ENTERPRISE PRODUCTS PARTNERS L P Form 424B5 May 12, 2010

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Filed Pursuant to Rule 424(b)(5) Registration No. 333-145709 Registration No. 333-145709-01

CALCULATION OF REGISTRATION FEE

 $\begin{array}{cccc} & & Proposed \, Maximum & Amount \, of \\ & Title \, of \, Each \, Class \, of & Aggregate \, Offering & Registration \\ & Securities \, To \, Be \, Registered & Price & Fee(1) \\ & Unsecured \, Senior \, Notes & \$2,000,000,000 & \$142,600.00(1) \end{array}$

(1) The registration fee of \$142,600, calculated in accordance with Rule 457(r) of the Securities Act of 1933, was transmitted to the Securities and Exchange Commission on May 12, 2010 in connection with the securities offered under Registration Statement File Nos. 333-145709 and 333-145709-01 by means of this prospectus supplement.

PROSPECTUS SUPPLEMENT

(To Prospectus Dated August 27, 2007)

Enterprise Products Operating LLC \$400,000,000 3.70% Senior Notes due 2015 \$1,000,000,000 5.20% Senior Notes due 2020 \$600,000,000 6.45% Senior Notes due 2040

Unconditionally Guaranteed by Enterprise Products Partners L.P.

This prospectus supplement relates to our offering of three series of senior notes. The senior notes due 2015, which we refer to as the 2015 notes, will bear interest at a rate of 3.70% per year and will mature on June 1, 2015. The senior notes due 2020, which we refer to as 2020 notes, will bear interest at the rate of 5.20% per year and will mature on September 1, 2020. The senior notes due 2040, which we refer to as 2040 notes, will bear interest at the rate of 6.45% per year and will mature on September 1, 2040. We refer to the 2015 notes, 2020 notes and 2040 notes, collectively, as the notes. We will pay interest on the 2015 notes on June 1 and December 1 of each year, beginning December 1, 2010. We will pay interest on the 2020 notes on March 1 and September 1 of each year, beginning September 1, 2010. We may redeem some or all of the notes at any time at the applicable redemption price described beginning on page S-18 of this prospectus supplement, which includes a make-whole premium.

The notes are unsecured and rank equally with all other senior indebtedness of Enterprise Products Operating LLC (successor to Enterprise Products Operating L.P.). The notes will be guaranteed by our parent, Enterprise Products Partners L.P., and in certain circumstances may be guaranteed in the future on the same basis by one or more subsidiary guarantors.

The notes will not be listed on any securities exchange.

Investing in the notes involves certain risks. See Risk Factors beginning on page S-8 of this prospectus supplement and on page 2 of the accompanying prospectus.

Neither the Securities and Exchange Commission nor any state securities commission has approved or disapproved of these securities or determined if this prospectus supplement or the accompanying prospectus is truthful or complete. Any representation to the contrary is a criminal offense.

	2015 Notes		2020 Notes		2040 Notes	
	Per Note	Total	Per Note	Total	Per Note	Total
Public offering						
price (1)	99.790%	\$ 399,160,000	99.701%	\$ 997,010,000	99.525%	\$ 597,150,000
Underwriting discount	0.600%	\$ 2,400,000	0.650%	\$ 6,500,000	0.875%	\$ 5,250,000
Proceeds to Enterprise						
Products Operating						
LLC (before expenses)	99.190%	\$ 396,760,000	99.051%	\$ 990,510,000	98.650%	\$ 591,900,000

⁽¹⁾ Plus accrued interest from May 20, 2010, if settlement occurs after that date.

The underwriters expect to deliver the notes in book-entry form only, through the facilities of The Depository Trust Company, against payment on May 20, 2010, the seventh trading day after the date of this prospectus.

Joint Book-Running Managers

Citi

Mizuho Securities USA Inc. RBS

Scotia Capital

SunTrust Robinson Humphrey
Wells Fargo Securities

Co-Managers

DnB NOR Markets
BofA Merrill Lynch
BNP PARIBAS
Daiwa Capital Markets
Deutsche Bank Securities
RBC Capital Markets
UBS Investment Bank
BBVA Securities

The date of this prospectus supplement is May 11, 2010.

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This document is in two parts. The first part is this prospectus supplement, which describes the terms of this offering of notes and certain terms of the notes and the guarantee. The second part is the accompanying prospectus, which describes certain terms of the indenture under which the notes will be issued and which gives more general information, some of which may not apply to this offering of notes.

If the information varies between this prospectus supplement and the accompanying prospectus, you should rely on the information in this prospectus supplement.

You should rely only on the information contained or incorporated by reference in this prospectus supplement and the accompanying prospectus or any free writing prospectus prepared by or on behalf of us. We have not authorized anyone to provide you with additional or different information. We are not making an offer to sell these notes or the guarantee in any jurisdiction where the offer is not permitted. You should not assume that the information contained in this prospectus supplement or the

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accompanying prospectus is accurate as of any date other than the date on the front of this document or that any information we have incorporated by reference is accurate as of any date other than the date of the document incorporated by reference. Our business, financial condition, results of operations and prospects may have changed since these dates.

We expect delivery of the notes will be made against payment therefor on or about May 20, 2010, which is the seventh business day following the date of pricing of the notes (such settlement being referred to as T+7). Under Rule 15c6-1 of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, trades in the secondary market generally are required to settle in three business days unless the parties to any such trade expressly agree otherwise. Accordingly, purchasers who wish to trade the notes on the date of pricing of the notes or the next succeeding three business days will be required, by virtue of the fact that the notes initially will settle in T+7, to specify an alternate settlement cycle at the time of any such trade to prevent failed settlement and should consult their own advisers.

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Summary

This summary highlights information from this prospectus supplement and the accompanying prospectus to help you understand our business, the notes and the guarantee. It does not contain all of the information that is important to you. You should read carefully the entire prospectus supplement, the accompanying prospectus, the documents incorporated by reference and the other documents to which we refer for a more complete understanding of this offering and our business. You should also read Risk Factors beginning on page S-8 of this prospectus supplement and on page 2 of the accompanying prospectus, as well as Risk Factors incorporated by reference into this prospectus supplement, for more information about important risks that you should consider before making a decision to purchase any notes in this offering.

Enterprise Products Partners L.P. (which we refer to as Enterprise Parent) conducts substantially all of its business through Enterprise Products Operating LLC (successor to Enterprise Products Operating L.P.) (which we refer to as Enterprise) and the subsidiaries and unconsolidated affiliates of Enterprise. Accordingly, in the sections of this prospectus supplement that describe the business of Enterprise and Enterprise Parent, unless the context our and like terms refer to Enterprise Products otherwise indicates, references to Enterprise, us, we, Operating LLC together with its subsidiaries and unconsolidated affiliates, including Duncan Energy Partners L.P. (NYSE: DEP) (Duncan Energy Partners), a publicly traded, consolidated subsidiary of Enterprise that completed its initial public offering in February 2007. Enterprise is the borrower under substantially all of the consolidated company s credit facilities and is the issuer of substantially all of the company s publicly traded notes, all of which are guaranteed by Enterprise Parent. Enterprise s financial results do not differ materially from those of Enterprise Parent; the number and dollar amount of reconciling items between Enterprise s consolidated financial statements and those of Enterprise Parent are insignificant. All financial results presented in this prospectus supplement are those of Enterprise Parent.

The notes are solely obligations of Enterprise and, to the extent described in this prospectus supplement, are guaranteed by Enterprise Parent. Accordingly, in the other sections of this prospectus supplement, including The Offering and Description of the Notes, unless the context otherwise indicates, references to Enterprise, us, we, our and like terms refer to Enterprise Products Operating LLC and do not include any of its subsidiaries or unconsolidated affiliates or Enterprise Parent. Likewise, in such sections, unless the context otherwise indicates, including with respect to financial and operating information that is presented on a consolidated basis, Enterprise Parent and Parent Guarantor refer to Enterprise Products Partners L.P. and not its subsidiaries or unconsolidated affiliates.

Enterprise and Enterprise Parent

We are a North American midstream energy company providing a wide range of services to producers and consumers of natural gas, natural gas liquids (or NGLs), crude oil, refined products and certain petrochemicals. Our midstream energy asset network links producers of natural gas, NGLs and crude oil from some of the largest supply basins in the United States, Canada and the Gulf of Mexico with domestic consumers and international markets. In addition, we are an industry leader in the development of pipeline and other midstream energy infrastructure in the continental United States and Gulf of Mexico. We operate an integrated midstream energy asset network within the United States that includes: natural gas gathering, treating, processing, transportation and storage; NGL fractionation (or separation), transportation, storage, and import and export terminaling; crude oil transportation, import terminaling and storage; refined product transportation and storage; offshore production platform services; and petrochemical transportation and services. NGL products (ethane, propane, normal butane, isobutane and natural gasoline) are used as raw materials by the petrochemical industry, as feedstocks by refiners in the production of motor gasoline and by

industrial and residential users as fuel.

For the year ended December 31, 2009 and the three months ended March 31, 2010, Enterprise Parent had consolidated revenues of \$25.5 billion and \$8.5 billion, operating income of \$1.8 billion and \$551.0 million, and net income attributable to Enterprise Parent of \$1.0 billion and \$377.8 million, respectively.

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Our midstream asset network accesses the largest producing basins of natural gas, NGLs and crude oil in the United States, and serves some of the largest consuming regions for natural gas, NGLs, refined products, crude oil and petrochemicals. We own approximately 49,100 miles of pipelines comprised of over 22,000 miles of NGL, refined product and petrochemical pipelines, over 20,500 miles of onshore and offshore natural gas pipelines and more than 5,000 miles of onshore and offshore crude oil pipelines. Our logistical assets include approximately 200 million barrels (MMBbls) of NGL, refined product and crude oil storage capacity; 27 billion cubic feet (Bcf) of natural gas storage capacity; one of the largest NGL import/export terminals in the United States, located on the Houston Ship Channel; 60 NGL, refined product and chemical terminals spanning the United States from the west coast to the east coast; and crude oil import terminals on the Texas Gulf Coast. We own interests in 18 fractionation plants with over 600 thousand barrels per day (MBPD) of net capacity; 25 natural gas processing plants with a net capacity of approximately 9 Bcf/d; and 3 butane isomerization facilities with a capacity of 116 MBPD. We are also one of the largest inland tank barge companies in the United States.

Our Business Segments

We have five reportable business segments: (i) NGL Pipelines & Services; (ii) Onshore Natural Gas Pipelines & Services; (iii) Onshore Crude Oil Pipelines & Services; (iv) Offshore Pipelines & Services; and (v) Petrochemical & Refined Products Services. Our business segments are generally organized and managed along our asset base according to the type of services rendered (or technologies employed) and products produced and/or sold.

NGL Pipelines & Services. Our NGL Pipelines & Services business segment includes our (i) natural gas processing business and related NGL marketing activities, (ii) NGL pipelines aggregating approximately 16,300 miles, (iii) NGL and related product storage and terminal facilities with 163.4 MMBbls of working storage capacity and (iv) NGL fractionation facilities. This segment also includes our import and export terminal operations.

Onshore Natural Gas Pipelines & Services. Our Onshore Natural Gas Pipelines & Services business segment includes approximately 19,600 miles of onshore natural gas pipeline systems that provide for the gathering and transportation of natural gas in Alabama, Colorado, Louisiana, Mississippi, New Mexico, Texas and Wyoming. We own two salt dome natural gas storage facilities located in Mississippi and lease natural gas storage facilities located in Texas and Louisiana. This segment also includes our related natural gas marketing activities.

Onshore Crude Oil Pipelines & Services. Our Onshore Crude Oil Pipelines & Services business segment includes approximately 4,400 miles of onshore crude oil pipelines and 10.5 MMBbls of above-ground storage tank capacity. This segment also includes our crude oil marketing activities.

Offshore Pipelines & Services. Our Offshore Pipelines & Services business segment serves some of the most active drilling and development regions, including deepwater production fields, in the northern Gulf of Mexico offshore Texas, Louisiana, Mississippi and Alabama. This segment includes approximately 1,400 miles of offshore natural gas pipelines, approximately 1,000 miles of offshore crude oil pipelines and six offshore hub platforms.

Petrochemical & Refined Products Services. Our Petrochemical & Refined Products Services business segment consists of (i) propylene fractionation plants and related activities, (ii) butane isomerization facilities, (iii) an octane enhancement facility, (iv) refined products pipelines, including our Products Pipeline System and related activities and (v) marine transportation and other services.

We provide the foregoing services directly and through our subsidiaries and unconsolidated affiliates. Our principal offices, including those of Enterprise Parent, are located at 1100 Louisiana Street, 10th Floor, Houston, Texas 77002, and our and Enterprise Parent s telephone number is (713) 381-6500.

Recent Developments

Acquisition of Natural Gas Gathering Systems in Haynesville Shale Area from Momentum.

On May 4, 2010, we purchased two natural gas gathering and treating systems, the State Line system and the Fairplay system, from subsidiaries of M2 Midstream LLC (Momentum) for approximately \$1.2 billion in

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cash. These systems are located in northwest Louisiana and east Texas and gather natural gas produced from the Haynesville/Bossier Shales and the Cotton Valley and Taylor Sands formations. We used a portion of the proceeds from our April 2010 underwritten equity offering, together with borrowings under Enterprise s multi-year revolving credit facility and cash on hand, to pay for this acquisition.

The State Line system is located in Desoto and Caddo Parishes, Louisiana and Panola County, Texas. The system includes 138 miles of natural gas pipelines with a capacity of approximately 400 MMcf/d and two treating facilities. The State Line system began operations in February 2009 and is currently gathering approximately 260 MMcf/d. A 50-mile expansion of this system is expected to be completed in June 2010 and will increase its capacity to 700 MMcf/d. The State Line system is supported by long-term acreage dedications and volumetric commitments from producers. The State Line system will interconnect with the 42-inch Haynesville Extension of our Acadian Gas System. The Haynesville Extension is currently under construction and expected to be completed in the third quarter of 2011. Once connected to the Haynesville Extension, the State Line system can be further expanded to 1.2 Bcf/d for a nominal cost.

The Fairplay system is located in Rusk, Panola, Gregg and Nacogdoches counties, Texas. The system includes 249 miles of natural gas pipelines (including approximately 62 miles leased from third parties) with a capacity of approximately 285 MMcf/d, and is currently gathering approximately 180 MMcf/d. This system is expected to be connected to the Enterprise Texas Pipeline system by the first quarter of 2011. The Fairplay system is also supported by long-term acreage dedications and volumetric commitments from producers.

Enterprise Parent Issues 13,800,000 Common Units.

In April 2010, Enterprise Parent issued 13,800,000 common units representing limited partner interests (including an over-allotment of 1,800,000 common units) to the public at an offering price of \$35.55 per unit. We used the net cash proceeds of approximately \$485.2 million (including a net capital contribution of approximately \$9.7 million from its general partner to maintain its 2% general partner interest) to pay a portion of the purchase price of the Momentum acquisition and for general company purposes.

Credit Ratings.

At May 11, 2010, the investment-grade credit ratings of our senior unsecured debt securities remain unchanged from March 31, 2010 at Baa3 by Moody s Investors Service; BBB- by Fitch Ratings; and BBB- by Standard and Poor s. On April 30, 2010, Standard and Poor s affirmed our corporate credit rating, revised its outlook to positive from stable and revised its business risk assessment to strong from satisfactory. Such ratings reflect only the view of a rating agency and should not be interpreted as a recommendation to buy, sell or hold any security. Any rating can be revised upward or downward or withdrawn at any time by a rating agency if it determines that the circumstances warrant such a change and should be evaluated independently of any other rating.

Based on the characteristics of the \$1.5 billion of fixed/floating unsecured junior subordinated notes, the rating agencies assigned partial equity treatment to the notes. Moody s Investors Service and Standard and Poor s each assigned 50% equity treatment and Fitch Ratings assigned 75% equity treatment. In April 2010, Moody s published a request for comment with respect to changes Moody s is proposing regarding its evaluation of the credit attributes of hybrid securities such as our junior subordinated notes. Moody s proposed changes include reducing the equity credit that Moody s assigns to securities such as our junior subordinated notes from 50% to 25%. Irrespective of whether Moody s ultimately assigns 50% or 25% equity credit to our junior subordinated notes, we do not believe this will affect our Baa3 senior unsecured debt rating.

May 6, 2010 Quarterly Distribution and Proceeds from May 2010 DRIP

On May 6, 2010, Enterprise Parent paid a cash distribution on its common units with respect to the first quarter of 2010 of \$0.5675 per unit, or \$2.27 per unit on an annualized basis. In connection with Enterprise Parent s distributions made on May 6, 2010, Enterprise Parent also received approximately \$64.7 million of proceeds from participants in its distribution reinvestment program, including \$50.0 million from an affiliate of EPCO.

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Organization Structure

The following chart depicts our current organization structure at April 30, 2010.

GP = General Partner Interest

LP = Limited Partner Interest

- (1) EPCO and its privately held affiliates own the sole 0.01% GP interest and an aggregate 78.2% LP interest in Enterprise GP Holdings. The remaining LP interests in Enterprise GP Holdings are publicly owned. Dan Duncan LLC owns 100% of the membership interests of EPE Holdings, LLC, which owns the 0.01% GP interest of Enterprise GP Holdings.
- (2) Does not include EPGP s interest in distributions above the minimum quarterly distribution. With respect to the quarter ended March 31, 2010, EPGP received 15.1% of the cash distributed to Enterprise Parent s partners on May 6, 2010.
- (3) Includes common units in us beneficially owned by the estate of Dan L. Duncan, related family trusts, Randa Duncan Williams and other EPCO affiliates (excluding Enterprise GP Holdings). Dan Duncan LLC and EPCO are each controlled by separate voting trusts. The voting trustees of each of these voting trusts consist of three voting trustees, who are currently Randa Duncan Williams and Richard H. Bachmann and Dr. Ralph S. Cunningham. Accordingly, the common units beneficially

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owned by Dan Duncan LLC and EPCO are now controlled by each of the respective voting trusts. Ms. Williams also has beneficial ownership in these common units to the extent of her pecuniary interest in Dan Duncan LLC and EPCO. On April 27, 2010, Ms. Williams, Mr. Bachmann and Dr. Cunningham were appointed executors for the estate of Dan L. Duncan.

