a result of the adoption, the Company records excess tax benefits and certain tax deficiencies as income tax expense or benefit in the condensed consolidated statements of income, whereas such excess tax benefits or tax deficiencies were previously recorded in additional paid-in capital. As this guidance was applied retroactively to the beginning of the fiscal year ended September 30, 2016, previously reported quarterly income tax and net income for interim periods therein were adjusted for the effects of the adoption. This resulted in an adjustment to reduce the income tax provision and increase net income by \$0.1 million in the three months ended December 31, 2015, with a corresponding increase in net income per basic and diluted share of \$0.01 per share.

The guidance also requires presentation of excess tax benefits as an operating activity on the statement of cash flows rather than as a financing activity. Prior to the adoption of ASU No. 2016-09, cash flows resulting from the tax benefits generated by tax deductions in excess of the compensation cost recognized for those options (excess tax benefits) are classified as financing cash flows. During the three months ended December 31, 2015, the Company realized tax benefits from stock options resulting in approximately \$0.1 million of gross excess tax benefits, which are included as a component of cash flows from operating activities for the three months ended December 31, 2015 in the accompanying condensed consolidated statements of cash flows. This amount was previously reported as a component of cash flows from financing activities, but has been reclassified to conform to current accounting guidance.

No other new accounting pronouncement issued or effective has had, or is expected to have, a material impact on the Company's condensed consolidated financial statements.

3. Business Combinations

For all business combinations, the Company records all assets and liabilities of the acquired business, including goodwill and other identified intangible assets, at their respective fair values as of the acquisition date. Contingent consideration, if any, is recognized at its fair value on the acquisition date and changes in fair value are recognized in earnings until settlement. Acquisition-related transaction costs are expensed as incurred.

Creagh Medical Ltd.

On November 20, 2015, the Company acquired 100% of the outstanding common shares and voting shares of Creagh Medical Ltd. ("Creagh Medical") located in Ballinasloe, Ireland. The acquisition was financed with cash on hand and contingent seller financing. The Company acquired Creagh Medical for up to €30 million (approximately \$32 million as of the acquisition date), including an upfront payment of €18 million (approximately \$19.3 million as of the acquisition date), and up to €12 million (approximately \$12.8 million as of the acquisition date) based on achievement of revenue and value-creating operational milestones

through September 30, 2018. The payment of the milestones, if any, will occur in the quarter ending December 31, 2018. Total transaction, integration and other costs associated with the Creagh Medical acquisition aggregated \$2.4 million for the quarter ended December 31, 2015. The operating results of Creagh Medical have been included in the Company's Medical Device segment since the acquisition date. The Company realized \$0.5 million of revenue and a loss of \$0.3 million from the Creagh Medical operations for the three months ended December 31, 2015.

Creagh Medical designs and manufactures high-quality percutaneous transluminal angioplasty ("PTA") balloon catheters. Since 2006, Creagh Medical has grown its technical and product capability with PTA products approved throughout the world, including Europe, the United States, and Japan. With these resources, the Company is uniquely positioned to offer a total solutions approach from product design and development through in-house extrusion, balloon forming, top-assembly and packaging and regulatory capabilities to approved products for exclusive distribution.

The purchase price of Creagh Medical consisted of the following:

(Dollars in thousands)	
Cash paid	\$18,449
Debt assumed	761
Contingent consideration	9,064
Total purchase price	28,274
Less cash and cash equivalents acquired	(251)
Total purchase price, net of cash acquired	\$28,023

The following table summarizes the final allocation of the purchase price to the fair values assigned to the assets acquired and the liabilities assumed at the date of the Creagh Medical acquisition:

	Fair Value		Estimated Useful Life	
	(D	ollars in thousands)	(In years)	
Current assets	\$	896	N/A	
Property and equipment		634	1.0-10.0	
Trade name		75	N/A	
Developed technology		1,787	7.0	
In-process research and development		942	N/A	
Customer relationships		11,119	7.0-10.0	
Other noncurrent assets		81	N/A	
Current liabilities		(942)N/A	
Deferred tax liabilities		(9)N/A	
Net assets acquired		14,583		
Goodwill		13,440	N/A	
Total purchase price, net of cash acquired	\$	28,023		

The Creagh Medical goodwill, which is a result of acquiring and retaining the Creagh Medical existing workforce and expected synergies from integrating their business into the Company's Medical Device segment, is not deductible for tax purposes.

NorMedix, Inc.

On January 8, 2016, the Company acquired 100% of the shares of NorMedix, Inc. ("NorMedix"), a privately owned design and development company focused on ultra thin-walled, minimally invasive catheter technologies based in Plymouth, Minnesota. The acquisition was financed with cash on hand and contingent seller financing. The Company acquired NorMedix for up to \$14.0 million, including an upfront payment of \$7.0 million, and up to \$7.0 million based on achievement of revenue and value-creating operational milestones through September 30, 2019. Contingent consideration associated with the NorMedix transaction is payable as earned. This acquisition strengthened the Company's vascular device expertise and Research and Development ("R&D") capabilities and was a significant component of the Company's strategy to offer whole-product solutions to medical device customers, while continuing its commitment to consistently deliver innovation in coating technologies. Total transaction, integration and other costs associated with the NorMedix acquisition aggregated \$0.1 million for the three months ended December 31, 2015. The operating results for NorMedix have been included in the Medical Device segment since the acquisition date.

