

GRANITE CONSTRUCTION INC
Form 10-Q
August 01, 2017

UNITED STATES
SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION
Washington, D.C. 20549

FORM 10-Q
 QUARTERLY REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF
1934
For the quarterly period ended June 30, 2017

OR
 TRANSITION REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF
1934
For the transition period from _____ to _____

Commission File Number: 1-12911

GRANITE CONSTRUCTION INCORPORATED
State of Incorporation: I.R.S. Employer Identification Number:
Delaware 77-0239383

Address of principal executive offices:
585 W. Beach Street
Watsonville, California 95076
(831) 724-1011

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days. Yes No
Indicate by check mark whether the registrant has submitted electronically and posted on its corporate Web site, if any, every Interactive Data File required to be submitted and posted pursuant to Rule 405 of Regulation S-T (§232.405 of this chapter) during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to submit and post such files). Yes No

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a large accelerated filer, an accelerated filer, a non-accelerated filer, smaller reporting company, or an emerging growth company. See the definitions of "large accelerated filer," "accelerated filer," "smaller reporting company," and "emerging growth company" in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act.

| | | | | |
|-------------------------------------|--------------------------|--------------------------|----------------------------------|----------------------------------|
| Large accelerated filer | Accelerated filer | Non-accelerated filer | Smaller reporting | Emerging growth |
| <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/> | company <input type="checkbox"/> | company <input type="checkbox"/> |

If an emerging growth company, indicate by check mark if the registrant has elected not to use the extended transition period for complying with any new or revised financial accounting standards provided pursuant to Section 13(a) of the Exchange Act.

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a shell company (as defined in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act).
Yes No

Indicate the number of shares outstanding of each of the issuer's classes of common stock, as of July 28, 2017.

| | |
|--------------------------------|-------------|
| Class | Outstanding |
| Common Stock, \$0.01 par value | 39,841,304 |

Index

PART I. FINANCIAL INFORMATION

Item 1. Financial Statements (unaudited)

Condensed Consolidated Balance Sheets as of June 30, 2017, December 31, 2016 and June 30, 2016

Condensed Consolidated Statements of Operations for the Three and Six Months Ended June 30, 2017 and 2016

Condensed Consolidated Statements of Comprehensive Income (Loss) for the Three and Six Months Ended June 30, 2017 and 2016

Condensed Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows for the Six Months Ended June 30, 2017 and 2016

Notes to the Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements

Item 2. Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations

Item 3. Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosures About Market Risk

Item 4. Controls and Procedures

PART II. OTHER INFORMATION

Item 1. Legal Proceedings

Item
1A. Risk Factors

Item 2. Unregistered Sales of Equity Securities and Use of Proceeds

Item 4. Mine Safety Disclosures

Item 6. Exhibits

SIGNATURES

EXHIBIT 31.1

EXHIBIT 31.2

EXHIBIT 32

EXHIBIT 95

EXHIBIT 101.INS

EXHIBIT 101.SCH

EXHIBIT 101.CAL

EXHIBIT 101.DEF

EXHIBIT 101.LAB

EXHIBIT 101.PRE

Table of Contents

PART I. FINANCIAL INFORMATION

Item 1. FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

GRANITE CONSTRUCTION INCORPORATED

CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS

(Unaudited - in thousands, except share and per share data)

| | June 30, 2017 | December 31, 2016 | June 30, 2016 |
|---|------------------|----------------------|------------------|
| ASSETS | | | |
| Current assets | | | |
| Cash and cash equivalents (\$80,195, \$73,115 and \$50,065 related to consolidated construction joint ventures (“CCJVs”)) | \$ 178,068 | \$ 189,326 | \$ 161,218 |
| Short-term marketable securities | 47,821 | 64,884 | 34,959 |
| Receivables, net (\$42,099, \$52,613 and \$59,923 related to CCJVs) | 484,245 | 419,345 | 431,127 |
| Costs and estimated earnings in excess of billings (\$3,124, \$5,046 and \$451 related to CCJVs) | 99,883 | 73,102 | 86,025 |
| Inventories | 65,495 | 55,245 | 64,711 |
| Equity in construction joint ventures | 230,448 | 247,182 | 245,509 |
| Other current assets (\$7,190, \$7,500 and \$8,489 related to CCJVs) | 43,597 | 39,908 | 31,949 |
| Total current assets | 1,149,557 | 1,088,992 | 1,055,498 |
| Property and equipment, net (\$28,398, \$20,500 and \$13,420 related to CCJVs) | 414,079 | 406,650 | 409,860 |
| Long-term marketable securities | 59,990 | 62,895 | 42,653 |
| Investments in affiliates | 37,170 | 35,668 | 34,517 |
| Goodwill | 53,799 | 53,799 | 53,799 |
| Deferred income taxes, net | — | — | 5,407 |
| Other noncurrent assets | 88,550 | 85,449 | 84,095 |
| Total assets | \$ 1,803,145 | \$ 1,733,453 | \$ 1,685,829 |
| LIABILITIES AND EQUITY | | | |
| Current liabilities | | | |
| Current maturities of long-term debt | \$ 14,796 | \$ 14,796 | \$ 14,795 |
| Accounts payable (\$24,976, \$26,419 and \$25,061 related to CCJVs) | 252,527 | 199,029 | 210,923 |
| Billings in excess of costs and estimated earnings (\$32,657, \$33,704 and \$18,687 related to CCJVs) | 114,180 | 97,522 | 90,484 |
| Accrued expenses and other current liabilities (\$1,156, \$1,544 and \$1,529 related to CCJVs) | 231,048 | 218,587 | 212,986 |
| Total current liabilities | 612,551 | 529,934 | 529,188 |
| Long-term debt | 227,114 | 229,498 | 241,907 |
| Deferred income taxes, net | 5,420 | 5,441 | — |
| Other long-term liabilities | 47,983 | 45,989 | 45,719 |
| Commitments and contingencies | | | |
| Equity | | | |
| Preferred stock, \$0.01 par value, authorized 3,000,000 shares, none outstanding | — | — | — |
| Common stock, \$0.01 par value, authorized 150,000,000 shares; issued and outstanding: 39,837,295 shares as of June 30, 2017, 39,621,140 shares as of December 31, 2016 and 39,597,469 shares as of June 30, 2016 | 398 | 396 | 396 |
| Additional paid-in capital | 155,476 | 150,337 | 145,156 |
| Accumulated other comprehensive income (loss) | 71 | (371 |) (1,811) |

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| | | | |
|--|-------------|-------------|-------------|
| Retained earnings | 715,451 | 735,626 | 692,740 |
| Total Granite Construction Incorporated shareholders' equity | 871,396 | 885,988 | 836,481 |
| Non-controlling interests | 38,681 | 36,603 | 32,534 |
| Total equity | 910,077 | 922,591 | 869,015 |
| Total liabilities and equity | \$1,803,145 | \$1,733,453 | \$1,685,829 |

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these condensed consolidated financial statements.

3

Table of ContentsGRANITE CONSTRUCTION INCORPORATED
CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF OPERATIONS

(Unaudited - in thousands, except per share data)

| | Three Months Ended June 30, | | Six Months Ended June 30, | |
|---|--------------------------------|-----------|------------------------------|-----------|
| | 2017 | 2016 | 2017 | 2016 |
| Revenue | | | | |
| Construction | \$429,269 | \$331,346 | \$656,118 | \$540,833 |
| Large Project Construction | 254,463 | 197,322 | 461,496 | 392,771 |
| Construction Materials | 79,181 | 75,911 | 113,699 | 110,427 |
| Total revenue | 762,913 | 604,579 | 1,231,313 | 1,044,031 |
| Cost of revenue | | | | |
| Construction | 366,765 | 282,290 | 565,665 | 464,844 |
| Large Project Construction | 253,968 | 183,668 | 458,446 | 365,612 |
| Construction Materials | 67,610 | 65,420 | 107,506 | 101,129 |
| Total cost of revenue | 688,343 | 531,378 | 1,131,617 | 931,585 |
| Gross profit | 74,570 | 73,201 | 99,696 | 112,446 |
| Selling, general and administrative expenses | 51,388 | 48,705 | 113,225 | 104,838 |
| Gain on sales of property and equipment | (807) | (1,366) | (1,077) | (1,966) |
| Operating income (loss) | 23,989 | 25,862 | (12,452) | 9,574 |
| Other (income) expense | | | | |
| Interest income | (1,164) | (798) | (2,215) | (1,634) |
| Interest expense | 2,694 | 3,187 | 5,437 | 6,236 |
| Equity in income of affiliates | (1,259) | (717) | (2,175) | (2,159) |
| Other income, net | (642) | (3,183) | (1,512) | (4,555) |
| Total other income | (371) | (1,511) | (465) | (2,112) |
| Income (loss) before provision for (benefit from) income taxes | 24,360 | 27,373 | (11,987) | 11,686 |
| Provision for (benefit from) income taxes | 8,088 | 8,847 | (4,408) | 2,923 |
| Net income (loss) | 16,272 | 18,526 | (7,579) | 8,763 |
| Amount attributable to non-controlling interests | (2,139) | (4,327) | (2,078) | (5,005) |
| Net income (loss) attributable to Granite Construction Incorporated | \$14,133 | \$14,199 | \$(9,657) | \$3,758 |
| Net income (loss) per share attributable to common shareholders (see Note 11) | | | | |
| Basic | \$0.35 | \$0.36 | \$(0.24) | \$0.10 |
| Diluted | \$0.35 | \$0.35 | \$(0.24) | \$0.09 |
| Weighted average shares of common stock | | | | |
| Basic | 39,827 | 39,584 | 39,738 | 39,509 |
| Diluted | 40,393 | 40,302 | 39,738 | 40,140 |
| Dividends per common share | \$0.13 | \$0.13 | \$0.26 | \$0.26 |

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these condensed consolidated financial statements.