(4) The Class B units are held by a privately held affiliate of EPCO. The Class B units are entitled to vote together with the common units as a single class on partnership matters and have the same rights and privileges as our common units, except that they are not entitled to regular quarterly cash distributions for the first 16 quarters following the closing date of the TEPPCO merger, which occurred on October 26, 2009. The Class B units automatically convert into the same number of common units on the date immediately following the payment date for the 16th quarterly distribution following the closing date of the TEPPCO merger.

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The Offering

Issuer Enterprise Products Operating LLC

Guarantee The notes will be fully and unconditionally guaranteed by the Parent

Guarantor on an unsecured and unsubordinated basis. Initially, the notes will not be guaranteed by any of our subsidiaries. In the future, however, if any of our subsidiaries become guarantors or co-obligors of our funded debt (as defined in the indenture), then these subsidiaries will jointly and severally, fully and unconditionally, guarantee our payment obligations under the notes. Please read Description of the Notes Parent Guarantee.

Securities Offered

\$400,000,000 aggregate principal amount of 3.70% senior notes due 2015.

\$1,000,000,000 aggregate principal amount of 5.20% senior notes due 2020. \$600,000,000 aggregate principal amount of 6.45% senior notes due 2040.

Interest The 2015 notes will bear interest at 3.70% per annum. The 2020 notes will

bear interest at 5.20% per annum. The 2040 notes will bear interest at 6.45% per annum. All interest on the notes will accrue from and including

May 20, 2010.

Interest Payment Dates Interest on the 2015 notes will be paid in cash semi-annually in arrears on

June 1 and December 1 of each year, beginning December 1, 2010. Interest on the 2020 notes will be paid in cash semi-annually in arrears on March 1 and September 1 of each year, beginning September 1, 2010. Interest on the 2040 notes will be paid in cash semi-annually in arrears on

March 1 and September 1 of each year, beginning September 1, 2010.

Maturity 2015 notes June 1, 2015.

2020 notes September 1, 2020.

2040 notes September 1, 2040.

Use of Proceeds We will receive aggregate net proceeds of approximately \$1,978.9 million

underwriters discount and other offering expenses payable by us. We expect to use the net proceeds of this offering to temporarily reduce borrowings under our multi-year revolving credit facility, to repay outstanding amounts on the maturity of our \$500 million principal amount of senior notes K due June 2010, and for general company purposes. Affiliates of certain of the underwriters are lenders under our multi-year revolving credit facility and, accordingly, will receive a substantial portion

from the sale of the notes to the underwriters after deducting the

Underwriting.

Ranking The notes will be our unsecured and unsubordinated obligations and will

rank equally with all of our other existing and future unsubordinated indebtedness. Please read Description of the Notes Ranking.

of the proceeds of this offering. Please read Use of Proceeds and

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Optional Redemption We may redeem the notes in whole, at any time, or in part, from time to

time, prior to maturity, at a redemption price that includes accrued and unpaid interest and a make-whole premium. For a more complete description of the redemption provisions of the notes, please read

Description of the Notes Optional Redemption.

Certain Covenants We will issue the notes under an Indenture (as defined below) with Wells

Fargo Bank, N.A., as trustee. The Indenture covenants include a limitation on liens and a restriction on sale-leasebacks. Each covenant is subject to a number of important exceptions, limitations and qualifications that are described under Description of Debt Securities Certain Covenants in the

accompanying prospectus.

Risk Factors Investing in the notes involves certain risks. You should carefully consider

the risk factors discussed under the heading Risk Factors beginning on

page S-8 of this prospectus supplement and on page 2 of the accompanying prospectus and the other information contained or incorporated by reference in this prospectus supplement and the accompanying prospectus before deciding to invest in the notes.

Book-Entry Form/Denominations The notes of each series will be issued in denominations of \$1,000 and

integral multiples thereof in book-entry form and will be represented by one or more permanent global certificates deposited with, or on behalf of, The Depository Trust Company (DTC) and registered in the name of a nominee of DTC. Beneficial interests in any of the notes will be shown on, and transfers will be effected only through, records maintained by DTC or its nominee and any such interest may not be exchanged for

certificated securities, except in limited circumstances.

Trading We will not list the notes for trading on any securities exchange.

Trustee Wells Fargo Bank, National Association

Governing Law The notes and the Indenture will be governed by, and construed in

accordance with, the laws of the State of New York.

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RISK FACTORS

An investment in the notes involves certain risks. You should carefully consider the supplemental risks described below in addition to the risks described under Risk Factors in the accompanying prospectus and in Enterprise Parent s annual report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2009, and its subsequent quarterly report on Form 10-Q for the three months ended March 31, 2010, which are incorporated by reference herein, as well as the other information contained in or incorporated by reference into this prospectus supplement and the accompanying prospectus. If any of these risks were to materialize, our business, results of operations, cash flows and financial condition could be materially adversely affected. In that case, the value of the notes could decline, and you could lose part or all of your investment.

Risks Related to our Business

Our future debt level may limit our future financial and operating flexibility.

As of March 31, 2010, we had approximately \$9.5 billion of consolidated total senior long-term debt principal outstanding, including current maturities, and approximately \$1.5 billion of junior subordinated debt principal outstanding. The senior long-term debt amount includes \$457.3 million outstanding under Duncan Energy Partners revolving credit facility and term loan. The amount of our future debt could have significant effects on our operations, including, among other things:

a substantial portion of our cash flow, including that of Duncan Energy Partners, could be dedicated to the payment of principal and interest on our future debt and may not be available for other purposes, including the payment of distributions on the Enterprise Parent common units and capital expenditures;

credit rating agencies may view our debt level negatively;

covenants contained in our existing and future credit and debt arrangements will require us to continue to meet financial tests that may adversely affect our flexibility in planning for and reacting to changes in our business, including possible acquisition opportunities;

our ability to obtain additional financing, if necessary, for working capital, capital expenditures, acquisitions or other purposes may be impaired or such financing may not be available on favorable terms;

we may be at a competitive disadvantage relative to similar companies that have less debt; and

we may be more vulnerable to adverse economic and industry conditions as a result of our significant debt level.

Our public debt indentures currently do not limit the amount of future indebtedness that we can create, incur, assume or guarantee. Although our credit agreements restrict our ability to incur additional debt above certain levels, any debt we may incur in compliance with these restrictions may still be substantial.

Our credit agreements and each of our indentures for our public debt contain conventional financial covenants and other restrictions. For example, Enterprise Parent is prohibited from making distributions to its partners if such distributions would cause an event of default or otherwise violate a covenant under our credit agreements. A breach of any of these restrictions by us or Enterprise Parent could permit our lenders or noteholders, as applicable, to declare

all amounts outstanding under these debt agreements to be immediately due and payable and, in the case of our credit agreements, to terminate all commitments to extend further credit.

Our ability to access capital markets to raise capital on favorable terms could be affected by our debt level, the amount of our debt maturing in the next several years and current maturities, and by prevailing market conditions. Moreover, if the rating agencies were to downgrade our credit ratings, then we could experience an increase in our borrowing costs, difficulty assessing capital markets or a reduction in the market price of our common units. Such a development could adversely affect our ability to obtain financing for working capital, capital expenditures or acquisitions or to refinance existing indebtedness. If we are unable to

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access the capital markets on favorable terms in the future, we might be forced to seek extensions for some of our short-term securities or to refinance some of our debt obligations through bank credit, as opposed to long-term public debt securities or equity securities. The price and terms upon which we might receive such extensions or additional bank credit, if at all, could be more onerous than those contained in existing debt agreements. Any such arrangements could, in turn, increase the risk that our leverage may adversely affect our future financial and operating flexibility and thereby impact our ability to pay cash distributions at expected levels.

Risks Related to the Notes

A significant amount of the common units of Enterprise Parent and all of its Class B units that are owned by EPCO and certain of its affiliates are pledged as security under the credit facility of an affiliate of EPCO. Additionally, all of the member interests in the general partner of Enterprise Parent and all of the common units in Enterprise Parent that are owned by Enterprise GP Holdings are pledged under its credit facility. Upon an event of default under either of these credit facilities, a change in ownership or control of Enterprise Parent or us could ultimately result.

An affiliate of EPCO has pledged substantially all of its common units in Enterprise Parent as security under its credit facility. This credit facility contains customary and other events of default relating to defaults of the borrower, including certain defaults by Enterprise Parent and other affiliates of EPCO. An event of default, followed by a foreclosure on the pledged collateral, could ultimately result in a change in ownership of Enterprise Parent. In addition, the 100% membership interest in EPGP and 20,242,179 Enterprise Parent common units that are owned by Enterprise GP Holdings are pledged under Enterprise GP Holdings credit facility. Enterprise GP Holdings credit facility contains customary and other events of default. Upon an event of default, the lenders under Enterprise GP Holdings credit facility could foreclose on Enterprise GP Holdings assets, which could ultimately result in a change in control of EPGP and a change in the ownership of Enterprise Parent common units held by Enterprise GP Holdings.

The credit and risk profile of the general partner of Enterprise Parent and its owners could adversely affect our credit ratings and profile.

The credit and business risk profiles of the general partner or owners of a general partner may be factors in credit evaluations of a limited partnership. This is because the general partner can exercise significant influence over the business activities of the partnership, including its cash distribution and acquisition strategy and business risk profile. Another factor that may be considered is the financial condition of the general partner and its owners, including the degree of their financial leverage and their dependence on cash flow from the partnership to service their indebtedness.

Entities controlling the owner of the general partner of Enterprise Parent have significant indebtedness outstanding and are dependent principally on the cash distributions from their equity interests in us, Enterprise Parent and Enterprise GP Holdings to service such indebtedness. Any distributions by us and Enterprise GP Holdings to such entities will be made only after satisfying our then current obligations to creditors. Although we have taken certain steps in our organizational structure, financial reporting and contractual relationships to reflect the separateness of us and our general partner from the entities that control our general partner, our credit ratings and business risk profile could be adversely affected if the ratings and risk profiles of Dan Duncan LLC, EPCO or the entities that control the general partner of Enterprise Parent were viewed as substantially lower or more risky than ours.

The notes are pari passu with a substantial portion of our other unsecured senior indebtedness.

Our payment obligations under the notes are unsecured and pari passu in right of payment with a substantial portion of our current and future indebtedness, including our indebtedness for borrowed money, indebtedness evidenced by

bonds, debentures, notes or similar instruments, obligations arising from or with respect to guarantees and direct credit substitutes, obligations associated with hedges and derivative products, capitalized lease obligations and other senior indebtedness.

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The Indenture does not limit our ability to incur additional indebtedness and other obligations, including indebtedness and other obligations that rank senior to or pari passu with the notes. At March 31, 2010, the principal amount of direct long-term indebtedness (including current maturities) of Enterprise that would be pari passu with the notes totaled approximately \$9.0 billion. As discussed below, the notes will also be effectively subordinated to all of our subsidiaries and unconsolidated affiliates existing and future indebtedness and other obligations, other than any subsidiaries that may guarantee the notes in the future. At March 31, 2010, indebtedness of our subsidiaries and unconsolidated affiliates totaled \$789.5 million.

Enterprise Parent s guarantee of the notes is pari passu with all of its other senior indebtedness.

Enterprise Parent s guarantee of the notes ranks pari passu in right of payment with all of its current and future senior indebtedness, including Enterprise Parent s indebtedness for borrowed money, indebtedness evidenced by bonds, debentures, notes or similar instruments, obligations arising from or with respect to guarantees and direct credit substitutes, obligations associated with hedges and derivative products, capitalized lease obligations and other senior indebtedness.

We may require cash from our subsidiaries to make payments on the notes.

We conduct the majority of our operations through our subsidiaries and unconsolidated affiliates, some of which are not wholly-owned, and we rely to a significant extent on dividends, distributions, proceeds from inter-company transactions, interest payments and loans from those entities to meet our obligations for payment of principal and interest on our outstanding debt obligations and corporate expenses, including interest payments on the notes, which may be subject to contractual restrictions. Accordingly, the notes are structurally subordinated to all existing and future liabilities of our subsidiaries and unconsolidated affiliates, other than any subsidiaries that may guarantee the notes in the future. Holders of notes should look only to our assets and the assets of Enterprise Parent, and not any of our subsidiaries or unconsolidated affiliates, for payments on the notes, other than any subsidiaries that may guarantee the notes in the future. If we are unable to obtain cash from such entities to fund required payments in respect of the notes, we may be unable to make payments of principal of or interest on the notes.

We may elect to cause the redemption of the notes when prevailing interest rates are relatively low.

As discussed in Description of the Notes Optional Redemption, we may redeem the notes at any time, in whole or in part, at a price equal to the greater of (i) 100% of the principal amount of the notes to be redeemed or (ii) the sum of the present values of the remaining scheduled payments of principal and interest (at the rate in effect on the date of the calculation of the redemption price) on the notes to be redeemed (exclusive of interest accrued to the date of redemption) discounted to the Redemption Date on a semi-annual basis (assuming a 360-day year consisting of twelve 30-day months) at the applicable Treasury Yield plus 25 basis points for the 2015 notes, 30 basis points for the 2020 notes and 35 basis points for the 2040 notes; plus, in each case, accrued interest to the Redemption Date.

The Trustee has only limited rights of acceleration.

The Trustee may accelerate payment of the principal and accrued and unpaid interest on the notes only upon the occurrence and continuation of an Event of Default. An Event of Default is generally limited to payment defaults, and specific events of bankruptcy, insolvency and reorganization relating to us or Enterprise Parent. There is no right to acceleration upon breaches by us of other covenants under the Indenture.

A market may not develop for the notes.

The notes constitute a new issue of securities with no established trading market and will not be listed on any exchange. An active market for the notes may not develop or be sustained. As a result, we cannot assure you that you will be able to sell your notes or at what price. Although the underwriters have indicated that they intend to make a market in the notes, as permitted by applicable laws and regulations, they are not obligated to do so and may discontinue that market-making at any time without notice.

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There are restrictions on your ability to resell the notes.

The notes may not be purchased by or transferred to certain types of benefit plans. See Certain ERISA Considerations.

If we were to become subject to entity level taxation for federal or state tax purposes, then our cash available for payment on the notes would be substantially reduced.

Current law may change so as to cause us to be treated as a corporation for federal income tax purposes or otherwise subject us to entity-level federal income taxation. If we were treated as a corporation for United States federal income tax purposes, we would pay United States federal income tax on our taxable income at the corporate tax rate, which is currently a maximum of 35%, and we likely would pay state taxes as well. Because a tax would be imposed upon us as a corporation, the cash available for payment on the notes would be substantially reduced. Therefore, treatment of us as a corporation would result in a material reduction in our anticipated cash flows and could cause a reduction in the value of the notes.

In addition, several states are evaluating ways to subject partnerships to entity-level taxation through the imposition of state income, franchise and other forms of taxation. For example, we are now subject to a new entity-level tax on the portion of our gross income apportioned to Texas. If any additional state were to impose an entity-level tax on us, the cash available for payment on the notes would be reduced.

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USE OF PROCEEDS

We will receive aggregate net proceeds of approximately \$1,978.9 million from the sale of the notes to the underwriters after deducting the underwriters discount and other offering expenses payable by us. We expect to use the net proceeds of this offering to temporarily reduce borrowings under our multi-year revolving credit facility, to repay outstanding amounts on the maturity of our \$500 million principal amount of senior notes K due June 2010, and for general company purposes.

In general, our indebtedness under the multi-year revolving credit facility was incurred for working capital purposes, capital expenditures and other acquisitions. Amounts repaid under our multi-year revolving credit facility may be reborrowed from time to time for acquisitions, capital expenditures and other general company purposes. As of May 10, 2010, we had approximately \$1.0 billion of borrowings outstanding under our multi-year revolving credit facility that bear interest at a variable rate, which on a weighted average basis was approximately 0.879% per annum on this date. Our multi-year revolving credit facility will mature in November 2012. Current indebtedness incurred under this credit facility was used to fund the Momentum asset acquisition on May 4, 2010. Please read Summary Recent Developments Acquisition of Natural Gas Gathering Systems in Haynesville Shale Area from Momentum.

Affiliates of the underwriters are lenders under our multi-year revolving credit facility and, accordingly, will receive a substantial portion of the proceeds of this offering. Please read Underwriting.

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ENTERPRISE PARENT CAPITALIZATION

The following table sets forth Enterprise Parent s capitalization as of March 31, 2010 (dollars in millions):

on a consolidated historical basis;

on an adjusted basis to give effect to the application of (i) the net proceeds of approximately \$475.5 million from Enterprise Parent s sale of 13,800,000 common units in April 2010 at a public offering price of \$35.55 per common unit, (ii) its general partner s proportionate net contribution of approximately \$9.7 million, (iii) borrowings of \$585.9 million under our multi-year revolving credit facility, and (iv) \$134.9 million of cash on hand in order to finance the payment of \$1.2 billion on May 4, 2010 for the acquisition of natural gas gathering systems from Momentum; and

on an as further adjusted basis to give effect to the sale of the notes in this offering and the application of the net proceeds to:

temporarily reduce borrowings outstanding under our multi-year revolving credit facility;

to repay outstanding amounts on the maturity of our \$500 million principal amount of senior notes K due June 2010; and

to increase cash and cash equivalents, which we intend to use for general company purposes.

The historical data in the table below is derived from and should be read in conjunction with Enterprise Parent s consolidated historical financial statements, including the accompanying notes, incorporated by reference in this prospectus supplement. You should read Enterprise Parent s financial statements and accompanying notes that are incorporated by reference in this prospectus supplement for additional information regarding Enterprise Parent s capital structure. The historical data below does not reflect events after March 31, 2010 except as noted above.

