SPECTRUM CONTROL INC Form 10-Q September 26, 2008

# UNITED STATES SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION WASHINGTON, D.C. 20549

# QUARTERLY REPORT UNDER SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

For the Period Ended August 31, 2008	Commission File Number 0-8796
Spectrum Control, Inc.	
Exact name of registrant as specified in	its charter
Pennsylvania	25-1196447
(State or other jurisdiction of incorporation or organization)	(I.R.S. Employer Identification Number)
8031 Avonia Road; Fairview, Pennsylvania	16415
(Address)	(Zip Code)
Registrant's telephone number, including area code:	(814) 474-2207
Former name, former address and former fiscal year, if changed	since last report
Indicate by check mark whether the registrant (1) has filed all respection 13 or 15 (d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during such shorter period that the registrant was required to file such resulting requirements for at least the past 90 days. Yes X	ng the preceding 12 months (or for eports), and (2) has been subject to
Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a large acceler non-accelerated filer. See definition of "accelerated filer and large the Exchange Act. (Check one):	
Large accelerated filer Accelerated filer_X Non-accelerated	filer
Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a shell compar Act). Yes No_X_	ny (as defined in Rule 12b-2 of the

Indicate the number of shares outstanding of each of the issuer's classes of common stock, as of the latest practical date.

#### Class

Number of Shares Outstanding as of September 15, 2008

Common, no par value

12,816,377

#### SPECTRUM CONTROL, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES

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# **Item 1. Financial Statements**

# SPECTRUM CONTROL, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES Condensed Consolidated Balance Sheets (Unaudited)

( Dollar Amounts in Thousands )	August 31, _2008_	November 30, 
Assets		
Current assets		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 6,449	\$ 5,183
Accounts receivable, less allowances of \$891		
in 2008 and \$971 in 2007	23,336	25,461
Inventories	27,410	25,458
Deferred income taxes	1,332	1,332
Prepaid expenses and other current assets	<u>2,336</u>	<u>911</u>
Total current assets	60.863	<u>58.345</u>
Property, plant and equipment, net	25,947	26,177
Other assets		
Goodwill	35,669	35,669
Other noncurrent assets	5.842	_6,728
Total other assets	41.511	42,397
Total assets	<u>\$ 128,321</u>	<u>\$ 126,919</u>
Liabilities and Stockholders' Equity		
Current liabilities		
Short-term debt	\$ 5,000	\$ 2,000
Accounts payable	6,275	6,764
Income taxes payable	37	1,391
Accrued liabilities	4,533	4,813
Current portion of long-term debt	<u>100</u>	<u>100</u>
Total current liabilities	<u> 15,945</u>	<u>15,068</u>
Long-term debt	942	1,031
Other liabilities	968	1,370
Deferred income taxes	7,911	7,582
Stockholders' equity		
Common stock, no par value, authorized		
25,000,000 shares, issued 14,248,772 shares		
in 2008 and 14,128,914 in 2007	47,658	46,950
Retained earnings	64,072	57,753
Treasury stock, 1,432,395 shares in 2008		

and 676,000 shares in 2007, at cost	(10,128)	(3,628)
Accumulated other comprehensive income	<u>953</u>	<u>793</u>
Total stockholders' equity	102,555	101,868
Total liabilities and stockholders' equity	<u>\$ 128,321</u>	<u>\$ 126,919</u>

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the financial statements. Top of Report

# SPECTRUM CONTROL, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES Condensed Consolidated Statements of Income (Unaudited)

( Amounts in Thousands Except Per Share Data )

(Amounts in Mousands Except Fer Shar	For the Three Months Ended  August 31.		For the Nine Mo August	
	2008	<u>2007</u>	2008_	<u>2007</u>
Net sales	\$33,124	\$35,418	\$96,852	\$101,863
Cost of products sold	24,532	25,320	73,329	<u>74,830</u>
Gross margin	8,592	10,098	23,523	27,033
Selling, general and administrative expense	4,933	<u>5,131</u>	<u>13,815</u>	14,207
Income from operations	3,659	4,967	9,708	12,826
Other income ( expense ) : Interest expense Other income and expense, net	(105) _ <u>16</u> _(89)	(127) <u>48</u> <u>(79)</u>	(244) <u>272</u> <u>28</u>	(453) <u>244</u> (209)
Income before provision for income taxes	3,570	4,888	9,736	12,617
Provision for income taxes	<u>1,216</u>	1,807	3,417	4,667
Net income	\$ 2.354	\$ 3.081	_\$ 6.319	\$ 7.950
Earnings per common share :				
Basic Diluted	<u>\$ 0.18</u> <u>\$ 0.18</u>	\$ 0.23 \$ 0.22	\$ 0.48 \$ 0.47	\$ 0.60 \$ 0.58
Average number of common shares outstanding:				
Basic	12,980	<u>13,411</u>	13,192	13,336
Diluted	<u>13,058</u>	<u>13,908</u>	<u>13,352</u>	<u>13,766</u>

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Dividends per common share \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ -

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the financial statements. <u>Top of Report</u>

# SPECTRUM CONTROL, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES Condensed Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows (Unaudited)

( Dollar Amounts in Thousands )	For the Nine Months Ended	
	August 31,	
	2008	2007
Cash Flows From Operating Activities :		
Net income	\$ 6,319	\$ 7,950
Adjustments to reconcile net income to		
net cash provided by operating activities:		
Depreciation	3,480	2,810
Amortization	541	686
Deferred income taxes	329	1,328
Equity-based compensation	194	22
Non-cash insurance recoveries	(402)	(571)
Changes in assets and liabilities, excluding		
effects of business acquisitions:		
Accounts receivable	2,119	(2,329)
Inventories	(1,829)	(2,216)
Prepaid expenses and other assets	(1,073)	665
Accounts payable and accrued expenses	(2,152)	<u>1,064</u>
Net cash provided by operating activities	<u>7,526</u>	9,409
Cash Flows From Investing Activities :		
Insurance proceeds related to property, plant and equipment	-	1,748
Purchase of property, plant and equipment	(3,244)	(2,968)
Payment for acquired businesses, net of cash received	<u>-</u> -	(2,365)
Net cash used in investing activities	_(3,244)	<u>(3.585)</u>
Cash Flows From Financing Activities :		
Net proceeds (repayment) of short-term borrowings	3,000	(6,000)
Repayment of long-term debt	(89)	(284)
Net proceeds from issuance of common stock	<u>514</u>	<u>1,055</u>
Purchase of common stock	(6,500)	
Net cash used in financing activities	_(3,075)	(5,229)
Effect of exchange rate changes on cash	<u>59</u>	_44
Net increase in cash and cash equivalents	1,266	639
Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of period	<u>5,183</u>	3,501

Cash and cash equivalents, end of period

\$ 6,449

\$ 4,140

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the financial statements. Top of Report

SPECTRUM CONTROL, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements August 31, 2008

#### Note 1 - Basis of Presentation

The accompanying unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements have been prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles for interim financial information and with the instructions to Form 10-Q and Article 10 of Regulation S-X. Accordingly, they do not include all of the information and notes required by generally accepted accounting principles for complete financial statements. In the opinion of management, the accompanying financial statements include all adjustments which are normal, recurring and necessary to present fairly the results for the interim periods. Operating results for interim periods are not necessarily indicative of the results that may be expected for the entire year.

The condensed consolidated financial statements include the accounts of Spectrum Control, Inc. and its Subsidiaries ("the Company"). All significant intercompany accounts are eliminated upon consolidation.

The preparation of the consolidated financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements, the disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities, and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

The income tax rates utilized for interim financial statement purposes for the periods ended August 31, 2008 and 2007 are based on estimates of income and other pertinent tax matters for the entire year.

The balance sheet at November 30, 2007 has been derived from the audited financial statements at that date but does not include all of the information and notes required by generally accepted accounting principles for complete financial statements.

For further information, refer to the consolidated financial statements and notes thereto included in the Spectrum Control, Inc. and Subsidiaries annual report on Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended November 30, 2007.

#### Note 2 - Nature of Operations

The Company designs and manufactures control products and systems for the electronics industry, and has operations in the United States, Mexico, China and Germany. The Company offers a broad line of signal, power, microwave, and sensor products which are used to condition, regulate, transmit, receive, or govern electronic performance. Although its products are used in many industries worldwide, the Company's largest individual markets are military/defense and communications equipment.

### Note 3 - Revenue Recognition and Product Warranties

Revenue is recognized when all significant contractual obligations have been met, the sales price is fixed and determinable, and collection of the resulting receivable is reasonably assured. Product sales are generally recorded at the time of shipment when title passes under the terms FOB shipping point or Ex Works. Payments received from customers in advance of products shipped are recorded as deferred revenue until earned. Sales of consigned inventories are recorded when the customer has taken title and assumed the risks and rewards of ownership as specified in the customer's purchase order or sales agreement. Sales to third party distributors are made under contractual agreements which allow for limited rights of return and replacement. The contractual agreements do not provide any price protection for unsold inventory held by the distributor. Service revenues are recorded when the related services are performed. Patent

licensing fees are recorded when the related technology rights are transferred.

The Company's contracts and customer purchase orders do not include any customer acceptance clauses. In addition, the Company does not normally offer or grant any discounts. The Company's product warranties generally extend for one year, and are limited to the repair and replacement value of the product. The Company does not have any other post shipment obligations. Sales returns and warranty expense are recorded as incurred and were not material in any of the periods presented herein.

### Note 4 - Equity-Based Compensation

The Company has two stock option plans that provide for granting to officers, directors, and employees options to purchase shares of the Company's Common Stock. Under the plans, option prices are not less than the market price of the Company's Common Stock on the date of the grant. The options become exercisable at varying dates and generally expire five years from the date of grant. At August 31, 2008, options to purchase 1,205,983 shares of Common Stock were available for grant under the Company's stock option plans.