Table of Contents

GRANITE CONSTRUCTION INCORPORATED
 CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME (LOSS)
 (Unaudited - in thousands)

| | Three Months Ended June 30, | | Six Months Ended June 30, | |
|--|--------------------------------|----------|------------------------------|-----------|
| | 2017 | 2016 | 2017 | 2016 |
| Net income (loss) | \$16,272 | \$18,526 | \$(7,579) | \$8,763 |
| Other comprehensive income (loss), net of tax: | | | | |
| Net unrealized loss on derivatives | \$(261) | \$(507) | \$(209) | \$(1,398) |
| Less: reclassification for net losses included in interest expense | 47 | 100 | 116 | 100 |
| Net change | \$(214) | \$(407) | \$(93) | \$(1,298) |
| Foreign currency translation adjustments, net | 542 | 165 | 535 | 987 |
| Other comprehensive income (loss) | \$328 | \$(242) | \$442 | \$(311) |
| Comprehensive income (loss) | \$16,600 | \$18,284 | \$(7,137) | \$8,452 |
| Non-controlling interests in comprehensive loss | (2,139) | (4,327) | (2,078) | (5,005) |
| Comprehensive income (loss) attributable to Granite | \$14,461 | \$13,957 | \$(9,215) | \$3,447 |

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these condensed consolidated financial statements.

Table of ContentsGRANITE CONSTRUCTION INCORPORATED
CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS

(Unaudited - in thousands)

| Six Months Ended June 30, | 2017 | 2016 |
|--|-------------|------------|
| Operating activities | | |
| Net (loss) income | \$ (7,579) | \$ 8,763 |
| Adjustments to reconcile net (loss) income to net cash provided by (used in) operating activities: | | |
| Depreciation, depletion and amortization | 31,148 | 29,502 |
| Gain on sales of property and equipment | (1,077) | (1,966) |
| Stock-based compensation | 11,224 | 8,563 |
| Equity in net loss (income) from unconsolidated joint ventures | 8,249 | (5,688) |
| Gain on real estate entity | — | (2,452) |
| Changes in assets and liabilities: | | |
| Receivables | (64,864) | (87,286) |
| Costs and estimated earnings in excess of billings, net | (28,284) | (30,645) |
| Inventories | (10,250) | (9,158) |
| Contributions to unconsolidated construction joint ventures | (750) | (8,018) |
| Distributions from unconsolidated construction joint ventures | 32,494 | 5,445 |
| Other assets, net | (9,212) | (7,544) |
| Accounts payable | 52,417 | 47,529 |
| Accrued expenses and other current liabilities, net | 9,170 | (158) |
| Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities | 22,686 | (53,113) |
| Investing activities | | |
| Purchases of marketable securities | (49,816) | (29,894) |
| Maturities of marketable securities | 70,000 | 20,000 |
| Proceeds from called marketable securities | — | 35,000 |
| Purchases of property and equipment (\$7,492 and \$9,044 related to CCJVs) | (37,518) | (48,837) |
| Proceeds from sales of property and equipment | 2,585 | 2,510 |
| Other investing activities, net | 23 | (128) |
| Net cash used in investing activities | (14,726) | (21,349) |
| Financing activities | | |
| Long-term debt principal repayments | (2,500) | (2,500) |
| Cash dividends paid | (10,327) | (10,267) |
| Repurchases of common stock | (6,568) | (4,845) |
| Other financing activities, net | 177 | 456 |
| Net cash used in financing activities | (19,218) | (17,156) |
| Decrease in cash and cash equivalents | (11,258) | (91,618) |
| Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of period | 189,326 | 252,836 |
| Cash and cash equivalents at end of period | \$ 178,068 | \$ 161,218 |
| Supplementary Information | | |
| Cash paid during the period for: | | |
| Interest | \$ 5,957 | \$ 6,911 |
| Income taxes | 2,554 | 6,438 |
| Other non-cash operating activities: | | |
| Performance guarantees | \$ 5,761 | \$ 11,247 |
| Non-cash investing and financing activities: | | |
| Restricted stock units issued, net of forfeitures | \$ 11,254 | \$ 21,013 |
| Accrued cash dividends | 5,179 | 5,148 |

Accrued equipment purchases (1,271) (5,823)

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these condensed consolidated financial statements.

6

Table of Contents

GRANITE CONSTRUCTION INCORPORATED

NOTES TO THE CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(Unaudited)

1. Basis of Presentation

The condensed consolidated financial statements included herein have been prepared by Granite Construction Incorporated (“we,” “us,” “our,” “the Company” or “Granite”) and are unaudited, pursuant to the rules and regulations of the Securities and Exchange Commission (“SEC”) and should be read in conjunction with our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2016. Certain information and footnote disclosures normally included in financial statements prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (“U.S. GAAP”) have been condensed or omitted. Further, the condensed consolidated financial statements reflect, in the opinion of management, all normal recurring adjustments necessary to state fairly our financial position at June 30, 2017 and 2016 and the results of our operations and cash flows for the periods presented. The December 31, 2016 condensed consolidated balance sheet data was derived from audited consolidated financial statements, but does not include all disclosures required by U.S. GAAP.

Our operations are typically affected more by weather conditions during the first and fourth quarters of our fiscal year which may alter our construction schedules and can create variability in our revenues and profitability. Therefore, the results of operations for the three and six months ended June 30, 2017 are not necessarily indicative of the results to be expected for the full year.

We prepared the accompanying condensed consolidated financial statements on the same basis as our annual consolidated financial statements, except for the adoption of Accounting Standards Update (“ASU”) No. 2016-01, Financial Instruments - Overall (Subtopic 825-10): Recognition and Measurement of Financial Assets and Financial Liabilities, ASU No. 2016-05, Derivatives and Hedging (Topic 815): Effect of Derivative Contract Novations on Existing Hedge Accounting Relationships and ASU 2017-08, Receivables - Nonrefundable Fees and Other Costs (Subtopic 310-20), Premium Amortization on Purchased Callable Debt Securities during the six months ended June 30, 2017. ASU No. 2016-01 eliminated the requirement to disclose the method(s) and significant assumptions used to estimate the fair value that is required to be disclosed for financial instruments measured at amortized cost on the consolidated balance sheet, which related to our marketable securities and debt (see Note 5). ASU No. 2016-05 had no impact and ASU No. 2017-08 had an immaterial impact on our condensed consolidated financial statements.

2. Recently Issued Accounting Pronouncements

In May 2014, the Financial Accounting Standards Board (“FASB”) issued Accounting Standards Codification (“ASC”) Topic 606, Revenue from Contracts with Customers, and subsequently issued several related ASUs (“Topic 606”), which provide guidance for recognizing revenue from contracts with customers. The core principle of Topic 606 is that revenue will be recognized when promised goods or services are transferred to customers in an amount that reflects consideration for which entitlement is expected in exchange for those goods or services. Topic 606 will be effective commencing with our quarter ending March 31, 2018. We currently anticipate adopting Topic 606 using the modified retrospective transition approach that may result in a cumulative adjustment to beginning retained earnings as of January 1, 2018, which we will elect to only apply to contracts with customers that are not substantially complete as of January 1, 2018.

Although we are in the process of assessing the financial impact of Topic 606 on our consolidated financial statements and related footnotes, we do not expect Topic 606 to have a material impact on our Construction Materials segment’s revenue. While we continue to assess the impact to both our Large Project Construction and Construction segments, our Large Project Construction segment is more likely to be impacted than our Construction segment in the following areas:

• **Multiple performance obligations** - In accordance with Topic 606, construction contracts with customers, including those related to contract modifications, will be reviewed to determine if there are multiple performance obligations. If separate performance obligations are identified, the timing of revenue recognition and the recognition of provisions for loss could be impacted. Based on our assessment to-date on currently active construction contracts with customers, we have identified one unconsolidated joint venture contract in our Large Project Construction segment that will have

multiple performance obligations.

Mobilization costs - Mobilization costs generally consist of costs to mobilize equipment and labor to a job site.

Mobilization costs are currently recorded as job costs as they are incurred. Topic 606 requires mobilization costs to be capitalized as an asset on the consolidated balance sheets and amortized to contract cost over the expected duration of the contract.

Multiple contracts - Contracts containing task orders may be determined to consist of multiple individual contracts as defined by Topic 606. Based on our assessment to-date on currently active construction contracts with customers, we have identified a few Large Project Construction segment contracts and Construction segment contracts that will consist of multiple individual contracts as defined by Topic 606.