	As of March 31, 2010					
	Historical		As Adjusted (Unaudited) (Dollars in million		As Further Adjusted	
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	134.9	\$		\$	893.0
Long-term borrowings: Multi-Year Revolving Credit Facility, variable rate, due November 2012 (1)	\$		\$	585.9		
Petal GO Zone Bonds, variable-rate, due August 2034		57.5		57.5		57.5
Senior Notes B, 7.50% fixed-rate, due February 2011 (2)		450.0		450.0		450.0
Senior Notes C, 6.375% fixed-rate, due February 2013		350.0		350.0		350.0
Senior Notes D, 6.875% fixed-rate, due March 2033		500.0		500.0		500.0
Senior Notes G, 5.60% fixed rate, due October 2014		650.0		650.0		650.0
Senior Notes H, 6.65% fixed-rate, due October 2034		350.0		350.0		350.0

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Senior Notes I, 5.00% fixed-rate, due March 2015	250.0	250.0	250.0
Senior Notes J, 5.75% fixed-rate, due March 2035	250.0	250.0	250.0
Senior Notes K, 4.950% fixed-rate, due June 2010 (2)	500.0	500.0	
Senior Notes L, 6.30% fixed-rate, due September 2017	800.0	800.0	800.0
Senior Notes M, 5.65% fixed-rate, due April 2013	400.0	400.0	400.0
Senior Notes N, 6.50% fixed-rate, due January 2019	700.0	700.0	700.0
Senior Notes O, 9.75% fixed-rate, due January 2014	500.0	500.0	500.0
Senior Notes P, 4.60% fixed-rate, due August 2012	500.0	500.0	500.0
Senior Notes Q, 5.25% fixed-rate, due January 2020	500.0	500.0	500.0
Senior Notes R, 6.125% fixed-rate, due October 2039	600.0	600.0	600.0
Senior Notes S, 7.625% fixed-rate, due February 2012	490.5	490.5	490.5
Senior Notes T, 6.125% fixed-rate, due February 2013	182.5	182.5	182.5

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			As Further
	Historical	As Adjusted (Unaudited) (Dollars in millions)	Adjusted
Senior Notes U, 5.90% fixed-rate, due April 2013	237.6	237.6	237.6
Senior Notes V, 6.65% fixed-rate, due April 2018	349.7	349.7	349.7
Senior Notes W, 7.55% fixed-rate, due April 2038	399.6	399.6	399.6
Senior Notes X, 3.70% fixed-rate, due June 2015			400.0
Senior Notes Y, 5.20% fixed-rate, due September 2020			1,000.0
Senior Notes Z, 6.45% fixed rate, due September 2040			600.0
TEPPCO senior debt obligations: TEPPCO Senior Notes	40.1	40.1	40.1
Duncan Energy Partners debt obligations:(3)	40.1	40.1	40.1
Duncan Energy Partners Revolving Credit Facility, variable-rate,			
due February 2011	175.0	175.0	175.0
Duncan Energy Partners Term Loan, variable-rate, due December	175.0	173.0	175.0
2011	282.3	282.3	282.3
Total principal amount of senior debt obligations	9,514.8	10,100.7	11,014.8
Enterprise Junior Subordinated Notes A, fixed/variable-rate, due			
August 2066	550.0	550.0	550.0
Enterprise Junior Subordinated Notes B, fixed/variable-rate, due	60 2 =	60 2 =	60 2 =
January 2068	682.7	682.7	682.7
Enterprise Junior Subordinated Notes C, fixed/variable-rate, due	205.0	205.0	205.0
June 2067 TERROO Lunion Sub audioated Notes fined/watishle note due lune	285.8	285.8	285.8
TEPPCO Junior Subordinated Notes, fixed/variable-rate, due June 2067	14.2	14.2	14.2
2007	14.2	14.2	14.2
Total principal amount of senior and junior debt obligations	11,047.5	11,633.4	12,547.5
Total other, non-principal amounts	43.2	43.2	36.5
, 1 1			
Total long-term debt obligations, including current maturities	11,090.7	11,676.6	12,584.0
T			
Equity:			
Enterprise Parent partners equity: Limited Partners:			
Common units (617,009,491 units outstanding at March 31, 2010;			
630,809,491 units as adjusted)	9,575.4	10,050.9	10,050.9
Restricted common units (3,925,881 units outstanding at	9,373.4	10,030.9	10,030.9
March 31, 2010)	43.7	43.7	43.7
Class B Units (4,520,431 units outstanding at March 31, 2010)	118.5	118.5	118.5
General partner	199.1	208.8	208.8
Accumulated other comprehensive loss	(54.6)	(54.6)	(54.6)
	(51.0)	(5 1.0)	(5 1.0)
Total Enterprise Parent partners equity	9,882.1	10,367.3	10,367.3
Noncontrolling interest	529.9	529.9	529.9

Total equity 10,412.0 10,897.2 10,897.2

Total capitalization \$ 21,502.7 \$ 22,573.8 \$ 23,481.2

- (1) As of May 10, 2010, we had \$1.0 billion of borrowings outstanding under our multi-year revolving credit facility.
- (2) Long-term and current maturities of debt reflect the classification of such obligation at March 31, 2010 after taking into consideration Enterprise s ability to use available long-term borrowing capacity under its multi-year revolving credit facility to satisfy the current maturities of Senior Notes B and K.
- (3) The borrowings of Duncan Energy Partners are presented as part of Enterprise Parent s consolidated debt; however, we do not have any obligation for the payment of interest or repayment of borrowings incurred by Duncan Energy Partners.

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RATIO OF EARNINGS TO FIXED CHARGES

Enterprise Parent s ratio of earnings to fixed charges for each of the periods indicated is as follows:

					Three
					Months
					Ended
	Year	Ended December 3	1,		March 31,
2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010
2.7x	2.9x	2.6x	2.8x	2.6x	3.4x

For purposes of these calculations, earnings is the amount resulting from adding and subtracting the following items:

Add the following, as applicable:

consolidated pre-tax income from continuing operations before adjustment for income or loss from equity investees;

fixed charges;

amortization of capitalized interest;

distributed income of equity investees; and

our share of pre-tax losses of equity investees for which charges arising from guarantees are included in fixed charges.

From the subtotal of the added items, subtract the following, as applicable:

interest capitalized;

preference security dividend requirements of consolidated subsidiaries; and

the noncontrolling interest in pre-tax income of subsidiaries that have not incurred fixed charges.

The term fixed charges means the sum of the following: interest expensed and capitalized; amortized premiums, discounts and capitalized expenses related to indebtedness; an estimate of interest within rental expense; and preference dividend requirements of consolidated subsidiaries.

Pro Forma Ratio of Earnings to Fixed Charges

For the year ended December 31, 2009 and the three months ended March 31, 2010, Enterprise Parent s consolidated ratio of earnings to fixed charges, on a pro forma basis giving effect to this offering, would have been 2.4x and 3.1x, respectively.

DESCRIPTION OF THE NOTES

We have summarized below certain material terms and provisions of the notes. This summary is not a complete description of all of the terms and provisions of the notes. You should read carefully the section entitled Description of Debt Securities in the accompanying prospectus for a description of other material terms of the notes, the Guarantee and the Base Indenture (defined below). For more information, we refer you to the notes, the Base Indenture and the Supplemental Indenture (defined below), all of which are available from us. We urge you to read the Base Indenture and the Supplemental Indenture because they, and not this description, define your rights as an owner of the notes.

The 2015 notes, the 2020 notes and the 2040 notes will each constitute a separate new series of debt securities that will be issued under the Indenture dated as of October 4, 2004, as amended by the Tenth Supplemental Indenture (which we refer to as the Base Indenture), as supplemented by the Nineteenth Supplemental Indenture with respect to the 2015 notes, the 2020 notes and the 2040 notes, to be dated the date of delivery of the notes (which supplemental indenture we refer to as the Supplemental Indenture and, together with the Base Indenture, as the Indenture), among Enterprise Products Operating LLC (successor to Enterprise Products Operating L.P.), as issuer (which we refer to as the Issuer), Enterprise Products Partners L.P., as parent guarantor, any subsidiary guarantors party thereto (which we refer to as the Subsidiary Guarantors) and Wells Fargo Bank, National Association, as trustee (which we refer to as the Trustee). References in this section to the Guarantee refer to the Parent Guarantor s Guarantee of payments on the notes.

In addition to these new series of notes, as of March 31, 2010, there were outstanding under the above-referenced Base Indenture (i) \$650 million in aggregate principal amount of 5.600% senior notes G due 2014, (ii) \$350 million in aggregate principal amount of 6.650% senior notes H due 2034, (iii) \$250 million in aggregate principal amount of 5.00% senior notes I due 2015, (iv) \$250 million in aggregate principal amount of 5.75% senior notes J due 2035, (v) \$500 million in aggregate principal amount of 4.950% senior notes K due 2010, (vi) \$800 million in aggregate principal amount of 6.30% senior notes L due 2017, (vii) \$400 million in aggregate principal amount of 5.65% senior notes M due 2013, (viii) \$700 million in aggregate principal amount of 6.50% senior notes N due 2019, (ix) \$500 million in aggregate principal amount of 9.75% senior notes O due 2014, (x) \$500 million in aggregate principal amount of 4.60% senior notes P due 2012, (xi) \$500 million in aggregate principal amount of 5.25% senior notes Q due 2020, (xii) \$600 million in aggregate principal amount of 6.125% senior notes R due 2039, (xiii) \$490.5 million in aggregate principal amount of 7.625% senior notes S due 2012, (xiv) \$182.5 million in aggregate principal amount of 6.125% senior notes T due 2013, (xv) \$237.6 million in aggregate principal amount of 5.90% senior notes U due 2013, (xvi) \$349.7 million in aggregate principal amount of 6.65% senior notes V due 2018, (xvii) \$399.6 million in aggregate principal amount of 7.55% senior notes W due 2038, (xviii) \$550 million in aggregate principal amount of 8.375% fixed/floating rate junior subordinated notes A due 2066, (xix) \$682.7 million in aggregate principal amount of 7.034% fixed/floating rate junior subordinated notes B due 2068, and (xx) \$285.8 million in aggregate principal amount of 7.000% fixed/floating rate junior subordinated notes C due 2067.

General

The Notes. The notes:

will be general unsecured, senior obligations of the Issuer;

will constitute three new series of debt securities issued under the Indenture and will be initially limited to \$400.0 million aggregate principal amount of 2015 notes, \$1.0 billion aggregate principal amount of 2020 notes and \$600.0 million aggregate principal amount of 2040 notes;

with respect to the 2015 notes, will mature on June 1, 2015, with respect to the 2020 notes, will mature on September 1, 2020, and with respect to the 2040 notes, will mature on September 1, 2040;

will be issued in denominations of \$1,000 and integral multiples of \$1,000;

initially will be issued only in book-entry form represented by one or more notes in global form registered in the name of Cede & Co., as nominee of The Depository Trust Company (DTC), or such

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other name as may be requested by an authorized representative of DTC, and deposited with the Trustee as custodian for DTC, and

will be fully and unconditionally guaranteed on an unsecured, unsubordinated basis by the Parent Guarantor, and in certain circumstances may be guaranteed in the future on the same basis by one or more Subsidiary Guarantors.

Interest. Interest on the notes will:

with respect to the 2015 notes, accrue at the rate of 3.70%, with respect to the 2020 notes, accrue at the rate of 5.20% per annum, and with respect to the 2040 notes, accrue at the rate of 6.45% per annum, in each case from the date of issuance (May 20, 2010 with respect to each of the 2015 notes, 2020 notes and the 2040 notes) or the most recent interest payment date;

with respect to the 2015 notes, be payable in cash semi-annually in arrears on June 1 and December 1 of each year, commencing on December 1, 2010, with respect to the 2020 notes, be payable in cash semi-annually in arrears on March 1 and September 1 of each year, commencing on September 1, 2010, and with respect to the 2040 notes, be payable in cash semi-annually in arrears on March 1 and September 1 of each year, commencing on September 1, 2010;

with respect to the 2015 notes, be payable to holders of record on the May 15 and November 15 immediately preceding the related interest payment dates, with respect to the 2020 notes, be payable to holders of record on the February 15 and August 15 immediately preceding the related interest payment dates, and with respect to the 2040 notes, be payable to holders of record on the February 15 and August 15 immediately preceding the related interest payment dates; and

be computed on the basis of a 360-day year consisting of twelve 30-day months.

Payment and Transfer.

Initially, the notes will be issued only in global form. Beneficial interests in notes in global form will be shown on, and transfers of interests in notes in global form will be made only through, records maintained by DTC and its participants. Notes in definitive form, if any, may be presented for registration of transfer or exchange at the office or agency maintained by us for such purpose (which initially will be the corporate trust office of the Trustee located at 45 Broadway, 14th Floor, New York, New York 10006).

Payment of principal, premium, if any, and interest on notes in global form registered in the name of DTC s nominee will be made in immediately available funds to DTC s nominee, as the registered holder of such global notes. If any of the notes is no longer represented by a global note, payment of interest on the notes in definitive form may, at our option, be made at the corporate trust office of the Trustee indicated above or by check mailed directly to holders at their respective registered addresses or by wire transfer to an account designated by a holder.

If any interest payment date, maturity date or redemption date falls on a day that is not a business day, the payment will be made on the next business day with the same force and effect as if made on the relevant interest payment date, maturity date or redemption date. No interest will accrue for the period from and after the applicable interest payment date, maturity date or redemption date.

No service charge will be made for any registration of transfer or exchange of notes, but we may require payment of a sum sufficient to cover any transfer tax or other governmental charge payable in connection therewith. We are not

required to register the transfer of or exchange any note selected for redemption or for a period of 15 days before mailing a notice of redemption of notes of the same series.

The registered holder of a note will be treated as the owner of it for all purposes, and all references in this Description of the Notes to holders mean holders of record, unless otherwise indicated.

Investors may hold interests in the notes outside the United States through Euroclear or Clearstream if they are participants in those systems, or indirectly through organizations which are participants in those systems. Euroclear and Clearstream will hold interests on behalf of their participants through customers securities accounts in Euroclear s and Clearstream s names on the books of their respective depositaries which

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in turn will hold such positions in customers securities accounts in the names of the nominees of the depositaries on the books of DTC. All securities in Euroclear or Clearstream are held on a fungible basis without attribution of specific certificates to specific securities clearance accounts.

Transfers of notes by persons holding through Euroclear or Clearstream participants will be effected through DTC, in accordance with DTC s rules, on behalf of the relevant European international clearing system by its depositaries; however, such transactions will require delivery of exercise instructions to the relevant European international clearing system by the participant in such system in accordance with its rules and procedures and within its established deadlines (European time). The relevant European international clearing system will, if the exercise meets its requirements, deliver instructions to its depositaries to take action to effect exercise of the notes on its behalf by delivering notes through DTC and receiving payment in accordance with its normal procedures for next-day funds settlement. Payments with respect to the notes held through Euroclear or Clearstream will be credited to the cash accounts of Euroclear participants in accordance with the relevant system s rules and procedures, to the extent received by its depositaries.

Replacement of Notes.

We will replace any mutilated, destroyed, stolen or lost notes at the expense of the holder upon surrender of the mutilated notes to the Trustee or evidence of destruction, loss or theft of a note satisfactory to us and the Trustee.

In the case of a destroyed, lost or stolen note, we may require an indemnity satisfactory to the Trustee and to us before a replacement note will be issued.

Further Issuances

We may from time to time, without notice or the consent of the holders of the notes of any series, create and issue further notes of the same series ranking equally and ratably with the original notes in all respects (or in all respects except for the payment of interest accruing prior to the issue date of such further notes, the public offering price and the issue date), so that such further notes form a single series with the original notes of that series and have the same terms as to status, redemption or otherwise as the original notes of that series.

Optional Redemption

Each series of notes will be redeemable, at our option, at any time in whole, or from time to time in part, at a price equal to the greater of:

100% of the principal amount of the notes to be redeemed; or

the sum of the present values of the remaining scheduled payments of principal and interest (at the rate in effect on the date of calculation of the redemption price) on the notes to be redeemed (exclusive of interest accrued to the date of redemption) discounted to the date of redemption (the Redemption Date) on a semi-annual basis (assuming a 360-day year consisting of twelve 30-day months) at the applicable Treasury Yield plus 25 basis points for the 2015 notes, 30 basis points for the 2020 notes and 35 basis points for the 2040 notes;

plus, in each case, accrued interest to the Redemption Date.

The actual redemption price, calculated as provided below, will be calculated and certified to the Trustee and us by the Independent Investment Banker.

Notes called for redemption become due on the Redemption Date. Notices of optional redemption will be mailed at least 30 but not more than 60 days before the Redemption Date to each holder of the notes to be redeemed at its registered address. The notice of optional redemption for the notes will state, among other things, the amount of notes to be redeemed, the Redemption Date, the method of calculating the redemption price and each place that payment will be made upon presentation and surrender of notes to be redeemed. If less than all of the notes of any series are redeemed at any time, the Trustee will select the notes to be redeemed on a pro rata basis or by any other method the Trustee deems fair and appropriate. Unless we

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default in payment of the redemption price, interest will cease to accrue on the Redemption Date with respect to any notes called for optional redemption.

For purposes of determining the optional redemption price, the following definitions are applicable:

Treasury Yield means, with respect to any Redemption Date applicable to the notes, the rate per annum equal to the semi-annual equivalent yield to maturity (computed as of the third business day immediately preceding such Redemption Date) of the Comparable Treasury Issue, assuming a price for the Comparable Treasury Issue (expressed as a percentage of its principal amount) equal to the applicable Comparable Treasury Price for such Redemption Date.

Comparable Treasury Issue means the United States Treasury security selected by the Independent Investment Banker as having a maturity comparable to the remaining term of the notes to be redeemed that would be utilized, at the time of selection and in accordance with customary financial practice, in pricing new issues of corporate debt securities of comparable maturity to the remaining term of the notes to be redeemed; *provided*, *however*, that if no maturity is within three months before or after the maturity date for such notes, yields for the two published maturities most closely corresponding to such United States Treasury security will be determined and the treasury rate will be interpolated or extrapolated from those yields on a straight line basis rounding to the nearest month.

Independent Investment Banker means any of Citigroup Global Markets Inc., Mizuho Securities USA Inc., RBS Securities Inc., Scotia Capital (USA) Inc., SunTrust Robinson Humphrey, Inc., Wells Fargo Securities, LLC, and their respective successors or, if no such firm is willing and able to select the applicable Comparable Treasury Issue, an independent investment banking institution of national standing appointed by the Trustee and reasonably acceptable to the Issuer.