A summary of the Company's stock option activity for the nine month period ended August 31, 2008 is as follows:

	Number of Shares		Option Price	
	Under <u>Option</u>	Per Share	Weigthed <u>Average</u>	_Aggregate_
Outstanding - November 30, 2007	1,065,967	\$ 5.05 - 8.68	\$ 6.93	\$ 7,390,000
Granted during the period	380,500	8.38 - 15.00	11.94	4,544,000
Exercised during the period	(151,733)	5.05 - 8.68	5.38	(816,000)
Cancellations and forfeitures	<u>(191.000)</u>	<u>15.00</u>	<u>15.00</u>	(2,865,000)
Outstanding - August 31, 2008	<u>1,103,734</u>	<u>\$ 6.31 - 9.30</u>	<u>\$ 7.48</u>	\$ 8,253,000
Exercisable - August 31, 2008	<u>504,932</u>	<u>\$ 6.31 - 8.68</u>	<u>\$ 7.69</u>	<u>\$ 3,883,000</u>

The following table summarizes significant ranges of outstanding and exercisable stock options at August 31, 2008:

Option Price Range	Number of Shares	S Under Option
Per Share	Outstanding	Exercisable
\$ 6.31 - 7.00	461,000	139,666
7.01 - 8.00	242,234	154,266
8.01 - 9.00	305,000	211,000
9.01 - 9.30	95,500	-

At August 31, 2008, the aggregate intrinsic value of all outstanding stock options was \$1,063,000, including an aggregate intrinsic value of \$288,000 for all exercisable stock options. During the nine month period ended August 31, 2008, stock options were exercised for 151,733 shares, which had an aggregate intrinsic value of \$568,000. At August 31, 2008, the weighted average remaining contractual life of outstanding options was approximately 2.3 years.

The fair value of each option granted is determined, as of the date of grant, using the Black-Scholes option pricing model, with expected volatilities based upon historical volatility of the Company's stock, and historical data used to estimate option exercise and employee terminations within the valuation model. In addition, risk-free interest rates within the contractual

life of the options are based on the U.S. Treasury yield curve in effect at the time of grant. During the nine month period ended August 31, 2008, options to purchase 380,500 shares of the Company's Common Stock were granted with the following weighted average assumptions:

	Nine Months Ended August 31, 2008
Expected volatility	33.10%
Risk-free interest rate	2.75%
Expected dividend yield	0.00%
Expected option life in years	5.00
Fair value per share	\$ 3.89

Options granted during the nine month period ended August 31, 2008, included options for 191,000 shares at an exercise price of \$15.00 per share (the "original options"). These options were subsequently modified by cancelling all 191,000 of the original options and then concurrently replacing them with options for 95,500 shares at an exercise price of \$9.30 per share (the "replacement options"). All other terms of the replacement options remained the same as the original options. The fair value of the replacement options was determined to be less than the fair value of the original options immediately before cancellation. Accordingly, in accordance with the provisions set forth in Statement of Financial Accounting Standards No. 123 (revised), "Share-Based Payment", no incremental compensation cost is being recognized for the modification of the original options.

No options were granted by the Company during the fiscal year ended November 30, 2007.

For the periods ended August 31, 2008 and 2007, equity-based compensation expense (related to stock options) was as follows (in thousands):

	Three Months Ended <u>August 31.</u>		Nine Months Ended _August 31,_	
	2008	2007	2008	2007
Equity-based compensation expense	\$ 70	\$ 7	\$ 194	\$ 22

The above amounts have been included in general and administrative expense in the accompanying consolidated statements of income.

At August 31, 2008, the total future equity-based compensation expense related to nonvested options is expected to be recognized as follows (in thousands):

2008	\$ 70
2009	292
2010	292
2011	292
2012	_28
	\$ 974

Note 5 - Inventories

Inventories by major classification are as follows (in thousands):

	August 31,	November 30,
	2008	2007
Finished goods	\$ 3,279	\$ 3,084
Work-in-process	9,840	7,741
Raw materials	<u> 14,291</u>	14,633
	<u>\$27,410</u>	<u>\$25,458</u>

Inventories are presented net of aggregate inventory reserves of \$2,550,000 at August 31, 2008 and \$1,228,000 at November 30, 2007.

# Note 6 - Property, Plant and Equipment

Property, plant and equipment by major classification are as follows (in thousands):

	August 31,	November 30,
	2008	2007
Land and improvements	\$ 2.256	\$ 2,252
•	• ,	. ,
Buildings and improvements	15,942	15,765
Machinery and equipment	<u>40,199</u>	<u>37,109</u>
	58,397	55,126
Less accumulated depreciation	32,450	28,949
	<u>\$25,947</u>	<u>\$26,177</u>

### Note 7 - Goodwill

Changes in the carrying amount of goodwill for the periods ended August 31, 2008 and 2007, in total and for each reportable segment, are summarized as follows (in thousands):

	Signal and Power Integrity Components	Microwave Components and <u>Systems</u>	Sensors and <u>Controls</u>	<u>Total</u>
Nine Months Ended August 31, 2008				
Goodwill, beginning of period	\$ 14,243	\$ 13,720	\$ 7,706	\$ 35,669
Goodwill acquired	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>
Goodwill, end of period	\$ 14,243	\$ 13,720	\$ 7,706	\$ 35,669

Nine Months Ended
August 31, 2007

Goodwill, beginning of period	\$ 14,243	\$ 12,559	\$ 7,706	\$ 34,508
Goodwill acquired	<u>-</u>	<u>1,161</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>1,161</u>
Goodwill, end of period	<u>\$ 14,243</u>	<u>\$ 13,720</u>	<u>\$ 7,706</u>	\$ 35,669

On January 26, 2007, the Company acquired substantially all of the assets and assumed certain liabilities of EMF Systems, Inc. ("EMF") at an aggregate cash purchase price of \$2,365,000. Based upon the Company's final allocation of its purchase price for EMF, goodwill of \$1,161,000 was recorded in the nine month period ended August 31, 2007.

### Note 8 - Other Noncurrent Assets

Other noncurrent assets by major classification are as follows (in thousands):

	August 31,	November 30,
	2008	2007
Amortizable assets:		
Customer-related intangibles	\$ 5,798	\$ 5,798
Patents and patent rights	310	280
Debt issuance costs	<u>38</u>	205
	6,146	6,283
Less accumulated amortization	3.025	<u>2,651</u>
	<u>3,121</u>	<u>3,632</u>
Other assets:		
Prepaid environmental liability	0.500	0.004
insurance (see Note 11)	2,506	2,994
Deferred charges	<u>215</u>	<u>102</u>
	2,721	<u>3,096</u>
Other noncurrent assets	\$ 5,842	\$ 6,728

For the periods ended August 31, 2008 and 2007, amortization of intangible assets was as follows (in thousands):

		Three Months Ended August 31.		Nine Months Ended August 31.	
	2008	2007	2008	2007	
Amortization expense	\$ 180	\$ 246	\$ 541	\$ 686	

For each of the five fiscal years ending November 30, 2012, amortization expense is expected to be \$699,000, \$570,000, \$479,000, \$430,000, and \$430,000, respectively.

### Note 9 - Short-Term Debt

Short-term debt consists of the following (in thousands):

Short-term debt consists of the following (in thousands).	August 31, _2008_	November 30, 
Notes payable - domestic line of credit (1)	\$ 5,000	\$ 2,000
Notes payable - foreign line of credit (2)	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>
	<u>\$ 5.000</u>	\$ 2,000

- (1) The Company maintains a domestic line of credit with its principal lending institution (the "Bank") in the aggregate amount of \$25,000,000, with an additional \$10,000,000 expansion feature. Borrowings under the line of credit are secured by substantially all of the Company's tangible and intangible personal property, and bear interest at rates below the prevailing prime rate. During the nine month period ended August 31, 2008, weighted average borrowings under the revolving line of credit amounted to \$3,738,000, with an average interest rate of 3.76%, and maximum month-end borrowings of \$7,000,000. During the nine month period ended August 31, 2007, weighted average borrowings under the revolving line of credit amounted to \$6,978,000, with an average interest rate of 6.56%, and maximum month-end borrowings of \$9,000,000. The line of credit agreement contains certain covenants, the most restrictive of which require the Company to maintain designated minimum levels of net worth and profitability, and impose certain restrictions on the Company regarding additional indebtedness. At August 31, 2008, the Company was in compliance with all debt covenants. The current line of credit agreement expires in December 2010.
- (2) The Company's wholly-owned German subsidiary maintains an unsecured Euro line of credit with a German financial institution aggregating \$1,472,000 (Euro 1,000,000). During the periods ended August 31, 2008 and 2007, no borrowings were outstanding under this line of credit arrangement. Future borrowings, if any, will bear interest at rates below the prevailing prime rate and will be payable upon demand.

#### Note 10 - Accrued Liabilities

Accrued liabilities by major classification are as follows (in thousands):

	August 31, _2008_	November 30, 
Accrued salaries and wages	\$ 3,119	\$ 3,771
Accrued environmental remediation costs (see Note 11)	356	356
Accrued interest	82	109
Accrued other expenses	<u>976</u>	<u>577</u>
	<u>\$ 4,533</u>	<u>\$ 4.813</u>

### Note 11 - Other Liabilities

Other liabilities consist of the following (in thousands):

	August 31, _2008_	November 30, _2007_
Accrued environmental remediation costs	\$ 1,324	\$ 1,726
Less current portion	<u>356</u>	<u>356</u>
	<u>\$ 968</u>	<u>\$ 1,370</u>

In December 2005, the Company acquired certain land and manufacturing facilities in State College, Pennsylvania. The property, which was acquired from Murata Electronics North America ("Murata"), consists of approximately 53 acres of land and 250,000 square feet of manufacturing facilities. Among other uses, the acquired facilities have become the design and manufacturing center for the Company's ceramic operations, replacing the ceramic operations previously conducted by the Company in New Orleans, Louisiana.