7

Table of Contents

GRANITE CONSTRUCTION INCORPORATED

NOTES TO THE CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONTINUED

(Unaudited)

Provision for losses - Provisions for losses will be recognized in the consolidated statements of operations for the full amount of estimated losses at the uncompleted performance obligation level whenever evidence indicates that the estimated total cost of a performance obligation exceeds its estimated total revenue. Currently provisions for losses are recorded at the contract level.

In addition to the above, we expect to separately present contract assets and liabilities on the consolidated balance sheets. Contract assets will include amounts due under contractual retainage provisions, receivables not contractually billable, costs and estimated earnings in excess of billings and capitalized mobilization costs. Contract liabilities will include provisions for losses and billings in excess of costs and estimated earnings.

There will also be new disclosures related to revenue including information about unearned revenue and disaggregated revenue. Unearned revenue will be similar to our existing contract backlog but will only include project amounts when the related contract, contract options and task orders, as applicable, are executed rather than when awarded and funding is probable.

In February 2016, the FASB issued ASU No. 2016-02, Leases (Topic 842), which requires lessees to recognize the following for all leases (with the exception of short-term leases) at the commencement date: (a) a lease liability, which is a lessee's obligation to make lease payments arising from a lease, measured on a discounted basis; and (b) a right-of-use asset, which is an asset that represents the lessee's right to use, or control the use of, a specified asset for the lease term. The ASU will be effective commencing with our quarter ending March 31, 2019. While we continue to evaluate the effect of this ASU, we expect the adoption of this ASU to have a material impact on our assets and liabilities due to the recognition of right-of-use assets and lease liabilities on our consolidated balance sheets.

In January 2017, the FASB issued ASU No. 2017-01, Business Combinations (Topic 805): Clarifying the Definition of a Business, which is intended to help companies evaluate whether transactions should be accounted for as acquisitions (or disposals) of assets or businesses by providing a more robust framework to use in determining when a set of assets and activities is a business. This ASU will be effective commencing with our quarter ending March 31, 2018. We do not expect the adoption of this ASU to have an impact on our consolidated financial statements.

In January 2017, the FASB issued ASU 2017-04, Intangibles - Goodwill and Other (Topic 350): Simplifying the Test for Goodwill Impairment, which eliminates Step 2 from the goodwill impairment test. The annual, or interim, goodwill impairment test is performed by comparing the fair value of a reporting unit with its carrying amount. An impairment charge should be recognized for the amount by which the carrying amount exceeds the reporting unit's fair value; however, the loss recognized should not exceed the total amount of goodwill allocated to that reporting unit. This ASU will be effective commencing with our quarter ending March 31, 2020. We do not expect the adoption of this ASU to have a material impact on our consolidated financial statements.

In May 2017, the FASB issued ASU 2017-09, Compensation-Stock Compensation (Topic 718) Scope of Modification Accounting, which clarifies that changes to the value, vesting conditions, or award classification of share-based payment awards must be accounted for as modifications. This ASU will be effective commencing with our quarter ending March 31, 2018. We do not expect the adoption of this ASU to have a material impact on our consolidated financial statements.

Table of Contents

GRANITE CONSTRUCTION INCORPORATED

NOTES TO THE CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONTINUED

(Unaudited)

3. Revisions in Estimates

Our profit recognition related to construction contracts is based on estimates of costs to complete each project. These estimates can vary significantly in the normal course of business as projects progress, circumstances develop and evolve, and uncertainties are resolved. When we experience significant changes in our estimates of costs to complete, we undergo a process that includes reviewing the nature of the changes to ensure that there are no material amounts that should have been recorded in a prior period rather than as revisions in estimates for the current period. We use the cumulative catch-up method applicable to construction contract accounting to account for revisions in estimates. Under this method, revisions in estimates are accounted for in their entirety in the period of change. There can be no assurance that we will not experience further changes in circumstances or otherwise be required to revise our cost estimates in the future.

In our review of these changes for the three months ended June 30, 2017 and for the three and six months ended June 30, 2016, we did not identify any material amounts that should have been recorded in a prior period. In our review of these changes for the six months ended June 30, 2017, we identified and corrected amounts that should have been recorded during the three months ended September 30, 2016. This correction resulted in a \$4.9 million decrease to Large Project Construction revenue and gross profit and a \$1.6 million increase in net loss attributable to Granite Construction Incorporated. We have assessed the impact of this correction to the financial statements of prior periods' and to the financial statements for the six months ended June 30, 2017, and have concluded that the amounts were not material and are not expected to be material to the financial statements for the year ending December 31, 2017.

In the normal course of business, we have revisions in estimated costs some of which are associated with unresolved affirmative claims and back charges. The estimated or actual recovery related to these estimated costs associated with unresolved affirmative claims and back charges may be recorded in future periods, which can cause fluctuations in the gross profit impact from revisions in estimates.

Affirmative Claims

Revisions in estimates for the three and six months ended June 30, 2017 included increases in revenue of \$12.2 million and \$14.0 million, respectively, related to the estimated cost recovery of customer affirmative claims, which included increases of \$11.4 million and \$14.1 million, respectively, which were also affected by an increase in estimated contract costs in excess of the estimated recovery during the three and six months ended June 30, 2017, respectively. The remaining \$0.8 million and offsetting decrease of \$0.1 million, respectively, had estimated contract costs in excess of estimated cost recovery that were recorded in prior periods.

Revisions in estimates for the three and six months ended June 30, 2016 included increases in revenue of \$17.4 million and \$20.2 million, respectively, related to the estimated cost recovery of customer affirmative claims, which included increases of \$15.3 million that were also affected by an increase in estimated contract costs in excess of the estimated recovery during both the three and six months ended June 30, 2016. The remaining \$2.1 million and \$4.9 million, respectively, had estimated contract costs in excess of estimated cost recovery that were recorded in prior periods.

Back Charges

Revisions in estimates for the three and six months ended June 30, 2017 included a reduction of cost of revenue of \$2.7 million and \$3.0 million, respectively, related to the estimated recovery of back charges of which \$1.4 million was also affected by an increase in estimated contract costs that were in excess of the estimated recovery during both the three and six months ended June 30, 2017. The remaining \$1.3 million and \$1.6 million, respectively, had estimated contract costs in excess of estimated cost recovery that were recorded in prior periods.

Revisions in estimates for both the three and six months ended June 30, 2016 included a reduction of cost of revenue of \$7.6 million related to the estimated recovery of back charges of which \$2.2 million was also affected by an increase in estimated contract costs that were in excess of the estimated recovery during both the three and six months ended June 30, 2016. The remaining \$5.4 million had estimated contract costs in excess of estimated cost recovery

that were recorded in prior periods.

The tables below include the impact to gross profit from significant revisions in estimates related to estimated and actual recovery of customer affirmative claims and back charges as well as the associated estimated contract costs.

9

Table of Contents

GRANITE CONSTRUCTION INCORPORATED

NOTES TO THE CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONTINUED

(Unaudited)

Construction

The changes in project profitability from revisions in estimates which individually had an impact of \$1.0 million or more on gross profit were decreases of \$1.1 million and \$1.8 million for the three and six months ended June 30, 2017, respectively. The changes for the three and six months ended June 30, 2016 were decreases of \$1.0 million and \$2.5 million, respectively. There were no increases in project profitability from revisions in estimates, which individually had an impact of \$1.0 million or more on gross profit during the three and six months ended June 30, 2017 and 2016. The projects are summarized as follows:

Decreases

| | Three Months Ended June 30, | | Six Months Ended June 30, | |
|---|-----------------------------------|-------|---------------------------------|-------------|
| (dollars in millions) | 2017 | 2016 | 2017 | 2016 |
| Number of projects with downward estimate changes | 1 | 1 | 1 | 2 |
| Range of reduction in gross profit from each project, net | \$1.1 | \$1.0 | \$1.8 | \$1.2 - 1.3 |
| Decrease on project profitability | \$1.1 | \$1.0 | \$1.8 | \$2.5 |

The decreases during the three and six months ended June 30, 2017 and June 2016 were due to additional costs and lower productivity than originally anticipated.

Large Project Construction

The changes in project profitability from revisions in estimates, both increases and decreases, which individually had an impact of \$1.0 million or more on gross profit were decreases of \$23.8 million and \$37.8 million for the three and six months ended June 30, 2017, respectively. The net changes for the three and six months ended June 30, 2016 were net decreases of \$4.8 million and \$7.8 million, respectively. Amounts attributable to non-controlling interests were \$0.4 million and \$2.0 million of the decrease for the three and six months ended June 30, 2017, respectively, and were \$3.6 million of the net decreases for both the three and six months ended June 30, 2016. The projects are summarized as follows:

Increases

| | Three Months Ended June 30, | | Six Months Ended June 30, |
|--|--------------------------------|-------------|------------------------------------|
| (dollars in millions) | 2017 | 2016 | 2016 |
| Number of projects with upward estimate changes | — | 2 | —4 |
| Range of increase in gross profit from each project, net | \$— | \$2.9 - 6.9 | \$-1.2 - 6.9 |
| Increase on project profitability | \$— | \$9.8 | \$-12.3 |

The increases during the three and six months ended June 30, 2016 were due to estimated recovery from back charge claims and higher productivity than originally anticipated as well as owner-directed scope changes during the six month period.