Comparable Treasury Price means, with respect to any Redemption Date, (a) the average of the Reference Treasury Dealer Quotations for the Redemption Date, after excluding the highest and lowest Reference Treasury Dealer Quotations, or (b) if the Independent Investment Banker obtains fewer than six Reference Treasury Dealer Quotations, the average of all such quotations.

Reference Treasury Dealer means each of Citigroup Global Markets Inc., Mizuho Securities USA Inc., RBS Securities Inc., a Primary Treasury Dealer selected by Scotia Capital (USA) Inc., a Primary Treasury Dealer selected by SunTrust Robinson Humphrey, Inc., and a Primary Treasury Dealer selected by Wells Fargo Securities, LLC, and their respective successors (each, a Primary Treasury Dealer); *provided, however*, that if any of the foregoing shall cease to be a Primary Treasury Dealer, the Issuer will substitute therefor another Primary Treasury Dealer.

Reference Treasury Dealer Quotations means, with respect to each Reference Treasury Dealer and any Redemption Date for the notes, an average, as determined by an Independent Investment Banker, of the bid and asked prices for the Comparable Treasury Issue for the notes (expressed in each case as a percentage of its principal amount) quoted in writing to an Independent Investment Banker by such Reference Treasury Dealer at 5:00 p.m., New York City time, on the third business day preceding such Redemption Date.

Ranking

The notes will be unsecured, unless we are required to secure them pursuant to the limitations on liens covenant described in the accompanying prospectus under Description of Debt Securities Certain Covenants Limitations on Liens. The notes will also be the unsubordinated obligations of the Issuer and will rank equally with all other existing and future unsubordinated indebtedness of the Issuer. Each guarantee of the notes will be an unsecured and unsubordinated obligation of the Guarantor and will rank equally with all other existing and future unsubordinated indebtedness of the Guarantor. The notes and each guarantee will effectively rank junior to any future indebtedness of

the Issuer and the Guarantor that is both secured and unsubordinated to the extent of the assets securing such indebtedness, and the notes will effectively rank junior to all indebtedness and other liabilities of the Issuer s subsidiaries that are not Subsidiary Guarantors.

On an as further adjusted basis at March 31, 2010, the Issuer had approximately \$12.6 billion principal amount of consolidated indebtedness, including \$11.1 billion in senior notes and \$1.5 billion of junior subordinated notes, outstanding under the Base Indenture and a similar indenture, and the Parent Guarantor

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had no indebtedness (excluding guarantees totaling \$12.2 billion), in each case excluding intercompany loans. Please read Enterprise Parent Capitalization.

Parent Guarantee

The Parent Guarantor will fully and unconditionally guarantee to each holder and the Trustee, on an unsecured and unsubordinated basis, the full and prompt payment of principal of, premium, if any, and interest on the notes, when and as the same become due and payable, whether at stated maturity, upon redemption, by declaration of acceleration or otherwise.

Potential Guarantee of Notes by Subsidiaries

Initially, the notes will not be guaranteed by any of our Subsidiaries. In the future, however, if our Subsidiaries become guarantors or co-obligors of our Funded Debt (as defined below), then these Subsidiaries will jointly and severally, fully and unconditionally, guarantee our payment obligations under the notes. We refer to any such Subsidiaries as Subsidiary Guarantors and sometimes to such guarantees as Subsidiary Guarantees. Each Subsidiary Guarantee our payment to the Indenture to effect its guarantee.

The obligations of each Guarantor under its guarantee of the notes will be limited to the maximum amount that will not result in the obligations of the Guarantor under the guarantee constituting a fraudulent conveyance or fraudulent transfer under federal or state law, after giving effect to:

all other contingent and fixed liabilities of the Guarantor; and

any collection from or payments made by or on behalf of any other Guarantor in respect of the obligations of such other Guarantor under its guarantee.

Funded Debt means all Indebtedness maturing one year or more from the date of the creation thereof, all Indebtedness directly or indirectly renewable or extendible, at the option of the debtor, by its terms or by the terms of any instrument or agreement relating thereto, to a date one year or more from the date of the creation thereof, and all Indebtedness under a revolving credit or similar agreement obligating the lender or lenders to extend credit over a period of one year or more.

Addition and Release of Subsidiary Guarantors

The guarantee of any Guarantor may be released under certain circumstances. If we exercise our legal or covenant defeasance option with respect to notes of any series as described in the accompanying prospectus under Description of Debt Securities Defeasance and Discharge, then any guarantee will be released with respect to that series. Further, if no Default has occurred and is continuing under the Indenture, a Subsidiary Guarantor will be unconditionally released and discharged from its guarantee:

automatically upon any sale, exchange or transfer, whether by way of merger or otherwise, to any person that is not our affiliate, of all of the Parent Guarantor s direct or indirect limited partnership or other equity interests in the Subsidiary Guarantor;

automatically upon the merger of the Subsidiary Guarantor into us or any other Guarantor or the liquidation and dissolution of the Subsidiary Guarantor; or

following delivery of a written notice by us to the Trustee, upon the release of all guarantees or other obligations of the Subsidiary Guarantor with respect to any Funded Debt of ours, except the notes and any other series of debt securities issued under the Indenture.

If at any time following any release of a Subsidiary Guarantor from its initial guarantee of the notes pursuant to the third bullet point in the preceding paragraph, the Subsidiary Guarantor again guarantees or co-issues any of our Funded Debt (other than our obligations under the Indenture), then the Parent Guarantor will cause the Subsidiary Guarantor to again guarantee the notes in accordance with the Indenture.

No Sinking Fund

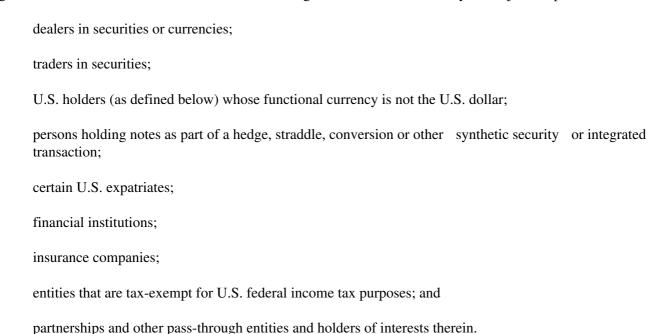
We are not required to make mandatory redemption or sinking fund payments with respect to the notes.

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MATERIAL U.S. INCOME TAX CONSEQUENCES

The following discussion summarizes the material U.S. federal income tax consequences of purchasing, owning and disposing of the notes. This discussion applies only to initial holders of the notes who acquire the notes for a price equal to the issue price of the notes and who hold the notes as capital assets within the meaning of Section 1221 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended (generally, property held for investment). The issue price of the notes is the first price at which a substantial amount of the notes is sold other than to bond houses, brokers or similar persons or organizations acting in the capacity of underwriters, placement agents or wholesalers.

In this discussion, we do not purport to address all tax considerations that may be important to a particular holder in light of the holder s circumstances, or to certain categories of investors that may be subject to special rules, such as:



This discussion is included for general information only and does not address all of the aspects of U.S. federal income taxation that may be relevant to you in light of your particular circumstances. In addition, this discussion does not address any state or local, foreign, or other tax consequences. This discussion is based on U.S. federal income tax law, including the provisions of the Internal Revenue Code, Treasury regulations, administrative rulings and judicial authority, all as in effect as of the date of this prospectus supplement. Subsequent developments in U.S. federal income tax law, including changes in law or differing interpretations, which may be applied retroactively, could have a material effect on the U.S. federal income tax consequences of purchasing, owning and disposing of notes as described below. Before you purchase notes, you are urged to consult your own tax advisor regarding the particular U.S. federal income, state and local, foreign and other tax consequences of purchasing, owning and disposing of notes that may be applicable to you.

U.S. Holders

The following summary applies to you only if you are a U.S. holder (as defined below).

Definition of a U.S. Holder

A U.S. holder is a beneficial owner of a note or notes who or which is for U.S. federal income tax purposes:

an individual citizen or resident of the United States;

a corporation (or other entity classified as a corporation for U.S. federal income tax purposes) created or organized in or under the laws of the United States, any of its states or the District of Columbia;

an estate, the income of which is subject to U.S. federal income taxation regardless of the source of that income; or

a trust, if, in general, a U.S. court is able to exercise primary supervision over the trust s administration and one or more United States persons (within the meaning of the Internal Revenue Code) have the authority to control all of the trust s substantial decisions, or the trust has a valid election in effect under applicable Treasury regulations to be treated as a United States person.

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If a partnership (or other entity classified as a partnership for U.S. federal income tax purposes) is a beneficial owner of notes, the treatment of a partner in the partnership will generally depend upon the status of the partner and upon the activities of the partnership. Holders of notes that are a partnership or partners in such partnership are urged to consult their own tax advisors regarding the U.S. federal income tax consequences of purchasing, owning and disposing of the notes.

Taxation of Interest

Interest on your notes will be taxed as ordinary interest income. In addition:

if you use the cash method of accounting for U.S. federal income tax purposes, you will have to include the interest on your notes in your gross income at the time that you receive the interest; and

if you use the accrual method of accounting for U.S. federal income tax purposes, you will have to include the interest on your notes in your gross income at the time that the interest accrues.

Sale or Other Disposition of Notes

When you sell or otherwise dispose of your notes in a taxable transaction, you generally will recognize taxable gain or loss equal to the difference, if any, between:

the amount realized on the sale or other disposition less any amount attributable to accrued interest, which will be taxable as ordinary interest income to the extent you have not previously included the accrued interest in income; and

your adjusted tax basis in the notes.

Your adjusted tax basis in your notes generally will equal the amount you paid for the notes. Your gain or loss generally will be capital gain or loss and will be long-term capital gain or loss if at the time of the sale or other taxable disposition you have held the notes for more than one year. Subject to limited exceptions, your capital losses cannot be used to offset your ordinary income. If you are a non-corporate U.S. holder, your long-term capital gain generally will be subject to a maximum tax rate of 15% for taxable years beginning on or before December 31, 2010. For taxable years beginning on or after January 1, 2011, the long-term capital gain rate is currently scheduled to increase to 20%.

Existence of the Optional Redemption

We do not intend to treat the possibility of the payment of additional amounts described in Description of the Notes Optional Redemption, as (i) giving rise to original issue discount or recognition of ordinary income on the sale or other taxable disposition of the notes or (ii) resulting in the notes being treated as contingent payment debt instruments under the applicable Treasury regulations. It is possible that the Internal Revenue Service may take a different position, in which case a holder might be required to accrue interest at a higher rate than the stated interest rate and to treat as ordinary interest income any gain realized on the taxable disposition of the notes.

Information Reporting and Backup Withholding

Information reporting requirements apply to payments of interest on the notes and the proceeds of sales before maturity. These amounts generally must be reported to the Internal Revenue Service and to you unless you are an

exempt recipient such as a corporation. In general, backup withholding (currently at a rate of 28%) may apply:

to any payments made to you of interest on your notes, and

to payment of the proceeds of a sale or other disposition of your notes before maturity,

if you are a non-corporate U.S. holder and fail to provide a correct taxpayer identification number, certified under penalties of perjury, or otherwise fail to comply with applicable requirements of the backup withholding rules.

Backup withholding is not an additional tax and may be credited against your U.S. federal income tax liability if the required information is timely provided to the Internal Revenue Service.

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Non-U.S. Holders

The following summary applies to you if you are not a U.S. holder (as defined above) and are not a partnership (including an entity treated as a partnership for U.S. federal income tax purposes). An individual may, subject to exceptions, be deemed to be a resident alien, as opposed to a non-resident alien, by, among other ways, being present in the United States:

on at least 31 days in the calendar year, and

for an aggregate of at least 183 days during a three-year period ending in the current calendar year, counting for these purposes all of the days present in the current year, one-third of the days present in the immediately preceding year and one-sixth of the days present in the second preceding year.

Resident aliens are subject to U.S. federal income tax as if they were U.S. citizens.

U.S. Federal Withholding Tax

Under current U.S. federal income tax laws, and subject to the discussion below, U.S. federal withholding tax will not apply to payments by us or our paying agent (in its capacity as such) of interest on your notes under the portfolio interest exemption of the Internal Revenue Code, *provided* that interest on the notes is not effectively connected with your conduct of a trade or business in the United States and:

you do not, directly or indirectly, actually or constructively, own (including through an interest in Enterprise Parent) 10% or more of the interests in our capital or profits; and

you are not a controlled foreign corporation for U.S. federal income tax purposes that is related, directly or indirectly, to us through sufficient stock ownership (as provided in the Internal Revenue Code); and

you certify that you are not a U.S. holder by providing a properly executed IRS Form W-8BEN or appropriate substitute form to us or our paying agent or a securities clearing organization, bank or other financial institution that holds customers—securities in the ordinary course of its trade or business and holds your notes on your behalf and that certifies to us or our paying agent under penalties of perjury that it has received from you your signed, written statement and provides us or our paying agent with a copy of this statement.

If you cannot satisfy the requirements described above, payments of interest made to you will be subject to the 30% U.S. federal withholding tax, unless you provide us or our paying agent with a properly executed IRS Form W-8BEN (or successor form) claiming an exemption from (or a reduction of) withholding under a U.S. income tax treaty, or you provide us or our paying agent with a properly executed IRS Form W-8ECI claiming that the payments of interest are effectively connected with your conduct of a trade or business in the United States, in which case you generally will be subject to U.S. income tax on a net income basis on such payments of interest (see U.S. Federal Income Tax below).

U.S. Federal Income Tax

Except for the possible application of U.S. federal withholding tax (as described immediately above) and backup withholding tax (see Backup Withholding and Information Reporting below), you generally will not have to pay U.S. federal income tax on payments of interest on your notes, or on any gain or income realized from the sale, redemption, retirement at maturity or other taxable disposition of your notes (subject to, in the case of proceeds representing accrued interest, the conditions described in U.S. Federal Withholding Tax immediately above) unless:

in the case of gain, you are an individual who is present in the United States for 183 days or more during the taxable year of the sale or other taxable disposition of your notes and specific other conditions are present; or

the income or gain is effectively connected with your conduct of a U.S. trade or business, and, if a U.S. income tax treaty applies, is attributable to a U.S. permanent establishment you maintain.

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If you are described in the first bullet point above, you will be subject to a flat 30% tax (unless a lower applicable income tax treaty rate applies) on the gain realized on the sale, redemption, retirement at maturity or other taxable disposition, and such gain may be offset by U.S. source capital losses, even though you are not considered a resident of the United States. If you are engaged in a trade or business in the United States and interest, gain or any other income attributable to your notes is effectively connected with the conduct of your trade or business, and, if a U.S. income tax treaty applies, you maintain a U.S. permanent establishment to which the interest, gain or other income is generally attributable, you generally will be subject to U.S. income tax on a net income basis on such interest, gain or income. In this instance, however, the interest on your notes will be exempt from the 30% U.S. withholding tax discussed immediately above under U.S. Federal Withholding Tax if you provide a properly executed IRS Form W-8ECI or appropriate substitute form to us or our paying agent on or before any payment date to claim the exemption.

In addition, if you are a foreign corporation, you may be subject to a U.S. branch profits tax equal to 30% of your effectively connected earnings and profits for the taxable year, as adjusted for certain items, unless a lower rate applies to you under a U.S. income tax treaty with your country of residence. For this purpose, you must include interest and gain on your notes in the earnings and profits subject to the U.S. branch profits tax if these amounts are effectively connected with the conduct of your U.S. trade or business.

Backup Withholding and Information Reporting

Payments of interest on a note, and amounts of tax withheld from such payments, if any, generally will be required to be reported to the U.S. Internal Revenue Service and to you. Backup withholding will not apply to payments made by us or our paying agent (in its capacity as such) to you if you have provided the required certification that you are a non-U.S. holder as described in U.S. Federal Withholding Tax above, and if neither we nor our paying agent has actual knowledge or reason to know that you are a U.S. holder (as described in U.S. Holders Definition of a U.S. Holder above).

The gross proceeds from the disposition of your notes may be subject to information reporting and backup withholding. If you sell your notes outside the United States through a non-U.S. office of a non-U.S. broker and the sales proceeds are paid to you outside the United States, then the U.S. backup withholding and information reporting requirements generally will not apply to that payment. However, U.S. information reporting, but not backup withholding, will apply to a payment of sales proceeds, even if that payment is made outside the United States, if you sell your notes through a non-U.S. office of a broker that is:

- a United States person (as defined in the Internal Revenue Code);
- a foreign person that derives 50% or more of its gross income in specific periods from the conduct of a trade or business in the United States;
- a controlled foreign corporation for U.S. federal income tax purposes; or
- a foreign partnership that, at any time during its taxable year, has more than 50% of its income or capital interests owned by United States persons or is engaged in the conduct of a U.S. trade or business;

unless the broker has documentary evidence in its files that you are not a United States person and certain other conditions are met or you otherwise establish an exemption. If you receive payments of the proceeds of a sale of your notes to or through a U.S. office of a broker, the payment is subject to both U.S. backup withholding and information reporting unless you provide an IRS Form W-8BEN certifying that you are not a United States person or you

otherwise establish an exemption.

You are urged to consult your own tax advisor regarding application of backup withholding in your particular circumstances and the availability of and procedure for obtaining an exemption from backup withholding under current Treasury regulations. Any amounts withheld under the backup withholding rules from a payment to you will be allowed as a refund or credit against your U.S. federal income tax liability, *provided* that the required information is timely furnished to the Internal Revenue Service.

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CERTAIN ERISA CONSIDERATIONS

A fiduciary of a pension, profit-sharing or other employee benefit plan subject to Section 406 of the Employee Retirement Income Security Act of 1974, as amended (ERISA), a plan or other arrangement subject to Section 4975 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended (the Code), or a plan or other arrangement subject to any other law or other restrictions materially similar to Section 406 of ERISA or Section 4975 of the Code (Similar Law) (each, a Plan), should consider the fiduciary standards of ERISA or Similar Law in the context of such a Plan s particular circumstances before authorizing an investment in the notes. Among other factors, the fiduciary should consider whether such an investment is in accordance with the documents governing the Plan and whether the investment is appropriate for the Plan in view of its overall investment policy and the prudence and diversification requirements of ERISA or Similar Law.