The purchase price for the acquired property consisted of: (a) \$1.00, plus (b) closing costs of \$695,000 including realtor commissions, transfer taxes, and legal fees; plus (c) the assumption of, and indemnification of Murata against, all environmental liabilities related to the property. The acquired property has known environmental conditions that require remediation, and certain hazardous materials previously used on the property have migrated into neighboring third party areas. These environmental issues arose from the use of chlorinated organic solvents including tetrachloroethylene ("PCE") and trichloroethylene ("TCE"). As a condition to the purchase, the Company entered into an agreement with the Pennsylvania Department of Environmental Protection ("PADEP") pursuant to which: (a) the Company agreed to remediate all known environmental conditions relating to the property to a specified industrial standard, with the Company's costs for remediating such conditions being capped at \$4,000,000; (b) PADEP released Murata from further claims by Pennsylvania under specified state laws for the known environmental conditions; and (c) the Company purchased an insurance policy providing clean-up cost cap coverage (for known and unknown pollutants) with a combined coverage limit of approximately \$8,200,000, and pollution legal liability coverage (for possible third party claims) with an aggregate coverage limit of \$25,000,000. The total premium cost for the insurance policy, which has a ten year term and an aggregate deductible of \$650,000, was \$4,762,000. The cost of the insurance associated with the environmental clean-up (\$3,604,000) is being charged to general and administrative expense in direct proportion to the actual remediation costs incurred. The cost of the insurance associated with the pollution legal liability coverage (\$1,158,000) is being charged to general and administrative expense on a pro rata basis over the ten year policy term.

Based upon its environmental review of the property, the Company recorded a liability of \$2,888,000 to cover probable future environmental expenditures related to the remediation, the cost of which is expected to be entirely covered by the insurance policy. As of August 31, 2008, remediation expenditures of \$1,564,000 have been incurred and charged against the environmental liability, with all such expenditures being reimbursed by the insurance carrier. The remaining aggregate undiscounted expenditures of \$1,324,000, which are anticipated to be incurred over the next seven years, principally consist of: (a) continued operation and monitoring of the existing on-site groundwater extraction, treatment, and recharge system; (b) implementation of a chemical oxidation system, subject to the results of a laboratory treatability study; (c) completion of soil investigations to determine the extent of potential soil contamination; (d) excavation and off-site disposal of soil containing contaminates above acceptable standards; and (e) implementation of soil vapor extraction systems in certain areas.

Depending upon the results of future environmental testing and remediation actions, it is possible that the ultimate costs incurred could exceed the current aggregate estimate of \$2,888,000. The Company expects such increase, if any, to be entirely covered by the insurance policy. Insurance recoveries for actual environmental remediation costs incurred are recorded when it is probable that such insurance reimbursement will be received and the related amounts are determinable. Such insurance recoveries are credited to the Company's general and administrative expenses.

Based on the Company's current remediation plan, \$356,000 of the total remediation costs are expected to be incurred during the next twelve months.

Note 12 - Treasury Stock

The Board of Directors has authorized the Company to repurchase up to \$11,000,000 of the Company's Common Stock at market prices. The amount and timing of the shares to be repurchased are at the discretion of management. During the nine month period ended August 31, 2008, the Company repurchased 756,395 shares at an aggregate cost of \$6,500,000. Since the inception of the stock buyback program, the Company has repurchased 1,432,395 shares at an aggregate cost of \$10,128,000. The repurchased shares are held as treasury stock.

### Note 13 - Derivatives and Hedging Activities

From time to time, the Company enters into forward currency exchange contracts in the regular course of business to manage its exposure against foreign currency fluctuations on sales denominated in foreign currencies. The terms of these contracts are generally nine months or less.

At August 31, 2008 and 2007, the Company had no forward contracts outstanding.

#### Note 14 - Income Taxes

Effective December 1, 2007, the Company adopted Financial Accounting Standards Board ("FASB") Interpretation No. 48, "Accounting for Uncertainty in Income Taxes - an interpretation of FASB Statement No. 109" ("FIN 48" or the "Interpretation"). FIN 48 clarifies the accounting for uncertainty in income taxes recognized in an enterprise's financial statements in accordance with FASB Statement of Financial Accounting Standards No. 109, "Accounting for Income Taxes". The Interpretation prescribes a minimum recognition threshold and measurement attributes for the financial statement recognition and measurement of a tax position taken or expected to be taken on a tax return. FIN 48 requires that an enterprise determine whether it is more-likely-than-not that a tax position will be sustained upon examination, including resolution of any related appeals or litigation processes, based on the technical merits of the position. A tax position that meets the more-likely-than-not threshold is then measured to determine the amount of benefit to recognize in the financial statements. Additionally, FIN 48 provides guidance on derecognition, classification, interest and penalties, accounting for interim periods, disclosure, and transition.

The adoption of FIN 48 did not give rise to any cumulative effect adjustment to retained earnings or any reclassification of the Company's income tax assets and liabilities. For the quarter ended August 31, 2008, the Company's liability for unrecognized tax benefits increased by \$30,000, primarily related to the uncertain tax positions taken in the current period. As of August 31, 2008 and December 1, 2007, the Company had \$98,000 and \$68,000, respectively, of unrecognized tax benefits which, if recognized, would affect the Company's effective tax rate.

The Company's practice is to recognize interest and penalties related to income tax matters as income tax expense. For each of the periods presented herein, there were no significant amounts accrued or charged to expense for tax-related interest and penalties.

Although no income tax examinations are currently in process, the Company is subject to possible income tax examinations for its U.S. federal income tax returns filed for the tax years 2004 to present, and the tax year 2001 to present for most state income tax returns. International tax statutes may vary widely regarding the tax years subject to examination, but generally range from 2004 to the present.

For the nine month periods ended August 31, 2008 and 2007, the Company's effective income tax rate was 35.1% and 37.0%, respectively, compared to an applicable federal and state statutory income tax rate of 40.0%. Differences between the effective tax rate and statutory tax rate primarily arise from domestic production activities deductions, research tax credits, state tax provisions and foreign income tax rates.

#### Note 15 - Earnings Per Common Share

The following table sets forth the computation of basic and diluted earnings per common share for the periods indicated:

 Three Months Ended
 Nine Months Ended

 \_August 31.
 \_August 31.

 2008
 \_2007
 \_2008
 \_2007

Numerator for basic and diluted earnings per

common share (in thousands):

Net income	<u>\$ 2,354</u>	\$ 3.081	<u>\$ 6,319</u>	<u>\$ 7,950</u>
Denominator for basic				
earnings per common				
share (in thousands):				
Weighted average				
shares outstanding	<u>12,980</u>	<u>13,411</u>	<u>13,192</u>	<u>13.336</u>
Denominator for diluted				
earnings per common				
share (in thousands):				
Weighted average				
shares outstanding	12,980	13,411	13,192	13,336
Effect of dilutive	_ <del>78</del>	_497	<u> 160</u>	_430
stock options				
	<u>13,058</u>	<u>13,908</u>	<u>13.352</u>	<u>13,766</u>
Earnings per common share:				
Basic	\$ 0.18	\$ 0.23	\$ 0.48	\$ 0.60
Diluted	<u>\$ 0.18</u>	\$ 0.22	\$ 0.47	<u>\$ 0.58</u>

Options to purchase 404,500 shares of Common Stock, at a weighted average exercise price of \$8.75 per share, were outstanding at August 31, 2008, but were not included in the computation of diluted earnings per share because their inclusion would be antidilutive.

# Note 16 - Comprehensive Income

The components of comprehensive income are as follows (in thousands):

, ,		Three Months Ended _August 31,		ns Ended <u>st 31,</u>
	2008	2007	2008	2007
Net income	\$ 2,354	\$ 3,081	\$ 6,319	\$ 7,950
Foreign currency translation				
adjustments	<u>(176)</u>	_43	<u>160</u>	<u>119</u>
Comprehensive income	<u>\$ 2,178</u>	\$ 3,124	<u>\$ 6,479</u>	\$ 8,069

The components of accumulated other comprehensive income are as follows (in thousands):

August 31,

November 30,

2008

2007

Foreign currency translation adjustments

\$ 953

\$ 793

# Note 17 - Supplemental Cash Flow Information

Supplemental cash flow information consists of the following (in thousands):

Nine Months Ended August 31,

2008 2007

Cash paid during the period for:

Interest \$ 271 \$ 544 1,700

Income taxes 4,157

Liabilities assumed in connection with:

**Business acquisitions** 104

### Note 18 - Reportable Operating Segments

The Company was founded as a solutions-oriented company, designing and manufacturing products to suppress or eliminate electromagnetic interference ("EMI"). In recent years, the Company has broadened its focus and product lines to become a control products and systems company, providing a wide range of components and systems used to condition. regulate, transmit, receive, or govern electronic performance.

The Company's current operations are conducted in four reportable segments: signal and power integrity components; microwave components and systems; power management systems; and sensors and controls. The Company's Signal and Power Integrity Components Business designs and manufactures a broad range of products including low pass EMI filters, filter plates, filtered connectors, specialty ceramic capacitors, power entry modules, power line filters, and our motor line feed thru ("MLFT") filters. Our Microwave Components and Systems Business designs and manufactures microwave filters, waveguides, amplifiers, frequency mixers, oscillators, synthesizers, multiple channel filter banks, and related products and integrated assemblies. The Power Management Systems Business designs and manufactures breaker and fuse interface panels, custom power outlet strips, and our Smart Start power management systems. Our Sensors and Controls Business designs and manufactures rotary and linear precision potentiometers, temperature sensing probes, thermistors, resistance temperature detector sensors, and related assemblies. The reportable segments are each managed separately because they manufacture and sell distinct products with different production processes.