Decreases

| | Three Months Ended June 30, | | Six Months Ended June 30, | |
|---|--------------------------------|-------------|------------------------------|-------------|
| (dollars in millions) | 2017 | 2016 | 2017 | 2016 |
| Number of projects with downward estimate changes | 5 | 4 | 7 | 4 |
| Range of reduction in gross profit from each project, net | \$1.1 - 8.1 | \$2.2 - 5.9 | \$1.0 - 10.8 | \$3.4 - 6.4 |
| Decrease on project profitability | \$23.8 | \$14.6 | \$37.8 | \$20.1 |

The decreases during the three and six months ended June 30, 2017 were due to higher costs than originally anticipated as well as additional design, weather and owner-related costs, net of estimated and actual recovery from customer affirmative claims and back charges. The decreases during the three and six months ended June 30, 2016 were due to additional design, weather and owner-related costs and lower productivity than originally anticipated. As of June 30, 2017, there were projects for which additional costs, including liquidated damages, were reasonably possible but the range of costs was not estimable. The range will be determined as the projects proceed, and the outcomes could have a material effect on our financial position, results of operations and /or cash flows in the future.

Table of Contents

GRANITE CONSTRUCTION INCORPORATED

NOTES TO THE CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONTINUED

(Unaudited)

4. Marketable Securities

All marketable securities were classified as held-to-maturity as of the dates presented and the carrying amounts of held-to-maturity securities were as follows:

| (in thousands) | June 30, 2017 | December 31, 2016 | June 30, 2016 |
|--|------------------|----------------------|------------------|
| U.S. Government and agency obligations | \$12,909 | \$ 10,002 | \$20,010 |
| Commercial paper | 34,912 | 54,882 | 14,949 |
| Total short-term marketable securities | 47,821 | 64,884 | 34,959 |
| U.S. Government and agency obligations | 59,990 | 62,895 | 42,653 |
| Total long-term marketable securities | 59,990 | 62,895 | 42,653 |
| Total marketable securities | \$107,811 | \$ 127,779 | \$77,612 |

Scheduled maturities of held-to-maturity investments were as follows:

| (in thousands) | June 30, 2017 |
|--------------------------|------------------|
| Due within one year | \$47,821 |
| Due in one to five years | 59,990 |
| Total | \$107,811 |

5. Fair Value Measurement

The following tables summarize significant assets and liabilities measured at fair value in the condensed consolidated balance sheets on a recurring basis for each of the fair value levels (in thousands):

| June 30, 2017 | Fair Value Measurement at Reporting Date Using | | | Total |
|--------------------|--|---------|---------|-----------|
| | Level 1 | Level 2 | Level 3 | |
| Cash equivalents | | | | |
| Money market funds | \$38,006 | \$ — | \$ — | —\$38,006 |
| Total assets | \$38,006 | \$ — | \$ — | —\$38,006 |
| December 31, 2016 | | | | |
| Cash equivalents | | | | |
| Money market funds | \$10,057 | \$ — | \$ — | —\$10,057 |
| Total assets | \$10,057 | \$ — | \$ — | —\$10,057 |
| June 30, 2016 | | | | |
| Cash equivalents | | | | |
| Money market funds | \$30,082 | \$ — | \$ — | —\$30,082 |
| Commercial paper | 4,994 | — | — | —4,994 |
| Total assets | \$35,076 | \$ — | \$ — | —\$35,076 |

A reconciliation of cash equivalents to consolidated cash and cash equivalents is as follows

| (in thousands) | June 30, 2017 | December 31, 2016 | June 30, 2016 |
|---------------------------------|------------------|----------------------|------------------|
| Cash equivalents | \$38,006 | \$ 10,057 | \$35,076 |
| Cash | 140,062 | 179,269 | 126,142 |
| Total cash and cash equivalents | \$178,068 | \$ 189,326 | \$161,218 |

Table of Contents

GRANITE CONSTRUCTION INCORPORATED

NOTES TO THE CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONTINUED

(Unaudited)

Interest Rate Swaps

As of June 30, 2017 and December 31, 2016, the fair value of the cash flow hedge that we entered into in January 2016 was \$0.7 million and \$0.8 million, respectively, and was included in other current assets in the condensed consolidated balance sheets. As of June 30, 2016, the fair value of the cash flow hedge was \$2.1 million and was included in accrued expenses and other current liabilities in the condensed consolidated balance sheets.

The unrealized losses, net of taxes, on the effective portion were reported as a component of accumulated other comprehensive income (loss) and were losses of \$0.3 million and \$0.2 million during the three and six months ended June 30, 2017, respectively, and \$0.5 million and \$1.4 million during the three and six months ended June 30, 2016, respectively. During the three and six months ended June 30, 2017 and 2016, there was no ineffective portion. The interest expense reclassified from accumulated other comprehensive income (loss) during both the three and six months ended June 30, 2017 and 2016 was immaterial. We estimate less than \$0.1 million to be reclassified from accumulated other comprehensive income (loss) into pre-tax earnings within the next twelve months.

As of June 30, 2016, the fair value of the interest rate swap that was terminated in December 2016 was \$1.7 million and was included in other current assets on the condensed consolidated balance sheets. During the three and six months ended June 30, 2016, we recorded net gains of \$0.3 million and \$1.6 million, respectively, that were included in other income, net on our condensed consolidated statements of operations.

Other Assets and Liabilities

The carrying values and estimated fair values of our financial instruments that are not required to be recorded at fair value in the condensed consolidated balance sheets were as follows:

| (in thousands) | Fair Value Hierarchy | June 30, 2017 | | December 31, 2016 | | June 30, 2016 | |
|---|----------------------|----------------|------------|-------------------|------------|----------------|------------|
| | | Carrying Value | Fair Value | Carrying Value | Fair Value | Carrying Value | Fair Value |
| Assets: | | | | | | | |
| Held-to-maturity marketable securities | Level 1 | \$ 107,811 | \$ 107,381 | \$ 127,779 | \$ 127,365 | \$ 77,612 | \$ 77,678 |
| Liabilities (including current maturities): | | | | | | | |
| 2019 Notes ¹ | Level 3 | \$ 120,000 | \$ 123,371 | \$ 120,000 | \$ 124,654 | \$ 160,000 | \$ 167,210 |
| Credit Agreement term loan ¹ | Level 3 | 92,500 | 92,046 | 95,000 | 93,991 | 97,500 | 97,409 |
| Credit Agreement - revolving credit facility ¹ | Level 3 | 30,000 | 29,672 | 30,000 | 29,452 | — | — |

¹See Note 10 for definitions of 2019 Notes and Credit Agreement.

During the three and six months ended June 30, 2017 and 2016, we did not record any fair value adjustments related to nonfinancial assets and liabilities measured at fair value on a nonrecurring basis.

Table of Contents

GRANITE CONSTRUCTION INCORPORATED

NOTES TO THE CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONTINUED

(Unaudited)

6. Receivables, net

| (in thousands) | June 30, 2017 | December 31, 2016 | June 30, 2016 |
|---------------------------------------|------------------|----------------------|------------------|
| Construction contracts: | | | |
| Completed and in progress | \$343,707 | \$ 288,160 | \$266,685 |
| Retentions | 75,891 | 84,878 | 95,415 |
| Total construction contracts | 419,598 | 373,038 | 362,100 |
| Construction material sales | 54,165 | 29,357 | 54,277 |
| Other | 10,892 | 17,523 | 15,227 |
| Total gross receivables | 484,655 | 419,918 | 431,604 |
| Less: allowance for doubtful accounts | 410 | 573 | 477 |
| Total net receivables | \$484,245 | \$ 419,345 | \$431,127 |

Receivables include amounts billed and billable to clients for services provided as of the end of the applicable period and do not bear interest. To the extent costs are not contractually billable or have not been earned, such as claim recovery estimates, the associated revenue is included in costs and estimated earnings in excess of billings or billings in excess of costs and estimated earnings in the condensed consolidated balance sheets. As of June 30, 2017, December 31, 2016 and June 30, 2016, the aggregate claim recovery estimates included in these balances were approximately \$10.8 million, \$12.3 million and \$8.1 million, respectively. Included in other receivables at June 30, 2017, December 31, 2016 and June 30, 2016 were items such as estimated recovery from back charge claims, notes receivable, fuel tax refunds, receivables from vendors and income tax refunds. No such receivables individually exceeded 10% of total net receivables at any of these dates. As of both June 30, 2017 and December 31, 2016 the estimated recovery from back charge claims included in Other receivables was \$0.3 million and was \$10.5 million as of June 30, 2016.

Certain construction contracts include retainage provisions. The balances billed but not paid by customers pursuant to these provisions generally become due upon completion and acceptance of the project work or products by the owners. As of June 30, 2017, December 31, 2016 and June 30, 2016, no retention receivable individually exceeded 10% of total net receivables at any of the presented dates. The majority of the retentions receivable are expected to be collected within one year and there were no retentions receivables determined to be uncollectible.