The purchase price of NorMedix consisted of the following:

(Dollars in thousands)	
Cash paid	\$6,905
Contingent consideration	3,520
Total purchase price	10,425
Less cash and cash equivalents acquired	(17)
Total purchase price, net of cash acquired	\$10,408

The following table summarizes the final allocation of the purchase price to the fair values assigned to the assets acquired and the liabilities assumed at the date of the NorMedix acquisition:

	Fair Value	
		Estimated Useful Life
	(Dollars in	
	thousands)	(In years)
Net current assets	\$ 113	N/A
Property and equipment	60	N/A
Developed technology	6,850	10.0-14.0
Customer relationships	900	4.0
Deferred tax asset	690	N/A
Other noncurrent asset	13	N/A
Accounts payable	(187)N/A
Deferred tax liabilities	(2,483)N/A
Net assets acquired	5,956	
Goodwill	4,452	N/A
Total purchase price, net of cash acquired	\$ 10,408	

The NorMedix goodwill is a result of acquiring and retaining the NorMedix existing workforce and expected synergies from integrating their business into the Medical Device segment. The goodwill is not deductible for tax purposes.

On a pro forma basis, as if the Creagh medical and NorMedix acquisitions had occurred as of the beginning of fiscal 2016, the Company's consolidated revenues and net income would have been \$17.6 million and \$4.2 million for the three months ended December 31, 2015, with basic and diluted earnings per share of \$0.32. This unaudited pro forma financial information includes adjustments for additional amortization expense on identifiable intangible assets of \$0.4 million and contingent consideration accretion expense of \$0.3 million, eliminating non-recurring transactional professional fees of \$2.5 million, and tax effect impact of \$0.3 million. The tax impact of the adjustments in all periods reflects no tax benefit from contingent consideration accretion as well as a significant portion of our transaction related costs in fiscal 2016 as they are not deductible for tax purposes. Further, Creagh Medical amortization expense does not reflect an Irish tax benefit as we acquired a net operating loss carryforward as of the acquisition date that was offset in the aggregate by deferred tax liabilities and valuation allowance. Therefore, the amortization of Creagh Medical intangible assets results in a decrease in deferred tax liabilities with a corresponding increase to a deferred tax valuation allowance. NorMedix amortization expense reflects a tax benefit based on our incremental U.S. tax rate.

4. Fair Value Measurements

The accounting guidance on fair value measurements defines fair value, establishes a framework for measuring fair value under GAAP, and expands disclosures about fair value measurements. The guidance is applicable for all

financial assets and financial liabilities and for all nonfinancial assets and nonfinancial liabilities recognized or disclosed at fair value in the financial statements on a recurring basis (at least annually). Fair value is defined as the exchange price that would be received from selling an asset or paid to transfer a liability (an exit price) in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date. When determining the fair value measurements for assets and liabilities required or permitted to be recorded at fair value, the Company considers the principal or most advantageous market in which it would transact and also considers assumptions that market participants would use when pricing the asset or liability, such as inherent risk, transfer restrictions and risk of nonperformance.

Fair Value Hierarchy

Accounting guidance on fair value measurements requires that assets and liabilities carried at fair value be classified and disclosed in one of the following three categories:

Level 1 — Quoted (unadjusted) prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities.

The Company did not have any Level 1 assets as of December 31, 2016 and September 30, 2016.

Level 2 — Observable inputs other than quoted prices included in Level 1, such as quoted prices for similar assets or liabilities in active markets; quoted prices for identical or similar assets or liabilities in markets that are not active; or other inputs that are observable or can be corroborated by observable market data for substantially the full term of the asset or liability.

The Company's Level 2 assets as of December 31, 2016 and September 30, 2016 consisted of money market funds, commercial paper instruments and corporate bonds.

Level 3 — Unobservable inputs to the valuation methodology that are supported by little or no market activity and that are significant to the measurement of the fair value of the assets or liabilities. Level 3 assets and liabilities include those whose fair value measurements are determined using pricing models, discounted cash flow methodologies or similar valuation techniques, as well as significant management judgment or estimation.

Level 3 liabilities at December 31, 2016 and September 30, 2016 consist of contingent consideration obligations for the achievement of revenue and value-creating milestones related to the acquisitions of Creagh Medical and NorMedix discussed in Note 3.

In valuing assets and liabilities, the Company is required to maximize the use of quoted market prices and minimize the use of unobservable inputs.

Assets and Liabilities Measured at Fair Value on a Recurring Basis

In instances where the inputs used to measure fair value fall into different levels of the fair value hierarchy, the fair value measurement has been determined based on the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement in its entirety. The Company's assessment of the significance of a particular item to the fair value measurement in its entirety requires judgment, including the consideration of inputs specific to the asset or liability.

The following table presents information about the Company's assets and liabilities measured at fair value on a recurring basis as of December 31, 2016:

Quoted Prices in

	Quoted Trices in					
	Active Ma	arkets	Significant		Total Fair	
	for Identic	cal	Other Observable	Significant Unobservable	Value as of	
	Instrumen	ts	Inputs	Inputs	December 31,	
(Dollars in thousands)	(Level 1)		(Level 2)	(Level 3)	2016	
Assets						
Cash equivalents	\$		\$ 13,775	\$ —	\$ 13,775	
Available-for-sale securities			27,474	_	27,474	
Total assets	\$		\$ 41,249	\$ —	\$ 41,249	
Liabilities						
Contingent consideration	\$	_	\$ —	\$ (14,291	\$ (14,291)	
Total liabilities	\$	_	\$ —	\$ (14,291	\$ (14,291)	

The following table presents information about the Company's assets and liabilities measured at fair value on a recurring basis as of September 30, 2016:

	Quoted Prices in			
	Active Markets	Significant		Total Fair
	for Identical	Other Observable	Significant Unobservable	Value as of
	Instruments	Inputs	Inputs	September 30,
(Dollars in thousands)	(Level 1)	(Level 2)	(Level 3)	2016
Assets	.		Φ.	
Cash equivalents	\$ —	\$ 22,160	\$ —	