The Company evaluates performance and allocates resources to its reportable segments based upon numerous factors, including segment income before income taxes. The accounting policies of the reportable segments are the same as those utilized in the preparation of the Company's consolidated financial statements. However, substantially all of the Company's general and administrative expenses, and nonoperating expenses, are not allocated to the Company's reportable operating segments. Accordingly, these expenses are not deducted in arriving at segment income.

For each period presented in the following tables, the accounting policies and procedures used to determine segment income have been consistently applied. Reportable segment information for the periods ended August 31, 2008 and 2007, is as follows (in thousands):

Signal

and Power Microwave Integrity Components Components and Systems

Power Management Systems

Sensors and Controls

# Three Months Ended August 31:

Revenue from unaffiliated customers Segment income	13,225 2,675	11,483 1,166	2,341 425	6,075 1,165
Three Months Ended August 31: 2007				
Revenue from unaffiliated customers Segment income	15,538 3,054	12,641 2,758	1,836 287	5,403 739
Nine Months Ended August 31: 2008				
Revenue from unaffiliated customers	40,040	32,230	7,731	16,851
Segment income	7,021	3,432	1,415	2,621
Nine Months Ended August 31: _2007				
Revenue from unaffiliated customers	45,592	35,454	5,269	15,548
Segment income	7,927	6,686	824	2,189

A reconciliation of total reportable segment income to consolidated income before provision for income taxes for the periods ended August 31, 2008 and 2007 is as follows (in thousands):

	Three Months Ended  August 31.			ths Ended st 31,_
	2008	2007	2008	2007
Total income for reportable				
segments	\$ 5,431	\$ 6,838	\$ 14,489	\$ 17,626
Unallocated amounts:				
General and				
administrative expense	(1,772)	(1,871)	(4,781)	(4,800)
Interest expense	(105)	(127)	(244)	(453)
Other income and (expense), net	<u>16</u>	<u>48</u>	<u>272</u>	<u>244</u>

Consolidated income before

provision for income taxes \$3,570 \$4,888 \$9,736 \$12,617

#### Note 19 - Contingencies

The Company is subject to certain legal proceedings and claims arising in the ordinary course of business. In the opinion of management, the amount of any ultimate liability with respect to these actions will not materially affect the Company's consolidated financial position, results of operations, or cash flows.

#### Note 20 - Recent Accounting Pronouncements

In May 2008, the Financial Accounting Standards Board ("FASB") issued Statement of Financial Accounting Standards No. 162, "The Hierarchy of Generally Accepted Accounting Principles" ("SFAS No. 162"). The purpose of this statement is to improve financial reporting by providing a consistent framework for determining applicable accounting principles generally accepted in the United States. SFAS No. 162 will become effective 60 days after the SEC's approval. The Company believes that the adoption of this standard on its effective date will not have a material effect on its consolidated financial condition, results of operations, or cash flows.

In March 2008, the FASB issued Statement of Financial Accounting Standards No. 161, "Disclosures about Derivative Instruments and Hedging Activities, an amendment of FASB Statement No. 133" ("SFAS No. 161"), which requires enhanced disclosures about an entity's derivative and hedging activities. Entities will be required to provide additional disclosures about (1) how and why an entity uses derivative instruments; (2) how derivative instruments and related hedged items are accounted for under existing accounting pronouncements, and (3) how derivative instruments and related hedged items affect an entity's financial position, financial performance, and cash flows. This standard is effective for financial statements issued for fiscal years and interim periods beginning after November 15, 2008, and encourages but does not require comparative disclosures for earlier periods at the initial adoption. The Company is currently in the process of assessing the expected impact of this standard on its financial statement disclosures.

In December 2007, the FASB issued Statement of Financial Accounting Standards No. 141 (revised 2007) "Business Combinations" ("SFAS No. 141R"). The objective of SFAS No. 141R is to improve the relevance, representational faithfulness, and comparability of the information that a reporting entity provides in its financial reports about a business combination and its effects. Specifically, it establishes principles and requirements over how the acquirer (1) recognizes and measures in its financial statements the identifiable assets acquired, the liabilities assumed, and any noncontrolling interest in the acquiree; (2) recognizes and measures the goodwill acquired in the business combination or a gain from a bargain purchase, and (3) determines what information to disclose to enable users of the financial statements to evaluate the nature and financial effects of the business combination. SFAS No. 141R will change the accounting treatment for certain specific items, including acquisition-related costs, acquired contingent liabilities, and restructuring costs associated with the acquisition. SFAS No. 141R applies prospectively to business combinations for which the acquisition date is on or after the beginning of the first annual reporting period beginning on or after December 15, 2008 (the Company's 2010 fiscal year). Once adopted, the Company believes SFAS No. 141R will have an impact on accounting for business combinations, but the effect is dependent upon the nature and terms of the acquisitions made at that time.

In September 2006, the FASB issued Statement of Financial Accounting Standards No. 157, "Fair Value Measurements" ("SFAS No. 157"), which addresses how companies should measure fair value when they are required to use a fair value measure for recognition or disclosure purposes under accounting principles generally accepted in the United States. SFAS No. 157 is effective for fiscal years beginning after November 15, 2007 (the Company's 2008 fiscal year). In February 2008, the FASB issued FASB Staff Position No. 157-2, "Effective Date of FASB Statement No. 157" ("FSB 157-2"). FSP 157-2 delays the effective date of SFAS No. 157 for certain non-financial assets and non-financial liabilities to fiscal years beginning after November 15, 2008 (the Company's 2009 fiscal year). SFAS No. 157 defines fair value, establishes a framework for measuring fair value under generally accepted accounting principles and enhances disclosures about fair value measurements. Valuation techniques used to measure fair value under SFAS No. 157 must maximize the use of observable inputs and minimize the use of unobservable inputs. The standard describes a fair value hierarchy based on three levels of inputs, of which the first two are considered observable and the last unobservable, that may be used to measure fair value.

• Level 1 - Quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities.

- Level 2 Inputs other than Level 1 that are observable, either directly or indirectly, such as quoted prices for similar assets or liabilities; quoted prices in markets that are not active; or other inputs that are observable or can be corroborated by observable market data for substantially the full term of the assets or liabilities.
- Level 3 Unobservable inputs that are supported by little or no market activity and that are significant to the fair value of the assets or liabilities.

The Company has adopted SFAS No. 157 for financial assets and liabilities. The adoption of SFAS No. 157 did not have a material impact on the Company's consolidated financial condition, results of operations, or cash flows. Top of Report

# Item 2. Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations

The following discussion and analysis may be understood more fully by reference to the consolidated financial statements, notes to the consolidated financial statements, and management's discussion and analysis contained in the Spectrum Control, Inc. and Subsidiaries annual report on Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended November 30, 2007. All references to "we", "us", "our", or the "Company" in the following discussion and analysis mean Spectrum Control, Inc. and its Subsidiaries.

#### Overview

We were founded as a solutions-oriented company, designing and manufacturing products to suppress or eliminate electromagnetic interference ("EMI"). In recent years, we broadened our focus and product lines to become a control products and systems company, providing a wide range of components and systems used to condition, regulate, transmit, receive, or govern electronic performance. Although our components and systems are used in many industries worldwide, our largest individual markets are military/defense and communications equipment which represented 48.0% and 20.0%, respectively, of our fiscal 2007 sales. Military/defense applications for our products include secure communications, smart weapons and munitions, countermeasures for improvised explosive devices, radar systems, military aircraft and vehicles, and simulation equipment. In communications, our products are used in numerous systems including wireless base stations, broadband switching equipment, global positioning systems, Wi-Fi, and optical networks. Automotive represents an emerging market for our products, with significant applications in DC motors, telematics, and electronic safety controls. Other markets for our products include medical instrumentation, industrial equipment, commercial aerospace, computers, and storage devices.

Our operations are currently conducted in four reportable segments: signal and power integrity components; microwave components and systems; power management systems; and sensors and controls. Our Signal and Power Integrity Components Business designs and manufactures a broad range of products including low pass EMI filters, filter plates, filtered connectors, specialty ceramic capacitors, power entry modules, power line filters, and our motor line feed thru ("MLFT") filters. Our Microwave Components and Systems Business designs and manufactures microwave filters, waveguides, amplifiers, frequency mixers, oscillators, synthesizers, multiple channel filter banks, and related products and integrated assemblies. The Power Management Systems Business designs and manufactures breaker and fuse interface panels, custom power outlet strips, and our Smart Start power management systems. Our Sensors and Controls Business designs and manufactures rotary and linear precision potentiometers, temperature sensing probes, thermistors, resistance temperature detector sensors, and related assemblies.

We recognize revenue when all significant contractual obligations have been met, the sales price is fixed and determinable, and the collection of the resulting receivable is reasonably assured. As a result, product sales are generally recorded at the time of shipment when title passes under the terms FOB shipping point or Ex Works. Payments received from customers in advance of products shipped are recorded as deferred revenue until earned.

# Forward-Looking Information

The following discussion includes certain "forward-looking statements" within the meaning of the federal securities laws, including statements regarding: (1) our belief as to future market conditions, (2) our anticipated capital expenditures, and (3) our expected future operating requirements and financing needs. The words "believe", "expect", "anticipate" and similar expressions identify forward-looking statements. These forward-looking statements are subject to certain risks and uncertainties which could cause actual results to differ materially from historical results or those anticipated. Factors that

could cause or contribute to such differences include those discussed in "Risk Factors That May Affect Future Results", as well as those discussed elsewhere herein. Readers are cautioned not to place undue reliance on these forward-looking statements.