The notes may not be sold to any Plan unless either (i) the purchase and holding of the notes would not be a transaction prohibited under Section 406 of ERISA, Section 4975 of the Code or Similar Law, or (ii) an exemption under ERISA, the Code or Similar Law or one of the following Prohibited Transaction Class Exemptions (PTCE) issued by the U.S. Department of Labor (or a materially similar exemption or exception under Similar Law) applies to the purchase, holding and disposition of the notes:

PTCE 96-23 for transactions determined by in-house asset managers;

PTCE 95-60 for transactions involving insurance company general accounts;

PTCE 91-38 for transactions involving bank collective investment funds;

PTCE 90-1 for transactions involving insurance company pooled separate accounts; or

PTCE 84-14 for transactions determined by independent qualified professional asset managers.

Any purchaser of the notes or any interest therein and any subsequent transferee will be deemed to have represented and warranted to us on each day from and including the date of its purchase of such notes through and including the date of its disposition of such notes that either:

- (a) Plan assets under ERISA and the regulations issued thereunder, or under any Similar Law, are not being used to acquire the notes; or
- (b) Plan assets as so defined are being used to acquire such notes but the purchase, holding and disposition of such notes either (1) are not and will not be a prohibited transaction within the meaning of ERISA, the Code or Similar Law or (2) are and will be exempt from the prohibited transaction rules under ERISA, the Code and Similar Law under a provision of ERISA, the Code or Similar Law or by one or more of the following prohibited transaction exemptions: PTCE 96-23, 95-60, 91-38, 90-1 or 84-14, or a materially similar exemption or exception under Similar Law.

The discussion set forth above is general in nature and is not intended to be complete. Accordingly, it is important that any person considering the purchase of notes with Plan assets consult with its counsel regarding the consequences under ERISA, the Code or other Similar Law of the acquisition and ownership of the notes. Purchasers of the notes have exclusive responsibility for ensuring that their purchase and holding of the notes do not violate the fiduciary or prohibited transaction rules of ERISA, the Code or any Similar Law. The sale of the notes to a Plan is in no respect a

representation by us or the underwriters that such an investment meets all relevant legal requirements with respect to investments by Plans generally or any particular Plan, or that such an investment is appropriate for Plans generally or any particular Plan.

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UNDERWRITING

Subject to the terms and conditions set forth in an underwriting agreement, dated the date of this prospectus supplement, between us and the underwriters named below, we have agreed to sell to each of the underwriters, and the underwriters have agreed, severally and not jointly, to purchase, the principal amount of the notes set forth opposite their respective names below:

Underwriters	Principal Amount of 2015 Notes		Principal Amount of 2020 Notes		Principal Amount of 2040 Notes	
Citigroup Global Markets Inc.	\$	48,000,000	\$	120,000,000	\$	72,000,000
Mizuho Securities USA Inc.		48,000,000		120,000,000		72,000,000
RBS Securities Inc.		48,000,000		120,000,000		72,000,000
Scotia Capital (USA) Inc.		48,000,000		120,000,000		72,000,000
SunTrust Robinson Humphrey, Inc.		48,000,000		120,000,000		72,000,000
Wells Fargo Securities, LLC		48,000,000		120,000,000		72,000,000
DnB NOR Markets, Inc.		20,000,000		50,000,000		30,000,000
Banc of America Securities LLC		16,000,000		40,000,000		24,000,000
Barclays Capital Inc.		16,000,000		40,000,000		24,000,000
BNP Paribas Securities Corp.		16,000,000		40,000,000		24,000,000
Daiwa Capital Markets America Inc.		8,000,000		20,000,000		12,000,000
Deutsche Bank Securities Inc.		8,000,000		20,000,000		12,000,000
ING Financial Markets LLC		8,000,000		20,000,000		12,000,000
RBC Capital Markets Corporation		8,000,000		20,000,000		12,000,000
UBS Securities LLC		8,000,000		20,000,000		12,000,000
BBVA Securities Inc		4,000,000		10,000,000		6,000,000
Total	\$	400,000,000	\$	1,000,000,000	\$	600,000,000

The underwriting agreement provides that the obligations of the underwriters to purchase the notes included in this offering are subject to approval of legal matters by counsel and to other conditions. Under the terms of the underwriting agreement, the underwriters are committed to purchase all of the notes if any are purchased.

The underwriters propose initially to offer the notes to the public at the public offering prices set forth on the cover page of this prospectus supplement and may offer the notes to certain dealers at such prices less a concession not in excess of 0.35% of the principal amount of the 2015 notes, 0.40% of the principal amount of the 2020 notes and 0.50% of the principal amount of the 2040 notes. The underwriters may allow a discount not in excess of 0.20% of the principal amount of the 2015 notes, 0.25% of the principal amount of the 2020 notes and 0.25% of the principal amount of the 2040 notes on sales to certain other brokers and dealers. After this initial public offering, the public offering prices, concessions and discounts may be changed.

The following table summarizes the compensation to be paid by us to the underwriters.

	2015 Notes		202	0 Notes	2040 Notes	
	Per Note	Total	Per Note	Total	Per Note	Total
Underwriting discount						
paid by us	0.600%	\$ 2,400,000	0.650%	\$ 6,500,000	0.875%	\$ 5,250,000

We estimate that our share of the total expenses of the offering, excluding underwriting discounts and commissions, will be approximately \$300,000.

We do not intend to apply for listing of the notes on a national securities exchange. We have been advised by the underwriters that the underwriters intend to make a market in the notes but are not obligated to do so and may discontinue market making at any time without notice. No assurance can be given as to

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whether or not a trading market for the notes will develop or as to the liquidity of any trading market for the notes which may develop.

In connection with the offering of the notes, the underwriters may engage in transactions that stabilize, maintain or otherwise affect the price of the notes of any series. Specifically, the underwriters may overallot in connection with the offering of the notes, creating a syndicate short position. In addition, the underwriters may bid for, and purchase, notes in the open market to cover syndicate short positions or to stabilize the price of the notes of any series. Finally, the underwriting syndicate may reclaim selling concessions allowed for distributing the notes in the offering of the notes, if the syndicate repurchases previously distributed notes in syndicate covering transactions, stabilization transactions or otherwise. Any of these activities may stabilize or maintain the market price of the notes of any series above independent market levels. The underwriters are not required to engage in any of these activities and may end any of them at any time. Neither we nor the underwriters make any representation or prediction as to the direction or magnitude of any effect that the transactions described above may have on the price of the notes of any series. In addition, neither we nor the underwriters make any representation that the underwriters will engage in such transactions or that such transactions, once commenced, will not be discontinued without notice. Daiwa Capital Markets America Inc. (DCMA) has entered into an agreement with SMBC Securities, Inc. (SMBCSI) pursuant to which SMBCSI provides certain advisory and/or other services to DCMA, including services with respect to this offering. In return for the provision of such services by SMBCSI to DCMA, DCMA will pay to SMBCSI a mutually agreed-upon fee.

We expect delivery of the notes will be made against payment therefor on or about May 20, 2010, which is the seventh business day following the date of pricing of the notes (such settlement being referred to as T+7). Under Rule 15c6-1 of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, trades in the secondary market generally are required to settle in three business days unless the parties to any such trade expressly agree otherwise. Accordingly, purchasers who wish to trade the notes on the date of pricing of the notes or the next succeeding three business days will be required, by virtue of the fact that the notes initially will settle in T+7, to specify an alternate settlement cycle at the time of any such trade to prevent failed settlement and should consult their own advisers.

We, Enterprise Parent and certain of our affiliates have agreed to indemnify the several underwriters against certain liabilities, including liabilities under the Securities Act of 1933, or to contribute to payments the underwriters may be required to make because of those liabilities.

Conflicts of Interest

Certain of the underwriters and their respective affiliates have, from time to time, performed, and may in the future perform, various financial advisory, commercial banking and investment banking services for us and our affiliates, for which they received or will receive customary fees and expense reimbursement. Affiliates of Citigroup Global Markets Inc., Mizuho Securities USA Inc., RBS Securities Inc., Scotia Capital (USA) Inc., SunTrust Robinson Humphrey, Inc., Wells Fargo Securities, LLC, and other co-managers are lenders under our multi-year revolving credit facility. These affiliates will receive their respective share of any repayment by us of amounts outstanding under the multi-year revolving credit facility from the proceeds of this offering. Because we intend to use the net proceeds from this offering to reduce indebtedness owed by us under our multi-year revolving credit facility, each of the underwriters whose affiliates will receive at least 5% of the net proceeds is considered by the Financial Industry Regulatory Authority, or FINRA, to have a conflict of interest with us in regards to this offering. However, no qualified independent underwriter is needed for this offering because the senior notes offered hereby are investment grade rated as defined in NASD Conduct Rule 2720(f)(8). Wells Fargo Securities, LLC is an affiliate of the Trustee under the Indenture for the notes.

VALIDITY OF SECURITIES

Andrews Kurth LLP, Houston, Texas, will pass on the validity of the notes, the Guarantees and certain federal income tax matters related to the notes for Enterprise Parent and us. Certain legal matters with respect to the notes and the Guarantees will be passed upon for the underwriters by Vinson & Elkins L.L.P., Houston, Texas. Vinson & Elkins L.L.P. performs legal services for Enterprise Parent and us from time to time on matters unrelated to this offering.

EXPERTS

The consolidated financial statements of Enterprise Products Partners L.P. and subsidiaries incorporated in this prospectus by reference from Enterprise Products Partners L.P. s Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2009 and the effectiveness of Enterprise Products Partners L.P. internal control over financial reporting have been audited by Deloitte & Touche LLP, an independent registered public accounting firm, as stated in their reports, which are incorporated herein by reference, (which reports (i) express an unqualified opinion on the financial statements and include an explanatory paragraph concerning the retroactive effects of the common control acquisition of TEPPCO Partners, L.P. and Texas Eastern Products Pipeline Company, LLC by Enterprise Products Partners L.P. on October 26, 2009 and the related change in the composition of reportable segments as a result of these acquisitions and (ii) express an unqualified opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over financial reporting). Such consolidated financial statements have been so incorporated in reliance upon the report of such firm given upon their authority as experts in accounting and auditing.

The consolidated balance sheet of Enterprise Products GP, LLC and subsidiaries as of December 31, 2009, incorporated in this prospectus by reference from Enterprise Products Partners L.P. s Current Report on Form 8-K filed on March 8, 2010 has been audited by Deloitte & Touche LLP, an independent registered public accounting firm, as stated in their report incorporated herein by reference. Such consolidated balance sheet has been so incorporated in reliance upon the report of such firm given upon their authority as experts in accounting and auditing.

WHERE YOU CAN FIND MORE INFORMATION

Enterprise Parent files annual, quarterly and current reports, and other information with the Commission under the Exchange Act (Commission File No. 1-14323). You may read and copy any document Enterprise Parent files at the Commission s public reference room at 100 F Street, N.E., Washington, D.C. 20549. Please call the Commission at 1-800-732-0330 for further information on the public reference room. Enterprise Parent s filings are also available to the public at the Commission s web site at http://www.sec.gov. In addition, documents filed by Enterprise Parent can be inspected at the offices of the New York Stock Exchange, Inc. 20 Broad Street, New York, New York 10002. Enterprise Parent maintains an Internet Website at www.epplp.com. On the Investor Relations page of that site, Enterprise Parent provides access to its SEC filings free of charge as soon as reasonably practicable after filing with the Commission. The information on this Internet Website is not incorporated in this prospectus supplement or the accompanying prospectus by reference and you should not consider it a part of this prospectus supplement or the accompanying prospectus.

The Commission allows Enterprise Parent to incorporate by reference into this prospectus supplement and the accompanying prospectus the information Enterprise Parent files with it, which means that Enterprise Parent can disclose important information to you by referring you to those documents. The information incorporated by reference is considered to be part of this prospectus supplement, and later information that Enterprise Parent files with the Commission will automatically update and supersede this information. Enterprise Parent incorporates by reference the documents listed below and any future filings it makes with the Commission under section 13(a), 13(c), 14 or 15(d) of

the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 until this offering is completed (other than information furnished under Items 2.02 or 7.01 of any Form 8-K, which is not deemed filed under the Exchange Act):

Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2009;

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Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the quarter ended March 31, 2010; and

Current Reports on Form 8-K filed with the Commission on January 4, 2010, January 8, 2010, February 26, 2010, March 8, 2010, March 29, 2010, April 1, 2010 and April 15, 2010.

We will provide without charge to each person, including any beneficial owner, to whom this prospectus supplement has been delivered, a copy of any and all of its filings with the Commission. You may request a copy of these filings by writing or telephoning us at:

Enterprise Products Partners L.P. 1100 Louisiana Street, 10th Floor Houston, Texas 77002 Attention: Investor Relations Telephone: (713) 381-6500

FORWARD-LOOKING STATEMENTS

This prospectus supplement and some of the documents we have incorporated herein by reference contain various forward-looking statements and information that are based on our beliefs and those of our general partner, as well as assumptions made by and information currently available to us. When used in this prospectus supplement or the documents we have incorporated herein by reference, words such as anticipate, seek, estimate. forecast. intend. could. should. will, believe. potential, and similar expressions and st may, regarding our plans and objectives for future operations, are intended to identify forward-looking statements. Although we and our general partner believe that such expectations reflected in such forward-looking statements are reasonable, neither we nor our general partner can give assurances that such expectations will prove to be correct.

Such statements are subject to a variety of risks, uncertainties and assumptions. If one or more of these risks or uncertainties materialize, or if underlying assumptions prove incorrect, our actual results may vary materially from those anticipated, estimated, projected or expected. Among the key risk factors that may have a direct bearing on our results of operations and financial condition are:

fluctuations in oil, natural gas and NGL prices and production due to weather and other natural and economic forces:

a reduction in demand for our products by the petrochemical, refining or heating industries;

the effects of our debt level on our future financial and operating flexibility;

a decline in the volumes of NGLs delivered by our facilities;

the failure of our credit risk management efforts to adequately protect us against customer non-payment;

terrorist attacks aimed at our facilities; and

our failure to successfully integrate our operations with assets or companies we acquire.

You should not put undue reliance on any forward-looking statements. When considering forward-looking statements, please review the risk factors described under Risk Factors in this prospectus supplement and in the accompanying

prospectus and in Enterprise Parent s Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2009, as well as its subsequent Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the three months ended March 31, 2010.

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PROSPECTUS

Enterprise Products Partners L.P. Enterprise Products Operating LLC

COMMON UNITS

DEBT SECURITIES

We may offer an unlimited number and amount of the following securities under this prospectus:

common units representing limited partner interests in Enterprise Products Partners L.P.; and

debt securities of Enterprise Products Operating LLC (successor to Enterprise Products Operating L.P.), which will be guaranteed by its parent company, Enterprise Products Partners L.P.

This prospectus provides you with a general description of the securities we may offer. Each time we sell securities we will provide a prospectus supplement that will contain specific information about the terms of that offering. The prospectus supplement may also add, update or change information contained in this prospectus. You should read carefully this prospectus and any prospectus supplement before you invest. You should also read the documents we have referred you to in the Where You Can Find More Information section of this prospectus for information about us, including our financial statements.

Our common units are listed on the New York Stock Exchange under the trading symbol EPD.

Unless otherwise specified in a prospectus supplement, the senior debt securities, when issued, will be unsecured and will rank equally with our other unsecured and unsubordinated indebtedness. The subordinated debt securities, when issued, will be subordinated in right of payment to our senior debt.

Investing in our common units and debt securities involves risks. Limited partnerships are inherently different from corporations. You should review carefully Risk Factors beginning on page 2 for a discussion of important risks you should consider before investing on our securities.

Neither the Securities and Exchange Commission nor any state securities commission has approved or disapproved of these securities or passed upon the adequacy or accuracy of this prospectus. Any representation to the contrary is a criminal offense.

This prospectus may not be used to consummate sales of securities by the registrants unless accompanied by a prospectus supplement.

The date of this prospectus is August 27, 2007.

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You should rely only on the information contained or incorporated by reference in this prospectus or any prospectus supplement. We have not authorized any other person to provide you with different information. If anyone provides you with different or inconsistent information, you should not rely on it. You should not assume that the information incorporated by reference or provided in this prospectus or any prospectus supplement is accurate as of any date other than the date on the front of each document.

Unless the context requires otherwise or unless otherwise noted, our, we, us and Enterprise as used in this prospect refer to Enterprise Products Partners L.P. and Enterprise Products Operating LLC and its subsidiaries and unconsolidated affiliates.

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ABOUT THIS PROSPECTUS

This prospectus is part of a registration statement that we file with the Securities and Exchange Commission (the Commission) using a shelf registration process. Under this shelf process, we may offer from time to time an unlimited number and amount of our securities. Each time we offer securities, we will provide you with a prospectus supplement that will describe, among other things, the specific amounts, types and prices of the securities being offered and the terms of the offering. Any prospectus supplement may add, update or change information contained or incorporated by reference in this prospectus. Any statement that we make in or incorporate by reference in this prospectus will be modified or superseded by any inconsistent statement made by us in a prospectus supplement. Therefore, you should read this prospectus (including any documents incorporated by reference) and any attached prospectus supplement before you invest in our securities.

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OUR COMPANY

We are a North American midstream energy company that provides a wide range of services to producers and consumers of natural gas, natural gas liquids, or NGLs, crude oil and certain petrochemicals, and are an industry leader in the development of pipeline and other midstream infrastructure in the continental United States and Gulf of Mexico. Our midstream asset network links producers of natural gas, NGLs and crude oil from some of the largest supply basins in the United States, Canada and the Gulf of Mexico with domestic consumers and international markets. We operate an integrated midstream asset network within the United States that includes natural gas gathering, processing, transportation and storage; NGL fractionation (or separation), transportation, storage and import and export terminaling; crude oil transportation; and offshore production platform services. NGL products (ethane, propane, normal butane, isobutane and natural gasoline) are used as raw materials by the petrochemical industry, as feedstocks by refiners in the production of motor gasoline and as fuel by industrial and residential users.