Table of Contents

GRANITE CONSTRUCTION INCORPORATED

NOTES TO THE CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONTINUED

(Unaudited)

7. Construction Joint Ventures

We participate in various construction joint ventures. We have determined that certain of these joint ventures are consolidated because they are variable interest entities (“VIEs”), and we are the primary beneficiary. We continually evaluate whether there are changes in the status of the VIEs or changes to the primary beneficiary designation of the VIE. Based on our assessments during the three months ended June 30, 2017, we determined no change to the primary beneficiary was required for existing construction joint ventures.

Due to the joint and several nature of the performance obligations under the related owner contracts, if any of the partners fail to perform, we and the remaining partners, if any, would be responsible for performance of the outstanding work (i.e., we provide a performance guarantee). At June 30, 2017, there was approximately \$5.5 billion of construction revenue to be recognized on unconsolidated and line item construction joint venture contracts of which \$1.8 billion represented our share and the remaining \$3.7 billion represented our partners’ share. We are not able to estimate amounts that may be required beyond the remaining cost of the work to be performed. These costs could be offset by billings to the customer or by proceeds from our partners’ and/or other guarantees.

Consolidated Construction Joint Ventures (“CCJVs”)

At June 30, 2017, we were engaged in four active CCJV projects with total contract values ranging from \$49.1 million to \$267.4 million. Our share of revenue remaining to be recognized on these CCJVs ranged from \$11.6 million to \$147.3 million. Our proportionate share of the equity in these joint ventures was between 50.0% and 65.0%. During the three and six months ended June 30, 2017, total revenue from CCJVs was \$49.5 million and \$85.0 million, respectively. During the three and six months ended June 30, 2016, total revenue from CCJVs was \$33.0 million and \$55.1 million, respectively. During the six months ended June 30, 2017 and 2016, CCJVs provided \$19.2 million and \$12.8 million of operating cash flows, respectively.

Unconsolidated Construction Joint Ventures

As of June 30, 2017, we were engaged in eleven active unconsolidated joint venture projects with total contract values ranging from \$79.4 million to \$3.7 billion, for which there were three with contract values greater than \$1.0 billion. Our proportionate share of the equity in these unconsolidated construction joint ventures ranged from 20.0% to 50.0%. As of June 30, 2017, our share of the revenue remaining to be recognized on these unconsolidated construction joint ventures ranged from \$1.3 million to \$436.6 million.

As of June 30, 2017, December 31, 2016 and June 30, 2016, one of our unconsolidated construction joint ventures was located in Canada and, therefore, the associated disclosures throughout this footnote include amounts that were translated from Canadian dollars to U.S. dollars using the spot rate in effect as of the reporting date for balance sheet items, and the average rate in effect during the reporting period for the results of operations.

Table of Contents

GRANITE CONSTRUCTION INCORPORATED

NOTES TO THE CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONTINUED

(Unaudited)

The following is summary financial information related to unconsolidated construction joint ventures:

| (in thousands) | June 30, 2017 | December 31, 2016 | June 30, 2016 |
|--|------------------|----------------------|------------------|
| Assets: | | | |
| Cash, cash equivalents and marketable securities | \$388,542 | \$ 537,991 | \$435,098 |
| Other current assets ¹ | 632,166 | 644,809 | 679,920 |
| Noncurrent assets | 230,633 | 207,240 | 216,722 |
| Less partners' interest | 828,237 | 935,615 | 894,017 |
| Granite's interest ² | 423,104 | 454,425 | 437,723 |
| Liabilities: | | | |
| Current liabilities | 668,630 | 696,215 | 634,796 |
| Less partners' interest and adjustments ³ | 460,052 | 472,324 | 434,371 |
| Granite's interest | 208,578 | 223,891 | 200,425 |
| Equity in construction joint ventures ⁴ | \$214,526 | \$ 230,534 | \$237,298 |

¹Included in this balance and in accrued and other current liabilities on our condensed consolidated balance sheets as of June 30, 2017, December 31, 2016 and June 30, 2016 was \$88.9 million, \$83.1 million and \$76.8 million, respectively, related to performance guarantees.

²Included in this balance as of June 30, 2017, December 31, 2016 and June 30, 2016 was \$81.7 million, \$65.4 million and \$57.8 million, respectively, related to Granite's share of estimated cost recovery of customer affirmative claims. In addition, this balance included \$9.8 million, \$5.6 million and \$4.3 million related to Granite's share of estimated recovery of back charge claims as of June 30, 2017, December 31, 2016 and June 30, 2016, respectively.

³Partners' interest and adjustments includes amounts to reconcile total liabilities as reported by our partners to Granite's interest adjusted to reflect our accounting policies.

⁴As of June 30, 2017, December 31, 2016 and June 30, 2016 this balance included \$15.9 million, \$16.6 million and \$8.2 million, respectively, of deficit in construction joint ventures that is included in accrued expenses and other current liabilities on the condensed consolidated balance sheets.

| (in thousands) | Three Months Ended | | Six Months Ended | |
|--|--------------------|------------|------------------|-----------|
| | June 30, 2017 | 2016 | June 30, 2017 | 2016 |
| Revenue: | | | | |
| Total ¹ | \$515,983 | \$475,879 | \$967,304 | \$970,046 |
| Less partners' interest and adjustments ^{1,2} | 376,332 | 346,863 | 700,162 | 694,771 |
| Granite's interest | 139,651 | 129,016 | 267,142 | 275,275 |
| Cost of revenue: | | | | |
| Total | 498,932 | 479,113 | 941,922 | 940,610 |
| Less partners' interest and adjustments ^{1,2} | 349,557 | 347,661 | 666,552 | 671,702 |
| Granite's interest | 149,375 | 131,452 | 275,370 | 268,908 |
| Granite's interest in gross (loss) profit | \$(9,724) | \$(2,436) | \$(8,228) | \$6,367 |

¹While Granite's interest in revenue, cost of revenue and gross profit were correctly stated, Total revenue and revenue for partners' interest and adjustments for the three months ended June 30, 2016 were misstated in our Quarterly Report for the quarter ended June 30, 2016. Total revenue and revenue for partner's interest and adjustments as reported was (in thousands): \$682,002 and \$552,986, respectively, for the three months ended June 30, 2016. Total revenue and revenue for partner's interest and adjustments should have been (in thousands): \$475,879 and \$346,863, respectively, for the three months ended June 30, 2016 and are reflected in the table. The misstatements did not have any impact on the consolidated financial statements in any period. We assessed the materiality of the errors in accordance with the

SEC's Staff Accounting Bulletin 99 and concluded that the errors were not material to either of these previously issued financial statements. Accordingly, we will revise our previously issued financial statements prospectively to correct these errors.

²Partners' interest and adjustments represents amounts to reconcile total revenue and total cost of revenue as reported by our partners to Granite's interest adjusted to reflect our accounting policies.

15

Table of Contents

GRANITE CONSTRUCTION INCORPORATED

NOTES TO THE CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONTINUED

(Unaudited)

During the three and six months ended June 30, 2017 unconsolidated construction joint venture net income was \$17.6 million and \$26.2 million, respectively, of which our share was net loss of \$9.7 million and \$8.2 million, respectively. The differences between our share of the joint venture net losses when compared to the joint venture net income primarily resulted from differences between our estimated total revenue and cost of revenue when compared to our partners'. During the three months ended June 30, 2016, unconsolidated construction joint venture net loss was \$4.4 million of which our share was \$2.9 million and during the six months ended June 30, 2016, unconsolidated construction joint venture net income was \$29.3 million of which our share was \$5.6 million. These joint venture net income amounts exclude our corporate overhead required to manage the joint ventures and include taxes only to the extent the applicable states have joint venture level taxes.

Line Item Joint Ventures

As of June 30, 2017, we had two active line item joint venture construction projects with total contract values of \$66.2 million and \$74.7 million of which our portion was \$44.7 million and \$30.7 million, respectively. As of June 30, 2017, our share of revenue remaining to be recognized on these line item joint ventures was \$7.3 million and \$0.8 million, respectively. During the three and six months ended June 30, 2017 our portion of revenue from line item joint ventures was \$6.8 million and \$14.7 million, respectively. During the three and six months ended June 30, 2016, our portion of revenue from line item joint ventures was \$9.6 million and \$14.0 million, respectively.

8. Investments in Affiliates

Our investments in affiliates balance is related to our investments in unconsolidated non-construction entities that we account for using the equity method of accounting, including investments in real estate entities and a non-real estate entity.

Our investments in affiliates balance consists of the following:

| (in thousands) | June 30, December 31, June 30, | | |
|---|--------------------------------|-----------|-----------|
| | 2017 | 2016 | 2016 |
| Equity method investments in real estate affiliates | \$ 27,329 | \$ 25,911 | \$ 25,018 |
| Equity method investment in other affiliate | 9,841 | 9,757 | 9,499 |
| Total investments in affiliates | \$ 37,170 | \$ 35,668 | \$ 34,517 |

The following table provides summarized balance sheet information for our affiliates accounted for under the equity method on a combined basis:

| (in thousands) | June 30, December 31, June 30, | | |
|-------------------------------|--------------------------------|------------|------------|
| | 2017 | 2016 | 2016 |
| Total assets | \$ 156,969 | \$ 155,506 | \$ 176,275 |
| Net assets | 96,638 | 99,804 | 102,650 |
| Granite's share of net assets | 37,170 | 35,668 | 34,517 |

The equity method investments in real estate affiliates included \$22.2 million, \$20.8 million and \$19.4 million in residential real estate in Texas as of June 30, 2017, December 31, 2016 and June 30, 2016, respectively. The remaining balances were in commercial real estate in Texas. Of the \$157.0 million in total assets as of June 30, 2017, real estate entities had total assets ranging from \$1.6 million to \$70.7 million and the non-real estate entity had total assets of \$21.6 million.