### **Executive Summary**

During the third quarter of fiscal 2008, our sales were \$33.1 million, a decrease of \$2.3 million or 6.5% from the comparable period last year. This decrease primarily reflects the following: (1) reductions in shipments for certain major military/defense programs dealing with RCIED (Radio Controlled Improvised Explosive Devices) Jammer Systems, and (2) soft market conditions in certain sectors of the telecom equipment industry. In the current quarter, total microwave product shipments for RCIED programs were \$450,000, compared to \$1.8 million for the third quarter of fiscal 2007. These RCIED programs remain active, however, with orders and shipments for system upgrades expected to continue throughout the remainder of fiscal 2008 and into fiscal 2009. Sales for our power management systems, as well as our sensors and controls, continued to grow, with aggregate shipments of \$8.4 million in the third quarter of fiscal 2008, up \$1.2 million or 16.3% from the same period last year.

In the current quarter, our gross margin was \$8.6 million or 25.9% of sales, compared to \$10.1 million or 28.5% of sales for the same quarter last year. The decrease in gross margin percentage principally reflects additional manufacturing overhead expense, including higher personnel costs and depreciation expense, as well as poorer absorption of manufacturing overhead with lower than expected production volumes. At the end of the current period, we had a total workforce of 1,462 employees, down 9.0% from the end of last fiscal year. We expect to continuously review our organization and cost structure to enhance efficiencies, while maintaining flexibility for additional production requirements.

Overall, we generated net income of \$2.4 million or 18 cents per share in the third quarter of fiscal 2008, compared to net income of \$3.1 million or 23 cents per share (22 cents diluted) for the same period last year.

Our Board of Directors has authorized the Company to repurchase up to \$11.0 million of the Company's Common Stock at market prices. The amount and timing of the shares to be repurchased are at the discretion of management. During the nine month period ended August 31, 2008, we repurchased 756,395 shares at an aggregate cost of \$6.5 million. Since the inception of the stock buyback program, we have repurchased 1,432,395 shares at an aggregate cost of \$10.1 million. The repurchased shares are held as treasury stock.

Primarily driven by reductions in our overall profitability, our operating cash flow decreased during the current period. Net cash provided by operating activities was \$7.5 million in the first nine months of fiscal 2008, compared to \$9.4 million for the first nine months of 2007. Net working capital requirements increased slightly during the current period, principally reflecting the timing and amount of incentive-based compensation payments and estimated U.S. corporate income tax payments. In the first three quarters of fiscal 2008, we borrowed \$3.0 million under our domestic line of credit to partially fund our stock buyback program, and expended \$3.2 million for capital equipment additions.

#### **Results of Operations**

The following table sets forth certain financial data, as a percentage of net sales, for the periods ended August 31, 2008 and 2007:

	Three Months Ended August 31.		Nine Months Ended August 31.	
	2008	2007	2008	2007
Net sales	100.0 %	100.0 %	100.0 %	100.0 %
Cost of products sold	<u>74.1</u>	<u>71.5</u>	<u>75.7</u>	<u>73.5</u>
Gross margin	25.9	28.5	24.3	26.5
Selling, general and				
administrative expense	<u> 14.9</u>	<u> 14.5</u>	<u>14.3</u>	13.9
Income from operations	11.0	14.0	10.0	12.6

Other income (expense)				
Interest expense	(0.3)	(0.3)	(0.3)	(0.4)
Other income and expense, net	<u>-</u>	0.1	0.3	0.2
Income before provision				
for income taxes	10.7	13.8	10.0	12.4
Provision for income taxes	3.6	<u>5.1</u>	<u>3.5</u>	4.6
Net income	<u>7.1</u> %	<u>8.7</u> %	<u>6.5</u> %	<u>7.8</u> %

The following table sets forth the Company's net sales by reportable operating segments for the periods ended August 31, 2008 and 2007 (in thousands):

	Three Months Ended August 31.			Nine Months Ended August 31,	
	2008	2007	2008	2007	
Signal and Power Integrity Components	\$ 13,225	\$ 15,538	\$ 40,040	\$ 45,592	
Microwave Components and Systems	11,483	12,641	32,230	35,454	
Power Management Systems	2,341	1,836	7,731	5,269	
Sensors and Controls	6,075	<u>5,403</u>	<u> 16,851</u>	<u> 15,548</u>	
	\$ 33,124	\$ 35,418	\$ 96,852	<u>\$ 101,863</u>	

# Third Quarter 2008 Versus Third Quarter 2007

#### Net Sales

Our consolidated net sales were \$33.1 million in the third quarter of fiscal 2008, a decrease of \$2.3 million or 6.5% from the comparable period last year.

Sales of our signal and power integrity components were \$13.2 million in the current quarter, down \$2.3 million or 14.9% from the third quarter last year. This decrease primarily reflects soft market conditions throughout certain of our telecom equipment markets. Customer orders received for our signal and power integrity components totaled \$12.0 million in the current quarter, compared to \$14.3 million for the same period of fiscal 2007.

Sales of our microwave components and systems amounted to \$11.5 million in the third quarter of fiscal 2008, down \$1.2 million or 9.2% from the comparable period a year ago. All of this decrease is attributable to reduced shipments in support of RCIED Jammer System programs. Microwave product shipments under these programs were \$450,000 in the current quarter, compared to \$1.8 million for the same period of fiscal 2007. These RCIED programs remain active, with orders and shipments for system upgrades expected to continue throughout fiscal 2008 and 2009. However, shipments under these programs for the fourth quarter of fiscal 2008 are expected to be significantly less than the \$2.8 million realized in the fourth quarter of fiscal 2007. Total customer orders for our microwave components and systems were \$11.9 million in the third quarter of fiscal 2008, versus \$16.0 million in the third quarter of fiscal 2007.

Sales of our power management systems increased by \$505,000 or 27.5%, with sales of \$2.3 million in the current quarter and \$1.8 million in the comparable period last year. Shipments for these advanced systems were particularly strong in applications for data storage, networking systems, and various military equipment. Sales of our sensors and controls amounted to \$6.1 million in the third quarter of fiscal 2008, up \$672,000 or 12.4% from the same period a year ago. Demand for our custom position sensors (which are used in various medical equipment, commercial weather instruments, and military aircraft and vehicles) continues to increase. Customer orders received in the third quarter of fiscal 2008 for our power management systems, and our sensors and controls, amounted to \$1.6 million and \$5.6 million, respectively.

Overall, average selling prices remained relatively stable throughout all of our major product lines.

#### Gross Margin

In the third quarter of fiscal 2008, gross margin was \$8.6 million or 25.9% of sales, compared to \$10.1 million or 28.5% of sales for the same quarter last year. The decrease in gross margin percentage principally reflects additional manufacturing overhead costs, as well as certain operating inefficiencies from lower than expected production volumes.

As a percentage of sales, aggregate material and labor costs declined during the current period. Material and labor costs were \$11.7 million or 35.5% of sales in the third quarter of fiscal 2008, compared to \$13.2 million or 37.2% of sales for the third quarter of fiscal 2007. This decreased percentage principally reflects reduced ceramic component costs, with our ceramic manufacturing facility in State College, Pennsylvania, achieving improved product yields. Aggregate manufacturing overhead was \$12.8 million or 38.6% of sales in the current quarter, versus \$12.1 million or 34.2% of sales for the same period a year ago. This increase in manufacturing overhead primarily reflects higher personnel costs, additional depreciation expense, and poorer absorption of manufacturing overhead with lower production levels.

At August 31, 2008, we had a total workforce of 1,462 employees, down 9.0% from the end of last fiscal year. We expect to continuously review our organization and cost structure to enhance operating efficiencies, while maintaining flexibility for additional production requirements.

#### Selling, General and Administrative Expense

During the current quarter, selling expense amounted to \$2.8 million or 8.4% of sales, compared to \$2.7 million or 7.6% of sales for the same period last year. The slight increase in selling expense primarily reflects additional travel and advertising costs. Aggregate general and administrative expense was \$2.2 million in the third quarter of fiscal 2008, versus \$2.4 million in the comparable period of fiscal 2007. The decrease in general and administrative expense reflects lower incentive-based compensation and reductions in certain discretionary expenditures.

#### Interest Expense

During the current quarter our interest expense decreased by \$22,000, principally reflecting lower average short-term interest rates under our domestic line of credit. In the third quarter of fiscal 2008, interest expense from short-term borrowings amounted to \$55,000, with weighted average borrowings of \$6.0 million and a weighted average interest rate of 3.60%. In the third quarter of fiscal 2007, interest expense from short-term borrowings was \$85,000, with weighted average borrowings of \$5.2 million and a weighted average interest rate of 6.45%.

# Nine Months 2008 Versus Nine Months 2007

### Net Sales

For the first nine months of fiscal 2008, our net sales decreased by \$5.0 million or 4.9%, with consolidated sales of \$96.9 million in 2008 and \$101.9 million in 2007. In addition to lower shipment levels for RCIED Jammer System programs, our 2008 sales have been negatively impacted by soft market conditions in certain sectors of the telecom equipment industry.

Sales of our signal and power integrity components were \$40.0 million in the first nine months of fiscal 2008, down \$5.6 million or 12.2% from the first nine months of last year. Approximately \$1.8 million of this decrease relates to reduced shipments in support of RCIED Jammer Systems, with the remaining shortfall reflecting certain sluggish telecom equipment markets. Total customer orders received for this business segment totaled \$44.3 million for the first nine months of fiscal 2008, compared to \$44.1 million for the same period last year. Sales of our microwave components and systems were \$32.2 million in the first nine months of fiscal 2008, down \$3.2 million or 9.1% from the comparable period a year ago. Microwave assemblies shipped under RCIED Jammer System programs were \$2.0 million in the first nine months of fiscal 2008, down \$5.8 million from the same period last year. This decrease was partially offset by increased microwave product shipments under several other military/defense programs. Customer orders received in the first nine months of 2008 for our microwave products amounted to \$33.5 million, down \$6.9 million or 17.1% from fiscal 2007.