For the year ended December 31, 2006, Enterprise had consolidated revenues of \$14.0 billion, operating income of \$860.1 million and net income of \$601.2 million. For the six months ended June 30, 2007, Enterprise had consolidated revenues of \$7.5 billion, operating income of \$402.5 million and net income of \$254.2 million.

Our Business Segments

We have four reportable business segments: (i) NGL Pipelines & Services; (ii) Onshore Natural Gas Pipelines & Services; (iii) Offshore Pipelines & Services; and (iv) Petrochemical Services. Our business segments are generally organized and managed along our asset base according to the type of services rendered (or technology employed) and products produced and/or sold.

NGL Pipelines & Services. Our NGL Pipelines & Services business segment includes our (i) natural gas processing business and related NGL marketing activities, (ii) NGL pipelines aggregating approximately 13,700 miles and related storage facilities including our Mid-America Pipeline System and (iii) NGL fractionation facilities located in Texas and Louisiana. This segment also includes our import and export terminal operations.

Onshore Natural Gas Pipelines & Services. Our Onshore Natural Gas Pipelines & Services business segment includes approximately 18,889 miles of onshore natural gas pipeline systems that provide for the gathering and transmission of natural gas in Alabama, Colorado, Louisiana, Mississippi, New Mexico, Texas and Wyoming. In addition, we own two salt dome natural gas storage facilities located in Mississippi and lease natural gas storage facilities located in Texas and Louisiana.

Offshore Pipelines & Services. Our Offshore Pipelines & Services business segment includes (i) approximately 1,586 miles of offshore natural gas pipelines strategically located to serve production areas including some of the most active drilling and development regions in the Gulf of Mexico, (ii) approximately 863 miles of offshore Gulf of Mexico crude oil pipeline systems and (iii) six multi-purpose offshore hub platforms located in the Gulf of Mexico with crude oil or natural gas processing capabilities.

Petrochemical Services. Our Petrochemical Services business segment includes four propylene fractionation facilities, an isomerization complex and an octane additive production facility. This segment also includes approximately 679 miles of petrochemical pipeline systems.

We provide the foregoing services directly and through our subsidiaries and unconsolidated affiliates.

Our principal offices, including those of Enterprise, are located at 1100 Louisiana Street, 10th Floor, Houston, Texas 77002, and our and Enterprise s telephone number is (713) 381-6500.

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RISK FACTORS

Limited partner interests are inherently different from the capital stock of a corporation, although many of the business risks to which we are subject are similar to those that would be faced by a corporation engaged in a similar business. Before you invest in our securities, you should carefully consider the risk factors included in our most-recent annual report on Form 10-K and our quarterly reports on Form 10-Q that are incorporated herein by reference and those that may be included in the applicable prospectus supplement, together with all of the other information included in this prospectus, any prospectus supplement and the documents we incorporate by reference in evaluating an investment in our securities.

If any of the risks discussed in the foregoing documents were actually to occur, our business, financial condition, results of operations, or cash flow could be materially adversely affected. In that case, our ability to make distributions to our unitholders or pay interest on, or the principal of, any debt securities, may be reduced, the trading price of our securities could decline and you could lose all or part of your investment.

USE OF PROCEEDS

We will use the net proceeds from any sale of securities described in this prospectus for future business acquisitions and other general corporate purposes, such as working capital, investments in subsidiaries, the retirement of existing debt and/or the repurchase of common units or other securities. The prospectus supplement will describe the actual use of the net proceeds from the sale of securities. The exact amounts to be used and when the net proceeds will be applied to corporate purposes will depend on a number of factors, including our funding requirements and the availability of alternative funding sources.

RATIO OF EARNINGS TO FIXED CHARGES

Enterprise s ratio of earnings to fixed charges for each of the periods indicated is as follows:

Year Ended December 31,					Six Months Ended
2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	June 30, 2007
2.07x	2.02 x	2.69 x	2.69 x	2.94 x	2.42x

For purposes of computing the ratio of earnings to fixed charges, earnings is the aggregate of the following items:

pre-tax income or loss from continuing operations before adjustment for minority interests in consolidated subsidiaries or income or loss from equity investees;

plus fixed charges;

plus distributed income of equity investees;

less capitalized interest; and

less minority interest in pre-tax income of subsidiaries that have not incurred fixed charges.

The term fixed charges means the sum of the following:

interest expensed and capitalized, including amortized premiums, discounts and capitalized expenses related to indebtedness; and

an estimate of the interest within rental expenses.

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DESCRIPTION OF DEBT SECURITIES

In this Description of Debt Securities references to the Issuer mean only Enterprise Products Operating LLC (successor to Enterprise Products Operating L.P.) and not its subsidiaries. References to the Guarantor mean only Enterprise Products Partners L.P. and not its subsidiaries. References to we and us mean the Issuer and the Guarantor collectively.

The debt securities will be issued under an Indenture dated as of October 4, 2004 as amended by supplemental indenture (the Indenture), among the Issuer, the Guarantor, and Wells Fargo Bank, National Association, as trustee (the Trustee). The terms of the debt securities will include those expressly set forth in the Indenture and those made part of the Indenture by reference to the Trust Indenture Act of 1939, as amended (the Trust Indenture Act). Capitalized terms used in this Description of Debt Securities have the meanings specified in the Indenture.

This Description of Debt Securities is intended to be a useful overview of the material provisions of the debt securities and the Indenture. Since this Description of Debt Securities is only a summary, you should refer to the Indenture for a complete description of our obligations and your rights.

General

The Indenture does not limit the amount of debt securities that may be issued thereunder. Debt securities may be issued under the Indenture from time to time in separate series, each up to the aggregate amount authorized for such series. The debt securities will be general obligations of the Issuer and the Guarantor and may be subordinated to Senior Indebtedness of the Issuer and the Guarantor. See Subordination.

A prospectus supplement and a supplemental indenture (or a resolution of our Board of Directors and accompanying officers—certificate) relating to any series of debt securities being offered will include specific terms relating to the offering. These terms will include some or all of the following:

the form and title of the debt securities:

the total principal amount of the debt securities;

the portion of the principal amount which will be payable if the maturity of the debt securities is accelerated;

the currency or currency unit in which the debt securities will be paid, if not U.S. dollars;

any right we may have to defer payments of interest by extending the dates payments are due whether interest on those deferred amounts will be payable as well;

the dates on which the principal of the debt securities will be payable;

the interest rate which the debt securities will bear and the interest payment dates for the debt securities;

any optional redemption provisions;

any sinking fund or other provisions that would obligate us to repurchase or otherwise redeem the debt securities:

any changes to or additional Events of Default or covenants;

whether the debt securities are to be issued as Registered Securities or Bearer Securities or both; and any special provisions for Bearer Securities;

the subordination, if any, of the debt securities and any changes to the subordination provisions of the Indenture; and

any other terms of the debt securities.

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The prospectus supplement will also describe any material United States federal income tax consequences or other special considerations applicable to the applicable series of debt securities, including those applicable to:

Bearer Securities:

debt securities with respect to which payments of principal, premium or interest are determined with reference to an index or formula, including changes in prices of particular securities, currencies or commodities;

debt securities with respect to which principal, premium or interest is payable in a foreign or composite currency;

debt securities that are issued at a discount below their stated principal amount, bearing no interest or interest at a rate that at the time of issuance is below market rates; and

variable rate debt securities that are exchangeable for fixed rate debt securities.

At our option, we may make interest payments, by check mailed to the registered holders thereof or, if so stated in the applicable prospectus supplement, at the option of a holder by wire transfer to an account designated by the holder. Except as otherwise provided in the applicable prospectus supplement, no payment on a Bearer Security will be made by mail to an address in the United States or by wire transfer to an account in the United States.

Registered Securities may be transferred or exchanged, and they may be presented for payment, at the office of the Trustee or the Trustee is agent in New York City indicated in the applicable prospectus supplement, subject to the limitations provided in the Indenture, without the payment of any service charge, other than any applicable tax or governmental charge. Bearer Securities will be transferable only by delivery. Provisions with respect to the exchange of Bearer Securities will be described in the applicable prospectus supplement.

Any funds we pay to a paying agent for the payment of amounts due on any debt securities that remain unclaimed for two years will be returned to us, and the holders of the debt securities must thereafter look only to us for payment thereof.

Guarantee

The Guarantor will unconditionally guarantee to each holder and the Trustee the full and prompt payment of principal of, premium, if any, and interest on the debt securities, when and as the same become due and payable, whether at maturity, upon redemption or repurchase, by declaration of acceleration or otherwise.

Certain Covenants

Except as set forth below or as may be provided in a prospectus supplement and supplemental indenture, neither the Issuer nor the Guarantor is restricted by the Indenture from incurring any type of indebtedness or other obligation, from paying dividends or making distributions on its partnership interests or capital stock or purchasing or redeeming its partnership interests or capital stock. The Indenture does not require the maintenance of any financial ratios or specified levels of net worth or liquidity. In addition, the Indenture does not contain any provisions that would require the Issuer to repurchase or redeem or otherwise modify the terms of any of the debt securities upon a change in control or other events involving the Issuer which may adversely affect the creditworthiness of the debt securities.

Limitations on Liens. The Indenture provides that the Guarantor will not, nor will it permit any Subsidiary to, create, assume, incur or suffer to exist any mortgage, lien, security interest, pledge, charge or other encumbrance (liens) other

than Permitted Liens (as defined below) upon any Principal Property (as defined below) or upon any shares of capital stock of any Subsidiary owning or leasing, either directly or through ownership in another Subsidiary, any Principal Property (a Restricted Subsidiary), whether owned or leased on the date of the Indenture or thereafter acquired, to secure any indebtedness for borrowed money

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(debt) of the Guarantor or the Issuer or any other person (other than the debt securities), without in any such case making effective provision whereby all of the debt securities outstanding shall be secured equally and ratably with, or prior to, such debt so long as such debt shall be so secured.

In the Indenture, the term *Consolidated Net Tangible Assets* means, at any date of determination, the total amount of assets of the Guarantor and its consolidated subsidiaries after deducting therefrom:

- (1) all current liabilities (excluding (A) any current liabilities that by their terms are extendable or renewable at the option of the obligor thereon to a time more than 12 months after the time as of which the amount thereof is being computed, and (B) current maturities of long-term debt); and
- (2) the value (net of any applicable reserves) of all goodwill, trade names, trademarks, patents and other like intangible assets, all as set forth, or on a pro forma basis would be set forth, on the consolidated balance sheet of the Guarantor and its consolidated subsidiaries for the Guarantor s most recently completed fiscal quarter, prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles.

Permitted Liens means:

- (1) liens upon rights-of-way for pipeline purposes;
- (2) any statutory or governmental lien or lien arising by operation of law, or any mechanics , repairmen s, materialmen s, suppliers , carriers , landlords , warehousemen s or similar lien incurred in the ordinary course of business which is not yet due or which is being contested in good faith by appropriate proceedings and any undetermined lien which is incidental to construction, development, improvement or repair; or any right reserved to, or vested in, any municipality or public authority by the terms of any right, power, franchise, grant, license, permit or by any provision of law, to purchase or recapture or to designate a purchaser of, any property;
- (3) liens for taxes and assessments which are (a) for the then current year, (b) not at the time delinquent, or (c) delinquent but the validity or amount of which is being contested at the time by the Guarantor or any Subsidiary in good faith by appropriate proceedings;
- (4) liens of, or to secure performance of, leases, other than capital leases; or any lien securing industrial development, pollution control or similar revenue bonds;
- (5) any lien upon property or assets acquired or sold by the Guarantor or any Subsidiary resulting from the exercise of any rights arising out of defaults on receivables;
- (6) any lien in favor of the Guarantor or any Subsidiary; or any lien upon any property or assets of the Guarantor or any Subsidiary in existence on the date of the execution and delivery of the Indenture;
- (7) any lien in favor of the United States of America or any state thereof, or any department, agency or instrumentality or political subdivision of the United States of America or any state thereof, to secure partial, progress, advance, or other payments pursuant to any contract or statute, or any debt incurred by the Guarantor or any Subsidiary for the purpose of financing all or any part of the purchase price of, or the cost of constructing, developing, repairing or improving, the property or assets subject to such lien;
- (8) any lien incurred in the ordinary course of business in connection with workmen s compensation, unemployment insurance, temporary disability, social security, retiree health or similar laws or regulations or to secure obligations imposed by statute or governmental regulations;

(9) liens in favor of any person to secure obligations under provisions of any letters of credit, bank guarantees, bonds or surety obligations required or requested by any governmental authority in connection with any contract or statute; or any lien upon or deposits of any assets to secure performance of bids, trade contracts, leases or statutory obligations;

(10) any lien upon any property or assets created at the time of acquisition of such property or assets by the Guarantor or any Subsidiary or within one year after such time to secure all or a portion of the purchase price for such property or assets or debt incurred to finance such purchase price, whether such debt was incurred prior to, at the time of or within one year after the date of such acquisition; or

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any lien upon any property or assets to secure all or part of the cost of construction, development, repair or improvements thereon or to secure debt incurred prior to, at the time of, or within one year after completion of such construction, development, repair or improvements or the commencement of full operations thereof (whichever is later), to provide funds for any such purpose;

- (11) any lien upon any property or assets existing thereon at the time of the acquisition thereof by the Guarantor or any Subsidiary and any lien upon any property or assets of a person existing thereon at the time such person becomes a Subsidiary by acquisition, merger or otherwise; provided that, in each case, such lien only encumbers the property or assets so acquired or owned by such person at the time such person becomes a Subsidiary;
- (12) liens imposed by law or order as a result of any proceeding before any court or regulatory body that is being contested in good faith, and liens which secure a judgment or other court-ordered award or settlement as to which the Guarantor or the applicable Subsidiary has not exhausted its appellate rights;
- (13) any extension, renewal, refinancing, refunding or replacement (or successive extensions, renewals, refinancing, refunding or replacements) of liens, in whole or in part, referred to in clauses (1) through (12) above; provided, however, that any such extension, renewal, refinancing, refunding or replacement lien shall be limited to the property or assets covered by the lien extended, renewed, refinanced, refunded or replaced and that the obligations secured by any such extension, renewal, refinancing, refunding or replacement lien shall be in an amount not greater than the amount of the obligations secured by the lien extended, renewed, refinanced, refunded or replaced and any expenses of the Guarantor and its Subsidiaries (including any premium) incurred in connection with such extension, renewal, refinancing, refunding or replacement; or
- (14) any lien resulting from the deposit of moneys or evidence of indebtedness in trust for the purpose of defeasing debt of the Guarantor or any Subsidiary.

Principal Property means, whether owned or leased on the date of the Indenture or thereafter acquired:

- (1) any pipeline assets of the Guarantor or any Subsidiary, including any related facilities employed in the transportation, distribution, storage or marketing of refined petroleum products, natural gas liquids, and petrochemicals, that are located in the United States of America or any territory or political subdivision thereof; and
- (2) any processing or manufacturing plant or terminal owned or leased by the Guarantor or any Subsidiary that is located in the United States or any territory or political subdivision thereof,

except, in the case of either of the foregoing clauses (1) or (2):

- (a) any such assets consisting of inventories, furniture, office fixtures and equipment (including data processing equipment), vehicles and equipment used on, or useful with, vehicles; and
- (b) any such assets, plant or terminal which, in the opinion of the board of directors of the general partner of the Issuer, is not material in relation to the activities of the Issuer or of the Guarantor and its Subsidiaries taken as a whole.

Subsidiary means:

(1) the Issuer; or

(2) any corporation, association or other business entity of which more than 50% of the total voting power of the equity interests entitled (without regard to the occurrence of any contingency) to vote in the election of directors, managers or trustees thereof or any partnership of which more than 50% of the partners equity interests (considering all partners equity interests as a single class) is, in each case, at the time owned or controlled, directly or indirectly, by the Guarantor, the Issuer or one or more of the other Subsidiaries of the Guarantor or the Issuer or combination thereof.

Notwithstanding the preceding, under the Indenture, the Guarantor may, and may permit any Subsidiary to, create, assume, incur, or suffer to exist any lien (other than a Permitted Lien) upon any Principal Property

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or capital stock of a Restricted Subsidiary to secure debt of the Guarantor, the Issuer or any other person (other than the debt securities), without securing the debt securities, provided that the aggregate principal amount of all debt then outstanding secured by such lien and all similar liens, together with all Attributable Indebtedness from Sale-Leaseback Transactions (excluding Sale-Leaseback Transactions permitted by clauses (1) through (4), inclusive, of the first paragraph of the restriction on sale-leasebacks covenant described below) does not exceed 10% of Consolidated Net Tangible Assets.

Restriction on Sale-Leasebacks. The Indenture provides that the Guarantor will not, and will not permit any Subsidiary to, engage in the sale or transfer by the Guarantor or any Subsidiary of any Principal Property to a person (other than the Issuer or a Subsidiary) and the taking back by the Guarantor or any Subsidiary, as the case may be, of a lease of such Principal Property (a Sale-Leaseback Transaction), unless:

- (1) such Sale-Leaseback Transaction occurs within one year from the date of completion of the acquisition of the Principal Property subject thereto or the date of the completion of construction, development or substantial repair or improvement, or commencement of full operations on such Principal Property, whichever is later;
- (2) the Sale-Leaseback Transaction involves a lease for a period, including renewals, of not more than three years;
- (3) the Guarantor or such Subsidiary would be entitled to incur debt secured by a lien on the Principal Property subject thereto in a principal amount equal to or exceeding the Attributable Indebtedness from such Sale-Leaseback Transaction without equally and ratably securing the debt securities; or
- (4) the Guarantor or such Subsidiary, within a one-year period after such Sale-Leaseback Transaction, applies or causes to be applied an amount not less than the Attributable Indebtedness from such Sale-Leaseback Transaction to (a) the prepayment, repayment, redemption, reduction or retirement of any debt of the Guarantor or any Subsidiary that is not subordinated to the debt securities, or (b) the expenditure or expenditures for Principal Property used or to be used in the ordinary course of business of the Guarantor or its Subsidiaries.