9. Property and Equipment, net

Balances of major classes of assets and allowances for depreciation and depletion are included in property and equipment, net in the condensed consolidated balance sheets and were as follows:

| (in thousands) | June 30, December 31, June 30, | | |
|------------------------|--------------------------------|------------|------------|
| | 2017 | 2016 | 2016 |
| Equipment and vehicles | \$ 774,903 | \$ 756,602 | \$ 769,307 |
| Quarry property | 176,041 | 174,839 | 179,773 |

| | | | |
|--|-----------|------------|-----------|
| Land and land improvements | 111,766 | 110,999 | 111,425 |
| Buildings and leasehold improvements | 84,113 | 82,762 | 82,733 |
| Office furniture and equipment | 58,377 | 56,381 | 63,721 |
| Property and equipment | 1,205,200 | 1,181,583 | 1,206,959 |
| Less: accumulated depreciation and depletion | 791,121 | 774,933 | 797,099 |
| Property and equipment, net | \$414,079 | \$ 406,650 | \$409,860 |

10. Debt Covenants and Events of Default

Our debt and credit agreements require us to comply with various affirmative, restrictive and financial covenants, including the financial covenants described below. Our failure to comply with any of these covenants, or to pay principal, interest or other amounts when due thereunder, would constitute an event of default under the applicable agreements. Under certain circumstances, the occurrence of an event of default under one of our debt or credit agreements (or the acceleration of the maturity of the indebtedness under one of our agreements) may constitute an event of default under one or more of our other debt or credit agreements. Default under our debt and credit agreements could result in (i) us no longer being entitled to borrow under the agreements; (ii) termination of the agreements; (iii) the requirement that any letters of credit under the agreements be cash collateralized; (iv) acceleration of the maturity of outstanding indebtedness under the agreements; and/or (v) foreclosure on any collateral securing the obligations under the agreements.

As of June 30, 2017, we had a \$292.5 million credit facility, of which \$200.0 million was a revolving credit facility and \$92.5 million was a term loan that matures on October 28, 2020 (the “Maturity Date”) and has a sublimit for letters of credit of \$100.0 million (the “Credit Agreement”).

As of June 30, 2017, December 31, 2016 and June 30, 2016, \$5.0 million of the term loan balance was included in current maturities of long-term debt and the remaining \$87.5 million, \$90.0 million and \$92.5 million, respectively, was included in long-term debt on the condensed consolidated balance sheets.

As of June 30, 2017 and December 31, 2016, \$30.0 million had been drawn from the Credit Agreement to service the 2016 installment of the 2019 Notes (defined below).

Senior notes payable in the amount of \$120.0 million as of both June 30, 2017 and December 31, 2016 and in the amount of \$160.0 million as of June 30, 2016 were due to a group of institutional holders and had an interest rate of 6.11% per annum (“2019 Notes”). As of June 30, 2017, three equal annual installments from 2017 through 2019 are remaining. Of the outstanding balances, \$110.0 million as of both June 30, 2017 and December 31, 2016 and \$150.0 million as of June 30, 2016 were included in long-term debt on the condensed consolidated balance sheets.

Of the \$40.0 million due for the 2017 installment of the 2019 Notes, \$30.0 million is included in long-term debt on the condensed consolidated balance sheets as of June 30, 2017 and December 31, 2016 as we have the ability and intent to pay these installments using borrowings under the Credit Agreement or by obtaining other sources of financing. The remaining \$10.0 million of the 2017 installment was included in current maturities of long-term debt as of June 30, 2017 and December 31, 2016.

Of the \$40.0 million due for the 2016 installment of the 2019 Notes, \$30.0 million was included in long-term debt on the condensed consolidated balance sheets as of June 30, 2016 as we had the ability and intent to pay these installments using borrowings under the Credit Agreement. The remaining \$10.0 million of the 2016 installment was included in current maturities of long-term debt as of June 30, 2016.

As of June 30, 2017, we were in compliance with all covenants contained in the Credit Agreement and related to the note purchase agreement governing our 2019 Notes. We are not aware of any non-compliance by any of our unconsolidated real estate entities with the covenants contained in their debt agreements.

Table of Contents

GRANITE CONSTRUCTION INCORPORATED

NOTES TO THE CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONTINUED

(Unaudited)

11. Weighted Average Shares Outstanding and Net Income (Loss) Per Share

The following table presents a reconciliation of the weighted average shares outstanding used in calculating basic and diluted net income (loss) per share as well as the calculation of basic and diluted net income (loss) per share:

| (in thousands, except per share amounts) | Three Months | | Six Months | |
|---|------------------------|-----------|------------------------|----------|
| | Ended June 30, 2017 | 2016 | Ended June 30, 2017 | 2016 |
| Numerator (basic and diluted): | | | | |
| Net income (loss) allocated to common shareholders for basic calculation | \$ 14,133 | \$ 14,199 | \$(9,657) | \$ 3,758 |
| Denominator: | | | | |
| Weighted average common shares outstanding, basic | 39,827 | 39,584 | 39,738 | 39,509 |
| Dilutive effect of common stock options and restricted stock units ¹ | 566 | 718 | — | 631 |
| Weighted average common shares outstanding, diluted | 40,393 | 40,302 | 39,738 | 40,140 |
| Net income (loss) per share, basic | \$0.35 | \$0.36 | \$(0.24) | \$0.10 |
| Net income (loss) per share, diluted | \$0.35 | \$0.35 | \$(0.24) | \$0.09 |

¹Due to the net loss for the six months ended June 30, 2017, restricted stock units of approximately 618,000 have been excluded from the number of shares used in calculating diluted net loss per share, as their inclusion would be antidilutive.

12. Equity

The following tables summarize our equity activity for the periods presented (in thousands):

| | Granite Construction Incorporated | Non-controlling Interests | Total Equity |
|---|---|------------------------------|-----------------|
| Balance at December 31, 2016 | \$ 885,988 | \$ 36,603 | \$922,591 |
| Purchases of common stock ¹ | (6,568) | — | (6,568) |
| Other transactions with shareholders and employees ² | 11,987 | — | 11,987 |
| Net (loss) income | (9,657) | 2,078 | (7,579) |
| Dividends on common stock | (10,354) | — | (10,354) |
| Balance at June 30, 2017 | \$ 871,396 | \$ 38,681 | \$910,077 |

| | | | |
|---|-----------|----------|-----------|
| Balance at December 31, 2015 | \$839,237 | \$30,884 | \$870,121 |
| Purchases of common stock ³ | (4,845) | — | (4,845) |
| Other transactions with shareholders and employees ² | 8,623 | — | 8,623 |
| Transactions with non-controlling interests, net | — | (3,355) | (3,355) |
| Net income | 3,758 | 5,005 | 8,763 |
| Dividends on common stock | (10,292) | — | (10,292) |
| Balance at June 30, 2016 | \$836,481 | \$32,534 | \$869,015 |

¹Represents 133,000 shares purchased in connection with employee tax withholding for restricted stock units vested under our 2012 Equity Incentive Plan.

²Amounts are comprised primarily of amortized restricted stock units.

³Represents 109,000 shares purchased in connection with employee tax withholding for restricted stock units vested under our 2012 Equity Incentive Plan.

Table of Contents

GRANITE CONSTRUCTION INCORPORATED

NOTES TO THE CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONTINUED

(Unaudited)

13. Legal Proceedings

In the ordinary course of business, we or our joint ventures and affiliates are involved in various legal proceedings alleging, among other things, public liability issues, breach of contract or tortious conduct in connection with the performance of services and/or materials provided. We are also subject to government inquiries and reporting requirements seeking information concerning our compliance with government construction contracting requirements and various laws and regulations. The outcomes of such proceedings and government inquiries cannot be predicted with certainty.

Some of the matters in which we or our joint ventures and affiliates are involved may include compensatory, punitive, or other claims or sanctions that, if granted, could require us to pay damages or make other expenditures in amounts that are not probable to be incurred or cannot currently be reasonably estimated. In addition, in some circumstances our government contracts could be terminated or suspended, we could be debarred or incur other administrative penalties or sanctions, or payment of our costs could be disallowed. While any of our pending legal proceedings may be subject to early resolution as a result of our ongoing efforts to settle, whether or when any legal proceeding will be resolved through settlement is neither predictable nor guaranteed.

Accordingly, it is possible that future developments in such proceedings and inquiries could require us to (i) adjust existing accruals, or (ii) record new accruals that we did not originally believe to be probable or that could not be reasonably estimated. Such changes could be material to our financial condition, results of operations and/or cash flows in any particular reporting period. In addition to matters that are considered probable for which the loss can be reasonably estimated, we also disclose certain matters where the loss is considered reasonably possible and is reasonably estimable.