Sales and customer order rates for our other two business segments increased during the current year. For our power management systems, sales for the first nine months of fiscal 2008 were \$7.7 million and customer orders received amounted to \$7.8 million, up 46.7% and 35.4% from a year ago, respectively. Our power management systems are predominantly used in various communications equipment applications and, to a lesser extent, certain military programs. For our sensors and controls, sales in the first nine months of 2008 were \$16.9 million and customer orders received amounted to \$19.5 million, an increase from the comparable period of 8.4% and 20.7%, respectively. Although our sensors

and controls are used in numerous industries, applications in the medical, wind instrumentation, and military markets have been particularly strong in fiscal 2008.

Total consolidated customer orders received in the first nine months of fiscal 2008 amounted to \$105.1 million, down \$1.4 million or 1.3% from the comparable period of 2007. Overall, average selling prices remained relatively stable throughout all of our major product lines.

#### Gross Margin

For the first nine months of fiscal 2008, gross margin was \$23.5 million or 24.3% of sales, compared to \$27.0 million or 26.5% of sales for the same period last year. In addition to the impact of reduced sales volume, the decrease in gross margin primarily reflects higher manufacturing overhead costs.

Total material costs amounted to \$23.1 million or 23.9% of sales in the first nine months of fiscal 2008, versus \$26.7 million or 26.2% for the same period last year. The decrease in material costs reflects the complete resumption of internal ceramic component manufacturing and related improved product yields, with our State College ceramic facility achieving and maintaining full production since the end of the second quarter of fiscal 2007. Accordingly, we have eliminated the purchase and consumption of higher-priced third party ceramics. Direct labor costs were \$12.4 million or 12.8% of sales in the first nine months of fiscal 2008, compared to \$12.3 million or 12.0% of sales for the first nine months of fiscal 2007. The slight increase in direct labor costs was driven by changes in sales mix, as well as the full resumption of internal ceramic manufacturing. Manufacturing overhead costs amounted to \$37.8 million or 39.1% of sales in the first nine months of fiscal 2008, versus \$35.8 million or 35.2% in the comparable period of fiscal 2007. This \$2.0 million increase reflects higher personnel costs, greater depreciation expense, and increases to certain inventory reserves because of lower than expected operating requirements.

### Selling, General and Administrative Expense

Selling expenses remained relatively stable, with aggregate selling expenses of \$8.0 million or 8.3% of sales in the first nine months of fiscal 2008 versus \$8.1 million or 8.0% of sales for the same period of 2007. General and administrative expenses totaled \$5.8 million in the first nine months of fiscal 2008, down \$287,000 from the comparable period of fiscal 2007. This decrease primarily reflects reductions in incentive-based compensation.

### Interest Expense

For the first nine months of fiscal 2008, interest expense was \$244,000, down \$209,000 from the same period a year ago. For the first three quarters of fiscal 2008, interest expense on borrowings under our domestic line of credit amounted to \$107,000, with weighted average borrowings of \$3.7 million and a weighted average interest rate of 3.76%. For the first three quarters of fiscal 2007, interest expense on our line of credit borrowings was \$348,000, with weighted average borrowings of \$7.0 million and a weighted average interest rate of 6.56%.

#### Other Income and Expense

We hold several United States and foreign patents relating to polymer multilayer ("PML") technology, and we have granted several licenses to other entities for the use of PML technology. We received license fee and royalty income of \$217,000 in the first nine months of fiscal 2008, and \$116,000 in the comparable period last year, in connection with our PML technology. It is not known what remaining commercial value, if any, our PML patents and related licenses may have.

Investment income of \$89,000 in 2008 and \$96,000 in 2007 was realized from temporary cash investments.

# Income Taxes

For the nine months ended August 31, 2008 and 2007, our effective income tax rate was 35.1% and 37.0%, respectively, compared to an applicable federal and state statutory income tax rate of approximately 40.0%. Differences between the effective tax rate and statutory tax rate primarily arise from domestic production activities deductions, research tax credits, state tax provisions and foreign income tax rates.

#### **Risk Factors That May Affect Future Results**

Military and defense equipment, including military aircraft, naval vessels, and certain military vehicles contain extensive communications systems, electronic countermeasure equipment for defense against enemy weapons, smart weapons and munitions, and radar systems. We provide low pass filters, multisection assemblies, power products, and various microwave components and integrated assemblies to major equipment manufacturers for installation into these systems. In addition, our precision position sensors are used in numerous military vehicles and aircraft. Through the first nine months of fiscal year 2008, military/defense sales have represented approximately 47.0% of our total consolidated sales. In recent years, demand for our products has been favorably impacted by an upward trend in U.S. defense spending. Future defense budgets, however, may be impacted by numerous economic and political factors. In addition, the specific programs in which we participate, or in which we may seek to participate in the future, must compete with other programs for consideration during the budget formulation and appropriation processes. While we believe many of our products are used in high priority military/defense programs, one or more of the programs that we currently serve could be phased-out or terminated. Reductions in these existing programs, unless offset by other programs and opportunities, would adversely affect our future revenues and profitability.

During the first nine months of fiscal year 2008, approximately 19.0% of our consolidated sales have been to original equipment manufacturers of communications equipment, with a significant portion of these sales supporting wireless infrastructure equipment. Several years ago, capital expenditures for wireless infrastructure equipment by service providers declined dramatically. Market conditions in the industry remain unpredictable and overall capital spending for wireless infrastructure equipment is still volatile. If the current market conditions deteriorate, it will have a material negative impact on our future operating performance.

Raw materials used in the manufacture of certain ceramic capacitors include silver, palladium, and platinum. Precious metals are available from many sources; however, their prices may be subject to significant fluctuations and such fluctuations may have a material and adverse affect on our operating results.

In addition, our results of operations may be negatively affected in the future by a variety of other factors including: time delays and cost overages in conducting specialty ceramic capacitor manufacturing at our State College, PA facilities; competitive pricing pressures; new technologies which decrease the demand for our products; new product offerings by our competitors; product cost changes; changes in the overall economic climate; cancellation of existing customer order backlog; unanticipated impairment of assets; difficulties in integrating acquired businesses and product lines; and changes in product mix.

#### Liquidity, Capital Resources and Financial Condition

We maintain a domestic line of credit with our principal lending institution, PNC Bank, N.A. of Erie, Pennsylvania (the "Bank"), in the aggregate amount of \$25.0 million, with an additional \$10.0 million expansion feature. Borrowings under the line of credit are secured by substantially all of our tangible and intangible personal property, and bear interest at rates below the prevailing prime rate. At August 31, 2008, \$5.0 million was outstanding under this line of credit arrangement. The line of credit agreement contains certain covenants, the most restrictive of which require us to maintain designated minimum levels of net worth and profitability, and impose certain restrictions on us regarding additional indebtedness. At August 31, 2008, we were in compliance with all debt covenants. The current line of credit agreement expires in December 2010. Our ability to borrow in the future under this credit facility is dependent on our ongoing compliance with the restrictive covenants. Whether we continue to comply with these covenants is largely dependent on our ability to attain certain levels of operating performance and profitability in the future, for which there can be no assurance.

Our wholly-owned German subsidiary maintains an unsecured Euro line of credit with a German financial institution aggregating approximately \$1.5 million (Euro 1.0 million). At August 31, 2008, no borrowings were outstanding under this line of credit. Future borrowings, if any, will bear interest at rates below the prevailing prime rate and will be payable upon demand.

Our net working capital and current ratio remained relatively stable during the current period. At August 31, 2008, we had net working capital of \$44.9 million, compared to \$43.3 million at November 30, 2007. At August 31, 2008, current assets were 3.82 times current liabilities, compared to 3.87 at the end of fiscal 2007.

Our capital expenditures for property, plant and equipment amounted to \$3.2 million in the first nine months of fiscal 2008. Approximately \$595,000 of these capital expenditures were made in our Sensors and Controls business segment to support manufacturing expansion and improvements for our position sensor product lines, and \$509,000 was expended to expand and enhance our ceramic manufacturing capabilities at our State College, PA facility. The balance of our current year capital expenditures primarily consists of routine replacement of older fixed assets. At August 31, 2008, we had not entered into any material commitments for additional capital expenditures.

Early in fiscal 2008, we reactivated our stock buyback program. Under this program, which was previously approved by our Board of Directors, management was authorized to buyback on the open market up to \$2.4 million of the Company's Common Stock. During the first quarter of fiscal 2008, we fully expended this \$2.4 million authorization and repurchased 244,684 shares of our Common Stock. During the second quarter of fiscal 2008, to continue this stock buyback program, the Board of Directors authorized an additional \$5.0 million to be used for stock repurchases. Of this additional authorization, \$4.1 million has been expended through August 31, 2008, to acquire 511,711 shares of the Company's Common Stock. In accordance with the terms of our stock buyback program, acquired shares are purchased in the open market or through privately negotiated transactions at prevailing market prices. Funding for these repurchases comes from available cash reserves or borrowings under our revolving line of credit facilities. The amount and timing of future share repurchases, if any, will be based on our ongoing assessment of the Company's capital structure, liquidity, and the market price of the Company's Common Stock. From the inception of our stock buyback program through August 31, 2008, we have repurchased a total of 1,432,395 shares at an aggregate cost of \$10.1 million, as part of our Board's aggregate authorization of \$11.0 million. The repurchased shares are held as treasury stock.

As of August 31, 2008, our obligations and firm commitments are as follows (in thousands):

		Payments Due by Period					
Contractual obligations	<u>Total</u>	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	Thereafter
Long-term debt	\$ 1,042	\$ 11	\$ 487	\$ 65	\$ 70	\$ 75	\$ 334
Operating leases	2,499	303	1,193	922	81	-	-

Current financial resources, including working capital and existing lines of credit, and anticipated funds from operations are expected to be sufficient to meet operating cash requirements throughout the next twelve months, including scheduled long-term debt repayment, lease commitments, planned capital equipment expenditures and possible stock repurchases. There can be no assurance, however, that unplanned capital replacement or other future events will not require us to seek additional debt or equity financing and, if so required, that it will be available on terms acceptable to us.

Primarily driven by reductions in our overall profitability, our operating cash flow decreased during the current period. Net cash provided by operating activities was \$7.5 million in the first nine months of fiscal 2008, compared to \$9.4 million for the first nine months of 2007. Net working capital requirements increased during the current period, principally reflecting the timing and amount of incentive-based compensation payments and estimated U.S. corporate income tax payments. In addition to our operating cash flow, we generated \$514,000 of cash during the first nine months of fiscal 2008 from the exercise of employee stock options.

In the first three quarters of fiscal 2008, we borrowed \$3.0 million under our domestic line of credit to partially fund our stock buyback program.

At August 31, 2008, the aggregate carrying value of goodwill was \$35.7 million or 27.8% of our total assets and 34.8% of our total stockholders' equity. On an annual basis (as of September 1 of each fiscal year), and when there is reason to suspect that the carrying value of goodwill has been diminished or impaired, goodwill is tested for impairment and a writedown of the asset may be necessary. For all of the periods presented herein, no events occurred which would require impairment testing and no goodwill impairment losses were recognized.

#### **Environmental Matters**

In December, 2005, we acquired certain land and ceramic manufacturing facilities in State College, Pennsylvania. The property, which was acquired from Murata Electronics North America ("Murata"), consists of approximately 53 acres of land and 250,000 square feet of manufacturing facilities. Among other uses, the acquired facilities have become the design and manufacturing center for our ceramic operations, replacing the ceramic operations previously conducted in New Orleans, Louisiana.

The purchase price for the acquired property consisted of: (a) \$1.00, plus (b) closing costs of \$695,000 including realtor commissions, transfer taxes, and legal fees; plus (c) the assumption of, and indemnification of Murata against, all environmental liabilities related to the property. The acquired property has known environmental conditions that require remediation, and certain hazardous materials previously used on the property have migrated into neighboring third party

areas. These environmental issues arose from the use of chlorinated organic solvents including tetrachloroethylene ("PCE") and trichloroethylene ("TCE"). As a condition to the purchase, we entered into an agreement with the Pennsylvania Department of Environmental Protection ("PADEP") pursuant to which: (a) we agreed to remediate all known environmental conditions relating to the property to a specified industrial standard, with our costs for remediating such conditions being capped at \$4.0 million; (b) PADEP released Murata from further claims by Pennsylvania under specified state laws for the known environmental conditions; and (c) we purchased an insurance policy providing clean-up cost cap coverage (for known and unknown pollutants) with a combined coverage limit of approximately \$8.2 million, and pollution legal liability coverage (for possible third party claims) with an aggregate coverage limit of \$25.0 million. The total premium cost for the insurance policy, which has a ten-year term and an aggregate deductible of \$650,000, was \$4.8 million. The cost of the insurance associated with the environmental clean-up (\$3.6 million) is being charged to general and administrative expense in direct proportion to the actual remediation costs incurred. The cost of the insurance associated with the pollution legal liability coverage (\$1.2 million) is being charged to general and administrative expense on a pro rata basis over the ten-year policy term.

Based upon our environmental review of the property, we recorded a liability of \$2.9 million to cover probable future environmental expenditures related to the remediation, the cost of which is expected to be entirely covered by the insurance policy. As of August 31, 2008, remediation expenditures of \$1.6 million have been incurred and charged against the environmental liability, with all such expenditures being reimbursed by the insurance carrier. The remaining aggregate undiscounted expenditures of \$1.3 million, which are anticipated to be incurred over the next seven years, principally consist of: (a) continued operation and monitoring of the existing on-site groundwater extraction, treatment, and recharge system; (b) implementation of a chemical oxidation system, subject to the results of a laboratory treatability study; (c) completion of soil investigations to determine the extent of potential soil contamination; (d) excavation and off-site disposal of soil containing contaminates above acceptable standards; and (e) implementation of soil vapor extraction systems in certain areas. Depending upon the results of future environmental testing and remediation actions, it is possible that the ultimate costs incurred could exceed the current aggregate estimate of \$2.9 million. We expect such increase, if any, to be entirely covered by the insurance policy. Insurance recoveries for actual environmental remediation costs incurred are recorded when it is probable that such insurance reimbursement will be received and the related amounts are determinable. Such insurance recoveries are credited to our general and administrative expense.

Based on the current remediation plan, \$356,000 of the total remediation costs are expected to be incurred during the next twelve months.

# **Critical Accounting Policies**

The methods, estimates and judgments we use in applying our most critical accounting policies have a significant impact on the results we report in our financial statements. The U.S. Securities and Exchange Commission has defined the most critical accounting policies as the ones that are most important to the portrayal of our financial condition and results, and require us to make our most difficult and subjective judgments, often as a result of the need to make estimates of matters that are inherently uncertain. Based on this definition, we believe our most critical accounting policies relate to the valuation and carrying amounts of accounts receivable, inventories, long-lived assets, and deferred tax assets.

We evaluate the collectibility of our accounts receivable based on a combination of factors including an assessment of the customer's financial condition and the length of time a receivable is past due. At August 31, 2008, our allowance for doubtful accounts was \$891,000 or 3.7% of our aggregate accounts receivable. In determining the adequacy of this allowance, we have assumed that market conditions in the communications equipment industry will improve throughout the remainder of fiscal 2008. If this improvement does not occur, or if market conditions deteriorate, our customers may not be able to meet their financial obligations to us. Accordingly, our estimate of the recoverability of amounts due us could be reduced by a material amount.

At August 31, 2008, we had recorded inventory reserves in the aggregate amount of \$2.6 million for excess and slow-moving items. In determining the adequacy of these reserves, we considered numerous factors including current customer forecasts and estimated usage. Should these forecasts and estimates change due to market, technological or other factors, the net realizable value of our inventories may be materially less than our current carrying values.

We review goodwill for possible impairment at least annually. Impairment losses are recognized when the implied fair value of goodwill is less than its carrying value. The implied fair value of goodwill is contingent upon many factors, including estimates of future discounted operating cash flows. Long-lived assets other than goodwill are reviewed for impairment whenever indicators of possible impairment exist. Impairments are recognized when the expected future operating cash flows derived from such assets are less than their carrying values. No impairment losses have been recognized in any of the periods presented herein. However, our future cash flow expectations assume that market conditions throughout the communications equipment industry will improve and conditions throughout the military/defense sector will continue to be

strong. If these long-term market expectations do not occur, our long-lived assets may become materially impaired.

We record valuation allowances to reduce deferred tax assets when it is more likely than not that some portion of the asset may not be realized. Presently, we believe that all deferred tax assets will more likely than not be realized and a valuation allowance is not required. We evaluate the need for valuation allowances on a regular basis and make adjustments as needed. These adjustments, when made, may have a materially negative impact on our financial statements.

# **Recent Accounting Pronouncements**

In May 2008, the Financial Accounting Standards Board ("FASB") issued Statement of Financial Accounting Standards No. 162, "The Hierarchy of Generally Accepted Accounting Principles" ("SFAS No. 162"). The purpose of this statement is to improve financial reporting by providing a consistent framework for determining applicable accounting principles generally accepted in the United States. SFAS No. 162 will become effective 60 days after the SEC's approval. We believe that the adoption of this standard on its effective date will not have a material effect on our consolidated financial condition, results of operations, or cash flows.

In March 2008, the FASB issued Statement of Financial Accounting Standards No. 161, "Disclosures about Derivative Instruments and Hedging Activities, an amendment of FASB Statement No. 133" ("SFAS No. 161"), which requires enhanced disclosures about an entity's derivative and hedging activities. Entities will be required to provide additional disclosures about (1) how and why an entity uses derivative instruments; (2) how derivative instruments and related hedged items are accounted for under existing accounting pronouncements, and (3) how derivative instruments and related hedged items affect an entity's financial position, financial performance, and cash flows. This standard is effective for financial statements issued for fiscal years and interim periods beginning after November 15, 2008, and encourages but does not require comparative disclosures for earlier periods at the initial adoption. We are currently in the process of assessing the expected impact of this standard on our financial statement disclosures.

In December 2007, the FASB issued Statement of Financial Accounting Standards No. 141 (revised 2007) "Business Combinations" ("SFAS No. 141R"). The objective of SFAS No. 141R is to improve the relevance, representational faithfulness, and comparability of the information that a reporting entity provides in its financial reports about a business combination and its effects. Specifically, it established principles and requirements over how the acquirer (1) recognizes and measures in its financial statements the identifiable assets acquired, the liabilities assumed, and any noncontrolling interest in the acquiree; (2) recognizes and measures the goodwill acquired in the business combination or a gain from a bargain purchase, and (3) determines what information to disclose to enable users of the financial statements to evaluate the nature and financial effects of the business combination. SFAS No. 141R will change the accounting treatment for certain specific items, including acquisition-related costs, acquired contingent liabilities, and restructuring costs associated with the acquisition. SFAS No. 141R applies prospectively to business combinations for which the acquisition date is on or after the beginning of the first annual reporting period beginning on or after December 15, 2008 (the Company's 2010 fiscal year). Once adopted, we believe SFAS No. 141R will have an impact on accounting for business combinations, but the effect is dependent upon the nature and terms of the acquisitions made at that time.