Attributable Indebtedness, when used with respect to any Sale-Leaseback Transaction, means, as at the time of determination, the present value (discounted at the rate set forth or implicit in the terms of the lease included in such transaction) of the total obligations of the lessee for rental payments (other than amounts required to be paid on account of property taxes, maintenance, repairs, insurance, assessments, utilities, operating and labor costs and other items that do not constitute payments for property rights) during the remaining term of the lease included in such Sale-Leaseback Transaction (including any period for which such lease has been extended). In the case of any lease that is terminable by the lessee upon the payment of a penalty or other termination payment, such amount shall be the lesser of the amount determined assuming termination upon the first date such lease may be terminated (in which case the amount shall also include the amount of the penalty or termination payment, but no rent shall be considered as required to be paid under such lease subsequent to the first date upon which it may be so terminated) or the amount determined assuming no such termination.

Notwithstanding the preceding, under the Indenture the Guarantor may, and may permit any Subsidiary to, effect any Sale-Leaseback Transaction that is not excepted by clauses (1) through (4), inclusive, of the first paragraph under Restrictions on Sale-Leasebacks, provided that the Attributable Indebtedness from such Sale-Leaseback Transaction, together with the aggregate principal amount of all other such Attributable Indebtedness deemed to be outstanding in respect of all Sale-Leaseback Transactions and all outstanding debt (other than the debt securities) secured by liens (other than Permitted Liens) upon Principal Properties or upon capital stock of any Restricted Subsidiary, do not exceed 10% of Consolidated Net Tangible Assets.

Merger, Consolidation or Sale of Assets. The Indenture provides that each of the Guarantor and the Issuer may, without the consent of the holders of any of the debt securities, consolidate with or sell, lease,

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convey all or substantially all of its assets to, or merge with or into, any partnership, limited liability company or corporation if:

- (1) the entity surviving any such consolidation or merger or to which such assets shall have been transferred (the successor) is either the Guarantor or the Issuer, as applicable, or the successor is a domestic partnership, limited liability company or corporation and expressly assumes all the Guarantor s or the Issuer s, as the case may be, obligations and liabilities under the Indenture and the debt securities (in the case of the Issuer) and the Guarantee (in the case of the Guarantor);
- (2) immediately after giving effect to the transaction no Default or Event of Default has occurred and is continuing; and
- (3) the Issuer and the Guarantor have delivered to the Trustee an officers certificate and an opinion of counsel, each stating that such consolidation, merger or transfer complies with the Indenture.

The successor will be substituted for the Guarantor or the Issuer, as the case may be, in the Indenture with the same effect as if it had been an original party to the Indenture. Thereafter, the successor may exercise the rights and powers of the Guarantor or the Issuer, as the case may be, under the Indenture, in its name or in its own name. If the Guarantor or the Issuer sells or transfers all or substantially all of its assets, it will be released from all liabilities and obligations under the Indenture and under the debt securities (in the case of the Issuer) and the Guarantee (in the case of the Guarantor) except that no such release will occur in the case of a lease of all or substantially all of its assets.

Events of Default

Each of the following will be an Event of Default under the Indenture with respect to a series of debt securities:

- (1) default in any payment of interest on any debt securities of that series when due, continued for 30 days;
- (2) default in the payment of principal of or premium, if any, on any debt securities of that series when due at its stated maturity, upon optional redemption, upon declaration or otherwise;
- (3) failure by the Guarantor or the Issuer to comply for 60 days after notice with its other agreements contained in the Indenture;
- (4) certain events of bankruptcy, insolvency or reorganization of the Issuer or the Guarantor (the bankruptcy provisions); or
- (5) the Guarantee ceases to be in full force and effect or is declared null and void in a judicial proceeding or the Guaranter denies or disaffirms its obligations under the Indenture or the Guarantee.

However, a default under clause (3) of this paragraph will not constitute an Event of Default until the Trustee or the holders of at least 25% in principal amount of the outstanding debt securities of that series notify the Issuer and the Guarantor of the default such default is not cured within the time specified in clause (3) of this paragraph after receipt of such notice.

An Event of Default for a particular series of debt securities will not necessarily constitute an Event of Default for any other series of debt securities that may be issued under the Indenture. If an Event of Default (other than an Event of Default described in clause (4) above) occurs and is continuing, the Trustee by notice to the Issuer, or the holders of at least 25% in principal amount of the outstanding debt securities of that series by notice to the Issuer and the Trustee,

may, and the Trustee at the request of such holders shall, declare the principal of, premium, if any, and accrued and unpaid interest, if any, on all the debt securities of that series to be due and payable. Upon such a declaration, such principal, premium and accrued and unpaid interest will be due and payable immediately. If an Event of Default described in clause (4) above occurs and is continuing, the principal of, premium, if any, and accrued and unpaid interest on all the debt securities will become and be immediately due and payable without any declaration or other act on the part of the Trustee or any holders. However, the effect of such provision may be limited by applicable law. The holders of a majority in principal

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amount of the outstanding debt securities of a series may rescind any such acceleration with respect to the debt securities of that series and its consequences if rescission would not conflict with any judgment or decree of a court of competent jurisdiction and all existing Events of Default with respect to that series, other than the nonpayment of the principal of, premium, if any, and interest on the debt securities of that series that have become due solely by such declaration of acceleration, have been cured or waived.

Subject to the provisions of the Indenture relating to the duties of the Trustee, if an Event of Default with respect to a series of debt securities occurs and is continuing, the Trustee will be under no obligation to exercise any of the rights or powers under the Indenture at the request or direction of any of the holders of debt securities of that series, unless such holders have offered to the Trustee reasonable indemnity or security against any loss, liability or expense. Except to enforce the right to receive payment of principal, premium, if any, or interest when due, no holder of debt securities of any series may pursue any remedy with respect to the Indenture or the debt securities of that series unless:

- (1) such holder has previously given the Trustee notice that an Event of Default with respect to the debt securities of that series is continuing;
- (2) holders of at least 25% in principal amount of the outstanding debt securities of that series have requested the Trustee to pursue the remedy;
- (3) such holders have offered the Trustee reasonable security or indemnity against any loss, liability or expense;
- (4) the Trustee has not complied with such request within 60 days after the receipt of the request and the offer of security or indemnity; and
- (5) the holders of a majority in principal amount of the outstanding debt securities of that series have not given the Trustee a direction that, in the opinion of the Trustee, is inconsistent with such request within such 60-day period.

Subject to certain restrictions, the holders of a majority in principal amount of the outstanding debt securities of each series have the right to direct the time, method and place of conducting any proceeding for any remedy available to the Trustee or of exercising any trust or power conferred on the Trustee with respect to that series of debt securities. The Trustee, however, may refuse to follow any direction that conflicts with law or the Indenture or that the Trustee determines is unduly prejudicial to the rights of any other holder of debt securities of that series or that would involve the Trustee in personal liability.

The Indenture provides that if a Default (that is, an event that is, or after notice or the passage of time would be, an Event of Default) with respect to the debt securities of a particular series occurs and is continuing and is known to the Trustee, the Trustee must mail to each holder of debt securities of that series notice of the Default within 90 days after it occurs. Except in the case of a Default in the payment of principal of, premium, if any, or interest on the debt securities of that series, the Trustee may withhold notice, but only if and so long as the Trustee in good faith determines that withholding notice is in the interests of the holders of debt securities of that series. In addition, the Issuer is required to deliver to the Trustee, within 120 days after the end of each fiscal year, an officers certificate as to compliance with all covenants in the Indenture and indicating whether the signers thereof know of any Default or Event of Default that occurred during the previous year. The Issuer also is required to deliver to the Trustee, within 30 days after the occurrence thereof, an officers certificate specifying any Default or Event of Default, its status and what action the Issuer is taking or proposes to take in respect thereof.

Amendments and Waivers

Amendments of the Indenture may be made by the Issuer, the Guarantor and the Trustee with the consent of the holders of a majority in principal amount of all debt securities of each series affected thereby then outstanding under the Indenture (including consents obtained in connection with a tender offer or exchange

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offer for the debt securities). However, without the consent of each holder of outstanding debt securities affected thereby, no amendment may, among other things:

- (1) reduce the percentage in principal amount of debt securities whose holders must consent to an amendment;
- (2) reduce the stated rate of or extend the stated time for payment of interest on any debt securities;
- (3) reduce the principal of or extend the stated maturity of any debt securities;
- (4) reduce the premium payable upon the redemption of any debt securities or change the time at which any debt securities may be redeemed;
- (5) make any debt securities payable in money other than that stated in the debt securities;
- (6) impair the right of any holder to receive payment of, premium, if any, principal of and interest on such holder s debt securities on or after the due dates therefor or to institute suit for the enforcement of any payment on or with respect to such holder s debt securities;
- (7) make any change in the amendment provisions which require each holder s consent or in the waiver provisions;
- (8) release any security that may have been granted in respect of the debt securities; or
- (9) release the Guarantor or modify the Guarantee in any manner adverse to the holders.

The holders of a majority in aggregate principal amount of the outstanding debt securities of each series affected thereby, may waive compliance by the Issuer and the Guarantor with certain restrictive covenants on behalf of all holders of debt securities of such series, including those described under Certain Covenants Limitations on Liens and Certain Covenants Restriction on Sale-Leasebacks. The holders of a majority in principal amount of the outstanding debt securities of each series affected thereby, on behalf of all such holders, may waive any past Default or Event of Default with respect to that series (including any such waiver obtained in connection with a tender offer or exchange offer for the debt securities), except a Default or Event of Default in the payment of principal, premium or interest or in respect of a provision that under the Indenture that cannot be amended without the consent of all holders of the series of debt securities that is affected.

Without the consent of any holder, the Issuer, the Guarantor and the Trustee may amend the Indenture to:

- (1) cure any ambiguity, omission, defect or inconsistency;
- (2) provide for the assumption by a successor of the obligations of the Guarantor or the Issuer under the Indenture;
- (3) provide for uncertificated debt securities in addition to or in place of certificated debt securities (provided that the uncertificated debt securities are issued in registered form for purposes of Section 163(f) of the Code, or in a manner such that the uncertificated debt securities are described in Section 163(f)(2)(B) of the Code);
- (4) add or release guarantees by any Subsidiary with respect to the debt securities, in either case as provided in the Indenture;
- (5) secure the debt securities or a guarantee;

- (6) add to the covenants of the Guarantor or the Issuer for the benefit of the holders or surrender any right or power conferred upon the Guarantor or the Issuer;
- (7) make any change that does not adversely affect the rights of any holder;
- (8) comply with any requirement of the Commission in connection with the qualification of the Indenture under the Trust Indenture Act; and
- (9) issue any other series of debt securities under the Indenture.

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The consent of the holders is not necessary under the Indenture to approve the particular form of any proposed amendment. It is sufficient if such consent approves the substance of the proposed amendment. After an amendment requiring consent of the holders becomes effective, the Issuer is required to mail to the holders of an affected series a notice briefly describing such amendment. However, the failure to give such notice to all such holders, or any defect therein, will not impair or affect the validity of the amendment.

Defeasance and Discharge

The Issuer at any time may terminate all its obligations under the Indenture as they relate to a series of debt securities (legal defeasance), except for certain obligations, including those respecting the defeasance trust and obligations to register the transfer or exchange of the debt securities of that series, to replace mutilated, destroyed, lost or stolen debt securities of that series and to maintain a registrar and paying agent in respect of such debt securities.

The Issuer at any time may terminate its obligations under covenants described under Certain Covenants (other than Merger, Consolidation or Sale of Assets) and the bankruptcy provisions with respect to the Guarantor, and the Guarantee provision, described under Events of Default above with respect to a series of debt securities (covenant defeasance).

The Issuer may exercise its legal defeasance option notwithstanding its prior exercise of its covenant defeasance option. If the Issuer exercises its legal defeasance option, payment of the defeased series of debt securities may not be accelerated because of an Event of Default with respect thereto. If the Issuer exercises its covenant defeasance option, payment of the affected series of debt securities may not be accelerated because of an Event of Default specified in clause (3), (4), (with respect only to the Guarantor) or (5) under Events of Default above. If the Issuer exercises either its legal defeasance option or its covenant defeasance option, each guarantee will terminate with respect to the debt securities of the defeased series and any security that may have been granted with respect to such debt securities will be released.

In order to exercise either defeasance option, the Issuer must irrevocably deposit in trust (the defeasance trust) with the Trustee money, U.S. Government Obligations (as defined in the Indenture) or a combination thereof for the payment of principal, premium, if any, and interest on the relevant series of debt securities to redemption or maturity, as the case may be, and must comply with certain other conditions, including delivery to the Trustee of an opinion of counsel (subject to customary exceptions and exclusions) to the effect that holders of that series of debt securities will not recognize income, gain or loss for federal income tax purposes as a result of such deposit and defeasance and will be subject to federal income tax on the same amounts and in the same manner and at the same times as would have been the case if such defeasance had not occurred. In the case of legal defeasance only, such opinion of counsel must be based on a ruling of the Internal Revenue Service or other change in applicable federal income tax law.

In the event of any legal defeasance, holders of the debt securities of the relevant series would be entitled to look only to the trust fund for payment of principal of and any premium and interest on their debt securities until maturity.

Although the amount of money and U.S. Government Obligations on deposit with the Trustee would be intended to be sufficient to pay amounts due on the debt securities of a defeased series at the time of their stated maturity, if the Issuer exercises its covenant defeasance option for the debt securities of any series and the debt securities are declared due and payable because of the occurrence of an Event of Default, such amount may not be sufficient to pay amounts due on the debt securities of that series at the time of the acceleration resulting from such Event of Default. The Issuer would remain liable for such payments, however.

In addition, the Issuer may discharge all its obligations under the Indenture with respect to debt securities of any series, other than its obligation to register the transfer of and exchange notes of that series, provided that it either:

delivers all outstanding debt securities of that series to the Trustee for cancellation; or

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all such debt securities not so delivered for cancellation have either become due and payable or will become due and payable at their stated maturity within one year or are called for redemption within one year, and in the case of this bullet point the Issuer has deposited with the Trustee in trust an amount of cash sufficient to pay the entire indebtedness of such debt securities, including interest to the stated maturity or applicable redemption date.

Subordination

Debt securities of a series may be subordinated to our Senior Indebtedness, which we define generally to include all notes or other evidences of indebtedness for money borrowed by the Issuer, including guarantees, that are not expressly subordinate or junior in right of payment to any other indebtedness of the Issuer. Subordinated debt securities and the Guarantor s guarantee thereof will be subordinate in right of payment, to the extent and in the manner set forth in the Indenture and the prospectus supplement relating to such series, to the prior payment of all indebtedness of the Issuer and Guarantor that is designated as Senior Indebtedness with respect to the series.

The holders of Senior Indebtedness of the Issuer will receive payment in full of the Senior Indebtedness before holders of subordinated debt securities will receive any payment of principal, premium or interest with respect to the subordinated debt securities:

upon any payment of distribution of our assets of the Issuer to its creditors;

upon a total or partial liquidation or dissolution of the Issuer; or

in a bankruptcy, receivership or similar proceeding relating to the Issuer or its property.

Until the Senior Indebtedness is paid in full, any distribution to which holders of subordinated debt securities would otherwise be entitled will be made to the holders of Senior Indebtedness, except that such holders may receive units representing limited partner interests and any debt securities that are subordinated to Senior Indebtedness to at least the same extent as the subordinated debt securities.

If the Issuer does not pay any principal, premium or interest with respect to Senior Indebtedness within any applicable grace period (including at maturity), or any other default on Senior Indebtedness occurs and the maturity of the Senior Indebtedness is accelerated in accordance with its terms, the Issuer may not:

make any payments of principal, premium, if any, or interest with respect to subordinated debt securities;

make any deposit for the purpose of defeasance of the subordinated debt securities; or

repurchase, redeem or otherwise retire any subordinated debt securities, except that in the case of subordinated debt securities that provide for a mandatory sinking fund, we may deliver subordinated debt securities to the Trustee in satisfaction of our sinking fund obligation,

unless, in either case,

the default has been cured or waived and the declaration of acceleration has been rescinded;

the Senior Indebtedness has been paid in full in cash; or

the Issuer and the Trustee receive written notice approving the payment from the representatives of each issue of Designated Senior Indebtedness.

Generally, Designated Senior Indebtedness will include:

indebtedness for borrowed money under a bank credit agreement, called Bank Indebtedness; and any specified issue of Senior Indebtedness of at least \$100 million.

During the continuance of any default, other than a default described in the immediately preceding paragraph, that may cause the maturity of any Senior Indebtedness to be accelerated immediately without further notice, other than any notice required to effect such acceleration, or the expiration of any applicable

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grace periods, the Issuer may not pay the subordinated debt securities for a period called the Payment Blockage Period. A Payment Blockage Period will commence on the receipt by us and the Trustee of written notice of the default, called a Blockage Notice, from the representative of any Designated Senior Indebtedness specifying an election to effect a Payment Blockage Period.

The Payment Blockage Period may be terminated before its expiration:

by written notice from the person or persons who gave the Blockage Notice;

by repayment in full in cash of the Senior Indebtedness with respect to which the Blockage Notice was given; or

if the default giving rise to the Payment Blockage Period is no longer continuing.

Unless the holders of Senior Indebtedness shall have accelerated the maturity of the Senior Indebtedness, we may resume payments on the subordinated debt securities after the expiration of the Payment Blockage Period.

Generally, not more than one Blockage Notice may be given in any period of 360 consecutive days unless the first Blockage Notice within the 360-day period is given by holders of Designated Senior Indebtedness, other than Bank Indebtedness, in which case the representative of the Bank Indebtedness may give another Blockage Notice within the period. The total number of days during which any one or more Payment Blockage Periods are in effect, however, may not exceed an aggregate of 179 days during any period of 360 consecutive days.

After all Senior Indebtedness is paid in full and until the subordinated debt securities are paid in full, holders of the subordinated debt securities shall be subrogated to the rights of holders of Senior Indebtedness to receive distributions applicable to Senior Indebtedness.

By reason of the subordination, in the event of insolvency, our creditors who are holders of Senior Indebtedness, as well as certain of our general creditors, may recover more, ratably, than the holders of the subordinated debt securities.