Liabilities relating to legal proceedings and government inquiries, to the extent that we have concluded such liabilities are probable and the amounts of such liabilities are reasonably estimable, are recorded in our condensed consolidated balance sheets. The aggregate liabilities recorded as of June 30, 2017, December 31, 2016 and June 30, 2016 related to these matters were approximately \$1.0 million, \$4.3 million and \$0.7 million, respectively, and were primarily included in accrued expenses and other current liabilities. The aggregate range of reasonably possible loss amounts in excess of accrued losses recorded for probable loss contingencies, including those related to liquidated damages, could have a material impact on our consolidated financial statements if they become probable and the reasonably estimable amount is determined.

Table of Contents

GRANITE CONSTRUCTION INCORPORATED

NOTES TO THE CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONTINUED

(Unaudited)

14. Business Segment Information

Summarized segment information is as follows (in thousands):

| | Three Months Ended June 30, | | | Total |
|--|-----------------------------|----------------------------|------------------------|-----------|
| | Construction | Large Project Construction | Construction Materials | |
| 2017 | | | | |
| Total revenue from reportable segments | \$429,269 | \$ 254,463 | \$ 123,242 | \$806,974 |
| Elimination of intersegment revenue | — | — | (44,061) | (44,061) |
| Revenue from external customers | 429,269 | 254,463 | 79,181 | 762,913 |
| Gross profit | 62,504 | 495 | 11,571 | 74,570 |
| Depreciation, depletion and amortization | 5,441 | 3,081 | 5,417 | 13,939 |
| 2016 | | | | |
| Total revenue from reportable segments | \$331,346 | \$ 197,322 | \$ 115,342 | \$644,010 |
| Elimination of intersegment revenue | — | — | (39,431) | (39,431) |
| Revenue from external customers | 331,346 | 197,322 | 75,911 | 604,579 |
| Gross profit | 49,056 | 13,654 | 10,491 | 73,201 |
| Depreciation, depletion and amortization | 5,345 | 1,519 | 5,859 | 12,723 |

| | Six Months Ended June 30, | | | Total |
|--|---------------------------|----------------------------|------------------------|-------------|
| | Construction | Large Project Construction | Construction Materials | |
| 2017 | | | | |
| Total revenue from reportable segments | \$656,118 | \$ 461,496 | \$ 171,864 | \$1,289,478 |
| Elimination of intersegment revenue | — | — | (58,165) | (58,165) |
| Revenue from external customers | 656,118 | 461,496 | 113,699 | 1,231,313 |
| Gross profit | 90,453 | 3,050 | 6,193 | 99,696 |
| Depreciation, depletion and amortization | 10,435 | 4,967 | 10,615 | 26,017 |
| Segment assets | 142,456 | 312,891 | 295,068 | 750,415 |

| | | | | |
|--|-----------|------------|------------|-------------|
| 2016 | | | | |
| Total revenue from reportable segments | \$540,833 | \$ 392,771 | \$ 164,273 | \$1,097,877 |
| Elimination of intersegment revenue | — | — | (53,846) | (53,846) |
| Revenue from external customers | 540,833 | 392,771 | 110,427 | 1,044,031 |
| Gross profit | 75,989 | 27,159 | 9,298 | 112,446 |
| Depreciation, depletion and amortization | 9,870 | 2,988 | 11,196 | 24,054 |
| Segment assets | 151,877 | 306,440 | 297,910 | 756,227 |

A reconciliation of segment gross profit to consolidated income (loss) before provision for (benefit from) income taxes is as follows:

| (in thousands) | Three Months Ended June 30, | | Six Months Ended June 30, | |
|--|-----------------------------|----------|---------------------------|-----------|
| | 2017 | 2016 | 2017 | 2016 |
| Total gross profit from reportable segments | \$74,570 | \$73,201 | \$99,696 | \$112,446 |
| Selling, general and administrative expenses | 51,388 | 48,705 | 113,225 | 104,838 |
| Gain on sales of property and equipment | (807) | (1,366) | (1,077) | (1,966) |
| Total other income | (371) | (1,511) | (465) | (2,112) |

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Income (loss) before provision for (benefit from) income taxes \$24,360 \$27,373 \$(11,987) \$11,686

19

Table of Contents

Item 2. MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS OF FINANCIAL CONDITION AND RESULTS OF OPERATIONS

Forward-Looking Disclosure

From time to time, Granite makes certain comments and disclosures in reports and statements, including in this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q, or statements made by its officers or directors, that are not based on historical facts, including statements regarding future events, occurrences, circumstances, activities, performance, outcomes and results, that may constitute forward-looking statements within the meaning of the Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995. These forward-looking statements are identified by words such as "future," "outlook," "assumes," "believes," "expects," "estimates," "anticipates," "intends," "plans," "appears," "may," "will," "should," "could," "would," "continue," and thereof or other comparable terminology or by the context in which they are made. In addition, other written or oral statements that constitute forward-looking statements have been made and may in the future be made by or on behalf of Granite. These forward-looking statements are estimates reflecting the best judgment of senior management and reflect our current expectations regarding future events, occurrences, circumstances, activities, performance, outcomes and results. These expectations may or may not be realized. Some of these expectations may be based on beliefs, assumptions or estimates that may prove to be incorrect. In addition, our business and operations involve numerous risks and uncertainties, many of which are beyond our control, which could result in our expectations not being realized or otherwise materially affect our business, financial condition, results of operations, cash flows and liquidity. Such risks and uncertainties include, but are not limited to, those more specifically described in our Annual Report on Form 10-K under "Item 1A. Risk Factors." Due to the inherent risks and uncertainties associated with our forward-looking statements, the reader is cautioned not to place undue reliance on them. The reader is also cautioned that the forward-looking statements contained herein speak only as of the date of this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q and, except as required by law, we undertake no obligation to revise or update any forward-looking statements for any reason.

Overview

We are one of the largest diversified heavy civil contractors and construction materials producers in the United States, engaged in the construction and improvement of streets, roads, highways, mass transit facilities, airport infrastructure, bridges, trenchless and underground utilities, power-related facilities, water-related facilities, utilities, tunnels, dams and other infrastructure-related projects. We have three reportable business segments: Construction, Large Project Construction and Construction Materials (see Note 14 of "Notes to the Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements"). In addition to business segments, we review our business by operating groups and by public and private market sectors. Our operating groups are defined as follows: (i) California; (ii) Northwest, which primarily includes offices in Alaska, Arizona, Nevada, Utah and Washington; (iii) Heavy Civil, which primarily includes offices in California, Florida, New York and Texas; and (iv) Kenny, which primarily includes an office in Illinois.

The four primary economic drivers of our business are (i) the overall health of the U.S. economy; (ii) federal, state and local public funding levels; (iii) population growth resulting in public and private development; and (iv) the need to replace or repair aging infrastructure. Changes in these drivers can either reduce our revenues and/or gross profit margins or provide opportunities for revenue growth and gross profit margin improvement.

Table of Contents

Current Economic Environment and Outlook

Both public and private markets remain highly competitive, with record backlog of \$4.1 billion reflecting a backdrop of consistent, modest economic growth. Private market activity, across geographies and end markets, remains a key growth and diversification opportunity. Following decades of chronic under-investment, state, regional, and local public infrastructure investment is poised to grow. We continue to anticipate positive, multi-year demand from improved public-spending trends to have the most impact on our Construction and Construction Materials segments. The five-year Fixing America's Surface Transportation ("FAST") Act, passed in December 2015, remains a stabilizing force for state departments of transportation. While not a growth catalyst, the five-year, \$305 billion FAST Act broadened and stabilized state and local visibility through 2020. With a half dozen states joining a larger group in 2017, more than half of U.S. states have taken action over the past five years to stabilize maintenance and to reinvest in transportation infrastructure.

Notably in early April, the California legislature approved the passage of SB1, The Road Repair and Accountability Act of 2017. The 10-year, \$52.4 billion bill provides long overdue incremental funding for state and local transportation infrastructure beginning in the second half of 2017.

Managing risks and being compensated appropriately for the complex skills required to build tomorrow's great public infrastructure projects guides our Large Project Construction strategy, as we prioritize and pursue billions of dollars' worth of future North American projects. The market for these projects remains robust, and we are acutely focused on projects with appropriate returns relative to risks.

Results of Operations

Our operations are typically affected more by weather conditions during the first and fourth quarters of our fiscal year which may alter our construction schedules and can create variability in our revenues and profitability. Therefore, the results of operations of a given quarter are not indicative of the results to be expected for the full year.

The following table presents a financial summary for the three and six months ended June 30, 2017 and 2016:

| (in thousands) | Three Months Ended | | Six Months Ended June | |
|---|--------------------|-----------|-----------------------|-------------|
| | June 30, | June 30, | 30, | 2016 |
| | 2017 | 2016 | 2017 | 2016 |
| Total revenue | \$762,913 | \$604,579 | \$1,231,313 | \$1,044,031 |
| Gross profit | 74,570 | 73,201 | 99,696 | 112,446 |
| Operating income (loss) | 23,989 | 25,862 | (12,452) | 9,574 |
| Total other income | (371) | (1,511) | (465) | (2,112) |
| Net income (loss) attributable to Granite Construction Incorporated | 14,133 | 14,199 | (9,657) | 3,758 |

Revenue

Total Revenue by Segment

| (dollars in thousands) | Three Months Ended June 30, | | | | Six Months Ended June 30, | | | |
|----------------------------|-----------------------------|--------|-----------|--------|---------------------------|--------|-------------|--------|
| | 2017 | | 2016 | | 2017 | | 2016 | |
| Construction | \$429,269 | 56.2 % | \$331,346 | 54.8 % | \$656,118 | 53.3 % | \$540,833 | 51.8 % |
| Large Project Construction | 254,463 | 33.4 | 197,322 | 32.6 | 461,496 | 37.5 | 392,771 | 37.6 |
| Construction Materials | 79,181 | 10.4 | 75,911 | 12.6 | 113,699 | 9.2 | 110,427 | 10.6 |
| Total | \$762,913 | 100.0% | \$604,579 | 100.0% | \$1,231,313 | 100.0% | \$1,044,031 | 100.0% |

Table of Contents

Construction Revenue

| (dollars in thousands) | Three Months Ended June 30, | | | | Six Months Ended June 30, | | | |
|------------------------|-----------------------------|--------|-----------|--------|---------------------------|--------|-----------|--------|
| | 2017 | | 2016 | | 2017 | | 2016 | |
| California: | | | | | | | | |
| Public sector | \$97,106 | 22.6 % | \$82,711 | 24.9 % | \$155,808 | 23.7 % | \$153,346 | 28.4 % |
| Private sector | 50,499 | 11.8 | 41,126 | 12.4 | 74,561 | 11.4 | 75,458 | 14.0 |
| Northwest: | | | | | | | | |
| Public sector | 160,421 | 37.4 | 117,379 | 35.4 | 229,034 | 34.9 | 168,846 | 31.2 |
| Private sector | 22,153 | 5.2 | 28,049 | 8.5 | 34,206 | 5.2 | 38,392 | 7.1 |
| Heavy Civil | | | | | | | | |
| Public sector | 22,585 | 5.3 | 3,879 | 1.2 | 30,686 | 4.7 | 9,795 | 1.8 |
| Private sector | 1,513 | 0.4 | — | — | 2,632 | 0.4 | — | — |
| Kenny: | | | | | | | | |
| Public sector | 41,613 | 9.7 | 46,029 | 13.9 | 76,631 | 11.7 | 67,157 | 12.4 |
| Private sector | 33,379 | 7.8 | 12,173 | 3.7 | 52,560 | 8.0 | 27,839 | 5.1 |
| Total | \$429,269 | 100.0% | \$331,346 | 100.0% | \$656,118 | 100.0% | \$540,833 | 100.0% |

Construction revenue for the three and six months ended June 30, 2017 increased by \$97.9 million, or 29.6%, and \$115.3 million, or 21.3%, respectively, compared to the same periods in 2016. The increases were primarily due to an increase in beginning contract backlog across most operating groups as well as new work in the public sector of the Northwest and California operating groups and the private sector of the Kenny operating group.

Large Project Construction Revenue

| (dollars in thousands) | Three Months Ended June 30, | | | | Six Months Ended June 30, | | | |
|--------------------------|-----------------------------|--------|-----------|--------|---------------------------|--------|-----------|--------|
| | 2017 | | 2016 | | 2017 | | 2016 | |
| Heavy Civil ¹ | \$188,481 | 74.1 % | \$149,732 | 75.8 % | \$350,227 | 75.9 % | \$307,032 | 78.3 % |
| Northwest ¹ | 11,295 | 4.4 | 7,024 | 3.6 | 14,962 | 3.2 | 13,137 | 3.3 |
| California ¹ | 12,048 | 4.7 | 7,642 | 3.9 | 22,169 | 4.8 | 14,956 | 3.8 |
| Kenny | | | | | | | | |
| Public sector | 33,800 | 13.3 | 27,756 | 14.1 | 59,014 | 12.8 | 47,307 | 12.0 |
| Private sector | 8,839 | 3.5 | 5,168 | 2.6 | 15,124 | 3.3 | 10,339 | 2.6 |
| Total | \$254,463 | 100.0% | \$197,322 | 100.0% | \$461,496 | 100.0% | \$392,771 | 100.0% |

¹For the periods presented, this Large Project Construction revenue was earned only from the public sector.

Large Project Construction revenue for the three and six months ended June 30, 2017 increased by \$57.1 million, or 29.0%, and \$68.7 million, or 17.5%, respectively, compared to the same periods in 2016. The increases were primarily due to progress on projects partially offset by a net negative impact from revisions in estimates (see Note 3 of “Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements” for more information).

Construction Materials Revenue

| (dollars in thousands) | Three Months Ended June 30, | | | | Six Months Ended June 30, | | | |
|------------------------|-----------------------------|--------|----------|--------|---------------------------|--------|-----------|--------|
| | 2017 | | 2016 | | 2017 | | 2016 | |
| California | \$48,463 | 61.2 % | \$42,368 | 55.8 % | \$72,879 | 64.1 % | \$66,390 | 60.1 % |
| Northwest | 30,718 | 38.8 | 33,543 | 44.2 | 40,820 | 35.9 | 44,037 | 39.9 |
| Total | \$79,181 | 100.0% | \$75,911 | 100.0% | \$113,699 | 100.0% | \$110,427 | 100.0% |

Construction Materials revenue for the three and six months ended June 30, 2017 increased by \$3.3 million, or 4.3%, and \$3.3 million, or 3.0%, compared to the same periods in 2016. The increases were primarily due to a net increase in sales volume.

Table of Contents

Contract Backlog

Our contract backlog consists of the unearned revenue on awarded contracts, including 100% of our consolidated joint venture contracts and our proportionate share of unconsolidated joint venture contracts. We generally include a project in our contract backlog at the time it is awarded and to the extent we believe funding is probable. Certain government contracts where funding is appropriated on a periodic basis are included in contract backlog at the time of the award when it is probable the contract value will be funded and executed. Awarded contracts that include unexercised contract options and unissued task orders are included in contract backlog to the extent options are exercised or task order issuance is probable. Substantially all of the contracts in our contract backlog may be canceled or modified at the election of the customer; however, we have not been materially adversely affected by contract cancellations or modifications in the past.

Total Contract Backlog by Segment

| (dollars in thousands) | June 30, 2017 | | March 31, 2017 | | June 30, 2016 | |
|----------------------------|---------------|--------|----------------|--------|---------------|--------|
| Construction | \$1,266,504 | 31.2 % | \$1,175,474 | 34.2 % | \$1,144,965 | 30.5 % |
| Large Project Construction | 2,797,894 | 68.8 | 2,259,721 | 65.8 | 2,606,019 | 69.5 |
| Total | \$4,064,398 | 100.0% | \$3,435,195 | 100.0% | \$3,750,984 | 100.0% |

Construction Contract Backlog

| (dollars in thousands) | June 30, 2017 | | March 31, 2017 | | June 30, 2016 | |
|------------------------|---------------|--------|----------------|--------|---------------|--------|
| California: | | | | | | |
| Public sector | \$355,872 | 28.2 % | \$291,919 | 24.8 % | \$291,704 | 25.5 % |
| Private sector | 123,104 | 9.7 | 118,288 | 10.1 | 54,761 | 4.8 |
| Northwest: | | | | | | |
| Public sector | 422,700 | 33.4 | 367,652 | 31.3 | 340,673 | 29.8 |
| Private sector | 47,117 | 3.7 | 27,783 | 2.4 | 31,476 | 2.7 |
| Heavy Civil | | | | | | |
| Public sector | 64,844 | 5.1 | 86,003 | 7.3 | 97,390 | 8.5 |
| Private sector | 1,611 | 0.1 | 3,084 | 0.3 | — | — |
| Kenny: | | | | | | |
| Public sector | 175,017 | 13.8 | 204,864 | 17.3 | 300,076 | 26.2 |
| Private sector | 76,239 | 6.0 | 75,881 | 6.5 | 28,885 | 2.5 |
| Total | \$1,266,504 | 100.0% | \$1,175,474 | 100.0% | \$1,144,965 | 100.0% |

Construction contract backlog of \$1.3 billion at June 30, 2017 was \$91.0 million, or 7.7%, higher than at March 31, 2017 due to an improved success rate of bidding activity in the California and Northwest operating groups. These increases were partially offset by decreases from the progress and completion of existing projects in the Heavy Civil and Kenny operating groups. Significant new awards during the three months ended June 30, 2017 totaled \$110.0 million and included a highway rehabilitation project in Alaska, an agriculture inspection station project in California and a dam project in California.

Table of Contents

Large Project Construction Contract Backlog

| (dollars in thousands) | June 30, 2017 | | March 31, 2017 | | June 30, 2016 | |
|----------------------------|---------------|-------|----------------|-------|---------------|-------|
| Heavy Civil ¹ | \$2,200,119 | 78.7% | \$1,596,619 | 70.7% | \$1,783,863 | 68.5% |
| Northwest ¹ | 77,193 | 2.8 | 88,400 | 3.9 | 110,556 | 4.2 |
| California ¹ | 65,679 | 2.3 | 77,122 | 3.4 | 136,316 | 5.2 |
| Kenny: | | | | | | |
| Public sector ² | 369,780 | 13.2 | 403,618 | 17.8 | 487,344 | 18.7 |