In September 2006, the FASB issued Statement of Financial Accounting Standards No. 157, "Fair Value Measurements" ("SFAS No. 157"), which addresses how companies should measure fair value when they are required to use a fair value measure for recognition or disclosure purposes under accounting principles generally accepted in the United States. SFAS No. 157 is effective for fiscal years beginning after November 15, 2007 (the Company's 2008 fiscal year). In February 2008, the FASB issued FASB Staff Position No. 157-2, "Effective Date of FASB Statement No. 157" ("FSB 157-2"). FSP 157-2 delays the effective date of SFAS No. 157 for certain non-financial assets and non-financial liabilities to fiscal years beginning after November 15, 2008 (the Company's 2009 fiscal year). SFAS No. 157 defines fair value, establishes a framework for measuring fair value under generally accepted accounting principles and enhances disclosures about fair value measurements. Valuation techniques used to measure fair value under SFAS No. 157 must maximize the use of observable inputs and minimize the use of unobservable inputs. The standard describes a fair value hierarchy based on three levels of inputs, of which the first two are considered observable and the last unobservable, that may be used to measure fair value.

- Level 1 Quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities.
- Level 2 Inputs other than Level 1 that are observable, either directly or indirectly, such as quoted prices for similar assets or liabilities; quoted prices in markets that are not active; or other inputs that are observable or can be corroborated by observable market data for substantially the full term of the assets or liabilities.
- Level 3 Unobservable inputs that are supported by little or no market activity and that are significant to the fair value of the assets or liabilities.

We have adopted SFAS No. 157 for financial assets and liabilities. The adoption of SFAS No. 157 did not have a material impact on our consolidated financial condition, results of operations, or cash flows.

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#### Item 3. Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosures About Market Risk

#### Foreign Currency

Certain of our European sales and related selling expenses are denominated in Euros, British Pounds Sterling, and other local currencies. In addition, certain of our operating expenses are denominated in Mexican Pesos and Chinese Yuan. As a result, fluctuations in currency exchange rates may affect our operating results and cash flows. To manage our exposure to these foreign currencies, we occasionally enter into forward currency exchange contracts. At August 31, 2008, no forward currency exchange contracts were outstanding. For each of the periods presented herein, currency exchange rate gains and losses were not material.

#### Interest Rate Exposure

We have market risk exposure relating to possible fluctuations in interest rates. From time to time, we utilize interest rate swap agreements to minimize the risks and costs associated with variable rate debt. We do not enter into derivative financial instruments for trading or speculative purposes. The interest rate swap agreements are entered into with major financial institutions thereby minimizing the risk of credit loss. At August 31, 2008, no interest rate swap agreements were outstanding.

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# Item 4. Controls and Procedures

#### (a) Evaluation of Disclosure Controls and Procedures

The Company's Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer have reviewed and evaluated the effectiveness of the Company's disclosure controls and procedures as defined in the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 Rules 13a-15 (e) and 15d-15 (e), as of the end of the period covered by this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q. Based on their review and evaluation, the Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer have concluded that the Company's disclosure controls and procedures are adequate and effective to ensure that material information relating to the Company and its consolidated subsidiaries are made known to them by others within those entities in a timely manner, particularly during the period in which this quarterly report on Form 10-Q was being prepared, and that no changes are required at this time.

# (b) Change in Internal Controls

There were no changes in the Company's internal controls over financial reporting during the quarter ended August 31, 2008, that have materially affected, or are reasonably likely to materially affect, the Company's internal control over financial reporting.

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Part II - Other Information

Item 1A. Risk Factors

The Company is exposed to certain risk factors that may affect future operating and financial results. In addition to the risk factors discussed within this quarterly report Form 10-Q, significant risk factors are described in the Company's most recently filed annual report on Form 10-K. There have been no significant changes in the Company's risk factors since November 30, 2007.

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#### Item 6. Exhibits and Reports

# (a) Exhibits

Articles of Incorporation of the Company, as amended, previously filed on February 25, 1981, as Exhibit 3.1 to Form S-1 registration, and incorporated herein by reference.

By-laws of the Company, as amended, previously filed on February 25, 1981, as Exhibit 3.2 to Form S-1 registration, and incorporated herein by reference.

Certification of Chief Executive Officer pursuant to Rule 13a - 14(a) and Rule 15d-14(a) of the Securities Exchange Act, as amended (31.1).

Certification of Chief Financial Officer pursuant to Rule 13a - 14 (a) and Rule 15d-14(a) of the Securities Exchange Act, as amended (31.2)

Certification of Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer pursuant to 18 U.S.C. 1350, as adopted pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002 (32.1)

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# Signature

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned thereunto duly authorized.

Spectrum Control, Inc. (Registrant)

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Exhibit 31.1

#### **CERTIFICATION**

- I, Richard A. Southworth, certify that:
  - 1. I have reviewed this quarterly report on Form 10-Q of Spectrum Control, Inc. (the "registrant");
  - 2. Based on my knowledge, this report does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the statements made, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not misleading with respect to the period covered by this report;
  - 3. Based on my knowledge, the financial statements, and other financial information included in this report, fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the registrant as of, and for, the periods presented in this report;

- 4. The registrant's other certifying officer and I are responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e)) and internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 15(f) and 15d - 15(f)) for the registrant and we have:
  - a. Designed such disclosure controls and procedures, or caused such disclosure controls and procedures to be designed under our supervision, to ensure that material information relating to the registrant, including its consolidated subsidiaries, is made known to us by others within those entities, particularly during the period in which this report is being prepared;
  - b. Designed such internal control over financial reporting, or caused such internal control over financial reporting to be designed under our supervision, to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles:
  - c. Evaluated the effectiveness of the registrant's disclosure controls and procedures and presented in this report our conclusions about the effectiveness of the disclosure controls and procedures, as of the end of the period covered by this report based on such evaluation; and
  - d. Disclosed in this report any change in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the registrant's most recent fiscal quarter that has materially affected or is reasonably likely to materially affect the registrant's internal control over financial reporting;
- 5. The registrant's other certifying officer and I have disclosed, based on our most recent evaluation of internal control over financial reporting, to the registrant's auditors and the audit committee of the registrant's board of directors (or persons performing the equivalent functions):
  - a. All significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in the design or operation of internal control over financial reporting which are reasonably likely to adversely affect the registrant's ability to record, process, summarize and report financial information; and
  - b. Any fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees who have a significant role in the registrant's internal controls over financial reporting.

Date:	September 26, 2008		
s/Rich	chard A. Southworth	 _	
	HARD A. SOUTHWORTH sident and Chief Executive Officer		

Exhibit 31.2

#### **CERTIFICATION**

I, John P. Freeman, certify that:

Date:

- 1. I have reviewed this quarterly report on Form 10-Q of Spectrum Control, Inc. (the "registrant");
- 2. Based on my knowledge, this report does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the statements made, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not misleading with respect to the period covered by this report;
- 3. Based on my knowledge, the financial statements, and other financial information included in this report, fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the registrant as of, and for, the periods presented in this report;
- The registrant's other certifying officer and I are responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e)) and internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 15(f) and 15d - 15(f)) for the registrant and we have:
  - a. Designed such disclosure controls and procedures, or caused such disclosure controls and procedures to be designed under our supervision, to ensure that material information relating to the registrant, including its consolidated subsidiaries, is made known to us by others within those entities, particularly during the period in which this report is being prepared;

- Designed such internal control over financial reporting, or caused such internal control over financial reporting to be designed under our supervision, to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles;
- c. Evaluated the effectiveness of the registrant's disclosure controls and procedures and presented in this report our conclusions about the effectiveness of the disclosure controls and procedures, as of the end of the period covered by this report based on such evaluation; and
- h. Disclosed in this report any change in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the registrant's most recent fiscal quarter that has materially affected or is reasonably likely to materially affect the registrant's internal control over financial reporting;
- 5. The registrant's other certifying officer and I have disclosed, based on our most recent evaluation of internal control over financial reporting, to the registrant's auditors and the audit committee of the registrant's board of directors (or persons performing the equivalent functions):
  - All significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in the design or operation of internal control over financial reporting which are reasonably likely to adversely affect the registrant's ability to record, process, summarize and report financial information; and
  - b. Any fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees who have a significant role in the registrant's internal controls over financial reporting.

Date:	September 26, 2008		
/s/Johr	n P. Freeman	 _	
Senio	N P. FREEMAN or Vice President Chief Financial Officer		

Exhibit 32.1

#### Certification

The following statement is being furnished to the Securities and Exchange Commission solely for purposes of Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002 (18 U.S.C. 1350), which carries with it certain criminal penalties in the event of a knowing or willful misrepresentation.

Securities and Exchange Commission 450 Fifth Street, NW Washington, DC 20549

In accordance with the requirements of Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002 (18 U.S.C. 1350), each of the undersigned hereby certifies that:

- (i) This Current Report on Form 10-Q of Spectrum Control, Inc. for the period ended August 31, 2008, (the "Report") fully complies with the requirements of section 13 (a) or 15 (d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 (15 U.S.C. 78m or 78o (d)); and
- (ii) The information contained in this Report fairly presents, in all material respects, the financial

condition and results of operations of Spectrum Control, Inc.

Dated as of this 26th day of September 2008.

/s/RICHARD A. SOUTHWORTH	/s/JOHN P. FREEMAN
President and Chief Executive Officer	Senior Vice President and Chief Financial Officer

A signed original of this written statement required by Section 906 has been provided to Spectrum Control, Inc. and will be retained by Spectrum Control, Inc. and furnished to the Securities and Exchange Commission or its staff upon request.

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