Book-Entry System

We will issue the debt securities in the form of one or more global securities in fully registered form initially in the name of Cede & Co., as nominee of DTC, or such other name as may be requested by an authorized representative of DTC. The global securities will be deposited with the Trustee as custodian for DTC and may not be transferred except as a whole by DTC to a nominee of DTC or by a nominee of DTC to DTC or another nominee of DTC or by DTC or any nominee to a successor of DTC or a nominee of such successor.

DTC has advised us as follows:

DTC is a limited-purpose trust company organized under the New York Banking Law, a banking organization within the meaning of the New York Banking Law, a member of the Federal Reserve System, a clearing corporation within the meaning of the New York Uniform Commercial Code, and a clearing agency registered pursuant to the provisions of Section 17A of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended, or the Exchange Act.

DTC holds securities that its participants deposit with DTC and facilitates the settlement among direct participants of securities transactions, such as transfers and pledges, in deposited securities, through electronic computerized book-entry changes in direct participants accounts, thereby eliminating the need for physical

movement of securities certificates.

Direct participants include securities brokers and dealers, banks, trust companies, clearing corporations and certain other organizations.

DTC is owned by a number of its direct participants and by the New York Stock Exchange, Inc., the American Stock Exchange LLC and the National Association of Securities Dealers, Inc.

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Access to the DTC system is also available to others such as securities brokers and dealers, banks and trust companies that clear through or maintain a custodial relationship with a direct participant, either directly or indirectly.

The rules applicable to DTC and its direct and indirect participants are on file with the Commission.

Purchases of debt securities under the DTC system must be made by or through direct participants, which will receive a credit for the debt securities on DTC s records. The ownership interest of each actual purchaser of debt securities is in turn to be recorded on the direct and indirect participants records. Beneficial owners of the debt securities will not receive written confirmation from DTC of their purchase, but beneficial owners are expected to receive written confirmations providing details of the transaction, as well as periodic statements of their holdings, from the direct or indirect participants through which the beneficial owner entered into the transaction. Transfers of ownership interests in the debt securities are to be accomplished by entries made on the books of direct and indirect participants acting on behalf of beneficial owners. Beneficial owners will not receive certificates representing their ownership interests in the debt securities, except in the event that use of the book-entry system for the debt securities is discontinued.

To facilitate subsequent transfers, all debt securities deposited by direct participants with DTC are registered in the name of DTC s partnership nominee, Cede & Co., or such other name as may be requested by an authorized representative of DTC. The deposit of debt securities with DTC and their registration in the name of Cede & Co. or such other nominee do not effect any change in beneficial ownership. DTC has no knowledge of the actual beneficial owners of the debt securities; DTC s records reflect only the identity of the direct participants to whose accounts such debt securities are credited, which may or may not be the beneficial owners. The direct and indirect participants will remain responsible for keeping account of their holdings on behalf of their customers.

Conveyance of notices and other communications by DTC to direct participants, by, direct participants to indirect participants, and by direct participants and indirect participants to beneficial owners will be governed by arrangements among them, subject to any statutory or regulatory requirements as may be in effect from time to time.

Neither DTC nor Cede & Co. (nor any other DTC nominee) will consent or vote with respect to the global securities. Under its usual procedures, DTC mails an omnibus proxy to the issuer as soon as possible after the record date. The omnibus proxy assigns Cede & Co. s consenting or voting rights to those direct participants to whose accounts the debt securities are credited on the record date (identified in the listing attached to the omnibus proxy).

All payments on the global securities will be made to Cede & Co., as holder of record, or such other nominee as may be requested by an authorized representative of DTC. DTC s practice is to credit direct participants accounts upon DTC s receipt of funds and corresponding detail information from us or the Trustee on payment dates in accordance with their respective holdings shown on DTC s records. Payments by participants to beneficial owners will be governed by standing instructions and customary practices, as is the case with securities held for the accounts of customers in bearer form or registered in street name, and will be the responsibility of such participant and not of DTC, us or the Trustee, subject to any statutory or regulatory requirements as may be in effect from time to time. Payment of principal, premium, if any, and interest to Cede & Co. (or such other nominee as may be requested by an authorized representative of DTC) shall be the responsibility of us or the Trustee. Disbursement of such payments to direct participants shall be the responsibility of DTC, and disbursement of such payments to the beneficial owners shall be the responsibility of direct and indirect participants.

DTC may discontinue providing its service as securities depositary with respect to the debt securities at any time by giving reasonable notice to us or the Trustee. In addition, we may decide to discontinue use of the system of book-entry transfers through DTC (or a successor securities depositary). Under such circumstances, in the event that a successor securities depositary is not obtained, note certificates in fully registered form are required to be printed and

delivered to beneficial owners of the global securities representing such debt securities.

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Neither we nor the Trustee will have any responsibility or obligation to direct or indirect participants, or the persons for whom they act as nominees, with respect to the accuracy of the records of DTC, its nominee or any participant with respect to any ownership interest in the debt securities, or payments to, or the providing of notice to participants or beneficial owners.

So long as the debt securities are in DTC s book-entry system, secondary market trading activity in the debt securities will settle in immediately available funds. All payments on the debt securities issued as global securities will be made by us in immediately available funds.

Limitations on Issuance of Bearer Securities

The debt securities of a series may be issued as Registered Securities (which will be registered as to principal and interest in the register maintained by the registrar for the debt securities) or Bearer Securities (which will be transferable only by delivery). If the debt securities are issuable as Bearer Securities, certain special limitations and conditions will apply.

In compliance with United States federal income tax laws and regulations, we and any underwriter, agent or dealer participating in an offering of Bearer Securities will agree that, in connection with the original issuance of the Bearer Securities and during the period ending 40 days after the issue date, they will not offer, sell or deliver any such Bearer Securities, directly or indirectly, to a United States Person (as defined below) or to any person within the United States, except to the extent permitted under United States Treasury regulations.

Bearer Securities will bear a legend to the following effect: Any United States person who holds this obligation will be subject to limitations under the United States federal income tax laws, including the limitations provided in Sections 165(j) and 1287(a) of the Internal Revenue Code. The sections referred to in the legend provide that, with certain exceptions, a United States taxpayer who holds Bearer Securities will not be allowed to deduct any loss with respect to, and will not be eligible for capital gain treatment with respect to any gain realized on the sale, exchange, redemption or other disposition of, the Bearer Securities.

For this purpose, United States includes the United States of America and its possessions, and United States person means a citizen or resident of the United States, a corporation, partnership or other entity created or organized in or under the laws of the United States, or an estate or trust the income of which is subject to United States federal income taxation regardless of its source.

Pending the availability of a definitive global security or individual Bearer Securities, as the case may be, debt securities that are issuable as Bearer Securities may initially be represented by a single temporary global security, without interest coupons, to be deposited with a common depositary for the Euroclear System as operated by Euroclear Bank S.A./N.V. (Euroclear) and Clearstream Banking S.A. (Clearstream, formerly Cedelbank), for credit to the accounts designated by or on behalf of the purchasers thereof. Following the availability of a definitive global security in bearer form, without coupons attached, or individual Bearer Securities and subject to any further limitations described in the applicable prospectus supplement, the temporary global security will be exchangeable for interests in the definitive global security or for the individual Bearer Securities, respectively, only upon receipt of a Certificate of Non-U.S. Beneficial Ownership, which is a certificate to the effect that a beneficial interest in a temporary global security is owned by a person that is not a United States Person or is owned by or through a financial institution in compliance with applicable United States Treasury regulations. No Bearer Security will be delivered in or to the United States. If so specified in the applicable prospectus supplement, interest on a temporary global security will be paid to each of Euroclear and Clearstream with respect to that portion of the temporary global security held for its account, but only upon receipt as of the relevant interest payment date of a Certificate of Non-U.S. Beneficial Ownership.

No Recourse Against General Partner

The Issuer s general partner, the Guarantor s general partner and their respective directors, officers, employees and members, as such, shall have no liability for any obligations of the Issuer or the Guarantor

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under the debt securities, the Indenture or the guarantee or for any claim based on, in respect of, or by reason of, such obligations or their creation. Each holder by accepting a note waives and releases all such liability. The waiver and release are part of the consideration for issuance of the debt securities. Such waiver may not be effective to waive liabilities under the federal securities laws, and it is the view of the Commission that such a waiver is against public policy.

Concerning the Trustee

The Indenture contains certain limitations on the right of the Trustee, should it become our creditor, to obtain payment of claims in certain cases, or to realize for its own account on certain property received in respect of any such claim as security or otherwise. The Trustee is permitted to engage in certain other transactions. However, if it acquires any conflicting interest within the meaning of the Trust Indenture Act, it must eliminate the conflict or resign as Trustee.

The holders of a majority in principal amount of all outstanding debt securities (or if more than one series of debt securities under the Indenture is affected thereby, all series so affected, voting as a single class) will have the right to direct the time, method and place of conducting any proceeding for exercising any remedy or power available to the Trustee for the debt securities or all such series so affected.

If an Event of Default occurs and is not cured under the Indenture and is known to the Trustee, the Trustee shall exercise such of the rights and powers vested in it by the Indenture and use the same degree of care and skill in its exercise as a prudent person would exercise or use under the circumstances in the conduct of his own affairs. Subject to such provisions, the Trustee will not be under any obligation to exercise any of its rights or powers under the Indenture at the request of any of the holders of debt securities unless they shall have offered to such Trustee reasonable security and indemnity.

Wells Fargo Bank, National Association is the Trustee under the Indenture and has been appointed by the Issuer as Registrar and Paying Agent with regard to the debt securities. Wells Fargo Bank, National Association is a lender under the Issuer s credit facilities.

Governing Law

The Indenture, the debt securities and the guarantee are governed by, and will be construed in accordance with, the laws of the State of New York.

DESCRIPTION OF OUR COMMON UNITS

Generally, our common units represent limited partner interests that entitle the holders to participate in our cash distributions and to exercise the rights and privileges available to limited partners under our partnership agreement. For a description of the relative rights and preferences of holders of common units and our general partner in and to cash distributions, please read Cash Distribution Policy elsewhere in this prospectus:

Our outstanding common units are listed on the NYSE under the symbol EPD. Any additional common units we issue will also be listed on the NYSE.

The transfer agent and registrar for our common units is Mellon Investor Services LLC.

Meetings/Voting

Each holder of common units is entitled to one vote for each common unit on all matters submitted to a vote of the unitholders.

Status as Limited Partner or Assignee

Except as described below under Limited Liability, the common units will be fully paid, and unitholders will not be required to make additional capital contributions to us.

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Each purchaser of our common units must execute a transfer application whereby the purchaser requests admission as a substituted limited partner and makes representations and agrees to provisions stated in the transfer application. If this action is not taken, a purchaser will not be registered as a record holder of common units on the books of our transfer agent or issued a common unit certificate. Purchasers may hold common units in nominee accounts.

An assignee, pending its admission as a substituted limited partner, is entitled to an interest in us equivalent to that of a limited partner with respect to the right to share in allocations and distributions, including liquidating distributions. Our general partner will vote and exercise other powers attributable to common units owned by an assignee who has not become a substituted limited partner at the written direction of the assignee. Transferees who do not execute and deliver transfer applications will be treated neither as assignees nor as record holders of common units and will not receive distributions, federal income tax allocations or reports furnished to record holders of common units. The only right the transferees will have is the right to admission as a substituted limited partner in respect of the transferred common units upon execution of a transfer application in respect of the common units. A nominee or broker who has executed a transfer application with respect to common units held in street name or nominee accounts will receive distributions and reports pertaining to its common units.

Limited Liability

Assuming that a limited partner does not participate in the control of our business within the meaning of the Delaware Revised Uniform Limited Partnership Act (the Delaware Act) and that he otherwise acts in conformity with the provisions of our partnership agreement, his liability under the Delaware Act will be limited, subject to some possible exceptions, generally to the amount of capital he is obligated to contribute to us in respect of his units plus his share of any undistributed profits and assets.

Under the Delaware Act, a limited partnership may not make a distribution to a partner to the extent that at the time of the distribution, after giving effect to the distribution, all liabilities of the partnership, other than liabilities to partners on account of their partnership interests and liabilities for which the recourse of creditors is limited to specific property of the partnership, exceed the fair value of the assets of the limited partnership.

For the purposes of determining the fair value of the assets of a limited partnership, the Delaware Act provides that the fair value of the property subject to liability of which recourse of creditors is limited shall be included in the assets of the limited partnership only to the extent that the fair value of that property exceeds the nonrecourse liability. The Delaware Act provides that a limited partner who receives a distribution and knew at the time of the distribution that the distribution was in violation of the Delaware Act is liable to the limited partnership for the amount of the distribution for three years from the date of the distribution.

Reports and Records

As soon as practicable, but in no event later than 120 days after the close of each fiscal year, our general partner will mail or furnish to each unitholder of record (as of a record date selected by our general partner) an annual report containing our audited financial statements for the past fiscal year. These financial statements will be prepared in accordance with United States generally accepted accounting principles. In addition, no later than 90 days after the close of each quarter (except the fourth quarter), our general partner will mail or furnish to each unitholder of record (as of a record date selected by our general partner) a report containing our unaudited financial statements and any other information required by law.

Our general partner will use all reasonable efforts to furnish each unitholder of record information reasonably required for tax reporting purposes within 90 days after the close of each fiscal year. Our general partner s ability to furnish this summary tax information will depend on the cooperation of unitholders in supplying information to our general

partner. Each unitholder will receive information to assist him in determining his U.S. federal and state and Canadian federal and provincial tax liability and filing his U.S. federal and state and Canadian federal and provincial income tax returns.

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A limited partner can, for a purpose reasonably related to the limited partner s interest as a limited partner, upon reasonable demand and at his own expense, have furnished to him:

a current list of the name and last known address of each partner;

a copy of our tax returns;

information as to the amount of cash and a description and statement of the agreed value of any other property or services, contributed or to be contributed by each partner and the date on which each became a partner;

copies of our partnership agreement, our certificate of limited partnership, amendments to either of them and powers of attorney which have been executed under our partnership agreement;

information regarding the status of our business and financial condition; and

any other information regarding our affairs as is just and reasonable.

Our general partner may, and intends to, keep confidential from the limited partners trade secrets and other information the disclosure of which our general partner believes in good faith is not in our best interest or which we are required by law or by agreements with third parties to keep confidential.

CASH DISTRIBUTION POLICY

Distributions of Available Cash

General. Within approximately 45 days after the end of each quarter, we will distribute all of our available cash to unitholders of record on the applicable record date.

Definition of Available Cash. Available cash is defined in our partnership agreement and generally means, with respect to any calendar quarter, all cash on hand at the end of such quarter:

less the amount of cash reserves that is necessary or appropriate in the reasonable discretion of the general partner to:

provide for the proper conduct of our business;

comply with applicable law or any debt instrument or other agreement (including reserves for future capital expenditures and for our future credit needs); or

provide funds for distributions to unitholders and our general partner in respect of any one or more of the next four quarters;

plus all cash on hand on the date of determination of available cash for the quarter resulting from working capital borrowings made after the end of the quarter. Working capital borrowings are generally borrowings that are made under our credit facilities and in all cases are used solely for working capital purposes or to pay distributions to partners.

Operating Surplus and Capital Surplus

General. Cash distributions are characterized as distributions from either operating surplus or capital surplus. We distribute available cash from operating surplus differently than available cash from capital surplus.

Definition of Operating Surplus. Operating surplus is defined in the partnership agreement and generally means:

our cash balance on July 31, 1998, the closing date of our initial public offering of common units (excluding \$46.5 million to fund certain capital commitments existing at such closing date); plus

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all of our cash receipts since the closing of our initial public offering, excluding cash from interim capital transactions such as borrowings that are not working capital borrowings, sales of equity and debt securities and sales or other disposition of assets for cash, other than inventory, accounts receivable and other assets sold in the ordinary course of business or as part of normal retirements or replacements of assets; plus

up to \$60.0 million of cash from interim capital transactions; plus

working capital borrowings made after the end of a quarter but before the date of determination of operating surplus for the quarter; less

all of our operating expenditures since the closing of our initial public offering, including the repayment of working capital borrowings, but not the repayment of other borrowings, and including maintenance capital expenditures; less

the amount of cash reserved that we deem necessary or advisable to provide funds for future operating expenditures.

Definition of Capital Surplus. Capital surplus is generally generated only by borrowings (other than borrowings for working capital purposes), sales of debt and equity securities and sales or other dispositions of assets for cash (other than inventory, accounts receivable and other assets disposed of in the ordinary course of business).

Characterization of Cash Distributions. To avoid the difficulty of trying to determine whether available cash we distribute is from operating surplus or from capital surplus, all available cash we distribute from any source will be treated as distributed from operating surplus until the sum of all available cash distributed since July 31, 1998 equals the operating surplus as of the end of the quarter prior to such distribution. Any available cash in excess of such amount (irrespective of its source) will be deemed to be from capital surplus and distributed accordingly.

If available cash from capital surplus is distributed in respect of each common unit in an aggregate amount per common unit equal to the \$11.00 initial public offering price of the common units, the distinction between operating surplus and capital surplus will cease, and all distributions of available cash will be treated as if they were from operating surplus. We do not anticipate that there will be significant distributions from capital surplus.

Distributions of Available Cash from Operating Surplus

Commencing with the quarter ending on September 30, 2003, we will make distributions of available cash from operating surplus with respect to any quarter in the following manner:

first, 98% to all common unitholders, pro rata and 2% to the general partner, until there has been distributed in respect of each unit an amount equal to the minimum quarterly distribution of \$0.225; and

thereafter, in the manner described in Incentive Distributions below.

Incentive Distributions

Incentive distributions represent the right to receive an increasing percentage of quarterly distributions of available cash from operating surplus after the minimum quarterly distribution and the target distribution levels have been achieved. For any quarter for which available cash from operating surplus is distributed to the common unitholders in an amount equal to the minimum quarterly distribution of \$0.225 per unit on all units, then any additional available cash from operating surplus in respect of such quarter will be distributed among the common unitholders and the

general partner in the following manner: